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WALKER'S
CRITICAL
PRONOUNCING DICTIONARY
AND
EXPOSITOR
OF THE
ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

ABRIDGED BY THE REV. THOMAS SMITH, LONDON

TO WHICH IS ADDED A
CHRONOLOGICAL TABLE,
CONTAINING THE PRINCIPAL EVENTS OF THE LATE WAR BETWEEN THE
UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN.

TORONTO, C. W.
ADAM MILLER.

1864.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

~~Some~~ the scientific labours of Mr. Walker have rescued English orthoepy from the arbitrary dictates of pedantry, and the fluctuations of caprice, a correct pronunciation seems almost to have become a criterion of good breeding and a liberal education. There will always be, it is probable, some words of a pronunciation so ambiguous, that even among polite speakers, a difference will prevail, and each must be left to the guidance of his own ear: but, it is much to be doubted, whether any lexicographer will ever approach nearer than Mr. Walker, to the establishing of a correct standard. He has exhibited such a philosophical knowledge of language, such extensive observation, such profound investigation of analogy, with such clearness of method and perspicuity of style, as to render any material improvement, at present, rather to be wished than expected. Although we do not consider Mr. Walker's Dictionary infallible, yet it appears to us eminently the *best* guide to a correct and elegant pronunciation of our language.—*Critical Review.*

Walker's Dictionary is selected as the most suitable for the use of schools, because it is in much more general use than any other; and, by general consent, in all countries where the English language is spoken, is allowed, and taken to be the most correct standard of pronunciation. It is important, for the uniformity and perpetuity of our language, that such a standard should be generally adopted; and it is hoped the time is not far distant, when this book will be the only legitimate authority for the orthography and pronunciation of the English language.

Superintend. Com. Schools, State N. Y.

PREFACE.

Few subjects have of late years more employed the pens of every class of critics, than the improvement of the English Language. The greatest abilities in the nation have been exerted in cultivating and reforming it; nor have a thousand minor critics been wanting to add their mite of amendment to their native tongue. Johnson, whose large mind and just taste made him capable of enriching and adorning the Language with original composition, has condescended to the drudgery of disentangling, explaining, and arranging it, and left a lasting monument of his ability, labour, and patience: and Dr. Lowth, the politest scholar of the age, has vailed his superiority in his short Introduction to English Grammar. The ponderous folio has vindicated the rights of analogy; and the light ephemeral sheet of news has corrected errors in Grammar, as well as in politicks, by slyly marking them in Italicks.

Nor has the improvement stopped here. While Johnson and Lowth have been incessantly operating on the orthography and construction of our Language, its pronunciation has not been neglected. The importance of a consistent and regular pronunciation was too obvious to be overlooked; and the want of this consistency and regularity has induced several ingenious men to endeavour at a reformation; who, by exhibiting the regularities of pronunciation, and pointing out its analogies, have reclaimed some words that were not irrecoverably fixed in a wrong sound, and prevented others from being perverted by ignorance or caprice.

Among those writers who deserve the first praise on this subject, is Mr. Elphinston: who, in his Principles of the English Language, has reduced the chaos to a system: and, by a deep investigation of the analogies of our tongue, has laid the foundation of a just and regular pronunciation.

After him, Dr. Kenrick contributed a portion of improvement by his Rhetorical Dictionary; in which the words are divided into syllables as they are pronounced, and figures placed over the vowels, to indicate the different sounds. But this gentleman has rendered his Dictionary extremely imperfect, by entirely omitting a great number of words of doubtful and difficult pronunciation—those very words for which a Dictionary of this kind would be most consulted.

To him succeeded Mr. Sheridan, who not only divided the words into syllables, and placed figures over the vowels, as Dr. Kenrick had done, but, by spelling these syllables as they are pronounced, seemed to complete the idea of a Pronouncing Dictionary, and to leave but little expectation of future improvement. It must, indeed, be confessed, that Mr. Sheridan's Dictionary is greatly superior to every other that preceded it; and his method of conveying the sound of words, by spelling them as they are pronounced, is highly rational and useful.—But here sincerity obliges me to stop. Numerous instances of impropriety, inconsistency, and want of acquaintance with the analogies of the Language, sufficiently show that his Dictionary is upon the whole imperfect, and that ample room was left for attempting another, which might better answer the purpose of a Guide to Pronunciation.

The last writer on this subject is Mr. Nares, who, in his Elements of Orthœpy, has shown clearness of method and an extent of observation which deserve the highest encomiums. His Preface alone proves him an elegant writer, as well as a philosophical observer of Language; and his Alphabetical Index, referring near five thousand words to the rules for pronouncing them, is a new and useful method of treating the subject; but he seems, on many occasions, to have mistaken the best usage, and to have paid too little attention to the first principles of pronunciation.

Thus I have ventured to give my opinion of my rivals and competitors, and I hope without envy or self-conceit. Perhaps it would have been policy in me to have been silent on this head, for fear of putting the Publick in mind that others have written on the subject as

well as myself; but this is a narrow policy, which, under the colour of tenderness to others is calculated to raise ourselves at their expens. A writer who is conscious he deserves the attention of the Publick, (and unless he is thus conscious he ought not to write) must not only wish to be compared with those who have gone before him, but will promote the comparison, by informing his readers what others have done, and on what he founds his pretensions to a preference; and if this be done with fairness and without acrimony, it can be no more inconsistent with modesty, than it is with honesty and plain dealing.

The work I have offer'd on the subject has, I hope, added something to the publick stock as I have endeavour'd to unite the science of Mr Elphinston, the method of Mr. Nares, and the general utility of Mr. Sheridan.

With respect to the explanation of words, except in very few instances, I have scrupulously followed Dr. Johnson. His Dictionary has been deemed lawful plunder by every subsequent lexicographer; and so servilely has it been copied, that such words as he must have omitted merely by mistake, as *Predilection, Respectable, Descriptive, Sulky, Inimical, Interference*, and many others, are neither in Mr. Sheridan's, Dr. Kenrick's, nor several other Dictionaries.

N. B. The above preface is extracted from that originally prefixed to the quarto Dictionary by Mr. Walker.

A TABLE OF THE SIMPLE AND DIPHTHONGAL VOWELS REFERRED TO BY THE FIGURES OVER THE LETTERS IN THIS DICTIONARY.

English Sounds.

French Sounds.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. \hat{a} . The long slender English <i>a</i> , as in <i>fâc</i> , <i>pâ-per</i> , &c. | <i>é</i> in <i>fée</i> , <i>épée</i> . |
| 2. \hat{a} . The long Italian <i>a</i> , as in <i>fâr</i> , <i>fâ-ther</i> , <i>pa-pâ</i> , <i>mam-mâ</i> | <i>a</i> in <i>fable</i> , <i>table</i> . |
| 3. \hat{a} . The broad German <i>a</i> , as in <i>fâll</i> , <i>wâll</i> , <i>wâ-ter</i> | <i>â</i> in <i>âge</i> , <i>Châlons</i> |
| 4. \hat{a} . The short sound of the Italian <i>a</i> , as in <i>fât</i> , <i>mât</i> , <i>mâr-ry</i> | <i>a</i> in <i>fat</i> , <i>matin</i> . |
| 1. \hat{e} . The long <i>e</i> , as in <i>mê</i> , <i>hêre</i> , <i>mê-tre</i> , <i>mê-dium</i> | <i>i</i> in <i>mitre</i> , <i>epitre</i> . |
| 2. \hat{e} . The short <i>e</i> , as in <i>mêt</i> , <i>lêt</i> , <i>gêt</i> | <i>e</i> in <i>mettre</i> , <i>nette</i> . |
| 1. \hat{i} . The long diphthongal <i>i</i> , as in <i>plne</i> , <i>tl-tle</i> | <i>aï</i> in <i>laïque</i> , <i>naïf</i> . |
| 2. \hat{i} . The short simple <i>i</i> , as in <i>pln</i> , <i>tl-tle</i> | <i>i</i> in <i>inné</i> , <i>titré</i> . |
| 1. \hat{o} . The long open <i>o</i> , as in <i>nô</i> , <i>nôte</i> , <i>nô-tice</i> | <i>o</i> in <i>globe</i> , <i>lobe</i> . |
| 2. \hat{o} . The long close <i>o</i> , as in <i>môve</i> , <i>prôve</i> | <i>ou</i> in <i>mouvoir</i> , <i>pouvoir</i> |
| 3. \hat{o} . The long broad <i>o</i> , as in <i>nôr</i> , <i>fôr</i> , <i>ôr</i> ; like the broad \hat{a} | <i>o</i> in <i>or</i> , <i>for</i> , <i>encor</i> |
| 4. \hat{o} . The short broad <i>o</i> , as in <i>nôt</i> , <i>hôt</i> , <i>gôt</i> | <i>o</i> in <i>hotte</i> , <i>cotte</i> . |
| 1. \hat{u} . The long diphthongal <i>u</i> , as in <i>tûbe</i> , <i>Cû-pid</i> | <i>iou</i> in <i>Cioutat</i> , <i>chiourme</i> . |
| 2. \hat{u} . The short simple <i>u</i> , as in <i>tûb</i> , <i>cûp</i> , <i>sûp</i> | <i>eu</i> in <i>neuf</i> , <i>veuf</i> . |
| 3. \hat{u} . The middle or obtuse <i>u</i> , as in <i>bûil</i> , <i>fêll</i> , <i>pûll</i> | <i>ou</i> in <i>boule</i> , <i>foule</i> , <i>poule</i> . |
| \hat{o} l. The long broad \hat{o} , and the short \hat{l} , as in <i>ôll</i> | <i>oï</i> in <i>cycloïde</i> , <i>heroïque</i> |
| \hat{o} û. The long broad \hat{o} , and the middle obtuse \hat{u} , as in <i>thôû</i> , <i>pôûnd</i> <i>aoû</i> in <i>Boûte</i> . | |

Th. The acute or sharp *th*, as in *think*, *thin*.

Th. The grave or flat *th*, as in *this*, *that*.

When *G* is printed in the Roman character, it has its hard sound in *get*, *gone*, &c. as *go*, *give*, *geese*, &c.; when it has its soft sound, it is spelled in the notation by the consonant *J*, as *giant*, *ginger*, *ji-ant*, *jin-ger*. The same may be observed of *S*. the Roman character denotes its hard sound in *sin*, *sun*, &c. as *so-ny*, *sense*, &c. its soft sound is spelled by *s*, as *rose*, *reize*, &c. *roze*, *raze*, &c.

Walker's Critical Pronouncing Dictionary.

SCHEME OF THE VOWELS.

fâ-, *fâr*, *fäll*, *fât*—*mè*, *mèt*—*plne*, *pln*—*nò*, *mòve*, *nòr*, *nòt*—*tàbe*, *tàb*, *bàll*—*òh*—*pòund*—*thin*, *rais*.

ABB

ABJ

- A**, an article set before nouns of the singular number; as, *a man, a tree*. Before a word beginning with a vowel, it is written *an*; as, *an ox*. *A* is sometimes a noun, as *great A*. *A* is placed before a participle, or participial noun; as, *a hunting, a begging*. *A* has a signification denoting proportion; as, *the landlord has a hundred a year*.
- Abacus**, *áb-á-kús*. *s.* a counting table; the uppermost member of a column
- Abast**, *á-bást'*. *ad.* from the forepart of the ship towards the stern [sert, to forsake]
- Abandon**, *á-bán'dún*. *v. a.* to give up, to desert
- Abandoned**, *á-bán'dúnd*. *part.* given up; corrupted in the highest degree [abandoning]
- Abandonment**, *á-bán'dún-mént*. *s.* the act of abandoning
- Abarticulation**, *áb-ár-tík-ú-lá'shún*. *s.* that species of articulation that has manifest motion
- Abase**, *á-bàse'*. *v. a.* to depress, to bring low
- Abasement**, *á-bàse'mént*. *s.* the state of being brought low; depression
- Abash**, *á-básh'*. *v. a.* to make ashamed
- Abate**, *á-bàte'*. *v. a.* to lessen, to diminish
- Abate**, *á-bàte'*. *v. n.* to grow less
- Abatement**, *á-bàte'mént*. *s.* the act of abating, the sum or quantity taken away by abating
- Abater**, *á-bá'tér*. *s.* cause by which an abatement is procured
- Abb**, *áb*. *s.* the yarn on a weaver's warp
- Abbacy**, *áb-bá-sé*. *s.* the possessions or privileges of an abbot
- Abbess**, *áb-béss*. *s.* the superior of a nunnery
- Abbey**, or **Abby**, *áb-bé*. *s.* a monastery of religious persons
- Abbot**, *áb-bút*. *s.* the chief of a convent of men
- Abbreviate**, *áb-bré've-áte*. *v. a.* to shorten
- Abbreviation**, *áb-bré-ve-á'shún*. *s.* the act of shortening [bridges]
- Abbrivator**, *áb-bré-ve-á'tér*. *s.* one who abbreviates
- Abbrivature**, *áb-bré-ve-á-tshúre*. *s.* a mark
- used for shortening [to resist]
- Abdicate**, *áb-dé-káte*. *v. a.* to give up right
- Abdication**, *áb-dé-ká'shún*. *s.* the act of abdicating [plies an abdication]
- Abdicative**, *áb-dé-ká-tív*. *a.* that causes or implies an abdication
- Abdomen**, *áb-dò'mèn*. *s.* the lower part of the belly
- Abdominal**, *áb-dòm'mé-nál*. } *a.* relating to
- Abdominous**, *áb-dòm'mé-nús*. } the abdomen
- Abduce**, *áb-dúse'*. *v. a.* to withdraw one part from another
- Abductor**, *áb-dúk'tór*. *s.* the muscles which draw back the several members
- Abed**, *á-béd'*. *ad.* in bed
- Aberrance**, *áb-ér-ránsé*. *s.* a deviation from the right way; an error [right way]
- Aberrant**, *áb-ér-ránt*. *a.* wandering from the right way
- Aberration**, *áb-ér-rá'shún*. *s.* the act of deviating from the common track
- Aberring**, *áb-ér-ríng*. *part.* going astray
- Aberuncate**, *á-l-é-rún-káte*. *v. e.* to pull up by the roots
- Abet**, *á-bét'*. *v. a.* to support, encourage, help
- Abetment**, *á-bét'mént*. *s.* the act of abetting
- A better**, or **Abettor**, *á-bét'tér*. *s.* he that abets; the supporter or encourager of another
- Abhor**, *áb-hór'*. *v. a.* to hate with acrimony to loathe
- Abhorrence**, *áb-hór'rénse*. } the act of ab
- Abhorrency**, *áb-hór'rén-sé*. } *s.* horring
- Abhorrent**, *áb-hór'rént*. *a.* struck with abhorrence; contrary to, inconsistent with
- Abhorrer**, *áb-hór'rúr*. *s.* a hater, detester
- Abide**, *á-bide*. *v. n.* to dwell in a place; to remove; to bear or support the consequences [dwells in a place]
- Abider**, *á-bí'dúr*. *s.* the person that abides a place
- Abiding**, *á-bí'díng*. *s.* continuance [temptible]
- Abject**, *áb-jékt*. *a.* mean, worthless, contemptible
- Abject**, *áb-jékt*. *s.* a man without hope
- Abject**, *áb-jékt'*. *v. a.* to throw away [abject]
- Abjectedness**, *áb-jékt'éd-ness*. *s.* state of ab

Fâ-te, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pline, plu—nô, môve.

Abjection, âb-jêk'shûn. meanness of mind, servility [meanly]	Aborigines, âb-ô-rîdg'ê-nêz. s. the earliest inhabitants of a country
Abjectly, âb'jêkt-lê. <i>ad.</i> in an abject manner	Abortion, â-bôr'shûn. s. a miscarriage; untimely birth
Abjectness, âb'jêkt-nêss. s. servility, meanness [caution]	Abortive, â-bôr'tîv. <i>a.</i> brought forth before the due time; that which brings forth nothing [timely]
Ability, â-blî'é-té. <i>s.</i> power, capacity, qualification	Abortively, â-bôr'tîv-lê. <i>ad.</i> immaturely, un-
Abjure, âb-jûrê'. <i>v. a.</i> to swear not to do something; to recant a position upon oath	Abortiveness, â-bôr'tîv-nêss. <i>s.</i> the state of abortion
Abjuration, âb-jû-râ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of abjuring; the oath taken for that end [breast]	Abortment, â-bôr't'mênt. <i>s.</i> an untimely birth
Ab lactate, âb-lâk'tâte. <i>v. a.</i> to wean from the	About, â-bôûd'. <i>v. n.</i> to have or be in great plenty
Ab lactation, âb-lâk-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> a method of grafting	About, â-bôûr'. <i>prep.</i> surrounding, near to; relating to; engaged in
Ab laqueation, âb-lâ-kwê-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> the practice of opening the ground about the roots of trees [way]	About, â-bôûr'. <i>ad.</i> circularly; nearly; the longest way, in opposition to the short straight way
Ab lation, âb-lâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of taking a-	Above, â-bûv' <i>prep.</i> higher in place, rank, power, or excellence; beyond, too high for
Ablative, âb'lâ-tîv. <i>a.</i> that which takes away; the sixth case of Latin nouns	Above, â-bûv'. <i>ad.</i> over-head; in the regions of heaven
Able, â'bl. <i>a.</i> having sufficient power	Above-ail, â-bûv-âll. in the first place, chiefly
Able-bodied, â-bl-bôd'dîd. <i>a.</i> strong of body	Above-board, â-bûv'bôrd. in open sight; without artifice or trick
Ablegate, âb'lê-gâte. <i>v. a.</i> to send abroad upon some employment [bread]	Above-cited, â-bûv'sî-têd. cited before
Ablegation, âb-lê-gâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> a sending a-	Above-ground, â-bûv'grôûnd. an expression used to signify, that a man is alive, not in the grave
Abl-ness, â'bl-nêss. <i>s.</i> ability of body, force	Ab racadabra, âb-râ-kâ-dâb'râ. <i>s.</i> a superstitious charm against agues
Abl-psy, âb'lêp-sê. <i>s.</i> want of sight	Abra de, â-brâde'. <i>v. a.</i> to rub off, to wear away [a rubbing off]
Abluent, âb'lû-ênt. <i>a.</i> that which has the power of cleaning	Abra sion, â-brâ'zhûn. <i>s.</i> the act of rubbing,
Ablution, âb-lû'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of cleansing	Abreast, â-brêst'. <i>ad.</i> side by side
Abnegate, âb-nê-gâte. <i>v. a.</i> to deny [caution]	Abri dge, â-brîdjê'. <i>v. a.</i> to make shorter in words, to contract, diminish
Abnegation, âb-nê-gâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> denial renun-	Abri dger, â-brîd'jâr. <i>s.</i> he that abridges
Aboard, â-bôrd'. <i>ad.</i> in a ship	Abri dgment, â-brîd'jê'mênt. <i>s.</i> the contraction of a larger work into a smaller compass
Abode, â-bôde'. <i>s.</i> habitation, dwelling, stay	Abroa ch, â-brôts'h. <i>ad.</i> in a posture to run out
Abodement, â-bôde'mênt. <i>s.</i> secret anticipation of something future	Abroa d, â-brâwd'. <i>ad.</i> in another country; without
Abolish, â-bôl'îsh. <i>v. a.</i> to annul, destroy	Abro ga te, âb-rô-gâte. <i>v. a.</i> to repeal, to annul
Abolishable, â-bôl'îsh-â-bl. <i>a.</i> that may be abolished	Abro ga tion, âb-rô-gâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of abrogating, the repeal of a law
Abolisher, â-bôl'îsh-âr. <i>s.</i> he that abolishes	Ab ru pt, âb-rûpt'. <i>a.</i> broken, craggy; sudden
Abolishment, â-bôl'îsh-mênt. } the act of a-	Ab ru ption, âb-rûp'shûn. <i>s.</i> violent and sudden separation [due forms of preparation]
Abolition, âb-ô-îsh'ân. } abolishing	Ab ru ptly, âb-rûpt'lê. <i>ad.</i> hastily, without the
Abominable, â-bôm'é-nâ-bl. hateful, detestable	
Abominableness, â-bôm'é-nâ-bl-nêss. <i>s.</i> the quality of being abominable	
Abominably, â-bôm'é-nâ-blê. <i>ad.</i> most hatefully, odiously [test, hate utterly]	
Abominate, â-bôm'é-nâte. <i>v. a.</i> to abhor, detest	
Abomination, â-bôm'é-nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> hatred, detestation	

<p>Abruptness, áb-rúp't'néss. <i>s.</i> an abrupt manner, suddenness</p> <p>Abscess, áb's'éss. <i>s.</i> a morbid cavity in the</p> <p>Abscind, áb-sínd'. <i>v. a.</i> to cut off [body]</p> <p>Abscision, áb-sízh'ún. <i>s.</i> the act of cutting off; the state of being cut off</p> <p>Abscond, áb-skónd'. <i>v. n.</i> to hide one's self</p> <p>Absconder, áb-skón'dúr. <i>s.</i> the person that absconds [sent, inattention]</p> <p>Absence, áb's'énsé. <i>s.</i> the state of being absent</p> <p>Absent, áb's'ént. <i>a.</i> not present; inattentive</p> <p>Absent, áb-s'ént'. <i>v. a.</i> to withdraw, to forbear to come into presence</p> <p>Absentec, áb's'ént-té'. <i>s.</i> a word used commonly with regard to Irishmen living out of their country</p> <p>Absinthiated, áb-sín'thé-á-téd. <i>p.</i> impregnated with wormwood</p> <p>Abstist, áb-síst'. <i>v. n.</i> to stand off, to leave off</p> <p>Absolve, áb-zólv'. <i>v. a.</i> to clear, acquit, to pronounce a sin remitted [tional]</p> <p>Absolute, áb'só-lúte. <i>a.</i> complete, unconditional</p> <p>Absolutely, áb'só-lúte-lé. <i>ad.</i> completely, without restriction, positively</p> <p>Absoluteness, áb'só-lúte-néss. <i>s.</i> completeness; freedom from dependence, or limits; despotism [mission]</p> <p>Absolution, áb-só-lú'shún. <i>s.</i> acquittal; re-</p> <p>Absolutory, áb-sól'ú-túr-ré. <i>a.</i> that absolves</p> <p>Absonant, áb'só-nánt. } <i>a.</i> contrary to reason</p> <p>Absonous, áb-só-nús. }</p> <p>Aborb, áb-sórb'. <i>v. a.</i> to swallow up</p> <p>Absorbent, áb-sórb'ént. <i>s.</i> a medicine that sucks up humours</p> <p>Absorp, áb-sórp't'. <i>p.</i> swallowed up</p> <p>Absorption, áb-sórp'shún. <i>s.</i> the act of swallowing up</p> <p>Abstain, áb-s'táne'. <i>v. n.</i> to forswear, to deny one's self any gratification</p> <p>Abstemious, áb-sté'mé-ús. <i>a.</i> temperate, sober, abstinent [ately, soberly]</p> <p>Abstemiously, áb-sté'mé-ús-lé. <i>ad.</i> temperately</p> <p>Abstemiousness, áb-sté'mé-ús-néss. <i>s.</i> the quality of being abstemious [ping]</p> <p>Absterge, áb-stér'je'. <i>v. a.</i> to cleanse by wiping</p> <p>Abstergent, áb-stér'jént. <i>a.</i> having a cleansing quality</p> <p>Absterse, áb-stér'sé'. <i>v. a.</i> to cleanse, to purify</p> <p>Abstersion, áb-stér'shún. <i>s.</i> the act of cleansing</p>	<p>Absterse, áb-stér'sé'. <i>v. a.</i> cleansing</p> <p>Abstinence, áb's'té-nénsé. <i>s.</i> forbearance of any thing; fasting [nence]</p> <p>Abstinent, áb's'té-nént. <i>a.</i> that uses abstinence</p> <p>Abstract, áb's'trákt'. <i>v. a.</i> to separate; to reduce to an epítome [thing else]</p> <p>Abstract, áb-s'trákt'. <i>a.</i> separated from some</p> <p>Abstract, áb's'trákt'. <i>s.</i> a smaller quantity containing the virtue or power of a greater; an epitome</p> <p>Abstracted, áb-s'trákt'téd. <i>p. a.</i> separated; refined, abstruse; absent of mind</p> <p>Abstractedly, áb-s'trákt'téd-lé. <i>ad.</i> simply, separately from all contingent circumstances</p> <p>Abstraction, áb-s'trákt'shún. <i>s.</i> the act of abstracting; the state of being abstracted</p> <p>Abstractive, áb-s'trákt'tív. <i>a.</i> having the power or quality of abstracting [manner]</p> <p>Abstractly, áb-s'trákt'lé. <i>ad.</i> in an abstract</p> <p>Abstruse, áb-s'trú'sé'. <i>a.</i> hidden; difficult</p> <p>Abstrusely, áb-s'trú'sé-lé. <i>ad.</i> obscurely, not plainly [obscurity]</p> <p>Abstruseness, áb-s'trú'sé-néss. <i>s.</i> difficulty</p> <p>Abstrusity, áb-s'trú'sé-té. <i>s.</i> abstruseness; that which is abstruse [ual waste]</p> <p>Absume, áb-súme'. <i>v. a.</i> to destroy by gradual</p> <p>Absurd, áb-súrd'. <i>a.</i> contrary to reason</p> <p>Absurdity, áb-súrd'té. <i>s.</i> the quality of being absurd; that which is absurd [sonably]</p> <p>Absurdly, áb-súrd'lé. <i>ad.</i> improperly, unreasonably</p> <p>Absurdness, áb-súrd'néss. <i>s.</i> the quality of being absurd</p> <p>Abundance, á-bún'dánsé. <i>s.</i> plenty; great numbers; exuberance, more than enough</p> <p>Abundant, á-bún'dánt. <i>a.</i> plentiful; exuberant [ply, liberally]</p> <p>Abundantly, á-bún'dánt-lé. <i>ad.</i> in plenty, abundantly</p> <p>Abuse, á-búze'. <i>v. a.</i> to make an ill use of; deceive, impose on, revile</p> <p>Abuse, á-búze'. <i>s.</i> the ill use of any thing; rude reproach</p> <p>Abuser, á-bú'zúr. <i>s.</i> he that makes an ill use; he that reproaches with rudeness</p> <p>Abusive, á-bú'sív. <i>a.</i> practising or containing abuse; deceitful [prouchfully]</p> <p>Abusively, á-bú'sív-lé. <i>ad.</i> improperly, unreasonably</p> <p>Abut, á-bút'. <i>v. n.</i> (obsolete.) to border upon to meet, or approach to [upon another.</p> <p>Abutment, á-bút'mént. <i>s.</i> that which borders</p>
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Fâte, fâr, fall, fât—mê, mêt—pline, pln—nô, môve,

abyss, â-blîss'. <i>s.</i> a great depth, a gulf	Acceptor, âk-sêp'tûr. <i>s.</i> the person who ac-
Acacia, â-kâ'shê-â. <i>s.</i> a drug brought from Egypt	cepts [of a word; the meaning]
Academy, âk-â-dê'mê-âl. <i>a.</i> relating to an academy	Acception, âk-sêp'shûn. <i>s.</i> the received sense
Academian, âk-â-dê'mê-ân. <i>s.</i> a scholar of an academy	Access, âk-sêss'. <i>s.</i> the way by which any thing may be approached; the return or fit of a distemper [of being accessory]
Academical, âk-â-dê'mê-kâl. <i>a.</i> belonging to an academy	Accessariness, âk'sê-sâ-rê-nêss. <i>s.</i> the state
Academick, âk-â-dê'm'k. <i>s.</i> a student of a university	Accessory, âk'sê-sâ-rê. <i>s.</i> he who, not being the chief agent in a crime, contributes to it
Academician, âk-kâ-dê'mîsh'ân. } <i>s.</i> the member of an academy	Accessory, âk'sê-sâ-rê. <i>a.</i> joined to, additional
Academist, â kâd'dé-mîst. } <i>s.</i> the member of an academy	Accessible, âk-sê'sê-bl. <i>a.</i> that may be approached
Academy, â-kâd'ê-mê. <i>s.</i> an assembly or society of men, uniting for the promotion of some art; the place where sciences are taught	Accession, âk-sêsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> increase by something added, the act of arriving at
Acanthus, â-kân'thûs. <i>s.</i> the herb bear's-foot	Accessorily, âk'sê-sô-rê-lê. <i>ad.</i> in the manner of an accessory
Acatalectic, â-kât-â-lêk'tik. <i>s.</i> a verse which has the complete number of syllables	Accessory, âk'sê-sô-rê. <i>a.</i> joined to another thing, so as to increase it; additional
Accede, âk-sêdê'. <i>v. n.</i> to be added to, to come [quick, to hasten]	Accidence, âk'sê-dênsê. <i>s.</i> the little book containing the first rudiments of grammar
Accelerate, âk-sêl'lûr-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to make	Accident, âk'sê-dênt. <i>s.</i> the property of a thing; that which happens unforeseen
Acceleration, âk-sêl'lûr-âshûn. <i>s.</i> the act of quickening motion [fire]	Accidental, âk-sê-dên'tâl. <i>s.</i> a property non-essential
Accend, âk-sênd'. <i>v. a.</i> to kindle, to set on	Accidental, âk-sê-dên'tâl. <i>a.</i> having the quality of an accident; casual, happening by chance [fortuitously]
Accension, âk-sên'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of kindling, or state of being kindled	Accidentally, âk-sê-dên'tâl-lê. <i>ad.</i> casually
Accent, âk'sênt. <i>s.</i> the manner of speaking or pronouncing; a mark upon syllables to regulate their pronunciation	Accidentality, âk-sê-dên'tâl-nêss. <i>s.</i> the quality of being accidental
Accent, âk-sênt'. <i>v. a.</i> to speak words with particular regard to the grammatical marks or rules; to note the accents	Accipient, âk-sîp'pê-ênt. <i>s.</i> a receiver
Accental, âk-sên'tshû-âl. <i>a.</i> relating to accents [the accent properly]	Accite, âk-sîte'. <i>v. a.</i> to call, to summon
Accentuate, âk-sên'tshû-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to place	Acclaim, âk-klâ'mê'. <i>s.</i> a shout of praise; acclamation [plause]
Accentuation, âk-sên'tshû-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of placing the accent in pronunciation or writing [to receive kindly]	Acclamation, âk-klâ-mâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> shout of approval
Accept, âk-sêpt'. <i>v. a.</i> to take with pleasure	Acclivity, âk-klîv'ê-tô. <i>s.</i> the ascent of a hill
Acceptability, âk-sêp-tâ-blî'lê-tê. <i>s.</i> the quality of being acceptable [sing]	Acclivous, âk-klîv'ûs. <i>a.</i> rising with a slope
Acceptable, âk'sêp-tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> grateful, pleasurable	Acclay, âk-klîdê'. <i>v. a.</i> to fill to satiety
Acceptableness, âk'sêp-tâ-bl-nêss. <i>s.</i> the quality of being acceptable [able manner]	Accoil, âk-kôil'. <i>v. n.</i> to bustle, to be in a hurry
Acceptably, âk'sêp-tâ-blê. <i>ad.</i> in an acceptable manner	Accolent, âk'hô-lênt. <i>s.</i> a borderer [ry]
Acceptance, âk-sêp'tânse. <i>s.</i> reception with approbation [the meaning of a word]	Accommodable, âk-kôm'mô-dâ-bl. <i>a.</i> that may be fitted
Acceptation, âk-sêp-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> reception	Accommodate, âk-kôm'mô-dâte. <i>v. a.</i> to supply with conveniences of any kind [in]
	Accommodate, âk-kôm'mô-dâte. <i>a.</i> suitable
	Accommodately, âk-kôm'mô-dâte-lê. <i>ad.</i> suitably, fitly
	Accommodation, âk-kôm'mô-dâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> provision of conveniences; reconciliation
	Accompanable, âk-kôm'vâ-nâ-bl. <i>a.</i> sociable

nôr, nô-t—tâbe, tâi., bûll—ôlî—pôund—thin, THIS.

- Accompanier, âk-kûm'pâ-nê-ûr. *s.* the person that makes part of the company; companion
- Accompaniment, âk-kûm'pâ-nê-mênt. *s.* the adding of one thing to another by way of ornament; the instrumental that accompanies the vocal part in musick
- Accompany, âk-kûm'pâ-nê. *v. a.* to be with another as a companion; to join with
- Accomplice, âk-kôm'plîs. *s.* associate, a partaker in an ill sense [to fulfil, to adorn]
- Accomplish, âk-kôm'plîsh. *v. a.* to complete, to accomplish
- Accomplished, âk-kôm'plîsh-êd. *p. a.* complete in some qualification; elegant
- Accomplisher, âk-kôm'plîsh-ûr. *s.* the person who accomplishes
- Accomplishment, âk-kôm'plîsh-mênt. *s.* completion, perfection; embellishment, elegance
- Account, âk-kôûnt'. *s.* an account, reckoning
- Accountant, âk-kôûnt'ânt. *s.* a reckoner, computer [just]
- Accord, âk-kôrd'. *v. a.* to make agree, to agree
- Accord, âk-kôrd'. *v. n.* to agree, to suit with
- Accord, âk-kôrd'. *s.* a compact, an agreement [conformity to something]
- Accordance, âk-kôrd'ânse. *s.* agreement with
- Accordant, âk-kôrd'ânt. *a.* willing, in good humour [proportion]
- According, âk-kôrd'îng. *p.* agreeable to; in
- Accordingly, âk-kôrd'îng-lê. *ad.* agreeably, conformably
- Accost, âk-kôst'. *v. a.* to address, to salute
- Accessible, âk-kôs'tâ bl. *a.* easy of access, familiar
- Account, âk-kôûnt'. *s.* a computation of debts or expenses; the state or result of a computation; estimation; a narrative, explanation [to compute]
- Account, âk-kôûnt'. *v. a.* to esteem, reckon
- Accountable, âk-kôûnt'â-bl. *a.* of whom an account may be required; who must answer for [accounts]
- Accountant, âk-kôûnt'ânt. *s.* a man skilled in
- Accouple, âk-kû'pl. *v. a.* to join, to link together [courtesy]
- Accourt, âk-kôrt'. *v. a.* to entertain with
- Accoutre, âk-kôô'tûr. *v. a.* to dress, to equip
- Accoutrement, âk-kôô'tûr-mênt. *s.* dress, equipage [tation, confidential]
- Accredited, âk-krêd'î-têd. *a.* of allowed reputation
- Accretion, âk-krê'shûn. *s.* the act of growing to another, so as to increase it
- Accretive, âk-krê'tîv. *a.* growing, that which by growth is added [with a hook]
- Accruch, âk-krôts'h'. *v. a.* to draw to one
- Accrue, âk-krôô'. *v. n.* to accede to, to be added, to arise as profits
- Accubation, âk-kû-bâ'shûn. *s.* the ancient posture of leaning at meals
- Accumb, âk-kûmb'. *v. n.* to lean at the table
- Accumulate, âk-kû-mû-lâ-te. *v. a.* to heap together [accumulating]
- Accumulation, âk-kû-mû-lâ'shûn. *s.* the act of accumulating
- Accumulative, âk-kû-mû-lâ-tîv. *a.* that accumulates [accumulates]
- Accumulator, âk-kû-mû-lâ-tûr. *s.* he that accumulates
- Accuracy, âk-kû-râ-sê. *s.* exactness, nicety
- Accurate, âk-kû-râ-te. *a.* exact, without defect or failure [out error]
- Accurately, âk-kû-râ-te-lê. *ad.* exactly, with
- Accurateness, âk-kû-râ-te-nêss. *s.* exactness, nicety
- Accurse, âk-kûr'sê. *v. a.* to doom to misery
- Accursed, âk-kûr'sêd. *part. a.* doomed to misery; execrable, hateful, detestable
- Accusable, âk-kû'zâ-bl. *a.* blameable, culpable
- Accusation, âk-kû-zâ'shûn. *s.* the act of accusing; the charge brought
- Accusative, âk-kû'zâ-tîv. *a.* a term of grammar, the fourth case of a noun
- Accusatory, âk-kû'zâ-tô-rê. *a.* producing or containing an accusation
- Accuse, âk-kûzê. *v. a.* to charge with a crime; to blame or censure
- Accuser, âk-kû'zûr. *s.* he who brings a charge against another [injure]
- Accustom, âk-kûs'tûm. *v. a.* to habituate, to accustom
- Accustomable, âk-kûs'tûm-mâ-bl. *a.* done by long custom [ing to custom]
- Accustomably, âk-kûs'tûm-â-blê. *ad.* according to custom
- Accustomance, âk-kûs'tûm-mânse. *s.* custom, habit, use [a customary manner]
- Accustomarily, âk-kûs'tûm-mâ-re-lê. *ad.* usually
- Accustomary, âk-kûs'tûm-mâ-re. *a.* usual, practised [custom, usual]
- Accustomed, âk-kûs'tûm-êd. *a.* according to custom
- Ace, âse. *s.* a unit on cards
- Acerbity, â-sêr'bê-tê. *s.* a rough sour taste, sharpness of temper
- Acervate, â-sêr'vâ-te. *v. a.* to heap up

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, plu—nô, môve,

- Acervation, âs-êr-vâ'shûn. *s.* a heaping together
er [to sourness]
- Acescent, â-sês'sênt. *a.* that has a tendency
- Acetose, âs-ê-tôse'. *a.* that which has in it
acids [acetose]
- Acetosity, âs-ê-tôs'é-tê. *s.* the state of being
- Acetous, â-sé'tûs. *a.* sour
- Ache, âke. *s.* a continued pain
- Ache, âke. *v. n.* to be in pain
- Achieve, ât-tshéve'. *v. a.* to perform, to finish
- Achievement, ât-tshéve'mênt. *s.* the performance
of an action; the escutcheon, or en-
signs armorial [he endeavours]
- Achiever, ât-tshé'vûr. *s.* he who performs what
- Achor, â'kôr. *s.* a species of the herpes
- Acid, âs'sld. *a.* sour, sharp
- Acidity, â-sld'dé-tê. *s.* sharpness, sourness
- Acidness, âs'sld-nêss. *s.* the quality of being
acid [pregnated with sharp particles]
- Acidulæ, â-sld'dû-lê. *s.* medicinal springs im-
- Acidulate, â-sld'dû-lâte. *v. a.* to tinge with
acid [to own]
- Acknowledge, âk-nôll'êdj. *v. a.* to confess,
- Acknowledging, âk-nôll'êdj-îng. *a.* grateful
- Acknowledgment, âk-nôll'êdj-me'nt. *s.* con-
fession of a fault, or of a benefit received
- Acme, âk'mê. *s.* the height of any thing; the
height of a distemper
- Acolothist, â-kôll'ô-thîst. *s.* one of the lowest
order in the Roman church
- Aconite, âk'kô-nîte. *s.* the herb wolf's-bane
- Acorn, â'kôrn. *s.* the seed or fruit of an oak
- Acousticks, â-kôû'sîlks. *s.* the theory of
sounds; medicines to help the hearing
- Acquaint, âk-kwân't'. *v. a.* to make familiar
with, to inform
- Acquaintance, âk-kwân'tânse. *s.* familiar
knowledge; the person with whom we are
acquainted [known]
- Acquainted, âk-kwân'têd. *a.* familiar, well
- Acquest, âk-kwêst'. *s.* an acquisition
- Acquiesce, âk-kwê-êss'v. *v. n.* to rest in, or re-
main satisfied
- Acquiescence, âk-kwê-êss'ênse. *s.* a silent ap-
pearance of content; submission
- Acquirable, âk-kwl'râ-bl. *a.* attainable [power]
- Acquire, âk-kwl're'. *v. a.* to gain by labour or
- Acquired, âk-kwl'rêd. *particip. a.* gained
- Acquirer, âk-kwl'rûr. *s.* the person who ac-
quires
- Acquirement, âk-kwl're'mênt. *s.* that which is
acquired
- Acquisition, âk-kwâ-zîsh'shûn. *s.* the act of
acquiring; the 'ing gained [ed]
- Acquisitive, âk-kwl'z'é-tlv. *a.* that is acquir-
- Acquist, âk-kwl'st'. *s.* acquirement, attain-
ment [to absolve]
- Acquit, âk-kwl't'. *v. v.* to set free; to clear,
- Acquittal, âk-kwl't'tâl. *s.* deliverance from an
Acquittance, âk-kwl't'tânse. *v. a.* to procure
an acquittance [charging from a debt]
- Acquittance, âk-kwl't'tânse. *s.* the act of dis-
- Acre, â'kûr. *s.* a quantity of land, containing
in length 40 perches, and 4 in breadth, or
4840 square yards
- Acrid, âk'krîd. *a.* of a hot biting taste
- Acrimonious, âk-krê-mô'nê-ûs. *a.* sharp, cor-
rosive [ity]
- Acrimony, âk'krê-mô-nê. *s.* sharpness, sever-
- Acritude, âk'krê-tûde. *s.* an acrid taste, a bi-
ting heat [pertaining to deep learning]
- Acroamatical, âk'krô-â-nât'tê-kâl. *a.* of or
- Acrospire, âk'krô-spre. *s.* a sprout from the
end of seeds [thing]
- Across, â-krôss'. *ad.* athwart, laid over some-
- Acrostick, â-krôss'tlk. *s.* a poem in which the
first letter of every line being taken, makes
up the name of a person or thing
- Act, âkt. *v. n.* to be in action, not to rest
- Act, âkt. *v. a.* to perform a borrowed char-
acter; to produce effects in some passive
subject [decree]
- Act, âkt. *s.* a deed, exploit; part of a play;
- Action, âk'shûn. *s.* an act or thing done; a
deed, operation, gesticulation, the accord-
ance of the motions of the body with the
words spoken; a term in law
- Actionable, âk'shûn-â-bl. *a.* that admits an
action in law, punishable
- Active, âk'tlv. *a.* busy, nimble, agile, quick
- Actively, âk'tlv-lê. *ad.* busily, nimbly [ness]
- Activeness, âk'tlv-nêss. *s.* quickness, nimble
- Activity, âk'tlv-ê-tê. *s.* the quality of being
active [a stage player]
- Actor, âk'tûr. *s.* he that performs any thing
- Actress, âk'trêss. *s.* a woman that plays on
the stage
- Actual, âk'tshû-â-l. *a.* really in act

rór, nót—tábe, táb, báll—óll—póund—thin, THIS.

Actuality, ák-tshù-ál'lè-tè. <i>s.</i> the state of being actual	Additional, ád-dì-h'shùn-ál	that is added
Actually, ák'tshù-ál-lè. <i>ad.</i> in act, in effect, really	Additory, ád'dè-tò-ré. <i>a.</i> the power of adding	'hich has the
Actualness, ák'tshù-ál-nèss. <i>s.</i> the quality of	Addle, ád'dl. <i>a.</i> barren, that p	uces nothing
Actuary, ák'tshù-á-ré. <i>s.</i> a register or officer of a court	Addle-pated, ád'dl-pá-tèd. <i>a.</i>	ing barren
Actuate, ák'tshù-áte. <i>v. a.</i> to put into action	Address, ád-drèss'. <i>v. a.</i> to pa	re to enter
Actuose, ák-tá-òsé'. <i>a.</i> having the power of action	upon any action, to apply 4	another by
Acuate, ák'ù-áte. <i>v. a.</i> to sharpen	Address, ád-drèss'. <i>s.</i> verbal applicaó	in ;
Aculeate, ák'ù-lè-áte. <i>a.</i> prickly, terminating in a sharp point	courtship; skill, dexterity; manner of directing a letter	[dresses
Acumen, ák'ù-mèn. <i>s.</i> a sharp point; figuratively, quickness of intellect	Addresser, ád-drèss'sdr. <i>s.</i> the person that ad-	
Acuminated, ák'ù-mé-ná-tèd. <i>p. a.</i> ending in a	Adduce, ád-dùsé'. <i>v. a.</i> to bring something forward in addition	
Acute, á-kù-té'. <i>a.</i> sharp, ingenious, keen	Adduct, ád-dù'sènt. <i>a.</i> a word applicèd to those muscles that draw together the pa	
Acutely, á-kù-tè'lè. <i>ad.</i> after an acute manner, sharply	of the body	
Acuteness, á-kù-tè'nèss. <i>s.</i> sharpness; force	Addulce, ád-dù'sè'. <i>v. a.</i> to sweeten	
Adacted, á-dàk'tèd. <i>part. a.</i> driven by force	Ademption, á-dèm'shùn. <i>s.</i> privation	
Adage, ád'áje. <i>s.</i> a maxim, a proverb	Adept, á-dèpt'. <i>s.</i> one skilled in all the secret of his art	[tionist
Adagio, á-dá'jé-ò. <i>s.</i> a term used by musicians to mark a slow time	Adequate, ád'é-kwáte. <i>a.</i> equal to, proportion	
Adamant, ád'á-mánt. <i>s.</i> the diamond; the Adamantean, ád-á-mán-té-án. <i>a.</i> hard as adamant	Adequately, ád'é-kwáte-lè'. <i>ad.</i> with exactness of proportion	
Adamantine, ád-á-mán'tín. <i>a.</i> made of or like	Adequateness, ád'é-kwáte-nèss. <i>s.</i> the state of being adequate, exactness of proportion	
Adam's-apple, ád'ámz-áp'pl. <i>s.</i> a prominent part of the throat	Adhere, ád-hère'. <i>v. a.</i> to stick to, to remain firmly fixed to a party or opinion	
Adapt, á-dápt'. <i>v. a.</i> to fit, to suit, proportion	Adherence, ád-hé'rènsè. <i>s.</i> attachment, steadiness	[with
Adaptation, ád-áp-tá'shùn. } <i>s.</i> the act of fit-	Adherent, ád-hé'rènt. <i>a.</i> sticking to; united	
Adaption, á-dápt'shùn. } ting	Adherent, ád-hé'rènt. <i>s.</i> a follower, a partisan	
Add, ád. <i>v. a.</i> to join something to that which was before	Adherer, ád-hé'rèr. <i>s.</i> he that adheres	
Addecimate, ád-dès'sé-máte. <i>v. a.</i> to take or	Adhesion, ád-hé'zhèn. <i>s.</i> the act or state of sticking to something	
Addeem, ád-dèém'. <i>v. a.</i> to esteem, to account	Adhesive, ád-hé'sív. <i>s.</i> stickin- or tenacious	
Adder, ád'dûr. <i>s.</i> a serpent, a poisonous reptile	Adhibit, ád-hìb'b'v. <i>v. a.</i> to apply, to make use of	[use
Addibility, ád-dé-bl'lè-té. <i>s.</i> the possibility of	Adhibition, ád-hé-bl'sh'shùn. <i>s.</i> application	
Addible, ád'dé-bl. <i>a.</i> possible to be added	Adiaphorous, á-dé-á'f'ò-rùs. <i>a.</i> neutral	
Addice, ád'dis. <i>s.</i> a kind of ax	Adiaphory, á-dé-á'f'ò-rò. <i>s.</i> neutrality, indifference	
Addict, ád-dìkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to devote, to dedicate	Adieu, á-dù'. <i>ad.</i> farewell	[ference
Addictedness, ád-dìk'tèd-nèss. <i>s.</i> the state of being addicted	Adipous, ád'dè-pùs. <i>c.</i> fat	
Addiction, ád-dìk'shùn. <i>s.</i> the state of being	Adit, ád'ít. <i>s.</i> a passage under ground	
Additament, ád-dìt'á-mènt. <i>s.</i> addition, the thing added	Addition, ád-lsh'shùn. <i>s.</i> the act of going to another	[close to another thing
Addition, ád-dìsh'shùn. <i>s.</i> the act of adding; an arithmetical rule; thing added	Adjacency, ád-já'sèn-sè. <i>s.</i> the state of lying	
	Adjacent, ád-já'sènt. <i>a.</i> lying close, bordering upon	

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, ptn—nô, môve,

- Adjacent, âd-jâ'sênt.** *s.* that which lies next another
- Adject, âd-jêkt'.** *v. a.* to add to; to put to
- Adjection, âd-jêk'shûn.** *s.* the act of adjecting, or adding, the thing added
- Adjectitious, âd-jêk-tsh'ûs.** *a.* added, thrown in
[to signify its quality]
- Adjective, âd-jêk-tiv.** *s.* a word added to a noun
- Adjectively, âd-jêk-tiv-lê.** *ad.* like an adjective
- Adjoin, âd-jôin'.** *v. a.* to join to, to unite to
- Adjoin, âd-jôin'.** *v. n.* to be contiguous to
- Adjourn, âd-jûrn'.** *v. a.* to put off to another day
[till another day]
- Adjournment, âd-jûrn'mênt.** *s.* a putting off
- Adjudge, âd-jûdjé'.** *v. a.* to give, to decree
- Adjudication, âd-jû-dê-kâ'shûn.** *s.* the act of granting something to a litigant
- Adjudicate, âd-jû-dê-kate.** *v. a.* to adjudge
- Adjugate, âd-jû-gâte.** *v. a.* to yoke to
- Adjument, âd-jû-mênt.** *s.* help
- Adjunct, âd-jûnkt.** *s.* something adherent or united to another [sing, the thing adjoined]
- Adjunction, âd-jûnkt'shûn.** *s.* the act of adjoining
- Adjunctive, âd-jûnkt'iv.** *s.* he that joins; that which is joined
- Adjuration, âd-jû-râ'shûn.** *s.* the act of proposing an oath to another; the form of oath proposed
- Adjure, âd-jûrê'.** *v. a.* to impose an oath upon another, prescribing the form [der]
- Adjust, âd-jûst'.** *v. a.* to regulate, to put in order
- Adjustment, âd-jûst'mênt.** *s.* regulation, the act of putting in method [of an adjutant]
- Adjutancy, âd-jû-tân-sê.** *s.* the military office
- Adjutant, âd-jû-tânt.** *s.* a petty officer, whose duty is to assist the major, by distributing pay, and overseeing punishment
- Adjuite, âd-jûte'.** *v. a.* to help, to concur
- Adjutor, âd-jûtûr.** *s.* a helper
- Adjutory, âd-jû-tûr-rê.** *a.* that which helps
- Adjutant, âd-jû-vânt.** *a.* helpful, useful
- Adjovate, âd-jû-vâte.** *v. a.* to help, to further
- Admeasurement, âd-mêzh'ûre-mênt.** *s.* a measuring according to rule
- Admensuration, âd-mên-shû-râ'shûn.** *s.* the act of measuring to each his part
- Adminiclé, âd-min'é-kl.** *s.* help, support
- Adminicular, âd-mê-nik'û-lâr.** *a.* that gives help [supply, to perform]
- Administrate, âd-min'ûn-trâ.** *v. a.* to give, to
- Administrate, âd-min'ûn-trâte.** *v. a.* the *s.* to administer
- Administration, âd-min'ûn-nls-trâ'shûn.** *s.* the act of administering; the active or executive part of government; those to whom the care of publick affairs is committed
- Administrative, âd-min'ûn-nls-trâ-tiv.** *a.* that which administers
- Administrator, âd-min'ûn-nls-trâ-tûr.** *s.* he that manages the affairs of a man dying intestate; he that conducts the government
- Administratrix, âd-min'ûn-nls-trâ-triks.** *s.* she who administers in consequence of a will
- Administratorship, âd-min'ûn-nls-trâ-tûr-shîp.** *s.* the office of an administrator
- Admirable, âd-mê-râ-bl.** *a.* to be admired; of power to excite wonder
- Admirableness, âd-mê-râ-bl-nêss.** } *s.* the
- Admirability, âd-mê-râ-bl'l-lê-tê.** } quality or state of being admirable
- Admirably, âd-mê-râ-blê.** *ad.* in an admirable manner
- Admiral, âd-mê-râl.** *s.* an officer or magistrate who has the government of the king's navy; the chief commander of a fleet
- Admiralship, âd-mê-râl-shîp.** *s.* the office of admiral
- Admiralty, âd-mê-râl-tê.** *s.* the power, or officers, appointed for the administration of naval affairs [of admiring]
- Admiration, âd-mê-râ'shûn.** *s.* wonder, the act
- Admire, âd-mîrê'.** *v. a.* to regard with wonder, or with love [admiration, a lever]
- Admirer, âd-mîrûr.** *s.* one who regards with admiration
- Admiringly, âd-mîrûng-lê.** *ad.* with admiration [mitted]
- Admissible, âd-mîs'sê-bl.** *a.* that may be admitted
- Admission, âd-mîsh'hûn.** *s.* the state of being admitted; admittance, the power of entering [low an argument or position]
- Admit, âd-mît'.** *v. a.* to suffer to enter; to admit
- Admittable, âd-mît'tâ-bl.** *a.* that may be admitted [mitting, permission to enter]
- Admittance, âd-mît'tânse.** *s.* the act of admitting
- Admix, âd-mîks'.** *v. a.* to mingle with something else [body with another]
- Admixture, âd-mîks'tshûn.** *s.* the union of one
- Admixture, âd-mîks'tshûre.** *s.* the body mingled with another [reprove gently]
- Admonish, âd-môn'ûsh.** *v. a.* to warn, to

nòr, nòr—'àbe, táb, búll—òl—pòund—thin, rai.

Admonisher, ád-môn'ish-úr. } one who ad-	Adulator, ád-jù-lá'tùc. s. a flatterer
monishes	Adulatory, ád-jù-lá-tùr-ré. a. flattering
Admonishment, ád-môn'ish-inént. } s. the	Adult, á-dùlt'. a. grown up, past the age of
Admonition, ád-mò-nish'ân. } infancy	Adult, á-dùlt'. s. a person above the age of
hint of a fault or duty, counsel, gentle re-	infancy, or grown to some degree of
proof	strength
Admonitioner, ád-mò-nish'ân-úr. s. a general	Adulthood, á-dùlt'nèss. s. the state of being
Admonitory, ád-mòu'né-tùr-ré. a. that which	Adulter, á-dùl'tùr. v. a. to commit adultery
admonishes	with another (thing which adulterates
Admone, ád-mòd'vè'. v. a. to bring one thing	Adulterant, á-dùl'tùr-ánt. s. the person or
Ado, á-dò'. s. trouble, difficulty, bustle	Adulterate, á-dùl'tùr-áte. v. a. to commit a-
Adolescence, ád-ò-lès'sènsè. } s. the age	dultery; to corrupt by some foreign ad-
Adolescency, ád-ò-lès'sèn-sé. } succeeding childhood, and succeeded by	mixture
puberty	Adulterate, á-dùl'tùr-áte. a. tainted with the
Adopt, á-dòpt'. v. a. to take a son by choice	guilt of adultery, corrupted with some for-
who is not so by birth; to place any per-	ign admixture
son or thing in a nearer relation to some-	Adulterateness, á-dùl'tùr-áte-nèss. s. the qual-
thing else	ity or state of being adulterate
[of something adopted]	Adulteration, á-dùl'tùr-á'shùn. s. the act of
Adoptedly, á-dòpt'éd-lè. ad. after the manner	corrupting; the state of being contami-
Adopter, á-dòpt'ùr. s. he that gives some one	nated
by choice the rights of a son	[adultery]
Adoption, á-dòp'shùn. s. the act of adopting;	Adulterer, á-dùl'tùr-úr. s. a man guilty of
the state of being adopted	Adulteress, á-dùl'tùr-èss. s. a woman that
[dored]	commits adultery
Adorable, á-dò'rá-bl. a. that ought to be a-	[an adulteress]
Adorableness, á-dò'rá-bl-nèss. s. worthiness	Adulterine, á-dùl'tùr-lne. s. a child born of
of divine honours	Adulterous, á-dùl'tùr-ús. a. guilty of adultery
[of adoration]	Adultery, á-dùl'tùr-è. s. the act of violating
Adorably, á-dò'rá-blè. ad. in a manner worthy	the bed of a married person [resemblance
Adoration, ád-ò-rá'shùn. s. homage paid to	Adumbrant, ád-òm'bránt. a. that gives a slight
the divinity, or to persons in high place or	Adumbrate, ád-òm'bráte. v. a. to shadow
esteem	out, to exhibit a faint resemblance
[homage]	Adumbration, ád-òm-brá'shùn. s. the act of
Adore, á-dòrè'. v. a. to worship with external	giving a slight and imperfect representa-
Adorer, á-dò'rùr. s. he that adores: a wor-	tion
shipper	[united, union]
Adorn, á-dòrn'. v. a. to dress, deck, set out	Adunation, ád ù-ná'shùn. s. the state of being
Adornment, ád-dòrn'mént. s. ornament, embel-	Aduncity, ád-dùn'sé-té. s. crookedness, hook-
ishment	Adunque, á-dùnk'. a. crooked [edness
Adown, á-dòùn'. ad. down, on the ground	Adure, á-dùrè'. v. n. to burn up
Adown, á-dòùn'. prep. down, towards the	Adust, á-dùst'. a. burnt up, scorched
ground	Adusted, á-dùst'éd. a. burnt, dried with fire
Adread, á-dréd'. ad. in a state of fear	Adustible, á-dùst'é-bl. a. that may be adusted
Adrift, á-drìft'. ad. floating at random	Adustion, á-dùst'ishùn. s. the act of burning
Adroit, á-dròit'. a. active, skilful	up, or drying
Adroitness, á-dròit'nèss. s. dexterity, activity	Advance, ád-vánsè'. v. a. to bring forward;
Adry, á-dri'. a. athirst, thirsty	to raise to preferment; to improve; to ac-
Adventitious, ád-sé-tish'ús. a. taken in to com-	cellerate
plete something else	[to make improvement
[ing together]	Advance, ád-vánsè'. v. n. to come forward;
Adstriction, ád-strìk'shùn. s. the act of bind-	Advance, ád-vánsè'. s. the act of coming for-
Adulation, ád-jù-lá'shùn. s. flattery, high	ward: progresska. improvement
compliment	

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, plu--nò, nôvê.

Advancement, *âd-vânse'ment*. *s.* the act of coming forward: preferment; improvement [warder]
Advancer, *âd-vân'sûr*. *s.* a promoter, for-
Advantage, *âd-vân'tâdje*. *s.* superiority, gain, profit; preponderation [promote]
Advantage, *âd-vân'tâdje*. *v. a.* to benefit, to
Advantaged, *âd-vân'tâ-jêd*. *a.* possessed of advantages
Advantage-ground, *âd-vân'tâdje-grôund*. *s.* ground that gives superiority and advantage [useful]
Advantageous, *âd-vân-tâ'jûs*. *a.* profitable,
Advantageously, *âd-vân-tâ'jûs-lé*. *ad.* conveniently, opportunely, profitably
Advantageousness, *âd-vân-tâ'jûs-nêss*. *s.* profitableness, convenience [peradded]
Advene, *âd-vêné'*. *v. n.* to accede, to be su-
Advenient, *âd-vêné-ênt*. *a.* advening, super-added
Advent, *âd'vent'*. *s.* one of the holy seasons signifying the coming of our Saviour; the four weeks before Christmas
Adventitious, *âd-vên-tîsh'ûs*. *a.* that advenes, extrinsically added [season of Advent]
Adventual, *âd-vên'tshû-âl*. *a.* relating to the
Adventure, *âd-vên'tshûre*. *s.* accident, chance, hazard [chance, to dare]
Adventure, *âd-vên'tshûre*. *v. n.* to try the
Adventurer, *âd-vên'tshûr-ûr*. *s.* he that seeks occasions of hazard
Adventurous, *âd-vên'tshûr-ûs*. *a.* inclined to adventures, daring, courageous; full of hazard, dangerous [ly, daringly]
Adventurously, *âd-vên'tshûr-ûs-lé*. *ad.* bold-
Adventuresome, *âd-vên'tshûr-sûm*. See **Adventurous**
Adventuresomeness, *âd-vên'tshûr-sûm-nêss*. *s.* the quality of being adventuresome
Adverb, *âd'verb*. *s.* a word joined to a verb or adjective, and applied to the use of qualifying and restraining the latitude of their signification
Adverbial, *âd-vêr'bê-âl*. *a.* having the quality of an adverb
Adverbially, *âd-vêr'bê-âl-lé*. *ad.* in the manner of an adverb
Adversable, *âd-vêr'sâ-bl*. *a.* contrary to
Adversary, *âd'ver-sâ-ré*. *s.* an opponent, antagonist, enemy

Adverse, *âd'verse*. *a.* acting with contrary directions; calamitous, afflictive
Adversely, *âd'verse-lé*. *ad.* unfortunately
Adversity, *âd-vêr'sé-té*. *s.* affliction, calamity
Advert, *âd-vêrt'*. *v. n.* to attend to, regard, observe
Advertence, *âd-vêrtênsé*. } *s.* attention to,
Advertency, *âd-vêrtên-sé*. } regard to
Advertise, *âd-vêr-tîze'*. *v. a.* to inform another, to give intelligence
Advertisement, *âd-vêr'tîz-mênt*. *s.* intelligence, information; notice published in a paper of intelligence
Advertiser, *âd-vêr-tîzêr*. *s.* he that gives intelligence; the paper in which advertisements are published
Advertising, *âd-vêr-tîzîng*. *a.* active in giving intelligence, monitory
Adverserate, *âd-vêr-pé-râte*. *v. n.* to draw towards evening [tice; intelligence]
Advice, *âd-vîze'*. *s.* counsel, instruction, no-
Advisable, *âd-vîzâ-bl*. *a.* prudent, fit to be advised [ity of being advisable]
Advisableness, *âd-vîzâ-bl-nêss*. *s.* the qual-
Advise, *âd-vîze'*. *v. a.* to counsel; inform, make acquainted [liberate]
Advise, *âd-vîze'*. *v. n.* to consult, consider, de-
Advised, *âd-vîzêd*. *part. a.* acting with deliberation, prudent, wise
Advisedly, *âd-vîzêd-lé*. *ad.* deliberately, purposely, prudently [prudent procedure]
Advisedness, *âd-vîzêd-nêss*. *s.* deliberation,
Adviser, *âd-vîzêr*. *s.* the person that advises
Advocacy, *âd-vô-kâ-sé*. *s.* vindication, defence, apology [cause of another]
Advocate, *âd-vô-kâte*. *s.* he that pleads the
Advocation, *âd-vô-kâ'shûn*. *s.* the office of pleading, plea, apology, [to something]
Advolation, *âd-vô-lâ'shûn*. *s.* the act of flying
Advolution, *âd-vô-lû'shûn*. *s.* the act of rolling
Advoutry, *âd-vô-û-tré*. *s.* adultery
Advowee, *âd-vô-û-éé'*. *s.* he that has the right of advowson [to a benefice]
Advowson, *âd-vô-û-zûn*. *s.* a right to present
Ægyptiacum, *ê-jîp-tî-â-kûm*. *s.* an ointment consisting of honey, verdigris, and vinegar
Aerial, *â-é-ré-âl*. *a.* belonging to the air, high
Aerie, *é-ré*. *s.* a nest of birds of prey [air
Aerology, *â-ûr-ô-lô-jé*. *s.* the doctrine of the

- Aeromancy**, â-ûr-ô-nân-sê. *s.* the art of divining by the air [measuring the air]
- Aerometry**, â-ûr-ôm'mê-trê. *s.* the art of
- Aeronaut**, â-ûr-ô-nâwt. *s.* one who sails through the air [of the air]
- Aeroseopy**, â-ûr-ôs'kô-pe. *s.* the observation
- Ætites**, ê-tl' êz. *s.* eagle-stone
- Afar**, â fâr. *ad.* at a great distance [afraid]
- Afear**, â-fêrd'. *part. a.* frightened, terrified,
- Afer**, â-fûr'. *s.* the south-west wind
- Affability**, âf-fâ-bl'lê-tê. *s.* easiness of manners; civility, condescension [teous]
- Affable**, âf-fâ-bl. *a.* easy of manners, courteous
- Affableness**, âf-fâ-bl-nêss. *s.* courtesy
- Affably**, âf-fâ-blê. *ad.* courteously, civilly
- Affabrous**, âf-â-brûs. *a.* skilfully made, complete. [be managed or transacted]
- Affair**, âf-fâre'. *s.* business, something to
- Affear**, âf-fêre'. *v. a.* to confirm, to establish
- Affect**, âf-fêkt'. *s.* affection, passion, sensation.
- Affect**, âf-fêkt'. *v. a.* to act upon; to move the passions; to aim at
- Affectation**, âf-fêk-tâ'shûn. *s.* the act of making an artificial appearance, awkward imitation
- Affected**, âf-fêk'têd. *part. a.* moved, touched with affection; studied with over-much care; full of affectation
- Affectedly**, âf-fêk'têd-lê. *ad.* in an affected manner; hypocritically [being affected]
- Affectedness**, âf-fêk'têd-nêss. *s.* the quality of
- Affection**, âf-fêk'shûn. *s.* the state of being affected; passion of any kind; love, kindness [fection, fond, tender]
- Affectionate**, âf-fêk'shûn-âte. *a.* full of affectionately
- Affectionately**, âf-fêk'shûn-âte-lê. *ad.* fondly, tenderly [ness, tenderness]
- Affectionateness**, âf-fêk'shûn-âte-nêss. *s.* fond-
- Affectioned**, âf-fêk'shûnd. *a.* affected, conceited; inclined, mentally disposed
- Affectionously**, âf-fêk'shûs-lê. *ad.* in an affecting manner
- Affective**, âf-fêk'tiv. *a.* that which affects
- Affectuosity**, âf-fêk-tshû-ôs'sê-tê. *s.* passionateness
- Affectuous**, âf-fêk'tshû-ûs. *a.* full of passion
- Affere**, âf-fêre'. *v. a.* a law term, signifying to confirm [trust, confidence]
- Affiance**, âf-fl'ânse. *s.* a marriage contract;
- Affiance**, âf-fl'ânse. *v. a.* to betroth, to give confidence
- Affiancer**, âf-fl'ân-sûr. *s.* one that makes a contract of marriage between two parties
- Affidation**, âf-fê-dâ'shûn. } *s.* mutual con-
- Affidature**, âf-fê-dâ'tshûre. } tract, mutual oath of fidelity
- Affidavit**, âf-fê-dâ'vit. *s.* a declaration upon oath [affiance]
- Affied**, âf-fl'êd. *part. a.* joined by contract
- Affiliation**, ât-fl-lê-â'shûn. *s.* adoption [a.
- Affilage**, âf-fê-nâje. *s.* the act of refining metal
- Affined**, âf-fl'nêd. *a.* related to another
- Affinity**, âf-fl'nê-tê. *s.* relation by marriage, connexion with [confidently]
- Affirm**, âf-fêrm'. *v. n.* to declare, to assert
- Affirm**, âf-fêrm'. *v. a.* to ratify or approve
- Affirmable**, âf-fêrm-â-bl. *a.* that may be affirmed [opposed to repeal]
- Affirmance**, âf-fêr'mânse. *s.* confirmation;
- Affirmant**, âf-fêr'mânt. *s.* the person that affirms
- Affirmation**, âf-fêr-mâ'shûn. *s.* the act of affirming; the position affirmed; confirmation [affirmed]
- Affirmative**, âf-fêr'mâ-tiv. *a.* that may be affirmed
- Affirmatively**, âf-fêr'mâ-tiv-lê. *ad.* on the positive side, not negatively
- Affirmer**, âf-fêr'mûr. *s.* the person who affirms [subjoin]
- Affix**, âf-flks'. *v. a.* to unite to the end, to
- Affix**, âf-flks'. *s.* a particle united to the end of a word [state of being affixed]
- Affixion**, âf-flk'shûn. *s.* the act of affixing;
- Affilation**, âf-flâ'shûn. *s.* the act of breathing upon [power of prophecy]
- Afflatus**, âf-flâ'tûs. *s.* communication of the
- Afflict**, âf-flkt'. *v. a.* to put to pain; to grieve, to torment [ness, grief]
- Afflictedness**, âf-flkt'têd nêss. *s.* sorrowful-
- Afflicter**, âf-flkt'tûr. *s.* the person who afflicts
- Affliction**, âf-flkt'shûn. *s.* the cause of pain or sorrow, calamity
- Afflictive**, âf-flkt'tiv. *a.* painful, tormenting
- Affluence**, âf-flû-ênse. *s.* the act of flowing, exuberance of riches [uberant, wealthy]
- Affluent**, âf-flû-ênt. *a.* flowing, abundant, ex-
- Affluentness**, âf-flû-ênt-nêss. *s.* the quality of being affluent [ence]
- Afflux**, âf-flûks. *s.* the act of flowing, afflu-

Fate, fâr, fâll, fât—nê, mêt—pîne, pin—nô, mô'ne,

- Affluxion**, âf-fûk'shûn. *s.* the act of flowing to a particular place: that which flows
- Afford**, âf-fôrd'. *v. a.* to yield or produce, to be able to bear expenses {forest
- Afforest**, âf-fôr'rêst'. *v. a.* to turn ground into
- Affranchise**, âf-frân'tshlz'. *v. a.* to make free
- Affray**, âf-frâ'. *v. a.* to fright, to terrify
- Affray**, âf-frâ'. *s.* a tumultuous assault
- Affriction**, âf-frîk'shûn. *s.* the act of rubbing one thing upon another {terrify
- Affright**, âf-frîte'. *v. a.* to affect with fear, to
- Affright**, âf-frîte'. *s.* terror, fear {fear, terror
- Affrightment**, âf-frîte'mênt. *s.* the impression of
- Affront**, âf-frûnt'. *v. a.* to encounter, provoke, offend {outrage, act of contempt
- Affront**, âf-frûnt'. *s.* insult offered to the face;
- Affronter**, âf-frûn'tûr'. *s.* the person who affronts {quality of affronting
- Affronting**, âf-frûn'tîng. *part. a.* having the
- Affuse**, âf-fûze'. *v. a.* to pour one thing upon another
- Affusion**, âf-fû'zhûn. *s.* the act of affusing
- Affy**, âf-fî'. *v. a.* to betroth in order to marriage
- Affy**, âf-fî'. *v. n.* to put confidence in
- Afield**, â-fêld'. *ad.* to the field
- Aflat**, â-flât'. *ad.* level with the ground
- Afloat**, â-flôt'. *ad.* floating
- Afoot**, â-fût'. *ad.* on foot, in action
- Afore**, â-fôre'. *prep.* before, sooner, in time
- Afore**, â-fôre'. *ad.* in time past; in front, in the fore part {fore
- Aforegoing**, â-fôre'gô-îng. *part. a.* coming be-
- Aforehand**, â-fôre'hând. *ad.* by a previous provision; previously fitted {tioned before
- Aforementioned**, â-fôre'mên-shûnd. *a.* men-
- Aforenamed**, â-fôre'nâ-mêd. *a.* named before
- Aforesaid**, â-fôre'sâde. *a.* said before
- Afortime**, â-fôre'tîme. *ad.* in time past
- Afraid**, â-frâide'. *part. a.* terrified, fearful
- Afresh**, â-frêsh'. *ad.* anew again
- After**, âf'târ. *prep.* following in place, in pursuit of; in imitation of {ing another
- After**, âf'târ. *ad.* in succeeding time, follow-
- Asterges**, âf-târ-â'jêz. *s.* succeeding times, posterity {clusion
- Asteriall**, âf'tô-âll. *ad.* at last, in fine, in con-
- Afterbirth**, âf'târ-hêrîh. *s.* the secundine
- Afterclap**, âf-târ-kiâp. *s.* an unexpected event happening after an affair is supposed to be at an end
- Astercost**, âf'târ-kôst. *s.* the expense incurred after the original plan is executed
- Astercrop**, âf'târ-krop. *s.* second harvest
- Astergaine**, âf'târ-gâme. *s.* methods taken after the first turn of affairs
- Asternath**, âf'târ-mâth. *s.* second crop of grass, mown in autumn
- Asternoon**, âf'târ-nôon'. *s.* the time from meridian to the evening
- Asterpains**, âf'târ-pânz. *s.* pains after birth
- Astertaste**, âf'târ-tâste. *s.* taste remaining on the tongue {the a
- Astertought**, âf'târ-thâwt. *s.* reflection after
- Astertimes**, âf'târ-tînz. *s.* succeeding times
- Asteward**, âf'târ-wârd. *ad.* in succeeding time
- Astewit**, âf'târ-wîl. *s.* contrivance of expedients after the occasion of using them is past {in any other time or place, quantity
- Again**, â-gên'. *ad.* a second time, once more.
- Against**, â-gênst'. *prep.* contrary, opposite
- Agape**, â-gâpe'. *ad.* staring with eagerness
- Agarick**, âg'â rik. *s.* a drug of use in physick, and the dying-trade class
- Agate**, âg'ât. *s.* a precious stone of the lowest
- Agate**, âg'â-tê. *a.* partaking of the nature of agate {latter part of life, old age
- Age**, âje. *s.* the space of an hundred years, the
- Aged**, â'jêd. *a.* old, stricken in years
- Agedly**, â'jêd-lê. *ad.* after the manner of an aged person
- Agency**, â'jên-sê. *s.* the quality of acting the state of being in action; business performed by an agent
- Agent**, â'jênt. *a.* acting upon, active
- Agent**, â'jênt. *s.* a substitute, a deputy, a factor {of growing to another body
- Aggeneration**, âd-jên-âur-â'shûn. *s.* the state
- Aggrate**, âd'jûr-âte. *v. a.* to heap up
- Agglomerate**, âg-glôm'înt-r-âte. *v. a.* to gather up in a ball
- Agglutinants**, âg-glût'tê-nânz. *s.* medicines which have the power of uniting parts together {one part to another
- Agglutinate**, âg-glût'tê-nâte. *v. a.* to unite
- Agglutination**, âg-glût'tê-nâ'shûn. *s.* union, cohesion
- Agglutivative**, âg-glût'tê-nâ-tîv. *a.* that has the power of procuring agglutination
- Aggrandize**, âg-grân-dîze. *v. a.* to make great or enlarge, &c. &c. all

nôr, nô-t—tâbe, tâb, báll—ôl—pôând—tâm, THIS.

aggrandizement, ág'grân-dize-mênt. s. the state of being aggrandized	Agog, á-gôg'. <i>ad.</i> in a state of desire
Aggrandizer, ág'grân-dize-ûr. the person that makes another great	A going, á-gô'ng. <i>ad.</i> in action
Aggravate, ág'grá-vâte. <i>v. a.</i> to make heavy, in a metaphorical sense ; to make any thing worse	Ag ne, á-gôn'. <i>ad.</i> ago, past
Aggravation, ág-grá-vâ'shûn. s. the act of aggravating ; the circumstances which heighten guilt or calamity	Agonism, ág-ô-nîzin. s. contention for a prize
Aggregate, ág'grê-gâte. <i>a.</i> framed by the collection of particular parts into one mass	Agonistes, ág-ô-nîs'téz. s. a prize fighter
Aggregate, ág'grê gâte. s. the result of the conjunction of many particulars	Agonize, ág-ô-nîze. <i>v. n.</i> to be in excessive pain [lent pain]
Aggregate, ág'grê-gâte. <i>v. a.</i> to collect together	Agony, ág-ô-nê. s. the pangs of death ; vic-
Aggregation, ág-grê-gâ'shûn. s. the act of collecting ; the whole composed by the collection of many particulars [act of violence	Agrarian, á-grá-rê-âu. <i>a.</i> relating to fields or grounds [yield to ; to settle]
Aggress, ág-grêss'. <i>v. n.</i> to commit the first	Agree, á-grêé'. <i>v. n.</i> to be in concord ; to
Aggression, ág-grêsh'ûn. s. commencement of a quarrel by some act of iniquity [vader	Agreeable, á-grêé-â-bl. <i>a.</i> suitable to, consistent, pleasing
Aggressor, ág-grê's'sûr. s. an assaulter or in-	Agreeableness, á-grêé-â-bl-nêss. s. consistency with, suitableness to, the quality of pleasing
Aggrievance, ág-grê-vâse. s. injury, wrong	Agreeably, á-grêé-â-blê. <i>ad.</i> consistently
Aggrieve, ág-grêvé'. <i>v. a.</i> to give sorrow, to vex [into one figure	Agreed, á-grêéd'. <i>part. a.</i> settled by consent
Aggroup, ág-grôôp'. <i>v. a.</i> to bring together	Agreement, á-grêémênt. s. concord, compact, bargain [unpolish-
Aghast, á-gâst'. <i>a.</i> struck with horror as at the sight of a spectre	Agrestic, á-grê's'tik. <i>a.</i> belonging to the field,
Agile, á-jîl. <i>a.</i> nimble, ready, active	Agriculture, ág-rê-kûl-tshûre. s. tillage, husbandry [plau]
Agileness, á-jîl-nêss. } s. nimbleness, quick-	Agrimony, ág-rê-mûn-nê. s. the name of a
Agility, á-jîl-ê-tê. } s. ness, activity	Aground, á-grôund'. <i>ad.</i> stranded, hindered by the ground from passing farther
Agist, á-jîst'. <i>v. a.</i> to feed the cattle of strangers in the king's forest, and to gather the money [mean rate	Ague, á-gûe. s. an intermitting fever [ing
Agistment, á-jîst'mênt. s. composition or	Agued, á-gû-éd. <i>a.</i> struck with ague, shiver-
Agitable, á-jê-tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> that may be put in motion [to actuate	Ague-fit, á-gû-flt. s. the paroxysm of the ague
Agitate, á-jê-tâte. <i>v. a.</i> to put in motion ;	Aguish, á-gû-îsh. <i>a.</i> having the qualities of an ague [resembling an ague
Agitation, á-jê-tâ'shûn. s. the act of moving any thing ; the state of being moved, discussion, disturbance [fairs	Aguishness, á-gû-îsh-nêss. s. the quality of re-
agitator, á-jê-tâ-tûr. s. he who manages af-	Ah, á. <i>int.</i> a word denoting dislike or com-
Agminal, ág-mé-nâl. <i>a.</i> belonging to a troop	passion
Agnai, á-g'nâle. s. a whitlow [same father	Aha ! á-hâ'. <i>int.</i> a word intimating triumph
Agnation, ág-nâ'shûn. s. descent from the	Ahead, á-hêd'. <i>ad.</i> further onward than another
Agnition, ág-ûsh'ûn. s. acknowledgment	Aid, âde. <i>v. a.</i> to help, to support. to succour
Agnize, ág-nîze'. <i>v. a.</i> to acknowledge, to own	Aid, âde. s. help, support ; in law, a subsid-
Agnomination, ág-nôm-mé-nâ'shûn. s. allusion of one word to another	Aidance, âde-ânse. s. help, support
	Aidant, âde-ânt. <i>a.</i> helping, helpful
	Aid-de-camp, âde-dê-kâwng'. s. an officer who attends the chief commander to carry his orders to the inferior officers
	Aider, âde-ûr. s. a helper, an ally
	Aidless, âde-ûss. <i>a.</i> helpless, unsupported
	Ail, âle. <i>v. n.</i> to pain, to trouble
	Ailment, âle'mênt. s. pain, disease
	Ailing, âle'ng. <i>part. a.</i> sickly
	Aim, âme. <i>v. a.</i> to endeavour to strike with a missile weapon ; to endeavour to reach or obtain

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pine, pln—ad, môve,

- Aim**, âme. *s.* the direction of a missile weapon ; an intention, a design
- Air**, âre. *s.* the element encompassing the earth ; a gentle gale, musick, mien, an affected or laboured manner or gesture
- Air**, âre. *v. a.* to expose to the air, to take the air ; to warm [with air]
- Airbladder**, âre'blâd-dûr. *s.* a bladder filled
- Airbuilt**, âre'bîlt. *a.* built in the air
- Air-drawn**, âre'drâwn. *a.* painted in air
- Airer**, âre'ûr. *s.* he that exposes to the air
- Airhole**, âre'hôle. *s.* a hole to admit air
- Airiness**, âre'é-nêss. *s.* exposure to the air ; lightness, gaiety
- Airing**, âre'îng. *s.* a short jaunt
- Airless**, âre'lêss. *a.* without the free air
- Airpump**, âre'pûmp. *s.* a machine by means of which the air is exhausted out of proper vessels [to mines]
- Airshaft**, âre'shâft. *s.* passage for the air in
- Airy**, âre'è. *a.* composed of, or relating to, the air ; light as air, unsubstantial ; gay, sprightly
- Aisle**, île. *s.* the walk in a church
- Ake**, âke. *v. n.* to feel a lasting pain
- Akin**, â kîn'. *a.* allied to by blood [ble]
- Alabaster**, âl'â-bâs-tûr. *s.* a kind of soft marble
- Alabaster**, âl'â-bâs-tûr. *a.* made of alabaster
- Alack**, â-lâk'. *int.* an expression of sorrow
- Alackaday**, â-lâk'â-dâ'. *int.* a word noting sorrow and melancholy [without dejection]
- Alacriously**, â-lâk'rê-ûs-lê. *ad.* cheerfully,
- Alacrity**, â-lâk'krê-tê. *s.* cheerfulness, sprightliness [fashion]
- Alamode**, âl-â-môde'. *ad.* according to the
- Alarm**, â-lârm'. *s.* notice of danger, a species of clock [surprise]
- Alarm**, â-lârm'. *v. a.* to call to arms ; to
- Alarming**, â-lârm'îng. *part. a.* terrifying, surprising [ation or pity]
- Alas**, â-lâss'. *int.* a word expressing lament
- Alb**, âlb. *s.* a surplice [ing]
- Albeit**, âl-bê'ît. *ad.* although, notwithstanding
- Albugo**, âl-bû'gô. *s.* a disease in the eye
- Alcahest**, âl'kâ-hêst. *s.* a universal dissolvent
- Alchymical**, âl-kîm'mê-kâl. *a.* relating to alchymy [manner of an alchymist]
- Alchymically**, âl-kîm'mê-kâl lê. *ad.* in the
- Alchymist**, âl'ké-mîst. *s.* one who professes the science of alchymy
- Alchymy**, âl'kê-mê. *s.* sublime chymistry ; a kind of mixed metal [of wine]
- Alcohol**, âl'kô-hôl. *s.* a high rectified spirit
- Alcoholization**, âl'kô-hôl-ê-zâ'shûn. *s.* the act of rectifying spirits
- Alcoholize**, âl'kô-hô-lîze. *v. a.* to rectify spirits till they are wholly dephlegmated
- Alcoran**, âl'kô-rân. *s.* the book of the Mahometan precepts and credenda [sit in]
- Alcove**, âl-kôve'. *s.* a private recess to lie or
- Alder**, âl'dûr. *s.* a tree [magistrate]
- Alderman**, âl'dûr-mân. *s.* a governor or
- Aldermanly**, âl'dûr-mân-lê. *ad.* like an alderman
- Aldern**, âl'dâr'n. *a.* made of alder
- Ale**, âle. *s.* a liquor made of malt and hops
- Alebrewer**, âle'brôd-ûr. *s.* one who professes to brew ale
- Aleconner**, âle'kôn-nûr. *s.* an officer in the city of London to inspect the measures of publick houses
- Alegar**, âl'lê-gûr. *s.* sour ale
- Alehoof**, âle'hôôf. *s.* ground ivy
- Alehouse**, âle'hôûse. *s.* a tippling house [ling]
- Alembick**, â-lêm'bîk. *s.* a vessel used in distil-
- Alert**, â-lêrt'. *a.* watchful, vigilant, brisk
- Alertness**, â lêrt'nêss. *s.* the quality of being alert [alehouse]
- Alewife**, âle'wîfe. *s.* a woman that keeps an
- Alexandrine**, â-lêgz-ân'drîn. *s.* a verse consisting of twelve syllables
- Alexipharmick**, â-lêk-sê-fâr'mîk. *a.* that drives away poison, antidotal
- Alexiterical**, â-lêk-sê-têr'ê-kâl. } *a.*
- Alexiterick**, â-lêk-sê-têr'îk } that which drives away poison [metick]
- Algebra**, âl'jê-brâ. *s.* a peculiar kind of arith-
- Algebraical**, âl'jê-brâ'ê-kâl. } relating to
- Algebraick**, âl'jê-brâ'îk. } *a.* algebra
- Algebraist**, âl'jê-brâ'îst. *s.* one skilled in the science of algebra
- Algid**, âl'jîd. *a.* cold, chill
- Algidity**, âl'jîd'ê-tê. *s.* chillness, cold
- Algific**, âl'jî'fîk. *a.* that produces cold
- Algor**, âl'gôr. *s.* extreme cold, chillness [bers]
- Algorithm**, âl'gô-rîth'm. *s.* the science of num-
- Alias**, â-lê-âs. *ad.* otherwise
- Alible**, âl'ê-bl. *a.* nutritious, nourishing
- Alien**, âl'ê-yên. *a.* foreign, estranged from
not allied

nòr, nòt—tràbe, tǎb, búll—dǎl—pǎund—tǎin, tǎis.

- Alien, á-lé'yèn. *s.* a foreigner, a stranger
- Alienable, á-lé'yèn-á-bl. *a.* that may be transferred
- Alienate, á-lé'yèn-áte. *v. a.* to transfer the property of any thing to another; to withdraw the affections [stranger to
- Alienate, á-lé'yèn-áte. *a.* withdrawn from,
- Alienation, á-lé'yèn-á-shún. *s.* the act of transferring property
- Alight, á-lé'te'. *v. a.* to come down, to fall upon
- Álike, á-lé'ke. *ad.* with resemblance, in the same manner
- Aliment, á-lé'mènt. *s.* nourishment, food
- Alimental, á-lé-mènt'ál. *a.* that nourishes
- Alimentariness, á-lé-mènt'á-rè-nèss. *s.* the quality of being alimentary
- Alimentary, á-lé-mènt'á-ré. *a.* that has the power of nourishing [of nourishing
- Alimentation, á-lé-mènt-tá-shún. *s.* the quality
- Alimonious, á-lé-mó'né-ús. *a.* that nourishes
- Alimony, á-lé-mó'nú-né. *s.* legal proportion of the husband's estate allowed to the wife, upon the account of separation
- Aliquant, á-lé'kwánt. *a.* parts of a number, which will never make up the number exactly
- Aliquot, á-lé'kwót. *a.* parts of any number, or quantity, such as will exactly measure it without any remainder
- Alish, á-lé'lish. *a.* resembling ale
- Alive, á-lé'live'. *a.* not dead; unextinguished, active; cheerful
- Alkaliest, á-lé'ká-hèst. *s.* a universal dissolvent
- Alkalescent, á-lé-ká-lès'sènt. *a.* that has a tendency to the properties of an alkali.
- Alkali, á-lé-ká-lé. *s.* any substance which, when mingled with acid, produces fermentation
- Alkaline, á-lé-ká-lín. *a.* that has the qualities of alkali [line
- Alkalizate, á-lé-ká-lé-záte. *v. a.* to make alkalizate, á-lé-ká-lé-záte. *a.* that has the qualities of alkali [alkalizing
- Alkalization, á-lé-ká-lé-zá-shún. *s.* the act of
- Alkermes, á-lé-kèr'méz. *s.* a confection made of the kermes berries
- All, á-lé. *a.* the whole, every one
- All, á-lé. *s.* the whole; every thing
- All, á-lé. *ad.* quite, completely, altogether
- Allay, á-lé-lá. *v. a.* to mix one metal with another: to quiet, pacify, repress
- Allay, á-lé-lá. *s.* the metal of a baser kind mixed in coins, to harden them; any thing which, being added, abates the predominant qualities of that with which it is mingled
- Allayer, á-lé-lá'úr. *s.* the person or thing which has the power or quality of allaying
- Allayment, á-lé-lá'mènt. *s.* that which has the power of allaying [claration, plea
- Allegation, á-lé-lé-gá-shún. *s.* affirmation, declaration
- Allege, á-lé-lédje'. *v. a.* to affirm, declare, maintain [leged
- Allegeable, á-lé-lédje'á-bl. *a.* that may be alleged
- Allegation, á-lé-lédje'mènt. *s.* the same with Allegation
- Alleger, á-lé-lédje'úr. *s.* he that alleges
- Allegiance, á-lé-lé'jánse. *s.* the duty of subjects
- Allegiant, á-lé-lé'jánt. *a.* loyal, dutiful
- Allegorick, á-lé-lé-gór'rik. *a.* not real, not literal
- Allegorical, á-lé-lé-gór'rè-kál. *a.* in the form of an allegory [allegorical manner
- Allegorically, á-lé-lé-gór'rè-kál-lé. *ad.* after an
- Allegorize, á-lé-lé-gór-ríze. *v. a.* to turn into allegory, to form an allegory
- Allegory, á-lé-lé-gór-ré. *s.* a figurative discourse, in which something is intended that is not contained in the words literally taken [music
- Allegro, á-lé-lé-grò. *s.* a sprightly motion in
- Allelujah, á-lé-lé-lú'yá. *s.* a word of spiritual exultation; Praise God [ease, to soften
- Alleviate, á-lé-lé-vé-áte. *v. a.* to make light, to
- Alleviation, á-lé-lé-vé-á-shún. *s.* that by which any pain is eased, or fault extenuated
- Alley, á-lé-lé. *s.* a walk, a narrow passage
- Alliance, á-lé-lé'ánse. *s.* the state of connexion by confederacy, a league; relation by marriage or any form of kindred [ting
- Alliency, á-lé-lé-sh'yèn-sé. *s.* the power of attracting
- Alligate, á-lé-lé-gáte. *v. a.* to tie one thing to another [gether, an arithmetical rule
- Alligator, á-lé-lé-gá-shún. *s.* the act of tying to
- Alligator, á-lé-lé-gá'úr. *s.* the crocodile of America [thing against another
- Allision, á-lé-lé-lízh'ón. *s.* the act of striking one
- Alliteration, á-lé-lé-lít-ér-á-shún. *s.* the beginning two or more words with the same letter to give them a sort of rhyming consonance
- Allocation, á-lé-lé-kú-shún. *s.* the act of speaking to another [ent
- Allodial, á-lé-lé-dé-ál. *a.* not feudal, independent

Fâte, fâr, fâll. fât—mê, mêt—pine, pin—nò, mòve,

- Alloodium, âl-lò'dè-ûm. *s.* possession held in absolute independence [a rapier]
- Allonge, âl-lândjé'. *s.* a pass or thrust with
- Alloo, âl-lòò'. *v. a.* to set on, to incite [other]
- Alloquy, âl-lò-kwé'. *s.* the act of speaking to another
- Allot, âl-lòt'. *v. a.* to distribute by lot, to grant
- Allotment, âl-lòt'mènt. *s.* the part, the share
- Allottery, âl-lòt'tûr-è. *s.* that which is granted to any in a distribution [batement]
- Allow, âl-lòù'. *v. a.* to admit, grant, make a-
- Allowable, âl-lòù'â-bl. *a.* that may be admitted, lawful
- Allowableness, âl-lòù'â-bl-nèss. *s.* lawfulness, exemption, from prohibition
- Allowance, âl-lòù'ânse. *s.* sanction, license; permission; abatement; a sum granted
- Alloy, âl-lòé'. *s.* baser metal mixed in coinage
- Allude, âl-lòdé'. *v. n.* to have some reference to a thing, without the direct mention
- Alluriner, âl-lù'mé-nûr. *s.* one who paints upon paper or parchment
- Allure, âl-lùrè'. *v. a.* to entice to any thing
- Allurement, âl-lùrè'mènt. *s.* enticement, temptation
- Allurer, âl-lù'rûr. *s.* enticer, inveigler
- Alluringly, âl-lù'ring-lé. *ad.* in an alluring manner, enticingly [temptation]
- Alluringness, âl-lù'ring-nèss. *s.* enticement
- Allusion, âl-lù'zhûn. *s.* a hint, an implication
- Allusive, âl-lù'slv. *a.* hinting at something
- Allusively, âl-lù'slv-lé. *ad.* in an allusive manner [being allusive]
- Allusiveness, âl-lù'slv-nèss. *s.* the quality of
- Ally, âl-lî'. *v. a.* to unite by kindred, friendship, or confederacy
- Ally, âl-lî'. *s.* one united to some other by marriage, friendship, or confederacy
- Almacanter, âl-mâ-kân'tûr. *s.* a circle drawn parallel to the horizon
- Almanack, âl-mâ-nâk. *s.* a calendar
- Almightiness, âl-mî'té-nèss. *s.* omnipotence
- Almighty, âl-mî'té. *a.* of unlimited power, omnipotent [tree]
- Almond, â'mûnd. *s.* the nut of the almond
- Almonds, â'mûndz. *s.* the two glands of the throat
- Almoner, âl-mò-nûr. *s.* the officer of a prince, employed in the distribution of charity
- Almonry, âl'mûn-ré. *s.* the place where alms are distributed
- Almost, âl'înòst. *ad.* nearly, well nigh [poor]
- Alms, ânz. *s.* what is given in relief of the
- Alms-house, âmz'hòûse. *s.* an hospital for the poor [alms]
- Almsman, âmz'mân. *s.* a man who lives upon
- Alnager, âl'nâ-jûr. *s.* a measurer by the ell
- Alnage, âl'nâje. *s.* ell-measure
- Alnight, âl'nîte. *s.* a great cake of wax, with the wick in the midst [dicinal juice]
- Aloes, âl'òze. *s.* a precious wood, a tree, a medicine
- Aloetical, âl-ò-èt'è-kâl. *a.* consisting chiefly of aloes
- Aloft, â-lòft'. *ad.* on high, in the air
- Aloft, â-lòft'. *prep.* above
- Alogy, âl'ò-jè. *s.* unreasonableness, absurdity
- Alone, â-lòné'. *a.* single, without company, solitary [company with]
- Along, â-lông'. *ad.* at length; forward; in
- Aloof, â-lòòf'. *ad.* at a distance [noise]
- Aloud, â-lòùd'. *ad.* loudly, with a great
- Alphabet, âl-fâ-bèt. *s.* the letters or elements of speech [the series of letters]
- Alphabetical, âl-fâ-bèt'té-kâl. *a.* according to
- Alphabetically, âl-fâ-bèt'té-kâl-lé. *ad.* according to the order of the letters
- Alpine, âl'pîn. *a.* belonging to the Alps
- Already, âl-rèd'dé. *ad.* at this present time; before the present
- Also, âl'sò. *ad.* in the same manner, likewise
- Altar, âl'tûr. *s.* the table in Christian churches where the communion is administered
- Alter, âl'tûr. *v. a.* to change [change]
- Alter, âl'tûr. *v. n.* to be changed, to suffer
- Alterable, âl'tûr-â-bl. *a.* that may be changed
- Alterableness, âl'tûr-â-bl-nèss. *s.* the quality of being alterable [as may be altered]
- Alterably, âl'tûr-â-blé. *ad.* in such a manner
- Alterant, âl'tûr-ânt. *a.* that has the power of producing change
- Alteration, âl'tûr-â-shûn. *s.* the act of changing; the change made
- Alternative, âl'tûr-â-tîv. *a.* medicines which have no immediate sensible operation but gradually gain upon the constitution [versy]
- Altercation, âl'tûr-kâ'shûn. *s.* debate, controversy
- Altern, âl-tèrn'. *a.* acting by turns [ciprocal]
- Alternate, âl-tèr'nâte. *a.* being by turns, repeatedly
- Alternate. âl-tèr'nâte. *v. a.* to perform alternately [succession]
- Alternately, âl-tèr'nâte-lé. *ad.* in reciprocal

nor, ôi—tôbe rûb, bûll—ôll—pôlând—thin, THIS.

Alternateness, âl-têr'nâ-tê-nêss. s. the quality of being alternate [cession]	Amaraucosis, âm-âu-rô'si. s. a dimness of sight, and dust floating before the eye
Alternation, âl-tûr-nâ'shûn. s. reciprocal succession	Amaze, â-mâzê'. v. a. to confuse or disorder, to put into perplexity [fear or wonder]
Alternative, âl-têr'nâ-tiv. s. the choice given of two things, so that if one be rejected, the other must be taken [reciprocally]	Amaze, â-mâzê'. s. astonishment, confusion of mind
Alternatively, âl-têr'nâ-tiv-lê. ad. by turns	Amazedly, â-mâ'zêd-lê. ad. confusedly, with amazement [astonishment]
Alternativeness, âl-têr'nâ-tiv-nêss. s. the quality or state of being alternative	Amazedness, â-mâ'zêd-nêss. s. wonder, confusion
Alternity, âl-têr'nê-tê. s. reciprocal succession, vicissitude [however]	Amazement, â-mâzê'mênt. s. confused apprehension; wonder at an unexpected event
Although, âl-tôh'. conj. notwithstanding	Amazing, â-mâ'zîng. part. a. wonderful
Altiloquence, âl-tî'lô-kwênsê. s. pompous language [uring altitudes or heights]	Amazingly, â-mâ'zîng-lê. ad. to a degree that may excite astonishment [virago]
Altimetry, âl-tîm'ê-trê. s. the art of measuring	Amazon, âm'â-zôn. s. a warlike woman; a
Altonant, âl-tîs'sô-nânt. a. high sounding, pompous in sound	Ambages, âm-bâ'jêz. s. a multiplicity of words
Altitude, âl-tê-tûdê. s. height of place; the elevation of any of the heavenly bodies above the horizon [without exception]	Ambassador, âm-bâs'sâ-dûr. s. a person sent in a public manner from one sovereign power to another [an ambassador]
Altogether, âl-tô-gê'thê'r. ad. completely	Ambadress, âm-bâs'sâ-drês. s. the lady of an embassy
Alum, âl'lûm. s. a kind of mineral salt, of an acid taste [consisting of, alum]	Ambassage, âm'bâs-sâjê. s. an embassy
Aluminous, âl-lû'mê-nûs. a. relating to, or always, âl'wâzê. ad. perpetually, constantly	Amber, âm'bûr. s. a yellow transparent substance of a bituminous consistence
Am, âm. the first person of the verb To be	Ambergris, âm'bûr-grêse. s. a fragrant drug
Amability, âm-â-bîl'ê-tê. s. loveliness [our]	Ambidexter, âm-bê-dêks'têr. s. a man who has equally the use of both his hands; a man who is equally ready to act on either side in party disputes
Amain, â-mâ'ne'. ad. with vehemence, with vigour	Ambidexterity, âm-bê-dêks'têr-rê-tê. s. the quality of being able equally to use both hands; double dealing
Amalgam, â-mâl'gâm. } s.	Ambidextrous, âm-bê-dêks'trôs. a. double dealing, practising on both sides
Amalgama, â-mâl'gâ-mâ. } s.	Ambidextrousness, âm-bê-dêks'trôs-nêss. s. the quality of being ambidextrous [practising]
the mixture of metals procured by amalgamation	Ambient, âm'bê-ênt. a. surrounding, encircling
Amalgamation, â-mâl-gâ-mâ'shûn. s. the act or practice of amalgamating metals.	Ambigu, âm'bê-gû. a. a medley of dishes
Amalgamate, â-mâl-gâ-mâ-tê. v. a. to unite metals with quicksilver [ing on a message]	Ambiguity, âm-bê-gû-ê-tê. s. uncertainty of signification [ing two meanings]
Amandation, âm-ân-dâ'shûn. s. the act of sending	Ambiguous, âm-bîg'û-ûs. a. doubtful, having two meanings
Amanuensis, â-mân-û-ên'sîs. s. a person who writes what another dictates	Ambiguously, âm-bîg'û-ûs-lê. ad. in an ambiguous manner, doubtfully
Amaranth, âm'â-rânth. s. the name of a plant; an imaginary flower [amarantus]	Ambiguousness, âm-bîg'û-ûs-nêss. s. uncertainty of meaning [ous signification]
Amaranthine, âm-â-rân'thîn. a. consisting of	Ambilology, âm-bîl'ô-gê. s. talk of ambiguity
Amaritude, â-mâr-rê-tûdê. s. bitterness	Ambilouquous, âm-bîl'ô-kwûs. a. using ambiguous expressions [expression]
Amass, â-mâs'. v. a. to collect together into one heap or mass [mulation]	Ambisquy, âm-bîl'ô-kwâ. s. ambiguity of
Amassment, â-mâs'mênt. s. a heap, an accumulation, â-mâ-tê'. v. a. to terrify [art or science]	
Amateur, âm-â-tûr'ê. s. a lover of any particular art or science	
Amatorial, âm-â-tô'rê-âl. a. concerning love	
Amatory, âm-â-tûr-ê. a. relating to love	

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nò, m3ve,

- Am'bit, âm'blt. *s.* the compass or circuit of any thing
 [ment or honour]
- Ambition, âm-blsh'ôn. *s.* the desire of prefer-
- Ambitious, âm-bt'h'ús. *a.* touched with ambition, aspiring
- Ambitiously, âm-blsh'ús-lê. *ad.* with eagerness of advancement or preference
- Ambitiousness, âm-blsh'ús-nêss. *s.* the quality of being ambitious
- Ambitude, âm'bê-tûde. *s.* compass, circuit
- Amble, âm'bl. *v. n.* to pace; to move easily
- Amble, âm'bl. *s.* an easy pace
- Amblor, âm'blôr. *s.* a pacer
 [movement]
- Amblingly, âm'bling-lê. *ad.* with an ambling
- Ambrosia, âm-brô'zhê-â. *s.* the imaginary food of the gods; the name of a plant
- Ambrosial, âm-brô'zhê-âl. *a.* partaking of the nature or quality of ambrosia
- Ambrý, âm'brê. *s.* the place where alms are distributed; the place where plate and utensils are kept
- Ambs-ace, âmz-âse'. *s.* a double ace, aces
- Anbulation, âm-bû-lâ-shûn. *s.* the act of walking
 [power or faculty of walking]
- Ambulatory, âm'bû-lâ-târ-rê. *a.* that has the
- Ambury, âm'bû-rê. *s.* a bloody wart on a horse's body
- Ambuscade, âm-bûs-kâde'. *s.* a private station in which men lie to surprise others
- Ambuscado, âm-bûs-kâ-dò. *s.* a private post in order to surprise
- Ambush, âm'bûsh. *s.* the post where soldiers or assassins are placed in order to fall unexpectedly upon an enemy; the state of lying in wait
 [prise]
- Ambushment, âm'bûsh-mênt. *s.* ambush, sur-
- Amel, âm'mêl. *s.* the matter used for enamelling
- Amen, âm'mên'. *ad.* so be it, so it is
- Amenable, âm-mênâ-bl. *a.* responsible, subject so as to be liable to account
- Amenance, âm-mênânse. *s.* conduct, behaviour
- Amend, âm-mênd'. *v. a.* to correct, to change any thing that is wrong
- Amend, âm-mênd' *v. n.* to grow better
- Amendment, âm-mênd'mênt. *s.* change from bad to the better; reformation for life; recovery of health; the correction of an error
- Amender, âm-mên'dâr. *s.* the person that amends any thing
- Amends, âm-mênds'. *s.* recompense, compensation
- Amenity, âm-men'nê-tê. *s.* agreeableness of situation
 [fine or penalty]
- Amerce, âm-mêrse'. *v. a.* to punish with a
- Amercer, âm-mêr'sur. *s.* he that sets a fine
- Amercement, âm-mêrse'mênt. *s.* the pecuniary punishment of an offender
- Ames-ace, âmz-âse'. *s.* two aces thrown at the same time on two dice
- Amethyst, âm'ê-tlíst. *s.* a precious stone of a violet colour, bordering on purple
- Amethystine, âm'ê-tlíst'in. *a.* resembling an amethyst
 [thy to be loved]
- Amiable, âm'mê-â-bl. *a.* lovely, pleasing, wor-
- Amiability, âm'mê-â-blê. *ad.* in such a manner
- Amiability, âm'mê-â-blê. *ad.* in such a manner
- Amicable, âm'ê-kâ-bl. *a.* friendly, kind
- Amiability, âm'mê-kâ-bl-nêss. *s.* friendliness, goodwill
- Amicably, âm'ê-kâ-blê. *ad.* in a friendly way
- Amice, âm'mís. *s.* the undermost part of a priest's habit
- Amid, âm'míd'. } *prep.* in the midst or mid-
- Amidst, âm'mídst'. } *prep.* in the midst or mid-
- Amiss, âm'mís. *ad.* faultily, wrong
- Amission, âm-mísh'ôn. *s.* loss
- Amit, âm'mít'. *v. a.* to lose
- Amity, âm'mítê. *s.* friendship
- Ammoniac, âm-mò-nê-âk. *s.* a gum; a salt
- Ammoniacal, âm-mò-nê-â-kâl. *a.* having the nature of ammoniac salt
 [store]
- Ammunition, âm-mû-nísh'ôn. *s.* military
- Amnesty, âm-nês-tê. *s.* an act of oblivion
- Among, âm-mûng. } *prep.* mingled with,
- Amongst, âm-mûngst'. } *prep.* conjoined with others
- Amorist, âm'ò-ríst. *s.* an innamorato, a gallant
- Amorous, âm'ò-rûs. *a.* enamoured; naturally inclined to love
- Amorously, âm'ò-rûs-lê. *ad.* fondly lovingly
- Amorousness, âm'ò-rûs-nêss. *s.* fondness, lovingness
- Amort, âm-mòrt'. *ad.* depressed, spiritless
- Amortization, âm-mòrt-tê-zâ'shôn. } *s.*
- Amortizement, âm-mòrt'iz-mênt. } *s.*
- the right or act of transferring lands to mortmain
- Amortise, âm-mòrt'iz. *v. n.* to alien lands or tenements to any corporation

- Amount**, â-môunt'. *v. n.* to rise to in the accumulative quality
- Amount**, â-môunt'. *s.* the sum total [intrigue]
- Amour**, â-môûr'. *s.* an affair of gallantry, an
- Amphibious**, âm-flb'ê-ûs. *a.* that can live in two elements
- Amphibiousness**, âm-flb'ê-ûs-nêss. *s.* the quality of being able to live in different elements [ful]
- Amphibological**, âm-fê-bô-lôd'jê-kâl. *a.* doubtful
- Amphibology**, âm-fê-bô-lô-jê. *s.* discourse of uncertain meaning [one to another]
- Amphibolous**, âm-flb'ô-lûs. *s.* tossed from
- Amphitheatre**, âm-fê-thê'â-tûr. *s.* a building in a circular or oval form, having its area encompassed with rows of seats one above another
- Ample**, âm'pl. *a.* large, wide, extended
- Ampleness**, âm'pl-nêss. *s.* largeness, liberality
- Ampliate**, âm'plê-âte. *v. a.* to enlarge, to extend [exaggeration]
- Ampliation**, âm-plê-â-shûn. *s.* enlargement,
- Amplificate**, âm-plif'ê-kâte. *v. a.* to enlarge, to amplify [ment, extension]
- Amplification**, âm-plê-fê-kâ-shûn. *s.* enlarge
- Amplifier**, âm'plê-fl-ûr. *s.* one that exaggerates
- Amplify**, âm'plê-fl. *v. a.* to enlarge; to improve
- Amplify**, âm'plê-fl. *v. n.* to lay one's self out in diffusion
- Amplitude**, âm'plê-tûde. *s.* largeness, greatness; copiousness, abundance [ly]
- Amplly**, âm'plê. *ad.* largely, liberally, copious-
- Amputate**, âm'pû-tâte. *v. a.* to cut off a limb
- Amputation**, âm-pû-tâ-shûn. *s.* the operation of cutting off a limb, or other part of the body
- Amulet**, âm'û-lêt. *s.* a charm; a thing hung about the neck, for preventing or curing a disease
- Amuse**, â-mûze'. *v. a.* to entertain with harmless trifling; to engage the attention; to deceive by artful management
- Amusement**, â-mûzê'ment. *s.* that which amuses, entertainment
- Amuser**, â-mûzûr'. *s.* he that amuses
- Amusive**, â-mû'siv. *a.* that has the power of amusing [in]ds
- Amygdalate**, â-mig'dâ-lâte. *a.* made of al-
- Amygdaline**, â mig'dâ-lîn. *a.* resembling almonds
- An**, ân. *article.* one, but with less emphasis any, or some [or reflected]
- Anacampctick**, ân-â-kâm'tk. *a.* reflecting,
- Anacathartick**, ân-â-kâ-thâr'tk. *s.* any medicine that works upwards
- Anachorite**, ân-âk'ô-rite. *s.* a monk who leaves the convent for a more solitary life
- Anachronism**, ân-âk'krô-nîzin. *s.* an error in computing time [fracted light; dioptricks]
- Anacleticks**, ân-â-klê'tks. *s.* the doctrine of re-
- Anadiplosis**, ân-â-dê-p'ô'sla. *s.* reduplication; a figure in rhetoric
- Anagram**, ân-â-grâm. *s.* a conceit arising from the letters of a name transposed so as to form some other word or sentence
- Anagrammatism**, ân-â-grâm'mâ-tîzm. *s.* the art or practice of making anagrams
- Anagrammatist**, ân-â-grâm'mâ-tîst. *s.* a maker of anagrams [make anagrams]
- Anagrammatize**, ân-â-grâm'mâ-tîze. *v. n.* to
- Analeptick**, ân-â-lêp'tk. *a.* comforting, corroborating [of analogy]
- Analogical**, ân-â-lôdje'ê-kâl. *a.* used by way
- Analogically**, ân-â-lôdje'ê-kâl-ê. *ad.* in an analogical manner
- Analogicalness**, ân-â-lôdje'ê-kâl-nêss. *s.* the quality of being analogical [of analogy]
- Analogize**, â-nâl'ô-jîze. *v. a.* to explain by way
- Analogous**, â-nâl'ô-gûs. *a.* having analogy
- Analogy**, â-nâl'ô-jê. *s.* resemblance between things
- Analysis**, â-nâl'lê-sîs. *s.* a separation of any compound into its several parts; a solution of any thing to its first elements
- Analytical**, ân-â-ll'tê-kâl. *a.* that which proceeds by analysis
- Analytically**, ân-â-ll'tê-kâl-lê. *ad.* the manner of resolving compounds into the simple constituent parts
- Analyze**, ân-â-lîze. *v. a.* to resolve a compound into its first principles
- Analyzer**, ân-â-ll-zûr. *s.* that which has the power of analyzing
- Anamorphosis**, ân-â-nôr'fô'sîs. *s.* deformation, perspective projection, so that at one point of view it shall appear deformed, in another an exact representation
- Ananas**, â-nâ'nâs. *s.* the pine apple
- Anapæst**, ân-â-pêst. *s.* a foot consisting of three syllables, two short and one long

nôr, nô-t—tâbe, tâb. búll —ôl—pôând—thin, THIS.

- Anguish, âng'gwîsh. s.** excessive pain of mind or body
Angular, âng'gô-lûr. a. having angles or corners
Angularity, âng'gô-lâr'é-tê. s. the quality of being angular
Angularly, âng'gô-lûr-iê. ad. with angles [gles
Angulated, âng'gô-lâ-têd. a. formed with an-
Angulous, âng'gô-lôs. a. hooked, angular
Angust, ân-gûst'. a. narrow, strait
Anhelation, ân-hê-lâ'shûn. s. the act of pant-
Anhelose, ân-hê-lôse'. a. out of breath
Anights, â-nites'. ad. in the night time
Anileness, â-nîl'e'nêss. } s. the old age of
Aulity, â-nîl'ê-tê } s. women
Animable, ân'ê-mâ-bl. a. that may be put into
 life [port; severe censure; observation
Animadversion, ân-ê-mâd-vêr'shûn. s. re-
Animadversive, ân-ê-mâd-vêr'sîv. a. that has
 the power of judging
Animadvert, ân-ê-mâd-vêrt'. v. a. to consid-
 er, to observe, to pass censure upon
Animadverter, ân-ê-mâd-vêrtûr. s. he that
 passes censure, or observes upon
Animal, ân'ê-mâl. s. a living creature
Animal, ân'ê-mâl. a. that which belongs or
 relates to animals
Animalcule, ân-ê-mâl'kûle. s. a small animal
Animality, ân-ê-mâl'ê-tê. s. the state of ani-
 mal existence
Animate, ân'ê-mâte. v. a. to quicken, make
 alive; to encourage, incite [mal life
Animate, ân'ê-mâte. a. alive, possessing an-
Animated, ân'ê-mâ-têd. part a. lively, vigorous
Animation, ân-ê-mâ'shûn. s. the act of anima-
 ting, state of being enlivened [of giving life
Animative, ân'ê-mâ-tîv. a. that has the power
Animose, ân-ê-môse'. a. full of spirit, hot
Animosity, ân-ê-môs'sê-tê. s. vehemence of
 hatred; passionate malignity
Anise, ân'îs. s. a species of parsley, with
 sweet-scented seeds
Auker, ânk'ûr. s. a liquid measure the fourth
 part of the awm [foot to the leg
Ankle, ânk'kl. s. the joint which joins the
Annaïst, ân-nâ-îst. s. a writer of annals
Annals, ân'nâlz. s. histories digested in the
 exact order of time
Annals, ân'nâts. s. first-fruits
Annoxi, ân-nêlê'. v. a. to heat glass
Annot, ân-nêks'. v. a. to unite to at the end
- Annexation, ân-nêk-sâ'shûn. s.** conjunction,
 addition; union
Annexion, ân-nêk'shûn. s. the act of annexing
Annexment, ân-nêks'mênt. s. the act of an-
 nexing; the thing annexed
Annihilable, ân-nî'hê-lâ-bl. a. that may be
 put out of existence
Annihilate, ân-nî'hê-lâte. v. a. to reduce to
 nothing; to destroy; to annul
Annihilation, ân-nî-hê-lâ'shûn. s. the act of
 reducing to nothing, the state of being re-
 duced to nothing
Anniversary, ân-nô-vêr'sâ-rê. s. a day cele-
 brated as it returns in the course of the year
Anniversary, ân-nê-vêr'sâ-rê. a. returning
 with the revolution of the year: annual
Anno Domini, ân'nô-dôm'ê-nê. in the year of
 our Lord
Annotation, ân-nô-tâ'shûn. s. explication, note
Annotator, ân-nô-tâ'tûr. s. a writer of notes,
 a commentator [claim
Announce, ân-nôûnse'. v. a. to publish, to pro-
Annoy, ân-nôê'. v. a. to incommode, to vex
Annoy, ân-nôê'. s. injury, molestation
Annoyance, ân-nôê'ânse. s. that which an-
 noys; the act of annoying
Annoyer, ân-nôê'ûr. s. the person that annoys
Annus, ân'nû-âl. a. that comes yearly
Annually, ân'nû-âl-lê. ad. yearly, every year
Annuitant, ân-nû-ê-tânt. s. he that has an an-
 nuity
Annuity, ân'nû-ê-tê. s. a yearly allowance
Annul, ân-nûl'. v. a. to make void, to nullify
Annular, ân'nû-lâr. a. having the form of a
 ring [rings
Annulary, ân'nû-lâ-rê. a. having the form of
Annulet, ân'nû-lêt. s. a little ring
Annunerate, ân-nû-mê-râte. v. a. to add to a
 former number [to a number
Annuneration, ân-nû-mê-râ'shûn. s. addition
Annunciate, ân-nûn'shê-âte. v. a. to bring ti-
 dings
Annunciation-day, ân-nûn-shê-â'shûn-dâ. s.
 the day celebrated by the church, in mem-
 ory of the angei's salvation of the Bles-
 sed Virgin, solemnized on the 25th of
 March [of mitigating pain
Anodyne, ân'ô-dîne. a. that has the power
Anoint, â-nôînt'. v. a. to rub over with un-
 ctuous matter

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pine, pln—uò, môve,

- Apointer**, â-nôn'ûr. *s.* the person that appoints
Apointer, â-nôn'ûr. *s.* the person that appoints
Anomalous, â-nôm'â-lîz-m. *s.* anomaly, irregular
Anomalistical, â-nôm'â-lîs'tê-kâl. *a.* irregular
Anomalous, â-nôm'â-lîs. *a.* irregular, out of rule
Anomalously, â-nôn'â-lîs-lê. *ad.* irregularly
Anomaly, â-nôm'â-lê. *s.* irregularity deviation from rule
Anomy, ân'ò-mê. *s.* breach of law
Anon, â-nôn'. *ad.* quickly, soon; now and then
Anonymous, â-nôn'ê-mûs. *a.* wanting a name
Anonymously, â-nôn'ê-mûs-lê. *ad.* without a name
Another, ân-ûr'ûr. *a.* not the same, different
Ansated, ân'sâ-têd. *a.* having handles
Answer, ân'sûr. *v. n.* to speak in return to a question; to speak in opposition; to be accountable for; to appear to any call
Answer, ân'sûr. *s.* that which is said in return to a question or position; a confutation of a charge
Answerable, ân'sûr-â-bl. *a.* that to which a reply may be made; obliged to give an account; equal to
Answerably, ân'sûr-â-blê. *ad.* in due proportion
Answerableness, ân'sûr-â-bl-nêss. *s.* the quality of being answerable
Answerer, ân'sûr-ûr. *s.* he that answers
Ant, ânt. *s.* an emmet, a pismire
Antagonist, ân-tâg'ò-nîst. *s.* one who contends with another, an opponent
Antagonize, ân-tâg'ò-nîze. *v. n.* to contend against another
Antapoplectick, ânt-âp-po-plêk'tîk. *a.* good against an apoplexy
Antarctick, ân-târk'tîk. *a.* relating to the southern pole
Antarthritick, ânt-âr-thrî'tîk. *a.* good against the gout
Antasthmatick, ânt-âst-mât'tîk. *a.* good against the asthma
Antecede, ân-tê-sêde. *v. a.* to precede, to go before
Antecedence, ân-tê-sêd'ênsê. *s.* the act or state of going before
Antecedent, ân-tê-sêd'ênt. *a.* going before, preceding
Antecedent, ân-tê-sêd'ênt. *s.* that which goes before
Antecedently, ân-tê-sêd'ênt-lê. *ad.* previously before
Antecessor, ân-tê-sê'sûr. *s.* one who goes before
Antechamber, ân'tê-tshâm-bûr. *s.* the chamber that leads to the chief apartment
Antedate, ân'tê-dâte. *v. a.* to date before the proper time
Antediluvian, ân-tê-dê-lû'vê-ân. *a.* existing before the deluge
Antelope, ân'tê-lôpe. *s.* a goat with wreathed horns
Antemeridian, ân-tê-mê-rîdj'ê-ân. *a.* being before noon
Antemetick, ân-tê-mêt'tîk. *a.* that has the power of preventing or stopping vomiting
Antemundane, ân-tê-mûn'dâne. *a.* that was before the world
Antepast, ân'tê-pâst. *s.* a foretaste
Antepenult, ân-tê-pê-nûlt'. *s.* the last syllable but two
Antepileptick, ânt-êp-ê-lêp'tîk. *a.* good against convulsions
Anterior, ân-tê-rê-ûr. *a.* going before
Anteriority, ân-tê-rê-ûr'ê-tê. *s.* priority; the state of being before
Anthem, ân'thêm. *s.* a holy song
Anthology, ân-thôl'ò-jê. *s.* a collection of flowers, devotions or poems
Anthropophagi, ân'thrô-pôf'â-jî. *s.* man eaters, cannibals
Anthropophagy, ân'thrô-pôf'â-jê. *s.* the quality of eating human flesh
Anthroposophy, ân'thrô-pô's'ô-fê. *s.* the knowledge of the nature of man
Anthypnotick, ân'hîp-nôt'tîk. *a.* that has the power of preventing sleep
Antiacid, ân'tê-âs'îd. *s.* alkali
Antichristian, ân-tê-krl's'tshûn. *a.* opposite to Christianity
Antichristianity, ân-tê-krl's'tshê-ân'ê-tê. *s.* contrariety to Christianity
Anticipate, ân'tîs-ê-pâte. *v. a.* to take something sooner than another; to foretaste, or take an impression of something which is not yet
Anticipation, ân'tîs-sê-pâ-shûn. *s.* the act of taking up something before its time; foretaste
Antick, ân'tîk. *a.* odd; ridiculously wild
Antick, ân'tîk. *s.* he that plays anticks, or uses odd gesticulation—a buffoon
Anticlimax, ân-tê-klî'mâks. *s.* a sentence in which the last part is lower than the first
Anticonvulsive, ân-tê-kôn-vûl'sîv. *a.* good against convulsions
Anticourtier, ân-tê-kôre'tshûr. *s.* one that goes

nôr, nôr -tâbe, wô, wôh—ôh—pôund—thin, THIS.

- Antidotal**, ân-tê-dô'tâl. *a.* having the power or quality of counteracting poison
- Antidote**, ân-tê-dô'te. *s.* a medicine given to expel poison
- Antifebrile**, ân-tê-fê'b'rîl. *a.* good against fevers
- Antimonarchical**, ân-tê-mô-nâr'kê-kâl. *a.* against government by a single person
- Antimonial**, ân-tê-mô-nê-âl. *a.* made of antimony [stance, of a metalline nature]
- Antimony**, ân-tê-môn'ê. *s.* a mineral substance
- Antinomy**, ân-tîn'ô-mê. *s.* a contradiction between two laws
- Antiparalytick**, ân-tê-pâr-â-ll'ik. *a.* efficacious against the palsy
- Antipathetical**, ân-tê-pâ-thêt'ê-kâl. *a.* having a natural contrariety to any thing
- Antipathy**, ân-tîp'â-thê. *s.* natural contrariety to any thing
- Antipestilential**, ân-tê-pês-tê-tên'shâl. *a.* efficacious against the plague
- Antiphony**, } ân-tîf'ô-nê. *s.* an echo; the method of singing by way of response
- Antiphrasis**, ân-tîf'râ-sîs. *s.* the use of words a sense opposite to their meaning
- Antipodes**, ân-tîp'ô-dâl. *a.* relating to the antipodes
- Antipodes**, ân-tîp'ô-déz. *s.* those people who, living on the other side of the globe, have their feet directly opposite to ours
- Antipope**, ân-tê-pôpe. *s.* he that usurps the popedom [antiquity]
- Antiquary**, ân-tê-kwâ-rê. *s.* a man studious of antiquity
- Antiquate**, ân-tê-kwâ'te. *v. a.* to make obsolete [state of being obsolete]
- Antiquatedness**, ân-tê-kwâ-têd-nêss. *s.* the state of being obsolete
- Antique**, ân-têék'. *a.* ancient; of genuine antiquity: of old fashion
- Antique**, ân-têék'. *s.* an antiquity, a remain of ancient times [being antique]
- Antiqueness**, ân-têék'nêss. *s.* the quality of being antique
- Antiquity**, ân-tîk'kwê-tê. *s.* old times; the ancients; remains of old times; old age
- Antiscorbucal**, ân-tê-skôr-bû'tê-kâl. *a.* good against the scurvy [any humour]
- Antispasmodic**, ân-tê-spâz-môd'ik. *a.* having power to relieve the cramp
- Antispnetick**, ân-tê-splên'ê-tîk. *a.* efficacious in diseases of the spleen
- Antistrophe**, ân-tîs'trô-fê. *s.* the second stanza of every three, in an ode sung in parts
- Antistrumatick**, ân-tê-strû-mât'ik. *a.* good against the king's evil [tras]
- Antithesis**, ân-tîth'ê-sîs. *s.* opposition; contrast
- Antitype**, ân-tê-tîpe. *s.* that which is resembled or shadowed out by the type
- Antytical**, ân-tê-tîp'ê-kâl. *a.* that explains the type
- Antler**, ân'tîr. *s.* branch of a stag's horn
- Antoeci**, ân-tê'ê-sî. *s.* those inhabitants of the earth who live under the same meridian, at the same distance from the equator; the one towards the north, and the other to the south
- Antonomasia**, ân-tô-nô-mâ'zhê-â. *s.* a form of speech, in which, for a proper name, is put the name of some dignity. We say the Orator for Cicero
- Antre**, ân'tîr. *s.* a cavern, a den [work]
- Anvil**, ân'vî. *s.* the iron block for smith's work
- Anxiety**, ân'zî'ê-tê. *s.* trouble of mind about some future event, solicitude; depression, lowness of spirits
- Anxious**, ânk'shûs. *a.* disturbed about some uncertain event; careful, full of inquietude [quietly]
- Anxiously**, ânk'shûs-lê. *ad.* solicitously, unquietly
- Anxiousness**, ânk'shûs-nêss. *s.* the quality of being anxious
- Any**, ên'nê. *a.* every, whoever, whatever
- Aonian**, â-ô'nê-ân. *a.* belonging to the hill Parnassus, the supposed residence of the muses
- Apace**, â-pâse'. *ad.* quick, speedily, hastily
- Apart**, â-pârt'. *ad.* separately, in a state of distinction; retired [of rooms]
- Apartment**, â-pârt'mênt. *s.* a room, a set of rooms
- Apathy**, â-pâ-thê. *s.* exemption from passion
- Ape**, âpe. *s.* a kind of monkey; an imitator
- Ape**, âpe. *v. a.* to imitate as an ape
- Apeak**, â-pêke'. *ad.* in a posture to pierce the ground [coction]
- Apepsy**, âp'êp-sê. *s.* a loss of natural heat
- Aperient**, â-pê-rê-ênt. *a.* gently purgative
- Aperitive**, â-pê-rê-tîv. *a.* that has the quality of opening
- Apert**, â-pêrt'. *a.* open
- Aperton**, â-pêr'shûn. *s.* an opening, a passage, a gap: the act of opening

Fâte, fâ, fall, fât--mê, mêl--pine, plu--nô, môte,

- Apertly, â pèr't-lè. *ad.* openly
- Aperture, âp ûr-tshûre. *s.* the act of opening; an open place [leaves]
- Apetulous, â-pêt'â-lôs. *a.* without flower-
- Apex, â pèks. *s.* the tip or point
- Aphelion, â-fè'lè-ûn. *s.* that part of the orbit of a planet in which it is at the point remotest from the sun [love to mankind]
- Aphitanthropy, âf'â-ân'thrô-pè. *s.* want of
- Aphorism, âf'ô-rîzm. *s.* a maxim, an unconnected position
- Aphoristical, âf'ô-rîs'tè-kâl. *a.* written in separate unconnected sentences
- Aphoristically, âf'ô-rîs'tè-kâl-lè. *ad.* in the form of an aphorism
- Apiary, â'pè-â-ré. *s.* the place where bees are kept [each
- Apiece, â-pèèse'. *ad.* to the part or share of
- Apish, â'plsh. *a.* having the qualities of an ape, imitative, foppish, silly, wanton
- Apishly, â'plsh-lè. *ad.* in an apish manner
- Apishness, â'plsh-nèss. *s.* mimicry, foppery
- Apitpat, â-pl't pât. *ad.* with quick palpitation
- Apocalypse, â-pôk'â-lîps. *s.* revelation, a word used only of the sacred writings
- Apocalyptic, â-pôk-â-lîp'tè-kâl. *a.* containing revelation
- Apocrypha, â-pôk'rè-fâ. *s.* books added to the sacred writings, of doubtful authors
- Apocryphal, â-pôk'rè-fâl. *a.* not canonical, of uncertain authority
- Apodictical, âp-ô-dîk'tè-kâl. *a.* demonstrative
- Apodixis, âp-ô-dîk'sîs. *s.* demonstration
- Apogæon, âp-ô-jè'ôn. } *s.* a point in the hea-
- Apogæe, âp-ô-jè. } *s.* ens, in which the sun or a planet, is at the greatest distance possible from the earth in its whole revolution
- Apologetical, â-pôl-ô-jè'tè-kâl. } *a.*
- Apologetick, â-pôl-ô-jè'tîk. } *a.* that is said in defence of any thing
- Apologist, â-pôl'ô-jîst. *s.* one that makes an apology [your
- Apologetic, â-pôl'ô-jîze. *v. n.* to plead in fa-
- Apologue, âp'ô-lôg. *s.* a fable, moral tale
- Apology, â-pôl'ô-jè. *s.* defence, excuse [ing
- Apophthegm, âp'ô-thèm. *s.* a remarkable say-
- Apoplectical, âp-ô-plèk'tè-kâl. } *a.*
- Apoplectick, âp-ô-plèk'tîk. } *a.* relating to an apoplexy
- Apoplexy, âp'ô-plèk-sè. *s.* a sudden deprivation of all sensation [a man has professed
- Apostacy, â-pôs'tâ-è. *s.* departure from wha
- Apostate, â-pôs'tâte. *s.* one that has forsaken his religion [religion]
- Apostatize, â-pôs'tâ-tîze. *v. n.* to forsake one's
- Aposteme, âp'ô-stème. *s.* a hollow swelling, an abscess
- Apostle, â-pôs'sl. *s.* a person sent with mandates, particularly applied to them whom our Saviour deputed to preach the Gospel
- Apostleship, â-pôs'sî-shîp. *s.* the office or dignity of an apostle. [the apostles
- Apostolical, âp-pôs-tôl'lè-kal. *a.* delivered by
- Apostolick, âp-ôs-tôl'îk. *a.* taught by the apostles
- Apostrophe, â-pôs'trô-sè. *s.* in rhetorick, a diversion of speech; in grammar, the contraction of a word by the use of a comma
- Apostrophize, â-pôs'trô-fîze. *v. a.* to address by an apostrophy
- Apothecary, â-pôth'è-kâ-rè. *s.* a man whose employment is to compound medicines
- Apotheosis, âp-ô-thè-ô-sîs. *s.* deification
- Apozen, âp'ô-zèm. *s.* a decoction
- Appal, âp-pâll' *v. a.* to fright, to depress
- Appanage, âp'pâ-nâje. *s.* lands set apart for the maintenance of younger children
- Apparatus, âp-pâ-râ'tûs. *s.* things which are provided for the accomplishment of any purpose; tools, furniture, equipage
- Apparel, âp-pâr'èl. *s.* dress, vesture, external habiliments
- Apparel, âp-pâr'èl. *v. a.* to dress, to clothe
- Apparent, âp-pâr'rènt. *a.* plain, visible, open, certain [ly
- Apparently, âp-pâr'rènt-lè. *ad.* evidently, open-
- Apparition, âp-pâr-rîsh'ûn. *s.* appearance, a spectre
- Apparitor, âp-pâr'rè-tûr. *s.* the lowest officer of the ecclesiastical court
- Appeach, âp-pètsh'. *v. a.* to accuse, to censure
- Appeachment, âp-pètsh'mènt. *s.* charge exhibited against any man
- Appeal, âp-pèie'. *v. n.* to transfer a cause from one to another; to call another as a witness
- Appeal, âp-pèie'. *s.* a removal of a cause from an inferior to a superior court, a call upon any us witness

nôr, nôr—tûbe, tâb, bûll—ôll—pôdônd—tun, THIS.

- appear, âp-père'. *v. n.* to be in sight, to become visible; to seem; to be plain
- Appearance, âp-pé-rânse. *s.* the act of coming into sight; the thing seen; semblance, show; entry into a place; mien, likelihood
- Appeasable, âp-pé-zâ-bl. *a.* reconcileable
- Appeasableness, âp-pé-zâ-bl-nêss. *s.* reconcileableness
- Appease, âp-péze'. *v. a.* to quiet, to pacify
- Appeasement, âp-péze'ment. *s.* a state of peace
- Appellant, âp-pêl-lânt. *s.* a challenger; one that appeals from a lower to a higher power
- Appellation, âp-pêl-lâ'shûn. *s.* name
- Appellative, âp-pêl-lâ-tiv. *s.* a name common to all of the same kind or species
- Appellatory, âp-pêl-lâ-tûr-ré. *a.* that which contains an appeal [add to]
- Append, âp-pënd'. *v. a.* to hang upon, to
- Appendage, âp-pên'dâje. *s.* something added
- Appendant, âp-pên'dânt. *a.* hanging to something else; annexed [adventitious part]
- Appendant, âp-pên'dânt. *s.* an accidental or
- Appendix, âp-pên'diks. *s.* something appended or added; an adjunct or concomitant
- Appertain, âp-pêr-tâne'. *v. n.* to belong to as of right or by nature
- Appertenance, âp-pêr-tê-nânse. *s.* that which belongs to another thing [relating to]
- Appertment, âp-per-tê-nent. *a.* belonging,
- Appetence, âp-pé-tênse. } *s.* carnal desire
- Appetency, âp-pé-tên-se. }
- Appetibility, âp-pê-tê-bil'é-té. *s.* the quality of being desirable
- Appetible, âp-pé-tê-bl. *a.* desirable
- Appetite, âp-pé-tite. *s.* desire, keenness of stomach, hunger
- Appetition, âp-pé-tish'ûn. *s.* desire
- Applaud, âp-plâwd'. *v. a.* to praise by clapping the hands; to commend
- Applauder, âp-plâw'dûr. *s.* he that praises
- Applause, âp-plâwz'. *s.* approbation loudly expressed
- Applausive, âp-plâw'siv. *a.* applauding
- Apple, âp-pli. *s.* a fruit; the pupil of the eye
- Applicable, âp-pli'â-bl. *a.* that may be applied
- Appliance, âp-pli'ânse. *s.* the act of applying, the thing applied
- Applicability, âp-plé-kâ-bl'é-té. *s.* the quality of being fit to be applied [plied]
- Applicable, âp-plé-kâ-bl. *a.* that may be applied
- Applicableness, âp-plé-kâ-bl-nêss. *s.* fitness to be applied
- Application, âp-plé-kâ'shûn. *s.* the act of applying; the thing applied; attention to some particular affair [application]
- Applicative, âp-plé-kâ-tiv. *a.* belonging to
- Applicatory, âp-plé-kâ-tûr-ê. *a.* belonging to, the act of applying [to study]
- Apply, âp-pli'. *v. a.* to put to a certain use;
- Appoint, âp-pôln'. *v. a.* to fix, to establish; to equip [fixes]
- Appointer, âp-pôln'tûr. *s.* he that settles or
- Appointment, âp-pôln'ment. *s.* stipulation, decree, establishment; order, equipment, furniture; an allowance [proportions]
- Apportion, âp-pôre'shûn. *v. a.* to set out in just
- Apportion, âp-pôze'. *v. a.* to put questions to
- Apposite, âp-pô-zit. *a.* proper, fit, well adapted
- Appositely, âp-pô-zit-lé. *ad.* properly, fitly, suitably [prietly, suitability]
- Appositeness, âp-pô-zit-nêss. *s.* fitness, proportion
- Appraise, âp-prâze'. *v. a.* to set a price upon any thing [appraising; a valuation]
- Appraisalment, âp-prâze'ment. *s.* the act of
- Appraiser, âp-prâzûr. *s.* a person appointed to set a price on things to be sold
- Appreciate, âp-pré-shé-âte. *v. a.* to rate, value, estimate [estimated]
- Appreciable, âp-pré-shé-â-bl. *a.* that may be
- Apprehend, âp-pré-hênd'. *v. a.* to lay hold on; to seize, to conceive, to fear
- Apprehender, âp-pré-hên'dûr. *s.* one who apprehends [be apprehended]
- Apprehensible, âp-pré-hên'sê-bl. *a.* that may
- Apprehension, âp-pré-hên'shûn. *s.* the mere contemplation of things; conception, fear, suspicion [fearful]
- Apprehensive, âp-pré-hên'siv. *a.* sensible,
- Apprehensiveness, âp-pré-hên'siv-nêss. *s.* the quality of being apprehensive
- Apprentice, âp-prên'ûs. *s.* one that is bound by covenant to learn a trade [as an apprentice]
- Apprentice, âp-prên'ûs. *v. a.* to put to a master
- Apprenticeship, âp-prên'ûs-ship. *s.* the years which an apprentice is to pass under a master
- Apprise, âp-prizé'. *v. a.* to inform

Àte, fâr, fâll, fât—mè, mèt—plne, plu—nò, mòve,

- Approach, àp-pròtsh'. *v. n.* to draw near
 Approach, àp-pròtsh'. *v. a.* to bring near to
 Approach, àp-pròtsh'. *s.* the act of drawing near, access; means of advancing
 Approachment, àp-pròtsh'mènt, *s.* the act of coming near [proving
 Approbation, àp-prò-bà'shùn. *s.* the act of approving
 Appropriate, àp-prò-prè-àte. *v. a.* to consign to some particular use or person; to make peculiar
 Appropriate, àp-prò-prè-àte. *a.* peculiar, assigned to some particular purpose
 Appropriation, àp-prò-prè-à'shùn. *s.* the application of something to a particular purpose or meaning
 Appropriator, àp-prò-prè-à'târ. *s.* he that is possessed of an appropriated benefice
 Approvable, àp-pròd'vâ-bl. *a.* which merits approbation
 Approval, àp-pròd'vâl. *s.* approbation [with
 Approve, àp-pròd'v'. *s.* to like, to be pleased
 Improvement, àp-pròd'v'mènt. *s.* approbation, liking [he that makes trial
 Approver, àp-pròd'vûr. *s.* he that approves;
 Approximate, àp-pròks'é-mâte. *v. n.* to approach, to draw near to
 Approximate, àp-pròks'â-mâte. *a.* near to
 Approximation, àp-pròk-sé-mâ'shùn. *s.* approach to any thing [gainst any thing
 Appuise, àp'pûlse. *s.* the act of striking a
 Appurtenance, àp-pûr'té-nânse. *s.* that which belongs to something else
 Apricot, à'prè-kòt. *s.* a kind of wall fruit
 April, à'prîl. *s.* the fourth month of the year, January being counted first
 Apron, à'pûrn. *s.* a cloth hung before, to keep the other dress clean, or for ornament; a piece of lead which covers the touchhole of a great gun
 Apt, àpt. *a.* fit, inclined, ready, quick
 Aptate, àp'tâte. *v. a.* to make fit [disposition
 Aptitude, àp'tè-tûde. *s.* fitness; tendency;
 Aptly, àp'tilé. *ad.* properly, fitly, justly, readily [tendency
 Aptness, àp'tnèss. *s.* fitness, suitability
 Aqua-fortis, àk-kwâ-fòrtîs. *s.* a corrosive liquor made of nitre and calcined vitriol
 Aqua-vitæ, àk-kwâ-vî'té. *s.* brandy
 Aquatick, à-kwâ'tîk. *a.* which inhabits the water; which grows in the water
 Aqueduct, àk'kwè-dûkt. *s.* a conveyance made for carrying water
 Aqueous, à kwè-ûs. *a.* watery [hooked
 Aquiline, àk'wè-lîn. *a.* resembling an eagle;
 Aqueous, à-kwòs'. *a.* watery [language
 Arabic, àr'â-bîk. *a.* of Arabia, written in its
 Arable, àr'â-bl. *a.* fit for tillage [web
 Araneous, àr-râ'nè-ûs. *a.* resembling a cob-
 Aration, à-râ'shùn. *s.* the act or practice of ploughing
 Arbalist, àr'bè-lîst. *s.* a cross-bow
 Arbitrator, àr'bè-tûr. *s.* an umpire chosen to settle a dispute [nation, choice
 Arbitrament, àr-bî'trâ-mènt. *s.* will, determination
 Arbitrarily, àr'bè-trâ-rè-lè. *ad.* with no other rule than the will despotically
 Arbitrarious, àr-bè-trâ-rè-ûs. *a.* arbitrary, depending on the will
 Arbitrary, àr'bè-trâ-rè. *a.* despotic, absolute depending on no rule, capricious
 Arbitrate, àr'bè-trâte. *v. a.* to decide, determine; to judge of
 Arbitration, àr-bè-trâ'shùn. *s.* the determination of a cause by a judge mutually agreed on by the parties
 Arbitrator, àr'bè-trâ-tûr. *s.* an extraordinary judge between party and party, chosen by their mutual consent [mination, compromise
 Arbitrement, àr-bî'trè-mènt. *s.* decision, determination
 Aroïtress, àr'bè-trèss. *s.* a female arbitrator
 Arborary, àr'bò-râ-rè. *a.* belonging to a tree
 Arboret, àr'bò-rèt. *s.* a small tree or shrub
 Arborist, àr'bò-rîst. *s.* a naturalist who makes trees his study
 Arborous, àr'bò-rûs. *a.* belonging to trees
 Arbour, àr'bûr. *s.* a bower
 Arbuscle, àr'bûs-sl. *s.* a little shrub [arch
 Arch, àrk. *s.* a segment part of a circle; an
 Arcade, àr-kâde'. *s.* a continued arch
 Arcanum, àr-kâ-nûm. *s.* a secret
 Arch, àrtsh. *s.* part of a circle, not more than the half; a building in form of a segment of a circle, used for bridges; vault of heaven [with arches
 Arch, àrtsh. *v. a.* to build arches; to cover
 Arch, àrtsh. *a.* chief, of the first class; waggish [antiquity
 Archæology, àr-kâ-òl'ò-jâ. *s.* a discourse of

- Archaism**, âr'kâ-îsm. *s.* an ancient phrase
Archangel, ârk-âne'jêl. *s.* one of the highest order of angels; a plant, a dead nettle
Archbishop, ârtsh-bîsh'ûp. *s.* a bishop of the first class
Archbishoprick, ârtsh-bîsh'ûp-rîk. *s.* the state, province, or jurisdiction of an archbishop
Archdeacon, ârtsh-dê'kn. *s.* one that supplies the bishop's place and office
Archdeaconry, ârtsh-dê'kn-rê. *s.* the office or jurisdiction of an archdeacon
Archduke, ârtsh-dû'ke'. *s.* a title given to princes of Austria and Tuscany
Archduchess, ârtsh-dûtsh'ês. *s.* the sister or daughter of the archduke of Austria
Archprelate, ârtsh-prê'lâte. *s.* chief prelate
Archpresbyter, ârtsh-prês'bê-têr. *s.* chief presbyter [an arch
Arched, âr'tshêd. *part. a.* bent in the form of
Archer, ârtsh'ûr. *s.* he that shoots with a bow
Archery, ârtsh'ûr-ê. *s.* the use of the bow; the art of an archer
Archetype, âr'kê-tîpe. *s.* the original of which any resemblance is made
Archetypal, âr-kê-tî'pâl. *a.* original
Archiepiscopal, âr-kê-ê-pl'skô-pâl. *a.* belonging to an archbishop
Architect, âr'kê-têkt. *s.* a professor of the art of building; a builder
Architective, âr-kê-têk'tîv. *a.* that performs the work of architecture
Architectural, âr-kê-têk'tshû-râl. *a.* belonging to architecture [science of building
Architecture, âr'kê-têk'tshûre. *s.* the art or
Architrave, âr'kê-trâve. *s.* that part of a column which lies immediately upon the capital, and is the lowest member of the entablature
Archives, âr'kîvs. *s.* the places where records or ancient writings are kept [arch
Archwise, ârtsh'wîze. *a.* in the form of an
Arctick, ârk'tîk. *a.* northern [arch
Arcuate, âr'kû-âte. *a.* bent in the form of an
Ardency, âr'dên-sê. *s.* ardour, eagerness
Ardent âr'dênt. *a.* hot, burning, fiery; fierce, vehement; passionate, affectionate [ately
Ardently, âr'dênt-lê. *ad.* eagerly, affectionately
Ardour, âr'dâr. *s.* heat of affection, as love, desire, courage [ficult
Arduous, âr'jû-ûs. *a.* lofty, hard to climb [if
- Arduousness**, âr'jû-ûs-nêss. *s.* height, difficulty [verb to be
Are, âr. the plural of the present tense of the
Area, â-rê-â. *s.* the surface contained between any lines or boundaries; any open surface [growing dry, the act of drying
Arefaction, âr-rê-fâk'shûn. *s.* the state of
Arenaceous, âr-ê-nâ'shûs. *a.* sandy
Arenose, âr-ê-nô'sê'. *a.* sandy
Argent, âr'jênt. *a.* having the white colour used in the armorial coats of gentlemen, knights, and baronets; silver, bright like silver
Argil, âr'jîl. *s.* potter's clay
Argillaceous, âr-jîl-lâ'shûs. *a.* clayey, consisting of potter's clay [chardise
Argosy, âr'gô-sê. *s.* a large vessel for merchandise
Argue, âr'gû. *v. n.* to reason, to persuade, to dispute
Arguer, âr'gû-ûr. *s.* a reasoner, a disputer
Argument, âr'gû-mênt. *s.* a reason alleged; subject of discourse or writing; contents of any work summed up by way of abstract; controversy [argument
Argumental, âr-gû-mên'tâl. *a.* belonging to
Argumentation, âr-gû-mên'tâ'shûn. *s.* reasoning, the act of reasoning
Argumentative, âr-gû-mên'tâ-tîv. *a.* consisting of or containing arguments
Arid, âr-rîd. *a.* dry, parched up
Aridity, â-rîd'dê-tê. *s.* dryness, siccity
Aries, â-rê-êz. *s.* the ram; one of the twelve signs of the zodiack
Arietta, â-rê-êt'â. *s.* a short air, song, or tune
Aright, â-rite'. *ad.* rightly, without error
Arise, â-rîze'. *v. n. pret.* arose, *part.* arisen, to mount upward, to get up as from sleep
Aristocracy, âr-îs-tôk'krâ-sê. *s.* that form of government which places the supreme power in the nobles [aristocracy
Aristocrat, âr-îs-tô-krâ't. *s.* a favourer of
Aristocratical, âr-îs-tô-krâ'tê-kâl. *a.* relating to aristocracy
Arithmetical, âr-lîth-mê'tê-kâl. *a.* according to the rules or methods of arithmetick
Arithmetician, â-rîth-mê-tîsh'ân. *s.* a master of the art of numbers
Arithmetick, â-rîth'mê-tîk. *s.* the science of numbers; the art of computation
Ark, ârk. *a.* a vessel to swim upon the

- ter; the repository of the covenant of God with the Jews
- Arm, ârm. *s.* the limb which reaches from the hand to the shoulder, the large bough of a tree; an inlet of water; power
- Arm, ârm. *v. a.* to furnish with arms [against]
- Arm, ârm. *v. z.* to take arms, to provide a
- Armada, âr-mâ-dâ. *s.* an armament for sea
- Armadillo, âr-mâ-dil-lò. *s.* a four-footed animal of Brazil
- Armament, âr-mâ-mènt. *s.* a naval force
- Arm-hole, ârm'hòle. *s.* the cavity under the shoulder
- Armigerous, âr-mid-jâr-rûs. *a.* bearing arms
- Armillary, âr-inll-lâ-rè. *a.* resembling a bracelet
- Armipotence, âr-mîp'ò-tènsè. *s.* power in war
- Armipotent, âr-mîp'ò-tènt. *a.* mighty in war
- Armistice, âr-inè-sîs. *s.* a short truce
- Armlet, ârm'lèt. *s.* a little arm; a piece of armour; a bracelet
- Armoniac, âr-mò-nè-âk. *s.* the name of a salt
- Armorer, âr-inûr-ûr. *s.* he that makes armour, or weapons; he that dresses another in armour
- Armorial, âr-mò-rè-âl. *a.* belonging to the arms or escutcheon of a family
- Armory, âr-mûr-è. *s.* the place in which arms are deposited for use; armour, arms of defence; ensigns armorial
- Armour, âr'mûr. *s.* defensive arms [shoulder]
- Armpit, ârm'pît. *s.* the hollow part under the
- Arms, ârmz. *s.* weapons; a state of hostility; war; action; ensigns armorial
- Army, âr-inè. *s.* a collection of armed men; a great number
- Aromatic, âr-ò-mât'è-kâl. }
 Aromatick, âr-ò-mât'îk. } *a.*
 spicy; fragrant, strong scented
- Aromaticks, âr-ò-mât'îks. *s.* spices
- Aromatize, âr-rò-mâ-tîze. *v. a.* to scent with spices, to perfume
- Arose, â-ròze. *pret.* of the verb *arise*
- Around, â-ròûnd'. *ad.* in a circle, on every side
- Around, â-ròûnd'. *prep.* about
- Arouse, â-ròûze'. *v. a.* to wake from sleep; to raise up, to excite
- Arow, âr-ò'. *ad.* in a row
- Aroynt, â-ròlnt'. *ad.* be gone, away
- Arquebuse, âr'kwè-bûs. *s.* a hand-gun
- Arack, âr-râk'. *s.* a spirituous liquor [accus]
- Arraign, âr-râne'. *v. a.* to bring to trial; to
- Arraignment, âr-râne'mènt. *s.* the act of arraigning; a charge
- Arrange, âr-rânje'. *v. a.* to put in the proper order for any purpose
- Arrangement, âr-rânje'mènt. *s.* the act of putting in proper order, the state of being put in order
- Arrant, âr-rânt. *a.* bad in a high degree
- Arrantly, âr-rânt-lè. *a.* corruptly, shamefully
- Arras, âr-râs. *s.* tapestry
- Array, âr-râ'. *s.* dress; order of battle [dress]
- Array, âr-râ'. *v. a.* to put in order; to deck, to
- Arrear, âr-rèer'. *s.* that which remains behind unpaid, though due {account
- Arrearage, âr-rèer-râje. *s.* the remainder of an
- Arreptitious, âr-rèp-tîsh'ûs. *a.* snatched away; crept in privily
- Arrest, âr-rèst'. *s.* a stop or stay; a restraint of a man's person; any caption
- Arrest, âr-rèst'. *v. a.* to seize by a mandate from a court; to lay hands on; to withhold, to stop [place
- Arrival, âr-rî-vâl. *s.* the act of coming to any
- Arrive, âr-rîve'. *v. z.* to come to any place
- Arrogance, âr-rò-gânse. }
 Arrogancy, âr-rò-gân-sè. } *s.* the act or quality of taking much upon one's self
- Arrogant, âr-rò-gânt. *a.* haughty, proud
- Arrogantly, âr-rò-gânt-lè. *ad.* in an arrogant manner [exhibit unjust claims
- Arrogate, âr-rò-gâte. *v. a.* to claim vainly; to
- Arrogation, âr-rò-gâ'shûn. *s.* a claiming in a proud manner
- Arrosion, âr-rò-zhûn. *s.* a gnawing [a low
- Arrow, âr-ròs. *s.* the weapon which is shot from
- Arsenal, âr-sè-nâl. *s.* a repository of things requisite to war, a magazine [nick
- Arsenical, âr-sèn'é-kâl. *a.* containing arsenic
- Arsenick, âr-s'nik. *s.* a mineral substance a violent corrosive poison
- Art, ârt. *s.* a trade; skill, dexterity; cunning
- Arterial, âr-tè-rè-âl. *a.* relating to the artery
- Artery, âr-tûr-è. *s.* a conical canal conveying the blood from the heart to all parts of the body [dexterous
- Artful, ârt'fûl. *a.* artificial; cunning, skilful
- Artfully, ârt'fûl-lè. *ad.* with art, skilfully
- Artfulness, ârt'fûl-nèss. *s.* skill, cunning

k, âr-thrî'tk } ical, âr-thrî'té-kâl. }	a. gonty, relating to the gont	Ascendency, âs-sên'dên-sê. s. influence, power
Artchoke, âr'té-tshôke. s.	a plant	Ascension, âs-sên'shûn. s. the act of ascend- ing or rising
Article, âr'té-kl. s.	a part of speech, as <i>the</i> , and; a single clause of an account, a par- ticular part of any complex thing; term, stipulation; point of time	Ascension-Day, âs-sên'shûn-dâ. s. the day on which the ascension of our Saviour is com- memorated, commonly called Holy Thurs- day
Article, âr'té-kl. v. n.	to stipulate, to make	Ascensive, âs-sên'siv. a. in a state of ascent
Articular, âr-tîk'û-lâr. a.	belonging to the joints	Ascent, âs-sên't. s. the act of rising; the way by which one ascends; an eminence
Articulate, âr-tîk'û-lâte. a.	distinct; branch-	Ascertain, âs-sêr-tâne'. v. a. to make certain, fix, establish
Articulate, âr-tîk'û-lâte. v. a.	to utter words distinctly	Ascertainment, âs-sêr-tâne'ment. s. a settled rule, a standard
Articulate, âr-tîk'û-lâte-lê. ad.	in an articu-	Ascetic, âs-sê'tîk. s. he that retires to devo- tion, a hermit
Articulation, âr-tîk'û-lâ'shûn. s.	the juncture of bones; the act of forming words	Ascetical, âs-sê'tîk'ê kâl. } Ascetic, âs-sê'tîk. }
Artifice, âr'té-fîs. s.	trick, fraud, stratagem; art, trade	a. diopsical, hydrop- ical
Artificer, âr-tîfîcê-sûr. s.	an artist, a manu- facturer; a contriver	Ascitious, âs-sê-tîsh'ûs. a. supplemental, ad- ditional
Artificial, âr-té-fî-sh'âl. a.	made by art; fic- titious; artful, contrived with skill	Ascribable, âs-skr'îbâ-bl. a. that may be as- cribed
Artificially, âr-té-fîsh'âl-lê. ad.	artfully, with skill, with good contrivance	Ascribe, âs-kribê'. v. a. to attribute
Artillery, âr-tîl'âr-rê. s.	weapons of war; cannon, great ordnance	Ascription, âs-krîp'shûn. s. the act of ascrib- ing
Artisan, âr-tê-zân' s.	artist, professor of an art; manufacturer	Ash, âsh. s. a tree [between brown and grey]
Artist, âr'tîst. s.	the professor of an art; a skilful man	Ash-coloured, âsh'kûl'ûrd. a. coloured by
Artless, âr'tlêss. a.	unskilful, without fraud or skill	Ashamed, â-shâ'mêd. a. touched with shame
Artlessly, âr'tlêss-lê. ad.	in an artless manner, [naturally, sincerely]	Ashen, âsh'shên. a. made of ash wood
Artuate, âr'tshû-âte. v. a.	to tear limb from limb	Ashes, âsh'z. s. the remains of any thing burnt; the remains of the body
Arundineous, âr-ûn-dîn'ê-ûs. a.	abounding with reeds	Ashore, â-shôre. ad. on shore, on the land
As, âz. conj.	in the same manner; like; while; equally; in what manner	Ash-wednesday, âsh-wênz'dâ. s. the first day of Lent, so called from the ancient custom of sprinkling ashes on the head
Asanetida, âs-sâ-fê'tê-dâ. s.	a gum of a sharp taste and offensive smell	Ashy, âsh'ê. a. ash-coloured, pale
Asbestine, âz-bêst'în. a.	incombustible	Aside, â-slîdê'. ad. to one side; from the com- mon
Asbestos, âz-bêst'ûs. s.	a sort of native fossil stone, which fire cannot consume	Asinine, âs-sê-nîne. a. belonging to an ass
Ascend, âs-sên'd. v. n.	to mount; to proceed from one degree to another; to stand high- er in genealogy	Ask, âsk. v. a. to petition, beg; to demand, inquire, question
Ascend, âs-sên'd. v. a.	to climb up any thing	Askaunt, â-skânt'. ad. obliquely, on one side
Ascendant, âs-sên'dânt. s.	height, elevation; superiority, influence	Asker, âsk'ûr. s. petitioner; inquirer
Ascendant, âs-sên'dânt. a.	superior, predomina-	Askew, â-skû'. ad. aside, contemptuously
		Aslant, â-slânt'. ad. obliquely, on one side
		Asleep, â-slêep' ad. sleeping; into sleep
		Aslope, â-slôpe'. ad. with declivity, obliquely
		Asp, or Aspick, âsp or âs'pîk. s. a venomous serpent
		Asparagus, âs-pâr-â-gûs. s. the name of a plant
		Aspect, âs-pêkt. s. look, air, appearance countenance; view; position; relation disposition of a planet
		Aspect, âs-ûekt'. v. a. to behold

Fâte (âr, fâl, fât—mè, mèt—plne, pln—nô, môve,

- Aspen**, *âs-pèn*. *s.* a tree, the leaves of which always tremble [made of aspen-wood]
- Aspen**, *âs-pèn*. *a.* belonging to the asp-tree;
- Asper**, *âs-pûr*. *a.* rough, rugged
- Asperate**, *âs-pè-râte*. *v. a.* to make rough
- Asperity**, *âs-pè-rê-té*. *s.* roughness; ruggedness of temper [sure or calumny]
- Asperse**, *âs-pèr-sè'*. *v. a.* to bespatter with
- Aspersions**, *âs-pèr'shûn*. *s.* a sprinkling; calumny. censure
- Asphaltick**, *âs-fâl'tik*. *s.* gunny, bituminous
- Asphaltos**, *âs-fâl'tûs*. *s.* a bituminous, inflammable substance
- Asphaltum**, *âs-fâl'tûm*. *s.* a bituminous stone
- Asphodel**, *âs-fô-dèl*. *s.* the day-lily
- Aspirate**, *âs-pè-râte*. *v. a.* to pronounce with full breath [breath]
- Aspirate**, *âs-pè-râte*. *a.* pronounced with full
- Aspiration**, *âs-pè-râ'shûn*. *s.* a breathing after, an ardent wish; the pronunciation of a vowel with full breath [to rise higher]
- Aspire**, *âs-pîr'*. *v. n.* to desire with eagerness;
- Asquint**, *â-skwiñt'*. *ad.* obliquely [follow]
- Ass**, *âs*. *s.* an animal of burden; a stupid dull
- Assail**, *âs-sâ'lè'*. *v. a.* to attack, to assault [ed]
- Assailable**, *âs-sâ'lâ-bl*. *a.* that may be attacked
- Assailant**, *âs-sâ'lânt*. *s.* he that attacks
- Assailant**, *âs-sâ'lânt*. *a.* attacking, invading
- Assailer**, *âs-sâ'lâr*. *s.* one who attacks another
- Assassin**, *âs-sâs'sîn*. *s.* a murderer
- Assassinate**, *âs-sâs'sè-nâte*. *v. a.* to murder by violence; to waylay [assassinating]
- Assassination**, *âs-sâs'sè-nâ'shûn*. *s.* the act of
- Assassinator**, *âs-sâs'sè-nâ-tûr*. *s.* a murderer, man-killer [attack]
- Assault**, *âs-sâlt'*. *s.* storm; invasion, hostility,
- Assault**, *âs-sâlt'*. *v. a.* to attack, to invade
- Assaulter**, *âs-sâlt'ûr*. *s.* one who violently assaults another [attack]
- Assay**, *âs-sâ'*. *s.* examination; first entrance;
- Assay**, *âs-sâ'*. *v. a.* to make trial of; to apply to
- Assayer**, *âs-sâ'ûr*. *s.* an officer of the mint
- Assemblée**, *âs-sèm'blâdje*. *s.* a collection
- Assemblée**, *âs-sèm'bl*. *v. a.* to bring together into one place
- Assemblée**, *âs-sèm'bl*. *v. n.* to meet together
- Assemblée**, *âs-sèm'blè*. *s.* a company met together [sent]
- Assent**, *âs-sèñt'*. *s.* the act of agreeing; con-
- Assent**, *âs-sèñt'*. *v. n.* to concede, to yield to
- Assentiment**, *âs-sèñt'mèñt*. *s.* consent [dicte]
- Assert**, *âs-sèr't'*. *v. a.* to maintain, affirm, vi-
- Assertion**, *âs-sèr'shûn*. *s.* the act of asserting
- Assertive**, *âs-sèr'tiv*. *a.* positive, dogmatical
- Assertor**, *âs-sèr'tûr*. *s.* maintainer, victor, affirmor [taia sum]
- Assess**, *âs-sès'*. *v. a.* to charge with any cer-
- Assessment**, *âs-sès'mèñt*. *s.* the sum levied on certain property; the act of assessing
- Assessor**, *âs-sès'sûr*. *s.* he who levies taxes
- Assets**, *âs'sèts*. *s.* goods sufficient to discharge that burden which is cast upon the executor or heir [great solemnity]
- Asseverate**, *âs-sèv'è-râte*. *v. a.* to affirm with
- Asseveration**, *âs-sèv'è-râ'shûn*. *s.* solemn affirmation
- Asshead**, *âs'hèd*. *s.* a blockhead
- Assiduity**, *âs-sè-dû-è-tè*. *s.* diligence [cation]
- Assiduously**, *âs-sîd'jû-ûs*. *a.* constant in appli
- Assiduously**, *âs-sîd'jû-ûs-lè*. *ad.* diligently, continually
- Assign**, *âs-sîne'*. *v. a.* to mark out, appoint, fix
- Assignable**, *âs-sîne'â-bl*. *a.* that may be assigned [to meet]
- Assignment**, *âs-sîg-nâ'shûn*. *s.* an appointment
- Assignee**, *âs-sè-né'*. *s.* he that is appointed by another to do any act, or perform any business
- Assigner**, *âs-sî'nûr*. *s.* he that assigns
- Assignment**, *âs-sîne'mèñt*. *s.* appointment of one thing with regard to another thing or person; the deed by which any thing is transferred [trust is assigned]
- Assigns**, *âs-sînz'*. *s.* persons to whom any
- Assimilate**, *âs-sîm'è-lâte*. *v. a.* to convert to the same nature with another thing; to bring to a likeness
- Assimilation**, *âs-sîm-mè-lâ'shûn*. *s.* the act of converting any thing to the nature or substance of another; the state of being assimilated
- Assist**, *âs-sîst'*. *v. a.* to help
- Assistance**, *âs-sîst'ânse*. *s.* help, furtherance
- Assistant**, *âs-sîst'ânt*. *a.* helping, lending aid
- Assistant**, *âs-sîst'ânt*. *s.* one who assists
- Assize**, *âs-sîze'*. *s.* a court of judicature, a statute to determine the weight of bread
- Assize**, *âs-sîze'*. *v. a.* to fix the rate of any thing

nôr,—nôt tâbe, tâb, báll—ôl—pôand—thin, rhis.

- Associate**, âs-sô shê-âte. *v. a.* to unite with another as a confederate; to accompany
- Associate**, âs-sô'shê-âte. *a.* confederate
- Associate**, âs-sô'shê-âte. *s.* a partner, confederate, companion
- Association**, âs-sô-shê-â'shûn. *s.* union, conjunction, society; confederacy; connexion
- Assort**, âs-sôrt'. *v. a.* to range in classes
- Assuage**, âs-swâ'je'. *v. a.* to mitigate; to soften; to pacify [gates or softens
- Assuagement**, âs-swâ'je'mênt. *s.* what mitigates
- Assuasive**, âs-swâ'slv. *a.* softening, mitigating
- Assuetude**, âs swê-tûde. *s.* accustomance, custom [unjustly
- Assume**, âs-sûme'. *v. a.* to arrogate, to claim
- Assumer**, âs-sû'mûr. *s.* an arrogant man [ty
- Assuming**, âs-sû'mîng *part. a.* arrogant, haughty
- Assumption**, âs-sûm'shûn. *s.* the taking any thing to one's self; the supposition of any thing without farther proof [sumed
- Assumptive**, âs-sûm'tiv. *a.* that which is assumed
- Assurance**, âsh-shû'rânse. *s.* certain expectation; secure confidence; want of modesty
- Assure**, âsh-shû're'. *v. a.* to give confidence by a firm promise; to secure another; to make secure
- Assured**, âsh-shû'rêd, or âsh-shûrd'. *part. a.* certain, indubitable; immodest [bitably
- Assuredly**, âsh-shû'rêd-lê. *ad.* certainly, indubitably
- Assuredness**, âsh-shû'rêd-nêss. *s.* the state of being assured, certainty
- Asterisk**, âs'tê-rîsk. *s.* a mark in printing as *
- Asterism**, âs'tê-rîsm. *s.* a constellation [ship
- Astern**, â-stêrn'. *ad.* in the hinder part of
- Asthma**, âst'mâ. *s.* a difficult respiration, joined with a hissing sound and a cough
- Asthmatical**, âst-mât'ê-kâl. } troubled with
- Asthmatick**, âst-mât'ik. } *a.* an asthma
- Astonish**, âs-tôn'îsh. *v. a.* to confound with fear or wonder, to amaze
- Astonishment**, âs-tôn'îsh-mênt. *s.* amazement, confusion of mind
- Astound**, âs-tôund'. *v. a.* to astonish, to amaze
- Astraddle**, âs-trâd'dl. *ad.* with legs across any thing
- Astral**, âs'trâl. *a.* starry, relating to the stars
- Astray**, âs-trâ'. *ad.* out of the right way [tion
- Astrict**, âs-trîkt'. *v. a.* to contract by application
- Astriction**, âs-trîkt'shûn. *s.* the act of contracting parts
- Astrictive**, âs-trîkt'îv. *a.* styptick, binding
- Astride**, â-strîde'. *ad.* with the legs open
- Astriferous**, âs-trîf'ê-rûs. *a.* bearing or having stars [together
- Astringe**, âs-trînjê'. *v. a.* to make parts draw
- Astringency**, âs-trînjên-sê. *s.* the power of contracting [ing
- Astringent**, âs-trînjênt. *a.* astringing, contractive
- Astrography**, âs-trôg'râ-fê. *s.* the science of describing the stars
- Astrolabe**, âs'trô-lâbe. *s.* an instrument for taking the altitude of the sun or stars
- Astrologer**, âs-trôl'ô-jûr. *s.* one that professes to foretell by the stars
- Astrologian**, âs-trô-lô-jê-ân. *s.* astrologer
- Astrological**, âs-trô-lôd'jê-kâl. } relating to
- Astrologick**, âs-trô-lôd'jik. } *a.* astrology
- Astrology**, âs-trô-lôd'jê. *s.* the practice of foretelling things by the knowledge of the stars
- Astronomer**, âs-trôn'ô-mûr. *s.* he that studies the celestial motions
- Astronomical**, âs-trô-nôm'ê-kâl. } *a.* belonging to astronomy [astronomical manner
- Astronomick**, âs-trô-nôm'ik. } *a.* belonging to astronomy [astronomical manner
- Astronomically**, âs-trô-nôm'ê-kâl-lê. *a.* in an astronomical manner
- Astronomy**, âs-trôn'ô-mê. *s.* a science, teaching the knowledge of the celestial bodies
- Astro-theology**, âs-trô-thê-ôl'ô-jê. *s.* divinity founded on the observation of the celestial bodies
- Asunder**, â-sûn'dûr. *ad.* apart, separately
- Asylum**, â-silûm. *s.* a sanctuary, a refuge
- At**, ât. *prep.* At before a place, notes the nearness of the place; as, a man is *at* the house before he is *in* it. *At* signifies the particular condition of the person; as *at peace*, &c. [vexation
- Artaraxy**, â'tâ-râk-sê. *s.* exemption from
- Atheism**, â-thê-îsm. *s.* the disbelief of God
- Atheist**, â-thê-îst. *s.* one that denies the existence of God
- Atheistical**, â-thê-îs'tê-kâl. *a.* given to atheism
- Atheistically**, â-thê-îs'tê-kâl-lê. *ad.* in an atheistical manner
- At thirst**, â-thûrst. *ad.* thirsty, in want of drink
- Athletick**, âth-lêt'ik. *a.* belonging to wrestling; strong of body, lusty, robust
- Athwart**, â-thwârt'. *prep.* across transverse to any thing through

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plue, pln—nô, môve,

Atilt , â-tîlt'. <i>ad.</i> like one making a thrust; in the posture of a barrel raised behind	Attempt , â-têm't'. <i>s.</i> an attack, an essay, an endeavour
Atlas , âtlâs'. <i>s.</i> a collection of maps	Attend , â-tênd'. <i>v. a.</i> to regard, to fix the mind upon; to wait on; to accompany; to be appendant to; to stay for
Atmosphere , âtmô-sfêre'. <i>s.</i> the air that encompasses the earth on all sides	Attend , â-tênd'. <i>v. n.</i> to yield attention; to stay, to delay [ing; a train
Atmospherical , âtmô-sfêr'è-kâl'. <i>a.</i> belonging to the atmosphere	Attendance , â-tên'dânse'. <i>s.</i> the act of waiting
Atom , âtôm'. <i>s.</i> an extremely small particle	Attendant , â-tên'dânt'. <i>s.</i> one that attends; one that waits
Atomical , â-tôm'è-kâl'. <i>a.</i> consisting of or relating to atoms [tomical philosophy	Attender , â-tên'dâr'. <i>s.</i> companion, associate
Atomist , âtômîst'. <i>s.</i> one that holds the atom	Attend , â-tên't'. <i>a.</i> intent, attentive
Atome , â-tône'. <i>v. n.</i> to agree, to accord; to stand as an equivalent; to answer for	Attention , â-tên'shûn'. <i>s.</i> the act of attending
Atone , â-tône'. <i>v. a.</i> to expiate	Attentive , â-tên'tîv'. <i>a.</i> heedful, regardful [ly
Atonement , â-tônémênt'. <i>s.</i> agreement; expiation, equivalent	Attentively , â-tên'tîv-lè'. <i>ad.</i> heedfully, carefully
Atop , â-tôp'. <i>ad.</i> on the top, at the top	Attenuant , â-tên'û-ânt'. <i>a.</i> endowed with the power of making thin or slender [der
Atrabilarian , âtrâ-bè-lâ-rè-ân'. <i>a.</i> melancholy	Attenuaté , â-tên'û-âte'. <i>a.</i> made thin or slender
Atrabilarious , âtrâ-bè-lâ-rè-ûs'. <i>a.</i> melancholic	Attenuation , â-tên'û-â'shûn'. <i>s.</i> the act of making any thing thin or slender
Atramental , âtrâ-mên'tâl'. <i>a.</i> inky, black	Attest , ât-têst'. <i>v. a.</i> to bear witness of; to call to witness [denœ
Atrocious , â-trôshûs'. <i>a.</i> wicked in a high degree, enormous [manner	Attestation , ât-têst-tâ'shûn'. <i>s.</i> testimony, evidence
Atrociously , â-trôshûs-lè'. <i>ad.</i> in an atrocious	Attic , ât'îk'. <i>a.</i> belonging to Athens; poignant, just; belonging to an upper story
Atrocity , â-trôshê-tè'. <i>s.</i> horrible wickedness	Atticism , ât'ê-sîzîz'. <i>s.</i> an imitation of the Attic style; a concise and elegant mode of expression
Atrophy , ât'ró-fè'. <i>s.</i> want of nourishment, a disease	Attinge , ât-tînjé'. <i>v. a.</i> to touch slightly
Attach , ât-tâtsh'. <i>v. a.</i> to take, seize, lay hold on; to win, gain over; to enamour	Attire , ât-tîrè'. <i>v. a.</i> to dress, habit, array
Attachment , ât-tâtsh'mênt'. <i>s.</i> adherence, regard [contest	Attire , ât-tîrè'. <i>s.</i> clothes, dress; ornaments
Attack , ât-tâk'. <i>v. a.</i> to assault; to begin a	Attitude , ât'è-tûde'. <i>s.</i> posture; the posture or action in which a statute or painted figure is placed
Attack , ât-tâk'. <i>s.</i> an assault [reach; to equal	Attolent , ât-tôl'lênt'. <i>a.</i> that which lifts up
Attain , ât-tâne'. <i>v. a.</i> to gain; to come to; to	Attorney , ât-târ'nè'. <i>s.</i> one who is appointed or retained to prosecute or defend an action at law; a lawyer [to allare
Attain , ât-tâne'. <i>v. n.</i> to come to a certain state; to arrive at [tained	Attract , ât-trâkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to draw to something,
Attainable , ât-tâne'â-bl'. <i>a.</i> that may be obtained	Attraction , ât-trâkt'shûn'. <i>s.</i> the power of drawing [enticing,
Attaind-r , ât-tâne'dâr'. <i>s.</i> the act of attaining in law; taint [attained, acquisition	Attractive , ât-trâkt'îv'. <i>a.</i> inviting, alluring,
Attainment , ât-tâue'mênt'. <i>s.</i> that which is	Attractively , ât-trâkt'îv-lè'. <i>ad.</i> with the power of attracting [tracts
Attaint , ât-tânt'. <i>v. a.</i> to taint, to corrupt	Attractor , ât-trâkt'ûr'. <i>s.</i> the agent that attracts
Attaint , ât-tânt'. <i>s.</i> any thing injurious; stain, spect, taint [tation	Attributable , ât-trîb'û-tâ-bl'. <i>a.</i> that which may be ascribed [pute
Attainture , ât-tâne'tshûre'. <i>s.</i> reproach imputation	Attribute , ât-trîb'ûte'. <i>v. a.</i> to ascribe, to impute
Attempt , ât-têm'pûr'. <i>v. a.</i> to regulate, to soften; to mix in just proportions	Attribute , ât-trê-bûte'. <i>s.</i> the thing attributed to another; quality adherent, an appendant
Attempt-rate , ât-têm'pè-râte'. <i>v. a.</i> to proportion something [on; endeavour	
Attempt , ât-têm't'. <i>v. a.</i> to attack, venture up-	

nôr, nôr—tâbe, tâb, báll—ôll—pôând—thin, rris.

- Attrition**, ât-trîsh'ân. *s.* the act of wearing things by rubbing; the lowest degree of repentance
- Attune**, ât-tûnê'. *v. a.* to make musical; to
- Auburne**, âw'bûrn. *a.* brown, of a tan colour
- Auction**, âwk'shûn. *s.* a manner of sale in which one person bids after another
- Auctionary**, âwk'shûn-â-rê. *a.* belonging to an auction [manages an auction]
- Auctioneer**, âwk'shûn-êêr'. *s.* the person that
- Audacious**, âw-dâ'shûs. *a.* bold, impudent
- Audaciously**, âw-dâ'shûs-lê. *ad.* boldly, impudently
- Audaciousness**, âw-dâ'shûs-nêss. *s.* impudence
- Audacity**, âw-dâ'sê-tê. *s.* spirit, boldness
- Audible**, âw'dê-bl. *a.* that may be perceived by hearing [of being heard]
- Audibleness**, âw'dê-bl-nêss. *s.* capableness
- Audibly**, âw'dê-blê. *ad.* in such a manner as to be heard
- Audience**, âw'jê-ênse. *s.* the act of hearing; the liberty of speaking granted, a hearing; persons collected to hear
- Audit**, âw'dît. *s.* a final account
- Audit**, âw'dît. *v. a.* to take an account finally
- Auditor**, âw'dê-tûr. *s.* a bearer; a person employed to take an account ultimately
- Auditory**, âw'dê-tûr-rê. *a.* that has the power of hearing
- Auditory**, âw'dê-tûr-rê. *s.* an audience, a collection of persons assembled to hear; a place where lectures are to be heard
- Auditress**, âw'dê-trêss. *s.* a woman that hears
- Auger**, âw'gûr. *s.* a tool to bore holes with
- Aught**, âwt. *s.* any thing [make bigger]
- Augment**, âwg-mênt'. *v. a.* to increase, to
- Augment**, âwg-mênt'. *v. n.* to increase, to grow bigger [increasing, increase]
- Augmentation**, âwg-mên-tâ'shûn. *s.* the act of
- Augur**, âw'gûr. *s.* one who predicts by the flight of birds
- Augur**, âw'gûr. *v. n.* to conjecture by signs
- Augury**, âw'gû-rê. *s.* the act of prognosticating by omens [cont]
- August**, âw-gûst'. *a.* grand, royal, magnificent
- August**, âw'gûst. *s.* the eighth month of the year
- Aulick**, âw'lik. *a.* belonging to the court
- Aunt**, ânt. *s.* a father or mother's sister
- Aurelia**, âw-rê-lê-â. *s.* the first stage of an insect before it becomes a fly, the chrysalis
- Auricle**, âw'rê-kl. *s.* the external ear; an appendage of the heart [cret]
- Auricular**, âw-rîk'û-lâr. *a.* within hearing, so-
- Auriferous**, âw-rîf'ê-rûs. *a.* that produces gold [môring]
- Aurora**, âw-rô-râ. *s.* an herb; poetically the
- Auspice**, âw'spîs. *s.* an omen drawn from birds; protection; influence
- Auspicious**, âw-spîsh'ûs. *a.* with omens of success; favourable, kind, propitious
- Auspiciousness**, âw-spîsh'ûs-nêss. *s.* prosperity, happiness [sour]
- Austere**, âw-stêrê. *a.* severe, harsh, rigid,
- Austerity**, âw-stêr'ê-tê. *s.* severity, strictness; cruelty
- Austral**, âws'trâl. *a.* southern
- Authentic**, âw-thên'tê-kâl. *a.* authentick
- Authentically**, âw-thên'tê-kâl-lê. *ad.* with circumstances requisite to procure authority
- Authenticness**, âw-thên'tê-kâl-nêss. *s.* the quality of being authentick, genuineness
- Authenticate**, âw-thên'tê-kâte. *v. a.* to establish any thing by authority [genuineness]
- Authenticity**, âw-thên'tîs'ê-tê. *s.* authority,
- Authentick**, âw-thên'tîk. *a.* that has every thing requisite to give it authority
- Author**, âw'thûr. *s.* the first beginner or mover of any thing; a writer
- Authoress**, âw'thûr-êss. *s.* a female writer
- Authoritative**, âw'thôr'ê-tâ-tîv. *a.* having due authority; having an air of authority
- Authoritatively**, âw'thôr'ê-tâ-tîv-lê. *ad.* in an authoritative manner [fluence, rule]
- Authority**, âw'thôr'ê-tê. *s.* legal power; an
- Authorization**, âw'thò-rê-zâ'shûn. *s.* establishment by authority
- Authorize**, âw'thò-rîze. *v. a.* to give authority; to make legal; to establish [of]
- Autocracy**, âw-tôk'râ-sê. *s.* independent power
- Autograph**, âw'tô-gráf. *s.* a particular person's own writing, the original
- Automaton**, âw-tôm'â-tôn. *s.* a machine that has the power of motion within itself
- Automatous**, âw-tôm'â-tûs. *a.* having in itself the power of motion
- Autopsy**, âw'tôp-sê. *s.* ocular demonstration
- Autoptical**, âw-tôp'tê-kâl. *a.* perceived by one's own eyes [tween summer and winter]
- Autumn**, âw'tûm. *s.* the season of the year be-

- Fâte, fâr, fâll fât-mê, mêt-pîne, pîn-nò, mðve,

Autumnal , âw-tûm-nâl. <i>a.</i> belonging to autumn	Avoidable , â-vôld'â-bl. <i>a.</i> that may be avoided
Auxiliary , âwg-zil'yâ-rê. <i>a.</i> helping, assisting	Avoidance , â-vôld'ânse. <i>s.</i> the act of avoiding; the course by which any thing is carried out
Avail , â-vâle'. <i>v. a.</i> to profit; to promote. to prosper	Avoidless , â-vôld'lês. <i>a.</i> inevitable
Avail , â-vâle'. <i>s.</i> profit, advantage, benefit	Avoirdupois , âv-êr-dû-pôlz'. <i>a.</i> a weight, of which a pound contains sixteen ounces
Available , â-vâ'lâ-bl. <i>a.</i> profitable, advantageous; powerful [tage	Avolation , âv-ô-lâ-shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of flying away [tain; to vindicate
Availment , â vâlémênt. <i>s.</i> usefulness, advantage	Avouch , â-vôûtsh'. <i>v. a.</i> to affirm, to maintain
Avale , â-vâle'. <i>v. a.</i> to let fall, to depress	Avoucher , â-vôûtsh'êr. <i>s.</i> he that avouches
Avant-guard , â-vânt'gârd. <i>s.</i> the van [desire	Avow , â-vôû'. <i>v. a.</i> to justify, to declare openly [declared
Avarice , âv'â-rîs. <i>s.</i> covetousness, insatiable	Avowable , â-vôû'â-bl. <i>a.</i> that may be openly
Avaricious , âv-â-rîsh'ûs. <i>a.</i> covetous	Avowal , â-vôû'âl. <i>s.</i> justificatory declaration
Avariciously , âv-â-rîsh'ûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> covetously	Avowedly , â-vôû'êd-lê. <i>ad.</i> in an avowed manner [fies
Avariciousness , âv-â-rîsh'ûs-nêss. <i>s.</i> the quality of being avaricious	Avower , â-vôû'ûr. <i>s.</i> he that avows or justifies
Avant , â-vânt'. <i>interj.</i> a word of abhorrence by which any one is driven away	Avowtry , â-vôû'trê. <i>s.</i> adultery
Avail , â-vêl'. <i>v. a.</i> to pull away	Avulsion , â-vû'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of pulling one thing from another [tend
Avemary , â-vê-mâ'rê. <i>s.</i> a form of worship in honour of the Virgin Mary	Await , â-wâte'. <i>v. a.</i> to expect, wait for, at
Avenge , â-vênjê'. <i>v. a.</i> to revenge; to punish	Awake , â-wâke'. <i>v. a.</i> to rouse out of sleep; to put into new action [to cease to sleep
Avengement , â-vênjê'mênt. <i>s.</i> vengeance, revenge [geance	Awake , â-wâke'. <i>v. n.</i> to break from sleep,
Avenger , â-vênjûr. <i>s.</i> revenger, taker of vengeance	Awake , â-wâke'. <i>a.</i> without sleep, not sleeping [min
Avenue , âv'ê-nû. <i>s.</i> a way by which any place may be entered; an alley, or walk of trees before a house	Award , â-wârd'. <i>v. a.</i> to adjudge, to determine
Aver , â-vêr'. <i>v. a.</i> to declare positively	Award , â-wârd'. <i>s.</i> sentence, determination
Average , âv'ûr-îdje. <i>s.</i> that duty or service which the tenant is to pay to the king; a mean proportion [evidence	Aware , â-wâre'. <i>a.</i> vigilant, attentive
Averment , â-vêr'mênt. <i>s.</i> establishment by	Aware , â-wâre'. <i>v. n.</i> to beware, to be cautious
Averse , â-vêrse'. <i>a.</i> malign, not favourable	Away , â-wâ'. <i>ad.</i> absent; let us go; begone
Aversely , â-vêrse'lê. <i>ad.</i> unwillingly; backwardly [backwardness	Awe , âw. <i>s.</i> reverential fear, reverence
Averseness , â-vêrse'nêss. <i>s.</i> unwillingness;	Awe , âw. <i>v. a.</i> to strike with reverence or fear
Aversion , â-vêr'shûm. <i>s.</i> hatred, dislike, detestation	Awful , âw'fûl. <i>a.</i> which strikes with awe, or fills with reverence; timorous [ner
Avert , â-vêrt'. <i>v. a.</i> to turn aside, to put by	Awfully , âw'fûl-lê. <i>ad.</i> in a reverential manner
Aviary , âv'ê-â-rê. <i>s.</i> a place enclosed to keep birds in	Awfulness , âw'fûl-nêss. <i>s.</i> the quality of striking with awe, solemnity
Avidity , â-vîd'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> greediness, eagerness	Awful , â-w'fûl'. <i>ad.</i> some time [clumsy
Avize , â-vîze'. <i>v. a.</i> to counsel; to consider	Awkward , âwk'wârd. <i>a.</i> unpolite, unhardy,
Avocate , âv'ôv-kâte. <i>v. a.</i> to call away	Awkwardly , âwk'wârd-lê. <i>ad.</i> clumsily, inelegantly * [clumsiness
Avocation , âv-vô-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of calling aside; the business that calls [quit	Awkwardness , âwk'wârd-nêss. <i>s.</i> inelegance,
Avoid , â-vôld. <i>v. a.</i> to shun, to escape; to	Awl , âll. <i>s.</i> an instrument to bore holes
Avoid , â-vôld'. <i>v. n.</i> to retire; to become void or vacant	Awning , âw'nîng. <i>s.</i> a cover to keep off the weather
	Awoke , â-wôke'. <i>pret.</i> of awake
	Awry , â-rl'. <i>ad.</i> obliquely; askunt
	Axe , âks. <i>s.</i> an instrument used to cut wood

nôr, nô-t—tûbe, tûb, bûll—ôll—pôund—thin, THIS.

- Axiom**, âk'shûm. *s.* a proposition evident at first sight
- Axis**, âk'sis. *s.* the line, real or imaginary, that passes through any thing on which it may revolve
- Axle**, âk'sl. } *s.* the pin which passes through the midst of the wheel of a carriage
- Axle-tree**, âk'sl-trêé. } *s.* the pin which passes through the midst of the wheel of a carriage
- Ay**, âé. *ad.* Yes
- Aye**, âé. *ad.* always, to eternity, forever
- Azure**, a'zhûre. *a.* blue, faint blue

B.

- BAA**, bâ. *s.* the cry of a sheep
- Baa**, bâ. *v. n.* to cry like a sheep
- Babble**, bâl'bl. *v. n.* to prattle like a child; to talk idly
- Babble**, bâl'bl. } *s.* senseless prate
- Babblement**, bâb'bl-mênt. } *s.* senseless prate
- Babbler**, bâb'blâr. *s.* an idle talker, a teller of secrets
- Babe**, bâbe. *s.* an infant
- Babery**, bâ'bûr-rê. *s.* finery to please a babe
- Babish**, bâ'bîsh. *a.* childish [kind]
- Baboon**, bâ-bôôn'. *s.* a monkey of the largest
- Baby**, bâ'bé. *s.* a child, an infant
- Bacchanalian**, bâk'ká-nâ'lé ân. *s.* a drunkard
- Bacchanals**, bâk'ká-nâlz. *s.* the drunken feasts of Bacchus
- Bachelor**, bâtsh'é-lûr. *s.* a man unmarried; a man who takes his first degrees; a knight of the lowest order
- Bachelorship**, bâtsh'é-lûr-shîp. *s.* the condition of a bachelor [the rear]
- Back**, bâk. *s.* the hinder part of any thing;
- Back**, bâk. *ad.* to the place whence one came; backward from the present station; again, a second time
- Back**, bâk. *v. a.* to mount or break a horse; to maintain, to justify, to support
- Backbite**, bâk'bîte. *v. a.* to censure or reproach the absent [sent]
- Backbiter**, bâk'bl-tûr. *s.* a censurer of the absent
- Backfriend**, bâk'frênd. *s.* an enemy in secret
- Backgammon**, bâk-gâm'mûn. *s.* a game with dice and tables
- Backside**, bâk'slde. *s.* the hinder part of any thing; the ground behind a house
- Backslide**, bâk-sllde'. *v. n.* to fall off
- Backslider**, bâk-sll'dûr. *s.* an apostate
- Backsword**, bâk'sôrd. *s.* a sword with one sharp edge
- Backwards**, bâk'wûrdz. *ad.* with the back forwards; regressively; towards something past; in time past
- Backward**, bâk'wûrd. *a.* unwilling; hesitating; sluggish, dull [aversely]
- Backwardly**, bâk'wûrd-lé. *ad.* unwillingly,
- Backwardness**, bâk'wûrd-nês. *s.* dulness, sluggishness [dried]
- Bacon**, bâ'kn. *s.* the flesh of a hog salted and
- Bad**, bâd. *a.* ill; vicious, unhappy, hurtful, sick
- Bade**, bâd. *the pret. of bid*
- Badge**, bâdje. *s.* a particular mark or token
- Badge**, bâdje. *v. a.* to mark
- Badger**, bâd'jûr. *s.* a brock, an animal
- Badger**, bâd'jûr. *s.* one that buys corn in one place, and sells it in another
- Badly**, bâd'lé. *ad.* not well
- Badness**, bâd'nês. *s.* want of good qualities
- Baffle**, bâf'fl. *v. a.* to elude; to confound; to crush
- Baffler**, bâf'flûr. *s.* he that baffles
- Bag**, bâg. *s.* a sack, or pouch [with a bag]
- Bag**, bâg. *v. a.* to put into a bag; to load
- Bag**, bâg. *v. n.* to swell like a full bag
- Bagatelle**, bâg-â-têl'. *s.* a trifle
- Baggage**, bâg'gîdje. *s.* the furniture of an army; a worthless woman [sweating]
- Bagnio**, bân'yô. *s.* a house for bathing and
- Bagpipe**, bâg'pîpe. *s.* a musical instrument
- Bail**, bâle. *s.* the setting at liberty one arrested upon action under security taken for his appearance [admit to bail]
- Bail**, bâle. *v. a.* to give bail for another; to
- Bailable**, bâ'lâ-bl. *a.* that may be set at liberty by bail
- Bailiff**, bâ'flf. *s.* an officer whose business it is to execute arrests; an under-steward of a manor [bailiff]
- Bailiwick**, bâ'lê-wîk. *s.* the jurisdiction of a
- Bait**, bâte. *v. a.* to put meat to tempt animals; to set dogs upon [freshment]
- Bait**, bâte. *v. n.* to stop at any place for refreshment
- Bait**, bâte. *s.* meat set to allure animals to a snare; a temptation, and enticement; a refreshment on a journey

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nô, môve,

- Baize, bâze.** *s.* a kind of coarse open cloth
- Bake, bâke.** *v. a.* to dress provisions in an oven; to harden with heat
- Bake, bâke.** *v. n.* to do the work of baking
- Bakehouse, bâke'hôuse.** *s.* a place for baking bread
- Baker, bâ'kûr.** *s.* he whose trade is to bake
- Balance, bâ'lânse.** *s.* a pair of scales; that which is wanting to make two parts of an account even; equipoise; the beating part of a watch; the sign Libra
- Balance, bâ'lânse.** *v. a.* to weigh in a balance; to counterpoise; to regulate an account [uate]
- Balance, bâ'lânse.** *v. n.* to hesitate, to fluctuate
- Balcony, bâl-kô'nê.** *s.* a frame of wood, or stone, before the window of a room
- Bald, bâwd.** *a.* without hair; unadorned
- Balderdash, bâw'dâr-dâsh.** *s.* rude mixture
- Badly, bâwld'lê.** *ad.* nakedly, meanly
- Baldness, bâwld'nês.** *s.* the want or loss of hair; meanness of writing
- Bale, bâle.** *s.* a bundle of goods [mischief]
- Baleful, bâle'fûl.** *a.* sorrowful, sad; full of
- Balk, bâwk.** *s.* a great beam; a ridge of land left unploughed; a disappointment
- Balk, bâwk.** *v. a.* to disappoint, to frustrate
- Ball, bâwl.** *s.* any thing round; a globe; an entertainment of dancing
- Ballad, bâ'lâd.** *s.* a song
- Ballast, bâ'lâst.** *s.* something put at the bottom of a ship to keep it steady
- Ballette, bâ'lê'te.** *s.* a dance
- Balloon, bâl-lôon.** *s.* a vessel used in chemistry; a ball placed on a pillar; a large hollow ball of silk filled with gas, which makes it rise into the air
- Ballot, bâ'lôt.** *s.* a little ball or ticket used in giving votes; the act of voting by ballot
- Ballot, bâ'lôt.** *v. n.* to choose by ballot
- Balm, bâm.** *s.* the juice of a shrub remarkably odoriferous; any fragrant ointment; a plant
- Balmy, bâm'ê.** *a.* having the qualities of balm; producing balm; soothing, soft; odoriferous.
- Bath, bâ'th.** *s.* a bathing-room
- Bainement, bâl-nê-â'shôn.** *s.* the act of bathing [a bath]
- Bathstove, bâl-nê-â'shôn-rê.** *a.* belonging to
- Balsam, bâwl'sâm.** *s.* ointment, unguent
- Balsamical, bâl-sâm'ê-kâl.** } *a.* unctuous, mit
- Balsamick, bâl-sâm'ik.** } *igating*
- Balustrade, bâl-ûs-trade'.** *s.* a row of little pillars called balusters [read kind]
- Bamboo, bâm-bôô.** *s.* an Indian plant of the
- Bamboozle, bâm-bôô'zl.** *v. a.* to deceive, to impose upon [diction]
- Ban, bân.** *s.* public notice; a curse or a ter
- Band, bând.** *s.* a bandage, any union or connexion; any thing bound round another; a kind of ornament worn chiefly by the clergy
- Band, bând.** *v. a.* to unite together into one body or troop; to bind over with a band
- Bandage, bând'âdjê.** *s.* a fillet or roller
- Bandbox, bând'bôks.** *s.* a slight box used for things of small weight [fillet]
- Bandelet, bând'dê-lêt.** *s.* any flat moulding or
- Banditti, bân-dî'tê.** *s.* a company of outlawed robber [charges of powder]
- Bandoleers, bân-dô-lêérz'.** *s.* small cases for
- Bandroll, bând'rôll.** *s.* a little flag or streamer
- Bandy, bândê.** *s.* a club turned round at bottom for striking a ball
- Bandy, bând'ê.** *v. a.* to beat to and fro, one to another; to agitate, to toss about
- Bandy leg, bând'dê-lêg.** *s.* a crooked leg
- Bane, bânê.** *s.* poison; mischief, ruin
- Baneful, bânê'fûl.** *a.* poisonous; destructive
- Banefulness, bânê'fûl-nês.** *s.* poisonousness, destructiveness [roughly]
- Bang, bâng.** *v. a.* to beat, thump; to handle
- Bang, bâng.** *s.* a blow, a thump
- Banish, bân'ish.** *v. a.* to condemn to leave his own country; to drive away
- Banishment, bân'ish-mênt.** *s.* the act of banishing another; the state of being banished [ry for money]
- Bank, bânk.** *s.* a ridge of earth; a repository
- Bank, bânk.** *v. a.* to lay up money in a bank; to enclose with banks
- Bank-bill, bânk'bill.** *s.* a note for money laid up in a bank
- Banker, bânk'ûr.** *s.* one that trafficks in money [power of payment]
- Banrupt, bânk'rûpt.** *a.* in debt beyond the
- Bankruptcy, bânk'rûp-sê.** *s.* the state of a bankrupt [streamer]
- Banner, bân'nêr.** *s.* a flag, a standard, a

nờ, nót—tábe, táb, bắl—đil—pồand—thín, THÍS.

- Bannaret, bắn nư-ét.** *s.* a knight made in the field [streamer]
- Bannerol, bắn nư-ról.** *s.* a little flag or
- Bannian, bắn'yan.** *s.* a man's undress, or morning gown [pease-meal cake]
- Bannock, bắn'ndh.** *s.* a kind of oaten or
- Banquet, bắk'kwét.** *s.* a feast [daintily]
- Banquet, bắk'kwét.** *v. n.* to feast, to fare
- Banqueting-house, bắk'kwét-ítg-hồđse.** *s.* a house where banquets are kept
- Banter, bắn'tư.** *v. a.* to play upon, to rally
- Banter, bắn'tư.** *s.* ridicule, railery
- Banterer, bắn'tư-ư.** *s.* one who banters
- Bantling, bắn'ítng.** *s.* a little child
- Baptism, bắp'tizm.** *s.* a sacrament that admits into the church [tism]
- Baptismal, bắp-tiz'mál.** *a.* pertaining to baptism
- Baptist, bắp'títst.** *s.* he that administers baptism
- Baptistery, bắp'tít-tư-é.** *c.* the place where the sacrament of baptism is administered
- Baptize, bắp-tize.** *v. a.* to christen, to administer the sacrament of baptism
- Baptizer, bắp'tít-zư.** *s.* one that christens, one that administers baptism
- Bar, bắr.** *s.* a cross-beam, bolt, obstacle; any thing used for prevention; the place where causes of law are tried; an enclosed place in a tavern; stroke drawn perpendicularly across the lines of a piece of musick
- Bar, bắr.** *v. a.* to fasten or shut any thing with a bolt or bar; to hinder, to obstruct
- Barb, bắb.** *s.* a beard; the points that star d backward in an arrow; a Barbary horse
- Barb, bắb.** *v. a.* to shave the beard; to furnish a horse with armour; to jag arrows with hooks
- Barbacan, bắb'ba-kán.** *s.* a fortification placed before the walls of a town
- Barbarian, bắb-bá-ré-án.** *s.* a man uncivilized, a savage
- Barbarick, bắb-bắ'ítk.** *a.* foreign, far-fetched
- Barbarism, bắb-bá-rizm.** *s.* a form of speech contrary to the purity of language; ignorance; brutality; cruelty
- Barbarity, bắb-bắ-ré-té.** *s.* savageness, incivility; cruelty [barous]
- Barbarize, bắb-bá-rize.** *v. a.* to make barbarous
- Barbarous, bắb-bá-rú.** *a.* stranger to civility,
- savage, uncivilized; unacquainted with arts; cruel, inhuman**
- Barbarousness, bắb'ba-rú-s-nés.** *s.* incivility of manners; impurity of language; cruelty
- Barbecue, bắr'bé-kú.** *v. a.* to dress a hog whole
- Barbecue, bắr'bé-kú.** *s.* a hog dressed whole
- Barbed, bắr'béd.** *part. a.* furnished with armour; bearded, jagged with hooks
- Barbel, bắr'bl.** *s.* a kind of fish found in rivers
- Barber, bắr'bư.** *s.* a man who shaves the beard
- Barb, bắrd.** *s.* a poet
- Bare, bắre.** *a.* naked, uncovered, unadorned, detected; poor, mere; threadbare
- Bare, bắre.** *v. a.* to strip
- Barefaced, bắre-fắste'.** *a.* with the face naked, not masked; shameless
- Barefacedly, bắre-fắste'lé.** *ad.* openly, shamelessly, without disguise
- Barefacedness, bắre-fắste'nés.** *s.* effrontery, assurance, audaciousness
- Barefoot, bắre'fút.** *a.* without shoes [respect
- Bareheaded, bắre'héd-déđ.** *a.* uncovered in
- Barely, bắr'lé.** *ad.* nakedly; merely, only
- Bareness, bắr'nés.** *s.* nakedness; leanness, meanness of clothes
- Bargain, bắr'gín.** *s.* a contract or agreement concerning sale; the thing bought or sold; stipulation [sale
- Bargain, bắr'gín.** *v. n.* to make a contract for
- Bargainer, bắr'gín-nư.** *s.* the person who proffers or makes a bargain
- Barge, bắrje.** *s.* a boat for pleasure or burden
- Bark, bắrk.** *s.* the rind or covering of a tree; a small ship
- Bark, bắrk.** *v. a.* to strip trees of their bark
- Bark, bắrk.** *v. n.* to make a noise like a dog; to clamour at
- Barker, bắr'kư.** *s.* one that barks or clamours; one employed in stripping trees
- Barley, bắr'lé.** *s.* a grain, of which malt is made
- Barleycorn, bắr'lé-kỏrn.** *s.* a grain of barley
- Barin, bắrn.** *s.* yeast, the ferment put into drink to make it work
- Barn, bắrn.** *s.* a place for laying up any sort of grain, hay, or straw
- Barnacle, bắr'ná-kl.** *s.* a bird like a goose; a species of shell-fish
- Barometer, bắ-rỏm'ỏ-tư.** *s.* a machine for

Fate, fâr, fâll fât—mê, mêt—pline, pîn—nò, nôve,

- measuring the weight and variations of the atmosphere [the barometer]
- Barometrical, bâr-ò-mêt'rê-kâl. *a.* relating to
- Baron, bâr'rûn. *s.* a degree of nobility next to a viscount [baron]
- Baronage, bâr'rûn-âdje. *s.* the dignity of a
- Baroness, bâr'rûn-ês. *s.* a baron's lady
- Baronet, bâr'rûn-êt. *s.* the lowest degree of honour that is hereditary
- Barony, bâr'rûn-ê. *s.* the honour or lordship that gives title to a baron [diaries]
- Barrack, bâr'râk. *s.* a building to lodge soldiers
- Barrel, bâr'rîl. *s.* a round wooden vessel; any thing hollow, as the barrel of a gun; a cylinder [barrel]
- Barrel, bâr'rîl. *v. a.* to put any thing in a
- Barren, bâr'rên. *a.* unfruitful, sterile; scanty; unmeaning, dull
- Barrenly, bâr'rên-lê. *ad.* unfruitfully
- Barrenness, bâr'rên-nês. *s.* want of the power of procreation, sterility; want of invention; want of matter; in theology, want of sensibility
- Barricade, bâr-rê-kâde. *s.* a fortification to keep off an attack; any stop or obstruction
- Barricade, bâr-rê-kâde'. *v. a.* to stop up a passage [bar]
- Barricado, bâr-rê-kâ'dò. *s.* a fortification, a
- Barricado, bâr-rê-kâ'dò. *v. a.* to fortify, to bar
- Barrier, bâr'rê-ûr. *s.* a barricade, an entrenchment; a fortification; a stop, an obstruction, a boundary [er]
- Barrister, bâr'rîs-tûr. *s.* an advocate, a pleader
- Barrow, bâr'rò. *s.* any carriage moved by the hand, as a hand-barrow
- Barter, bâr'tûr. *v. n.* to traffick by exchanging one commodity for another [change]
- Barter, bâr'tûr. *v. a.* to give any thing in exchange
- Barter, bâr'tûr. *s.* the act or practice of trafficking by exchange
- Basaltes, bâ-sâl'téz. *s.* a kind of marble
- Base, bâse. *a.* mean, worthless; disingenuous, illiberal; born out of wedlock [estal]
- Base, bâse. *s.* the bottom of any thing; a pedestal-born, bâse'bôm. *a.* born out of wedlock
- Baseely, bâse'lê. *ad.* meanly, dishonourably
- Baseness, bâse'nês. *s.* meanness, vileness; bastardy [ish province]
- Bashaw, bâsh-âw'. *s.* the viceroy of a Turk-
- Bashful, bâsh'fûl. *a.* modest, shamefaced, shy
- Bashfulness, bâsh'fûl-nês. *s.* modesty; foolish or rustick shame
- Basilikon, bâ-zîl'ò-kôn. *s.* an ointment
- Basilisk, bâz'é-lîsk. *s.* a kind of serpent, a cockatrice; a species of cannon
- Basin, bâ'sn. *s.* a small vessel to hold water for washing, or other uses; a small pond a part of the sea enclosed in rocks
- Basis, bâ'sîs. *s.* the foundation of any thing, the lowest of the three principal parts of a column; the pedestal; the groundwork
- Bask, bâsk. *v. a.* to warm by laying out in the heat [heat]
- Bask, bâsk. *v. n.* to lie in a place to receive
- Basket, bâs'kit. *s.* a vessel made of twigs, rushes, or splinters
- Bass, bâse. *a.* a part in musick, grave, deep
- Bass-viol, bâse-ri'ûl. *s.* a musical instrument
- Bass, bâs. *s.* a mat used in churches
- Bass-relief, bâs-rê-lêéf. *s.* sculpture, the figures of which do not stand out from the ground in their full proportion
- Basset, bâs'sît. *s.* a game at cards [ment]
- Bassoon, bâs-sôon'. *s.* a musical wind instrument
- Bastard, bâs'târd. *s.* a person born out of wedlock [spurious]
- Bastard, bâs'târd. *a.* born out of wedlock;
- Bastardize, bâs'târ-dîze. *v. a.* to convict of being a bastard; to beget a bastard
- Bastardy, bâs'târ-dê. *s.* an unlawful state of birth
- Baste, bâste. *v. a.* to beat with a stick; to drip butter upon meat on the spit; to sew slightly
- Bastinado, bâs-tê-nâ'dò. *s.* a Turkish punishment of beating an offender on his feet
- Bastinado, bâs-tê-nâ'dò. *v. a.* to beat
- Bastion, bâs'tshûn. *s.* a huge mass of earth, faced with sods; a bulwark
- Bat, bât. *s.* a heavy stick; a winged animal resembling a mouse
- Batch, bâtsh. *s.* the quantity of bread baked at a time; any quantity, made at once
- Bate, bâte. *s.* strife, contention [deirand]
- Bate, bâte. *v. a.* to sink the price; to lessen a
- Bateful, bâte'fûl. *a.* contentious
- Bath, bâth. *s.* a place to wash or bathe in; a sort of Hebrew measure
- Bathe, bâthe. *v. a.* to wash in a bath to supple or soften

- Bating**, băt'ing. *prep.* except
- Batoon**, băt'ôôn'. *s.* a staff or club; a truncheon or marshal's staff [*ry appearance*]
- Battailous**, băt'tâ-lûs. *a.* warlike, with military appearance
- Battalia**, băt'tâ-l'yâ. *s.* the order of battle
- Battalion**, băt'tâl'yân. *s.* a division of an army, a body of forces
- Batten**, băt'tn. *v. a.* to fatten, to make fat
- Batten**, băt'tn. *v. n.* to grow fat
- Batter**, băt'tûr. *v. a.* to beat down; to wear with beating [*dients beaten together*]
- Batter**, băt'tûr. *s.* a mixture of several ingredients
- Battery**, băt'tûr-ré. *s.* the act of battering; the frame upon which cannons are mounted
- Battle**, băt'tl. *s.* a fight; an encounter between opposite armies
- Battle**, băt'tl. *v. n.* to contend in fight
- Battle-door**, băt'tl-dôre. *s.* an instrument to strike a ball or shuttlecock
- Battlement**, băt'tl-mênt. *s.* a wall with open places to look through or annoy an enemy
- Bavin**, bāv'ln. *s.* a stick like those bound up in faggots [*offinery*]
- Bawble**, bāv'bl. *s.* a gewgaw, a trifling piece
- Bawbling**, bāv'blng. *a.* trifling, contemptible
- Bawd**, bāwd. *s.* a procurer or procuress
- Bawd**, bāwd. *v. n.* to procure
- Bawdily**, bāv'dé-lé. *ad.* obscenely
- Bawdiness**, bāv'dé-nêss. *s.* obscenity
- Bawdry**, bāv'drê. *s.* obscenity
- Bawdy**, bāv'dé. *a.* obscene, unchaste
- Bawdy-house**, bāv'dé-hôûse. *s.* a house where traffick is made by debauchery
- Bawl**, báll. *v. n.* to hoot, to cry out
- Bawl**, bāwl. *v. a.* to proclaim as a crier
- Bay**, bâ. *a.* a colour
- Bay**, bâ. *s.* an opening in the land, the state of any thing surrounded by enemies; an honorary crown or garland
- Bay**, bâ. *v. n.* to bark as a dog at a thief
- Bay Salt**, bās'sâlt. *s.* salt made of sea water and so called from its brown colour
- Bayonet**, bâ yân-êc. *s.* a short sword fixed at the end of a musket
- Bdellium**, dêl'yâm. *s.* an aromatic gum
- Be**, bê. *v. n.* to have some certain state, condition, or quality
- Beach**, bêê'sh. *s.* the shore, the strand
- Beacon**, bêê'kn. *s.* something raised on an eminence to be fired on the approach of an enemy; marks erected to direct navigators
- Bead**, bêde. *s.* a small globe or ball, of which necklaces and rosaries are made
- Beadle**, bê dl. *s.* a messenger or servitor belonging to a court; a petty officer in parishes [*praying for another*]
- Beadsman**, bêêdz'mân. *s.* a man employed in ending in a point like a beak
- Beagle**, bê'gl. *s.* a small hound
- Beak**, bêke. *s.* the bill of a bird; any thing ending in a point like a beak
- Beaker**, bêkâr. *s.* a cup with a spout in the form of a bird's beak
- Beam**, bême. *s.* a large and long piece of timber; part of a balance; a ray of light
- Beamy**, bê'mê. *a.* radiant, shining
- Bean**, bêne. *s.* the common garden bean, the horse bean
- Bear**, bâre. *v. a.* to carry as a burden, or in the mind, to endure; to suffer, to undergo; to produce, to bring forth; to support
- Bear**, bâre. *v. n.* to suffer pain; to be patient; to be fruitful or prolific
- Bear**, bâre. *s.* a rough savage animal; constellation
- Bear-garden**, bâre'gâr-dn. *s.* a place where bears are kept for sport; any place in which multitudes of bears are kept for the sake of amusement
- Beard**, bêêrd. *s.* the hair that grows on the lips and chin; sharp prickles that grow on the ears of corn; prickles growing upon the neckles of a dog
- Beard**, bêêrd. *v. a.* to take or pluck by the beard; to oppose to the face
- Bearded**, bêêrd'ê. *a.* having a beard; having sharp prickles; barbed or jagged
- Beardless**, bêêrd'lês. *a.* without a beard
- Bearer**, bâre'ûr. *s.* a carrier of any thing
- Bearherd**, bâre'hûrd. *s.* a man that tends bears
- Bearing**, bâre'ing. *s.* the site or place of any thing with respect to something else; gesture, mien, behaviour [*of a savage man*]
- Beast**, bêêst. *s.* an irrational animal; a brute
- Beastliness**, bêêst'lê-nês. *s.* brutality
- Beastly**, bêêst'lê. *a.* brutal; having the nature or form of beasts
- Beat**, bête. *v. a.* to strike; to punish with stripes; to mark the time in musick

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pine, pin--nò, môve,

Beat, bête. *v. n.* to move in a pulsatory manner ; to throb ; to fluctuate, to be in motion
Beat, bête. *s.* a stroke, or a striking
Beaten, bê'tn. *particip.* from beat
Beautifal, bê-â-tîf'ê-kâl. } *a.* blissful ; be-
Beautifick, bê-â-tîf'ik } longing to the happy after death
Beautifully, bê-â-tîf'ê-kâl-lê. *ad.* in such a manner as to complete happiness
Beautificalion, bê-ât-ê-fê-kâ'shûn. *s.* an acknowledgment by the Pope, that the person beatified is in heaven, and may be revered as blessed
Beautify, bê-ât'ê-fl. *v. a.* to bless with the completion of celestial enjoyment
Beating, bête'ing. *s.* correction by blows
Beatitude, bê-ât'ê-tûde. *s.* blessedness, felicity, happiness
Beau, bô. *s.* a man of dress
Beaush, bô'sh. *a.* befitting a beau, foppish
Beaumonde, bô-mônd'. *s.* the fashionable world
Beauteous, bô'tshê-ûs. *a.* fair ; elegant in form
Beauteously, bô'tshê-ûs-lê. *ad.* in a beauteous manner [being beauteous
Beauteousness, bô'ishê-ûs-nêš. *s.* the state of being beautiful
Beautifal, bô-tê-fâl. *a.* fair [manner
Beautifal, bô-tê-fâl-lê. *ad.* in a beautiful
Beautifully, bô-tê-fâl-nêš. *s.* the quality of being beautiful
Beautifical, bô-tê-fâl-lê. *ad.* in a beautiful
Beautifical, bô-tê-fâl-nêš. *s.* the quality of being beautiful
Beautify, bô-tê-fl. *v. a.* to adorn, to embellish
Beauty, bô'tê. *s.* that assemblage of graces which pleases the eye ; a particular grace ; a beautiful person [height not placed to
Beauty-spot, bô-tê-spôt. *s.* a spot on the face
Beaver, bêv'âr. *s.* an animal ; a helmet of the best kind ; part of a helmet
Beavered, bêv'âr. *a.* covered with a beaver
Becalm, bê-kâm'. *v. a.* to still the elements ; to keep a ship from motion ; to quiet the mind
Became, bê-kâmê'. *pret.* of become
Because, bê-kâwz'. *conj.* for this reason ; on this account [pen to
Bechance, bê-tshânse'. *v. n.* to befall, to happen
Heck, bêk. *s.* a sign with the head, a nod ; a nod of command
Beckon, bêk'kn. *v. n.* to make a sign
Become, bê-kûn'. *v. n.* to enter into some state or condition ; to be the fate of, to be the end of
Become, bê-kûn'. *v. a.* to appear in a man-

ner suitable to something ; to be suitable to the person ; to besit
Becoming, bê-kûn'mîng. *part. a.* that which pleases by an elegant propriety, graceful
Becomingly, bê-kûn'mîng-lê. *ad.* after a becoming manner
Bed, bêd. *s.* something made to sleep on ; bank of earth raised in a garden ; the channel of a river, or any hollow ; a layer, a stratum
Bed, bêd. *v. a.* to go to bed with ; to be placed in bed ; to sow or plant in earth ; to lay in order, or in strata [sprinkle
Bedabble, bê-dâb'bl. *v. a.* to wet, to be
Bedaggle, bê-dâg'gl. *v. a.* to bemire
Bedawb, bê-dâw'b. *v. a.* to besmear
Bedchamber, bêd'tshâmê-bûr. *s.* the chamber appropriated to rest [cover a bed
Bedclothes, bêd'klôze. *s.* coverlets spread
Bedding, bêd'dîng. *s.* the materials of a bed
Bedeck, bê-dêk'. *v. a.* to deck, to adorn
Bedew, bê-dû'. *v. a.* to moisten gently, as with fall of dew [same bed
Bedfellow, bêd'fêl-lô. *s.* one that lies in the
Bedim, bê-dîm'. *v. a.* to obscure, to cloud, to
Bedizen, bê-dî'zn. *v. a.* to dress out [darken
Bedlam, bêd'lâm. *s.* a madhouse
Bedlamite, bêd'lâm-îte. *s.* a madman
Bedpost, bêd'pôst. *s.* the post at the corner of the bed, which supports the canopy
Bedraggle, bê-drâg'gl. *v. a.* to soil the clothes
Bedrid, bêd'rid. *a.* confined to the bed by age or sickness [with drops
Bedrop, bê-drôp'. *v. a.* to besprinkle, to mark
Bedstead, bêd'stîed. *s.* the frame on which the bed is placed
Bedtime, bêd'tîme. *s.* the hour of rest
Bedung, bê-dûng'. *v. a.* to cover with dung
Bedward, bêd'wârd. *ad.* toward bed
Bee, bêe. *s.* the insect that makes honey
Bee-arden, bêe'gâr-dû. *s.* a place to set hives of bees in [which bees are kept
Bee-hive, bêe'hîv. *s.* the case, or box, in which bees are kept
Bee-master, bêe'mâ-stâr. *s.* one that keeps bees
Beef, bêef. *s.* the flesh of an ox or cow [guard
Beef-eater, bêef'ê-târ. *s.* a yeoman of the law
Been, bêen. *part. pret.* of be
Beer, bêer. *s.* liquor made of malt and hops
Beet, bêét. *s.* the name of a plant
Beetle, bêét'l. *s.* an insect that makes a heavy mallet

Beetlebrowed, bê-ê'tl-brôûd. *a.* having prominent brows
 Beeves, bê-êvz. *s.* black cattle, oxen [to pass
 Befall, bê-faw'l. *v. n.* to happen to, to come
 Befit, bê-ft. *v. a.* o suit, to be suitable to
 Befool, bê-fôôl'. *v. a.* to infatuate, to fool
 Before, bê-fôre'. *prep.* farther onward in place; in the front of, in the presence of; proceeding in time; in preference to
 Before, bê-fôre'. *ad.* sooner than; earlier; previously to; hitherto
 Beforehand, bê-fôre'hând. *ad.* in a state of anticipation; previously; before any thing is
 Beforetime, bê-fôre'time. *ad.* formerly [done
 Befoul, bê-fôûl'. *v. a.* to make foul, to soil [to
 Befriend, bê-fi-ênd'. *v. a.* to favour; to be kind
 Beg, bêg. *v. n.* to live upon alms
 Beg, bêg. *v. a.* to ask, to seek by petition
 Beget, bê-gêt. *v. a.* to generate, procreate, produce [begets
 Begetter, bê-gêt'tûr. *s.* he that procreates or
 Beggar, bêg'gûr. *s.* one who lives upon alms; a petitioner [to impoverish
 Beggar, bêg'gûr. *v. a.* to reduce to beggary,
 Beggarliness, bêg'gûr-lê-nês. *s.* the state of being beggarly [gent
 Beggary, bêg'gûr-lê. *a.* mean, poor, indig-
 Beggary, bêg'gûr-ê. *s.* indigence
 Begin, bê-gl'n'. *v. n.* to enter upon; to commence; to take rise
 Begin, bê-gl'n'. *v. a.* to do the first act of any thing; to begin with, to enter upon
 Beginner, bê-gl'n'nûr. *s.* he that gives the first cause; an unexperienced attempter
 Beginning, bê-gl'n'ning. *s.* first original or cause [to surround; to shut in
 Begird, bê-gêrd'. *v. a.* to bind with a girdle;
 Begone, bê-gôn'. *interj.* go away, hence, away
 Begot, bê-gôt'.
 Begotten, bê-gôt'tn. } *part. pass. of beget*
 Regrease, bê-grêze'. *v. a.* to soil or dawb with fat matter [deeply impressed
 Begrime, bê-grîme'. *v. a.* to soil with dirt
 Beguile, bê-gylle'. *v. a.* to impose upon, de-
 lude; to deceive
 Begun, bê-gûn'. *part. pass. of begin*
 Behalf, bê-hâf'. *s.* favour, vindication, support
 Behave, bê-hâve'. *v. a.* to carry, to conduct
 Behave bê-hâve'. *v. n.* to act, to conduct
 one's self

Behaviour, bê-hâve'yûr. *s.* manner of behav-
 ing one's self, conduct, course of life
 Behead, bê-hêd'. *v. a.* to kill by cutting off the
 head
 Beheld, bê-hêld'. *part. pass. from behold*
 Behemoth, bê'hê môth. *s.* the hippopotamus,
 or river horse
 Behest, bê-hêst'. *s.* command
 Behind, bê-hînd'. *prep.* at the back of ano-
 ther; on the back part; inferior to another
 Behind, bê-hînd'. *ad.* backward
 Behold, bê-hôld'. *v. a.* to view, to see
 Behold, bê-hôld'. *interj.* see, lo [tu le
 Beholden, bê-hôld'n. *part. a.* bound in gra-
 Beholder, bê-hôld'âr. *s.* spectator
 Behoof, bê-hôôf'. *s.* profit, advantage
 Behoove, bê-hôôv'. *v. n.* to be fit, to be meet
 Being, bê'ing. *s.* existence, a particular sta-
 te or condition; the person existing
 Being, bê'ing. *conj.* since
 Belabour, bê-lâ'bûr. *v. a.* to beat, to thump
 Belated, bê-lâ'têd'. *a.* benighted
 Belay, bê-lâ'. *v. a.* to block up, to stop the
 passage, to place in ambush [mach
 Belch, bêlsh. *v. n.* to eject wind from the sto-
 Belch, bêlsh. *s.* the action of eructation
 Beldam, bêl'dâm. *s.* an old woman, a hag
 Beleaguer, bê-lê'gûr. *v. a.* to besiege, to block
 up a place [es a place
 Beleaguerer, bê-lê'gûr-ûr. *s.* one that besie-
 Belfry, bêl'îrê. *s.* the place where the bells
 are rung [calumniate
 Belie, bê-lî'. *v. a.* to feign, to mimic; to
 Belief, bê-lêêf'. *s.* credit given to something;
 the body of tenets held; persuasion; cred-
 Believable, bê-lêê'vâ-bl. *a.* credible
 Believe, bê-lêêv'. *v. a.* to credit upon the au-
 thority of another
 Believe, bê-lêêv'. *v. n.* to have a firm persua-
 sion of any thing; to exercise the virtues
 of faith [fessor of Christianity
 Believer, bê-lêê'vûr. *s.* he that believes; a pro-
 Belike, bê-lîke'. *ad.* probably, likely, perhaps
 Bell, bêll. *s.* a hollow sounding body of cast
 metal
 Belle, bêll. *s.* a gay young lady
 Belles Lettres, bêl-lâ'tûr. *s.* polite literature
 Belligerent, bêl-lîdjê'ê-rênt. *a.* waging war
 Bellow, bêl'lô. *v. n.* to make a noise as a bull;
 to vociferate, to roar as the sea or the wind

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nò, môve,

- Bellows**, bêl'lûs. *s.* the instrument used to blow the fire [which contains the bowels]
- Belly**, bêl'lê. *s.* that part of the human body
- Belly**, bêl'lê. *v. n.* to hang out, to bulge out
- Bellygod**, bêl'lê-gôd. *s.* a glutton
- Belman**, bêl'l'mân. *s.* a town crier
- Belmetal**, bêl'l'mêt-tl. *s.* the metal of which bells are made [to have relation to]
- Belong**, bê-lông'. *v. n.* to be the property of;
- Beloved**, bê-lôv'êd. *a.* dear [unbefitting]
- Below**, bê-lô'. *prep.* under, inferior in dignity
- Below**, bê-lô'. *ad.* on earth, in the regions of the dead
- Belt**, bêlt'. *s.* a girdle, a cincture
- Belwether**, bêl'l'wêth-ûr. *s.* the sheep which leads the flock [in the mire]
- Bemire**, bê-mîrê'. *v. a.* to drag, or encumber
- Bemoan**, bê-mônê'. *v. a.* to lament, to bewail
- Bemoaner**, bê-mô'nûr. *s.* a lamenter
- Bench**, bêنش. *s.* a seat; a seat of justice; the persons sitting upon a bench
- Bencher**, bê'n'shûr. *s.* a senior member in one of the inns of court [to subdue]
- Bend**, bênd. *v. a.* to make crooked, to incline;
- Bend**, bênd. *v. n.* to be incurvated, to bow
- Bend**, bênd. *s.* flexure, incurvation
- Bender**, bê'n'dûr. *s.* the person who bends; the instrument with which any thing is bent
- Beneath**, bê-nêthê'. *prep.* under, lower in place, rank, excellence, or dignity [below]
- Beneath**, bê-nêthê'. *ad.* in a lower place, under;
- Benediction**, bê-n-ê-dîk'shûn. *s.* a blessing
- Benefaction**, bê-n-ê-fâk'shûn. *s.* the act of conferring a benefit; the benefit conferred
- Benefactor**, bê-n-ê-fâk'tûr. *s.* he that confers a benefit [confers a benefit]
- Benefactress**, bê-n-ê-fâk'três. *s.* a woman who benefice
- Benefice**, bê'n'ê-fls. *s.* an ecclesiastical living
- Beneficed**, bê'n'ê-flst. *a.* possessed of a benefice
- Beneficence**, bê-nêl'ê-sênsê. *s.* active goodness
- Beneficent**, bê-nêl'ê-sênt. *a.* kind, doing good
- Beneficial**, bê-n-ê-flsh'âl. *a.* advantageous, profitable
- Beneficiary**, bê-n-ê-flsh'yâ-rê. *a.* holding something in subordination to another
- Beneficiary**, bê-n-ê-flsh'yâ-rê. *s.* one that has a benefice
- Benefit**, bê'n'ê-flt. *s.* advantage, profit, use
- Benefit**, bê'n'ê-flt. *v. a.* to do good to
- Benefit**, bê'n'ê-flt. *v. n.* to gain advantage
- Benevolence**, bê-nêv'vô-lênsê. *s.* disposition to do good, kindness [good-will]
- Benevolent**, bê-nêv'vô-lênt. *a.* kind, having
- Benight**, bê-nîte'. *v. a.* to surprise with the coming on of night [some]
- Benign**, bê-nîne'. *a.* kind, generous, whole-
- Benignity**, bê-nîg'nê-tê. *s.* graciousness. actual kindness; salubrity
- Benignly**, bê-nîne'lê. *ad.* favourably, kindly
- Benison**, bê'n'ê-nz. *s.* blessing, benediction
- Bent**, bênt. *s.* the state of being bent; declivity
- Bent**, bênt. *part. of to bend.* Made crooked, directed to, determined upon [pify]
- Benumb**, bê-nûm'. *v. a.* to make torpid, to stupify
- Bepaint**, bê-pân't'. *v. a.* to cover with paint
- Bepinch**, bê-plnsh'. *v. a.* to mark with pinches
- Bequeath**, bê-kwêthê'. *v. a.* to leave by will to another
- Bequest**, bê-kwêst'. *s.* something left by will
- Bereave**, bê-rêvê'. *v. a.* to deprive of; to take away
- Bereft**, bê-rêft'. *part. pass. of bereave*
- Bergamot**, bê-gâ-nôt. *s.* a sort of pear, an essence or perfume; a sort of snuff
- Berhyme**, bê-rîme'. *v. a.* to celebrate in rhyme
- Berlin**, bêr-lln'. *s.* a coach of a particular form
- Berry**, bê'r'rê. *s.* any small fruit with many seeds
- Beryl**, bê'r'rl. *s.* a precious stone [beg, ask]
- Beseech**, bê-sêetsh'. *v. a.* to entreat, supplicate,
- Beseem**, bê-sêem'. *v. n.* to become, to be fit
- Beset**, bê-sêt'. *v. a.* to besiege, to hem in, to waylay [to happen ill to]
- Beshrew**, bê-shrôd'. *v. a.* to wish a curse to;
- Beside**, bê-side' } *prep.* over and above
- Besides**, bê-sîdes' }
- Beside**, bê-side' } *ad.* over and above
- Besides**, bê-sîdes' }
- Besiege**, bê-sêêje'. *v. a.* to lay siege to, to beset with armed forces [siege]
- Besieger**, bê-sêêjûr. *s.* one employed in a
- Besmead**, bê-smêêr'. *v. a.* to bedaub, to soil
- Besmire**, bê-smêrtsh'. *v. a.* to soil, to discolour [harden in smoke]
- Besmoke**, bê-smôke'. *v. a.* to foul with or
- Besmut**, bê-smût'. *v. a.* to blacken with smoke or soot [with]
- Besom**, bê-zûm. *s.* an instrument to sweep
- Besot**, bê-sôt'. *v. a.* to infatuate, to stupify
- Besought**, bê-sâwt'. *part. pass. of beseech*

nôr, nôr—tûbe, tûb, bûll—ôl—pôund—thin, THIS.

Bespangle, bê-spâng'gl. <i>v. a.</i> to adorn with spangles	Bettor, bê'tûr. <i>s.</i> one that lays bets or wagers
Bespatter, bê-spât'tûr. <i>v. a.</i> to spot or sprinkle with dirt or water	Between, bê-twêcn'. <i>prep.</i> in the intermediate space; belonging to two
Bespawl, bê-spâwl'. <i>v. a.</i> to daub with spittle	Betwixt, bê-twîkst'. <i>prep.</i> between [of square
Bespeak, bê-spêék'. <i>v. a.</i> to order before hand; to speak to, to betoken [any thing	Bevel, bêv'îl. <i>s.</i> in masonry and joinery a kind
Bespeaker, bê-spêék'kâr. <i>s.</i> he that bespeaks	Beverage, bêv'ûr-îdje. <i>s.</i> drink, liquor to be drunk
Bespeckle, bê-spêék'kl. <i>v. a.</i> to mark with speckles	Bevy, bêv'è. <i>s.</i> a flock of birds; a company
Bespice, bê-splîç'. <i>v. a.</i> to season with spices	Bewail, bê-wâle'. <i>v. a.</i> to bemoan, to lament
Bespit, bê-spît'. <i>v. a.</i> to daub with spittle	Beware, bê-wâre'. <i>v. n.</i> to regard with caution, to be suspicious of danger from
Bespot, bê-spôt'. <i>v. a.</i> to mark with spots	Beweep, bê-wêép'. <i>v. a.</i> to weep over or upon
Bespread, bê-sprêd'. <i>v. a.</i> to spread over	Bewet, bê-wêt'. <i>v. a.</i> to wet, to moisten
Besprinkle, bê-sprînk'kl. <i>v. a.</i> to sprinkle over	Bewilder, bê-wîl'dâr. <i>v. a.</i> to lose in pathless places, to puzzle [craft; to charm
Best, bêst'. <i>a.</i> most good [ness	Bewitch, bê-wîtsh'. <i>v. a.</i> to injure by witch-
Best, bêst. <i>ad.</i> in the highest degree of good-	Bewitchery, bê-wîtsh'ûr-rê. <i>s.</i> fascination charm [fidiously, to make visible
Bestead, bê-stêd'. <i>v. a.</i> to profit, to treat, to accommodate [brutal	Bewray, bê-râ'. <i>v. a.</i> to betray, discover per-
Bestial, bêst'hé-âl. <i>a.</i> belonging to a beast;	Bewrayer, bê-râ'ûr. <i>s.</i> betrayer, discoverer
Bestiality, bêst'hé-âl-é-té. <i>s.</i> the quality of beasts [thing	Beyond, bê-yônd'. <i>prep.</i> at a distance not reached; on the farther side of; out of the reach of, above
Bestick, bê-stîk'. <i>v. a.</i> to stick over with any	Bezoar, bêzôre. <i>s.</i> a medicinal stone [gles
Bestir, bê-stâr'. <i>v. a.</i> to put into vigorous action [to lay out	Biangular, bi-âng'gû lûs. <i>a.</i> having two an-
Bestow, bê-stô'. <i>v. a.</i> to give, to confer upon;	Bias, bi'âs. <i>s.</i> the weight lodged on one side of a bow!; propension, inclination
Bestrew, bê-strêw'. <i>v. a.</i> to sprinkle over [thing	Bias, bi'âs. <i>v. a.</i> to incline to some side
Bestride, bê-strîde'. <i>v. a.</i> to stride over any	Bib, bib. <i>s.</i> a piece of linen put upon the breasts of children [drinking
Bet, bêt. <i>s.</i> a wager	Bibacious, bi-bâ'shûs. <i>a.</i> much addicted to
Bet, bêt. <i>v. a.</i> to wager, to stake at a wager	Biber, bi'bûr. <i>s.</i> a tippler
Betake, bê-tâke'. <i>v. a.</i> to take, to seize; to have recourse to	Bible, bi'bl. <i>s.</i> the sacred volume, in which are contained the revelations of God [ber
Bethink, bê-thînk'. <i>v. a.</i> to recall to reflection	Biographer, bi-lê-ôg'grâ-fûr. <i>s.</i> a transcriber
Bethral, bê-thrâl'. <i>v. a.</i> to enslave, to conquer	Bibliothecal, bi'b-lê-ôth'ê-kâl. <i>a.</i> belonging to a library [drinking moisture
Betide, bê-îde'. <i>v. n.</i> to happen to, to befall; to come to pass	Bibulous, bi'b'û-lûs. <i>a.</i> that has the quality of
Betimes, bê-tîmz'. <i>ad.</i> seasonably, early; soon	Bicker, bi'k'kûr. <i>v. n.</i> to skirmish, to fight off and on; to quiver
Betoken, bê-tô'kn. <i>v. a.</i> to signify, to represent; to foreshow	Bickerer, bi'k'k'ûr. <i>s.</i> a skirmisher
Betook, bê-tôök'. <i>irreg. pret.</i> from betake	Bicorne, bi'kôrn. } <i>a.</i> having two horns
Betray, bê-trâ'. <i>v. a.</i> to give into the hands of enemies; to discover a secret [traitor	Bicornous, bi-kôr'nûs. }
Betrayer, bê-trâ'ûr. <i>s.</i> he that betrays, a	Bicorporal, bi-kôr'pô-râl. <i>a.</i> having two bodies
Betroth, bê-trôth'. <i>v. a.</i> to contract to any one, to affiancé	Bid, bid. <i>v. a.</i> to desire, to order; to offer, to declare [ed
Better, bêl'tûr. <i>a.</i> having good qualities in a greater degree than something else	Bidden, bi'd'dn. <i>part. pass.</i> invited, command
Better, bêl'tûr. <i>ad.</i> well in a greater degree	Bidder, bi'd'dâr. <i>s.</i> one who offers a price
Better, bêl'tûr. <i>v. a.</i> to improve, to meliorate; to surpass, to exceed	Bidding, bi'd'dîng. <i>s.</i> command, order
Better, bêl'tûr. <i>s.</i> superior in goodness	Bide, bide. <i>v. a.</i> to endure, to suffer

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât -mê, mêt -plne, pîn nô, môve,

- Side, bide. *v. n.* to dwell, live, inhabit
 Bidental, bi-dên'tâl. *a.* having two teeth
 Biding, bi'ding. *s.* residence, habitation
 Biennial, bi-ên'nê-âl. *a.* of the continuance of two years [carried to the grave]
 Bier, bêér. *s.* a carriage on which the dead are
 Biestings, bêé'tingz. *s.* the first milk after calving
 Bifarious, bi-fâ'rê-ûs. *a.* twofold [year
 Biferous, bi-fê-rê-rûs. *a.* bearing fruit twice a
 Bifid, bi-fîd. *a.* opening with a cleft
 Bifold, bi-fôld. *a.* twofold, double [two heads
 Bifurcated, bi-fûr-kâ-têd. *a.* shooting out into
 Big, big. *a.* great, large; pregnant; swollen
 Bigamist, big-gâ-mîst. *s.* one that has committed bigamy [wives at once
 Bigamy, big-gâ-mê. *s.* the crime of having two
 Bigbellied, big'bêl-lîd. *a.* pregnant
 Bigly, big'lê. *ad.* tumidly, haughtily
 Bigness, big'nês. *s.* greatness of quantity; size
 Bigot, big'gut. *s.* a man devoted to a certain party [in favour of something
 Bigoted, big'gût-têd. *a.* blindly prepossessed
 Bigotry, big'gût-trê. *s.* blind zeal, prejudice
 Billauder, bil'an-dûr. *s.* a small vessel used for the carriage of goods
 Bilberry, bil'bêr-rê. *s.* whortleberry
 Bilbo, bil'bô. *s.* a rapier, a sword
 Bilboes, bil'bôze. *s.* a sort of stocks
 Bile, bile. *s.* a yellow bitter liquor, separated in the liver, and collected in the gall-bladder; a sore angry swelling
 Bilge, bilje. *v. n.* to spring a leak [guage
 Bilingsgate, bil'lingz-gâte. *s.* ribaldry, foul language
 Bilingual, bi-ling'gwûs. *a.* having two tongues
 Biliou, bil'yûs. *a.* consisting of bile
 Bilk, bilk. *v. a.* to cheat, to defraud
 Bill. bill. *s.* the beak of a fowl; a kind of hatchet; a written paper; an account of money; a law; an advertisement [bills
 Bill. till. *v. n.* to caress, as doves by joining
 Bill. bill. *v. a.* to publish by an advertisement
 Billet, bil'lît. *s.* a small paper, a note, a small log of wood
 Billet, bil'lît. *v. a.* to direct a soldier where he is to lodge; to quarter soldiers
 Billiards, bil'yûdz. *s.* a kind of play
 Billow, bil'lô. *s.* a wave swollen
 Billowy, bil'lô-ê. *a.* swelling, turgid [posited
 Bin, bin. *s.* a place where bread or wine is re-
- Binacle, bin'â-kl. *s.* a sea term, meaning the compass-box
 Bind, bind. *v. a.* to confine with bonds, to gird, to enwrap; to fasten any thing
 Bind, bind. *v. n.* to contract, to grow stiff: to be obligatory
 Binder, bind'ûr. *s.* a man whose trade it is to bind books; one who binds sheaves; a file
 Binding, bind'ing. *s.* a bandage
 Binode, bin'nd-kl. *s.* a telescope fitted so with two tubes, as that a distant object may be seen with both eyes
 Binocular, bi-nôk'û-lûr. *a.* having two eyes
 Biographer, bi-ôg'grâ-fûr. *s.* a writer of lives
 Biography, bi-ôg'grâ-fê. *s.* an historical account of the lives of particular men
 Biparous, bip'pâ-rûs. *a.* bringing forth two at a birth [pendent parts
 Bipartite, bip'pâr-tite. *a.* having two parts
 Biped, bi'pêd. *s.* an animal with two feet
 Bipennated, bi-pên nâ-têd. *a.* having two wings
 Bipetalous, bi-pêt'â-lûs. *a.* consisting of two flower leaves
 Biquadrate, bi-kwâ'drâte. }
 Biquadratick, bi-kwâ-drâ'tik. } *s.*
 the fourth power arising from the multiplication of a square by itself
 Birch, bûrsh. *s.* a tree
 Birchen, bûr'tshn. *a.* made of birch
 Bird, bûrd. *s.* a general term for the feathered kind, a fowl
 Birder, bûrd'ûr. *s.* a birdcatcher
 Birdlime, bûrd'lîme. *s.* a glutinous substance used to catch birds.
 Birdsnest, bûrd'nêst. *s.* the place where a bird lays her eggs and hatches her young
 Birth, bêrth. *s.* the act of coming into life, extraction, lineage; condition; thing born
 Birthday, bêrth'dâ. *s.* the day on which any one is born [any one is born
 Birthnight, bêrth'nite. *s.* the night in which
 Birthplace, bêrth'plâse. *s.* place where any one is born
 Birthright, bêrth'rîte. *s.* the rights and privileges to which a man is born; the right of the first born
 Biscuit, bis'kit. *s.* a kind of hard dry bread, made to be carried to sea; a small sweet cake

- Bisect**, bl-sèkt'. *v. a.* to divide into two parts
- Bishop**, blsh'úp. *s.* one of the head order of the clergy; a cant word for a mixture of wine, oranges, and sugar [bishop]
- Bishoprick**, blsh'úp-rik. *s.* the diocese of a bishop
- Bismuth**, blz'múth. *s.* marcasite, a hard, white, mineral substance, of a metalline nature
- Bissextile**, bls-sèks'tíl. *s.* leap year [strument]
- Bistoury**, bls'túr-è. *s.* a surgeon's incision instrument
- Bit**, blt. *s.* the iron part of a horse's bridle; as much meat as is put into the mouth at once; a small piece of any thing; a Spanish West-India silver coin
- Bitch**, bltsh. *s.* the female of the dog kind
- Bite**, bite. *v. a.* to crush or pierce with the teeth; to cheat, to trick
- Bite**, bite. *s.* the seizure of any thing by the teeth; a cheat, a sharper [deceiver]
- Biter**, bl'túr. *s.* he that bites; a tricker, a cheat
- Bitter**, bl'túr. *a.* having a hot, acrid, biting taste; sharp, cruel, severe; calamitous, miserable; satirical
- Bitterly**, bl'túr-lè. *ad.* with a bitter taste; in a biting manner, sorrowfully; sharply
- Bitterness**, bl'túr-nèss. *s.* a bitter taste; malice, implacability; severity of temper; satire, keenness of reproach; sorrow, affliction
- Bitumen**, bè-tú'mèn. *s.* a fat unctuous matter dug out of the earth, or scummed off lakes [bitumen]
- Bituminous**, bè-tú'mé-nús. *a.* compounded of bitumen
- Biv'er**, bl'vâlv. } having two valves
- Biv'ular**, bl-vâl'vú-lar. } *a.* valves
- Blab**, bláb. *v. a.* to tell what ought to be kept secret
- Blab**, bláb. *s.* a tell-tale [ed; dismal]
- Black**, blák. *a.* dark; cloudy, sullen; wicked
- Black**, blák. *s.* a Black colour, mourning, a blackmoor
- Black**, blák. *v. a.* to make black, to blacken
- Black-cattle**, blák'kât-tl. *s.* oxen, bulks, and cows [dirty fellow]
- Blackguard**, blág'gârd. *s.* a low term for a scoundrel
- Black-lead**, blák-léd'. *s.* a mineral much used for pencils [ble; the fruit of it]
- Blackberry**, blák'bêr-rè. *s.* a species of bramble
- Blackbird**, blák'búrd. *s.* the name of a bird
- Blacken**, blák'kn. *v. a.* to make of a black colour; to darken, to defame
- Blacken**, blák'kn. *v. n.* to grow black
- Blackish**, blák'lish. *a.* somewhat black
- Blackmoor**, blák'móre. *s.* a negro [ness]
- Blackness**, blák'nèss. *s.* black colour; darkness
- Blacksmith**, blák'smíth. *s.* a smith that works in iron [the urine; a blister, a pustule]
- Bladder**, blád'dúr. *s.* the vessel which contains urine
- Blade**, bláde. *s.* a spire of grass, a green shoot of corn
- Blade**, bláde. *s.* the sharp or striking part of a weapon or instrument; a brisk man, either fierce or gay
- Blain**, bláne. *s.* a pustule, a blister
- Blameable**, blámá-bl. *a.* culpable, faulty
- Blameably**, blámá-blè. *ad.* culpably
- Blame**, bláme. *v. a.* to censure, to charge with a fault [crime, fault]
- Blame**, bláme. *s.* imputation of a fault; censure
- Blameless**, blámélèss. *a.* guiltless, innocent
- Blamelessly**, blámélèss-lè. *ad.* innocently
- Blameworthy**, bláméwúr-thè. *a.* culpable, blameable [peel such things as have husks]
- Blanch**, blánsh. *v. a.* to whiten; to strip or strip off
- Bland**, blánd. *a.* soft, mild, gentle
- Blandish**, blán'dísh. *v. a.* to smooth, to soften
- Blandishment**, blán'sh-mènt. *s.* act of fondness, expression of tenderness by gesture
- Blank**, blánk. *a.* white; unwritten; confused; without rhyme
- Blank**, blánk. *s.* a void space; a lot by which nothing is gained; a paper unwritten
- Blanket**, blánk'ít. *s.* a woollen cover for a bed
- Blanket**, blánk'ít. *v. a.* to cover with or toss in a blanket [paleness or confusion]
- Blankly**, blánk'lè. *ad.* in a blank manner, without regard
- Blaspheme**, blás-fème'. *v. a.* to speak in terms of impious irreverence of God; to speak evil of [phemy]
- Blaspheme**, blás-fème'. *v. n.* to speak blasphemously
- Blasphemous**, blás-fémúrs. *s.* a wretch that speaks of God in impious and irreverent terms [reverent with regard to God]
- Blasphemous**, blás-fémús. *a.* impiously, irreverently
- Blasphemously**, blás-fémús-lè. *ad.* impiously, with wicked irreverence [dignity unto God]
- Blasphemy**, blás-té-mè. *s.* an offering of insult
- Blast**, blást. *s.* a gust, or puff of wind; the sound made by any instrument of wind music [confound]
- Blast**, blást. *v. a.* to injure, to invalidate to

Fâ:re, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pine, ph—nô, nôve,

Blatant , blâ'tânt. <i>a.</i> bellowing as a calf	Blindness , blind'nês. <i>s.</i> want of sight; igno-
Blatter , blât'târ. <i>v. n.</i> to roar	Blindside , blind'side. <i>s.</i> weakness, foible [rance
Blaze , blâze. <i>s.</i> a flame; publication; a white mark upon a horse	Blind , blîk. <i>v. n.</i> to wink; to see obscurely
Blaze , blâze, <i>v. n.</i> to flame, to be conspicuous	Blinkard , blînk'ârd. <i>s.</i> one that has bad eyes
Blaze , blâze, <i>v. a.</i> to publish, to make known; to blazon: to inflame	Bliss , blîs. <i>s.</i> the highest degree of happiness; felicity [gree
Blazer , blâ'zâr. <i>s.</i> one that spreads reports	Blissful , blîs'fûl. <i>a.</i> happy in the highest de-
Blazon , blâ'zn. <i>v. a.</i> to paint the figures on ensigns armorial; to embellish; to display. to make publick	Blister , blîs'târ. <i>s.</i> a pustule formed by raising the cuticle from the cutis
Blazonry , blâ'zu-rê. <i>s.</i> the art of blazoning	Blister , blîs'târ. <i>v. n.</i> to rise in blisters [hurt
Bleach , bléétsh. <i>v. a.</i> to whiten	Blister , blîs'târ. <i>v. a.</i> to raise blisters by means
Bleak , blêke. <i>a.</i> pale; cold, chill	Bliethe , blîrhe. <i>a.</i> gay, airy
Bleakness , blêke'nês. <i>s.</i> coldness, chillness	Blithsome , blîr'sûm. <i>a.</i> gay, cheerful
Blear , bléér. <i>a.</i> dim with rheum or water; obscure in general	Bloat , blôte. <i>v. a.</i> to swell
Blearedness , bléérêd-nês. <i>s.</i> the state of being dinned with rheum	Bloat , blôte. <i>v. n.</i> to grow turgid [ing
Bleat , blête. <i>v. n.</i> to cry as a sheep	Bloatedness , blôtêd-nês. <i>s.</i> turgidness: swell
Bleat , blête. <i>s.</i> the cry of a sheep or lamb	Blobberlip , blôb'bâr-lîp. <i>s.</i> a thick up
Bleed , blééd. <i>v. n.</i> to lose blood, to run or drop as blood	Block , blôk. <i>s.</i> a short heavy piece of timber, a rough piece of marble; an obstruction, a pulley; a blockhead
Bleed , blééd. <i>v. a.</i> to let blood	Block , <i>v. a.</i> to shut up, to enclose
Blemish , blêm'îsh. <i>v. a.</i> to deform; to defame	Blockade , blôk-kâde'. <i>s.</i> a siege carried on by shutting up the place
Blemish , blêm'îsh. <i>s.</i> a mark of deformity, a scar; reproach, disgrace	Blockade , blôk-kâde'. <i>v. a.</i> to shut up
B'end , blênd. <i>v. a.</i> to mingle together	Blockhead , blôk'hêd. <i>s.</i> a stupid fellow, a dun
Bless , blês. <i>v. a.</i> to make happy; to praise	Blockish , blôk'îsh. <i>a.</i> stupid, dull
Blessed , blês'sêd. <i>part. a.</i> happy, enjoying heavenly felicity [city	Blockishness , blôk'îsh-nês. <i>s.</i> stupidity
Blessedness , blês'sêd-nês. <i>s.</i> happiness, felicity	Blood , blûd. <i>s.</i> the red liquor that circulates in bodies; kindred; murder; state of the passions; man of fire
Blessing , blês'sîng. <i>s.</i> benediction; the means of happiness; Divine favour	Blood , blûd. <i>v. a.</i> to stain with blood. to injure to blood; to exasperate
B'est , blêst. <i>part. a.</i> happy	Blood-flower , blûd'flôûr. <i>s.</i> a plant
Blew , blû the <i>pret. of blow</i> [blasting	Bloodguiltiness , blûd-gîll'ê-nês. <i>s.</i> murder
Blight , blîte. <i>s.</i> mildew, any thing nipping or	Blood-hound , blûd'hôûnd. <i>s.</i> a hound that follows by the scent
Blight , blîte. <i>v. a.</i> to blast, to hinder from fertility	Bloodily , blûd'ê-lê. <i>ad.</i> cruelly [bloody
Blind , blind. <i>a.</i> without sight, dark; obscure	Bloodiness , blûd'ê-nês. <i>s.</i> the state of being
Blind , blind. <i>v. a.</i> to make blind, to darken	Bloodless , blûd'lês. <i>a.</i> without blood, dead without slaughter [or murder; slaughter
blind , b'înd. <i>s.</i> something to hinder the sight; something to mislead	Bloodsîned , blûd'shêd. <i>s.</i> the crime of blood
Blindfold , blind'fôld. <i>v. a.</i> to hinder from seeing by blinding the eyes [ered	Bloodshot , blûd'shôt. } <i>a.</i> filled with
Blindfold , blind'fôld. <i>a.</i> having the eyes covered	Bloodshotten , blûd'shôt-tû. } blood bursting from its proper vessels
Blindly , blind'lê. <i>ad.</i> without sight; without examination, judgment, or direction	Bloodsucker , blûd'sûk-ûr. <i>s.</i> a leech, a fly any thing that sucks blood [shed blood
Blindman's Buff , blind-mânz-bûf. <i>s.</i> a childish play	Blood-thirsty , blûd'thûrs-tê. <i>a.</i> desirous to
	Bloody , blûd'ê. <i>a.</i> stained with blood; cruel, murderous [maturity
	Bloom , blôôrn. <i>s.</i> a blossom the state of in-

Bloom , blôôm. <i>v. n.</i> to bring or yield blossoms ; to be in a state of youth	Blush , blûsh. <i>s.</i> a red colour in the cheeks sudden appearance
loomy , blôôm'mê. <i>a.</i> full of bloom, flowery	Bluster , blûs'târ. <i>v. n.</i> to roar, to bully, to puff
Blossom , blôs'sûm. <i>s.</i> the flower that grows on any plant	Bluster , blûs'târ. <i>s.</i> roar, noise, tumult ; boisterousness
Blossom , blôs'sûm. <i>v. n.</i> to put forth blossoms	Blusterer , blûs'târ-âr. <i>s.</i> a swaggerer, a bully
Blot , blôt. <i>v. a.</i> to obliterate, to efface, to erase ; to disgrace, to disfigure ; to darken	Blustrous , blûs'trûs. <i>a.</i> tumultuous, noisy
[ten ; a blur, a spot]	Bo , bô. <i>interj.</i> a word of terror
Blot , blôt. <i>s.</i> an obliteration of something written	Boar , bôre. <i>s.</i> the male swine
Blotch , blôtsh. <i>s.</i> a spot or pustule upon the skin	Board , bôrd. <i>s.</i> a piece of wood of more length and breadth than thickness ; a table at which a court is held
[den event]	Board , bôrd. <i>v. a.</i> to enter a ship by force to lay or pave with boards
Blow , blô. <i>s.</i> a stroke ; a single action, a sudden	Board , bôrd. <i>v. n.</i> to live in a house where a certain rate is paid for eating [for victuals]
Blow , blô. <i>v. n.</i> to move with a current of air ; to breathe hard ; to sound by being blown ; to play musically by wind ; to bloom ; to blossom	Board-wages , bôrd-vâ'jiz. <i>s.</i> an allowance
Blow , blô. <i>v. a.</i> to drive by the force of the wind ; to inflate with wind ; to swell into size ; to sound an instrument of wind-musick ; to infect with the eggs of flies	Boarder , bôrd'âr. <i>s.</i> one who diets with another
Blowze , blôûze. <i>s.</i> a ruddy fat-faced wench	Boarish , bôre'ish. <i>a.</i> swinish, brutal, cruel
Blowzy , blôû'zê. <i>a.</i> sun-burnt, high-coloured	Boast , bôst. <i>v. n.</i> to display one's own worth or actions [exalt]
Blubber , blûb'bûr. <i>s.</i> the part of a whale that contains the oil [ner as to swell the cheeks]	Boast , bôst. <i>v. a.</i> to brag of ; to magnify, to boast, bôst. <i>s.</i> a proud speech ; cause of
Blubber , blûb'bûr. <i>v. n.</i> to weep in such a manner	Boaster , bôst'âr. <i>s.</i> a bragger [boasting]
Bludgeon , blûd'jûn. <i>s.</i> a short stick, with one end loaded	Boastful , bôst'fûl. <i>a.</i> ostentatious
Blue , blû. <i>a.</i> one of the seven original colours	Boastingly , bôst'ing-lê. <i>ad.</i> ostentatiously
Bluely , blû'lê. <i>ad.</i> with a blue colour	Boat , bôte. <i>s.</i> a vessel to pass the water in
Blueness , blû'nês. <i>s.</i> the quality of being blue	Boation , bô-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> roar, noise
Bluff , blûf. <i>a.</i> big, surly, blustering	Boatman , bôte'mân. <i>s.</i> he that manages a boat
Bluish , blû'ish. <i>a.</i> blue in a small degree	Boatswain , bô'sn. <i>s.</i> an officer on board a ship, who has charge of all her rigging, cables, and anchors
Blunder , blûn'dâr. <i>v. n.</i> to mistake grossly ; to stumble [blindly]	Bob , bôb. <i>v. a.</i> to beat, to drub ; to cheat
Blunder , blûn'dâr. <i>v. a.</i> to mix foolishly, or	Bob , bôb. <i>v. n.</i> to play backward and forward
Blunder , blûn'dâr. <i>s.</i> a gross or shameful mistake	Bob , bôb. <i>s.</i> something that hangs loose ; the words repeated at the end of a stanza ; a blow ; a short wig [a notch]
Blunderbuss , blûn'dâr-bûs. <i>s.</i> a short gun	Bobbin , bôb'bîn. <i>s.</i> a small pin of wood with
Blunderer , blûn'dâr-âr. <i>s.</i> a blockhead	Bobcherry , bôb'tshêr-rê. <i>s.</i> a play among children
Blunt , blânt. <i>a.</i> dull ; rough, abrupt	Bobtailed , bôb'tâ'd. <i>a.</i> having a tail cut
Blunt , blânt. <i>v. a.</i> to dull the edge or point	Bobwig , bôb'wîg. <i>s.</i> a short wig
Bluntly , blânt'lê. <i>ad.</i> without sharpness ; coarsely, plainly	Bode , bôde. <i>v. a.</i> to portend, to be the omen of
Bluntness , blânt'nês. <i>s.</i> want of edge ; rudeness	Bodement , bôde'mênt. <i>s.</i> portent, omen
Blur , blûr. <i>s.</i> a blot, a stain	Bodge , bôdje. <i>v. n.</i> to boggle
Blur , blûr. <i>v. a.</i> to blot, to efface ; to stain	Bodice , bôd'dis. <i>s.</i> a sort of stays [a body]
Blush , blûsh. <i>v. n.</i> to betray shame or confusion, by a red colour in the cheeks ; to	Bodiless , bôd'dê-lês. <i>a.</i> incorporeal, without
carry a red colour	Bodily , bôd'dê-lê. <i>a.</i> relating to the body, real

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pîn—nô, môve,

- Bodyly, bôd'dè-lè. ad.** corporeally
Bodkin, bôd'kîn. s. an instrument to draw a thread or ribbon through a loop
Body, bôd'dè. s. matter, opposed to spirit; a person; a collective mass; a corporation [horses that are dieted]
Body-clothes, bôd'dè-klôze. s. clothing for
Bog, bôg. s. a marsh, a fen, a morass
Boggle, bôg'g. v. n. to fly back; to hesitate
Boggler, bôg'gâr. s. a doubter, a timorous
Boggy, bôg'gê. a. marshy, swampy [man
Boghouse, bôg'hôuse. s. a house of office
Boghea, bô'hê. s. a species of tea
Boil, bôil. v. n. to be agitated by heat; to move like boiling water [water
Boil, bôil. v. a. to seeth; to dress in boiling
Boiler, bôil'âr. s. the vessel in which any thing is boiled [ous
Boisterous, bôis'têr-ûs. a. loud, stormy; furiously
Boisterously, bôis'têr-ûs-lè. ad. violently, tumultuously [ousness, turbulence
Boisterousness, bôis'têr-ûs-nês. s. tumultu-
Bold, bôld. a. daring, stout; impudent
Bolden, bôld'ên. v. a. to make bold
Boldfaced, bôld'fâste. a. impudent
Boldly, bôld'lè. ad. in a bold manner
Boldness, bôld'nês. s. courage, bravery; impudence [ure of six bushels
Bole, bôle. s. a kind of earth; a corn meas-
Bol, bôle. s. a round stalk or stem
Bolster, bôle'stâr. s. something laid in the bed, to support the head; a pad or quilt
Bolster, bôle'stâr. v. a. to support, maintain
Bolt, bôlt. s. an arrow, a dart; a thunderbolt; the bar of a door
Bolt, bôlt. v. a. to shut or fasten with a bolt
Bolt, bôlt. v. n. to spring out with speed and suddenness [from bran
Bolter, bôlt'âr. s. a sieve to separate meal
Bolting-house, bôlt'ing-hôuse. s. the place where meal is sifted [mass, larger than pills
Bomb, bôm. s. a medicine made into a soft
Bomb, bôm. s. an iron shell, filled with gunpowder, and furnished with a vent for a fusee, or wooden tube, filled with combustible matter; to be thrown out from a mortar [of wine
Bombard, bôm'bârd. s. a great gun; a barrel
Bombard, bôm'bârd. v. a. to attack with bombs
Bombardier, bôm'bâr-dêr. s. the engineer whose office is to shoot bombs
Bombardment, bôm'bârd'mênt. s. an attack made by throwing bombs [stuff
Bombasin, bôm-bâ-zêên. s. a slight silken
Bombast, bôm-bâst. s. a fustian; big words
Bombast, bôm-bâst. a. high-sounding
Bombastick, bôm-bâst'ik. a. high-sounding pompous
Bombulation, bôm-bû-lâ'shûn. s. sound, noise
Bonaroba, bô-nâ-rô'bâ. s. a prostitute
Bond, bônd. s. a ligament that holds any thing together; union; a writing of obligation [ment
Bondage, bôn'dâje. s. captivity, imprisonment
Bondmaid, bônd'mâde. s. a woman slave
Bondman, bônd'mân. s. a man slave
Bondslave, bônd'slave. s. a man in slavery
Bondsman, bôndz'mân. s. one bound for another [slave
Bondwoman, bônd' wôm-ûn. s. a woman
Bone, bône. s. the solid parts of the body
Bone, bône. v. a. to take out the bones from the flesh
Boneless, bône'lês. a. without bones
Bonesetter, bône'sêt-tûr. s. one who sets bones
Bonfire, bôn'fire. s. a fire made for triumph
Bonnet, bôn'nît. s. a hat, a cap
Bonny, bôn'nè-lè. ad. gaily, handsomely
Bonny, bôn'nè. a. handsome, beautiful; gay
Bonny-clabber, bôn-nè-klâb'bûr. s. sour buttermilk [bones
Bony, bôn'è. a. consisting of bones; full of
Booby, bôb'bè. s. a dull stupid fellow [write
Book, bôök. s. a volume in which we read or
Book, bôök. v. a. to register in a book
Bookbinder, bôök'bind-âr. s. one who binds books [ed knowledge
Bookful, bôök'fûl. a. crowded with undigest-
Bookish, bôök'ish. s. a given to books
Bookishness, bôök'ish-nês. s. over-studiousness [with books
Book-learning, bôök'lêrn'ing. s. acquaintance
Bookmate, bôök'mâte. s. a school fellow
Bookseller, bôök'sêl-lâr. s. a man whose profession is to sell books
Bookworm, bôök'wûrm. s. a mite that eats holes in books; a close student
Boom, bôôm. s. a bar laid across a harbour
Boam, bôâm. v. n. to rush with violence

Boon, bôôn. *s.* a gift, a grant
 Boon, bôôn. *a.* gay, merry
 Boor, bôôr. *s.* a lout, a clown
 Boorish, bôôr'ish. *a.* clownish, rustick
 Boorishness, bôôr'ish-nês. *s.* coarseness of manners. [put on boots
 Boot, bôôt. *v. a.* to profit, to advantage ; to
 Boot, bôôt. *s.* profit, gain, advantage ; a cover-
 ing for the leg ; the place under the
 coach-box [an inn who pulls off boots
 Boot-catcher, bôôt'kêsh-âr. *s.* the person at
 Booted, bôôt'êd. *a.* in boots [boughs
 Booth, bôôth. *s.* a house built of boards, or
 Bootless, bôôt'lês. *a.* useless, unavailing
 Booty, bôôt'y. *s.* plunder, pillage
 Bopeep, bô-pêép. *s.* a play among children
 Borachio, bô-râ't'shò. *s.* a drunkard
 Borable, bô-râ-bl. *a.* that may be bored
 Borage, bô-râ'dje. *s.* a plant
 Borax, bô-râks. *s.* an artificial salt
 Bordel, bôrd'êl. *s.* a brothel, a bawdy-house
 Border, bôrd'âr. *s.* the outer part or edge of
 anything ; a bank raised round a garden
 Border, bôrd'âr. *v. n.* to confine upon ; to
 approach nearly to
 Border, bôrd'âr. *v. a.* to adorn with a border ;
 to reach ; to touch [the borders
 Borderer, bôrd'âr-âr. *s.* he that dwells on
 Bore, bôre. *v. a.* to pierce in a hole
 Bore, bôre. *v. n.* to make a hole ; to push
 forwards to a certain point [size of a hole
 Bore, bôre. *s.* the hole made by boring ; the
 Bore, bôre. *pret. of bear*
 Boreal, bô-ré-âl. *a.* northern
 Soreas, bô-ré-âs. *s.* the north wind
 Boreë, bô-ré-é. *s.* a step in dancing
 Born, bôrn. *part. pass.* come into life
 Borne, bôrne. *part.* carried, supported
 Borough, bô-rô. *s.* a town with a corporation
 Borrow, bô-rô. *v. a.* to ask the use of some-
 thing for a time ; to use as one's own
 Borrower, bô-rô-âr. *s.* he that borrows
 Boscage, bôskâje. *s.* wood or woodlands
 Bosky, bôsk'ê. *a.* woody [the tender affections
 Bosom, bôôzâm. *s.* the breast, the heart ;
 Bosom, bôôzâm. *v. a.* to enclose in the bo-
 som ; to conceal
 Boss, bôs. *s.* a stud, a thick body of any kind
 Botanical, bô-tân'ê-kâl. }
 Botanick, bô-tân'êk. } *a. relating to herbs*

Botanist, bôt-â-nîst. *s.* one skilled in plants
 Botch, bôtsh. *s.* a swelling ; a part in any
 work ill finished [mark with botches
 Botch, bôtsh. *v. a.* to mend clumsily ; to
 Botchy, bôt'tsh'ê. *a.* marked with botches
 Both, bôth. *a.* the two
 Both, bôth. *conj.* as well
 Bottle, bôt'tl. *s.* a small vessel of glass, or
 other matter ; a quantity of wine usually put
 into a bottle ; a quantity of hay or grass
 bundled up
 Bottle, bôt'tl. *v. a.* to enclose in bottles
 Bottlescrew, bôt'tl-êkrôd. *s.* a screw to pull
 out the cork [foundation ; a valley
 Bottom, bôt'tâm. *s.* the lowest part ; the
 Bottom, bôt'tâm. *v. a.* to fix upon as a support.
 to win upon something [port
 Bottom, bôt'tâm. *v. n.* to rest upon as its sup-
 port
 Bottomless, bôt'tâm-lês. *a.* without a bottom,
 fathomless [money on a ship's bottom
 Bottomry, bôt'tâm-rê. *s.* the act of borrowing
 Bouge, bôôdje. *v. n.* to swell out
 Bough, bôû. *s.* an arm or large shoot of a tree
 Bought, bôwt. *pret. of buy*
 Bounce, bôûnse. *v. n.* to make a sudden leap,
 to boast, to bully [noise ; a boast, a threat
 Bounce, bôûnse. *s.* a sudden blow, crack, or
 Bouncer, bôûn'sûr. *s.* a boaster, a bully, a liar
 Bound, bôûnd. *s.* a limit, a boundary ; a leap,
 a jump [to restrain
 Bound, bôûnd. *v. a.* to limit, to terminate,
 Bound, bôûnd. *v. n.* to jump, to spring ; to
 Bound, bôûnd. *part. pass. of bind* [fly back
 Bound, bôûnd. *a.* destined, intending to come
 to any place
 Boundary, bôûn'dâ-rê. *s.* limit, bound
 Bounden, bôûn'dên. *part. pass. of bind* [eô
 Boundless, bôûnd'lês. *a.* unlimited, unconfi-
 nite
 Bounteous, ôûn'tché-ûs. *a.* liberal, kind,
 generous [generously
 Bounteously, bôûn'tché-ûs-lê. *ad.* liberally,
 Bounteousness, bôûn'tché-ûs-nês. *s.* munif-
 cence, liberality [munificent
 Bountiful, bôûn'tê-fûl. *a.* liberal, generous,
 Bountifully, bôûn'tê-fûl-lê. *ad.* liberally
 Bountifulness, bôûn'tê-fûl-nês. *s.* the quality
 of being bountiful, generosity
 Bounty, bôûn'tê. *s.* generosity, munificence
 Bourn, bôrne. *s.* a bound, a limit ; a brook,
 torrent

Bonse, bôôze. *v. n.* to drink lavishly
 Bousy, bôô'zê. *a.* drunken.
 Bout, bôût. *s.* a turn, as much of an action as is performed at one time
 Bow, bôû. *v. a.* to bend ; to depress, to crush
 Bow, bôû. *v. n.* to bend, to stoop, to sink under pressure
 Fow, bôû. *s.* an act of reverence or submission
 Bow, bô. *s.* an instrument of war ; a rain-bow ; the instrument with which string instruments are played upon.
 Bow, bô. *v. a.* to bend sideways
 Bow-bent, bô'bên. *a.* crooked
 Bowels, bôû'êls. *s.* intestines ; the inner parts ; tenderness, compassion
 Bower, bôû'âr. *s.* an arbour, an anchor
 Bowery, bôû'âr-rê. *a.* full of bowers
 Bowl, bôle. *s.* the hollow part of any thing ; a basin, a fountain ; a round mass rolled along the ground [bowls at any thing]
 Bowl, bôle. *v. a.* to play at bowls ; to throw
 Bowler, bô'lâr. *s.* he that plays at bowls
 Bowling-green, bô'ling-grêen. *s.* a level piece of ground, kept for bowlers
 Bowman, bô'mân. *s.* an archer
 Bow-sprit, bô'sprît. *s.* a mast running out a-slope at the head of a ship
 Bowstring, bô'strîng. *s.* the string by which a bow is kept bent [is to make bows
 Bowyer, bô'y'âr. *s.* an archer, one whose trade
 Box, bôks. *s.* a tree ; the wood of it ; seat ; case of wood ; a bow
 Box, bôks. *v. a.* to enclose in a box
 Box. bôks. *v. n.* to fight with the fist.
 Boxen, bôk'sn. *a.* made of box, resembling box
 Boxer, bôks'âr. *s.* a man who fights with his fists
 Boy, bôê. *s.* a male child ; youth ; a word of contempt
 Boyhood, bôê'hûd. *s.* the state of a boy
 Boyish, bôê'îsh. *a.* childish, trifling
 Boyishly, bôê'îsh-lê. *ad.* childishly, triflingly
 Boyishness, bôê'îsh-nês. *s.* childishness, triflingness
 Brabble, brâb'bl. *s.* a clamorous contest
 Brabble, brâb'bl. *v. n.* to contest noisily
 Brace, brâse. *v. a.* to bind, to strain up
 Brace, brâse. *s.* a bandage ; a pair ; a crooked line ; tightness [arns
 Bracelet, brâse'lêt. *s.* an ornament for the
 Bracer, brâ'sâr. *s.* a cincture, a bandage

Brachial, brâk'yâl. *a.* belonging to the arm
 Brack, brâk. *s.* a breach
 Bracket, brâk'k'lt. *s.* a small support of wood
 Brackish, brâk'îsh. *a.* salt, something salt
 Brackishness, brâk'îsh-nês. *s.* saltiness
 Brad, brâd. *s.* a sort of nail to floor rooms with
 Brag, brâg. *v. n.* to boast, to display ostentatiously
 Brag, brâg. *s.* a boast ; a proud expression
 Braggadocio, brâ-gâ-dô'shê-ô. *s.* a boasting
 Braggart, brâg'gârt. *s.* a boaster [fellow
 Bragger, brâg'gâr. *s.* a boaster
 Braid, brâde. *v. a.* to weave together
 Braid, brâde. *s.* a texture, a knot
 Brain, brâne. *s.* a collection of vessels and organs in the head ; understanding [brain
 Brain, brâne. *v. a.* to kill by beating out the
 Brainish, brâne'îsh. *a.* hot-headed, furious
 Brainless, brâne'lês. *a.* silly [the brains
 Brainpan, brâne'pân. *s.* the skull containing
 Brainsick, brâne'sîk. *a.* addle-headed, giddy
 Brainsickness, brâne'sîk-nês. *s.* indiscretion, giddiness
 Brake, brâke. *pret. of break*
 Brake, brâke. *s.* fern, brambles ; an instrument for dressing flax ; a kneading trough
 Braky, brâk'é. *c.* thorny, prickly, rough
 Bramble, brâm'bl. *s.* any rough prickly shrub
 Bran, brân. *s.* the husks of corn ground
 Branch, brânsh. *s.* the shoot of a tree ; any part that shoots out from the rest ; offspring
 Branch, brânsh. *v. n.* to spread in branches, to speak diffusively
 Branch, brânsh. *v. a.* to divide as into branches ; to adorn with needlework
 Branchless, brânsh'lês. *a.* without shoots or boughs ; naked
 Branchy, brânsh'ê. *a.* full of branches
 Brand, brând. *s.* a lighted stick ; a sword, a mark made by a hot iron [infamy
 Brand, brând. *v. a.* to mark with a note of
 Brandish, brând'îsh. *a.* to wave or shake ; to flourish [from wine
 Brandy, brân'dê. *s.* a strong liquor distilled
 Brangle, brâng'gl. *s.* squabble, wrangle [ble
 Brangle, brâng'gl. *v. n.* to wrangle, to squabble
 Branny, brân'nê. *a.* having the appearance of bran [in brass ; a pan to hold coals
 Brasier, brâ'zhûr. *s.* a manufacturer that works
 Brass, brâse. *s.* yellow metal · impudence

- Brassy**, brás'sè. *a.* partaking of brass; hard as brass; impudent [the offspring]
- Brat**, brát. *s.* a child so called in contempt;
- Bravado**, brá-vá'dò. *s.* a boast, a brag
- Brave**, bráve. *a.* courageous, gallant, excellent, noble [a challenge]
- Brave**, bráve. *s.* a hector, a bully; a boast,
- Brave**, bráve. *v. a.* to defy, to challenge
- Bravely**, bráve'lé. *ad.* courageously, gallantly
- Bravery**, brá-vûr-rè. *s.* courage; magnificence; bravado, boast
- Brave**, brá'vò. *s.* a man who murders for hire
- Brawl**, bráwl. *v. n.* to speak loud and indelicately
- Brawl**, bráwl. *s.* quarrel, noise, scurrility
- Brawler**, bráw'lûr. *s.* a wrangler
- Brawn**, bráwn. *s.* the flesh of a boar; a boar; calf of the leg [ness]
- Brawniness**, bráw'nè-nès. *s.* strength, hard-
- Brawny**, bráw'nè. *a.* muscular, fleshy, bulky
- Bray**, brá. *v. a.* to pound, or grind small
- Bray**, brá. *v. n.* to make a noise as an ass
- Bray**, brá. *s.* noise, sound
- Brayer**, brá'ûr. *s.* one that brays like an ass; instrument to temper ink
- Braze**, bráze. *v. a.* to solder with brass
- Brazen**, brá'zn. *a.* made of brass; impudent
- Brazen**, brá'zn. *v. n.* to be impudent, to bully
- Brazenface**, brá'zn-fáse. *s.* and impudent wretch [less]
- Brazenfaced**, brá'zn-fáste. *a.* impudent, shame-
- Brazenness**, brá'zn-nès. *s.* appearance like brass; impudence
- Breach**, bréétsh. *s.* the act of breaking any thing; state of being broken; a gap; difference, quarrel
- Bread**, bréd. *s.* food made of ground corn
- Breadth**, bréd'th. *s.* the measure from side to side
- Break**, bráke. *v. a.* to burst or open by force; to destroy by violence; to overcome, to tame; to make bankrupt
- Break**, bráke. *v. n.* to part in two; to open and discharge matter; to open as the morning; to burst forth; to become bankrupt; to decline in health and strength; to fall out [interruption; a line]
- Break**, bráke. *s.* an opening; a pause, an
- Breaker**, brá'kûr. *s.* he that breaks any thing; a wave [in the day]
- Breakfast**, brék'fást. *v. n.* to eat the first meal
- Breakfast**, brék'fást. *s.* the first meal in the day
- Breast**, brést. *s.* part of the body; the heart, the conscience [breast, the sternum]
- Breastbone**, brést'bòne. *s.* the bone of the
- Breasthigh**, brést'hî. *a.* up to the breast
- Breastnot**, brést'nòt. *s.* a knot of ribands worn on the breast [breast]
- Breastplate**, brést'pláte. *s.* armour for the
- Breastplough**, brést'plòû. *s.* a plough driven by the breast
- Breastwork**, brést'wûrk. *s.* works thrown up as high as the breast of the defendants
- Breath**, bréth. *s.* the air drawn in and ejected out of the body; life; respiration; respite; breeze, moving air
- Breathe**, bré'the. *v. n.* to draw in and throw out the air by the lungs; to live, to rest, to take breath; to exercise [prayer; vent]
- Breathing**, bré'tûng. *s.* aspiration, secret
- Breathless**, bréth'lès. *a.* out of breath, spent; dead
- Bred**, bréd. *part. pass.* of to breed
- Breech**, bréétsh. *s.* the lower part of the body; the hinder part of a piece of ordnance
- Breech**, bréétsh. *v. a.* to put into breeches; to fit with a breech
- Breeches**, bréetsh'z. *s.* the garment worn by men over the lower part of the body
- Breed**, brééd. *v. a.* to procreate, to generate; to educate, to bring up [breed]
- Breed**, brééd. *v. n.* to bring young; to raise
- Breed**, brééd. *s.* a cast, kind, progeny, hatch
- Breeder**, brééd'ûr. *s.* that which produces a youngling; the person which brings up another, one that takes care to raise a breed
- Breeding**, brééd'ûng. *s.* education; manners
- Breeze**, brééz. *s.* a gentle gale
- Breezy**, brééz'z. *ad.* fanned with gales
- Brethren**, bré'th'rèn. *s.* the plural of *brother*
- Breviat**, bréve'yát. *s.* a short compendium
- Breviature**, bréve'yá-tshûre. *s.* an abbreviation
- Brevity**, brév'é-té. *s.* conciseness, shortness
- Brew**, bréd. *v. a.* to make liquors; to contrive, to plot [brewer]
- Brew**, bréd. *v. n.* to perform the office of a
- Brewage**, bréd'idje. *s.* mixture of various things
- Brewer**, bréd'ûr. *s.* a man, whose profession it is to make beer [ted to brewing]
- Brewhouse**, bréd'hòûs. *s.* a house appropriated
- Brewing**, bréd'ûng. *s.* quantity of liquor brewed

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nò, mòve,

Brewis, bròò'ls. <i>s.</i> bread soaked in boiling fat pottage	Bright, brite. <i>a.</i> shining, glittering; <i>clear</i> , illustrious; <i>witty</i>
Bribe, bribe. <i>s.</i> a gift to pervert the judgment	Brighten, brî'tn. <i>v. z.</i> to make bright; to make luminous, alert, or acute
Bribe, bribe. <i>v. a.</i> to give bribes	Brighten, brî'tn. <i>v. n.</i> to grow bright to clear
Briber, brî'bûr. <i>s.</i> one who pays for corrupt practices	Brightly, brî'tlê. <i>ad.</i> splendidly, with <i>ustre</i>
Bribery, brî'bûr-rê. <i>s.</i> the crime of taking re- wards for bad practices shaped like a brick	Brightness, brite nês. <i>s.</i> lustre, splendour, acuteness
Brick, brîk. <i>s.</i> a mass of burnt clay; a loaf	Brilliancy, brîl'yân-sê. <i>s.</i> lustre, splendour
Brick, brîk. <i>v. a.</i> to lay with bricks	Brilliant, brîl'yânt. <i>a.</i> shining, sparkling
Brickbat, brîk'bât. <i>s.</i> a piece of brick	Brilliant, brîl'yânt. <i>s.</i> a diamond of the finest cut
Brickdust, brîk'dûst. <i>s.</i> dust made by pound- ing bricks	Brilliantness, brîl'yânt-nês. <i>s.</i> splendour, lus- tre
Brick-kiln, brîk'kîl. <i>s.</i> a place to burn bricks	Brim, brîm. <i>s.</i> the edge of any thing; the top of any liquor; the bank of a fountain
Bricklayer, brîk'lâ-ûr. <i>s.</i> a brick-mason	Brim, brîm. <i>v. a.</i> to fill to the top
Brickmaker, brîk'mâ-kûr. <i>s.</i> one whose trade it is to make bricks	Brim, brîm. <i>v. n.</i> to be full to the brim
Bridal, brî'dâl. <i>a.</i> belonging to a wedding,	Brimful, brîm'fûl. <i>a.</i> full to the top
Bride, brîde. <i>s.</i> a woman newly married	Brimmer, brîm mâr. <i>s.</i> a bowl full to the top
Bridebed, brîde'bêd. <i>s.</i> marriage-bed	Brimstone, brîm's.ôue. <i>s.</i> sulphur
Bridecake, brîde'kâke. <i>s.</i> a cake given to the guests at a wedding	Brimded, brîm'dêd. <i>a.</i> streaked, tabby
Bridegroom, brîde'grôdm. <i>s.</i> a new-married man	Brindled, brîndid. <i>a.</i> brindled, streaked
Bridemen, brîde'mên. } Bridemaids, brîde'mâdz. } <i>s.</i> attendants on the bride and bridegroom	Brine, brîne. <i>s.</i> water impregnated with salt, the sea; tears
Bridewell, brîde'wêl. <i>s.</i> a house of correction	Bring, brîng. <i>v. a.</i> to fetch; to attract, to con- duct; to induce, to prevail upon
Bridge, brîdje. <i>s.</i> a building raised over wa- ter for the convenience of passage; part of the nose, or of a violin	Bringer, brîng'ûr. <i>s.</i> the person who brings any thing
Bride, brî'dl. <i>s.</i> the headstall and reins by which a horse is governed; a restraint, a check	Brinish, brî'nîsh. <i>a.</i> having the taste of brine, Brinishness, brî'nîsh-nês. <i>s.</i> saltiness
Bridle, brî'dl. <i>v. a.</i> to guide by a bridle; to restrain, govern	Bruk, brîak. <i>s.</i> the edge of any place, as of a precipice or a river
Bridle, brî'dl. <i>v. n.</i> to hold up the head	Brisk, brîsk. <i>a.</i> lively, vivacious, gay; bright
Bridlehand, brî'dl-hâno. <i>s.</i> the hand which holds the bridle in riding	Brisket, brîsk'kîl. <i>s.</i> the breast of an animal
Brief, brêéf. <i>a.</i> short, concise; contracted,	Briskly, brîsk'lê. <i>ad.</i> actively, vigorously
Brief, brêéf. <i>s.</i> a short extract, or epitome; writing given to pleaders, containing the case; letters patent	Briskness, brîsk'nês. <i>s.</i> liveliness, vigour, quickness
Briefly, brêéf'lê. <i>ad.</i> concisely, in a few words	Bristle, brîs'sl. <i>s.</i> the stiff hair of swine
Briefness, brêéf'nês. <i>s.</i> conciseness, shortness	Bristle, brîs'sl. <i>v. a.</i> to erect in bristles
Brier, brî'ûr. <i>s.</i> a plant	Bristle, brîs'sl. <i>v. n.</i> to stand erect as bristles
Briery, brî'ûr-rê. <i>a.</i> rough, full of briars	Bristly, brîs'lê. <i>a.</i> thick set with bristles
Brigade, brê-gâde. <i>s.</i> a division of forces, a body of men	Brittle, brî'tl. <i>a.</i> fragile, apt to break
Brigadier-general, brî-gâ-têér-jên'êr-âl. <i>s.</i> an officer next below a major-general	Brittleness, brî'tl-nês. <i>s.</i> aptness to break
Briquantone, brî-gân-tone. <i>s.</i> a light vessel; a coat of mail	Broach, brôtsh. <i>s.</i> a spit
	Broach, brôtsh. <i>v. a.</i> to spit, to pierce; to open, to give out, to utter
	Broacher, brôtsh'ûr. <i>s.</i> an opener, or utterer [of any thing]
	Broad, brôwd. <i>a.</i> wide, extended; open, coarse; fulsome
	Broad cloth, brôwd'klôth. <i>s.</i> a fine kind of cloth

nor, not—tube, tub, bull—oil—pound—thin, THIS.

Broaden, brāw'dn. *v. n.* to grow broad
Broadly, brāw'dle. *ad.* in a broad manner
Broadness, brāw'dnes. *s.* breadth, extent from side to side; coarseness, fulsomeuess
Broadside, brāw'd'side. *s.* the side of a ship; volley of shot fired at once [broad blade
Broadsword, brāw'd'sord. *s.* a sword with a
Brocade, brō-kāde'. *s.* a silken stuff variegated [woven as brocade
Brocaded, brō-kā'ded. *a.* drest in brocade;
Brocade, brō'kidje. *s.* the gain gotten by promoting bargains; the trade of dealing in old things
Broccoli, brok'ko-le. *s.* a species of cabbage
Brock, brok. *s.* a badger
Brocket, brok'kit. *s.* a red deer two years old
Brogue, brōg. *s.* a kind of shoe; a corrupt dialect [of needlework
Broder, broe'dur. *v. a.* to adorn with figures
Broderly, broe'dur-re. *s.* embroidery, flower-
Broil, broil. *s.* a tumult, a quarrel [work
Broil, broil. *v. a.* to cook by laying on the
Broil, broil. *v. n.* to be in the heat [coals
Broke, brōke *pret.* of *to break*
Broken, brō'kn. *part. pass.* of *break*
Broken-hearted, brō'kn-hār-ted. *a.* having the spirits crushed by grief or fear
Broker, brō'kur. *s.* a factor, one who does business for another [of a broker
Brokerage, brō'kur-idge. *s.* the pay or reward
Bronchial, bron'ke-āl. } *a.* belonging to the
Bronchick, bron'kik. } throat
Bronze, bronze. *s.* brass; a medal [jewels
Brooch, brootsh. *s.* a jewel, an ornament of
Brood, brood. *v. n.* to sit on eggs; to cover chickens under the wing; to consider any thing anxiously; to mature by care
Brood, brood. *v. a.* to cherish by care, to hatch
Brood, brood. *s.* offspring, progeny; a hatch, the number hatched at once [the eggs
Broody, broo'de. *a.* in a state of sitting on
Brook, brook. *s.* a running water, a rivulet
Brook, brook. *v. a.* to bear, to endure
Broom, broom. *s.* a shrub, a besom
Broomy, broo'me. *a.* full of broom
Broth, broth. *s.* liquor in which flesh is boiled
Brothel, broth'el. *s.* a bawdy-house
Brother, brath'ur. *s.* a male born of the same parents; any one resembling another in manner, form, or profession

Brotherhood, brath'ur-hud. *s.* the state or quality of being a brother; a fraternity
Brotherly, brath'ur-le, *a.* such as becomes or becoms a brother
Brought, brāwt. *part. pass.* of *bring*
Brow, brow. *s.* the arch of hair over the eyes, the forehead; the edge of any high place
Browbeat, brow'ete. *v. a.* to depress with stern looks
Brown, brown. *a.* the name of a colour
Brownness, brown'nes. *s.* a brown colour
Brownstudy, brown-stud'de. *s.* gloomy meditations [shrubs
Browse, brouze. *v. a.* to eat branches or
Bruse, brooze. *v. a.* to crush or mangle with a heavy blow [blunt and heavy
Bruse, brooze. *s.* a hurt with something
Bruit, broot. *s.* rumour, noise, report
Brunal, broo'mal. *a.* belonging to the winter
Brunett, broo-net'. *s.* a woman with a brown complexion
Brunt, brunt. *s.* shock, violence, blow, stroke
Brush, brush. *s.* an instrument for rubbing; a rude assault, a shock
Brush, brush. *v. a.* to rub with a brush; to strike with quickness [skim lightly
Brush, brush. *v. n.* to move with haste; to
Brushwood, brush'wood. *s.* rough shrub thickets [brush
Brushy, brush'e. *a.* rough or shaggy, like a
Brustle, brus'sl. *v. n.* to crackle
Brutal, broo'tal. *a.* savage, cruel, inhuman
Brutality, broo-tal'e-te. *s.* savageness, churlishness [or savage
Brutalize, broo'ta-lize. *v. n.* to grow brutal
Brutally, broo'tal-le. *ad.* churlishly, inhumanly
Brute, broot. *a.* senseless, unconscious; savage, irrational, rough, ferocious
Brute, broot. *s.* a creature without reason
Brutify, broot'te-fi. *v. a.* to make a man a brute [scious; ignorant
Brutish, broo'tish. *a.* bestial, savage; un-
Brutishly, broo'tish-le. *ad.* in the manner of a brute [ageness
Brutishness, broo'tish-nes. *s.* brutality, sav-
Bubble, bub'bl. *s.* a small bladder of water; a cheat, a false show
Bubble, bub'bl. *v. n.* to rise in bubbles, to run with a gentle noise
Bubble, bub'bl. *v. a.* to cheat

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nò. mòve,

Buccaniers, bûk-â-nээр'z. *s.* American pirates
Buck, bûk. *s.* the liquor in which clothes are washed ; the male of fallow deer, rabbits, and other animals
Buckbasket, bûk'bâs-kêt. *s.* the basket in which clothes are carried to the wash
Bucket, bûk'kît. *s.* a vessel to carry water in
Buckle, bûk'kl. *s.* a link of metal, with a tongue or catch made to fasten one thing to another, the state of the hair crisped and curied [to confine
Buckle, bûk'kl. *v. a.* to fasten with a buckle ;
Buckler, bûk'lâr. *s.* a shield.
Buckram, bûk'râm. *s.* a strong linen cloth, stiffened with gum
Bucolick, bû-kôl'ik. *s.* a pastoral
Bud, bûd. *s.* the first shoot of a plant, a germ
Bud, bûd. *v. n.* to put forth young shoots, or germs ; to be in the bloom
Bud, bûd. *v. a.* to inoculate
Budge, bûdje. *v. n.* to stir
Budget, bûd'jêt. *s.* a bag ; a store, or stock
Buff, bûf. *s.* leather prepared from the skin of the buffalo ; a colour
Buffalo, bûf'fâ-lò. *s.* a kind of wild bull or cow
Buffet, bûf'fît. *s.* a blow with the fist
Buffet, bûf'fêt. *s.* a kind of cupboard
Buffet, bûf'fît. *v. a.* to box, to beat
Buffet, bûf'fît. *v. n.* to play a boxing match
Buffeteer, bûf'fît-tûr. *s.* a boxer
Buffleheaded, bûf'fâ-hêd'êd. *a.* dull, stupid
Buffoon, bûf'fòdn'. *s.* a man whose profession is to make sport by low jests and anticl postures [a buffoon ; low jests
Buffoonery, bûf'fòdn'ûr-rê. *s.* the practice of
Bug, bûg. *s.* a stinking insect [false terror
Bugbear, bûg'bêre. *s.* a frightful object, a
Buggy, bûg'gê. *a.* abounding with bugs
Bugle, bû'gl. *s.* a shining bead of glass
Bugle, bû'gl. } *s.* a hunting horn
Buglehorn, bû'gl-hòrn' }
Build, bîld. *v. a.* to make a fabrick ; to raise any thing on a foundation
Build, bîld. *v. n.* to depend on, to rest on
Builder, bîld'ûr. *s.* he that builds, an architect
Building, bîld'ûg. *s.* a fabrick, an edifice
Bulb, bûlb. *s.* a round root
Bulbous, bûl'bûs. *a.* containing bulbs
Bulge, bûl'je. *v. a.* to rise in water, to be out

Bulk, bûlk. *s.* magnitude, size ; the majority, main fabrick ; part of a building, jutting out
Bulkiness, bûl'kê-nês. *s.* greatness of stature
Bulky, bûl'kê. *a.* of great size or stature
Bull, bûl. *s.* the male of black cattle ; one of the twelve signs of the zodiac ; a letter published by the Pope ; a blunder
Bullbaiting, bûl'bâ-tîng. *s.* the sport of baning bulls with dogs [courage
Bull-dog, bûl'dòg. *s.* a dog remarkable for
Bull-head, bûl'hêd. *s.* a stupid fellow ; a fish
Bullet, bûl'ît. *s.* a round ball of metal
Bullion, bûl'yân. *s.* gold or silver unwrought
Bullition, bûl'îsh'ûn. *s.* the act or state of boiling
Bullock, bûl'lûk. *s.* a young bull
Bully, bûl'lê. *s.* a noisy, quarrelling fellow
Bulwark, bûl'wûrk. *s.* a fortification, security
Bum, bûm. *s.* the part on which we sit
Bumbaliff, bûm-bâ'lif. *s.* a bailiff of the meanest kind
Bump, bûmp. *s.* a swelling, a protuberance
Bumper, bûm'pâr. *s.* a cup filled [rustick
Bumpkin, bûm'kîn. *s.* an awkward heavy
Bunch, bûnsh. *s.* a hard lump, a knob, a cluster
Bunchy, bûn'shê. *a.* growing into bunches
Bundle, bûn'd'. *s.* a number of things bound together
Bundle, bûn'dl. *v. a.* to tie in a bundle
Bung, bûng. *s.* a stopper for a barrel
Bung, bûng. *v. a.* to stop up [barrel is filled
Bunghole, bûng'hòle. *s.* the hole at which the
Bungle, bûng'gl. *v. n.* to perform clumsily
Bungle, bûng'gl. *v. a.* to botch, to manage clumsily
Bungle, bûng'gl. *s.* a botch, an awkwardness
Bungler, bûng'glûr. *s.* a bad workman
Bunglingly, bûng'glîng-lê. *ad.* clumsily, awkwardly
Bunn, bûn. *s.* a kind of sweet bread
Bunter, bûn'tûr. *s.* a low vulgar woman
Buoy, bûdê. *s.* a piece of cork or wood floating, tied to a weight
Buoy, bûdê. *v. a.* to keep afloat [ing
Buoyancy, bûdê'ân-sê. *s.* the quality of float
Buoyant, bûdê'ânt. *a.* which will not sink
Burden, bûr'dn. *s.* a load ; a birth ; the verse
Burden, bûr'dn. *s.* a song

nør, nôt—tåbe, tâb, báll—ðill—pòund—thin, THIS.

Burden, bûr'dn. <i>v. a.</i> to load. to encumber	Bush, bûsh. <i>s.</i> a thick shrub [gallons
Burdensome, bûr'dn-sùm. <i>a.</i> grievous, troublesome	Bushel, bûsh'l. <i>s.</i> a measure containing eight [uneasiness
Burdensomeness, bûr'dn-sùm-nès. <i>s.</i> weight,	Bushiness, bûsh'è-nès. <i>s.</i> the quality of being bushy
Bureau, bù-rò'. <i>s.</i> a chest of drawers	Bushy, bûsh'è. <i>a.</i> thick, full of small branches
Burgage, bûr'gådje. <i>s.</i> a tenure proper to cities and towns [a particular size	Busily, bîz'zè-lè. <i>ad.</i> with hurry activity
Burgois, bûr'jòise'. <i>s.</i> a burgess; a type of	Business, bîz'nès. <i>s.</i> employment; an affair the subject of action; serious engagement
Burgess, bûr'jès. <i>s.</i> a citizen; a representative of a town corporate	Busk, bûsk. <i>s.</i> a piece of whalebone, worn by women to strengthen their stays
Burgh, bûrg. <i>s.</i> a corporate town or borough	Buskin, bûs'kîn. <i>s.</i> a kind of half boot worn on the stage
Burgher, bûr'gûr. <i>s.</i> one who has a right to certain privileges in this or that place	Buskined, bûs'kînd. <i>a.</i> dressed in buskins
Burghership, bûr'gûr-shîp. <i>s.</i> the privilege of a burgher	Busky, bûs'kò. <i>a.</i> woody
Burglary, bûr'glá-rè. <i>s.</i> robbing a house by night, or breaking in with intent to rob	Buss, bûs. <i>s.</i> a kiss; a boat for fishing
Burgomaster, bûr-gò-más-tår. <i>s.</i> one employed in the government of a city	Bust, bûst. <i>s.</i> a half statue
Burial, bûr-rè-ál. <i>s.</i> the act of burying, sepulture, interment [raise laughter	Bustle, bûs'sl. <i>v. n.</i> to be busy to stir
Burlesque, bûr-lèsk. <i>a.</i> jocular, tending to	Bustle, bûs'sl. <i>s.</i> a tumult, a hurry
Burlesque, bûr-lèsk. <i>s.</i> ludicrous language	Bustler, bûs'lår. <i>s.</i> an active stirring man
Burlesque, bûr-lèsk. <i>v. a.</i> to turn to ridicule	Busy, bîz'zè. <i>a.</i> employed; bustling, active, meddling
Urbness, bûr'lè-nès. <i>s.</i> bulk, bluster	Busy, bîz'zè. <i>v. a.</i> to employ, to engage
Burly, bûr'lè. <i>a.</i> big of stature	Busybody, bîz'zè-bòd-dè. <i>s.</i> a meddling, fantastical person
Burn, bûrn. <i>v. a.</i> to consume with fire; to wound with fire	But, bût. <i>conj.</i> except; yet, nevertheless; now; only; than; however, howbeit
Burn, bûrn. <i>v. n.</i> to be on fire; to be inflamed with passion; to act as fire	But-end, bût'ènd'. <i>s.</i> the blunt end of any thing
Burn, bûrn. <i>s.</i> a hurt caused by fire	Butcher, bût'tshûr. <i>s.</i> one that kills animals to sell their flesh; one who delights in blood
Burning, bûr'nîng. <i>s.</i> state of inflammation	Butcher, bût'tshûr. <i>v. a.</i> to kill, to murder
Burning-glass, bûr'nîng-glås. <i>s.</i> a glass which collects the rays of the sun	Butcherly, bût'tshûr-lè. <i>a.</i> bloody, barbarous
Burnish, bûr'nîsh. <i>v. a.</i> to polish [glossy	Butchery, bût'tshûr-rè. <i>s.</i> the trade of a butcher; murder [furnishing the table
Burnish, bûr'nîsh. <i>v. n.</i> to grow bright or	Butler, bût'lår. <i>s.</i> a servant employed in
Burnisher, bûr'nîsh-år. <i>s.</i> the person or instrument that burnishes	Butt, bût. <i>s.</i> a mark; a man upon whom the company break their jests; a vessel containing 126 gallons
Burnt, bûrnt. <i>part. pass.</i> of burn	Butt, bût. <i>v. a.</i> to strike with the head
Burr, bûr. <i>s.</i> the lobe or lap of the ear [hole	Butter, bût'tår. <i>s.</i> an unctuous substance made from cream
Burrow, bûr'rò. <i>s.</i> a corporate town; a rabbit	Butter, bût'tår. <i>v. a.</i> to smear with butter
Burrow, bûr'rò. <i>v. n.</i> to mine as rabbits	Butterfly, bût'tår-fl. <i>s.</i> a beautiful insect
Bursar, bûr'sår. <i>s.</i> the treasurer of a college	Buttermilk, bût'tår-mîlk. <i>s.</i> the whey of churned cream [foretooth
Burse, bûrse. <i>s.</i> an exchange where merchants meet	Buttertooth, bût'tår-tòðth. <i>s.</i> the great broad
Burst, bûrst. <i>v. n.</i> to fly open; to fly asunder	Butterwoman, bût'tår-wûm-ån. <i>s.</i> a woman that sells butter [sions are laid up
Burst, bûrst. <i>v. a.</i> to break suddenly, to make a quick and violent disruption	Buttery, bût'tår-rè. <i>s.</i> the room where provisions are laid up
Bury, bûr-rè. <i>v. a.</i> to inter, to put into a grave; to conceal	Buttock, bût'tåk. <i>s.</i> the rump, the part near the tail

Fâte, fâ, fall, fât—mê, mêt—pine, pln—nò, mòve.

Button, bû't'n. *s.* any knob or ball; the bud of a plant [fasten with buttons]
Button, bû't'n. *v. a.* to dress, to clothe; to
Buttonhole, bû't'n-hôle. *s.* the loop in which the button is caught
Buttress, bû't'rîs. *s.* a prop, a support [jolly
Buxom, bûk'sûm. *a.* lively, brisk; wanton;
Buxomly, bûk'sûm-lé. *ad.* wantonly, amorously [amorousness
Buzonness, bûk'sûm-nês. *s.* wantonness,
Buy, bl. *v. a.* to purchase, to acquire by paying a price
Buyer, bl'ûr. *s.* he that buys, a purchaser
Buzz, bûz. *v. n.* to hum, to make a noise like bees [hawk; a blockhead, a dunce
Buzzard, bûz'zûrd. *s.* a degenerate species of Buzzer, bûz'zûr. *s.* a secret whisperer
By, bl. *prep.* it notes the agent, instrument, cause, or means [passing; in presence
By, bl. *ad.* near, at a small distance; beside,
By and by, bl'ând-bl'. *ad.* in a short time
By-end, bl'ênd'. *s.* private interest, secret advantage
By-law, bl'lâw'. *s.* a private law
By-name, bl'nâmé'. *s.* a nickname
By-path, bl'pâth'. *s.* a private or obscure path
By-stander, bl'stân'dûr. *s.* a looker on, one unconcerned [reproach
By-word, bl'wûrd'. *s.* a proverb; a term of

C

CAB, kâb. *s.* a Hebrew measure, containing about three pints
Cabal, kâ-bal. *s.* the secret science of the Hebrew rabbins; a body of men united in some close design
Cabal, kâ-bâl'. *v. n.* to form close intrigues
Cabalist, kâb'â-llst. *s.* one skilled in the traditions of the Hebrews
Caballistical, kâb-âl llst'è-kâl. }
Caballistick, kâb-âl llst'è-llk. } *a.*
 that has an occult meaning
Caballer, kâ-bâl'lûr. *s.* he who engages in close designs, an intriguer
Cabbage, kâb'bîdjé. *s.* a plant [clothes
Cabbage, kâb'bîdjé. *v. a.* to steal in cutting
Cabin, kâb'bîn. *s.* small chamber in a ship; a cottage
Cabin, kâb'bîn. *v. n.* to live in a cabin

Cabin, kâb'bîn. *v. a.* to confine in a cabin
Cabinet, kâb'în-êt. *s.* a set of drawers for curiosities; a private room in which consultations are held
Cable, kâ'bl. *s.* the great rope of a ship to which the anchor is fastened
Cackle, kâk'kl. *v. n.* to make a noise as a goose, or a hen; to giggle
Cackle, kâk'kl. *s.* the noise of a goose or fowl
Cackler, kâk'lûr. *s.* a fowl that cackles; a teiltale
Cacochymy, kâk'lô-kîm-mê. *s.* a deprivation of the humours from a sound state [words
Cacophony, kâ-kôf'ô-nê. *s.* a bad sound of
Cacuminate, kâ kû'mé-nâte. *v. a.* to make sharp or pyrâmidal
Cadaverous, kâ-dâv'ê-rûs. *a.* having the appearance of a dead carcass [rub
Caddis, kâd'îls. *s.* a kind of tape; a worm or
Cade, kâde. *a.* tame, soft
Cadence, kâ'dênsé. *s.* fall of the voice; a tone
Cadent, kâ'dênt. *a.* falling down [unter
Cadet, kâ-dêt'. *s.* a younger brother; a vol-
Cadi, kâ'dé. *s.* a magistrate among the Turks
Caduceus, kâ-dû'shé-ûs. *s.* the rod or wand with which Mercury is depicted
Caducity, kâ-dû'sé-té. *s.* tendency to fall
Cæsura, sè-zû'râ. *s.* a figure in poetry, by which a short syllable after a complete foot is made long
Caftan, kâf'tân. *s.* a Persian vest or garment
Cag, kâg. *s.* a barrel or wooden vessel containing 4 or 5 gallons
Cage, kâje. *s.* an enclosure for birds, or wild beasts; a prison for petty malefactors
Cage, kâje. *v. n.* to enclose in a cage
Cajole, kâ-jôlé'. *v. a.* to flatter, to soothe
Cajoler, kâ-jô'lûr. *s.* a flatterer, a wheedler
Cajollery, kâ-jô'lûr-ré. *s.* flattery [knave
Caiff, kâ'tîf. *s.* a mean villain, a despicable
Cake, kâke. *s.* a kind of delicate bread [ove
Cake, kâke. *v. n.* to harden as dough in the
Calamanco, kâl-â-mâng'kô. *s.* a kind of wool-
 len stuff [minous earth
Calamine, kâl'â-mîne. *s.* a kind of fossil bitu-
Calamitous, kâ-lâm'ê-tûs. *a.* miserable, unhappy, wretched [distress
Calamitousness, kâ-lâm'ê-tûs-nês. *s.* misery,
Calamity, kâ-lâm'ê-té. *s.* misfortune, cause of misery

nòr, nòt—tùbe, tdt, lùll—dìl—lòund—tlin, rnis.

- Calash, ká-lásh'. *s.* a carriage of pleasure
 Calcarious, kái-ká-ré-ús *a.* partaking of the nature of calx [shoes]
 Calceated, kál'shé à-téd. *a.* shod, fitted with
 Calcination, kál-sè-ná-shùn. *s.* chymical pulverization
 Calcine, kál-sin'. *v. a.* to burn to a calx or substance easily reduced to powder [heat]
 Calcine, kál-sin'. *v. n.* to become a calx by
 Calculate, kál-kú-láte. *v. a.* to compute, to reckon: to adjust
 Calculation, kál-kú-lá-shùn. *s.* the art of numbering; the result of arithmetical operation
 Calculator, kál'kú-lá-túr. *s.* a computer
 Calculous, kál'kú-lús. *a.* stony, gritty
 Caldron, káwl'drún. *s.* a pot, a boiler, a kettle
 Calefaction, kál-é-fák'shùn. *s.* the act of heating; the state of being heated [heats]
 Calefactory, kál-é-fák-túr-é. *a.* that which heats
 Calf, kál'é-fl. *v. n.* to grow hot, to be heated
 Calendar, kál'én-dúr. *s.* a register of the year; an almanack
 Calender, kál'én-dúr. *v. a.* to dress cloth
 Calender, kál'én-dúr. *s.* a press in which clothiers smooth their cloth
 Calends, kál'éndz. *s.* the first day of the month among the Romans
 Calenture, kál'én-tshùre. *s.* a distemper prevalent in hot climates
 Calf, kál'. *s.* the young of a cow; the thick part of the leg
 Caliber, kál'é-búr. *s.* the diameter of the barrel of a gun [ton]
 Calico, kál'é-kò. *s.* Indian stuff made of cotton
 Calid, kál'id. *a.* hot, burning
 Calidity, ká-lid-dé-té. *s.* heat
 Calif, } ká líf. *s.* a title assumed by the successors of Mahomet among the Saracens
 Caliph, }
 Calignation, kál-lé-gá'shùn. *s.* darkness, cloudiness
 Caliginous, ká-lidje'é-nús. *a.* obscure, dim
 Calk, káwk. *v. a.* to stop the leaks of a ship
 Calker, káw'kúr. *s.* one who stops the leaks of a ship
 Call, káwl. *v. a.* to name; to summon or invite; to make a short visit; to stigmatize with some opprobrious denomination
 Call, káwl. *s.* a vocal address; requisition; divine vocation: an impulse; command;
 a claim; an instrument to call birds; a nomination [trade; employment]
 Calling, káwl'ing. *s.* vocation, profession,
 Callosity, kál-lòs'sé-té. *s.* a kind of swelling without pain
 Callous, kál'lús. *a.* hardened, insensible
 Callow, kál'lò. *a.* unfledged, wanting feathers
 Callus, kál'lús. *s.* an induration of the fibres; the hard substance by which broken bones are united
 Calm, kám. *a.* quiet, serene; undisturbed
 Calm, kám. *s.* serenity, stillness; repose
 Calm, kám. *v. a.* to still, to quiet; to pacify
 Calmly, kám'lé. *ad.* without storms or passions, quietly [freedom from passion]
 Calmness, kám'nés. *s.* tranquillity, serenity;
 Calomel, kál'ò-mél. *s.* mercury six times sublimed [ty of producing heat]
 Calorifick, kál-ò-rí'fík. *a.* that has the quality
 Caltrops, kál'tróps. *s.* an instrument made with three spikes, so that which way soever it falls to the ground, one of them points upright
 Calve, káv. *v. n.* to bring forth a calf
 Calumniate, ká-lúm'né-áte. *v. a.* to slander
 Calumniator, ká-lúm'né-à-túr. *s.* a forger of accusation, a slanderer [ly, reproachful]
 Calumnious, ká-lúm'né-ús. *a.* slanderous, false
 Calunny, kál'úm-né. *s.* slander, false charge
 Calx, káks. *s.* any thing rendered reducible to powder by burning
 Cambrick, kám'ebrík. *s.* a kind of fine linen
 Came, káme. *pret. of to come*
 Camel, kám'él. *s.* a beast of burden
 Camelot, } kám'lét. *s.* a kind of stuff made
 Camlet, } with wool and silk
 Camera Obscura, kám'è-rá-òb-skú'rá. *s.* an optical machine used in a darkened chamber
 Camerated, kám'èr-à-téd. *a.* arched [arching]
 Cameration, kám'èr-à-shùn. *s.* a vaulting or
 Camisado, kám-é-sá'dò. *s.* an attack made in the dark, on which occasion they put their shirts outward
 Camp, kámp. *s.* the order of tents placed by armies when they keep the field
 Camp, kámp. *v. n.* to lodge in tents
 Campaign, kám-páne'. *s.* a large, open, level tract of ground; the time an army keeps the field
 Campestral, kám-pés'trál. *a.* growing in fields

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pline pîn—nô, môve,

- Camphire**, kâm'fîr. *s.* a kind of resin
- Camphorate**, kâm'fô-râte. *a.* impregnated with camphire
- Can**, kân. *s.* a cup
- Can**, kân. *v. n.* to be able, to have power
- Canaille**, kâ-nâ'le'. *s.* the lowest people
- Canal**, kâ-nâl'. *s.* a basin or course of water made by art; a passage through which any of the juices of the body flow
- Canary**, kâ-nâ'rê. *s.* wine brought from the Canaries, sack [singing bird]
- Canary-bird**, kâ-nâ'rê-bârd. *s.* an excellent
- Cancel**, Lân'sl. *v. a.* to cross a writing; to efface, to obliterate
- Cancer**, kân'sâr. *s.* a crab-fish; the sign of the summer solstice; a virulent sore [cer]
- Cancerate**, kân'sâr-râte. *v. n.* to become a cancer
- Cancerous**, kân'sâr-rûs. *a.* having the virulence of a cancer
- Candent**, kân'dênt. *a.* hot
- Candid**, kân'dîd. *a.* white, fair, open, ingenuous [that solicits advancement]
- Candidate**, kân'dâ-dâte. *s.* a competitor, one
- Candidly**, kân'dîd-lê. *ad.* fairly, ingenuously
- Candidness**, kân'dîd-nês. *s.* ingenuousness, openness of temper [low]
- Candle**, kân'dl. *s.* a light made of wax or tallow
- Candlelight**, kân'dl-lîte. *s.* the light of a candle [purification of the Blessed Virgin]
- Candlemas**, kân'dl-mûs. *s.* the feast of the Candlestick, kân'dl-sûk. *s.* the instrument that holds a candle
- Candour**, kân'dûr. *s.* sweetness of temper, purity of mind, ingenuousness
- Candy**, kân'dê. *v. a.* to conservè with sugar
- Candy**, kân'dê. *v. n.* to grow, congealed
- Cane**, kâne. *s.* a kind of strong reed; the plant which yields the sugar; a lance; a reed
- Cane**, kâne. *v. a.* to beat with a cane or stick
- Canicular**, kâ-nîk'û-lâr. *a.* belonging to the dog star [a dog]
- Canine**, kâ-nîné'. *a.* having the properties of
- Canister**, kân'îs-tûr. *s.* a small box; a small vessel in which any thing is laid up
- Canker**, kâng'kûr. *s.* an eating or corroding humour; corrosior; a disease in trees
- Canker**, kâng'kûr. *v. n.* to grow corrupt
- Canker**, kâng'kûr. *v. a.* to corrupt, corrode; to infect
- Cannibal**, kân'nê-bâl. *s.* a man-eater
- Cannibalism**, kân'nê-bâl-îzm. *s.* the manners of a cannibal [of a cannibal]
- Cannibally**, kân'nê-bâl-lê. *ad.* in the manner
- Cannon**, kân'nûn. *s.* a large gun
- Cannonade**, kân'nûn-nâde'. *v. n. tc.* attack or batter with cannon
- Cannonier**, kân'nûn-nêér'. *s.* the engineer that manages the cannon
- Cannot**, kân'nôt. *v. n.* to be unable
- Canoe**, kân-nôô'. *s.* a boat made by cutting the trunk of a tree into a hollow vessel
- Canon**, kân'ûn. *s.* a rule, a law; the books of Holy Scriptures; a dignitary in a cathedral; a large sort of printing letter
- Canonical**, kâ-nôn'ê-kâl. *a.* spiritual, ecclesiastical [agreeable to the canon]
- Canonically**, kâ-nôn'ê-kâl-lê. *ad.* in a manner
- Canonist**, kân'nûn-nîst. *s.* a professor of the canon law [of declaring a saint]
- Canonization**, kân-nô-rê-zâ'shûn. *s.* the act
- Canonize**, kân'nô-nîze. *v. a.* to declare any one a saint
- Canonry**, kân'ûn-rê. } *s.* an ecclesiastic
- Canonship**, kân'ûn-shîp. } al benefice in some cathedral or collegiate church [py]
- Canopied**, kân'ô-pîd. *a.* covered with a canopy
- Canopy**, kân'ô-pê. *s.* a covering spread over the head
- Canopy**, kân'ô-pê. *v. a.* to cover with a canopy
- Canorous**, kâ-nô'rûs. *a.* musical, tuneful
- Cant**, kânt. *s.* a corrupt dialect used by beggars and vagabonds; a form of speaking peculiar to some certain class of men; a whining pretension to goodness; barbarous jargon; auction
- Cant**, kânt. *v. n.* to talk in the jargon of particular professions; to speak with a particular tone
- Cant**, kânt. *v. a.* to toss or sling away
- Cantata**, kân-tâ'tâ. *s.* a song [lop]
- Canter**, kân'tûr. *s.* a hypocrite; a short gal
- Cantharides**, kân-thâr'ê-dêz. *s.* Spanish flies, used to raise blisters
- Canticle**, kân'tê-kl. *s.* the song of Solomon
- Canto**, kân'tò. *s.* a book or section of a poem
- Cantou**, kân'tûn. *s.* a small division of land, a clan
- Cantou**, kân'tûn. *v. a.* to divide into little parts

nôr, nô-t—tũde, tũb, bũll—dũl—pũna—chin, THIS.

- Canvass, kãn vãs.** *s.* a kind of cloth woven for several uses; solicitation upon an election
- Canvass, kãn vãs.** *v. a.* to sift, to examine; to debate, to controvert
- Canvass, kãn vãs.** *v. n.* to solicit
- Canzonet, kãn-zò-nê'.** *s.* a little song
- Cap, káp.** *s.* the garment that covers the head
- Cap, káp.** *v. a.* to cover the top
- Cap-a-pie, káp-á-pê'.** *a.* from head to foot
- Capacity, ká-pá-bl'è-tê.** *s.* capacity
- Capable, ká-pá-bl.** *a.* intelligent, able, capacious, susceptible; qualified
- Capableness, ká-pá-bl-nês.** *s.* the quality or state of being capable
- Capacious, ká-pá-shũs.** *a.* wide, large, extensive, equal to great design
- Capaciousness, ká-pá-shũs-nês.** *s.* the power of holding, largeness [qualify]
- Capacitate, ká-pás'è-táte.** *v. a.* to enable, to
- Capacity, ká-pás'è-tê.** *s.* power, ability; room, condition [for a horse]
- Caparison, ká-pár'è-sũn.** *s.* a sort of cover
- Caparison, ká-pár'è-sũn.** *v. a.* to dress pompously [neck-piece of a cloak or coat]
- Cape, kápe.** *s.* a headland, promontory; the
- Caper, ká-pũr.** *s.* a leap, or jump; an acid prickle [riment]
- Caper, ká-pũr.** *v. n.* to dance, to skip for merriment
- Capias, ká-pé-ũs.** *s.* a writ of execution
- Capillaire, káp-pĩl-lá-re'.** *s.* syrup of maiden-hair [small, minute]
- Capillary, káp-pĩl-lá-rê.** *a.* resembling hairs,
- Capital, káp'é-tál.** *a.* relating to the head; criminal in the highest degree; that which affects life; chief, principal
- Capital, káp'é-tái.** *s.* the upper part of a pillar; the chief city of a nation
- Capitally, káp'é-tál-lê.** *ad.* in a capital manner, so as to affect life [heads]
- Capitation, káp'é-tá-shũn.** *s.* numeration by
- Capitulate, ká-pĩtsh'ũ-láte.** *v. n.* to draw up any thing in heads or articles; to yield on certain stipulations [terms, conditions]
- Capitulation, ká-pĩtsh'ũ-lá-shũn.** *s.* stipulation,
- Capon, ká'pn.** *s.* a castrated cock
- Caprice, ká-prêse'.** *s.* fancy, whim [ful]
- Capricious, ká-prĩsh'ũs.** *a.* whimsical, fanciful
- Capriciousness, ká-prĩsh'ũs-nês.** *s.* humour, whimsicalness
- Capricorn, káp-prê-kõrn.** *s.* one of the signs of the zodiack, the winter solstice
- Capstan, káp'stán.** *s.* a cylinder with levers to wind up any great weight
- Capsular, káp'shũ-lár.** *a.* hollow like a chest
- Capsulated, káp'shũ-lá-têd.** *a.* enclosed, or in a box
- Captain, káp'tĩn.** *s.* the commander of a company in a regiment; the chief commander of a ship [of a captain]
- Captainship, káp'tĩn-shĩp.** *s.* the rank or post
- Captation, káp'tá-shũn.** *s.* the practice of catching favour [person]
- Caption, káp'shũn.** *s.* the act of taking any
- Captious, káp'shũs.** *a.* given to cavils, insidious, ensnaring [tion to object]
- Captiously, káp'shũs-lê.** *ad.* with an inclination
- Captiousness, háp'shũs-nês.** *s.* inclination to object; peevishness
- Captivate, káp'tê-váte.** *v. a.* to bring into bondage; to charm, to subdue
- Captivation, káp'tê-vá-shũn.** *s.* the act of taking one captive [enraptured by beauty]
- Captive, káp'tiv.** *s.* one taken in war; one
- Captive, káp'tiv.** *a.* made prisoner in war
- Captivity, káp'tiv'è-tê.** *s.* bondage; slavery
- Captor, káp'tũr.** *s.* he that takes a prisoner, or a prize [thing; a prize]
- Capture, káp'tshũre.** *s.* the act of taking any
- Capuchin, l'áp-ũ-shêen'.** *s.* a cloak and hood made in imitation of the dress of capuchin monks [chariot of war]
- Car, kár.** *s.* a small carriage of burden;
- Carabine, or Carbine, kár-blũe'.** *s.* a small sort of fire-arms [horseman]
- Carabinieri, kár-bê-nêer'.** *s.* a sort of light-
- Carack, kár'ák.** *s.* a large ship of burden, galleon
- Carat, kár'át.** *s.* a weight of four grains
- Caravan, kár'á-ván.** *s.* a troop or body of merchants or pilgrims
- Caravansary, kár'á-ván-sá-rê.** *s.* a house for the reception of travellers
- Carbuncle, kár'bũnk-kl.** *s.* a jewel shining in the dark; red spot
- Carcass, kár'kás.** *s.* a dead body of an animal; the main parts, without completion or ornament; a kind of bomb
- Card, kárd.** *s.* a paper painted; a note; the instrument with which wool is combed

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât—mê, mêt—pîne, pîn—nô. môve,

- Cârd, kârd.** *n. a.* to comb wool
- Cardiack, kâr'dê-âk.** *a.* cordial, invigorating
- Cardinal, kâr'dê-nâl.** *a.* principal, chief
- Jardinal, kâr'dê-nâl.** *s.* one of the chief governors of the Romish church
- Care, kâre.** *s.* solicitude, anxiety, concern; caution; charge
- Care, kâre.** *v. n.* to be anxious or solicitous; to be inclined; to be affected with
- Careen, kâ-rêên'** *v. a.* to calk, to stop up leaks
- Career, kâ-rêêr'** *v. a.* a course, a race; full speed
- Career, kâ-rêêr'** *v. n.* to run with a swift motion
- Careful, kâre'fûl.** *a.* anxious, solicitous, provident, watchful
- Carefully, kâre'fûl-lê.** *ad.* heedfully, watchfully
- Carefulness, kâre'fûl-nês.** *s.* vigilance, caution
- Carelessly, kâre'lês-lê.** *ad.* negligently, heedlessly
- Carelessness, kâre'lês-nês.** *s.* heedlessness, inattention
- Careless, kâre'lês.** *a.* unconcerned, negligent, heedless, unmindful
- Caress, kâ-rês'.** *v. n.* to endear, to fondle
- Caress, kâ-rês'.** *s.* an act of endearment
- Caret, kâr'êt.** *s.* a note which shows where something interlined should be read, as [A]
- Cargo, kâr'gô.** *s.* the lading of a ship
- Caricature, kâr-îk-â-tshûr'.** *s.* exaggerated character, redundant in some of its parts, and defective in others
- Caries, kârê-îz.** *s.* rottenness
- Carious, kârê-ûs.** *a.* rotten
- Carle, kârl.** *s.* a rude brutal man, a churl
- Carman, kâr'mân.** *s.* a man whose employment it is to drive carts [White Friars]
- Carmelite, kâr'mê-lîte.** *s.* one of the order of Carmine
- Carminative, kâr-mîn'â-tîv.** *s.* something that dispels wind, and promotes insensible perspiration [carminatives]
- Carminative, kâr-mîn'â-tîv.** *a.* belonging to Carmine
- Carmine, kâr-mîne'.** *s.* a powder of a bright red or crimson colour
- Carnage, kâr'nîdje.** *s.* slaughter, havoc
- Carnal, kâr'nâl.** *a.* fleshly, lustful, lecherous
- Carnality, kâr-nâl'ê-tê.** *s.* fleshly lust; grossness of mind [colour; a flower]
- Carnation, kâr-nâ shûn.** *s.* the natural flesh
- Carneous, kâr'nê-ûs.** *a.* fleshy
- Carnival, kâr'nê-vâl.** *s.* the feast held in Roman Catholic countries before Lent
- Carnivorous, kâr-nîv'ô-rûs.** *a.* flesh-eating
- Carnosity, kâr-nôs'ê-tê.** *s.* fleshy excrescence
- Carnous, kâr'nûs.** *a.* fleshy
- Carol, kâr'rûl.** *s.* a song of devotion
- Carol, kâr'rûl.** *v. n.* to sing, to warble
- Carol, kâr'rûl.** *v. a.* to praise, to celebrate
- Carousal, kâ-rôû'zâl.** *s.* a festival
- Carouse, kâ-rôûz'.** *v. n.* to drink, to quaff
- Carousei, kâ-rôû'zûr.** *s.* a drinker, a toper
- Carp, kârp.** *s.* a pond fish
- Carp, kârp.** *v. n.* to censure, to cavil
- Carpenter, kâr'pên-tûr.** *s.* an artificer in wood
- Carpet, kâr'pît.** *s.* a covering for a floor
- Carpet, kâr'pît.** *v. a.* to spread with carpets
- Carping, kâr'pîng.** *part. a.* captious, censorious
- Carriage, kâr'rdje.** *s.* the act of carrying or transporting; vehicle; behaviour, conduct
- Carrier, kâr'rê-ûr.** *s.* one who carries something; a species of pigeon
- Carrion, kâr'rê-ûn.** *s.* the carcass of something not proper for food; corrupted flesh
- Carrot, kâr'rût.** *s.* garden root
- Carrotty, kâr'rût-ê.** *a.* spoken of red hair
- Carry, kâr'rê.** *v. a.* to convey; to bear; to behave, to conduct
- Cart, kârt.** *s.* a wheel-carriage for luggage
- Cart, kârt.** *v. a.* to expose in a cart
- Cart, kârt.** *v. n.* to use carts for carriage
- Cart-blanche, kârt-blânsh'.** *s.* a blank paper to be filled up with such conditions as the person to whom it is sent thinks proper
- Cartel, kâr-têl.** *s.* a writing containing stipulations
- Carter, kâr'tûr.** *s.* the man who drives a cart
- Cartilage, kâr'tê-îldje.** *s.* a gristle [of gristle]
- Cartilaginous, kâr-tê-lâdje'ê-nûs.** *a.* consisting of cartilage
- Cartoon, kâr-tôôn'.** *s.* a painting upon large paper
- Cartouch, kâr tôôsh'.** *s.* a case for balls
- Cartridge, kâr'tîldje.** *s.* a case of paper or parchment filled with gunpowder [wheel]
- Cartut, kâr'tût.** *s.* the track made by a cart
- Cartwright, kâr'trite.** *s.* a maker of carts
- Carve, kârv.** *v. a.* to cut wood or stone; to cut meat at the table
- Carve, kârv.** *v. n.* to exercise the trade of a sculptor; to perform at table the office of supplying the company
- Carver, kâr'vûr.** *s.* a sculptor; he that cuts up the meat at the table
- Carving, kâr'vîng.** *s.* sculpture, figures carved

- Cascade, kâs-kâde'. *s.* a cataract, a water-fall
Case, kâse *s.* a box, a sheath; state of things;
contingence; the variation of nouns
Case, kâse. *v. a.* to put in a case or cover;
to strip off the covering [the outside
Caseharden, kâse'hâr-dn. *v. a.* to harden on
Casement, kâzement. *s.* a window opening
upon hinges
Cash, kâsh. *s.* money, ready money
Cashier, kâ-shêér'. *s.* he that has charge of
the money [from a post
Cashier, kâ-shêér'. *v. a.* to discard, to dismiss
Cask, kâsk. *s.* a barrel [head
Casque, kâsk. *s.* a helmet; armour for the
Casket, kâsk'kt. *s.* a small box for jewels
Cassate, kâs'sâte. *v. a.* to vacate, to invalidate
Cassock, kâs'sûk. *s.* a close garment
Cast, kâst. *v. a.* to throw with the hand; to
shed; to mout; to lay aside; to over-
weigh, to make to preponderate; to com-
pute, to reckon; to fix the parts in a play;
to direct the eye; to model, to form
Cast, kâst. *v. n.* to contrive; to admit of a
form by casting or melting; to warp
Cast, kâst. *s.* the act of casting or throwing;
a throw; motion of the eye; a mould, a
form; exterior appearance, manner, air
Castanet, kâs'tâ-nét. *s.* small shells of ivory,
or hard wood, which dancers rattle in their
hands [bandoned by Providence
Castaway, kâst'â-wâ. *s.* a person lost or a-
Castigate, kâst-té-gâte. *v. a.* to chastise, to
punish [correction
Castration; kâs-té-gâ'shûn. *s.* punishment,
Castigatory, kâs'té-gâ-tûr-é. *a.* punitive
Castle, kâs'sl. *s.* a house fortified
Cator, kâs'tûr. *s.* a beaver
Castrate, kâs'trâte. *v. a.* to geld
Castration, kâs-trâ'shûn. *s.* the act of gelding
Casual, kâzh'û-âl. *a.* accidental, arising from
chance [out design
Casually, kâzh'û-âl-lé. *ad.* accidentally, with-
Casuistry, kâzh'û-âl-té. *s.* accident, a thing
happening by chance
Casuist, kâzh'û-ist. *s.* one that studies and set-
tles cases of conscience
Casuistical, kâzh'û-ist-té-kâl. *a.* relating to
cases of conscience [casuist
Casuistry, kâzh'û-ist-tré. *s.* the science of a
Cat, cât. *s.* a domestic animal; a sort of ship
- Catachrestical, kât-â-krês'té-kâl. *a.* forced
far-fetched [undation
Cataclysm, kât'â-klizm. *s.* a deluge, an in-
Catacombs, kât'â-kômz. *s.* subterraneous cav-
ernities for the burial of the dead
Catalogue, kât'â-lôg. *s.* an enumeration of
particulars, a list
Cataplasm, kât'â-plâzm. *s.* a poultice
Cataract, kât'â-râkt. *s.* a fall of water, a cas-
cade; a disease of the eyes
Catarrh, kâ-târ'. *s.* a detluxion of a sharp se-
rum from the glands about the head and
throat
Catastrophe, kâ-tâs'trô-fé. *s.* the resolution
which produces the final even of a dra-
matick piece; a final event, generally un-
happy
Cateal, kât'kâll. *s.* a squeaking instrument
Catch, kâtsh. *v. a.* to lay hold on, to stop, to
seize, to ensnare, to entangle [infection
Catch, kâtsh. *v. n.* to be contagious, to spread
Catch, kâtsh. *s.* seizure, the act of seizing;
a song sung in succession; an advantage
taken; the thing caught; a taint; any
thing that catches [bailiff
Catchpoll, kâtsh'pôle. *s.* a serjeant, a bum-
Catchword, kâtsh'wûrd. *s.* the word at the
corner of the page under the last line,
which is repeated at the top of the next page
Catechetical, kât-é-kê't-é-kâl. *a.* consisting of
questions and answers
Catechise, kât'é-kéze. *v. a.* to instruct by
asking questions; to interrogate [see
Catechiser, kât'é-kéi-zûr. *s.* one who catechi-
Catechism, kât'é-klizm. *s.* questions and an-
swers concerning religion
Catechist, kât'é-kist. *s.* one whose charge is
to question the uninstructed concerning re-
ligion
Catechumen, kât-é-kû'mên. *s.* one who is yet
in the first rudiments of Christianity [tve
Categorical, kât-é-gôr'é-kâl. *a.* absolute, posi-
Categorically, kât-é-gôr'é-kâl-é. *ad.* positive-
ly, expressly [ideas
Category, kât'é-gôr-é. *s.* a class; an order of
Catenarian, kât-é-nâ-ré-ân. *a.* relating to a
chain [connexion
Catenation, kât-é-nâ'shûn. *s.* link, regular
Cater, kâ'tûr. *v. n.* to provide food, to buy in
Caterer, kâ'tûr-ûr. *s.* a purveyor [virtuals

Fâc, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pline, plu—nò, môve,

Cateress, kâ'tûr-rês. <i>s.</i> a woman employed to provide victuals	[plant]	Cauterization, kâw'tûr-rê-zâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of burning with hot irons	[cautery]
Caterpillar, kât'tûr-pîl-lûr. <i>s.</i> a worm; a		Cauterize, kâw'tûr-îze. <i>v. a.</i> to burn with the	
Caterwaul, kâ'tûr-wâwl. <i>v. n.</i> to make a noise as cats		Cautery, kâw'tûr-rê. <i>s.</i> an iron for burning; a caustic medicine	[warning]
Cates, kâtes. <i>s.</i> viands, food		Caution, kâw'shûn. <i>s.</i> prudence, foresight,	
Catgut, kât'gût. <i>s.</i> a kind of cord or gut of which fiddle strings are made; a kind of canvass for ladies' work		Caution, kâw'shûn. <i>v. a.</i> to warn, to give notice of a danger	[pledge, or in security]
Cathartick, kâ-thâr'tîk. <i>a.</i> purgative		Cautionary, kâw'shûn-â-rê. <i>a.</i> given as a	
Cathedral, kâ-thê'drâl. <i>a.</i> episcopal, containing the see of a bishop	[a diocese]	Cautious, kâw'shûs. <i>a.</i> wary, watchful	
Cathedral, kâ-thê'drâl. <i>s.</i> the head church of		Cautiously, kâw'shûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> in a wary manner	
Catholic, kâth'ô-lik. <i>a.</i> universal or general		Cautiousness, kâw'shûs-nês. <i>s.</i> watchfulness, vigilance, circumspection	[horseback]
Catholicon, kâ-thô'lê-kôn. <i>s.</i> an universal medicine		Cavalcade, kâv'âl-kâde. <i>s.</i> a procession on	
Catoptrical, kât-ôp'trê-kâl. <i>a.</i> relating to the catoptricks, or vision by reflection		Cavalier, kâv-â-lêér'. <i>a.</i> gay, sprightly, generous; haughty	[daintily]
Catoptricks, kât-ôp'trîks. <i>s.</i> that part of opticks which treats of vision by reflection		Cavalierly, kâv-â-lêér'lê. <i>ad.</i> haughtily, disdainfully	
Caveup, kâtsh'ûp. <i>s.</i> a kind of pickle		Cavalry, kâv'âl-rê. <i>s.</i> horse-troops	
Cattle, kât'tl. <i>s.</i> beasts of pasture, not wild nor domestic		Cave, kâve. <i>s.</i> a cavern, den, hollow place	
Candle, kâw'dl. <i>s.</i> a mixture of wine and other ingredients, given to women in childbed		Caveat, kâvê-ât. <i>s.</i> a law-term to prevent proceedings; a warning	[ground]
Caul, kâwl. <i>s.</i> a chest with holes, to keep fish alive in the water		Cavern, kâv'ûrn. <i>s.</i> a hollow place in the	
Catch, kâwt. <i>part. pass.</i> of to catch		Cavernous, kâv'ûrn-nûs. <i>a.</i> full of caverns	
Cauk, kâwk. <i>s.</i> a coarse talky spar		Caviare, kâ-vêér'. <i>s.</i> the eggs of a sturgeon salted	
Caul, kâwl. <i>s.</i> the hinder part of a woman's cap; any kind of small net; a thin membrane enclosing the head of some children when born	[bage]	Cavil, kâv'îl. <i>s.</i> a false or frivolous objection	
Cauliflower, kôll'lê-fîdû-ûr. <i>s.</i> a species of cabbage		Cavil, kâv'îl. <i>v. n.</i> to raise frivolous objections	
Causable, kâw'zâ-bl. <i>a.</i> that may be caused		Caviller, kâv'îl-ûr. <i>s.</i> a captious disputant	
Causal, kâw'zâl. <i>a.</i> relating to causes		Cavity, kâv'é-tê. <i>s.</i> hollowness, a hollow	
Causative, kâw'zâ-tîv. <i>a.</i> that expresses a cause or reason	[litigation; party]	Caw, kâw. <i>v. n.</i> to cry as the rook, or crow	
Cause, kâwz. <i>s.</i> a reason, motive, subject of		Cease, sêse. <i>v. n.</i> to leave off, stop, give over to be extinct	
Cause, kâwz. <i>v. a.</i> to effect as an agent		Cease, sêse. <i>v. a.</i> to put a stop to	[continual]
Causelessly, kâwz lês-lê. <i>ad.</i> without cause, without reason	[or motive]	Ceaseless, sêse'lês. <i>a.</i> incessant, perpetual,	
Causeless, kâwz lês. <i>a.</i> without just ground		Cecity, sês'é-tê. <i>s.</i> blindness, privation of sight	[dar-tree]
Causeway, kâwz wâ. } <i>s.</i> a way raised and paved above the rest of the ground		Cedar, sê'dâr. <i>s.</i> a tree, the wood of the cedar	
Caustick, 'câws'tîk. <i>s.</i> a burning application		Cede, sêde. <i>v. a.</i> to yield, resign, give up to another	[tree]
Cautelous, kâw'tê-lûs. <i>a.</i> cautious, wary; cunning	[cautiously, warily]	Cedrine, sê'drîne. <i>a.</i> belonging to the cedar-	
Cautiously, kâw'tê-lûs lê. <i>ad.</i> cunningly,		Ceil, sêle. <i>v. a.</i> to cover the inner roof of a	
		Ceiling, sê'lîng. <i>s.</i> the inner roof	[building]
		Celebrate, sê'lê-brâte. <i>v. a.</i> to praise, to commend; to distinguish by solemn rites	
		Celebration, sêl-ê-brâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> solemn performance, praise, memorial	
		Celebrious, sê-lê-brê-ûs. <i>a.</i> famous, renowned	
		Celebriously, sê-lê-brê-ûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> in a famous manner	

nôr, nô-tâbe, tâb, bâll—ôll—pôund—thin, this.

Celebrity, sê-lêb'brê-tê. <i>s.</i> celebration, fame	Centre, sên'tûr. <i>v. a.</i> to place on a centre
Celerity, sê-lêr'rê-tê. <i>s.</i> swiftness, speed, velocity	Centrick, sên'trîk. } Central, sên'trîk-âl. } <i>a.</i> placed in the centre
Celestial, sê-lês'tshâl. <i>a.</i> heavenly [heaven	Centrifugal, sên-trîf'û-gâl. <i>a.</i> having the quality of receding from the centre
Celestial, sê-lês'tshâl. <i>s.</i> an inhabitant of	Centripetal, sên-trîp'ê-tâl. <i>a.</i> having a tendency to the centre
Celestially, sê-lês'tshâl-lê. <i>ad.</i> in a heavenly manner	Centuple, sên'tû-pl. <i>a.</i> a hundred fold
Celibacy, sêl'ê-bâ-se. <i>s.</i> single life	Centurion, sên-tû-rê-ûn. <i>s.</i> a military officer who commanded a hundred men
Cell, sêll. <i>s.</i> a small cavity or hollow place; the cave or little habitation of a religious person; a small and close apartment in a prison [stores are repositèd	Century, sên'tshû-rê. <i>s.</i> a hundred years
Cellar, sêl'lâr. <i>s.</i> a place under ground, where	Cephalick, sê-fâl'îlk. <i>a.</i> medicinal to the head
Cellarage, sêl'lâr-lê-je. <i>s.</i> the part of the building which makes the cellars [or cavities	Cerate, sê'rât. <i>s.</i> a salve made of wax
Cellular, sêl'lû-lâr. <i>a.</i> consisting of little cells	Cerated, sê'râ-têd. <i>a.</i> waxed
Cement, sêm'mênt. <i>s.</i> the matter with which two bodies are made to cohere	Cere, sêre. <i>v. a.</i> to cover with wax
Cement, sê-mênt'. <i>v. a.</i> to unite by means of something interposed [tion, to cohere	Cerement, sêr'e-mênt. <i>s.</i> clothes dipped in melted wax, with which dead bodies were infolded [servant of old forms
Cement, sê-mênt'. <i>v. n.</i> to come into conjunction	Ceremonial, sêr-ê-in'ô-nê-âl. <i>a.</i> formal, ob-
Cemetery, sêm'mê-têr-ê. <i>s.</i> a burial place	Ceremonial, sê -ê-mô'nê-âl. <i>s.</i> outward form, external rite
Cenatory, sên'nâ-tûr-ê. <i>s.</i> relating to supper	Ceremonious, sêr-ê-mô'nê-ûs. <i>a.</i> full of ceremony, civil and formal to a fault
Cenotaph, sên'ô-tâf. <i>s.</i> a monument for one elsewhere buried	Ceremoniously, sêr-ê-mô'nê-ûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> in a ceremonious manner, formally
Cense, sênsê. <i>s.</i> publick rates [is burned	Ceremony, sêr'ê-mô-nê. <i>s.</i> external form in religion; forms of civility; outward forms of state [termined
Censor, sên'sôr. <i>s.</i> the pan in which incense	Certain, sêr'tîn. <i>a.</i> sure, indubitable; de-
Rome; one given to censure [sor	Certainly, sêr'tîn-lê. <i>ad.</i> indubitably, without fail [fixed
ensorian, sên-sô'rê-ân. <i>a.</i> relating to a censoriousness, sên-sô'rê-ûs. <i>a.</i> addicted to censure	Certainty, sêr'tîn-tê. <i>s.</i> that which is real and
Censoriousness, sên-sô'rê-ûs-nês. <i>s.</i> disposition to reproach [censor	Certes, sêr'têz. <i>ad.</i> certainly, in truth
Censorship, sên'sôr-shîp. <i>s.</i> the office of a	Certificate, sêr-tîf'ê-kê-t. <i>s.</i> testimony in writing [tion
Censurable, sên'shû-râ-bl. <i>a.</i> culpable	Certify, sêr'tê-fl. <i>v. a.</i> to give certain information
Censurableness, sên'shû-râ-bl-nês. <i>s.</i> blameableness [proach	Certiorari, sêr-shê-ô-râ'ri. <i>s.</i> a writ issuing out of the Chancery, to call up the records of a cause therein depending. [from doubt
Censure, sên'shûre. <i>s.</i> blame, reprimand, re-	Ceruleade, sêr'tê-tûde. <i>s.</i> certainty, freedom
Censure, sên'shûre. <i>v. a.</i> to blame	Cerulean, sê-rû'lê-ân. } Ceruleous, sê-rû'lê-ûs. } <i>a.</i> blue, sky-coloure
Cent, sênt. <i>s.</i> a hundred	Cerumen, sê-rû'mên. <i>s.</i> the wax of the ear
Centaur, sên'tâwr. <i>s.</i> a poetical being, supposed to be compounded of a man and a horse; the archæ, in the zodiack	Ceruse, sê'rûse. <i>s.</i> white lead [rates
Centenary, sên'tê-nâ-rê. <i>s.</i> the number of a hundred [a hundred years	Cess, sês. <i>s.</i> an assessment; the act of laying
Centennial, sên-tên'nê-âl. <i>a.</i> consisting of	Cessation, sês-sî'shûn. <i>s.</i> a stop, a rest, a vacation; a pause of hostility
Centesimal, sên-tês'ê-mâl. <i>a.</i> hundredth	Cessible, sês'sê bl. <i>a.</i> easy to give way
Centipede, sên'tê-pêd. <i>s.</i> a poisonous insect	Cession, sêsh'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of giving way; resignation
Central, sên'trâl. <i>a.</i> relating to the centre	
Centre, sên'tûr. <i>s.</i> the middle	

Fà.e, fâr, fâl. fât—mê, mêl—plne, pln—nô, môve,

- Assessment, sê's'mên't. *s.* an assessment or tax
 Cestus, sê's'tûs. *s.* the girdle of Venus
 Cetaceous, sê-tâ'shûs. *a.* of the whale kind
 (Chafe, tshâ'fê. *v. a.* to warm with rubbing; to make angry
 Chafe, tshâ'fê. *v. n.* to fret, to fume
 Chafe, tshâ'fê. *s.* a heat, rage, fury
 Chaff, tshâ'f. *s.* the husks of corn
 Chaffer, tshâ'f'fâr. *v. n.* to haggle, to bargain
 Chafferer, tshâ'f'fâr-rûr. *s.* a buyer, bargainer
 Chaffy, tshâ'f'fê. *a.* like chaff, full of chaff
 Chafingdish, tshâ'f'fing-dîsh. *s.* a portable grate for coals
 Chagrin, shâ-grê'n'. *s.* ill humour, vexation
 Chagrin, shâ-grê'n'. *v. a.* to vex, to put out of
 Chain, tshâ'ne. *s.* a series of links [temper
 Chain, tshâ'ne. *v. a.* to fasten with a chain
 Chair, tshâ'ro. *s.* a moveable seat; a sedan
 Chairman, tshâ're mân. *s.* the president of an assembly; one who carries a chair
 Chaise, shâ'ze. *s.* a carriage of pleasure or expedition [els
 Chaldron, tshâ'rd'ân. *s.* a measure of 36 bush-
 Chalice, tshâ'f'is. *s.* a communion cup
 Chalk, tshâ'k. *s.* a white fossil [chalk
 Chalk, tshâ'k. *v. a.* to rub or mark with
 Chalky, tshâ'k'k'ê. *a.* consisting of chalk
 Challenge, tshâ'lên'je. *v. a.* to call to a contest; to accuse; to claim
 Challenge, tshâ'lên'je. *s.* a summons to combat; a demand of something as due
 Chalybeate, kâ-ll'b'ê-tê. *a.* impregnated with iron or steel
 Chamber, tshâm'bûr. *s.* an apartment in a house, generally used for those appropriated to lodging [intrigue
 Chamber, tshâm'bûr. *v. n.* to be wanton, to
 Chamberlain, tshâm'bûr-lîn. *s.* the sixth officer of the crown; a servant who has the care of the chambers
 Chambermaid, tshâm'bûr-mâde. *s.* a maid whose business is to dress a lady
 Champ, tshâmp. *v. a.* to bite with a frequent action of the teeth [the action of biting
 Champ, tshâmp. *v. n.* to perform frequently
 Campaign, shâm-pân'ê. *s.* a kind of wine; a flat open country [room
 Champignon, shâm-pln'yû. *s.* a kind of mushroom
 Champion, tshâm'pé-ûn. *s.* a hero, a stout
- Chance, tshân'se. *s.* fortune, accident
 Chance, tshân'se. *v. n.* to happen, to fall out
 Chance-medley, tshân'se-mêd'lê. *s.* the casual slaughter of a man, not altogether without the fault of the slayer [church
 Chancel, tshân'sêl. *s.* the eastern part of the
 Chancellor, tshân'sêl-lûr. *s.* an officer of the highest power in the court where he presides [and conscience
 Chancery, tshân'sûr-ê. *s.* the court of equity
 Chandelier, shân-dê-lêér'. *s.* a branch for candles [to make candles
 Chandler, tshând'lûr. *s.* one whose trade is
 Change, tshân'je. *v. a.* to put one thing in the place of another; to discount a larger piece of money into several smaller; to alter
 Change, tshân'je. *v. n.* to undergo change, to suffer alteration [small money
 Change, tshân'je. *s.* an alteration; a novelty
 Changeable, tshân'je'â-blâ. *a.* fickle, inconstant
 Changeableness, tshân'je'â-bl-nês. *s.* inconstancy, fickleness
 Changeably, tshân'je'â-blê. *ad.* inconstantly
 Changeling, tshân'je'ling. *s.* a child left in the place of another; an idiot; one apt to change
 Channel, tshân'nêl. *s.* the hollow bed of running waters; any cavity drawn longways; a strait or narrow sea
 Channel, tshân'nêl. *v. a.* to cut in channels
 Chant, tshânt. *v. a.* to sing; to sing in the cathedral service
 Chant, tshânt. *s.* song, melody
 Chanter, tshân'tûr. *s.* a singer [his crow
 Chanticleer, tshân-tê-klêér. *s.* the cock, from
 Chantress, tshân'três. *s.* a woman singer
 Chaos, kâ'ôs. *s.* confusion, irregular mixture
 Chaotick, kâ-ô'tîk. *a.* resembling chaos, confused
 Chap, tshôp. *v. a.* to divide, to open [fused
 Chap, tshôp. *s.* a cleft, a chink; the upper or under part of a beast's mouth
 Chape, tshâpe. *s.* the catch of any thing by which it is held in its place
 Chapel, tshâp'êl. *s.* a place of divine worship
 Chapelry, tshâp'pêl-rê. *s.* the bounds of a chapel [shrunk
 Chaplain, tshôp'plân. *a.* having the vouch
 Chaplain, tshâp'plân. *s.* he that attends the king, or other great person, to perform divine service

Chaplet, tsháp'let. <i>s.</i> a garland or wreath to be worn about the head	Charming, tshár'ming. <i>part. a.</i> pleasing in the highest degree
Chapman, tsháp'mán. <i>s.</i> a cheapener, one that offers as a purchaser	Charmingly, tshár'ming-lé. <i>ad.</i> in such a manner as to please exceedingly
Chapter, tsháp'túr. <i>s.</i> a division of a book; an assembly of the clergy of the cathedral	Charnel-house, tshár'nél-hóuse. <i>s.</i> the place where the bones of the dead are reposed
Char, tsháre. <i>s.</i> work done by the day	Chart, kárt, or tshárt. <i>s.</i> a delineation of coasts [privileges or rights]
Char, tsháre. <i>v. n.</i> to work at other's houses by the day	Charter, tshár'túr. <i>s.</i> a writing bestowing
Character, kár'ák-túr. <i>s.</i> a mark, a representation; a letter; a representation of any man as to his personal qualities; the person with his assemblage of qualities	Chartered, tshár'túrd. <i>a.</i> privileged
Characteristick, kár'ák-té-rí'stík. <i>a.</i> pointing out the true character	Chary, tshá'ré. <i>a.</i> careful, cautious
Characteristick, kár'ák-té-rí'stík. <i>s.</i> that which constitutes the character	Chase, tsháse. <i>v. a.</i> to hunt; to pursue
Characterize, kár'ák-té-ríze. <i>v. a.</i> to give a character, to mark, describe [ing wood]	Chase, tsháse. <i>s.</i> pursuit; hunting match; the game hunted; open ground stored with game
Charcoal, tshár'kóle. <i>s.</i> coal made by burning wood	Chasin, kázm. <i>s.</i> a cleft, a gap, an opening
Charge, tshárje. <i>v. a.</i> to intrust; to impute, to accuse; to command; to attack; to load a gun	Chaste, tsháste. <i>a.</i> pure from all commerce of sexes; uncorrupt; true to the marriage bed
Charge, tshárje. <i>s.</i> care, custody; command; accusation; thing intrusted; cost; attack; the quantity of powder and ball put into a gun [putable; accusable]	Chasten, tsháse'n. <i>v. a.</i> to correct, to punish
Chargeable, tshár'já bl. <i>a.</i> expensive; imputable	Chastise, tshás'tíze. <i>v. a.</i> to punish, to correct [punishment]
Chargeableness, tshár'já-bl-nés. <i>s.</i> expense, costliness	Chastisement, tshás'tíz-mént. <i>s.</i> correction
Chargeably, tshár'já-blé. <i>ad.</i> expensively	Chastity, tshás'té-té. <i>s.</i> purity of the body
Charger, tshár'jár. <i>s.</i> a large dieh; an officer's horse	Chastly, tsháste'lé. <i>ad.</i> without incontinence, purely
Charily, tshá'ré-lé. <i>ad.</i> warily, frugally	Chastness, tsháste'nés. <i>s.</i> chastity, purity
Chariness, tshá'ré-nés. <i>s.</i> caution, nicety	Chat, tshát. <i>v. n.</i> to prate, to talk idly
Chariot, tshár'ré-út. <i>s.</i> a carriage of pleasure or state [a chariot]	Chat, tshát. <i>s.</i> idle talk, prate
Charioteer, tshár-ré-út-téer'. <i>s.</i> he that drives a chariot	Chattel, tshát'tl. <i>s.</i> any moveable possession
Charitable, tshár'é-tá-bl. <i>a.</i> kind in giving alms, or in judging of others	Chatter, tshát'túr. <i>v. n.</i> to make a noise as birds; to talk idly or carelessly
Charitably, tshár'é-tá-blé. <i>ad.</i> kindly, liberally; benevolently [ality to the poor; alms]	Chatter, tshát'túr. <i>s.</i> noise like that of a pig or monkey; idle prate
Charity, tshár'é-té. <i>s.</i> kindness, love; liberality	Chatty, tshát'té. <i>a.</i> liberal of conversation
Chark, tshárk. <i>v. a.</i> to burn to a black cinder	Cheap, tshépe. <i>a.</i> to be had at a low rate
Charu, tshárm. <i>s.</i> a spell or enchantment	Cheapen, tshé'pn. <i>v. a.</i> to bid for any thing; to lessen value [low rate]
Charu, tshárm. <i>v. a.</i> to make powerful by charms; to subdue by some secret power	Cheaply, tshépe'lé. <i>ad.</i> at a small price, at a low rate
Charmer, tshár'múr. <i>s.</i> one that has the power of enchantment; one that captivates the heart	Cheapness, tshépe'nés. <i>s.</i> lowness of price
	Cheat, tshéte. <i>v. a.</i> to defraud, to impose upon, to trick [ture; a person guilty of fraud]
	Cheat, tshéte. <i>s.</i> a fraud, a trick, an imposition
	Cheater, tshé'túr. <i>s.</i> one that practises fraud
	Check, tshék. <i>v. a.</i> to repress, to curb [tere]
	Check, tshék. <i>v. n.</i> to stop, to clash, to interfere
	Check, tshék. <i>s.</i> restraint, curb, reproof
	Checker, } tshék'úr. <i>v. a.</i> to variegate or diversify
	Chequer, }
	Check. tshéék. <i>s.</i> the side of the face below

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mè, mêt—pine, pln—nò, môve,

- the eye ; a general name among mechanics for those pieces of their machines that are double
 Cheer, tshêér. *s.* entertainment, provisions ;
 Cheer, tshêér. *v. a.* to incite, to encourage, to comfort, to gladden
 Cheer, tshêér. *v. n.* to grow gay or gladsome
 Cheerful, tshêér'fûl. *a.* gay, full of life or mirth
 Cheerful'y, tshêér'fûl-lè. *ad.* without objection
 Cheerfulness, tshêér'fûl-nês. *s.* freedom from dejection, alacrity
 Cheerless, tshêér'lês'. *a.* without gaiety, com-
 Cheery, tshêér'lé. *a.* gay, cheerful, not gloomy
 Cheerly, tshêér'lé. *ad.* cheerfully
 Cheery, tshêér'é. *a.* gay, sprightly
 Cheese, tshêéze. *s.* food made by pressing the curd of milk
 Cheesecake, tshêéze'kâke. *s.* a cake of curds, sugar, and butter
 Cheesemonger, tshêéze'mâng-gûr. *s.* one who deals in cheese
 Cheesy, tshêéze'. *a.* having the nature of
 Cherish, tshêér'rish. *v. a.* to support, shelter, nurse up
 Cherisher, tshêér'rish-ûr. *s.* an encourager,
 Cherub, tshêér'ûb. *s.* a celestial spirit
 Cherubick, tshê-rû'bik. *a.* relating to the cherubim
 Cherubim, tshêér'û-blm. *s.* the Hebrew plural
 Cherup, tshêér'ûp. *v. n.* to chirp, to use a cheerful voice
 Chess, tshês. *s.* an intricate game in imitation of a battle between two armies
 Chess-board, tshês'bôrd. *s.* the board on which the game of chess is played
 Chess-man, tshês'mân. *s.* a puppet for chess
 Chest, tshêst. *s.* a box of wood or other materials
 Chestnut, tshês'nût. *s.* the fruit of the chest-
 Chevalier, shêv-â-lêér'. *s.* a knight
 Chevaux-de-frise, shêv-ô-dé-frêéze'. *s.* a piece of timber traversed with wooden spikes, pointed with iron, used in defending a passage, a turnpike, or tourniquet.
 Chew, tshôd. *v. a.* to grind with the teeth, to masticate ; to taste without swallowing
 Chew, tshôd. *v. n.* to champ upon ; to ruminate
 Chicane, shê-kâne'. *s.* artifice in general
 Chicanery, shê-kâ nûr-é. *s.* sophistry
- Chick, tshik.
 Chicken, tshik'ln. } *s.* the young of a hen
 Chickenhearted, tshik'ln-hâr-têd. *a.* coward-ly, fearful
 Chide, tshide. *v. a.* to reprove ; to blame, to
 Chide, tshide. *v. n.* to clamour, to scold
 Chief, tshêéf. *a.* principal, eminent, of the first order
 Chief, tshêéf. *s.* a commander, a leader
 Chiefly, tshêéf'lé. *ad.* principally, eminently
 Chieftain, tshêéf'tn. *s.* a leader, the head of a clan
 Chilblain, tshil'blâne. *s.* a sore made by frost
 Child, tshild. *s.* an infant ; one in the line of filiation, opposed to the parent
 Childbearing, tshild'bâ-rîng. *s.* the act of bearing child'en
 Childbed, tshild'bêd. *s.* the state of a woman
 Childbirth, tshild'bêrth. *s.* travail, labour
 Childhood, tshild'hûd. *s.* the time of life between infancy and puberty ; the properties of a child
 Childish, tshild'ish. *a.* trifling, trivial, puerile
 Childishly, tshild'ish-lè. *ad.* in a childish trifling way
 Childishness, tshild'ish-nês. *s.* puerility, triflingness
 Childless, tshild'lês. *a.* without children
 Childlike, tshild'lîke. *a.* becoming a child
 Chiliaedron, kil-ê-â-é'drôn. *s.* a figure of a thousand sides
 Chill, tshil. *a.* cold, dejected, discouraged
 Chill, tshil. *s.* chillness, cold
 Chill, tshil. *v. a.* to make cold ; to depress, to
 Chilliness, tshil'lé-nês. *s.* a sensation of shivering, cold
 Chilly, tshil'le. *a.* somewhat cold
 Chilness, tshil'nês. *s.* coldness, want of
 Chine, tshime. *s.* correspondence of sound, the sound of bells struck with hammers
 Chime, tshime. *v. n.* to sound in harmony, to jingle
 Chime, tshime. *v. a.* to make to sound harmonically ; to strike a bell with a hammer
 Chimera, kê-mê'ra. *s.* a vain and wild fancy
 Chimerical, kê-mê'rê'kâl. *a.* imaginary, fantastick
 Chimney, tshim'né. *s.* the passage through
 Chimnypiece, tshim'né-pêéce. *s.* the ornamental piece round the fireplace [under lip
 Chin, tshin. *s.* the part of the face beneath the

nôr, nôt—tâbe, tâb, bûll—ôll—pôund—thin, rhis.

China, tshâ'nê, or tshî'nâ. <i>s.</i> china ware, porcelain	Choose, tshôôze. <i>v. n.</i> to have the power of choice
Chincough, tshln'kôf. <i>s.</i> a violent and contagious cough	[to devour eagerly]
Chine, shline. <i>s.</i> the part of the back in which the backbone is found	Chop, tshôp. <i>v. a.</i> to cut with a quick blow;
Chine, tshline. <i>v. a.</i> to cut into chines	Chop, tshôp. <i>v. n.</i> to do any thing with a quick motion; to light or happen upon a thing
Chink, tshlnk. <i>s.</i> a small aperture longwise	[or cleft]
Chink, tshlnk. <i>v. a.</i> to shake so as to make a sound	Chop, tshôp. <i>s.</i> a small piece of meat; a crack
[other]	Chop-house, tshôp'hôuse. <i>s.</i> a house of ready entertainment
Chink, tshlnk. <i>v. n.</i> to sound by striking each	Chopping, tshôp'plng. <i>a.</i> large, well grown
Chint, tshlnts. <i>s.</i> cloth of cotton made in India	Choppy, tshôp'pé. <i>a.</i> full of holes or cracks
Chip, tshlp. <i>v. a.</i> to cut into small pieces	Chops, tshôps. <i>s.</i> the mouth of a beast
Chip, tshlp. <i>s.</i> a small piece taken off by a cutting instrument	Choral, kô'ral. <i>a.</i> singing in a choir
[cises writing]	Chord, kôrd. <i>s.</i> the string of a musical instrument; a right line, which joins the two ends of any arch of a circle
Chirographer, kl-rôg'grâ-fûr. <i>s.</i> he that exercises writing	Chord, kôrd. <i>v. a.</i> to furnish with strings
Chirography, kl-rôg'grâ-fê. <i>s.</i> the art of writing	Chorister, kwlr'ris-tûr. <i>s.</i> a singer in cathedral
Chirp, tshêrp. <i>v. n.</i> to make a cheerful noise, as birds	Chorography, kô-rôg'grâ-fê. <i>s.</i> the art of describing particular regions
Chirurgian, kl-rûr'jê-ân. <i>s.</i> one that cures ailments by outward applications; a surgeon	Chorus, kô'rûs. <i>s.</i> a number of singers, a concert; verses of a song in which the company join the singer
Chisel, tshl'zll. <i>s.</i> an instrument with which wood or stone is pared away	Chose, tshôse. <i>pret. of to choose</i>
Chisel, tshl'zll. <i>v. a.</i> to cut with a chisel	Chosen, tshô'zn. <i>part. pass. of to choose</i>
Chit, tshlt. <i>s.</i> a child; a shoot of corn	Chouse, tshôuse. <i>v. a.</i> to cheat, to trick
Chit, tshlt. <i>v. n.</i> to sprout	Chouse, tshôuse. <i>s.</i> a bubble, a tool; a trick or sham
Chitchat, tshlt'tshât. <i>s.</i> prattle, idle prate	Christen, krîs'en. <i>v. a.</i> to baptize, to name
Chitterlings, tshlt'tûr-lingz. <i>s.</i> the intestines of an eatable animal; the frill at the bosom of a shirt	Christendom, krîs'sn-dûm. <i>s.</i> the collective body of Christianity
[itary dignity]	[baptizing]
Chivalry, tshlv'al-rê. <i>s.</i> knighthood, a military	Christening, krîs'sn-îng. <i>s.</i> the ceremony of
Chocolate, tshôk'b-lâte. <i>s.</i> the mass made by grinding the kernel of the cocoa-nut, to be dissolved in hot water; the liquor made by a solution of chocolate	Christian, krîst'yûn. <i>s.</i> a professor of the religion of Christ
Choice, tshôise. <i>s.</i> election; the power of choosing; the thing chosen	[of Christ]
[gal, careful]	Christian, krîst'yûn. <i>a.</i> professing the religion
Choice, tshôise. <i>a.</i> select, of great value; frugally	Christianity, krîs-tshê-ân'é-tê. <i>s.</i> the religion of Christians
Choiçely, tshôise'lê. <i>ad.</i> curiously, with exact choice	[Christian]
[value]	Christianize, krîst'yûn-ize. <i>v. a.</i> to make
Choiceness, tshôise'nês. <i>s.</i> nicety, particular	Christmas, krîs'mâs. <i>s.</i> the feast of the nativity of our blessed Saviour
Choir, kwlrê. <i>s.</i> a set of singers	Chromatick, krô-mât'ik. <i>a.</i> relating to colour, relating to a certain species of ancient music
Choke, tshôke. <i>v. a.</i> to suffocate; to stop up; to suppress	[artichoke]
[artichoke]	Chronical, krôn'é kâl. } <i>a.</i> of long duration
Choke, tshôke. <i>s.</i> the filamentous part of an	Chronick, krôn'ik. }
Choke-pear, tshôké'pâre. <i>s.</i> a rough, unpalatable pear; a sarcasm that stops the mouth	Chronicle, krôn'é-kl. <i>s.</i> a register of events in order of time
Choler, kô'lâr. <i>s.</i> the bile; anger	Chronicle, krôn'é-kl. <i>v. a.</i> to record in history
Cholerick, kô'lâr-rik. <i>a.</i> angry, irascible	Chronicler, krôn'é-klâr. <i>s.</i> a writer of chronicles; a historian
Choose, tshôôze. <i>v. o.</i> to select to pick out of a number	

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nò, n òve,

Chronogram, krôn'ò-grâm. *s.* an inscription including the date of any action
 Chronologer, krò-nò'lò-jûr. *s.* he that studies or explains the science of computing past times [ting to time]
 Chronological, krôn-nò-lòdje'è-kâl. *a.* relating to time
 Chronologically, krôn-nò-lòdje'è-kâl-lé. *ad.* in a chronological manner
 Chronologist, krò-nò'lò-jîst. *s.* one that studies or explains time
 Chronology, krò-nò'lò-jè. *s.* the science of computing and adjusting the periods of time
 Chrysalis, krîs'sâ-lîs. *s.* the first apparent change of the maggot of any species of insects
 Chrysolite, krîs'sò-llte. *s.* a precious stone of a dusky green, with a cast of yellow
 Chuck, tshûk. *v. n.* to make a noise like a hen
 Chuck, tshûk. *v. a.* to call as a hen; to give a gentle blow under the chin
 Chuck, tshûk. *s.* the voice of a hen; a word of endearment
 Chuckle, tshûk'kl. *v. n.* to laugh vehemently
 Chuckle, tshûk'kl. *v. a.* to call as a hen; to foun-
 Chuff, tshûf. *s.* a blunt clown [dle
 Chuffiness, tshûf'fè-nès. *s.* clownishness
 Chum, tshûm. *s.* a chamber fellow [wood
 Chump, tshûmp. *s.* a thick heavy piece of
 Church, tshûrtsh. *s.* the collective body of christians; the place which christians consecrate to the worship of God
 Church, tshûrtsh. *v. a.* to perform the office of returning thanks after childbirth
 Churchman, tshûrtsh'mân. *s.* a clergyman; an adherent to the church
 Churchyard, tshûrts'âyârd. *s.* the ground adjoining to the church; a cemetery [gard
 Churl, tshûrl. *s.* a rustick; a rude man; a nig-
 Churlish, tshûr'lîsh. *a.* rude, brutal; avaricious
 Churlishly, tshûr'lîsh-lé. *ad.* rudely, brutally
 Churlishness, tshûr'lîsh-nès. *s.* brutality, ruggedness of manner [is made
 Churn, tshûrn. *s.* the vessel in which butter
 Churn, tshûrn. *v. a.* to shake any thing by a violent motion; to make butter [storach
 Chyle, kîle. *s.* the white juice formed in the
 Chymical, kîm'è-kâl. *a.* relating to chymistry
 Chymically, kîm'è-kâl-lé. *ad.* in a chymical manner
 Chymist, kîm'îst. *s.* a professor of chymistry

Chymistry, kîm'îst-trè. *s.* the art or process by which the different substances found in mixed bodies are separated by means of fire [after a wound
 Cicatrice, sîk'â-trîs. *s.* the scar remaining
 Cicatrize, sîk'â-trîze. *v. a.* to apply such medicines to wounds as skin them
 Cicurate, sîk'â-râte. *v. a.* to tame, to reclaim from wildness [and fermented
 Cider, sî'dâr. *s.* the juice of apples expressed
 Cilicious, sè-lîsh'ûs. *a.* made of hair
 Cimeter, sîm'è-tûr. *s.* a sort of sword
 Cincture, sîngk'tshûre. *s.* something worn round the body; a ring [flame
 Cinder, sîr'dâr. *s.* a coal that has ceased to
 Cineritious, sîr-è-rîsh'ûs. *a.* having the form or state of ashes [of mercury and sulphur
 Cinnabar, sîr'nâ-bâr. *s.* a mineral consisting
 Cinnamon, sîr'nâ-mân. *s.* the fragrant bark of a tree in the island of Ceylon
 Cinque, sîngk. *s.* a five [lay towards France
 Cinque-ports, sîngk'pòrts. *s.* five havens that
 Cion, sî'ûn. *s.* a sprout, a shoot from a plant
 Cipher, sî'fûr. *s.* an arithmetical character; an intertixture of letters
 Cipher, sî'fûr. *v. n.* to practise arithmetick
 Cipher, sî'fûr. *v. n.* to write in occult characters
 Circle, sèr'kl. *s.* a curve-line continued till it ends where it began; a round body; a company [to enclose, to confine
 Circle, sèr'kl. *v. a.* to move round any thing,
 Circle, sèr'kl. *v. n.* to move circularly
 Circlet, sèr'klîl. *s.* a little circle
 Circuit, sèr'klîl. *s.* the act of moving round extent, measured by travelling round; visitation of the judges for holding assizes
 Circuit, sèr'klîl. *v. n.* to move circularly
 Circuitous, sèr'kû-è-tòs. *a.* round about
 Circular, sèr'kû-lûr. *a.* round like a circle
 Circularity, sèr'kû-lâr-é-tè. *s.* a circular form
 Circulate, sèr'kû-lâte. *v. n.* to move in a circle
 Circulate, sèr'kû-lâte. *v. a.* to put about
 Circulation, sèr'kû-lâ-shûn. *s.* motion in a circle; a reciprocal interchange of meaning
 Circinatory, sèr'kû-lâ-tûr-é. *a.* belonging to circulation [ac' of encompassing
 Circumambieny, sèr-kûm-âm'è-èn-sè. *s.* the
 Circumambient, sèr-kûm-âm'bè-ènt. *a.* surrounding, encompassing [walk round about
 Circumambulate, sèr-kûm-âm'bù-lâte. *v. n.* to

nôr, nô-t—tâ-be, tâ-b, bâl—ôl—pôund—thin, THIS.

- Circumcise**, sêr-kâm-sze. *v. a.* to cut the prepuce [act of cutting off the foreskin]
- Circumcision**, sêr-kâm-szh'ân. *s.* the rite or
- Circumduct**, sêr-kâm-dâkt'. *v. a.* to contravene; to nullify [cation, cancellation]
- Circumduction**, sêr-kâm-dâk'shân. *s.* nullification
- Circumference**, sêr-kâm'fê-rênse. *s.* the line including and surrounding any thing; an orb, a circle
- Circumflex**, sêr-kâm-flêks. *s.* an accent used to regulate the pronunciation of syllables
- Circumfluence**, sêr-kâm'flû-ênse. *s.* an enclosure of waters [round any thing]
- Circumfluent**, sêr-kâm'flû-ênt. *a.* flowing
- Circumfluous**, sêr-kâm'flû-ûs. *a.* overflowing with waters
- Circumfuse**, sêr-kâm'fûzê'. *v. a.* to pour round
- Circumfusion**, sêr-kâm'fû'zhân. *s.* the act of spreading round
- Circumgirate**, sêr-kâm'jê-râte. *v. n.* to roll round [any thing]
- Circumjacent**, sêr-kâm-jâ'sênt. *a.* lying round
- Circumlocution**, sêr-kâm-lô-kû'shân. *s.* a circuit of words; the use of indirect expressions [pending on circumlocution]
- Circumlocutory**, sêr-kâm-lôk'û-tô-rê. *a.* de-
- Circumnured**, sêr-kâm-mûrê'. *a.* walled round [the act of sailing round]
- Circumnavigation**, sêr-kâm-nâv-ê-gâ'shân. *s.*
- Circumrotation**, sêr-kâm-tô-tâ'shân. *s.* the act of whirling round [ing round]
- Circumrotatory**, sêr-kâm-tô'tâ-tô-rê. *a.* whirling
- Circumscribe**, sêr-kâm-skribe'. *v. a.* to enclose; to bound, confine
- Circumscription**, sêr-kâm-skrip'shân. *s.* determination of particular form or magnitude; limitation [attentive, watchful]
- Circumspect**, sêr-kâm-spêkt. *a.* cautious,
- Circumspection**, sêr-kâm-spêk'shân. *s.* caution [attentive, vigilant, cautious]
- Circumspective**, sêr-kâm-spêk'tiv. *a.* attentively,
- Circumspectly**, sêr-kâm-spêkt-lê. *ad.* watchfully, vigilantly [event; state of affairs]
- Circumstance**, sêr-kâm-stânse. *s.* incident,
- Circumstance**, sêr-kâm-stânse. *v. a.* to place in particular situation, or relation to the things [a]; incidental: detailed, minute
- Circumstantial**, sêr-kâm-stân'shâl. *a.* accidental
- Circumstantially**, sêr-kâm-stân'shâl-lê. *ad.* according to circumstances; minutely, exactly
- Circumstantiate**, sêr-kâm-stân'shê-tê. *v. a.* to place in particular circumstances, or in a particular condition
- Circumvallate**, sêr-kâm-vâl'lâte. *v. a.* to enclose with trenches or fortifications
- Circumvallation**, sêr-kâm-vâl'lâ'shân. *s.* the fortification thrown up round a place besieged [to cheat]
- Circumvent**, sêr-kâm-vênt'. *v. a.* to deceive,
- Circumvention**, sêr-kâm-vên'shân. *s.* fraud, imposture
- Circumvest**, sêr-kâm-vêst'. *v. a.* to cover round with a garment; to surround
- Circumvolve**, sêr-kâm-vôlv'. *v. a.* to roll round
- Circumvolution**, sêr-kâm-vô-lû'shân. *s.* the act of rolling round
- Circuit**, sêr'kûs. *s.* a space or area for sports
- Cistern**, sêr'tûrn. *s.* a receptacle of water for domestic uses [townsman]
- Cit**, sî't. *s.* an inhabitant of a city; a pert fellow
- Citadel**, sê'â-dêl. *s.* a fortress, a castle
- Cital**, sî'tâl. *s.* summons, citation, quotative
- Citation**, sî-tâ'shân. *s.* the calling a person before the judge; quotation from another author [quotation]
- Cite**, sî'te. *v. a.* to summon to answer; to
- Citer**, sî'têr. *s.* one who cites into a court; one who quotes
- Cithern**, sî'th'ûrn. *s.* a kind of harp
- Citizen**, sî'tîzn. *s.* a freeman of a city
- Citrine**, sî'rîn. *a.* lemon-coloured
- Citrou**, sî'trûn. *s.* a large kind of lemon
- City**, sî'tê. *s.* a town corporate, that hath a bishop
- City**, sî'tê. *a.* relating to the city
- Civet**, sîv'it. *s.* a perfume from the civet cat
- Civick**, sîv'ik. *a.* relating to civil honours
- Civil**, sîv'îl. *a.* relating to the community, political; intestine; civilized; complaisant, well bred
- Civilian**, sê-vîl'yân. *s.* one that professors the knowledge of the old Roman law
- Civility**, sê-vîl'ê-tê. *s.* freedom from barbarity; politeness, complaisance, elegance of behaviour [ageness and brutality]
- Civilize**, sîv'îl-ize. *v. a.* to reclaim from savagery
- Civilly**, sîv'îl-lê. *ad.* politely, complaisantly
- Clack**, klâk. *s.* any thing that makes a lasting and importunate noise [let the tongue run]
- Clack**, klâk. *v. n.* to make a clacking noise; to

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mè, mêt—plne, pln nô, môte,

Clad , klâd. <i>part. pret. of clothe.</i> clothed, invested	Class , klâs. <i>v. a.</i> to range according to some stated method of distribution
Claim , klâme. <i>v. a.</i> to demand of right, to require authoritatively	Classical , klâs'sè-kâl. } <i>a.</i> relating to antique
Claim , klâme. <i>s.</i> a demand; a title	Classick , klâs'slk. } authors; of the first order or rank
Claimable , klâ'mâ-bl. <i>a.</i> that may be demanded as due	Classick , klâs'slk. <i>s.</i> an author of the first rank [into classes]
Claimant , klâ'mânt. <i>s.</i> he that demands	Classification , klâs-sè-fè-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> ranging
Claimer , klâ'mûr. <i>s.</i> he that makes a demand	Clatter , klât'tûr. <i>v. n.</i> to make a confused noise
Clamber , klâm'bûr. <i>v. n.</i> to climb with difficulty [ous matter]	Clatter , klât'tûr. <i>v. a.</i> to dispute, jar, clamour
Clamm , klâm. <i>v. n.</i> to clog with any glutin-	Clatter , klât'tûr. <i>s.</i> any tumultuous and confused noise [discourse; an article]
Clanniness , klâm'mé-nès. <i>s.</i> viscosity, viscosity	Clause , klâwz. <i>s.</i> a sentence, a single part of
Clammy , klâm'mè. <i>a.</i> viscous, glutinous	Clave , klâve. <i>pret. of to cleave</i>
Clamorous , klâm'mûr-ûs. <i>a.</i> vociferous, noisy	Claw , klâw. <i>s.</i> the foot of a beast or bird armed with sharp nails
Clamour , klâm'mûr. <i>s.</i> outcry, noise, vociferation [vociferate]	Claw , klâw. <i>v. a.</i> to tear with nails or claws
Clamour , klâm'mûr. <i>v. n.</i> to exclaim, to	Clay , klâ. <i>s.</i> unctuous and tenacious earth
Clan , klân. <i>s.</i> a family; a race	Clay-cold , klâ'kôld. <i>a.</i> cold as the unanimated earth
Clandestine , klân-dè's'tîn. <i>a.</i> secret, hidden	Clayey , klâ'é. <i>a.</i> consisting of clay [cent, neat]
Clandestinely , klân-dè's'tîn-lè. <i>ad.</i> secretly	Clean , klêne. <i>a.</i> free from dirt or filth; inno
Clang , klâng. <i>s.</i> a sharp, shrill noise	Clean , klêne. <i>ad.</i> quite, perfectly, fully
Clang , klâng. <i>v. n.</i> to clatter, to make a loud shrill noise	Clean , klêne. <i>v. a.</i> to free from dirt [neatness]
Clangour , klâng'gûr. <i>s.</i> a loud shrill sound	Cleanliness , klên'lè-nès. <i>s.</i> freedom from dirt;
Clank , klângk. <i>s.</i> a loud sharp noise	Cleanly , klên'lè. <i>a.</i> free from dirt; pure
Clap , klâp. <i>v. a.</i> to strike together with a quick motion; to praise by clapping the hands	Cleanly , klêne'lè. <i>ad.</i> elegantly, neatly
Clap , klâp. <i>s.</i> a loud noise made by sudden collision; an explosion; an act of applause [hands; the tongue of a bell]	Cleanness , klêne'nès. <i>s.</i> neatness; freedom from filth [make clean]
Clapper , klâp'pûr. <i>s.</i> one who claps with his	Cleanse , klênz. <i>v. a.</i> to free from dirt; to
Clarenceux , or Clarencieux , klâr'ên-shû. <i>s.</i> the second King at arms; so named from the duchy of Clarence [shade in painting]	Clear , klère. <i>a.</i> bright, pellucid; serene, evident; guiltless; out of debt; unintangled; sounding distinctly
Clare-obscure , klâ'e-ôb-skûrè'. <i>s.</i> light and	Clear , klère. <i>ad.</i> quite, completely
Claret , klâr'èt. <i>s.</i> French wine	Clear , klère. <i>v. a.</i> to brigaten; to justify; to cleanse; to discharge; to clarify, to gain without deduction [transparency]
Clarification , klâr-è-fè-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of making clear	Clear , klère. <i>v. n.</i> to grow bright, to recover
Clarify , klâr'è-fl. <i>v. a.</i> to purify; to brighten	Clearance , klé'rânse. <i>s.</i> a certificate that a ship has been cleared at the custom-house
Clarion , klâr'è'yûn. <i>s.</i> a trumpet	Clearly , klère'lè. <i>ad.</i> brightly; plainly; without entanglement; without deduction; without reserve [tre; perspicuity]
Clarity , klâr'è-tè. <i>s.</i> brightness, splendour	Cleanness , klère'nès. <i>s.</i> transparency; lusciousness
Clash , klâsh. <i>v. n.</i> to make a noise by mutual collision; to contradict, oppose	Clearsighted , klère-s'l'téd. <i>a.</i> discerning, judicious [unite]
Clash , klâsh. <i>v. a.</i> to strike one thing against another [close; an embrace]	Cleave , klève. <i>v. n.</i> to adhere, to suck; to
Clasp , klâsp. <i>s.</i> a hook to hold any thing	Cleave , klève. <i>v. a.</i> to divide with violence, to split; to divide
Clasp , klâsp. <i>v. a.</i> to embrace; to enclose	
Class , klâs. <i>s.</i> a rank, order, number, set	

Cleaver, klé'vâr. <i>s.</i> a butcher's instrument	Clink, klíngk. <i>v. n.</i> to utter a small interrupt- ed noise
Clef, klíf. <i>s.</i> a mark at the beginning of the lines of a song, which shows the tone or key in which the piece is to begin	Clink, klíngk. <i>s.</i> a sharp successive noise
Cleft, kléft. <i>part. pass.</i> of to cleave	Clinquant, klíngk'ánt. <i>a.</i> shining, glittering
Cleft, kléit, <i>s.</i> a space made by the separa- tion of parts, a crack [of severity]	Clip, klíp. <i>v. a.</i> to embrace; to cut short; to confine [by cutting]
Clemency, klém'mên-sé. <i>s.</i> mercy, remission	Clipper, klípp'pâr. <i>s.</i> one that debases coin
Clement, klém'mênt. <i>a.</i> mild, gentle, merci- ful [for the service of God]	Cloak, klóke. <i>s.</i> the outer garment; a sea- seasonment [conceal]
Clergy, klér'jé. <i>s.</i> the body of men set apart	Cloak, klóke. <i>v. a.</i> to cover with a cloak; to
Clergyman, klér'jé-inán. <i>s.</i> a man in holy or- ders	Clock, klók. <i>s.</i> the instrument which tells the hour; part of a stocking
Clerical, klér'é-kál. <i>a.</i> relating to the clergy	Clockmaker, klók'má-kâr. <i>s.</i> an artificer whose profession is to make clocks
Clerk, kláuk. <i>s.</i> a clergyman; a scholar; a writer in public offices; he who reads the responses to the congregation in the church	Clockwork, klók'wûrk. <i>s.</i> movements by weights or springs [a dull fellow]
Clerkship, klárk'shíp. <i>s.</i> the office of a clerk	Clod, klód. <i>s.</i> a lump of clay; any thing vile.
Clever, klév'ûr. <i>a.</i> dexterous, skilful; handsome	Clod, klód. <i>v. n.</i> to gather into concretions. to coagulate
Cleverness, klév'ûr-nês. <i>s.</i> dexterity, skill	Clodpate, klód'páte. <i>s.</i> a stupid fellow
Slew, klû. <i>s.</i> thread wound upon a bottom; a guide, a direction	Clodpole, klód'póle. <i>s.</i> a thick skull, a dolt
Click, klík. <i>v. n.</i> to make a sharp noise	Cloß, klóf. <i>s.</i> an allowance of two pounds in every hundred weight [load, to burden]
Client, klí'ênt. <i>s.</i> one who applies to an advo- cate for counsel and defence	Clog, klóg. <i>v. a.</i> to hinder, to obstruct; to
Clim, klím. <i>s.</i> a steep rock	Clog, klóg. <i>s.</i> an obstruction; a kind of ad- ditional shoe [clogged]
Climacter, klímákt'âr. <i>s.</i> a certain progres- sion of years, supposed to end in a danger- ous time of life	Clogginess, klóg'gê-nês. <i>s.</i> the state of being
Climacterick, klím-ák-tér'ík. } <i>a.</i> con- taining a certain number of years, at the end of which some great change is suppos- ed to befall the body	Cloister, klóis'tûr. <i>s.</i> a religious retirement; a piazza
Climacterical, klím-ák-tér'rè-kál. } <i>a.</i> con- taining a certain number of years, at the end of which some great change is suppos- ed to befall the body	Cloister, klóis'tûr. <i>v. a.</i> to shut up in a reli- gious house; to immure from the world
Climate, klímáts. <i>s.</i> a region or tract of land differing from another by the temperature of the air [figure in rhetoric]	Close, klóze. <i>v. a.</i> to shut; to finish; to join
Climax, klímáks. <i>s.</i> gradation, ascent, a	Close, klóze. <i>v. n.</i> to coalesce, to join its own parts together
Climb, klínc. <i>v. a.</i> to ascend	Close, klóze. <i>s.</i> the time of shutting up; a grapple in wrestling; a conclusion or end
Climber, klímâr. <i>s.</i> one that mounts; a plant tha' creeps upon other supports [earth]	Close, klóze. <i>s.</i> a small field enclosed
Clime, klíme. <i>s.</i> a climate, region; tract of	Close, klóze. <i>a.</i> shut fast; compact, brief, immediate; hidden; trusty; reserved; covetous; attentive; retired
Clinch, klínch. <i>v. a.</i> to hold in the hand with the fingers bent: to bend; to confirm, to fix	Closet, klóze. <i>s.</i> a small field enclosed
Clinch, klínsh. <i>s.</i> a pun, an ambiguity; a cramp, a hold fast [round]	Closet, klóz'ít. <i>s.</i> a small room [in a closet body exactly [secretly, slyly]
Cling, klíng. <i>v. n.</i> to hang upon by twining	Closely, klóze'lé. <i>ad.</i> without inlet or outlet;
Clinical, klín'é-kál. } <i>a.</i> keeping the bed	Closeness, klóze'nês. <i>s.</i> the state of being shut; narrowness; want of air, ecluseness; se- crecy; covetuousness
Clinick, klín'ík. } <i>a.</i> keeping the bed through sickness	Closure, klóz'hûre. <i>s.</i> the act of shutting up that by which any thing is closed or shut

Fâte, fâr, fáll, fât—mè, mèt—plne, pln—nò, mòve,

the parts enclosing, enclosure ; conclusion, -end	Clumps, klúmp. s. a numbscull
Clot, klòt. s. concretion	Clumsily, klúm-zè-lè. <i>ad.</i> awkwardly
Clot. klòt. v. n. to form clots ; to concreate. to [coagulate]	Clumsiness, klúm-zè-nès. s. awkwardness
Ciotn, klòth. s. linen or wollen woven for dress or covering	Clumsy, klúm-zè. <i>a.</i> awkward, heavy
Ciotne, klòtne. v. a. to invest with garments, clothes, klòze. s. garments, raiment	Clung, klúng. <i>pret.</i> and <i>part.</i> of <i>clung</i>
Clothier, klòtne'jèr. s. a maker of cloth	Cluster, klús'túr. s. a bunch ; a body of people collected
Clothing, klòtne'ng. s. dress, vesture, garments	Cluster, klús'túr. v. n. to grow in bunches
Cloud, klòùd. s. a dark collection of vapours in the air ; any state of obscurity	Cluster, klús'túr. v. a. to collect any thing into bodies [gripe ; to grasp]
Cloud, klòùd. v. a. to darken with clouds ; to obscure ; to variegate with dark veins	Clutch, klútsh. v. a. to hold in the hand ; to Clutch, klútsh. s. gripe, grasp, seizure
Cloud, klòùd. v. n. to grow cloudy	Clutter, klát'túr. s. a noise ; a bustle
Cloudcapt, klòùd'kápt. <i>a.</i> topped with clouds	Cylster, klís'túr. s. an injection into the anus
Cloudily, klòùd'dè-lè. <i>ad.</i> with clouds, darkly ; obscurely	Coacervate, kò-á-sèr-váte. v. a. to heap up together [heaping]
Cloudiness, klòùd'dè-nès. s. the state of being covered with clouds, darkness	Coacervation, kò-ás-sèr-váshún. s. the act of state
Cloudless, klòùd'lès. <i>a.</i> clear, unclouded	Coach, kòtsh. v. a. to carry in a coach
Cloudy, klòùd'dé. <i>a.</i> dark, obscure ; gloomy	Coach-box, kòtsh'bòks. s. the seat on which the driver of the coach sits
Clout, klòút. s. a cloth for any mean use ; a patch	Coach-hire, kòtsh'nire. s. money paid for the use of a hired coach [coach]
Clout, klòút. v. a. to patch, to mend coarsely	Coachman, kòtsh'mán. s. the driver of a coach
Clotted, klòùt'èd. <i>part.</i> a. congealed, coagulated	Coact, kò-ákt'. v. n. to act in concert
Clove, klòve. <i>pret.</i> of <i>cleave</i> [ed]	Coaction, kò-ák'shún. s. compulsion, force
Clove, klòve. s. a valuable spice	Coactive, kò-ák'tiv. <i>a.</i> compulsory ; acting in concurrence [an assistant]
Cloven, klòvn. <i>part.</i> <i>pret.</i> of <i>cleave</i>	Coadjutor, kò-ád-jú'túr. s. fellow-helper
Cloven-footed, klòvn-fút'èd. <i>a.</i> having the foot divided into two parts	Coadjucancy, kò-ád'jú-ván-se. s. help, concurrent help
Clover, klò'vúr. s. a species of trefoil	Coagent, kò-ág-mènt'. v. a. to congregate
Cloved, klò'vúrd. <i>a.</i> covered with clover	Coagulable, kò-ág'ù-lá-bl. <i>a.</i> capable of concretion [concretions]
Clown, klòún. s. a rustic ; a coarse ill-bred man [sy]	Coagulate, kò-ág'ù-láte. v. a. to force into concretion [power of causing concretions]
Clownish, klòún'ish. <i>a.</i> uncivil, ill-bred, clumsy	Coagulation, kò-ág'ù-lá'shún. s. concretion, congelation
Clownishness, klòún'ish-nès. s. rusticity ; incivility ; brutality [upguns]	Coagulative, kò-ág'ù-lá'tiv. <i>a.</i> that has the power of causing concretions
Cloy, klòé. v. a. to satiate, to surfeit ; to nail	Coal, kòle. s. common fossil fuel
Cloyless, klòé'lès. <i>a.</i> that cannot cause satiety	Coalesce, kò-ál-lès'. v. n. to unite in masses, to join [or body]
Cloyment, klòé'mènt. s. satiety, repletion [ty]	Coalition, kò-á-lísh'ún. s. union in one mass
Club, kláb. s. a heavy stick ; the name of one of the suits of cards, an assembly of good fellows [pense ; to join to one effect]	Coaly, kòlé. <i>a.</i> containing coal
Club, kláb. v. n. to contribute to common expense	Coarct, kò-ákt'. v. a. to straiten, to confine
Club, kláb. v. a. to pay a common reckoning	Coarse, kòrse. v. n. not refined ; rude, uncivil
Clubroom, kláb'ròòm. s. the room in which a club assembles	Coarsely, kòrse'lè. <i>ad.</i> meanly ; rudely ; inelegantly [ness ; want of delicacy]
Cluck, klúk. v. n. to call chickens as a hen	Coarseness, kòrse'nès. s. impurity ; roughness
Clump, klúmp. s. a shapeless piece of wood ; a small cluster of trees	

- Coast, kôste. *s.* the edge or margin of the land next the sea, the shore
- Coast, kôste. *v. n.* to sail by the coast
- Coat, kôte. *s.* the upper garment: petticoat; the covering of any animal
- Coax, kôks. *v. a.* to wheedle, to flatter
- Coaxer, kôks'ûr. *s.* a wheedler, a flatterer
- Cobalt, kôb'âlt. *s.* a marcasite
- Cobble, kôb'bl. *v. a.* to mend coarsely
- Cobbler, kôb'lûr. *s.* a mender of old shoes; a clumsy workman
- Cobweb, kôb'wêb. *s.* the web of a spider
- Cochineal, kûch'in-êél. *s.* an insect from which a red colour is extracted
- Cock, kôk. *s.* the male of birds; a weather-cock; a spout to let out water, or any other liquor at will; part of a gun; a small heap of hay; the form of a hat
- Cock, kôk. *v. a.* to set erect; to mould the form of the hat; to fix the cock of a gun for a discharge; to raise hay in small heaps
- Cock, kôk. *v. n.* to strut, to hold up the head; to train or use fighting cocks
- Cockade, kôk-kâde'. *s.* a ribband worn in the hat [which cocks crow]
- Cockcrowing, kôk'krô'ng. *s.* the time at
- Cocker, kôk'kûr. *v. a.* to fondle, to indulge
- Cocker, kôk'kûr. *s.* one who follows the sport of cockfighting
- Cockfight, kôk'fîte. *s.* a match of cocks
- Cockhorse, kôk'hôrse. *a.* on horseback, tri-umphant
- Cockle, kôk'kl. *s.* a small shell-fish
- Cockle, kôk'kl. *v. a.* to contract into wrinkles
- Cockloft, kôk'lôft. *s.* the room over the garret
- Cockney, kôk'nê. *s.* a native of London
- Cockpit, kôk'pît. *s.* the area where cock-fight; a place on the lower deck of a man-of-war
- Cocksure, kôk-shôûr'. *a.* confidently certain
- Cocoa, kô'kô. *s.* a species of palm tree
- Cod, kôd. } *s.* a sea fish
- Codfish, kôd'fîsh. }
- Code, kôde. *s.* a book of the civil law
- Codicil, kôd'ê-sîl. *s.* an appendage to a will
- Codre, kôd'rl. *v. a.* to parboil [fish]
- Codling, kôd'lîng. *s.* an apple; a small cod-
- Coefficiency, kô-êf'ê-kâ-sê. *s.* the power of several things acting together
- Coequal, kô-ê'kwâl. *a.* equal
- Coequality, kô-ê-kwôl'ê-tê. *s.* the state of be-ing equal
- Coerce, kô-êrse'. *v. a.* to restrain, to keep in order by force [ed]
- Coercible, kô-êr'sê-bl. *a.* that may be restrained
- Coercion, kô-êr'shûn. *s.* penal restraint, check
- Coercive, kô-êr'slv. *a.* that has the power of laying restraint [of the same essence]
- Coessential, kô-ês-sên'shâl. *a.* participating
- Coetaneous, kô-ê-tâ'nê-ûs. *a.* of the same age with another [with another]
- Coeternal, kô-ê-tér'nâl. *a.* equally eternal
- Coeval, kô-ê'vâl. *a.* of the same age
- Coeval, kô-ê'vâl. *s.* a contemporary
- Coevous, kô-ê'vûs. *a.* of the same age
- Coexist, kô-êg-zîst'. *v. n.* to exist at the same time with another
- Coexistence, kô-êg-zîst'êuse. *s.* existence at the same time with another
- Coexistent, kô-êg-zîst'ênt. *a.* having exist-ence at the same time with another
- Coffee, kôf'fê. *s.* the berries of the coffee-tree, a drink made by the infusion of those ber-ries in hot water [ing money]
- Coffer, kôf'fûr. *s.* a chest generally for keep-
- Coffer, kôf'fûr. *v. a.* to treasure up in chests
- Cofferer, kôf'fûr-ûr. *s.* a principal officer of his majesty's court
- Coffin, kôf'fîn. *s.* a chest for a dead body
- Coffin, kôf'fîn. *v. a.* to enclose in a coffin
- Cog, kôg. *v. a.* to flatter, to wheedle; to ob-trude by falsehood
- Cog, kôg. *v. n.* to lie, to wheedle
- Cog, kôg. *s.* the tooth of a wheel, by which it acts upon another wheel
- Cogency, kô'jên-sê. *s.* force, strength
- Cogent, kô'jênt. *a.* forcible, convincing
- Cogently, kô'jênt-lê. *ad.* with resistless force, forcibly
- Cogitate, kôd'jê-tâte. *v. n.* to think [itation]
- Cogitation, kôd'jê-tâ'shûn. *s.* thought, med-
- Cognition, kôg-nâ'shûn. *s.* kindred, relation
- Cognition, kôg-nîsh'ûn. *s.* knowledge, com-plete conviction [knowing]
- Cognitive, kôg'nê-tîv. *a.* having the power of
- Cognizable, kôg'nê-zâ-bl. or kôn'ê-zâ-bl. *a.* that falls under judicial notice
- Cognizance, kôg'nê-zânse, or kôn'ê-zânse. *s.* judicial notice, trial [same name]
- Cognominal, kôg-nôm'ê-nâl. *a.* having the

Fâte, fâi, fâll, fât—mè, mèt—pline pân--no, mòve,

Cognoscence, kôg-nô's'sênse. <i>s.</i> knowledge	Colick, kôl'îk. <i>s.</i> any disorder of the stomach or bowels that is attended with pain
Cognoscible, kôg-nô's'sé-bl. <i>a.</i> that may be known	Collapse, kôl-lâps'. <i>v. n.</i> to fall together
Cohabit, kô-hâb'ît. <i>v. n.</i> to live together as husband and wife	Collar, kôl'lâr. <i>s.</i> something round the neck
Cohabitant, kô-hâb'é-tânt. <i>s.</i> an inhabitant of the same place	Collar, kôl'lâr. <i>v. a.</i> to seize by the collar [in]
Cohabitation, kô-hâb-ê-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the state of living together as married persons	Collate, kôl-lâ'té'. <i>v. a.</i> to compare; to examine
Coheir, kô-â're'. <i>s.</i> one of several among whom an inheritance is divided	Collateral, kôl-lâ'têr-âl. <i>a.</i> side to side; running parallel; not direct; concurrent
Coheirress, kô-â'ris. <i>s.</i> a woman who has an equal share of an inheritance	Collaterally, kôl-lâ'têr-âl-lé. <i>ad.</i> side by side. indirectly [a benefice; a repast]
Cohere, kô-hê're'. <i>v. n.</i> to stick together; to suit; to agree	Collation, kôl-lâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the bestowing or
Coherece, kô-hê'rênsé. } <i>s.</i> connexion, de-	Collator, kôl-lâ'târ. <i>s.</i> one that compares copies, or manuscripts, one who presents to an ecclesiastical benefice [employment]
Coherecy, kô-hê'rênsé. } pendency; the relation of parts or things one to another	Colleague, kôl'lêég. <i>s.</i> a partner in office or
Cohesive, kô-hé'sîv. <i>a.</i> that has the power of sticking together	Colleague, kôl-lêég'. <i>v. a.</i> to unite with
Conort, kô'hôrt. <i>s.</i> a troop of soldiers	Collect, kôl-lêkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to gather together to gain from observation; to infer from premises
Coif, kôlf. <i>s.</i> a head-dress, a cap	Collect, kôl'lêkt. <i>s.</i> a short prayer [together]
Coil, kôll. <i>v. a.</i> to gather into a narrow	Collectaneous, kôl-lêk-tâ'né-ûs. <i>a.</i> gathered together
Coil, kôll. <i>s.</i> tumult, bustle [impression]	Collection, kôl-lêk'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of gathering; the things gathered together
Coin, kôln. <i>s.</i> money stamped with a legal	Collective, kôl-lêk'tîv. <i>a.</i> gathered into one mass, accumulative [mass, not singly]
Coin, kôln. <i>v. a.</i> to make money; to forge	Collectively, kôl-lêk'tîv-lé. <i>ad.</i> in a general
Coinage, kôln'âje. <i>s.</i> the act or practice of coining money	Collector, kôl-lêk'târ. <i>s.</i> a tax-gatherer
Coincide, kô-în-slîé'. <i>v. n.</i> to concur	College, kôl'lêdje. <i>s.</i> a society of men set apart for learning or religion; the house in which the collegians reside
Coincidence, kô-în'sé-dênsé. <i>s.</i> concurrence, tendency [equivalent]	Collegian, kôl-lê'jé-ân. <i>s.</i> an inhabitant of a college
Coincident, kô-în'sé-dênt. <i>a.</i> concurrent,	Collegiate, kôl-lê'jé-âte. <i>a.</i> containing a college, instituted after the manner of a college [the stone is set]
Coiner, kôln'âr. <i>s.</i> a maker of money	Collet, kôl'lît. <i>s.</i> that part of a ring in which
Coition, kô-îsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> copulation, the act of generation	Collier, kôl'yâr. <i>s.</i> a digger of coals; a dealer in coals [are dug; the coal trade]
Coke, kôke. <i>s.</i> fuel made by burning pit-coal under earth, and quenching the cinders	Colliery, kôl'yâr-ê. <i>s.</i> the place where coals
Colander kâl'lân-dâr. <i>s.</i> a sieve [straining]	Colligation, kôl-lé-gâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> a binding together [a clasp]
Colation, kô-lâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the art of filtering or	Collision, kôl-lîzh'ûn. <i>s.</i> a striking together;
Colature, kôl'â-tshûre. <i>s.</i> the matter strained	Collocate, kôl'lô-kâ'té. <i>v. a.</i> to place, to station
Cold, kôld. <i>a.</i> chill; frigid; unaffected; reserved, coy	Collap, kôl'lûp. <i>s.</i> a small slice of meat
Cold, kôld. <i>s.</i> chiliness; a disease	Colloquial, kôl-lô'kwé-âl. <i>a.</i> relating to conversation
Coldly, kôld'lé. <i>ad.</i> without heat; indifferently, negligently	Colloquy, kôl'lô-kwé. <i>s.</i> conference, talk
Coldness, kôld'nês. <i>s.</i> want of heat; unconcern; coyness want of kindness	Colluctancy, kôl-lûk'tân-sé. <i>s.</i> opposition or nature
	Collude, kôl-lûde. <i>v. n.</i> to conspire in fraud

nâr, nôt—tâbe, tâb, ball—dill—pôand—thin, rhis.

- Collusion**, kôl-lâ'zhân. *s.* a deceitful agreement
- Collusive**, kôl-lâ'siv. *a.* fraudulently concerted
- Colly**, kôl'lê. *s.* the smut of coal
- Colon**, kô'lôn. *s.* a point [:]; the greatest of the intestines [a regiment]
- Colonel**, kâ'r'nêl. *s.* the chief commander of a regiment
- Colonise**, kôl'ô-nlze. *v. a.* to plant with inhabitants
- Columnade**, kôl-lô-nâdê'. *s.* series of columns disposed in a circle; any range of pillars
- Colony**, kôl'ô-nê. *s.* a body of people drawn from the mother country to inhabit some distant place
- Coloration**, kôl-ô-râ'shân. *s.* the art of colouring; the state of being coloured
- Colorifick**, kôl-lô-rî'fik. *a.* that has the power of producing colours
- Colosse**, kô-lôs'. } *a.* statue of enormous
- Colossus**, kô-lôs'sâs. } *s.* magnitude
- Colossean**, kôl-lôs-sê'ân. *a.* giant-like
- Colour**, kâl'lâr. *s.* the appearance of bodies to the eye; hue, dye; palliation; false show
- Colour**, kâl'lâr. *v. a.* to mark with some hue or dye; to palliate, to make plausible
- Colourable**, kâl'lâr-â-bl. *a.* specious, plausible
- Colouring**, kâl'lâr-îng. *s.* an art in painting
- Colt**, kôlt. *s.* a young horse; a young foolish fellow [geon-house]
- Columnary**, kô-lâm'bâ-rê. *s.* a dove-cot, pillar
- Column**, kôl'lâm. *s.* a round pillar; the long file or row of troops; part of a page
- Columnar**, kô-lâm'nâr. } *a.* formed
- Columnarian**, kôl-âm-nâ-rê-ân. } *a.* formed in columnus
- Comb**, kôme. *s.* an instrument for the hair; the crest of a cock; the cavities in which bees lodge their honey
- Comb**, kôme. *v. a.* to divide and adjust the hair; to lay wool smooth
- Combat**, kûm'bât. *v. n.* to fight
- Combat**, kûm'bât. *v. a.* to oppose
- Combat**, kûm'bât. *s.* contest, battle, duel
- Combatant**, kûm'bâ-tânt. *s.* an antagonist; a champion [joined together]
- Combinable**, kôm-bl'nâ-bl. *a.* that may be combined
- Combinate**, kôm'bê-nâte. *a.* betrothed, promised
- Combination**, kôm-bê-nâ'shân. *s.* union, association, league; commixture, conjunction
- Combine**, kôm-blne'. *v. a.* to join together to link in union; to accord
- Combine**, kôm-blne'. *v. n.* to coalesce, to unite with each other [of fire]
- Combustible**, kôm-bâs'tê-bl. *a.* susceptible
- Combustibleness**, kôm-bâs'tê-bl-nês. *s.* aptness to take fire [burning]
- Combustion**, kôm-bâs'tshûn. *s.* conflagration
- Come**, kûm. *v. a.* to draw near, to advance towards; to attain any condition; to happen
- Come**, kûm. *int.* be quick, make no delay
- Comedian**, kô-mê-dê-ân. *s.* an actor of comick parts; a player
- Comedy**, kôm'inê-dê. *s.* a dramattick representation of the lighter faults of mankind
- Comeliness**, kûm'lê-nês. *s.* grace, beauty
- Comely**, kûm'lê. *a.* graceful, decent
- Comet**, kôm'ît. *s.* a body in the planetary region appearing suddenly, and again disappearing
- Comfit**, kûm'fît. *s.* a kind of sweetmeat
- Comfort**, kûm'fûrt. *v. a.* to strengthen, enliven, console [solation]
- Comfort**, kûm'fûrt. *s.* support, assistance; consolation
- Comfortable**, kûm'fûr-tâ-bl. *a.* susceptible of comfort, dispensing comfort
- Comfortably**, kûm'fûr-tâ-blê. *ad.* with comfort, without despair
- Comforter**, kûm'fûr-târ. *s.* one that administers consolation; the third person in the Holy Trinity
- Comfortless**, kûm'fûrt-lês. *a.* without comfort
- Conical**, kôm'inê-kâl. *a.* merry, diverting
- Comicalness**, kôm'inê-kâl-nês. *s.* the quality of being comical [raising mirth]
- Comick**, kôm'mîk. *a.* relating to comedy;
- Coming**, kûm'mîng. *a.* forward, future
- Coming**, kûm'mîng. *pa. a.* moving from some other to this place; ready to come
- Comma**, kôm'mâ. *s.* a point marked thus [,]
- Command**, kôm-mând'. *v. a.* to govern; to order [preme authority]
- Command**, kôm-mând'. *v. n.* to have the supreme authority
- Command**, kôm-mând'. *s.* the right of commanding, supreme authority; despotism
- Commander**, kôm-mân'ddâr. *s.* he that has the supreme authority, a chief [order, precept]
- Commandment**, kôm-mând'mênt. *s.* command
- Commandress**, kôm-mân'drês. *s.* a woman vested with supreme authority

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pîno, pîn—nô, môve,

- Commemorate**, kôm-mên'mô-râte. *n. a.* to preserve the memory by some publick act
- Commemoration**, kôm-mêm-mô-râ'shûn. *s.* an act of publick celebration
- Commemorative**, kôm-mêm'mô-râ-tîv. *a.* tending to preserve memory of any thing
- Commence**, kôm-mên'sê'. *v. n.* to begin, to make a beginning [uing, date
- Commencement**, kôm-mên'sê'mênt. *s.* beginning
- Commend** kôm-mênd'. *v. a.* to recommend; to mention with approbation
- Commendable**, kôm'mên-dâ-bl. *a.* laudable, worthy of praise [bly
- Commendably**, kôm'mên-dâ-blê. *ad.* laudably
- Commendation**, kôm-mên-dâ'shûn. *s.* recommendation, praise
- Commendatory**, kôm-mên-dâ-tûr-rê. *a.* favourably representative; containing praise
- Commensurability**, kôm-mên-shû-râ-bîl'ê-tê. *s.* capacity of being measured by another
- Commensurable**, kôm-mên'shû-râ-bl. *a.* reducible to some common measure
- Commensurate**, kôm-mên'shû-râte. *a.* reducible to some common measure; equal
- Commensuration**, kôm-mên-shû-râ'shûn. *s.* reduction of things to some common measure [write notes
- Comment**, kôm'mênt. *v. n.* to annotate, to comment
- Comment**, kôm'mênt. *s.* annotation, exposition [tion, amotation
- Commentary**, kôm'mên-tâ-rê. *s.* an exposition
- Commentator**, kôm-mên-tâ-tûr. *s.* expositor, annotator
- Commerce**, kôm'mêr'sê. *s.* exchange of one thing for another, trade, traffick
- Commerce**, kôm'mêr'sê'. *v. n.* to hold intercourse [commerce
- Commercial**, kôm-mêr'shâil. *a.* relating to
- Commigrate**, kôm'mê-grâte. *v. n.* to remove by consent from one country to another
- Commigration**, kôm-mê-grâ'shûn. *s.* a removal of a people from one country to another
- Commination**, kôm-mê-nâ'shûn. *s.* a denunciation of punishment; the recital of God's threatenings [btend
- Commingle**, kôm-mîng'gl. *v. a.* to mix, to commingle, kôm-mîng'gl. *v. n.* to unite with another thing [pulverise
- Commminute**, kôm-mê-nûte'. *v. a.* to grind, to
- Comminution**, kôm-mê-nû'shûn. *s.* the act of grinding into small parts, pulverisation
- Commiserable**, kôm-mîz'êr-â-bl. *a.* worthy of compassion, pitiable. [to compassionate
- Commiserate**, kôm-mîz'êr-âte. *v. a.* to pity,
- Commiseration**, kôm-mîz'êr-â'shûn. *s.* compassion, tenderness [deputy
- Commissary**, kôm'mîs-sâr-ê. *s.* a delegate, a
- Commission**, kôm-mîsh'ûn. *s.* a trust, a warrant; act of committing a crime; a number of people joined in a trust or office; the order by which a factor trades for an other person [to appoint
- Commissioner**, kôm-mîsh'ûn. *v. a.* to empower
- Commissioner**, kôm-mîsh'ûn-âr. *s.* one included in a warrant of authority
- Commit**, kôm-mît'. *v. a.* to intrust; to put in any place to be kept safe; to send to prison to perpetrate; to expose, hazard
- Commitment**, kôm-mît'mênt. *s.* an order for sending to prison
- Committee**, kôm-mît'tê. *s.* those to whom the consideration or ordering of any matter is referred
- Commix**, kôm-mîks'. *v. a.* to mingle, to blend
- Commixion**, kôm-mîks'shûn. *s.* mixture, incorporation
- Commixture**, kôm-mîks'tshûre. *s.* the act of mingling, the state of being mingled; a compound [a woman
- Commode**, kôm-môde'. *s.* the head-dress of
- Commодious**, kôm-mô'dê-ûs, or kôm-mô'djê-ûs. *a.* convenient, suitable [iently
- Commодiously**, kôm-mô'dê-ûs-lê. *ad.* conveniently
- Commодiousness**, kôm-mô'dê-ûs-nêss. *s.* convenience, advantage
- Commodity**, kôm-môd'ê-tê. *s.* advantage, profit; wares, merchandise
- Commodore**, kôm-mô-dôre'. *s.* the captain who commands a squadron of ships
- Common**, kôm'mûn. *a.* vulgar, mean; publick, general; frequent, ordinary; prostitute [ly used by many persons
- Common**, kôm'mûn. *s.* an open ground equal
- Commonage**, kôm'mûn-âje. *s.* the right of feeding on a common [people
- Commonalty**, kôm'mûn-âl-tê. *s.* the common
- Commoner**, kôm'mûn-âr. *s.* a man not noble; a member of the house of commons; a student of the second rank in the university

nôr nôt—tôhe, tâb, bảl—ôl—pôund—thin, THIS.

Commonly, kôm'mûn-lê. <i>ad.</i> frequently, usually	together; fellowship; a corporation; subdivision of a regiment of foot
Commonness, kôm'mûn-nê. <i>s.</i> equal participation among many; frequency	Comparable, kôm'pâ-râ-bl. <i>a.</i> worthy to be compared, of equal regard
Common-place, kôm'mûn-pi-âse. <i>a.</i> ordinary; not uncommon	Comparably, kôm'pâ-râ-blê. <i>ad.</i> in a manner worthy to be compared
Commons, kôm'mûnz. <i>s.</i> the vulgar; the lower house of parliament; food, fare	Comparative, kôm'pâr-â-tiv. <i>a.</i> estimated by comparison, not absolute [of comparisons]
Commonwealth, kôm'mûn-wêlth. <i>s.</i> the publick, the general body of the people; a republick	Comparatively, kôm'pâr-â-tiv-lê. <i>ad.</i> in a state of comparison
Commotion, kôm-mô'shûn. <i>s.</i> tumult, disturbance	Compare, kôm'pârê. <i>v. a.</i> to estimate the relative goodness or badness
Commovè, kôm-mô'dvê. <i>v. a.</i> to disturb, to unsettle [impart sentiments mutually]	Compare, kôm'pârê'. <i>s.</i> comparison
Commune, kôm-inûnê. <i>v. n.</i> to converse, to communicate	Comparison, kôm'pâr-ê-sûn. <i>s.</i> the act of comparing, the state of being compared
Communicability, kôm-mû-nê-kâ-bl-ê-tê. <i>s.</i> the quality of being communicated	Compart, kôm'pâr't. <i>v. a.</i> to divide
Communicable, kôm-mû-nê-kâ-bl. <i>a.</i> that may be imparted or recounted	Compartment, kôm'pâr't'mênt. <i>s.</i> division
Communicant, kôm-mû-nê-kâ-t. <i>s.</i> one who receives the Lord's Supper	Compass, kûm'pâs. <i>v. a.</i> to encircle, to surround; to obtain, to procure
Communicate, kôm-mû-nê-kâ-te. <i>v. a.</i> to impart to others; to reveal	Compass, kûm'pâs. <i>s.</i> a circle; space; enclosure; moderation; the instrument with which circles are drawn; the instrument by which mariners steer [ration]
Communicate, kôm-mû-nê-kâ-t. <i>v. n.</i> to partake of the blessed sacrament; to have something in common with another	Compassion, kôm-pâsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> pity, commiseration
Communication, kôm-mû-nê-kâ-shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of imparting; common boundary or inlet; conference	Compassionate, kôm-pâsh'ûn-âte. <i>a.</i> inclined to pity, merciful [pity, to commiserate]
Communicative, kôm-mû-nê-kâ-tiv. <i>a.</i> liberal of knowledge, not selfish	Compassionate, kôm-pâsh'ûn-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to be mercifully, tenderly
Communicativeness, kôm-mû-nê-kâ-tiv-nê. <i>s.</i> the quality of being communicative	Compatibility, kôm-pât-ê-bl-ê-tê. <i>s.</i> consistency, the power of co-existing with something else [sistent with]
Communion, kôm-mûn-ê-yân. <i>s.</i> intercourse, fellowship, the celebration of the Lord's Supper; union in the worship of any church [wealth, the body politick]	Compatible, kôm-pât-ê-bl. <i>a.</i> suitable to, compatible
Community, kôm-mû-nê-tê. <i>s.</i> the commonwealth	Compatibly, kôm-pâ-ê-blê. <i>ad.</i> fitly, suitably
Commutation, kôm-mû-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> change, alteration; ransom	Compatriot, kôm-pâ-trê-ût. <i>s.</i> one of the same country [colleague]
Commute, kôm-mû-tê. <i>v. a.</i> to exchange	Compeer, kôm-pêêr'. <i>s.</i> equal, companion
Commute, kôm-mû-tê. <i>v. n.</i> to atone [ment]	Compel, kôm-pêl'. <i>v. a.</i> to force, to oblige, to constrain [forced]
Compact, kôm'pâkt. <i>s.</i> a contract, an agreement	Compellable, kôm-pêl-lâ-bl. <i>a.</i> that may be compelled
Compact, kôm'pâkt'. <i>a.</i> firm, close; brief	Compellation, kôm-pêl-lâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the style of address [mary, epitome]
Compactly, kôm'pâkt-lê. <i>ad.</i> closely, densely	Compend, kôm'pênd. <i>s.</i> abridgement, summary
Compactness, kôm'pâkt-nê. <i>s.</i> firmness, closeness [associate]	Compendious, kôm-pên-jê-ûs. <i>a.</i> short, summary, comprehensive
Companion, kôm-pân'yân. <i>s.</i> a partner, an associate	Compendiousness, kôm-pên-jê-ûs-nê. <i>s.</i> shortness, brevity [summary]
Companionship, kôm-pân'yân-â-bl. <i>a.</i> fit for good fellowship, social	Compendium, kôm-pên-jê-ûn. <i>s.</i> abridgement
Company, kûm'pâ-nê. <i>s.</i> persons assembled	Compensate, kôm-pên-sâ-te. <i>v. a.</i> to recompense [pense, something equivalent]
	Compensation, kôm-pên-sâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> recompense

Fâte, fâ, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—ptne, plu—nò, mòve,

Competence, kôm-pê-tênse. { s. a sufficiency	involving one thing in another; the meta
Competency, kôm-pê-tên se. }	gral consisting of many things involved
Competent, kôm-pê-tên. a. suitable, fit; qual- ified [adequately, properly	Compliment, kôm-plê-mênt. s. an act or ex- pression of civility
Competently, kôm-pê-tên-t-lê. ad. reasonably;	Compliment, kôm-plê-mênt. v. a. to soothe with expressions of respect, to flatter
Competition, kôm-pê-tîsh'ân. s. rivalry, con- test [ponent	Complimental, kôm-plê-mên'tâl. a. expres- sive of respect or civility
Competitor, kôm-pê-tê-tûr. s. a rival; an op-	Complimenter, kôm-plê-mên-tûr. s. one gives to compliments, a flatterer
Compilation, kôm-pê-lâ'shûn. s. a collection from various authors; an assemblage	Complot, kôm-plôt. s. a confederacy
Compile, k'ôm-plîé'. v. r. to draw up from var- rious authors; to write [compiles	Complot, kôm-plôt'. v. a. to form a plot, to conspire
Compiler, kôm-pî'lâr. s. a collector, one who	Comply, kôm-plî'. v. n. to yield
Complacency, kôm-plâ'sên-sê. s. pleasure; civility, complaisance [mild	Component, kôm-pô'nênt. a. that which con- stitutes the compound body
Complacent, kôm-plâ'sênt. a. civil, affable,	Comport, kôm-pôrt'. v. n. to agree, to suit
Complain, kôm-plâne. v. n. to mention with sorrow, to lament; to inform against	Comport, kôm-pôrt'. v. a. to bear, to endur
Complainant, kôm-plâ'nânt. s. one who urges suit against another	Comport, kôm-pôrt. s. behaviour, conduct
Complaint, kôm-plânt'. s. representation of pains or injuries; a malady, a disease	Comportable, kôm-pôrt'â-bl. a. consistent
Complaisance, kôm-plê-zânse'. s. civility, act of adulation [to please	Comportment, kôm-pôrt'inênt. s. behaviour
Complaisant, kôm-plê-zânt'. a. civil, desirous	Compose, kôm-pôze'. v. a. to put together, to quiet; to adjust; to arrange letters; to form a tune
Complaisantness, kôm-plê-zân'nês. s. civility	Composed, kôm-pôzd'. part. a. calm, serious
Complement, kôm-plê-mênt. s. perfection, the full quantity [ished	Composedly, kôm-pôzêd-lê. ad. calmly, ser- iously [adapts the music to words
Complete, kôm-plète'. a. perfect, full, fin-	Composer, kôm-pôzûr. s. an author; he that
Complete, kôm-plète'. v. a. to perfect, to finish	Composite, kôm-pôz'it. a. the last of the five orders in architecture
Completely, kôm-plète'lê. ad. fully, perfectly	Composition, kôm-pô-zîsh'ân. s. union, con- junction; written work; the act of dis- charging a debt by paying part; consist- ency, congruity [the types in printing
Completeness, kôm-plète'nês. s. perfection	Compositor, kôm-pôz'ê-tûr. s. he that adjusts
Completion, kôm-plê'shûn. s. accomplish- ment, act of fulfilling [parts	Compost, kôm-pôst. s. manure
Complex, kôm-plêks. a. composite, of many	Composure, kôm-pôzhûre. s. order; form; relative adjustment; sedateness, tranquil- lity; composition [drinking together
Complexion, kôm-pîêk'shûn. s. the colour of the face, &c. [complex	Computation, kôm-pô-tâ'shûn. s. the act of
Complexity, kôm-plêks'ê-tê. s. state of being	Compotor, kôm-pô'tûr. s. one that drinks with another
Complexure, kôm-plêk'shûre. s. the involu- tion of one thing with others	Compound, kôm-pôund'. v. a. to mingle many ingredients together; to discharge a debt, by paying only part
Compliance, kôm-pl'ânse. s. the act of yield- ing, submission [plaisant	Compound, kôm-pôund. a. formed out of ma- ny ingredients, composed of two or more words
Compliant, kôm-pl'ânt. a. yielding, com-	Compound, kôm-pôund. s. the mass formed by the union of many ingredients
Complicate, kôm-plê-kâte. v. a. to entangle one with another; to unite by involution of parts [a multiplicity of parts	
Complicate, kôm-plê-kâte. a. compounded of	
Complicateness, kôm-plê-kâte-nês. . the state of being complicated, intricacy	
Complication, kôm-plê-kâ'shûn. s. the act of	

nôr, nô-t-tùe, túb, búll—ôll—pôund—thin, rhis

Comprehend , kôm-prê-hênd'. <i>v. a.</i> to comprehend, to include; to conceive	Comrade , kôm-râde. <i>s.</i> companion
Comprehensible , kôm-prê-hên'sé-bl. <i>a.</i> intelligible, conceivable	Con , kôn. <i>v. a.</i> to know; to study [over]
Comprehension , kôm-prê-hên'shûn. <i>s.</i> inclusion; compendium; knowledge, capacity	Concarnate , kôn-kâm'ê-râte. <i>v. a.</i> to arch
Comprehensive , kôm-prê-hên'siv. <i>a.</i> having the power to understand; comprising much [a comprehensive manner]	Concatenate , kôn-kât'ê-nâte. <i>v. a.</i> to link together [ries of links]
Comprehensively , kôm-prê-hên'siv-lê. <i>ad.</i> in	Concatenation , kôn-kât'ê-nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> a series
Comprehensiveness , kôm-prê-hên'siv-nês. <i>s.</i> the quality of including much in a narrow compass [narrow compass; to embrace]	Concave , kông-kâve. <i>a.</i> hollow, opposed to convex [of a hollow spherical body]
Compress , kôm-prê's'. <i>v. a.</i> to force into a	Concavity , kôn-kâv'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> internal surface
Compressibility , kôm-prê's-sé-bl'l'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> the quality of admitting to be brought into a narrower compass [pressure]	Conceal , kôn-sêle'. <i>v. a.</i> to hide, to keep secret [ing concealed]
Compressible , kôm-prê's-sé-bl. <i>a.</i> yielding to	Concealable , kôn-sêlâ-bl. <i>a.</i> capable of being
Compressibleness , kôm-prê's-sé-bl-nês. <i>s.</i> capability of being pressed close	Concealment , kôn-sêle mên't. <i>s.</i> secrecy; privacy; hiding place
Compression , kôm-prêsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> the act of squeezing close [pressing against]	Concede , kôn-sêde'. <i>v. a.</i> to admit, to grant
Compressure , kôm-prêsh'shûre. <i>s.</i> the act of	Conceit , kôn-sête'. <i>s.</i> conception, thought, idea, fancy
Comprint , kôm-pri'nt'. <i>v. a.</i> to print another's copy [include]	Conceit , kôn-sête'. <i>v. a.</i> to imagine, to believe
Comprise , kôm-prize'. <i>v. a.</i> to contain, to	Conceited , kôn-sê'têd. <i>part. a.</i> endowed with fancy; proud, opinionative [ness of self]
Comprobation , kôm-prô-bâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> proof, attestation	Conceitedness , kôn-sê têd-nês. <i>s.</i> pride, fondness
Compromise , kôm'prô-mize. <i>s.</i> an adjustment of a difference of parties by mutual concessions	Conceivable , kôn-sêvâ-bl. <i>a.</i> that may be imagined or understood [ty of being conceivable]
Compromise , kôm'prô-mize. <i>v. a.</i> to adjust a compact by mutual concessions, to accord	Conceivableness , kôn-sêvâ-bl-nês. <i>s.</i> the quality
Comptroller , kôn-trô-lâr. <i>s.</i> director, supervisor [constraint]	Conceive , kôn-sêve'. <i>v. a.</i> to form in the mind; to comprehend, think
Compulsatively , kôm-nâl'sâ-tiv-lê. <i>ad.</i> by	Conceive , kôn-sêve'. <i>v. n.</i> to have an idea of; to become pregnant
Compulsatory , kôm-pâl'sâ-iâr-ê. <i>a.</i> having the force of compelling [pelling; force]	Concent , kôn-sên't'. <i>s.</i> harmony; consistency
Compulsion , kôm-pâl'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of compelling	Concentrate , kôn-sên'trâte. <i>v. a.</i> to drive into a narrow compass; to drive towards the centre. [common centre]
Compulsive , kôm-pâl'siv. <i>a.</i> having the power to compel, forcible [compulsion]	Concentre , kôn-sên'ûr. <i>v. n.</i> to tend to one
Compulsiveness , kôm-pâl'siv-nês. <i>s.</i> force,	Concentrick , kôn-sên'trîk. <i>a.</i> having one common centre
Compulsory , kôm-pâl'sâr-ê. <i>a.</i> having the power of compelling [contrition]	Conception , kôn sêp'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of conceiving; state of being conceived; notion, idea; purpose; conceit, sentiment
Compuaction , kôm-pâng'shûn. <i>s.</i> repentance,	Concern , kôn-sêrn'. <i>v. a.</i> to relate to; to effect; to interest; to disturb
Computable , kôm-pû'tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> capable of being numbered [reckoning, calculation]	Concern , kôn-sêrn'. <i>s.</i> affair, interest, importance, regard [with relation to]
Computation , kôm-pû'tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of	Concerning , kôn-sêr'nîng. <i>prep.</i> relating to,
Compute , kôm-pû'tê'. <i>v. a.</i> to reckon, to calculate, to count	Concernment , kôn-sêrn'mên't. <i>s.</i> business, importance, emotion of mind [to adjust]
	Concert , kôn-sêrt'. <i>v. a.</i> to settle, to contrive,
	Concert , kôn'sêrt. <i>s.</i> communication of designs; many performers playing the same tune
	Confession , kôn-sês'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of yielding, a grant

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pinc, pîn—nô, môve,

Concessive, kôn-sê's'iv. <i>a.</i> yielded by way of concession	Concretion, kôn-krê's'hûn. <i>s.</i> the mass formed by a coalition of separate particles
Conch, kông'k. <i>s.</i> a shell, a sea-shell	Concretive, kôn-krê't'iv. <i>a.</i> conglutative
Conciliate, kôn-sil'yâte. <i>v. a.</i> to gain over, to reconcile [gaining, or reconciling]	Concubinage, kôn-kù'bê-nâje. <i>s.</i> the act of living with a woman not married
Conciliation, kôn-sil'ê-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of conciliatory	Concubine, kông'kù-blne. <i>s.</i> a woman kept in fornication, a harlot
Conciliatory, kôn-sil'ê-â-târ-ê. <i>a.</i> relating to conciliation	Concupiscence, kôn-kù'pê-sênsê. <i>s.</i> irregular desire, libidinous wish
Concinnity, kôn-sin'nê-tê. <i>s.</i> decency, fitness	Concur, kôn-kûr'. <i>v. n.</i> to meet in one point to agree, to be conjoined
Concise, kôn-sisê'. <i>a.</i> brief, short	Concurrence, kôn-kûr'rênsê. <i>s.</i> union, combination, help, common claim [junction]
Concisely, kôn-slê'lê. <i>ad.</i> briefly, shortly	Concurrent, kôn-kûr'rênt. <i>a.</i> acting in concert
Conciseness, kôn-sisê'nês. <i>s.</i> brevity, shortness [cardinals]	Concurrent, kôn-kûr'rênt. <i>s.</i> that which concurs [ing, tremefactor]
Conclave, kông'klâve. <i>s.</i> an assembly of the	Concussion, kôn-kûsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> the act of shaking
Conclude, kôn-klûde'. <i>v. a.</i> to decide, to determine, to finish [finally to determine]	Condemn, kôn-dêm'. <i>v. a.</i> to find guilty, to doom to punishment; to censure
Conclude, kôn-klûde'. <i>v. n.</i> to settle opinion;	Condemnable, kôn-dêm'nâ-bl. <i>a.</i> blameable, culpable [tence of punishment]
Concludent, kôn-klû'dênt. <i>a.</i> decisive	Condemnation, kôn-dêm'nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> a sentence of condemnation
Concludible, kôn-klû'zê-bl. <i>a.</i> determinable	Condemnatory, kôn-dêm'nâ-târ-ê. <i>a.</i> passing a sentence of condemnation
Conclusion, kôn-klû'zhûn. <i>s.</i> final decision; consequence; the close; the end	Condensable, kôn-dên'sâ-bl. <i>a.</i> that is capable of condensation [thicker]
Conclusive, kôn-klû's'iv. <i>a.</i> decisive	Condensate, kôn-dên'sâte. <i>v. a.</i> to make
Conclusively, kôn-klû's'iv-lê. <i>ad.</i> decisively	Condensate, kôn-dên'sâte. <i>v. n.</i> to grow thick
Concoct, kôn-kôkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to digest by the stomach; to purify by heat [stomach]	Condensation, kôn-dên-sâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of thickening [close, and weighty]
Concoction, kôn-kôkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> digestion in the	Condense, kôn-dênsê'. <i>v. a.</i> to make thick
Concomitance, kôn-kôm'ê-tânse. <i>s.</i> subsistence together [with, concurrent with]	Condense, kôn-dênsê'. <i>v. n.</i> to grow close and weighty
Concomitant, kôn-kôm'ê-tânt. <i>a.</i> conjoined	Condense, kôn-dênsê'. <i>a.</i> thick, dense
Concomitant, kôn-kôm'ê-tânt. <i>s.</i> companion, person or thing collaterally connected	Condensity, kôn-dêu'sê-tê. <i>s.</i> the state of being condensed [bend, to y e. d]
Concord, kông'kôrd. <i>s.</i> agreement, union, harmony	Condescend, kôn-dê-sênd'. <i>v. n.</i> to stoop, to condescendingly, kôn-dê-sênd'ing-lê. <i>ad.</i> by way of kind concession
Concordance, kôn-kôrd'ânse. <i>s.</i> agreement; a book which shows in how many texts of Scripture any word occurs	Condescension, kôn-dê-sên'shûn. <i>s.</i> voluntary humiliation, descent from superiority
Concordant, kôn-kôrd'ânt. <i>a.</i> agreeable	Condescensive, kôn-dê-sên's'iv. <i>a.</i> courteous
Concorporate, kôn-kôrd'pô-râte. <i>v. a.</i> to unite in one mass [ion in one mass]	Condign, kôn-dine'. <i>a.</i> deserved, merited
Concorporation, kôn-kôrd'pô-râ'shûn. <i>s.</i> union	Condiment, kôn-dê-mênt. <i>s.</i> seasoning, sauce
Concourse, kông'kôrsê. <i>s.</i> the confluence of many persons or things; the persons assembled [of burning together]	Condite, kôn-dite'. <i>v. a.</i> to pickle
Concrementation, kông-krê-mâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act	Condition, kôn-dish'ûn. <i>s.</i> quality, state, rank, term of compact [ulation, not absolute]
Concrete, kôn-krête'. <i>v. n.</i> to coalesce into one mass [cretion]	Conditional, kôn-dish'ûn-âl. <i>a.</i> by way of stipulation
Concrete, kôn-krête'. <i>v. a.</i> to form by concretion	Conditionally, kôn-dish'ûn-âl-ê. <i>ad.</i> with certain limitations, on particular terms
Concrete, kôn-krête'. <i>a.</i> formed by concretion	
Concrete, kông'krête. <i>s.</i> a mass formed by concretion	

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pîn—nô, môve,

Conform , kôn-fôr'm'. <i>v. a.</i> to reduce to the like appearance with something else	Conglomeration , kôn-glôm-êr-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> collection of matter into a loose ball
Conform , kôn-fôr'm'. <i>v. a.</i> to comply with	Conglutination , kôn-glû-tê-nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of uniting wounded bodies
Conformable , kôn-fôr'mâ-bl. <i>a.</i> similar; agreeable [formity, suitably]	Congratulant , kôn-grâtsh'û-lânt. <i>a.</i> rejoicing in participation
Conformably , kôn-fôr'mâ-blê. <i>ad.</i> with conformity	Congratulate , kôn-grâtsh'û-lâte. <i>v. a.</i> to compliment upon any happy event
Conformation , kôn-fôr-mâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the form of things as relating to each other	Congratulation , kôr grâtsh-û-lâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of wishing joy
Conformist , kôn-fôr'mîst. <i>s.</i> one that complies with the worship of the Church of England [seimblance]	Congratulatory , kôn-grâtsh'û-tâ-tûr-ê. <i>a.</i> expressing joy for the good of another
Conformity , kôn-fôr'mê-tê. <i>s.</i> similitude, resemblance	Congregate , kông'grê-gâte. <i>v. a.</i> to collect, to assemble [pact]
Confound , kôn-fôund'. <i>v. a.</i> to mingle; to perplex; to astonish; to destroy	Congregate , kông'grê-gâte. <i>a.</i> collected, common
Confounded , kôn-fôund'dêd. <i>p. a.</i> hateful, detestable [religious men]	Congregation , kông'grê-gâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> a collection; an assembly met to worship God
Confraternity , kôn-frâ-têr'nê-tê. <i>s.</i> a body of	Congregational , kông'grê-gâ'shûn-âl. <i>a.</i> public, pertaining to a congregation
Confront , kôn-frônt'. <i>v. a.</i> to stand face to face; to compare	Congress , kông'grês. <i>s.</i> a meeting [terîng]
Confuse , kôn-fûzê'. <i>v. a.</i> to disorder; to perplex; to hurry the mind	Congressive , kôn-grês'sv. <i>a.</i> meeting, encouragement
Confusedly , kôn-fû'zêd-lê. <i>ad.</i> indistinctly, tumultuously, hastily	Congruence , kông'grû-ênsê. <i>s.</i> agreement
Confusion , kôn-fû'zhûn. <i>s.</i> irregular mixture; tumult, distraction of mind	Congruent , kông'grû-ênt. <i>a.</i> agreeing [ne]s
Confutable , kôn-fû'tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> possible to be disproved [futing, disproof]	Congruity , kôn'grû-ê-tê. <i>s.</i> suitableness; fitness
Confutation , kôn-fû-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of confuting	Congruous , kông'grû-ûs. <i>a.</i> consistent with suitable to [pertinently]
Confute , kôn-fû-tê'. <i>v. a.</i> to convict of error, to disprove [to freeze]	Congruously , kông'grû-ûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> suitably
Congee , kôn-jêêl'. <i>v. n.</i> to congeal by cold	Conical , kôn'ê-kâl. } <i>a.</i> having the form of a cone
Congee'ment , kôn-jêêl'mênt. <i>s.</i> the clot formed by congealation [courtesy]	Conick , kôn'îk. } <i>a.</i> cone
Congee , kôn-jêê'. <i>s.</i> act of reverence, bow	Conically , kôn'ê-kâl-ê. <i>ad.</i> in form of a cone
Congelation , kôn-jê-lâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> state of being congealed [kind]	Conjecturable , kôn-jêk'tshû-râ-bl. <i>a.</i> possible to be guessed [on conjecture]
Congenerous , kôn-jên'êr-rûs. <i>a.</i> of the same	Conjectural , kôn-jêk'tshû-râl. <i>a.</i> depending
Congenial , kôn-jê'nê-âl. <i>a.</i> partaking of the same genius, cognate [of mind]	Conjecturally , kôn-jêk'tshû-râl-lê. <i>ad.</i> by conjecture [sect knowledge]
Congeniality , kôn-jê-nê-âl'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> cognation	Conjecture , kôn-jêk'tshûrê. <i>s.</i> guess, imper
Congerics , kôn-jê-rê-êz. <i>s.</i> a mass of small bodies heaped up together [ice]	Conjecture , kôn-jêk'tshûrê. <i>v. a.</i> to guess, to judge by guess [to connect]
Conglaciare , kôn-glâ'shê-âte. <i>v. n.</i> to turn to	Conjoin , kôn-jôin'. <i>v. a.</i> to unite, to associate
Conglaciation , kông-glâ'shê-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> act of changing into ice [body]	Conjoint , kôn-jôint'. <i>a.</i> united, connected
Conglobation , kông-glô-bâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> a round	Conjointly , kôn-jôintlê. <i>ad.</i> in union, together [riage]
Conglomerate , kôn-glôm'êr-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to gather into a ball	Conjugal , kôn-jû-gâl. <i>a.</i> belonging to marriage, to unite; to inflect verbs
Conglomerate , kôn-glôm'êr-âte. <i>a.</i> gathered as a round ball; twisted together	Conjugation , kôn-jû-gâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of uniting; the form of inflecting verbs, union, assemblage

nôr, nô-t—tâbe, tâb, b'ull—ôll—pôund—thin, THIS.

- Conjunct**, kôn-jûnk't. *a.* conjoined, concurrent, united [a part of speech]
- Conjunction**, kôn-jûnk'shûn. *s.* union; league
- Conjunctive**, kôn-jûnk'tiv. *a.* closely united; in grammar, the mood of a verb
- Conjunctly**, kôn-jûnk't'le. *ad.* jointly, together
- Conjuncture**, kôn-jûnk'tshûre. *s.* combination of circumstances; critical time
- Conjuration**, kôn-jû-râ'shûn. *s.* an incantation, an enchantment [cred name]
- Conjure**, kôn-jûr'. *v. a.* to summon [a saint]
- Conjurer**, kôn-jûr'. *v. n.* to practise charms or enchantments
- Conjurer**, kôn-jûr-ûr. *s.* an impostor who pretends to secret arts; a man of shrewd conjecture
- Connate**, kôn-nâ'te'. *a.* born with another
- Connatural**, kôn-nâtsh'û-râl. *a.* suitable to nature [act of nature, originally]
- Connaturally**, kôn-nâtsh'û-râl-ê. *ad.* by the nature
- Connect**, kôn-nêkt'. *v. a.* to join, to unite
- Connectively**, kôn-nêkt'iv-lê. *ad.* in conjunction, in union [just relation]
- Connexion**, kôn-nêk'shûn. *s.* union, junction;
- Connivance**, kôn-nl'vânse. *s.* voluntary blindness [ness or ignorance]
- Connive**, kôn-nl've'. *v. n.* to pretend blind
- Connoisseur**, kôn-nês-sâ're'. *s.* a judge, a critick
- Connubial**, kôn-nû'bê-âl. *a.* nuptial, conjugal
- Conquer**, kônk'ûr. or kôn'kwûr. *v. a.* to overcome, to subdue; to surmount [overcome]
- Conquerable**, kônk'ûr-â-bl. *a.* possible to be subdued
- Conqueror**, kônk'ûr-ûr. *s.* a victor; one that subdues
- Conquest**, kôn'kwêst. *s.* the act of conquering, subjection; victory, success in arms
- Consanguineous**, kôn-sâng-gwûn'ê-ûs. *a.* near of kin [tion by blood]
- Consanguinity**, kôn-sâng-gwûn'ê-tê. *s.* relationship
- Consanguence**, kôn'shênsê. *s.* sentiment, private thoughts; scruple [exactly just]
- Conscientious**, kôn shê-ên'shûs. *a.* scrupulous,
- Conscientiously**, kôn-shê-ên'shûs-lê. *ad.* according to the direction of conscience [just]
- Conscionable**, kôn'shûn-â-bl. *a.* reasonable,
- Conscious**, kôn'shûs. *a.* knowing from memory; admitted to the knowledge of any thing
- Consciously**, kôn'shûs-lê. *ad.* with knowledge of one's own actions [of guilt, or innocence]
- Consciousness**, kôn'shûs-nês. *s.* internal sense
- Conscript**, kôn'skrîpt. *a.* registered, enrolled
- Consecrate**, kôn'sê-krâ'te. *v. a.* to make sacred
- Consecration**, kôn-sê-krâ'shûn. *s.* a rite of dedicating to the service of God
- Consecution**, kôn-sê-kû'shûn. *s.* train of consequences; succession [train; succeeding]
- Consecutive**, kôn-sêk'kû-tiv. *a.* following in order
- Consension**, kôn-sên'shûn. *s.* agreement, accord [consenting; concord, agreement]
- Consent**, kôn-sênt'. *s.* the act of yielding or
- Consent**, kôn-sênt'. *v. n.* to agree to; to cooperate with [able to, consistent with]
- Consentaneous**, kôn-sên-tâ-nê-ûs. *a.* agreeing, united in opinion [importance]
- Consequence**, kôn'sê-kwênsê. *s.* deduction;
- Consequent**, kôn'sê-kwênt. *a.* following by rational deduction, or as the effect of a cause [effect, that which follows]
- Consequent**, kôn'sê-kwênt. *s.* consequence
- Consequential**, kôn-sê-kwênt'shâl. *a. c.* conclusive
- Consequently**, kôn'sê-kwênt-lê. *ad.* in consequence, necessarily [ing kept]
- Conservable**, kôn-sêr'vâ-bl. *a.* capable of being preserved
- Conservancy**, kôn-sêr'vân sê. *s.* a court held by the Lord Mayor of London for the preservation of the fishery [preservation]
- Conservation**, kôn-sêr'vâ'shûn. *s.* protection;
- Conservative**, kôn-sêr'vâ-tiv. *a.* having the power of opposing diminution or injury
- Conservator**, kôn-sêr'vâ-tûr. *s.* preserver
- Conservatory**, kôn-sêr'vâ-tûr-ê. *s.* a place where any thing is kept [dry or pickle fruit]
- Conserve**, kôn-sêrv'. *v. a.* to preserve, to can-
- Conserve**, kôn'sêrv'. *s.* a sweetmeat
- Consider**, kôn-sîd'ûr. *v. a.* to think upon, to ponder; to requite
- Considerable**, kôn-sîd'ûr-â-bl. *a.* worthy of consideration; respectable; important, valuable [tantly]
- Considerably**, kôn-sîd'ûr-â-blê. *ad.* importantly
- Considerate**, kôn-sîd'ûr-â'te. *a.* serious, prudent; regardful; moderate
- Consideration**, kôn-sîd'ûr-â'shûn. *s.* regard, notice; mature thought; importance [transfer; to commit]
- Consign**, kôn-sîne'. *v. a.* to make over; to
- Consignment**, kôn-sîne'mênt. *s.* the act of consigning; the writing by which any thing is consigned

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât—mê, mêt—plne, plr—nò, mòve,

Consist, kôn-sîst'. <i>v. n.</i> to be comprised, to be contained in ; to be composed of	Conspirator, kôn-splr'â-tûr. <i>s.</i> a man engaged in a plot [to agree together]
Consistence, kôn-sîst'êuse. } <i>s.</i> state with respect to material existence ; substance ; agreement [firm, not fluid]	Conspire, kôn-splre'. <i>v. n.</i> to concert a crime
Consistency, kôn-sîs tèn-sê. } <i>s.</i> state with respect to material existence ; substance ; agreement [firm, not fluid]	Constable, kûn'stâ-bl. <i>s.</i> a peace-officer
Consistent, kôn-sîs'tênt. <i>a.</i> not contradictory	Constancy, kôn'stân-sê. <i>s.</i> continuance ; consistency ; steadiness ; lasting affection
Consistently, kôn sîs'tênt-lê. <i>ad.</i> without contradiction, agreeably	Constant, kôn'stânt. <i>a.</i> firm, unvaried ; resolute ; certain [certainly, steadily]
Consistorial, kôn-sîs-ô'rê-âl. <i>a.</i> relating to the ecclesiastical court	Constantly, kôn'stânt-lê. <i>ad.</i> perpetually
Consistory, kôn'sîs-tûr-ê. <i>s.</i> the place of justice in the ecclesiastical court [join]	Constellation, kôn-stêl-lâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> a cluster of fixed stars [ment, terror, dread]
Consociate, kôn-sô'shê-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to unite, to consociation, kôn-sô-shê-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> union, companionship [fort]	Constermation, kôn-stêr-nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> amazement
Consolable, kôn-sô'lâ-bl. <i>a.</i> that admits consolation, kôn-sô-lâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> comfort, alleviation of misery [give comfort]	Constipate, kôn'stê-pâte. <i>v. a.</i> to crowd into a narrow room ; to condense ; to make coactive
Consolatory, kôn-sô'lâ-tûr-ê. <i>a.</i> tending to console, kôn-sôl'. <i>v. a.</i> to comfort, to cheer	Constipation, kôn-stê-pâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of crowding into less room ; stoppage
Consoler, kôn-sô'lâr. <i>s.</i> one that gives comfort	Constituent, kôn-sîstsh'û-ênt. <i>a.</i> elemental, essential
Consolidate, kôn-sô'l'ê-dâte. <i>v. a.</i> to form into a compact and solid body ; to harden	Constituent, kôn-sîstsh'û-ênt. <i>s.</i> the person or thing which constitutes or settles any thing he tha. de putes another
Consolidation, kôn-sôl-ê-dâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of uniting into a solid mass ; the annexing of one bill in parliament to another	Constitute, kôn'stê-tûte. <i>v. a.</i> to appoint ; to erect ; to depute
Consonance, kôn'sô-nânse. } <i>s.</i> accord of sound, consistency	Constitution, kôn-stê-tû'shûn. <i>s.</i> state of being ; temper of body, or mind ; form of government
Consonancy, kôn'sô-nân-sê. } <i>s.</i> accord of sound, consistency	Constitutional, kôn-stê-tû'shûn-âl. <i>a.</i> radical consistent with the constitution, legal
Consonant, kôn'sô-nânt. <i>a.</i> agreeable	Constrain, kôn-strâne'. <i>v. a.</i> to compel ; to necessitate [constrain]
Consonant, kôn'sô-nânt. <i>s.</i> a letter which cannot be sounded by itself [ly, agreeably]	Constrainable, kôn-strâ'nâ-bl. <i>a.</i> liable to
Consonantly, kôn'sô-nânt-lê. <i>ad.</i> consistently	Constraint, kôn-strânt'. <i>s.</i> compulsion, violence [compression]
Consonant, kôn'sô-nânt. <i>s.</i> a letter which cannot be sounded by itself [ly, agreeably]	Constriction, kôn-stîk'shûn. <i>s.</i> contraction
Consonant, kôn'sô-nânt. <i>s.</i> a letter which cannot be sounded by itself [ly, agreeably]	Constringe, kôn-strînje'. <i>v. a.</i> to contract, to bind [equality of binding]
Consonant, kôn'sô-nânt. <i>s.</i> a letter which cannot be sounded by itself [ly, agreeably]	Constringent, kôn-strînj'ênt. <i>a.</i> having the effect of binding
Consonant, kôn'sô-nânt. <i>s.</i> a letter which cannot be sounded by itself [ly, agreeably]	Construct, kôn-strâkt' <i>v. a.</i> to build, to form
Consonant, kôn'sô-nânt. <i>s.</i> a letter which cannot be sounded by itself [ly, agreeably]	Construction, kôn-strâk'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act or form of building ; explanation : the meaning [fice, fabric]
Consonant, kôn'sô-nânt. <i>s.</i> a letter which cannot be sounded by itself [ly, agreeably]	Constructure, kôn-strâk'tshûre. <i>s.</i> pile, edifice
Consonant, kôn'sô-nânt. <i>s.</i> a letter which cannot be sounded by itself [ly, agreeably]	Construe, kôn'strû. <i>v. a.</i> to interpret, to explain [to de bauch]
Consonant, kôn'sô-nânt. <i>s.</i> a letter which cannot be sounded by itself [ly, agreeably]	Constuprate, kôn'stû-prâte. <i>v. a.</i> to violate
Consonant, kôn'sô-nânt. <i>s.</i> a letter which cannot be sounded by itself [ly, agreeably]	Constupration, kôn-sû'p-râ'shûn. <i>s.</i> violation, defilement [the same substance]
Consonant, kôn'sô-nânt. <i>s.</i> a letter which cannot be sounded by itself [ly, agreeably]	Consubstantial, kôn-sûb-stân-shâl. <i>a.</i> having the same substance
Consonant, kôn'sô-nânt. <i>s.</i> a letter which cannot be sounded by itself [ly, agreeably]	Consubstantiality, kôn-sûb-stân-shê-âl'ê-tê. <i>s.</i>

nòr, nòt—tâbe, tâb, hâll—dîl—pòund—thin, THIS.

- existence of more than one in the same substance [to unite in one substance]
- Consubstantiate, kôn-sûb-stân'shè-âte. *v. a.* Consubstantiation, kôn-sûb-stân'shè-â'shûn. *s.* the union of our Blessed Saviour with the sacramental elements, according to the Lutherans
- Consul, kôn-sûl. *s.* an officer commissioned in foreign parts to judge between the merchants of his nation [sul]
- Consulship, kôn-sûl'shîp. *s.* the office of consul
- Consult, kôn-sûlt'. *v. a.* to ask advice of; to regard, to act with respect to; to examine
- Consult, kôn'sûlt. *s.* the act of consulting; the effect of consulting
- Consultation, kôn-sûl-tâ'shûn. *s.* the act of consulting, secret deliberation
- Consumable, kôn sũ'mâ-bl. *a.* susceptible of destruction [to destroy]
- Consume, kôn-sũme'. *v. a.* to waste, to spend
- Consummate, kôn-sũm'mâte. *v. a.* to complete, to perfect [perfect]
- Consummate, kôn-sũm'mâte. *a.* complete
- Consummation, kôn-sũm-mâ'shûn. *s.* completion, perfection, end
- Consumption, kôn-sũn'shûn. *s.* the act of consuming, waste [wasting]
- Consumptive, kôn-sũm'tîv. *a.* destructive
- Consumptiveness, kôn-sũm'tîv-nès. *s.* tendency to a consumption [with boards]
- Contabulate, kôn-tâb'û-lâte. *v. a.* to flourish
- Contact, kôn'tâkt. *s.* touch, close union
- Contagion, kôn-tâ'jè-ûn. *s.* infection; pestilence, venomous emanation
- Contagious, kôn-tâ'jè-ûs. *a.* infectious, caught by approach [of being contagious]
- Contagiousness, kôn-tâ'jè-ûs-nès. *s.* the quality
- Contain, kôn-tâne. *v. a.* to hold; to comprise
- Contain, kôn-tâne'. *v. n.* to live in continence
- Containable, kôn-tâ'nâ-bl. *a.* possible to be contained [to corrupt by base mixture]
- Contaminate, kôn-tâm'é-nâte. *v. a.* to defile
- Contamination, kôn-tâm'é-nâ'shûn. *s.* pollution, defilement
- Contemn, kôn-tèn'. *v. a.* to despise, to neglect
- Contemner, kôn-tèn'nâr. *s.* one that contemns, a despiser [gree of any quality]
- Contemperate, kôn-tèn'pâr-â-mènt. *s.* de-
- Contemperate, kôn-tèn'pâr-âte. *v. a.* to moderate, to temper
- Contemplate, kôn-tèm'plâte. *v. a.* to study to meditate [tion; study]
- Contemplation, kôn-tèm-plâ'shûn. *s.* meditation
- Contemplative, kôn-tèm'plâ-tîv. *a.* studious
- Contemplator, kôn-tèm'plâ-târ. *s.* one employed in study
- Contemporary, kôn-tèm'pò-râ-rè. *a.* living in the same age
- Contemporary, kôn-tèm'pò-râ-rè. *s.* one who lives at the same time with another
- Contemporise, kôn-tèm'pò-rîze. *v. a.* to make contemporary
- Contempt, kôn-tèm't'. *s.* scorn
- Contemptible, kôn-tèm'tè-bl. *a.* deserving scorn; despised [ness, cheapness]
- Contemptibleness, kôn-tèm'tè-bl-nès. *s.* vile-
- Contemptibly, kôn-tèm'tè-blè. *ad.* in a manner deserving contempt
- Contemptuous, kôn-tèm'tshû-ûs. *a.* scornful
- Contemptuousness, kôn-tèm'tshû-ûs-nès. *s.* disposition to contempt
- Contend, kôn-tènd'. *v. n.* to strive; so vie
- Contender, kôn-tèn'dâr. *s.* combatant, champion
- Content, kôn-tènt'. *a.* satisfied
- Content, kôn-tènt'. *v. a.* to satisfy; to please
- Content, kôn-tènt'. *s.* moderate happiness; acquiescence [not repining]
- Contented, kôn-tèn'tèd. *part a.* satisfied
- Contention, kôn-tèn'shûn. *s.* strife, debate, contest [perverse]
- Contentious, kôn-tèn'shûs. *a.* quarrelsome
- Contentiousness, kôn-tèn'shûs-nès. *s.* proneness to contest [easy]
- Contentless, kôn-tènt'lès. *a.* dissatisfied, un-
- Contentment, kôn-tèn'tmènt. *s.* acquiescence without plenary satisfaction [upon]
- Contentinous, kôn-tèn'îné-nûs. *a.* bordering
- Contest, kôn-tèst'. *v. a.* to dispute, to litigate
- Contest, kôn-tèst'. *v. n.* to strive, to emulate
- Contest, kôn'tèst. *s.* dispute, debate
- Contestable, kôn-tès'tâ-bl. *a.* disputable, convertible [bility of contest]
- Contestableness, kôn-tès'tâ-bl-nès. *s.* possibility
- Context, kôn-tèkst'. *v. a.* to weave together
- Context, kôn-tèkst'. *a.* knit together, firm
- Context, kôn'tèkst. *s.* the general series of a discourse
- Contexture, kôn-tèkst'shûre. *s.* the disposition of parts one among another
- Contiguity, kôn-tè'gû-è-tè. *s.* actual contact

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nò, môve,

Contiguous, kôn-tîg'û-ûs. <i>a.</i> meeting so as to touch	[connexion	Contradictor, kôn-trâ-dîk'tûr. <i>s.</i> one that contradicts, an opposer	tion; contrariety
Contiguoussness, kôn-tîg'û-ûs-nês. <i>s.</i> close		Contradiction, kôn-trâ-dîk'shûn. <i>s.</i> opposi-	
Continencc, kôn'tê-nênse. } <i>s.</i> restraint		Contradictious, kôn-trâ-dîk'shûs. <i>a.</i> filled	
Continence, kôn'tê-nên-sê. } <i>s.</i> chastity		with contradictions, inclined to contradict	
Continent, kôn'tê-nên-t. <i>s.</i> land not disjoined by the sea from other lands	[continent	Contradictory, kôn-trâ-dîk'tûr-ê. <i>a.</i> opposite to, inconsistent with	
Continental, kôn-tê-nên'tâl. <i>a.</i> relating to the		Contradist'ntion, kôn-trâ-dîs-tîng shûn. <i>s.</i> distinction by opposite qualities	
Contingence, kôn-tîng'jênse. } <i>s.</i> accidental		Contradistinguish, kôn-trâ-dîs-tîng'gwîsh. <i>v.</i>	
Contingency, kôn-tîng'jên-sê. } <i>s.</i> possibility		<i>a.</i> to distinguish by opposite qualities	
Contingent, kôn-tîng'jên-t. <i>a.</i> accidental		Contra-position, kôn-trâ-pô-zîsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> a plac-	
Contingent, kôn-tîng'jên-t. <i>s.</i> a thing in the hands of chance: a proportion		ing over against [contrariety to rule	
Continual, kôn-tîn'û-âl. <i>a.</i> incessant, proceeding without interruption		Contra-regularity, kôn-trâ-rêg-û-lâr'ê-tê. <i>s.</i>	
Continually, kôn-tîn'û-âl-lê. <i>ad.</i> without pause		Contrariant, kôn-trâ-rê-ânt. <i>a.</i> inconsistent, contradictory, [destroy each other	
Continuance, kôn-tîn'û-ânse. <i>s.</i> abode in a place; duration; perseverance	[nited	Contraries, kôn'trâ-rîz. <i>s.</i> propositions which	
Continuate, kôn-tîn'û-âte. <i>a.</i> immediately u-		Contrariety, kôn-trâ-rî'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> repugnance, opposition	
Continuation, kôn-tîn-û-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> protraction, or succession, uninterrupted		Contrarily, kôn'trâ-rê-lê. <i>ad.</i> different ways	
Continuator, kôn-tîn-û-â'tûr. <i>s.</i> he that continues or keeps up the series of succession		Cantrariness, kôn'trâ-rê-nês. <i>s.</i> contrariety	
Continue, kôn-tîn'û. <i>v. n.</i> to remain in the same state; to persevere		opposition [pugnancy	
Continue, kôn-tîn'û. <i>v. a.</i> to protract, or repeat without interruption: to unite without a chasm	[interrupted cohesion	Contrarious, kôn-trâ-rê-ûs. <i>a.</i> opposite, re-	
Continuity, kôn-tê-nû'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> connexion, un-		Contrariwise, kôn-trâ-rê-wîze. <i>ad.</i> on the con-	
Continuous, kôn-tîn'û-ûs. <i>a.</i> joined together		trary [tory; inconsistent; adverse	
Contort, kôn-tôr't. <i>v. a.</i> to twist, to writhe		Contrary, kôn'trâ-rê. <i>a.</i> opposite, contradic-	
Contortion, kôn-tôr'shûn. <i>s.</i> a twist, wry motion		Contrary, kôn'trâ-rê. <i>s.</i> a thing of opposite qualities	[ures
Contour, kôn-tôôr'. <i>s.</i> the outline	[illegal	Contrast, kôn'trâst. <i>s.</i> an opposition of fig-	
Contreband, kôn'trâ-bând. <i>a.</i> prohibited,		Contrast, kôn'trâst. <i>v. a.</i> to place in opposi-	
Contract, kôn-trâkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to draw together, to shorten; to make a bargain; to betroth		tion [obstruct	
Contract, kôn'trâkt'. <i>s.</i> a bargain		Contravene, kôn-trâ-vênê'. <i>v. a.</i> to oppose, to	
Contractedness, kôn-trâkt'ed-nês. <i>s.</i> the state of being contracted		Contravention, kôn-trâ-vên'shûn. <i>s.</i> opposi-	
Contractibleness, kôn-trâkt'tê-bl-nês. <i>s.</i> the quality of suffering contraction		tribute to the same sovereign	
Contractile, kôn-trâkt'tîl. <i>a.</i> having the power of shortening itself		Contributory, kôn-trîb'û-tâ-rê. <i>a.</i> paying	
Contraction, kôn-trâkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of contracting or shortening; abbreviation		Contribute, kôn-trîb'û-tê. <i>v. a.</i> to give to some common stock	
Contractor, kôn-trâkt'tûr. <i>s.</i> one of the parties to a contract or bargain	[bally, to deny	Contribute, kôn-trîb'û-tê. <i>v. n.</i> to bear a part, to have a share in any act or effect	
Contradict, kôn-trâ-dîkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to oppose ver-		Contribution, kôn-trê-bû'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of contributing; that which is given	
		Contributor, kôn-trîb'û-tûr. <i>s.</i> one that bears a part in some common design	
		Contributory, kôn-t-rîb'û-tûr-ê. <i>a.</i> promoting the same end	[itent
		Contrite, kôn'trîte. <i>a.</i> worn with sorrow, pen-	
		Contritely, kôn'trîte-lê. <i>ad.</i> penitently	
		Contrition, kôn-trîsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> penitence, sorrow for sin	[pot; an artifice
		Contrivance, kôn-tîv'ânse. <i>s.</i> a scheme; a	

Contrive , kón-tríve'. <i>v. a.</i> to plan out; to find out means	Conventicler , kón-vên'tík-lár. <i>s.</i> one that sup ports or frequents private and unlawful as semblies
Contrive , kón-tríve'. <i>v. n.</i> to form or design	Convention , kón-vên'shún. <i>s.</i> an assembly
Contriver , kón-trí'vúr. <i>s.</i> an inventor	contract , agreement for a time
Control , kón-tróll' <i>s.</i> a check, restraint; power [to govern]	Conventional , kón-vên'shún-ál. <i>a.</i> agreed on by compact [upon contract]
Control , kón-tróll' <i>v. a.</i> to keep under check;	Conventiary , kón-vên'shún-á-re. <i>a.</i> acting
Controllable , kón-tróll'á-bl. <i>a.</i> subject to control [power of governing]	Conventual , kón-vên'tshú-ál. <i>a.</i> belonging to a convent [in a convent]
Controller , kón-tróll'úr. <i>s.</i> one that has the office of a controller [opposition]	Conventual , kón-vên'tshú-ál. <i>s.</i> one that lives
Controlment , kón-tróll'mént. <i>s.</i> restraint;	Converge , kén-vér'je'. <i>v. n.</i> to tend to one point
Controversial , kón-trò-vér'shál. <i>a.</i> relating to disputes [quarrel]	Convergent , kón-vér'jént. } <i>a.</i> tending to
Controversy , kón'trò-vér-sé. <i>s.</i> dispute; a	Converging , kón-vér'jng. } one point [conversation]
Controvert , kón'trò-vért. <i>v. a.</i> to debate, to dispute [ble]	Conversable , kón-vér'sá-bl. <i>a.</i> qualified for
Controvertible , kón-trò-vér'é-bl. <i>a.</i> disputa-	Conversably , kón-vér'sá-blé. <i>ad.</i> in a conversable manner [familiar]
Controvertist , kón'trò-vér'tíst. <i>s.</i> disputant	Conversant , kón'vér-sánt. <i>a.</i> acquainted with,
Contumacious , kón-tù-má'shús. <i>a.</i> perverse, stubborn [stintately, perversely]	Conversation , kón-vér-sá'shún. <i>s.</i> familiar discourse, chat; commerce; behaviour
Contumaciously , kón-tù-má'shús-lé. <i>ad.</i> ob-	Converse , kón'verse'. <i>v. n.</i> to cohabit with; to discourse
Contumaciousness , kón-tù-má'shús-nés. <i>s.</i> obstinacy, perverseness	Converse , kón'verse. <i>s.</i> manner of discoursing in familiar life; cohabitation
Contumacy , kón'tù-má-sé. <i>s.</i> a wilful contempt and disobedience to any lawful summons [ful, sarcastic]	Conversion , kón-vér'shún. <i>s.</i> change, transmutation; change from one religion to another [ciable]
Contumelious , kón-tù-mé'lé-ús. <i>a.</i> reproach-	Conversive , kón-vér'sív. <i>a.</i> conversable, su-
Contumeliousness , kón-tù-mé'lé-ús-nés. <i>s.</i> rudeness, reproach	Convert , kón-vért. <i>v. a.</i> to change; to turn from a bad to a good life; to appropriate
Contumely , kón'tù-mé-lé. <i>s.</i> contemptuousness, bitterness of language, reproach	Convert , kón'vert. <i>s.</i> a person converted from one opinion to another
Contusion , kón-tù'zhún. <i>s.</i> the act of bruising; a bruise [al of health]	Convertible , kón-vér'té-bl. <i>a.</i> susceptible of change, transmutable
Convalescence , kón-vá-lés'ense. } <i>s.</i> renew-	Convex , kón'véks. <i>a.</i> rising in a circular form
Convalescency , kón-vá-lés'sén-sé. } <i>s.</i> renew-	Convex , kón'véks. <i>s.</i> a convex body
Convalescent , kón-vá-lés'sént. <i>a.</i> recovering	Convexity , kón-véks'é-té. <i>s.</i> protuberance in a circular form
Convene , kón-véné'. <i>v. n.</i> to come together, to assemble [summon judicially]	Convexly , kón-véks'lé. <i>ad.</i> in a convex form
Convene , kón-véné'. <i>v. a.</i> to convoke; to	Convey , kón-vá'. <i>v. a.</i> to carry, to transmit; to impart
Convenience , kón-vé'né-ense. } <i>s.</i> fitness,	Conveyance , kón-vá'ánse. <i>s.</i> the act of removing any thing; way for carriage; act of transferring; writing by which property is transferred
Conveniency , kón-vé'né-én-se. } <i>s.</i> fitness,	Conveyancer , kón-vá'án-súr. <i>s.</i> a lawyer who draws writings by which property is transferred [transmits any thing]
Convenient , kón-vé'né-ént. <i>a.</i> fit, suitable	Conveyer , kón-vá'úr. <i>s.</i> one who carries or
Conveniently , kón-vé'né-ént-lé. <i>ad.</i> commodiously, fitly [nunnery]	
Convent , kón'vent. <i>s.</i> a religious house, a	
Conventicle , kón-vên'té-kl. <i>s.</i> an assembly for worship; a secret assembly	

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mèi—pior, pin—nò, môve,

Convict kôn-vlkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to prove guilty; to confess	Coop, kôôp. <i>s.</i> a cage, a pen	[pass
Convict kôn-vlkt'. <i>s.</i> a person cast at the bar	Coup, kôôp. <i>v. a.</i> to shut up in a narrow com	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Cooper, kôô'pûr. <i>s.</i> one that makes coops or barrels	}; to concur in the same effect
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Co-operate, kô ôp'êr-âte. <i>v. n.</i> to labour joint-	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Co-operation, kô ôp'êr-â-t'chûn. <i>s.</i> the act of contributing to the same end	[same end
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Co-operative, kô ôp'êr-â-t'v. <i>a.</i> promoting the	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Co-operator, kô ôp'êr-â-tûr. <i>s.</i> he that pr motes the same end with others	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Co-ordinate, kô ôr'dê-nâte. <i>a.</i> holding the same rank	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Co-ordination, kô ôr'dê-nâ't'shûn. <i>s.</i> the state of holding the same rank, collateralness	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Copartner, kô-pâr'tnûr. <i>s.</i> a joint partner	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Copartnership, kô-pâr'tnûr-shîp. <i>s.</i> the state of bearing an equal part, or possessing an equal share	[spread over the head
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Cope, kôpe. <i>s.</i> a sacerdotal cloak; any thing Cope, kôpe. <i>v. a.</i> to cover, as with a cope; to contend with, to oppose	[scribe
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Copier, kôp'pê'ûr. <i>s.</i> one that copies, a tran-	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Coping, kô'pîng. <i>s.</i> the upper ure of masonry which covers the walls	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Copious, kô'pê'ûs. <i>a.</i> plentiful, abundant	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Copiously, kô'pê'ûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> plentifully, abund-	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Copiousness, kô'pê'ûs-nês. <i>s.</i> plenty, abund-	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Copper, kôp'pûr. <i>s.</i> one of the six primitive metals; a large boiler	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Copperas, kôp'pûr-âs. <i>s.</i> a kind of vitriol	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Coppersmith, kôp'pûr-zmîth. <i>s.</i> one that man- ufactures copper	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Coppery, kôp'pê'ûr-ê. <i>a.</i> containing copper	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Coppice, kôp'pîs. <i>s.</i> low woods cut at stated times for fuel	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Copse, kôps. <i>s.</i> short wood	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Copulate, kôp'pû-lâte. <i>v. a.</i> to unite, to conjoin	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Copulation, kôp'pû-lâ't'shûn. <i>s.</i> the congress of the two sexes	[mar
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Copulative, kôp'pû-lâ-t'v. <i>a.</i> a term of gram-	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Copy, kôp'pê. <i>s.</i> a transcript from the origin- al; the archetype	[to imitate
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Copy, kôp'pê. <i>v. a.</i> to write after an original,	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Copyer, kôp'pê'ûr. } <i>s.</i> one who copies writ- ting or pictures	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Copyist, kôp'pê'îst. }	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Coquet, kô-kê't. <i>v. a.</i> to treat with an appear- ance of amorous tenderness	
Convictu, kôn-vlkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> detection of guilt, confession	Coquetry, kô-kê't-rê. <i>s.</i> affectation of amorous advances	

nôr, nô-t—tâbe, tâb, bûll—ôlî—pôund—thin, tuis.

- Coquette**, kô-kê't. *s.* a gay, airy girl, who endeavours to attract notice ; playing thing
Jorai, kôr'âl. *s.* a marine plant ; a child's
Coralline, kôr'âl-lî. *a.* consisting of coral
Cord, kôr'd. *s.* a rope, a string
Cord, kôr'd. *v. a.* to bind with ropes
Cordage, kôr'aldje. *s.* a quantity of cords
Corded, kôr'dêd. *a.* made of ropes
Cordial, kôr'jê-âl. *s.* any thing that comforts and exhilarates [sincere]
Cordial, kôr'jê-âl. *a.* reviving, invigorating ;
Cordiality, kôr-jê-âl'é-tê. *s.* relation to the heart ; sincerity
Cordially, kôr'jê-âl-lê. *ad.* sincerely, heartily
Core, kôrê. *s.* the heart ; the inner part of any thing [resembling leather]
Coriaceous, kô-rê-â'shûs. *a.* of a substance
Coriander, kô-rê-ân'dâr. *s.* a plant
Corinthian, kô-rî'nthê-ân. *a.* the fourth order of architecture
Cork, kôrk. *s.* the name of a tree and its bark ; the stopple of a bottle
Cork, kôrk. *v. a.* to put corks into bottles
Corky, kôr'kê. *a.* consisting of cork
Cormorant, kôr'mô-rânt. *s.* a bird that preys upon fish ; a glutton [foot
Corn, kôr'n. *s.* grain ; an excrescence on the
Corn, kôr'n. *v. a.* to sprinkle with salt ; to form into small grains [is growing]
Corn-field, kôr'n'fêld. *s.* a field where corn
Corn-mill, kôr'n'mîl. *s.* a mill to grind corn into meal [retails corn
Corn-chandler, kôr'n'tshând-lâr. *s.* one that
Corneous, kôr'nê-ûs. *a.* horny [note place
Corner, kôr'nâr. *s.* an angle ; a secret or re-
Corner-stone, kôr'nâr-stônê. *s.* the stone that unites the two walls at the corner
Cornerwise, kôr'nâr-wîze. *ad.* diagonally
Cornet, kôr'nêt. *s.* a musical instrument : an officer [in the army
Cornetcy, kôr'nêt-sê. *s.* the post of a cornet
Cornice, kôr'nîs. *s.* the highest projection of a wall or column [plenty
Corrucopire, kôr-nû-kô'pê-ê. *s.* the horn of
Cornute, kôr-nû'tê. *v. a.* to bestow horns, to cuckold [cuckolded
Cornuted, kôr-nû'têd. *a.* grafted with horns
Corny, kôr'nê. *a.* like corn ; producing grain
Corollary, kôr'ô-lâr-ê. *s.* the conclusion ; an inference
Coronal, kôr'ô-nâl. *s.* a crown, a garland
Coronal, kôr'ô-nâl. *a.* belonging to the top of the head [plenitude of crowning a king
Coronation, kôr'ô-nâ'shûn. *s.* the act of so-
Coroner, kôr'ô-nûr. *s.* an officer whose duty it is to inquire how any violent death was occasioned [by the nobility
Coronet, kôr'ô-nêt. *s.* an inferior crown worn
Corporal, kôr'pô-râl. *s.* the lowest officer of the infantry [not spiritual
Corporal, kôr'pô-râl. *a.* relating to the body ;
Corporality, kôr-po-râl'é-tê. *s.* the quality of being embodied
Corporally, kôr'pô-râl-lê. *ad.* bodily
Corporate, kôr'pô-râ'tê. *a.* united in a body or community
Corporation, kôr'pô-râ'shûn. *s.* a body political
Corporeal, kôr'pô-rê-âl. *a.* having a body
Corporeity, kôr'pô-rê-ê-tê. *s.* materiality
Corps, kôrê. *s.* a body of forces
Corpse, kôrps. *s.* a dead body, : orse
Corpulence, kôr'pû-lênse. } *s.* bulkiness of
Corpulency, kôr'pû-lên-sê. } body, fleshiness
Corpulent, kôr'pû-lênt. *a.* fleshy, bulky
Corpuscle, kôr'pûs-sl. *s.* a small body, an atom
Corrade, kôr-râ'dê. *v. a.* to scrape together
Correct, kôr-rêkt'. *v. a.* to chastise ; to amend [with exactness
Correct, kôr-rêkt'. *a.* revised or finished
Correction, kôr-rêkt'shûn. *s.* punishment, discipline ; amendment ; repression
Corrective, kôr-rêkt'îv. *s.* that which has the power of altering or obviating any thing amiss [partly
Correctly, kôr-rêkt'lê. *ad.* accurately, ex-
Correctness, kôr-rêkt'nês. *s.* accuracy, exactness [to s, or revised
Corrector, kôr-rêkt'ûr. *s.* he that amends, al-
Correlative, kôr-rêl'â-tîv. *a.* having a reciprocal relation [reproof
Correption, kôr-rêp'shûn. *s.* apprehension,
Correspond, kôr-rê-spônd'. *v. v.* to suit, to answer ; to keep up commerce with another, by alternate letters
Correspondence, kôr-rê-spôn'dênse. *s.* relation ; intercourse ; interchange of offices or civilities
Correspondent, kôr-rê-spôn'dên-t. *a.* suitable, answerable

F'âte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pline, pln—uò, môve,

- Correspondent, kôr-rê-spôn'dênt. *s.* one with whom commerce is kept up by mutual letters [able]
- Corresponsive, kôr-rê-spôn'slv. *a.* answer
- Corridor, kôr-rê-dôre'. *s.* a gallery round about a building [ed or amended]
- Corrigible, kôr-rê-jê-bl. *a.* that may be altered
- Corroborant, kôr-rôb'ô-rânt. *a.* having the power to give strength
- Corroborate, kôr-rôb'ô-râte. *v. a.* to confirm, to establish; to strengthen
- Corroboration, kôr-rôb'ô-râ'shûn. *s.* the act of strengthening or confirming
- Corroborative, kôr-rôb'ô-râ-tlv. *a.* having the power of increasing strength [grees]
- Corrode, kôr-rôde'. *v. a.* to eat away by de-
- Corrodent, kôr-rôdênt. *a.* having the power of corroding or wasting
- Corrosible, kôr-rô'sê-bl. *a.* possible to be consumed by a menstruum
- Corrosive, kôr-rô'slv. *a.* able to corrode
- Corrosiveness, kôr-rô'slv-nês. *s.* the quality of corroding, acrimony [pursue up]
- Corrugate, kôr-rû-gâte. *v. a.* to wrinkle or
- Corrugation, kôr-rû-gâ'shûn. *s.* contraction into wrinkles
- Corrupt, kôr-râpt'. *v. a.* to turn from a sound to a putrescent state; to deprave
- Corrupt, kôr-râpt'. *v. n.* to become putrid, to grow rotten [wickedness]
- Corrupt, kôr-râpt'. *a.* vicious, tainted with
- Corruptibility, kôr-râp-tê-bl'ê-tê. *s.* possibility to be corrupted [vitiating]
- Corruptible, kôr-râp'tê-bl. *a.* possible to be
- Corruptibleness, kôr-râp'tê-bl-nês. *s.* susceptibility of corruption
- Corruptibly, kôr-râp'tê-blê. *ad.* in such a manner as to be corrupted [trescence]
- Corruption, kôr-râp'shûn. *s.* wickedness; pu-
- Corruptly, kôr-râpt'lê. *ad.* with taint; viciously [vice]
- Corruptness, kôr-râpt'nês. *s.* putrescence;
- Corsair, kôr'âre. *s.* a pirate
- Corse, kôrse. *s.* a dead body, a carcass
- Corslet, kôrs'lêt. *s.* a light armour for the breast [the rind]
- Cortica., kôr'tê-kâl. *a.* barky, belonging to
- Corticated, kôr'tê-kâ-têd. *a.* resembling the bark of a tree [es, flashing]
- Coruscant, kô-rûs'kânt. *a.* glittering by flash-
- Coruscation, kôr-rûs-kâ'shûn. *s.* flash, quick vibration of light
- Cosmetick, kôz-mêt'ik. *a.* beautifying
- Cosmical, kôz-mê-kâl. *a.* rising or setting with the sun
- Cosmogony, kôz-môg'ô-nê. *s.* the rise or birth of the world, the creation
- Cosmographer, kôz-môg'ô-grâ-fûr. *s.* one who writes a description of the world
- Cosmography, kôz-môg'ô-grâ-fê. *s.* the science of the general system of the world; a general description of the universe
- Cosmopolitan, kôz-mô-pôl'ê-tân. *s.* a citizen of the world, one who is at home in every place
- Cost, kôst. *s.* price; charge; detriment
- Cost, kôst. *v. n.* to be bought for, to be had at a price
- Costal, kôst tâl. *a.* belonging to the ribs
- Costard, kôst'ârd. *s.* a head; a species of apple
- Costive, kôst'tlv. *a.* bound in the body; close
- Costiveness, kôst'tlv-nês. *s.* the state of the body in which excretion is obstructed
- Costliness, kôst'lê-nês. *s.* sumptuousness, expensiveness
- Costly, kôst'lê. *a.* sumptuous, expensive
- Costume, kôs-tûmê'. *s.* the correspondence of dress to its respective ages or nations
- Cot, kôt. *s.* a small house, a hut [same time]
- Cotemporary, kô-têm'pô-râ-rê. *a.* living at the
- Coterie, kô-tûr-rê'. *s.* a club, a society
- Cotillion, kô-tîl'yông'. *s.* a kind of French dance [cottage]
- Cotland, kôt'lând. *s.* land appendant to a
- Cottage, kôt'tâje. *s.* a hut, a mean habitation
- Cottager, kôt'tâ-jûr. *s.* one who lives in a hut or cottage
- Cotton, kôt'tn. *s.* the down of the cotton-tree; a plant; cloth or stuff made of cotton
- Couch, kôûtsh. *v. n.* to lie down; to stoop or bend down
- Couch, kôûtsh. *v. a.* to lay on a place of repose; to hide; to depress the fi'm that overspreads the pupil of the eye
- Couch, kôûtsh. *s.* a seat of repose; a layer, a stratum [ting]
- Couchant, kôûtsh'ânt. *a.* lying down, squat
- Couchee, kôû'shêd. *s.* bed-time, the time of visiting late at night

- Cough, kòf. *s.* a convulsion of the lungs
 Cough, kòf. *v. n.* to have the lungs convulsed
 Cough, kòf. *v. a.* to eject by a cough
 Cougher, kòf'fùr. *s.* one that coughs
 Could, kúd. the *imperfect pret.* of can
 Coulter, kò'è-tùr. *s.* the sharp iron of the plough which cuts the earth
 Council, kòùn'sl. *s.* an assembly of persons met together in consultation
 Counsel, kòùn'sèl. *s.* advice, direction, prudence; design; a pleader [advise
 Counsel, kòùn'sèl. *v. a.* to give advice; to
 Counsellable, kòùn'sèl-á-bl. *a.* willing to receive and follow advice
 Counsellor, kòùn'sèl-iùr. *s.* one that gives advice; a confidant: a barrister
 Count, kòùnt *v. a.* to number; to reckon; to impute to [cf foreign nobility
 Count, kòùnt. *s.* number, reckoning; a title
 Countenance, kòùnt'è-nànsè. *s.* the form of the face, the system of the features, air; aspect of assurance; patronage, support
 Countenance, kòùnt'è-nànsè. *v. a.* to support, to patronise
 Countenancer, kòùnt'è-nán-sàr. *s.* one that countenances or supports another
 Counter, kòùn'tùr. *s.* a false piece of money; a sort of table in a shop [sition to
 Counter, kòùn'tùr. *ad.* contrary to, in opposition
 Counteract, kòùn-tùr-ákt'. *v. a.* to hinder any thing from its effect by contrary agency
 Counterpoiance, kòùn-tùr-bá'l'lánsè. *v. a.* to act agamst with an opposite weight
 Counterbuff, kòùn-tùr-búf'. *v. a.* to impel; to strike back [change, reciprocation
 Counterchange, kòùn-tùr-tshánje. *s.* exchange
 Counterchange, kòùn-tùr-tshánje'. *v. a.* to give and receive
 Countercharm, kòùn'tùr-tshàrm. *s.* that by which a charm is dissolved
 Countercharm, kòùn-tùr-tshàrm'. *v. a.* to destroy the effect of an enchantment
 Countercheck, kòùn-tùr-tshèk'. *v. a.* to oppose
 Countercheck, kòùn'tùr-tshèk. *s.* stop, rebuke
 Counterfeit, kòùn'tùr-fít. *v. a.* to copy with an intent to pass the copy for an original; to imitate [deceitful
 Counterfeit, kòùn'tùr-fít. *a.* forged, fictitious; counterfeit, kòùn'tùr-fít. *s.* an impostor; a forger
 Counterfeit'er, kòùn'tùr-fít-ùr. *s.* a forger
 Countermand, kòùn-tùr-mánd'. *v. a.* to contradict an order [a former order
 Countermand, kòùn'tùr-mánd. *s.* repeal of
 Countermarch, kòùn-tùr-mà'tsh. *v. n.* to march backwards
 Countermarch, kòùn'tùr-mà'tsh. *s.* retrocession; change of measures
 Countermine, kòùn'tùr-míne. *s.* a hole sunk in the ground, from which a gallery runs out, to seek out the enemies mine; a stratagem by which any contrivance is defeated
 Countermine, kòùn-tùr-míne'. *v. a.* to delve a passage into an enemy's mine, to defeat by secret measures [for a bed
 Counterpane, kòùn'tùr-pàne. *s.* a coverlet
 Counterpart, kòùn'tùr-pàrt. *s.* the correspondent part [cation
 Counterplea, kòùn'tùr-plè. *s.* in law a reply
 Counterplot, kòùn-tùr-plòt'. *v. a.* to oppose one machination by another
 Counterplot, kòùn'tùr-plòt. *s.* an artifice opposed to an artifice
 Counterpoise, kòùn-tùr-pòèze'. *v. a.* to counterbalance; to act with equal power against any person or cause
 Counterpoise, kòùn'tùr-pòèze. *s.* equiponderance, equivalence of weight or power
 Counterproject, kòùn-tùr-pròdjèkt. *s.* correspondent part of a scheme
 Countersign, kòùn-tùr-síne'. *v. a.* to sign an order of a superior, in quality of secretary
 Counterstenor, kòùn tùr-tshàn'. *s.* one of the middle parts of music
 Counterturn, kòùn tùr-tùrn. *s.* the height and full growth of a play, which destroys expectation
 Countervail, kòùn-tùr-vàle'. *v. a.* to be equivalent to, to act against with equal power
 Countervail, kòùn tùr-vale. *s.* equal weight
 Counterview, kòùn'tùr-vù. *s.* a posture in which two persons front each other
 Counterwork, kòùn-tùr-wùrk. *v. a.* to hinder by contrary operations [count
 Countess, kòùn'tès. *s.* the lady of an earl or countess, kòùn'tès. *a.* innumerable

Fâte. fâi. fâii. fât-me, mêt-pine, pîn-nô, môve,

- Country, kân'trê. *s.* a tract of land, a region; rural parts {cities; rude, ignorant}
- Country, kân'trê. *a.* rural; remote from
- Countryman, kân'trê-mân. *s.* one born in the same country; a rustic
- County, kôû'n'tê. *s.* a shire
- Couple, kûp'pl. *s.* a chain or tye; a brace; a male and his female
- Couple, kûp'pl. *v. a.* to chain together; to join to one another; to marry
- Couple, kûp'pl. *v. n.* to join embraces
- Couplet, kûp'lêt. *s.* a pair of rhymes {tude
- Courage, kûr'ridje. *s.* bravery, active fortitude
- Courageous, kûr-râ'jê ûs. *a.* brave, daring, bold {ry, boldness, courage
- Courageousness, kûr-râ'jê-ûs-nês. *s.* brave-
- Courier, kôû'rêér. *v.* messenger sent in haste
- Course, kôrse. *s.* race, career; ground on which a race is run; track or line in which a ship sails {force to run
- Course, kôrse. *v. a.* to hunt to pursue; to
- Course, kôrse. *v. n.* to run, to rove about
- Courser, kôû'sûr. *s.* a swift horse: one who pursues the sport of coursing hares
- Court, kôrte. *s.* a palace; hall or chamber where justice is administered; open space before a house; the art of insinuation
- Court, kôrte. *v. a.* to woo, to solicit a woman; to endeavour to please {well bred
- Courteous, kûr tshê-ûs. *a.* elegant of manners, {complaisance
- Courteously, kûr'tshê-ûs-lê. *ad.* respectfully, civilly, complaisantly
- Courteousness, kûr'tshê-ûs-nês. *s.* civility,
- Courtesan, kûr-tê-zân'. *s.* a woman of the town; a prostitute
- Courtesy, kûr'tê-sê. *s.* elegance of manners, civility, complaisance {women
- Courtesy, kûr'tê-sê. *s.* the reverence made by
- Courtesy, kûr'tê-sê. *v. n.* to make a reverence in the manner of ladies
- Courtier, kôrte'yâr. *s.* one that attends the courts of princes: one that solicits the favour of another {ners, complaisance
- Courtiness, kôr'tê-nês. *s.* elegance of man-
- Courtly, kôrte'lê. *a.* relating to the court, elegant, flattering
- Courship, kôrte'shîp. *s.* the act of soliciting favour; the solicitation of a woman to marriage
- Cousin, kûz'in. *s.* any one collaterally, related more remotely than a brother or a sister
- Cove, kôve. *s.* a small creek or bay {tion
- Covenant, kûv'é-nânt. *s.* a contract, stipulation
- Covenant, kûv'é-nânt. *v. n.* to bargain, to stipulate
- Cover, kûv'ûr. *s.* any thing laid over another, a shelter, concealment {shelter
- Cover, kûv'ûr. *v. a.* to overspread, conceal
- Covering, kûv'ûr-îng. *s.* dress, vesture
- Coverlet, kûv'ûr-lêt. *s.* the outermost of the bed-clothes {thicket
- Covert, kûv'ûrt. *s.* a shelter, a defence, a
- Covert, kûv'ûrt. *a.* sheltered, hidden, insidious
- Covertly, kûv'ûrt-lê. *ad.* secretly, closely
- Covet, kûv'êt. *v. a.* to desire inordinately
- Covetous, kûv'é-tûs. *a.* inordinately desirous, avaricious {gerness of gain
- Covetousness, kûv'é-tûs-nês. *s.* avarice, eagerness
- Covey, kûv'vê. *s.* a hatch; and old bird with her young ones
- Covin, kûv'în. *s.* a fraudulent agreement
- Cow, kôû. *s.* the female of the bull
- Cow, kôû. *v. a.* to depress with fear
- Coward, kôû'ûrd. *s.* a poltroon, a wretch whose predominant passion is fear
- Cowardice, kôû'ûrd-dîs. *s.* fear, habitual timidity {cowardice
- Cowardliness, kôû'ûrd-lê-nês. *s.* timidity,
- Cowardly, kôû'ûrd-lê. *a.* fearful, pusillanimous {a coward
- Cowardly, kôû'ûrd-lê. *ad.* in the manner of
- Cower, kôû'ûr. *v. n.* to sink by bending the knees, to stoop
- Cow!, kôû!. *s.* a monk's hood
- Cow-pock, kôû'pôk. *s.* an eruption from the teats of a cow; said to be an infallible preservative from the small pox
- Coxcomb, kôks'kômê. *s.* a flower; a fop
- Coxcomby, kôks'kôm-lê. *a.* or *ad.* conceited like a coxcomb
- Coxcomby, kôks'kôm-ê. *s.* foppishness
- Coxcomical, kôks'kôm'îk-âl. *a.* foppish, conceited
- Coy, kôê. *a.* modest, reserved
- Coy, kôê. *v. n.* to behave with reserve, to reject familiarity
- Coyly, kôê'lê. *ad.* with reserve

nờ, nôt—tạo, tậ, bảl—đil—pôủn—thín, tuis.

- Coyness, kôe' nês.** *s.* reserve, unwillingness to become familiar
- Cozen, kũ'zn.** *v. a.* to cheat, to defraud
- Cozenage, kũ'zn-aje.** *s.* fraud, deceit, cheat
- Cozener, kũ'zn-đr.** *s.* a cheater, a defrauder
- Crab. kráb.** *s.* a shell-fish; a wild apple; a peevish, morose person; a sign of the zodiac
- Crabbed, kráb'bêd.** *a.* peevish, morose; harsh, unpleasing; difficult
- Crabbedly, kráb'bêd-lẻ.** *ad.* peevishly
- Crack, krák.** *s.* a sudden disruption; chink, fissure; any sudden and quick sound
- Crack, krák.** *v. a.* to break into chinks; to split; to craze [right reason]
- Crack-brained, krák-brản'.** *a.* crazy, without
- Cracker, krák'úr.** *s.* a noisy boasting fellow; gunpowder confined so as to burst with great noise
- Crackle, krák'kl.** *v. n.* to make slight cracks
- Cradle, krá'dl.** *s.* a moveable bed on which children or sick persons are agitated with a smooth motion; a case for a broken bone; a frame of timber raised along the outside of a ship
- Cradle, krá'dl.** *v. a.* to lay in a cradle
- Craft, kráft.** *s.* trade; cunning; small sailing vessels
- Craftily, kráft'ẻ-lẻ.** *ad.* cunningly, artfully
- Craftiness, kráft'ẻ-nês.** *s.* cunning, stratagem
- Craftsman, kráft'smản.** *s.* an artificer, a manufacturer
- Crafty, kráft'ẻ.** *a.* cunning, artful
- Crag, krág.** *s.* a rough steep rock; the neck
- Cragged, krág'gêd.** *a.* full of inequalities and prominences
- Craggeanness, krág'gêd-nês.** *s.* fulness of crags or prominent rocks [craggy]
- Cragginess, krág'gẻ-nês.** *s.* the state of being
- Craggy, krág'gẻ.** *a.* rugged, full of prominences
- Crám, krám.** *v. a.* to stuff; to fill beyond satiety; to thrust in by force
- Cramp, krámp.** *s.* contraction of the limbs; confinement; a piece of iron bent at each
- Cramp, krámp.** *a.* difficult, knotty [end]
- Cramp, krámp.** *v. a.* to pain with cramp; to confine, to bind [ed pipe]
- Crane, kráne.** *s.* a bird; an engine; a crook
- Cranium, krá'ne-ủm.** *s.* the skull
- Crank, krángk.** *s.* the end of an iron any conceit formed by twisting or chaning a word [to be overset]
- Crank, krángk.** *a.* healthy, sprightly; near
- Crinkle, kráng'kl.** *v. n.* to run in and out
- Crankle, kráng'kl.** *v. a.* to break into unequal surfaces
- Cranny, krán'ne.** *s.* a chink, cleft, crevice
- Crape, krápẻ.** *s.* a thin stuff loosely woven
- Crash, krásh.** *v. n.* to make a loud complicated noise
- Crash, krásh.** *v. a.* to break, to bruise
- Crash, krásh.** *s.* a loud mixed sound [ness]
- Crassitude, krás'sẻ-tẻde.** *s.* grossness, coarseness
- Cratch, krátsh.** *s.* a pallisaded frame for hay
- Cranch, krántsh.** *v. a.* to crush in the mouth
- Cravat, krá-vát'.** *s.* a neckcloth
- Crave, kráve.** *v. a.* to ask with earnestness or submission; to long [ard]
- Craven, krá'vn.** *s.* a cock conquered; a coward
- Craw, kráw.** *s.* the crop or first stomach of birds
- Crawl, kráwl.** *v. n.* to creep, to move slowly
- Crayfish, kráw'fish.** *s.* the river lobster
- Crayon, krá'ủn.** *s.* a kind of pencil, a paste; a drawing [crack the brain]
- Craze, kráze.** *v. a.* to break, to crush; to
- Craziness, krá'ze-nês.** *s.* imbecility, weakness
- Crazy, krá'ze.** *a.* broken, decrepit; shattered in the intellect
- Creak, krẻke.** *v. n.* to make a harsh noise
- Cream, krẻme.** *s.* the oily part of milk
- Cream, krẻme.** *v. n.* to gather cream; to mantle or froth
- Creamy, krẻmẻ.** *a.* full of cream [any thing]
- Crease, krẻse.** *s.* a mark made by doubling
- Crease, krẻse.** *v. a.* to mark any thing by doubling it [duce]
- Create, krẻ'átẻ.** *v. a.* to form, cause; to produce
- Creation, krẻ'át'ủn.** *s.* the act of creating; the universe; any thing produced
- Creative, krẻ'át'ẻv.** *a.* having the power to create [existence]
- Creator, krẻ'át'ửr.** *s.* the Being that bestows
- Creature, krẻ'tẻhẻrẻ.** *s.* a being created; an animal not human; a word of contempt or tenderness; one who owes his rise to another
- Credence, krẻ'ẻnẻse.** *s.* belief
- Credenda, krẻ'ẻnẻnẻ đả.** *s.* articles of faith

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nô, nôve,

- Credent**, kréd'ènt. *a.* easy of belief; having credit
Credit, kréd'it. *s.* a title to credit
Credential, kréd'ènt'shâll. *s.* that which gives
Credibility, kréd'è-bil'è-té. *s.* claim to credit, probability
Credible, kréd'è-bl. *a.* worthy of credit
Credibleness, kréd'è-bl-nês. *s.* worthiness of belief
Credibly, kréd'è-blé. *ad.* in a manner that
Credit, kréd'it. *s.* belief; reputation; faith; trust reposed; promise given; influence
Credit, kréd'it. *v. a.* to believe; to trust; to admit as a debtor
Creditable, kréd'it-â-bl. *a.* reputable; estimation
Credibility, kréd'it-â-blé. *ad.* reputable
Creditor, kréd'it-âr. *s.* he to whom a debt is
Credulity, kré-dû'lé-té. *s.* easiness of belief
Credulous, kréd'jû-lûs. *a.* apt to believe, easily deceived
Credulousness, kréd'jû-lûs-nês. *s.* aptness to
Creed, krééd. *s.* a form of words in which the articles of faith are comprehended
Creek, kréék. *v. a.* to make a harsh noise
Creek, kréék. *s.* a bay, a cove
Creep, kréép. *v. n.* to move with the belly to the ground without legs; to move slowly and feebly; to fawn
Creep, kréép'ûr. *s.* a plant; an iron instrument; a kind of patten
Crepitation, krép-è-tâ'shûn. *s.* a small crack
Crept, krépt. *part. of creep*
Crepuscule, kré-pûs'kûle. *s.* twilight
Crepusculous, kré-pûs'kû-lûs. *a.* in a state between light and darkness
Crescent, krés'sènt. *a.* increasing; growing
Crescent, krés'sènt. *s.* the moon in her state of increase
Crescive, krés'siv. *a.* increasing, growing
Cress, krés. *s.* an herb
Cresset, krés'sèt. *s.* a light set upon a beacon
Crest, krést. *s.* a plume of feathers; the ornament of the helmet in heraldry; p. ide, spirit
Crested, krés'téd. *a.* adorned with a plume
Crest-fallen, krés'tâln. *a.* dejected, sunk, spiritless
Crestless, krés'tês. *a.* not dignified with coat
Cretaceous, kré-tâ'shûs. *a.* chalky
- Crevice**, krév'is. *s.* a crack, a cleft
Crew, krôd. *s.* the company of a ship
Crew, krôd. the *pret.* of *crow* [a knot or ball
Crewel, krôd'îl. *s.* yarn twisted and wound
Crib, krîb. *s.* a rack or manger
Crib, krîb. *v. a.* to shut up; to steal
Cribbage, krîb'bidje. *s.* a game at cards
Crick, krîk. *s.* a painful stiffness in the neck
Cricket, krîk'it. *s.* an insect that chirps about ovens and fire-places; a sport; a low stool
Crier, kri'âr. *s.* the officer whose business is to make proclamation
Crime, krîme. *s.* an offence, a great fault
Criminal, krîm'è-nâl. *a.* faulty, guilty
Criminal, krîm'è-nâl. *s.* a man guilty of a crime
Criminally, krîm'è-nâl-lé. *ad.* wickedly, guilty
Crimination, krîm-è-nâ'shûn. *s.* the act of accusing, charge
Crimp, krîmp. *a.* crisp, brittle, easily crumpled
Cripple, krîp'pl. *v. a.* to contract, to curl
Crimson, krîm'zn. *s.* a deep red
Crimson, krîm'zn. *v. a.* to dye with crimson
Cringe, krînje. *s.* bow, servile civility
Cringe, krînje. *v. n.* to bow, to pay court, to flatter
Crinigerous, kri-nîd'jé-rûs. *a.* overgrown with
Crinose, kri-nôse. *a.* hairy, full of hair
Cripple, krîp'pl. *s.* a lame man
Cripple, krîp'pl. *v. a.* to lame, to make lame
Crisis, kri'sis. *s.* a critical time or turn
Crisp, krîsp. *a.* curled; indented; brittle
Crisp, krîsp. *v. a.* to curl
Crispation, krîs-pâ'shûn. *s.* the act of curling; the state of being curled
Crispness, krîsp'nês. *s.* curledness
Criterion, kri-té-ré-ûn. *s.* a mark by which any thing is judged of
Critick, kri'tik. *s.* one skilled in the art of judging of literature; a censorer
Critical, kri'té-kâl. *a.* exact, nicely judicious; relating to criticism; captious, inclined to find fault
Critically, kri'té-kâl-é. *ad.* in a critical manner, exactly
Criticise, kri'té-size. *v. n.* to play the critick to animadvert upon
Criticism, kri'té-sizim. *s.* a standard of judging well; remark, animadversion
Croak, krôke. *v. n.* to make a noise like a frog
Croak, krôke. *v. n.* to make a noise like a frog
OR FROG

- Croak**, króke. *s.* the cry of a frog or raven
- Crock**, krók. *s.* a cup, any vessel made of earth
- Crockery**, krók'úr-è. *s.* earthenware
- Crocodile**, krók'ò-díl. *s.* an amphibious voracious animal
- Crocus**, krò-kús. *s.* an early flower
- Croit**, króit. *s.* a little close joining to a house
- Croisade**, krò-sàde'. *s.* a holy war
- Crone**, kròne. *s.* an old ewe; an old woman
- Crony**, krò'né. *s.* an old acquaintance
- Crook**, kròók. *s.* any crooked instrument; a sheep-hook [hook]
- Crook**, kròók. *v. a.* to bend, to turn into a
- Crookback**, kròók'bák. *s.* a man that has gibbous shoulders [perverse]
- Crooked**, kròók'éd. *a.* bent, curve; oblique
- Crookedness**, kròók'éd-nés. *s.* deviation from straightness, curvity [vest; any thing out of]
- Crop**, kròp. *s.* the craw of a bird; the harvest
- Crop**, kròp. *v. a.* to cut off the ends of any thing, to mow, to reap [a bishop]
- Crosier**, kròzhè-èr. *s.* the pastoral staff of
- Cross**, kròs. *s.* the ensign of the Christian religion; a line drawn through another; misfortune, opposition
- Cross**, kròs. *a.* transverse; adverse; peevish. *contrary, unfortunate* [to side]
- Cross**, kròs. *prep.* athwart; over, from side
- Cross**, kròs. *v. a.* to lay athwart; to sign with the cross; to cancel; to pass over
- Crossbite**, kròs'blte. *s.* a deception, a cheat
- Cross-bow**, kròs'bò. *s.* a missive weapon
- Crossgrained**, kròs-gránd'. *a.* having the fibres transverse; troublesome, vexatious
- Crossly**, kròs'lé. *ad.* athwart; oppositely, adversely [section; peevishness]
- Crossness**, kròs'nés. *s.* transverseness, inter-
- Crotchet**, kròtsh'èi. *s.* a note equal to half a minim; a piece of wood fitted into another to support a building, in printing, books in which words are included [thus]; an odd fancy [to bend servilely]
- Crouch**, kròútsh. *v. n.* to stoop low; to fawn,
- Croup**, kròóp. *s.* the rump of a fowl; the buttocks of a horse [of a cock]
- Crow**, krò. *s.* a bird; an iron lever; the voice
- Crow**, krò. *v. n. pref.* Crew, or Crowed, to make a noise like a cock, to boast; to vapour
- Crowd**, kròud. *s.* a multitude, a promiscuous medley; the populace
- Crowd**, kròud. *v. a.* to fill with confused multitudes; to press close together
- Crowd**, kròud. *v. n.* to swarm, to be numerous and confused
- Crown**, kròun. *s.* the ornament of the head which denotes imperial and regal dignity; a garland; royalty; the top of the head; a piece of money
- Crown**, kròun. *v. a.* to invest with a crown; to dignify, to adorn; to complete; to terminate [window-glass]
- Crown-glass**, kròun'glás. *s.* the finest sort of
- Crucial**, kròò'shé-ál. *a.* transverse, intersecting one another [to meet]
- Cruciate**, kròò'shé-áte. *v. a.* to torture, to
- Crucible**, kròò'sé-bl. *s.* a melting-pot made of earth [our Lord's passion]
- Crucifix**, kròò'sé-flks. *s.* a representation of
- Crucifixion**, kròò'sé-flk'shún. *s.* the punishment of nailing to a cross [of a cross]
- Cruciform**, kròò'sé-sòrm. *a.* having the form
- Crucify**, kròò'sé-fl. *v. a.* to put to death by nailing the hands and feet to a cross
- Crude**, kròòd. *a.* raw; unripe; indigested
- Crudely**, kròòd'lé. *ad.* unripely, without due preparation [to]
- Crudeness**, kròòd'nés. *s.* unripeness, indigestion
- Crudity**, kròò'dé-té. *s.* indigestion, unripeness [inhuman, barbarous]
- Cruel**, kròò'll. *a.* pleased with hurting others
- Cruelly**, kròò'll-lé. *ad.* inhumanly, barbarously [barbarity]
- Cruelty**, kròò'll-té. *s.* inhumanity, savageness
- Cruet**, kròò'ít. *s.* a phial for vinegar or oil
- Cruise**, kròóz. *s.* a voyage in search of plunder [without any certain course]
- Cruise**, kròóz. *v. n.* to wander on the sea
- Cruiser**, kròò'zúr. *s.* one that roves upon the sea in search of plunder [small particle]
- Crumb**, krúm. *s.* the soft part of bread; a
- Crumble**, krúm'bl. *v. a.* to break into small pieces, to comminute [pieces]
- Crumble**, krúm'bl. *v. n.* to fall into small
- Crummy**, krúm'mé. *a.* soft
- Crumble**, krúm'bl. *v. a.* to draw into wrinkles
- Crumpling**, krúm'pl'ng. *s.* a small degenerate apple
- Crupper**, krúp'púr. *s.* that part of the horse-

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât-mê, mêt-plue, pln-nd, môve,

- man's furniture that reaches from the saddle to the tail [the infidels
 Crusade, krôd-sâde'. *s.* an expedition against
 Crush, krûsh. *v. a.* to squeeze; to depress, to dispirit
 Crush, krûsh. *s.* a collision
 Crust, krúst. *s.* any shell or external coat; an encrustation; the case of a pie; the hard part of bread
 Crust, k-rúst. *v. a.* to cover with a hard case; to foul with concretions
 Crust, krúst. *v. n.* to gather or contract a crust
 Crustaceous, krús-tá'shus. *s.* shelly, with joints
 Crustily, krús'tá-lé. *ad.* peevishly, snappishly
 Crustiness, krús'té-nês. *s.* the quality of a crust; peevishness [rose, snappish
 Crusty, krús'té. *a.* covered with a crust; mock
 Crutch, krútsh. *s.* a support used by cripples
 Cry, krl. *v. n.* to call importunately; to proclaim; to weep; to yell
 Cry, krl. *s.* shriek, scream; weeping; clamour; proclamation; importunate call; yell; a pack of dogs [usually colourless body
 Crystal, krl'tál. *s.* a hard, pellucid, and natural
 Crystal, krl's'tál. *a.* consisting of crystal; bright, clear, transparent
 Crystalline, {krl's'tál-líne.} *a.* consisting of crystal; clear, pellucid
 Crystallization, krl's-tál-lé-zá'shûn. *s.* congelation into crystals
 Crystallize, krl's'tál-líze. *v. n.* to coagulate, congeal, or shoot into crystals
 Cub, kûb. *s.* the young of a beast, generally of a bear or fox
 Cubatory, kûbâ-túr-é. *a.* recumbent
 Cube, kûbe. *s.* a square solid body [inches
 Cubit, kû'bit. *s.* a measure of about eighteen
 Cubital, kû'bé-tál. *a.* containing only the length of a cubit [an adultress
 Cuckold, kûk'kâld. *s.* one that is married to
 Cuckold, kûk'kâld. *v. a.* to rob a man of his wife's fidelity; to wrong a husband by unchastity
 Cuckoldom, kûk'kâl-dâm. *s.* the act of adultery, the state of a cuckold [tempt
 Cuckoo, kûk'kôô. *s.* a bird; a name of con-
 Cucumber, kûk'kâm-bâr. *s.* a plant, and its fruit
- Cud, kûd. *s.* food repositied in the first stomach, in order to be chew'd again
 Cuddle, kûd'dl. *v. n.* to lie close
 Cudgel, kûd'jil. *s.* a stick to strike with
 Cudgel, kûd'jil. *v. a.* to beat with a stick
 Cue, kû. *s.* the end of any thing; a hint
 Cuerpo, kwê'r'pò. *s.* without the upper coat
 Cuff, kûf. *s.* a blow with the fist, a box, stroke; part of a sleeve
 Cuff, kûf. *v. n.* to fight, to scuffle
 Cuff, kûf. *v. a.* to strike with the fist
 Cuirass, kwê-râs'. *s.* a breastplate [see
 Culinary, kû'lé-nâr-é. *a.* relating to the kitchen
 Cull, kûl. *v. a.* to select from others
 Culter, kû'lûr. *s.* one who picks or chooses
 Cully, kû'l'é. *s.* a man deceived or imposed upon [meridian
 Culminate, kûl'mé-nâte. *v. n.* to be in the
 Culmination, kûl-mé-nâ'shûn. *s.* the transit of a planet through the meridian
 Culpability, kûl-pâ-ûl'é-té. *s.* blameableness
 Culpable, kûl-pâ-bl. *a.* criminal, blameable
 Culprit, kûl'prít. *s.* a man arraigned before his judge [meliorate
 Cultivate, kûl'té-vâte. *v. a.* to improve
 Cultivation, kûl-té-vâ'shûn. *s.* improvement, melioration [promotes, or meliorates
 Cultivator, kûl'té-vâ-tûr. *s.* one who improves, Culture, kûl'tshûre. *s.* the act of cultivation; art of improvement and melioration
 Cumber, kûm'bûr. *v. a.* to embarrass; to crowd or load with something useless
 Cumbersome, kûm'bûr-sûm. *a.* troublesome, unwieldy
 Cumbrance, kûm'brânse. *s.* burden, hindrance, impediment [densome
 Cumbrance, kûm'brâs. *a.* troublesome; burdensome
 Cumulate, kû'mû-lâte. *v. a.* to heap together
 Cumulation, kû'mû-lâ'shûn. *s.* the act of heaping together
 Cumulative, kû'mû-lâ-tív. *a.* consisting of diverse matters put together
 Cumulated, kû'né-â-téd. *a.* in form of a wedge
 Cunning, kû'níng. *a.* skillful, knowing; artfully deceitful, crafty
 Cunning, kû'níng. *s.* artifice, deceit, sleight, fraudulent dexterity [craftily
 Cunningy, kû'níng-lé. *ad.* artfully, slyly
 Cunningness, kû'níng-nês. *s.* deceitfulness, craftiness

- Cup, kûp. s.** a small drinking vessel, the draught, social entertainment
- Cup, kûp. v. a.** to draw blood by applying cupping-glasses [ware]
- Cupboard, kûb'bôrd. s.** a case for victuals or
- Cupidity, kû-plî'dè-tè. s.** concupiscence, unlawful longing
- Cupola, kû'pô-lâ. s.** a dome, the hemispherical summit of a building
- Copper, kûp'pâr. s.** one who applies cupping-glasses, a scarifier [copper]
- Cupreous, kû'prè-ûs. a.** coppery, consisting of
- Cur, kûr. s.** a degenerate dog; a term of reproach
- Curable, kû'râ-bl. a.** that admits of a remedy
- Curacy, kû'râ-sè. s.** employment of a curate
- Curate, kû'râte. s.** a clergyman hired to perform the duties of another
- Curator, kû-râ'târ. s.** one that has the care and superintendence of any thing
- Curb, kûrb. s.** part of a bridle; restraint, opposition
- Carb, kûrb. v. a.** to guide a horse with a curb; to restrain, to check
- Curd, kûrd. s.** the coagulation of milk [agulate]
- Curd, kûrd. v. a.** to turn to curds, to cause to coagulate, kû'r'di. v. n. to coagulate, to concreate
- Curdy, kûr'dè. a.** coagulated, concreted
- Cure, kûre. s.** remedy, act of healing; the benefice or employment of a curate
- Cure, kûre. v. a.** to heal, to remedy, to preserve from corruption [remedy]
- Cureless, kûre'lès. a.** without cure, without
- Curiosity, kû-rè-ô's'è-tè. s.** inquisitiveness, nicety; accuracy; a rarity
- Curious, kû'rè-ûs. a.** inquisitive, attentive to, accurate, elegant [gauntly; artfully]
- Curiously, kû'rè-ûs-lè. ad.** inquisitively; elegantly
- Curly, kûr. s.** a ringlet of hair; undulation, wave, flexure
- Curly, kûrl. v. a.** to turn the hair in ringlets; to twist; to dress with curls; raise in waves
- Curly, kûrl. v. n.** to shrink into ringlets; to rise in undulation
- Curmudgeon, kûr-mûd'jân. s.** an avaricious churlish fellow, a miser
- Currant, kûr'rân. s.** a small dried grape
- Currency, kû'r'rân-sè. s.** circulation, general reception constant flow; paper passing for money
- Current, kûr'rènt. a.** circulatory; popular, fashionable
- Current, kûr'rènt. s.** a running stream
- Currently, kûr'rènt-lè. ad.** in a constant motion; popularly, generally
- Currentness, kûr'rènt-nès. s.** circulation; general reception
- Curricule, kûr'rè-kl. s.** an open two wheeled chaise, made to be drawn by two horses abreast [leather]
- Currier, kûr'rè-ûr. s.** a dresser of tanned leather
- Curry, kûr'rè. v. a.** to dress leather; to beat
- Curse, kûrse. v. a.** to wish evil to, to execute; to afflict [ation]
- Curse, kûrse. s.** malediction, torment, vexation
- Cursed, kûr'sèd. part. a.** under a curse, hateful, unholy; vexatious [under a curse]
- Cursedness, kûr'sèd-nès. s.** the state of being
- Cursitor, kûr'sè-târ. s.** an officer belonging to the chancery
- Cursory, kûr'sò-râ-rè. a.** cursory, hasty, careless [care]
- Cursorily, kûr'sò-rè-lè. ad.** hastily, without
- Cursory, kûr'sò-rè. a.** hasty, quick, inattentive
- Curst, kûrst. a.** froward, peevish, snarling
- Curtail, kûr-tâle'. v. a.** to cut short, to shorten
- Curtain, kûr'tîn. s.** a cloth contracted or expanded at pleasure
- Curtain, kûr'tîn. v. a.** to enclose with curtains
- Curtsy, kûrt'sè. s.** See Courtesy
- Curvated, kûr'vâ-tèd. a.** bent [or crooking]
- Curvation, kûr'vâ'shân. s.** the act of bending
- Curvature, kûr'vâ-tshûre. s.** crookedness a flexion
- Curve, kûrv. a.** crooked, bent, inflected
- Curve, kûrv. s.** any thing bent, a flexure or crookedness
- Curve, kûrv. v. a.** to bend, to crook, to inflect
- Curvet, kûr-vèl'. v. n.** to leap, to bound; to frisk
- Curvet, kûr-vèl'. s.** a leap, a bound, a frolic
- Curvilinear, kûr-vè-lîn'yâr. a.** consisting of a crooked line
- Curvity, kûr'vè-tè. s.** crookedness
- Cushion, kûsh'în. s.** a kind of pillow, a seat pad placed upon a chair
- Cusp, kûsp. s.** the horns of the moon

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pîne, pîn—nô, môve,

- Cuspeded, kûs'pâ-têd. } a. ending in a
 Cuspidated, kûs'pê-dâ-têd. } a. point
 Custard, kûs'tûrd. s. a kind of sweetmeat
 made of eggs, milk, and sugar [security
 Custody, kûs'tô-dê. s. imprisonment, care,
 Custom, kûs'tûm. s. habit, fashion, estab-
 lished manner; application from buyers;
 tribute
 Custom-house, kûs'tûm-hôuse. s. the house
 where taxes upon goods imported or ex-
 ported are collected. [bitual, frequent
 Customable, kûs'tûm-â-bl. a. common, ha-
 Customary, kûs'tûm-âr-ê. a. conformable to
 custom, habitual; usual
 Customer, kûs'tûr-ûr. s. one who frequents
 any place for the sake of purchasing
 Cut, kût. v. a. pret. Cut, part. pass. Cut to
 penetrate, with an edged instrument; to
 hew; to carve; to divide packs of cards;
 to intersect
 Cut, kût. part. a. prepared for use
 Cut, kût. s. the action of an edged instru-
 ment; a wound; a channel; a shred; a
 near passage, by which some angle is cut
 off; a picture; form, shape
 Cutaneous, kû-tâ-nê-ûs. a. relating to the skin
 Cuticle, kû-tê-kl. s. the outermost skin; thin
 skin formed on the surface of any liquor
 Cuticular, kû-tîk'û-lûr. a. belonging to the skin
 Cutlass, kût'lâs. s. a broad cutting sword
 Cutler, kût'lûr. s. one who makes or sells
 knives
 Cutpurse, cût'pûrse. s. a pickpocket, a robber
 Cutter, kût'tûr. s. one who cuts; a nimble
 boat. [sassin
 Cut-throat, kût'thrôte. s. a murderer an as-
 Cut-throat, kût'thrôte. a. cruel, inhuman, bar-
 barous
 Cutting, kût'tîng. s. a piece cut off, a chop
 Cycle, sî'kl. s. a circle; a round of time
 Cycloid, sî'klôid. s. a geometrical curve
 Cyclopedia, sî-klô-pê-dê-â. s. a circle of
 knowledge, a course of the sciences
 Cygnet, sîg'nêt. s. a young swan
 Cylinder, sîl'lû'dûr. s. a body having two flat
 surfaces and one circular
 Cylindrical, sê-lîn'drê-kâl. } a. having the
 Cylindrick, sê-lîn'drîk } form of a cylind-
 for of a cylind-
 Cymbal, sîl'n'bâl. s. a musical instrument
- Cynical, sîn'îk-âi. } a. having the qualities
 Cynick, sîn'îk. } of a dog, churlish, snarling, satirical
 Cynick, sîn'îk. s. a philosopher of the snarl-
 ing sort, a follower of Diogenes [stuff
 Cyprus, sî'prûs. s. a thin transparent black
 Cyst, sîst. } s. a bag containing some
 Cystis, sîs'tîs. } morbid matter [Russia
 Czar, zâr. s. the title of the Emperor of
 Czarina, zâ-rê-nâ. s. the Empress of Russia
- ## D
- DAB, dâb. v. a. to strike gently, with
 something soft or moist
 Dab, dâb. s. a small lump of any thing; a
 blow with something moist or soft; a small
 flat fish [tamper
 Dabble, dâb'bl. v. n. to play in water, to
 Dabbler, dâb'lâr. s. one that plays in water;
 a superficial meddler
 Dace, dâse. s. a small river fish
 Dactyle, dâk'tîl. s. a poetical foot, consisting
 of one long syllable and two short ones
 Dad, dâd. } s. a puerile term for father
 Daddy, dâd'dê. }
 Dagger, dâg'ûr. s. a short sword, a poniard,
 the obelus, as [†] [mire or water
 Dagle, dâg'gl. v. a. to dig negligently in
 Daggletail, dâg'gl-tâle. a. bemired, bespattered
 Daily, dâ'lê. a. happening every day
 Daily, dâ'lê. ad. every day, very often
 Daintily, dâné'tê-lê. ad. elegantly, delicately
 Daintiness, dâné'tê-nês. s. delicacy, softness;
 fastidiousness
 Dainty, dâné'tê. a. delicate, nice, squeamish
 Dainty, dâné'tê. s. a delicacy [ufactured
 Dairy, dâ'rê. s. the place where milk is man-
 Dairymaid, dâ'rê-mâde. s. the woman servant
 whose business is to manage the milk
 Dale, dâle. s. a vale, a valley
 Dalliance, dâl'lê-ânse. s. acts of fondness;
 conjugal conversation; delay
 Dallier, dâl'lê-ûr. s. a trifler, a fondler
 Dally, dâl'lê. v. n. to trifle, to exchange ca-
 resses, to delay [confine water
 Dam, dâm. s. a mother; a mole or bank to
 Dam, dâm. v. a. to confine, to shut up water
 by moles or dam.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mè, mèt—pîne, pîn—nò, môve,

- Daybook, dà'bôók. *s.* a tradesman's journal
- Daybreak, dà'brâke. *s.* the dawn {the dawn
- Dayspring, dà'sprîng. *s.* the rise of the day,
- Daystar, dà'stâr. *s.* the morning star [is light
- Daytime, dà'tîme. *s.* the time in which there
- Dayze, dà'zî. *v. a.* to overpower with light
- Deacon, dé'kî. *s.* one of the lowest order of
the clergy
- Deaconry, dé'ku-ré. } the office or dig-
- Deaconship, dé'kn-shîp. } nity of a deacon
- Dead, déd. *a.* deprived of life; inanimate,
gloomy; frigid; vapid; under the power
of sin [itless
- Deaden, déd'dn. *v. a.* to make vapid, or spir-
- Deadly, déd'lé. *a.* destructive, mortal
- Deadly, déd'lé. *ad.* mortally, implacably
- Deadness, déd'nês. *s.* want of warmth; vapid-
ness loss of spirit
- Deaf, déf. *a.* wanting the sense of hearing
- Deafen, déf'fn. *v. a.* to deprive of the power
of hearing
- Deafly, déf'lé. *ad.* without sense of sounds
- Deafness, déf'nês. *s.* want of hearing
- Deal, déle. *s.* quantity; fir-wood
- Deal, déle. *v. a.* to dispose to different per-
sons; to distribute [ness
- Deal, déle. *v. n.* to traffick, to transact busi-
- Dealer, dé'lâr. *s.* a trader; a person who
deals the cards [course; business
- Dealing, dé'lîng. *s.* practice, action, inter-
- Dean, déne. *s.* the second dignitary of a dio-
cess [a dean
- Deanery, dé'nâr-ré. *s.* the office or revenue of
- Dear, dére. *a.* beloved; costly
- Deat, dére. *s.* a word of endearment
- Dearly, dérc'lé. *ad.* with great fondness; at
a high price [price
- Dearness, dére'nês. *s.* fondness, love; high
- Dearth, dérth. *s.* scarcity, want, famine
- Death, déth. *s.* the extinction of life [ous
- Deathful, déth'fûl. *a.* full of slaughter, murder-
- Deathless, déth'lês. *a.* immortal, never-dying
- Deathlike, déth'lîke. *a.* resembling death, still
- Deathsman, déth'smân. *s.* an executioner
- Deathwatch, déth'wôtsh. *s.* an insect-
- Debark, dé-bârk'. *v. a.* to disembark
- Debar, dé-bâr'. *v. a.* to exclude, to preclude
- Debase, dé-bâse'. *v. a.* to reduce; to sink, to
adulterate, to lessen [basing
- Debasement, dé-bâse'ment. *s.* the act of de-
- Debate, dé-bâte'. *s.* personal dispute, a contest
- Debate, dé-bâte'. *v. a.* to controvert, to dis-
pute, to contest
- Debauch, dé-bâwtsh'. *v. n.* to corrupt by lewd-
ness or intemperance [ance, lewdness
- Debauch, dé-bâwtsh'. *s.* a fit of intemper-
- Debauchee, déb-âw-shéé'. *s.* a lecher, a drunk-
ard
- Debauchery, dé-bâwtsh'âr-ré. *s.* lewdness
- Debat, dé-bèl' } *v. a.* to conquer, to
- Debellate, dé-bèl'lâte. } overcome in war [a debt is claimed
- Debenture, dé-bèn'tshûre. *s.* a writ by which
- Debilitate, dé-bîl'é-tâte. *v. a.* to make faint,
to enfeeble [weakening
- Debilitation, dé-bîl'é-tâ'shûn. *s.* the act of
- Debility, dé-bîl'é-té. *s.* weakness, feebleness
- Debonair, déb-d-nâre'. *a.* elegant, civil
- Debt, dét. *s.* that which one man owes to
another [another
- Debtor, dé'tûr. *s.* he that owes something to
- Decade, dék'ád. *s.* the sum of ten
- Decadency, dé-ká'dên-sé. *s.* decay, fall
- Decagon, dék'á-gôn. *s.* a plain figure in ge-
ometry [ments
- Decalogue, dék'á-lóg. *s.* the ten command-
- Decamp, dé-kâmp'. *v. a.* to shift the camp,
to move off [shifting the camp
- Decampment, dé-kâmp'ment. *s.* the act of
- Decant, dé-kánt'. *v. a.* to pour off gently
- Decanter, dé-kántûr. *s.* a glass vessel for
liquor
- Decapitate, dé-kâp'é-tâte. *v. a.* to behead
- Decay, dé-ká'. *v. n.* to lose excellence, to de-
cline [sumption
- Decay, dé-ká'. *s.* decline, declension, con-
- Decease, dé-sése'. *s.* death, departure from
life [life
- Decease, dé-sése'. *v. n.* to die, to depart from
- Deceit, dé-sète'. *s.* fraud, a cheat; strata-
gem [deceit
- Deceitful, dé-sète'fûl. *a.* fraudulent, full of
- Deceitfully, dé-sète'fûl-é. *ad.* fraudulently
- Deceitfulness, dé-sète'fûl-nês. *s.* tendency to
deceive [exposed to imposture
- Deceivable, dé-sé'vâ-bl. *a.* subject to fraud,
- Deceivableness, dé-sé'vâ-bl-nês. *s.* liable-
ness to be deceived
- Deceive, dé-sève'. *v. a.* to bring into error; to
delude by stratagem

Deceive, <i>dê-sê vûr s.</i> one that leads another [the year]	Declare, <i>dê-klâre' v. a.</i> to make known, to proclaim
December, <i>dê-sêm'bûr. s.</i> the last month of	Declension, <i>dê-klên'shûn. s.</i> declination, de- scend; inflection, manner of changing nouns [terminations]
Decency, <i>dê-sên-sê. s.</i> propriety; modesty	Declinable, <i>dê-klî'nâ'hl. a.</i> having variety of
Decennial, <i>dê-sên'nê-âl. a.</i> continuing ten years	Declination, <i>dêk-klê-nâ'shûn. s.</i> descent, the act of bending; obliquity [dialing]
Decent, <i>dê'sên. a.</i> becoming, fit, suitable	Declinator, <i>dêk-lê-nâ'tûr. s.</i> an instrument in
Decently, <i>dê'sên-tê. ad.</i> in a proper manner, with suitable behaviour [to be deceived]	Decline, <i>dê-klîne'. v. n.</i> to lean downwards; to deviate, to refuse, to decay
Deceptibility, <i>dê-sêp'tê-blî'ê-tê. s.</i> liability	Decline, <i>dê-klîne'. s.</i> diminution, decay
Deceptible, <i>dê-sêp'tê-bl. a.</i> liable to be de- ceived	Declivity, <i>dê-klîv'ê-tê. s.</i> inclination, or obli- quity reckoned downwards [ing]
Deception, <i>dê-sêp'shûn. s.</i> cheat, fraud	Declivous, <i>dê-klîvûs. a.</i> gradually descend
Deceitful, <i>dê-sêp'shûs. a.</i> deceitful	Decoct, <i>dê-kôkt'. v. a.</i> to prepare by boiling; to digest
Deceptive, <i>dê-sêp'îv. a.</i> having the power of deceiving	Decoctible, <i>dê-kôkt'ê-bl. a.</i> that may be boil-
Decrypt, <i>dê-sêrpt'. a.</i> diminished, taken off	Decoction, <i>dê-kôkt'shûn. s.</i> the act of boiling, a preparation made by boiling
Decryptible, <i>dê-sêrpt'ê-bl. a.</i> that may be taken off [charm]	Decoction, <i>dê-kôkt'shûrê. s.</i> a substance drawn by decoction [heading]
Decharm, <i>dê-tshârm'. v. a.</i> to counteract a	Decollation, <i>dêk-kôl-lâ'shûn. s.</i> the act of be-
Decide, <i>dê-sîdê'. v. a.</i> to determine	Decompose, <i>dê-kôm-pôzê'. v. a.</i> to dissolve or resolve a mixed body [a second time]
Decider, <i>dê-sî'dâr. s.</i> one who determines	Decomposite, <i>dê-kôm-pôz'î. a.</i> compounded
Deciduous, <i>dê-sîd'û-ûs, or dê-sîd'jû-ûs, a.</i> falling, not perennial	Decomposition, <i>dê-kôm-pô-zîsh'ûn. s.</i> the act of compounding things already compound-
Decimal, <i>dê's'é mâl. a.</i> numbered by ten	Decomposed, [pose of things already compounded]
Decimate, <i>dê's'é-mâte. v. a.</i> to tithe, to take the tenth [selection of every tenth]	Decompose, <i>dê-kôm-pôund'. v. a.</i> to com-
Decimation, <i>dê-sê-mâ'shûn. s.</i> a tithe, a	Decorate, <i>dêk'kô-râte. v. a.</i> to adorn, to em- bellish [added beauty]
Decipher, <i>dê-sî'fâr. v. a.</i> to explain, to mark, to unravel [writings in cipher]	Decoration, <i>dêk-kô-râ'shûn. s.</i> ornament
Decipherer, <i>dê-sî'fâr-âr. s.</i> one who explains	Decorous, <i>dê-kô'râs. a.</i> decent, suitable to a character [of the bar]
Decision, <i>dê-sîzh'ûn. s.</i> determination	Decorticate, <i>dê-kôrt'ê-kâte. v. a.</i> to divest
Decisive, <i>dê-sî'îv. a.</i> having the power of de- termining [manner]	Decorum, <i>dê-kô'râm. s.</i> decency, seemliness
Decisively, <i>dê-sî'îv-lê. ad.</i> in a conclusive	Decoy, <i>dê-kôé'. v. a.</i> to lure into a cage, to entrap
Decisiveness, <i>dê-sî'îv-nês. s.</i> the power of terminating any difference [or decide]	Decoy, <i>dê-kôé'. s.</i> allurement to mischief
Decisory, <i>dê-sî'sô-rê. a.</i> able to determine	Decrease, <i>dê-krêse'. v. n.</i> to grow less, to be diminished [less, decay]
Deck, <i>dêk. v. a.</i> to dress; to adorn	Decrease, <i>dê-krêse'. s.</i> the state of growing
Deck, <i>dêk. s.</i> the floor of a ship	Decree, <i>dê-krêé'. v. n.</i> to make an edict, to appoint by edict
Declaim, <i>dê-klâme'. v. n.</i> to harangue	Decree, <i>dê-krêé'. s.</i> an edict, a law
Declaimer, <i>dê-klâ'mâr. s.</i> one who declaims	Decrement, <i>dêk'krê-mênt. s.</i> decrease, the state of growing less, the quantity lost by decreasing [with age]
Declamation, <i>dê-klâ-mâ'shûn. s.</i> an harangue	Decrepid, <i>dê-krêp'î. a.</i> wasted or worn out
Decimator, <i>dê-klâ-mâ'tûr. s.</i> a declaimer, an orator [to the passions]	
Declamatory, <i>dê-klâm'mâ-tûr-ê. a.</i> appealing	
Declarable, <i>dê-klâ'râ-bl. a.</i> capable of proof	
Declaration, <i>dêk-klâ-râ'shûn. s.</i> affirmation	
Declarative, <i>dê-klâ'râ'îv. a.</i> making decla- ration, explanatory [expressive]	
Declaratory, <i>dê-klâ'râ-tûr-ê. a.</i> affirmative,	

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, plu—nò. mòve,

- Decrepitation**, *dê-krêp-ê-tâ-shûn. s.* the crackling noise which salt makes over the fire [of decay, the last effects of old age]
- Decrepitude**, *dê-krêp'ê-tûde. s.* the last stage
- Decrescent**, *dê-krê's'sent. a.* growing less
- Decretal**, *dê-krê'tâl. a.* appertaining to, or containing a decree [of decrees or edicts]
- Decree**, *dê-krê'tâl, or dêk'rê-tâl. s.* a book
- Decrual**, *dê-krî'âl. s.* clamorous censure, noisy condemnation [morously]
- Decry**, *dê-krî'. v. a.* to censure, to blame
- Decumbence**, *dê-kûm'b'ense. } the act of*
- Decumbency**, *dê-kûm'b'ên-sê. } s. lying down*
- Decuple**, *dêk'û-pl. a.* tenfold [ten]
- Decurion**, *dê-kû'rê-ûn. s.* a commander over
- Decursion**, *dê-kû'r'shûn. s.* the act of running down [cutting short]
- Decurtation**, *dêk-kûr-tâ-shûn. s.* the act of
- Dedecorate**, *dê-dêk'kò-râte. v. a.* to disgrace
- Dedecoration**, *dê-dêk'kò-râ'shûn. s.* the act of disgracing [reproachful]
- Dedecorous**, *dê-dêk'kò-râs. a.* disgraceful
- Dedentition**, *dêd-ên-tî'sh'ûn. s.* loss or shedding of the teeth
- Dedicate**, *dêd'ê-kâte. v. a.* to devote, to appropriate, to inscribe to a patron [cated]
- Dedicate**, *dêd'ê-kâte. a.* consecrate, dedicate
- Dedication**, *dêd-ê-kâ'shûn. s.* the act of dedicating, consecration; address to a patron
- Dedicator**, *dêd'ê-kâ-târ. s.* one who inscribes his work to a patron [dedication]
- Dedicatory**, *dêd'ê-kâ-târ-ê. a.* composing a
- Deface**, *ae-dûsê'. v. a.* to gather or infer from
- Defacement**, *dê-dûsê'm'ent. s.* the thing deduced, consequential proposition [son]
- Deducible**, *dê-dû'sê-bl. a.* collectible by reason
- Deduct**, *dê-dûkt'. v. a.* to subtract, to take away [that which is deducted]
- Deduction**, *dê-dûk't'shûn. s.* consequence;
- Deductive**, *dê-dûk'tiv. a.* deducible [tially]
- Deductively**, *dê-dûk'tiv-lê. ad.* consequen-
- Deed**, *dêéd. s.* action, exploit, written evidence
- Deem**, *dêém. v. n. part.* deemed, to judge
- Deep**, *dêép. a.* far from the outer part; sagacious; politick; grave, solemn; bass [part]
- Deep**, *dêép. s.* the sea, the main; the solemn
- Deepen**, *dêép. v. a.* to make deep, to darken
- Deepmouthed**, *dêép'môûth'd. a.* having a hoarse and loud voice
- Deeply**, *dêép'lê. ad.* to a great depth, solemnly, in a high degree
- Deepness**, *dêép'nês. s.* profundity, depth
- Deer**, *dêér. s.* that class of animals which is hunted for venison
- Deface**, *dê-fâsê'. v. a.* to destroy, to disfigure
- Defacement**, *dê-fâsê'm'ent. s.* violation, injury
- Defailance**, *dê-fâ'lânse. s.* failure [away part]
- Defalcate**, *dê-fâl'kâte. v. a.* to cut off, to take
- Defalcation**, *dêf-fâl-kâ'shûn. s.* diminution
- Defamatory**, *dê-fâm'mâ-tûr-ê. a.* calumnious, unjustly censorious [dishonour by reports]
- Defame**, *dê-fâmê'. v. a.* to censure falsely, to
- Defamer**, *dê-fâm'ûr. s.* one that injures the reputation of another
- Defatigate**, *dê-fât-ê-gâte. v. a.* to weary
- Defatigation**, *dê-fât-ê-gâ'shûn. s.* weariness
- Default**, *dê-fâwl'. s.* omission, neglect
- Defaulter**, *dê-fâwl'ûr. s.* one who is deficient in duty [ling]
- Defeasance**, *dê-fê-zânse. s.* the act of annull-
- Defeasible**, *dê-fê-zê-bl. a.* that which may be annulled
- Defeat**, *dê-fête'. s.* an overthrow [trats]
- Defeat**, *dê-fête'. v. a.* to overthrow; to frustrate
- Defecate**, *dêf-fê-kâte. v. a.* to cleanse, to purify [biemish]
- Defect**, *dê-fêkt'. s.* want, failing; a fault, a
- Defectibility**, *dê-fêk-tê-bl'ê-tê. s.* the state of failing, imperfection [cient]
- Defectible**, *dê-fêk'tê-bl. a.* imperfect, defective
- Defection**, *dê-fê'shûn. s.* a falling away, revolt [fect; faulty]
- Defective**, *dê-fêk'tiv. a.* full of defects, imperfect
- Defectiveness**, *dê-fêk'tiv-nês. s.* want, faultiness [dication]
- Defence**, *dê-fênsê'. s.* guard, protection, vindication
- Defenceless**, *dê-fênsê'lês. a.* unarmed, unguarded; impotent [to vindicate]
- Defend**, *dê-fênî'. v. a.* to stand in defence of,
- Defendable**, *dê-fên'dâ-bl. a.* that may be defended
- Defendant**, *dê-fên'dânt. s.* he that defends: the person accused or sued
- Defender**, *dê-fên'dûr. s.* a champion; a vindicator; an advocate
- Defensible**, *dê-fên'sê-bl. a.* that may be defended; justifiable
- Defensive**, *dê-fên'siv. a.* proper for defence in a state or posture of defence

nòr, nòt—tùe, tû, bûl—ôll—pòund—thû, thûs.

Defensive, <i>dê-sên'siv. s.</i> safeguard, state of defence	Defray, <i>dê-frâ'. v. a.</i> to bear the charges of
Defensively, <i>dê-sên'siv-lê. ad.</i> in a defensive manner	Defrayment, <i>dê-frâ'mênt. s.</i> the payment of expenses
Defer, <i>dê-fêr'. v. n.</i> to put off, to delay to act	Defunct, <i>dê-fûnk't. a.</i> dead, deceased
Deference, <i>dê-fêr-ênse. s.</i> regard, respect; complaisance, submission	Defunct, <i>dê-fûnk't's. a.</i> a dead man or woman
Defiance, <i>dê-fl'ânse. s.</i> a challenge, expression of abhorrence or contempt	Defy, <i>dê-fl'. v. a.</i> to call to combat, to challenge; to slight [invites to fight]
Deficiency, <i>dê-flsh'ên-sê. s.</i> defect, failing, imperfection	Defyer, <i>dê-fl-ûr. s.</i> a challenger, one that
Deficient, <i>dê-flsh'ênt. a.</i> wanting, defective	Degeneracy, <i>dê-jên'êr-â-sê. s.</i> a departing from the virtue of our ancestors
Defile, <i>dê-flle' v. a.</i> to pollute; to violate; to taint	Degenerate, <i>dê-jên'êr-âte. v n.</i> to fall from the virtue of our ancestors; to grow wild or base [cestors; unworthy, base]
Defile, <i>dê-flle'. v. n.</i> to go off file by file	Degenerate, <i>dê-jên'êr-âte. a.</i> unlike his ancestor
Defile, <i>dê-flle'. s.</i> a narrow passage [ruption	Degeneration, <i>dê-jên'êr-â'shûn. s.</i> a deviation from the virtue of one's ancestors
Defilement, <i>dê-flle'mênt. s.</i> pollution, corruption	Degenerous, <i>dê-jên'êr-ûs. a.</i> degenerated, vile, infamous [power of swallowing
Definable, <i>dê-fine'â-bl. a.</i> capable of definition	Deglutition, <i>dêg-glû-tsh'ûn. s.</i> the act of
Define, <i>dê-fine'. v. a.</i> to give the definition, to explain; to circumscribe, to mark the limit	Degradation, <i>dêg-grâ-dâ'shûn. s.</i> a deprivation of an office or dignity; degeneracy
Define, <i>dê-fine'. v. n.</i> to determine, to decide	Degrade, <i>dê-grâde'. v. a.</i> to lessen, to diminish
Definite, <i>dê-fê-nît. a.</i> certain, limited; exact	Degree, <i>dê-grê'. s.</i> quality, rank, station; proportion; the 360th part of a circle
Definitely, <i>dê-fê-nît-lê. ad.</i> precisely, in a definite manner [itedness	Dehort, <i>dê-hôrt'. v. n.</i> to dissuade
Definiteness, <i>dê-fê-nît-nês. s.</i> certainty, limit	Dehortation, <i>dê-hôr-tâ'shûn. s.</i> dissuasion, a counselling to the contrary [ed Saviour
Definition, <i>dê-fê-nîsh'ûn. s.</i> a short description of any thing by its properties	Decide, <i>dê-ê-sîdê. s.</i> the death of our Blessedification, <i>dê-ê-sê-kâ'shûn. s.</i> the act of making a god
Definitive, <i>dê-fî-nê-tiv. a.</i> determinate, express [expressly	Deiform, <i>dê-ê-fôrm. a.</i> of a godlike form
Definitively, <i>dê-fî-nê-tiv-lê. ad.</i> decisively,	Deify, <i>dê-ê-fl. v. a.</i> to make a god of, to adore as God [thy
Deflagrability, <i>dê-flâ-grâ-bîl'ê-tê. s.</i> combustibility [fire	Deign, <i>dâne. v. n.</i> to vouchsafe, to think worth
Deflagrable, <i>dê-flâ-grâ-bl. a.</i> wasting away in	Deintegrate, <i>dê-lî-tê-grâte. v. a.</i> to diminish
Deflect, <i>dê-flêkt'. v. n.</i> to turn aside	Deism, <i>Je'îzm. s.</i> the acknowledging a God, without the reception of revealed religion
Deflection, <i>dê-flêk'shûn. s.</i> deviation, the act of turning aside [turning aside	Deist, <i>dê'îst. s.</i> one who adheres to deism
Deflexure, <i>dê-flêk'shûre. s.</i> a bending down, a	Deistical, <i>dê-îst'ê-kâl. a.</i> belonging to the heresy of the deists
Deforation, <i>dê-flô-râ'shûn. s.</i> the act of deflowering	Deity, <i>dê-ê-tê. s.</i> divinity, a fabulous god
Desour, <i>dê-sôûr'. v. a.</i> to ravish	Deject, <i>dê-jêkt'. v. a.</i> to cast down, to afflict, to grieve [manner
Desuous, <i>dê-sû-ûs. a.</i> that flows down; that falls off [of humours	Dejectedly, <i>dê-jêkt'êd-lê. ad.</i> in a dejected
Desuxion, <i>dê-sûk'shûn. s.</i> the flowing down	Dejection, <i>dê-jêkt'shûn. s.</i> lowness of spirits, melancholy [in pieces
Deform, <i>dê-fôrm'. v. a.</i> to disfigure, to dishonour [manner	Delaceration, <i>dê-lâs-sêr-â'shûn. s.</i> a tearing
Deformedly, <i>dê-fôrm'êd-lê. ad.</i> in an ugly	Delapsed, <i>dê-lâps't. a.</i> bearing or falling down
Deformity, <i>dê-fôrm'ê-tê. s.</i> ugliness, ill-favouredness; irregularity [a wile or trick	Delay, <i>dê-lâ'. v. a.</i> to defer, to put off, to hinder
Defraud, <i>dê-frâwd'. v. a.</i> to rob or deprive by	
Defrauder, <i>dê-frâw'dâr. s.</i> a deceiver	

nôr, nôr-tâbe, tsh, bûll-dil-pôund-tsh, thû.

Demi-devil, dê-m'è-dê-v'v' s. half a devil	Denominative, dê-nôm'é-nâ-tlv. a. that gives a name [of a name]
Demi-god, dê-m'è-gôd. s. half a god	Denominator, dê-nôm'é-nâ-tûr. s. the giver
Demise, de-m'ize' s. death, decease	Denotation, dê-n-ô-tâ'shûn. s. the act of denoting
Demise, dê-m'ize'. v. a. to grant a' one's death, to bequeath	Denote, dê-nôte'. v. a. to mark, to betoken
Demission, dê-m'ish'ûn. s. de gradation	Denounce, dê-nôunse'. v. a. to threaten by proclamation
Democracy, dê-môk'krâ-s'. s. a form of government in which the sovereign power is lodged in the people's [government]	Denouncement, dê-nôunse'ment. s. the act of proclaiming any menace
Democrat, dê-m'ô-krâ' s. a friend to popular	Dense, dênse. a. close, compact
Democratical, dê-m'ô-krâ't'è-kâl. a. pertaining to a popular government	Density, dên'sè-tè. s. closeness, compactness
Demolish, dê-m'ô-l'ish. v. a. to raze, to destroy	Dental, dên'tâl. a. belonging to the teeth
Demolisher, ê-môl'ish-ûr. s. a destroyer	Denticulated, dên-tik'û-lâ-téd. a. set with small teeth [teeth]
Demolition, dê-m'ô-l'ish'ûn. s. the act of demolishing	Dentifrice, dên'tè-fris. s. a powder for the
Demonia, dê-môn. s. a spirit, an evil spirit	Dentist, dên'tist. s. a surgeon who confines his practice to the teeth [the teeth]
Demoniack, dê-m'ô-ni'â-kâl. } a. devilish, influenced by the devil [the devil]	Dentition, dên-tish'ûn. s. the act of breeding
Demoniac, dê-m'ô-né-âk. } a. devilish, influenced by the devil [the devil]	Denudate, dê-nû'dâte. v. a. to divest, to strip
Demoniac, dê-m'ô-né-âk. s. one possessed by	Denudation, dên-nû-dâ'shûn. s. the act of stripping
Demonstrable, dê-môn'strâ-bl. a. that may be proved beyond doubt of contradiction	Denude, dê-nû-dê'. v. a. to strip, to make naked
Demonstrate, dê-môn'strâte. v. a. to prove with certainty [highest degree of evidence]	Denunciation, dê-nûn-shè-â'shûn. s. a public menace [renounce]
Demonstration, dê-môn'strâ'shûn. s. the	Deny, dê-nl'. v. a. to refuse, to disown, to
Demonstrative, dê-môn'strâ-tlv. a. having the power of demonstration	Deobstruct, dê-ôb-strûkt'. v. a. to clear from impediments [sage]
Demonstrator, dê-môn'strâ'tûr. s. one that proves, one that teaches [teaching]	Deopilate, dê-ôp'pè-lâte. v. a. to clear a pas
Demulcent, de-mûl'sent. a. softening, mollifying	Deosculation, dê-ôs-kû-lâ-shûn. s. the act of kissing [by colours]
Demur, dê-mûr'. v. s. to doubt of	Depaint, dê-pânt'. v. a. to picture, to describe
Demur, dê-mûr'. s. doubt, hesitation [est]	Depart, dê-pârt'. v. n. to go away, to desert to apostatize; to desist; to die
Demure, dê-mûre'. a. grave, affectedly modest	Department, dê-pârt'ment. s. separate allotment [death; a forsaking]
Demurely, dê-mûre'lé. ad. with affected modesty [pect; affected modesty]	Departure, dê-pârt'shûre. s. a going away;
Demureness, de-mûre'nès. s. gravity of aspect	Depauperate, dê-pâw'pèr-âte. v. a. to make poor
Demur, dê-mûr'. s. a kind of paper [beast]	Dependable, dê-pèk'tè-bl. a. tough, clammy
Den, dên. s. a cavern, the cave of a wild	Dependent, dê-pènd'. v. n. to hang from; to rely on, to trust to
Denial, dê-ni'â-bl. a. that may be denied	Dependance, dê-pèn'dânse. } s. the state
Denial, dê-ni'âl. s. negation, refusal [ment]	Dependancy, dê-pèn'dân-sè. } of hanging from a supporter; connexion, reliance, trust [another]
Denier, dê-ni'ûr. s. a contradictor, an opposer	Dependant, dê-pèn'dânt. a. in the power of
Denigrate, dê-n'è-grâte. v. a. to blacken	Dependant, dê-pèn'dânt. s. one who lives in subjection, or at the discretion of another
Denization, dê-n-è-zâ'shûn. s. the act of enfranchising	Dependent, dê-pèn'dènt. a. hanging down
Denizen, } dêr'è-zn. s. } a freeman, one enfranchised	
Denison, } dêr'è-zn. s. } franchised	
Denominate, dê-nôm'é-nâte. v. a. to give a name to [given to a thing]	
Denomination, dê-nôm'é-nâ'shûn. s. a name	

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nô, môre,

Dephlegm, dè-flêm'.	} <i>v. a.</i> to clear [the mind	Depredator, dèp-prè-dâ-tûr. <i>s.</i> a robber
Dephlegmate, dè-flêg'mâte. from phlegm		Deprehension, dèp-prê-hên-shûn. <i>s.</i> a catching or taking unawares; a discovery
Depict, dè-pikt'. <i>r. a.</i> to paint, to describe		Depress, dè-près'. <i>v. a.</i> to press or thrust down; to humble, to deject
Depicture, dè-plk'ishûre. <i>v. a.</i> to represent in painting	[to take away hair	Depression, dè-prêshûn. <i>s.</i> the act of humbling, abasement [presses down
Depilatory, dè-pil'lâ-tûr-ê. <i>s.</i> an application		Depressor, dè-près'sûr. <i>s.</i> he that keeps or
Depilous, dè-pil'ûs. <i>a.</i> without hair		Deprivation, dèp-prê-vâ-shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of depriving
Depletion, dè-plê'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of emptying		Deprive, dè-prive'. <i>v. a.</i> to bereave one of a thing; to put out of an office
Deplorable, dè-plô'râ-bl. <i>a.</i> lamentable, sad		Depth, dèpth. <i>s.</i> deepness, an abyss, the middle of a season; obscurity [away
Deplorably, dè-plô'râ-blê. <i>ad.</i> lamentably, miserably		Depulsory, dè-pûl'sûr-ê. <i>a.</i> putting or driving
Deplore, dè-plôre. <i>v. a.</i> to lament, to bewail		Depurate, dèp-û-râte. <i>v. a.</i> to purify, to cleanse
Deplume dè-plûme'. <i>v. a.</i> to strip of its feathers	[pledge; to risk	Depurate, dèp-û-râte. <i>a.</i> cleansed, pure.
Depone, dè-pône'. <i>v. a.</i> to lay down as a		Depuration, dèp-û-râ-shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of making pure [ing with a special commission
Deponent, dè-pô'nent. <i>s.</i> one that deposes his testimony in a court of justice; such verbs as have no active voice		Deputation, dèp-û-tâ-shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of sending
Depopulate, dè-pôp'û-lâte. <i>v. a.</i> to unpeople, to lay waste	[waste	Depute, dè-pûte'. <i>v. a.</i> to send, to en power to act
Depopulation, dè-pôp-û-lâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> havock,		Deputy, dèp-û-tê. <i>s.</i> a lieutenant, a viceroy; any one that transacts business for another [by the roots
Deport, de-pôrt'. <i>v. a.</i> to carry, to demean		Deracinate, dè-râs'sè-nâte. <i>v. a.</i> to tear up
Department, dè-pôrt'ment. <i>s.</i> conduct, demeanour, behaviour		Deraign, } dè-râne'. <i>v. a.</i> to prove, to justify
Depose, dè-pôze'. <i>v. a.</i> to lay down; to degrade from a throne; to give testimony		Derain, }
Depose, dè-pôze'. <i>v. n.</i> to bear witness		Derange, dè-rânje'. <i>v. a.</i> to disorder, to disarrange [saking
Depository, dè-pôz'ê-tûr-ê. <i>s.</i> one with whom any thing is lodged in trust		Dereliction, dèr-ê-lik'shûn. <i>s.</i> an utter forsake
Deposite, dè-pôz'it. <i>v. a.</i> to lay up as a pledge or security; to lay aside		Deride, dè-ride'. <i>v. a.</i> to laugh at, to turn to ridicule [stock
Deposite, dè-pôz'it. <i>s.</i> any thing committed to the trust and care of another		Derision, dè-rîzhûn. <i>s.</i> scorn, a laughing
Deposition, dèp-pô-zîshûn. <i>s.</i> the act of giving publick testimony; the act of degrading [any thing is lodged		Derisive, dè-rî'siv. <i>a.</i> mocking, scoffing
Depository, dè-pôz'ê-tûr-ê. <i>s.</i> the place where		Derivable, dè-rî-vâ-bl. <i>a.</i> attainable by derivation [its original
Depravation, dèp-râ-vâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> degeneracy, depravity		Derivation, dèr-ê-vâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> a tracing from
Deprave, dè-prâve'. <i>v. a.</i> to violate, to corrupt		Derivative, dè-rîv'â-tîv. <i>a.</i> derived from another [derived
Depravity, dè-prâv'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> corruption		Derivative, dè-rîv'â-tîv. <i>s.</i> the thing or word
Deprecate, dèp-prê-kâte. <i>v. a.</i> to implore mercy of; to pray deliverance from		Derivatively, dè-rîv'â-tîv-lê. <i>ad.</i> in a derivative manner [its original
Deprecation, dèp-prê-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> prayer against evil	[value	Derive, dè-rive'. <i>v. a.</i> to deduce or trace from
Depreciate, dè-prêshê-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to under		Derivè, dè-rive'. <i>v. n.</i> to owe its origin to; to descend from
Depredate, dèp-prê-dâte. <i>v. a.</i> to rob, to pil-lage [a spoiling		Derisive, dèr-yâre'. <i>a.</i> ast [to disparage
Depredation, dèp-prê-dâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> a robbing,		Derogate, dèr-ô-gâte. <i>v. a.</i> to lessen the worth
		Derogation, dèr-ô-gâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> a disparaging

nôr, nô-t—tâbe, tâb, bûll—ôll—pôund—tân, thîs.

Derogative, dê-rôg'â-tiv. <i>a.</i> derogating, lessening the value [the value]	Desideratum, dê-sîd-ê-râ-tûm. <i>s.</i> some desirable thing which is wanted [project]
Derogatory, dê-rôg'â-tûr-ê. <i>a.</i> that lessens	Design, dê-sîne'. <i>v. a.</i> to purpose, to plan, to
Dervis, dêrvis. <i>s.</i> a Turkish priest	Design, dê-sîne'. <i>s.</i> an intention, a purpose
Descant, dêskânt. <i>s.</i> a song or tune; a discourse [course at large]	a scheme; the idea which an artist endeavours to execute
Descant, dêskânt'. <i>v. n.</i> to harangue, to descend, dê-sênd'. <i>v. n.</i> to come down; to proceed from	Designable, dê-sîne'â-bl. <i>a.</i> capable to be particularly marked out
Descend, dê-sênt'. <i>v. a.</i> to walk down	Designation, dês-sîg-nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> appoint ment import, intention
Descendant, dê-sên'dânt. <i>s.</i> the offspring of an ancestor	Designate, dê-sîg-nâte. <i>v. a.</i> to point out or mark by some particular token [entionally]
Descendent, dê-sêndênt. <i>a.</i> coming down; proceeding from another	Designedly, dê-sî-nêd-lê. <i>ad.</i> purposely, intentionally
Descension, dê-sên'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of falling or sinking, descent; a degradation	Designer, dê-sî'nâr. <i>s.</i> a contriver; one that forms the idea of any thing in painting or sculpture [cherous, deceitful]
Descent, dê-sênt'. <i>s.</i> progress downwards; invasion; transmission of any thing by succession and inheritance; extraction, process of lineage, offspring	Designing, dê-sî'ning. <i>part. a.</i> insidious, treacherous
Describe, dê-skrîbe'. <i>v. a.</i> to delineate, to mark out, to define in a lax manner	Desirable, dê-zî'râ-bl. <i>a.</i> pleasing, delightful
Describer, dê-skrî'bâr. <i>s.</i> he that describes	Desire, dê-zîrê'. <i>s.</i> wish, eagerness to obtain or enjoy [ask, to entreat]
Description, dê-skrîp'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of describing, the sentence or passage in which any thing is described; a lax definition	Desire, dê-zîrê'. <i>v. a.</i> to wish, to long for; to
Descriptive, dê-skrîp'tiv. <i>a.</i> describing	Desirous, dê-zî'rûs. <i>a.</i> full of desire, eager
Descry, dê-skrî'. <i>v. a.</i> to spy out, to discover	Desist, dê-sîst'. <i>v. n.</i> to cease from any thing to stop
Desecrate, dê-sê-krâte. <i>v. a.</i> to divert from the purpose to which any thing is consecrated. [of consecration]	Desistive, dê-sîst'iv. <i>a.</i> ending, concluding
Desecration, dê-sê-krâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the abolition	Desk, dêsk. <i>s.</i> an inclined table
Desert, dêz'êrt. <i>s.</i> a waste country, uninhabited place	Desolate, dê-sô-lâte. <i>a.</i> uninhabited; laid waste; solitary [habitants]
Desert, dêz'êrt. <i>a.</i> wild, waste, solitary	Desolate, dê-sô-lâte. <i>v. a.</i> to deprive of inhabitants
Desert, dê-zêrt'. <i>v. a.</i> to forsake; to abandon; to quit	Desolately, dê-sô-lâte-lê. <i>ad.</i> in a desolate manner [habitants: gloominess]
Desert, dê-zêrt'. <i>s.</i> degree of merit or demerit; right to reward; virtue	Desolation, dês-sô-lâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> destruction of inhabitants
Deserter, dê-zêrt'ûr. <i>s.</i> he that has forsaken his cause or his post; he that forsakes another [ing or abandoning]	Despair, dê-spâre'. <i>s.</i> hopelessness, despondence [to despond]
Desertion, dê-zêr'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of forsaking	Despair, dê-spâre'. <i>v. n.</i> to be without hope
Desertless, dê-zêrt'lêss. <i>a.</i> without merit	Despatch, dê-spâtsh'. <i>v. a.</i> to send away hastily; to put to death
Deserve, dê-zêrv'. <i>v. a.</i> to merit either good or ill [desert]	Despatch, dê-spâtsh'. <i>s.</i> hasty execution; express, hasty messenger or message
Deservedly, dê-zêrv'êd-lê. <i>ad.</i> according to	Desperate, dêspê-râte. <i>a.</i> without hope; irretrievable
Desiccate, dê-sîk kâte. <i>v. a.</i> to dry up	Desperately, dêspê-râte-lê. <i>ad.</i> furiously
Desiccation, dê-sîk-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of making dry	Desperation, dêspê-râ'shûn. <i>s.</i> hopelessness, despair [mean]
	Despicable, dêspê-kâ-bl. <i>a.</i> contemptible
	Despicable, dê-spî'zâ-bl. <i>a.</i> contemptible
	Despise, dê-spîze'. <i>v. a.</i> to scorn, to contemn
	Despite, dê-spîte'. <i>s.</i> malice, anger
	Despiteful, dê-spîte'fûl. <i>a.</i> malicious, full of spleen

Fâte, fâr. fâll, fât—mê. mêt—dine. pln—nô, nôve,

Despiteness, de-spite'fâl-nês. <i>s.</i> malice, hate, malignity	Detainder, dê-tâne'dâr. <i>s.</i> a writ for holding in custody
Despoil, dê-spôil'. <i>v. a.</i> to rob, to deprive	Detainer, dê-tâ'nâr. <i>s.</i> he that detains
Despoliation, dê-spô-le-â-shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of despoiling	Detect, dê-têkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to discover
Despond, dê-spônd'. <i>v. n.</i> to despair, to lose hope	Detection, dê-têk'shûn. <i>s.</i> a discovery [strait]
Despondency, dê-spôn'dên-sê. <i>s.</i> despair, hopelessness	Detention, dê-tên'shûn. <i>s.</i> confinement, re-
Despondent, dê-spôn'dên't. <i>a.</i> despairing, hopeless	Deter, dê-têr'. <i>v. a.</i> to discourage
Desponsate, dê-spôn'sâte. <i>v. a.</i> to betroth, to affiancé	Deterge, dê-têrjê'. <i>v. a.</i> to cleanse a sore
Despot, dêspôt. <i>s.</i> an absolute prince	Detergent, dê-têrjên't. <i>a.</i> that which cleanses
Despotical, dê-spôt'ê-kâl. } <i>a.</i> absolute in	Determinable, dê-têr'mê-nâ-bl. <i>a.</i> that which may be decided [tablished; conclus. <i>v.</i>
Despotick, dê-spôt'ik. } power, unlimited in authority	Determinate, dê-têr'mê-nâte. <i>a.</i> limited: ca-
Despotism, dêspôt'izm. <i>s.</i> absolute power	Determination, dê-têr'mê-nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the result of deliberation; decision
Dessert, dêz-zêr'. <i>s.</i> the last course of an entertainment [particular end	Determinator, dê-têr'mê-nâ'tûr. <i>s.</i> one who determines
Destinate, dêstê-nâte. <i>v. a.</i> to design for any end	Determine, dê-têr'mîn. <i>v. a.</i> to fix, to settle; to adjust; to resolve; to decide [cleanse
Destination, dêstê-nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the purpose for which any thing is appointed	Detersive, dê-têr'siv. <i>a.</i> having the power to
Destine, dêstîna. <i>v. a.</i> to doom, to appoint, to devote, to fix unalterably [sity, doom	Detest, dê-têst'. <i>v. a.</i> to hate, to abhor
Destiny, dêstê-nê. <i>s.</i> fate, invincible necessity	Detestable, dê-têst'â-bl. <i>a.</i> hateful, abhorred
Destitute, dêstê-tûte. <i>a.</i> forsaken, in want of	Detestably, dê-têst'â-blê. <i>ad.</i> hatefully, abominably [rence
Destitution, dêstê-tû'shûn. <i>s.</i> want, poverty	Detestation, dêt-ês-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> hatred abhor-
Destroy, dê-strôvê'. <i>v. a.</i> to lay waste, to make desolate, to kill [destroye	Dethrone, dê-thrônê', <i>v. a.</i> to divest of regality [al import
Destroyer, dê-strôvê'ûr. <i>s.</i> the person that destroys	Detort, dê-tôrt'. <i>v. a.</i> to wrest from the origin-
Destructible, dê-strûk'tê-bl. <i>a.</i> liable to destruction	Detract, dê-trâkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to derogate, to take away by envy and calumny
Destruction, dê-strûk'shûn. <i>s.</i> waste; murder, massacre; eternal death	Detractor, dê-trâkt'ûr. <i>s.</i> one that takes away another's reputation
Destructive, dê-strûk'tiv. <i>a.</i> that which destroys [mischievously	Detraction, dê-trâk'shûn. <i>s.</i> scandal
Destructively, dê-strûk'tiv-lê. <i>ad.</i> ruinously	Detractory, dê-trâkt'ûr-ê. <i>a.</i> defamatory, derogatory
Desudation, dês-û-dâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> a profuse sweating [being accustomed	Detriment, dêt'trê-mên't. <i>s.</i> damage, mischief
Desuetude, dêswê-tûde. <i>s.</i> cessation from use	Detrimental, dêt-trê-mên'tâl. <i>a.</i> mischievous, harmful
Desultory, dêsul-tûr-ê. } <i>a.</i> unsettled,	Detrude, dê-trôdd'. <i>v. a.</i> to thrust down
Desultorious, dêsul-tô-rê-ûs. } immethodical [thing	Detuncate, dê-trûng'kâte. <i>v. a.</i> to lop, to cut, to shorten [lopping
Desume, dêshûmê'. <i>v. a.</i> to take from any	Detruncation, dêt-rân-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of detrusion, dê-trôdd'zhûn. <i>s.</i> the act of thrusting down
Detach, dê-tât-h'. <i>v. a.</i> to separate	Deuce, dûse. <i>s.</i> two; the devil [marriage
Detachment, dê-tâtsh'mên't. <i>s.</i> a body of troops sent out from the main army	Deuterogamy, dû-têr-ôg'â-mê. <i>s.</i> a second
Detail, dê-tâle'. <i>v. a.</i> to relate particularly	Deuteronomy, dû-têr-ôn'ô-mê. <i>s.</i> the second book of the law, the fifth book of Moses -
Detail, dê-tâle'. <i>s.</i> a minute and particular account	Devastate, dê-vâs'tâte. <i>v. a.</i> to lay waste, to plunder
Detain, dê-tâne'. <i>v. a.</i> to hold in custody	Devastation, dêv-âs-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> waste, havoc

nor, nôl—tôbe, rûb, bûll—ôll—pôâr.â—thin, this.

Developé, dè-vêl'ûp. <i>v. a.</i> to disengage from something that unfolds	Diadem, dî-â-dên. <i>s.</i> a tiara, an ensign of royalty
Devergency, dè-vêr'jense. <i>s.</i> declivity, declivity	Diæresis, dl-êr'ê-sîs. <i>s.</i> the separation of syllables
Devest, dè-vêst'. <i>v. a.</i> to strip; to take away	Diagonal, dl-â-g'ô-nâl. <i>a.</i> reaching from one angle to another
Deviate, dè-vê-âte. <i>v. n.</i> to wander; to go astray	Diagonal, dl-â-g'ê-nâl. <i>s.</i> a line drawn from one angle to another
Deviation, dè-vê-â-shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of quitting the right way, error	Diagram, dî-â-grâm. <i>s.</i> a mathematical scheme
Device, dé-vîsè'. <i>s.</i> a contrivance; a design	Dial, dî-âl. <i>s.</i> a plate marked with lines, where a hand or shadow shows the hour
Devil, dè-vîl. <i>s.</i> a fallen angel, the spiritual enemy of mankind	Dialect, dî-â-lêkt. <i>s.</i> manner of expression; language, speech
Devilish, dè-vî-lîsh. <i>a.</i> partaking of the qualities of the devil	Dialectical, dl-â-lêk'tè-kâl. <i>a.</i> logical, argumental
Devilous, dè-vê-ûs. <i>a.</i> out of the common track; roving; erring	Dialing, dî-âl-îng. <i>s.</i> the art of making dials
Devise, dè-vîzè'. <i>v. a.</i> to contrive; to grant by will	Dialist, dî-âl-îst. <i>s.</i> a constructor of dials
Devise, dè-vîzè'. <i>s.</i> the act of bequeathing by will	Dialogue, dî-â-lôg. <i>s.</i> a conversation between two or more
Deviser, dè-vî-zûr. <i>s.</i> a contriver, an inventor	Diameter, dl-â-mê'târ. <i>s.</i> the line which, passing through a circle, or other curvilinear figure, divides it into equal parts
Devoid, dè-vôld'. <i>a.</i> empty, vacant	Diametrical, dl-â-mê'trè-kâl. <i>a.</i> describing a diameter; observing the direction of a diameter
Devoir, dè-vvô'r. <i>s.</i> service; act of civility	Diametrically, dl-â-mê'trè-kâl-ê. <i>ad. n.</i> a diametrical direction; directly
Devoise, dè-vôlv'. <i>v. n.</i> to fall by succession	Diamond, dî-â-mând. <i>s.</i> the most valuable of gems
Devote, dè-vôte'. <i>v. a.</i> to dedicate; to addict; to execrate	Diapason, dl-â-pâ-zôn. <i>s.</i> an octave, the most perfect concord
Devotedness, dè-vô'téd-nês. <i>s.</i> the state of being devoted or dedicated	Diaper, dl-â-pûr. <i>s.</i> linen cloth woven in figure
Devotee, dè-vô-tèe'. <i>s.</i> a bigot	Diaphanous, dl-â-fâ-nûs. <i>a.</i> transparent, clear
Devotion, dè-vê-shûn. <i>s.</i> piety; prayer; an act of reverence or ceremony; strong affection; disposal, power	Diaphoretick, dl-â-fô-rêt'îk. <i>a.</i> promoting perspiration
Devotional, dè-vô'shûn-âl. <i>a.</i> pertaining to devotion	Diaphragm, dl-â-frâm. <i>s.</i> the midriff
Devour, dè-vôûr'. <i>v. a.</i> to eat ravenously;	Diarrhœa, dl-âr-rê-â. <i>s.</i> a flux of the bowels
Devout, dè-vôût'. <i>a.</i> pious, religious	Diarrhœtick, dl-âr-rêt'îk. <i>a.</i> solutive, purgative
Devoutly, dè-vôût'lè. <i>ad.</i> piously, religiously	Diary, dl-â-rê. <i>s.</i> an account of every day, by which a short syllable is made long;
Dew, dû. <i>s.</i> the moisture upon the ground	Diastole, dl-â-sô-tè. <i>s.</i> a figure in rhetoric, by which a short syllable is made long; the dilatation of the heart
Dewdrop, dû-drôp. <i>s.</i> a drop of dew which sparkles at sun-rise	Dibble, dl'b'bl. <i>s.</i> a small spade
Dewlap, dû-lâp. <i>s.</i> the flesh that hangs from the throat of oxen	Dice, dl-sè. <i>s.</i> the plural of Die
Dewy, dû-ê. <i>a.</i> resembling dew; moist with dew	Dicer, dl-sûr. <i>s.</i> a player at dice, a gamester
Dexterity, dèks-têr'è-tè. <i>s.</i> activity	Dictate, dlk'tâte. <i>v. a.</i> to deliver to another with authority
Dexterous, dèks-têr-ûs. <i>a.</i> expert	Dictate, dlk'tâte. <i>s.</i> rule or maxim delivered with authority
Dexterously, dèks-têr-ûs-lè. <i>ad.</i> expertly, skilfully	Dictation, dlk-tâ-shûn. <i>s.</i> the act or practice of dictating
Dextral, dèks-trâl. <i>a.</i> the right, right the left	Dictator, dlk-tâ-tûr. <i>s.</i> a magistrate of Rome; dogmatist
Dey, âa. <i>s.</i> the supreme governor in some of the Barbary States	
Diabetes, dl-â-bé-tès. <i>s.</i> a morbid copiousness of urine	
Diabolical, dl-â-bôl'è-kâl. } a devilish	
Diabolick, dl-â-bôl'îk. }	
Diacousticks, dl-â-kôûstîks. <i>s.</i> the doctrine of sounds	

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mé, mét—pine, pin—nô, mô'e,

- Dictatorship**, dlk-tâ'târ-shîp. *s.* the office of a dictator [pression]
- Diction**, dlk'shûn. *s.* style, language, expression
- Dictionary**, dlk'shûn-â-rê. *s.* a book containing the words of any language, a vocabulary
- Did**, did. *pres.* of Dô
- Didactical**, dê-dâk'tê-kâl. } preceptive, giving precepts
- Didactick**, dê-dâk'tîk. } *a.*
- Die**, dl. *s.* colour, tincture, stain; a small cube; stamp used in coinage
- Die**, dl. *v. a.* to tinge, to colour
- Die**, dl. *v. n.* to lose life; to perish; to wither; to grow vapid [dying]
- Dier**, dl'âr. *s.* one who follows the trade of
- Diet**, dl'êt. *s.* food, victuals; an assembly of princes
- Diet**, dl'êt. *v. a.* to give food to; to board
- Diet**, dl'êt. *v. n.* to eat by rules of physick; to eat
- Differ**, dl'fâr. *v. n.* to be distinguished from; to contend; to be of a contrary opinion
- Difference**, dl'fâr-ênse. *s.* state of being distinct from something; dispute, debate; distinction [similar]
- Different**, dl'fâr-ênt. *a.* distinct; unlike, differently, dl'fâr-ênt-lê. *ad.* in a different manner [peevish]
- Difficult**, dl'fê-kâlt. *a.* hard; troublesome;
- Difficultly**, dl'fê-kâlt-lê. *ad.* hardly, with difficulty
- Difficulty**, dl'fê-kâlt-tê. *s.* hardness; distress; perplexity; objection [confidence]
- Diffidence**, dl'fê-dênse. *s.* distrust, want of
- Diffident**, dl'fê-dênt. *a.* not confident, not certain
- Diffluent**, dl'fû-ênt. *a.* flowing every way
- Difform**, dl'fôrm. *a.* contrary to uniform
- Diformity**, dl'fôr'mê-tê. *s.* diversity of form, irregularity [to spread]
- Diffuse**, dl'fûze'. *v. a.* to pour out upon a plane;
- Diffuse**, dl'fûze'. *a.* scattered, widely spread; copious [being diffused, dispersion]
- Diffusedness**, dl'fûzêd-nês. *s.* the state of
- Diffusely**, dl'fûzê-lê. *ad.* widely, extensively; copiously [ousness]
- Diffusion**, dl'fûzhûn. *s.* dispersion; copiousness
- Diffusively**, dl'fûzê-lê. *ad.* widely, extensively [persion]
- Diffusiveness**, dl'fûzê-lê. *s.* extension dis-
- Dig**, dlg. *v. a. pres.* Dug or Digged, *part pass.* Dug or Digged; to pierce with a spade; to cultivate the ground by turning it with a spade
- Dig**, dlg. *v. n.* to work with a spade
- Digest**, dl'jêst. *s.* the pandect of the civil law
- Digest**, dê-jêst'. *v. a.* to concoct in the stomach; to soften by heat, to range methodically [vessel]
- Digester**, dê-jêst'ûr. *s.* a strong culinary
- Digestible**, dê-jêst'ê-bl. *a.* capable of being digested [ing food; reduction to a plan]
- Digestion**, dê-jêst'shûn. *s.* the act of concocting
- Digestive**, dê-jêst'îv. *a.* having the power to cause digestion; disposing, methodising
- Digit**, dl'djît. *s.* three fourths of an inch; the twelfth part of the diameter of the sun or moon; any number expressed by a single figure [to divisions like fingers]
- Digitated**, dl'djê-tâ-têd. *a.* branched out
- Dignified**, dlgn'ê-fîde. *a.* invested with some dignity
- Dignify**, dlgn'ê-fî. *v. a.* to advance to prefer
- Dignitary**, dlgn'ê-tâ-rê. *s.* a dignified clergyman [ment]
- Dignity**, dlgn'ê-tê. *s.* rank; grandeur; prefer
- Digress**, dê-grêss'. *v. n.* to depart from the main design; to wander
- Digression**, dê-grêsh'ûn. *s.* a passage deviating from the main tenor; deviation
- Dike**, dlke. *s.* a channel to receive water; a mound [rend]
- Dilacerate**, dê-lâ'ssê-râte. *v. a.* to tear, to
- Dilaceration**, dê-lâ'ssê-râ'têshûn. *s.* the act of rending in two [down]
- Dilaniate**, dê-lâ'nê-âte. *v. a.* to ruin, to throw
- Dilapidation**, dê-lâp'ê-dâ'shûn. *s.* the suffering an edifice to decay
- Dilatability**, dê-lâ-tâ-bl'ê-tê. *s.* the quality of admitting extension
- Dilatable**, dê-lâ-tâ-bl. *a.* capable of extension
- Dilatation**, dl-lâ-tâ'shûn. *s.* the act of extending; state of being extended
- Dilate**, dê-lâ'ê. *v. a.* to extend, to spread out
- Dilate**, dê-lâ'ê. *v. n.* to widen, to grow wide
- Dilator**, dê-l'âr. *s.* that which widens
- Dilatoriness**, dl'lâ-târ-ê-nês. *s.* slowness
- Dilatory**, dl'l'âr-ê. *a.* tardy, slow
- Dilemma**, dl-ê'mâ. *s.* intricacy, a difficult or doubtful choice

- Diligence, đil'ê-jênse. *s.* industry, assiduity
 Diligent, đil'ê-jênt. *a.* constant in application; assiduous [with heed and perseverance]
- Diligently, đil'ê-jênt-lê. *ad.* with assiduity,
 Dilucid, dê-lô'si'd. *a.* clear, not obscure
 Dilucidate, dê-lô'sê-dâte. *v. a.* to make clear, to explain [making clear]
- Dilucidation, dê-lô'sê-dâ-shûn. *s.* the act of
 Diluent, đil'ô-ênt. *s.* that which thins other matter [weak]
- Dilute, dê-lô'tê. *v. a.* to make thin; to make
 Dilution, dê-lô'shûn. *s.* the act of making any thing thin or weak [use]
- Diluvian, dê-lu'vê-ân, *a.* relating to the del-
 Dim, đim. *a.* not having a quick sight; obscure [scure]
- Dim, đim. *v. a.* to cloud, to darken; to ob-
 Dimension, dê-mên'shûn. *s.* bulk, extent, capacity [pair, to degrade]
- Diminish, dê-min'ish. *v. a.* to make less; to im-
 Diminish, dê-min'ish. *v. n.* to grow less, to be impaired
- Diminution, đim-mê-nù'shûn. *s.* the act of making less; the state of growing less
 Diminutive, dê-min'ù-iv. *a.* small, little
 Dimissory, đim'is-sûr-rê. *a.* that by which a man is dismissed to another jurisdiction
- Dumy, đim'ê-tê. *s.* a fine kind of fustian, or cloth of cotton [brightly]
- Dirly, đim'lê. *a.* not with a quick sight; not
 Dimness, đim'nês. *s.* dulness of sight [chin
 Dimple, đim'pl. *s.* depression in the cheek or
 Dimple, đim'pl. *v. n.* to sink in small cavities
 Dimpled, đim'pl'd. *a.* set with dimples
- Din, đin. *s.* a violent and continued sound
 Din, đin. *v. a.* to stun with noise
 Dine, dine. *v. n.* to eat the chief meal about the middle of the day
 Dine, dine. *v. a.* to give a dinner to, to feed
 Ding, đing. *v. a.* to dash with violence
 Ding, đing. *v. n.* to bluster
 Dingle, đing'gl. *s.* a hollow between hills
 Dinner, đin'nûr. *s.* the chief meal, the meal eaten about noon
 Dint, đint. *s.* a blow, a stroke; force, power
 Dint, đint. *v. a.* to mark with a cavity by a blow [numbering out singly]
- Dinumeration, đl-nù-mêr-â'shûn. *s.* the act of
 Diocesan, di-ô'sê-sân. *s.* a bishop as he stands re- ed to his own clergy.
- Diocess, di-ô-sês. *s.* the circuit of every bishop's jurisdiction
 Dioptricks, di-ôp'triks. *s.* a part of opticks, treating of the different refractions of the light
 Dip, đip. *v. a.* to moisten, to wet; to engage in any affair [vowels]
- Diphthong, đip'thông. *s.* a coalition of two
 Diploma, dê-pi-ô-mâ. *s.* a letter or writing conferring some privilege [diploma]
- Diplomatick, đip-lô-mât'ik. *a.* relating to a
 Diptote, đip'tôte. *s.* a noun of two cases
 Diptick, đip'tik. *s.* a register of bishops and martyrs
- Dire, đire. *a.* dreadful, dismal, horrible
 Direct, dê-rêkt'. *a.* straight; open; plain
 Direct, dê-rêkt'. *v. a.* to aim in a straight line; to point against; to regulate; to prescribe; to command
 Directer, dê-rêkt'ûr. *s.* one that directs
 Direction, dê-rêk'shûn. *s.* aim at a certain point; order, prescription
 Directive, dê-rêk'tiv. *a.* having the power of direction; informing
 Directly, dê-rêkt'lê. *ad.* in a straight line, immediately, apparently [nearest way
 Directness, dê-rêkt'nês. *s.* straightness, the
 Director, dê-rêk'tûr. *s.* one that has authority over others; an instructor; an instrument in surgery [a book of directions
 Directory, dê-rêk'tûr-ê. *s.* a rule to go by,
 Direful, đire'fûl. *a.* dire, dreadful
 Direness, đire'nês. *s.* dismalness, horror [ing
 Direption, di-rêp'shûn. *s.* the act of plunder-
 Dirge, đârje. *s.* a mournful ditty
 Dirk, đârk. *s.* a kind of dagger
 Dirt, đârt. *s.* mud, filth, mire
 Dirt, đârt. *v. a.* to foul, to bemit
 Dirtily, đârt'ê-lê. *ad.* nastily; meanly. [meanness
 Dirtiness, đârt'ê-nês. *s.* nastiness, filthiness,
 Dirty, đârt'ê. *a.* foul, nasty; mean
 Dirty, đârt'ê. *v. a.* to foul, to soil; to disgrace
 Disability, đis-â-blil'ê-tê. *s.* want of power, weakness
 Disable, điz-â-bl. *v. a.* to deprive of force, usefulness, or efficacy; to exclude
 Disabuse, đis-â-bûze. *v. a.* to set right, to undeceive
 Disadvantage, đis-âd-vân'tâje. *s.* loss, injury

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât—mê, mêt—plue, pln—nô, môve,

Disadvantageous , dîs-âd-vân-tâ-jûs. <i>a.</i> contrary to interest or convenience	Disband , dîz-bând'. <i>v. n.</i> to retire; to separate
Disadvantageousness , dîs-âd-vân-tâ-jûs-nês. <i>s.</i> contrariety to profit, inconvenience	Disbark , dîz-bârk'. <i>v. a.</i> to land from a ship
Disaffected , dîs-âf-fêk'têd. <i>part. a.</i> not disposed to zeal or affection	Disbelief , dîs-bê-lêêf'. <i>s.</i> refusal of credit
Disaffectedly , dîs-âf-fêk'têd-lê. <i>ad.</i> after a disaffected manner	Disbelieve , dîs-bê-lêêv'. <i>v. a.</i> not to credit
Disaffectedness , dîs-âf-fêk'têd-nês. <i>s.</i> the quality of being disaffected	Disbeliever , dîs-bê-lê'vâr. <i>s.</i> one who refuses belief
Disaffection , dîs-âf-fêk'shûn. <i>s.</i> want of loyalty	Disbench , dîz-bêns'h'. <i>v. a.</i> to drive from a
Disaffirmance , dîs-âf-fêr'mânse. <i>s.</i> confutation, negation	Disbranch , dîz-brântsh'. <i>v. a.</i> to separate, to break off
Disagree , dîs-â-grêé'. <i>v. n.</i> to differ	Disburden , dîz-bûr'dn. <i>v. a.</i> to unload, to discharge
Disagreeable , dîs-â-grêé'â-bl. <i>a.</i> unsuitable; unpleasing	Disburden , dîz-bûr'dn. <i>v. n.</i> to ease the mind
Disagreeableness , dîs-â-grêé'â-bl-nês. <i>s.</i> contradiction, negation	Disburse , dîz-bûrse'. <i>v. a.</i> to spend or lay out money
Disagreeably , dîs-â-grêé'â-blê. <i>ad.</i> in a disagreeable manner	Disbursement , dîz-bûrs'mênt. <i>s.</i> a disbursing
Disagreement , dîs-â-grêé'mênt. <i>s.</i> difference, dissimilitude	Discandy , dîs-kân'dê. <i>v. n.</i> to dissolve, to melt
Disallow , dîs-âl-lôû'. <i>v. a.</i> to deny authority to any; to consider as unlawful	Discard , dîs-kârd'. <i>v. a.</i> to discharge or discard
Disallow , dîs-âl-lôû'. <i>v. n.</i> to refuse permission, not to grant	Discarnate , dîs-kâr'nâte. <i>a.</i> stripped of flesh
Disallowable , dîs-âl-lôû'â-bl. <i>a.</i> not allowable	Discern , dîz-zêrn'. <i>v. a.</i> to see; to judge
Disallowance , dîs-âl-lôû'ânse. <i>s.</i> prohibition	Discern , dîz-zêrn'. <i>v. n.</i> to make distinction
Disanimation , dîz-ân-ê-mâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> privation of life	Discernible , dîz-zêr'nê-bl. <i>a.</i> discoverable
Disannul , dîs-ân-nûl'. <i>v. n.</i> to annul, to deprivify	Discernible , dîz-zêr'nê-bl. <i>a.</i> discoverable
Disappear , dîs-âp-pêré'. <i>v. n.</i> to be lost to view, to vanish	Discerning , dîz-zêr'nîng. <i>part. a.</i> judicious, knowing
Disappoint , dîs-âp-pôînt'. <i>v. a.</i> to defeat of expectation	Discernment , dîz-zêrn'mênt. <i>s.</i> judgment, power of distinguishing
Disappointment , dîs-âp-pôînt'mênt. <i>s.</i> defeat of hopes, miscarriage of expectation	Describable , dîs-sêrp'tê-bl. <i>a.</i> frangible, separable
Disapprobation , dîs-âp-prô-bâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> censure, condemnation	Discerption , dîs-sêrp'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of pulling to pieces
Disapprove , dîs-âp-prô'v'. <i>v. a.</i> to dislike, to censure	Discharge , dîs-tshâjê'. <i>v. a.</i> to disburden; to let off a gun; to clear a debt; to absolve; to perform; to obliterate; to dismiss
Disarm , dîz-ârm'. <i>v. a.</i> to divest of arms	Discharge , dîs-tshâjê'. <i>s.</i> vent, explosion, emission; dismissal; an acquittance
Disarrange , dîs-â-rânjê'. <i>v. a.</i> to put out of order; to derange	Discinct , dîs-sînk't'. <i>a.</i> ungirded, loosely dressed
Disarray , dîs-â-râ'. <i>s.</i> disorder, confusion	Discind , dîs-sînd'. <i>v. a.</i> to divide, to cut in
Disaster , dîz-âs'tûr. <i>s.</i> misfortune	Disciple , dîs-sî'pl. <i>s.</i> a scholar
Disastrous , dîz-âs'trûs. <i>a.</i> unlucky, calamitous	Discipleship , dîs-sî'pl-shîp. <i>s.</i> the state of a disciple
Disastrousness , dîz-âs'trûs-nês. <i>s.</i> unfortunateness	Disciplinary , dîs-sê-plîn-â-rê-ân. <i>s.</i> one who rules or teaches with great strictness
Disavouch , dîs-â-vôûtsh'. <i>v. a.</i> to retract profession, to disown	Discipline , dîs'sê-plîn. <i>s.</i> education; rule, order; chastisement
Disavow , dîs-â-vôû'. <i>v. a.</i> to disown, to deny	Discipline , dîs'sê-plîn. <i>v. a.</i> to educate, to instruct; to correct; to reform
Disavowal , dîs-â-vôû'âl. <i>s.</i> denial	Disclaim , dîs-klâme'. <i>v. a.</i> to disown
Disband , dîz-bând'. <i>v. a.</i> to disunite from military service	Disclose , dîs-klôze'. <i>v. a.</i> to uncover, to reveal, to tell
	Disclosure , dîs-klôzhâre. <i>s.</i> discovery; act of revealing a secret

Discoloration, dîs-kôl-d-râ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of changing the colour; change of colour, stain	Discordantly, dîs-kôr'dânt-lê. <i>ad.</i> inconsistently; in disagreement with another
Discolour, dîs-kû'lâr. <i>v. a.</i> to change from the natural hue, to stain [vanquish]	Discover, dîs-kû'v'âr. <i>v. a.</i> to disclose, to bring to light; to find out [found out]
Discomfit, dîs-kâm'fî't. <i>v. a.</i> to defeat, to overcome	Discoverable, dîs-kû'v'âr-â-ol. <i>a.</i> that may be discovered
Discomfiture, dîs-kâm'fî't-yûre. <i>s.</i> defeat, rout, overthrow [ancholy]	Discovery, dîs-kû'v'âr-ê. <i>s.</i> the act of finding any thing [s bargain]
Discomfort, dîs-kâm'fûrt. <i>s.</i> uneasiness, melancholy	Discount, dîs'kôunt. <i>s.</i> the sum refunded in payment
Discomfort, dîs-kâm'fûrt. <i>v. a.</i> to grieve, to sadden [to censure]	Discount, dîs-kôunt'. <i>v. a.</i> to count back, to pay back again
Discommend, dîs-kôm-mênd'. <i>v. a.</i> to blame, to censure	Discountenance, dîs-kôun'tê-nânse. <i>v. a.</i> to discourage by cold treatment [treatment]
Discommendable, dîs-kôm'mên-dâ-bl. <i>a.</i> blameable, censurable	Discountenance, dîs-kôun'tê-nânse. <i>s.</i> cold treatment
Discommode, dîs-kôm-môde'. <i>v. a.</i> to put to inconvenience, to molest	Discourage, dîs-kû'r'îdje. <i>v. a.</i> to depress
Discommodious, dîs-kôm-mô'dê-ûs, or dîs-kôm-mô'jê-ûs. <i>a.</i> inconvenient, troublesome	Discouragement, dîs-kû'r'îdj-mênt. <i>s.</i> the cause of depression, or fear
Discommodity, dîs-kôm-mô'é-tê. <i>s.</i> inconvenience, disadvantage	Discourse, dîs-kôrsê'. <i>s.</i> conversation, mutual intercourse of language; a treatise
Discompose, dîs-kôm-pôze'. <i>v. a.</i> to disorder; to ruffle; to offend [der, perturbation]	Discourse, dîs-kôrsê'. <i>v. n.</i> to converse, to talk; to reason
Discomposure, dîs-kôm-pô'zhûre. <i>s.</i> disorder	Discourteous, dîs-kû'r'tshûs. <i>a.</i> uncivil [ness]
Disconcert, dîs-kôn-sêrt'. <i>v. a.</i> to unsettle the mind, to discompose [agreement]	Discourtesy, dîs-kû'r'tê-sê. <i>s.</i> incivility, rudeness
Disconformity, dîs-kôn-fôr'mê-tê. <i>s.</i> want of agreement	Discous, dîs'kûs. <i>a.</i> broad, flat, wide [trust]
Discongruity, dîs-kôn-grû'é-tê. <i>s.</i> disagreement, inconsistency	Discredit, dîs-krêd'î't. <i>s.</i> disgrace; want of credit
Disconsolate, dîs-kôn'sô-lâte. <i>a.</i> without comfort, hopeless [consolate manner]	Discredit, dîs-krêd'î't. <i>v. a.</i> to deprive of credit
Disconsolately, dîs-kôn'sô-lâte-lê. <i>ad.</i> in a disconsolate manner	Discreet, dîs-krêct'. <i>a.</i> prudent, sober; modest
Discontent, dîs-kôn-tênt'. <i>s.</i> want of content	Discreetly, dîs-krêct'lê. <i>ad.</i> prudently, cautiously [contrariety]
Discontent, dîs-kôn-tênt'. <i>a.</i> uneasy, dissatisfied [dissatisfied]	Discrepance, dîs'krê-pânse. <i>s.</i> difference
Discontented, dîs-kôn-tênt'êd. <i>part. a.</i> uneasy	Discrepant, dîs'krê-pânt. <i>a.</i> different, disagreeing
Discontentment, dîs-kôn-tênt'mênt. <i>s.</i> the state of discontent	Discrete, dîs-krête'. <i>a.</i> distinct; disjunctive
Discontinuance, dîs-kôn-tî'nû-ânse. <i>s.</i> want of cohesion of parts; a breaking off	Discretion, dîs-krêsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> prudence; liberty of acting at pleasure [large, unlimited]
Discontinuation, dîs-kôn-tî'nû-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> disruption of continuity, separation	Discretionary, dîs-krêsh'ûn-âr-ê. <i>a.</i> left at discretion
Discontinue, dîs-kôn-tî'nû. <i>v. a.</i> to leave off	Discriminate, dîs-krîm'ê-nâte. <i>v. a.</i> to mark with notes of difference [tractness]
Discontinuity, dîs-kôn-tê-nû'é-tê. <i>s.</i> disunity of parts, want of cohesion	Discriminateness, dîs-krîm'ê-nâte-nês. <i>s.</i> discrimination
Discord, dîs kôrd. <i>s.</i> disagreement	Discrimination, dîs-krîm'ê-nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of distinguishing one from another, distinction [hazardous]
Discordance, dîs-kêr'dânse. } <i>s.</i> disagreement, opposition [opposite, contrarious]	Discriminatory, dîs-krîm'ê-nâs. <i>a.</i> dangerous
Discordant, dîs-kêr'dânt. <i>a.</i> inconsistent	Discubitory, dîs-kû'bê-tûr-ê. <i>a.</i> fitted to the posture of leaning [leaning at meat]
	Discumbency, dîs-kûm'bên-sê. <i>s.</i> the act of leaning
	Discumber, dîs-kûm'bûr. <i>v. a.</i> to disengage
	Discursive, dîs-kûr'sîv. <i>a.</i> moving here and there, roving
	Discursory, dîs-kûr'sûr-ê. <i>a.</i> argumental

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pline, plu—nò, nôve,

Discuss, dis-kûs. <i>s.</i> a quon	Disfigurement, dis-flî-gûre-mênt. <i>s.</i> defacement <i>of beauty</i>
Discuss, dis-kûs'. <i>v. a.</i> to examine	Disfranchise, dis-frân'tshîz. <i>v. a.</i> to deprive of privileges, or immunities
Discussion, dis-kûs'shûn. <i>s.</i> disquisition, ex- amination [has power to repel]	Disfranchisement, dis-frân'tshîz-mênt. <i>s.</i> the act of depriving of privileges
Discutient, dis-kû'shênt. <i>s.</i> a medicine that	Disfurnish, dis-fûr'nîsh. <i>v. a.</i> to unfurnish
Disdain, diz-dâne'. <i>v. a.</i> to scorn [anger]	Disgorge, diz-gôrjê'. <i>v. a.</i> to discharge by the mouth; to pour out with violence
Disdain, diz-dâne'. <i>s.</i> scorn, contemptuous	Disgrace, diz-grâse'. <i>s.</i> ignominy, dishonour
Disdainful, diz-dâne'fûl. <i>a.</i> scornful, indignant	Disgrace, diz-grâse'. <i>v. a.</i> to dishonour; to put out of favour [minious]
Disdainfully, diz-dâne'fûl-ê. <i>ad.</i> with haughty scorn [scorn]	Disgraceful, diz-grâse'fûl. <i>a.</i> shameful, igno-
Disdainfulness, diz-dâne'fûl-nês. <i>s.</i> haughty	Disgracefully, diz-grâse'fûl-lê. <i>ad.</i> in dis- grace, with indignity, ignominiously [miny]
Disease, diz-êze'. <i>s.</i> distemper, malady	Disgracefulness, diz-grâse'fûl-nês. <i>s.</i> igno-
Disease, diz-êze'. <i>v. a.</i> to afflict, to pain	Disgracious, diz-grâ'shûs. <i>a.</i> unkind, unfa- vourable [to disfigure]
Disembark, dis-êm-bârk'. <i>v. a.</i> to carry to land	Disguise, diz-g-yize'. <i>v. a.</i> to conceal; to hide;
Disembark, dis-êm-bârk'. <i>v. n.</i> to go on land	Disguise, diz-g-yize'. <i>s.</i> a dress to conceal; a counterfeit show [cealment]
Disembitter, dis-êm-bît'tûr. <i>v. a.</i> to free from bitterness [body]	Disguisement, diz-g-yize'mênt. <i>s.</i> dress of con-
Disembodied, dis-êm-bôd'îd. <i>a.</i> divested of	Disgust, diz-gûst'. <i>s.</i> aversion; offence con- ceived [âstaste; to offend]
Disembogue, dis-êm-bôg'. <i>v. a.</i> to pour out at the mouth of a river [to flow]	Disgustful, diz-gûst'fûl. <i>a.</i> nauseous
Disembogue, dis-êm-bôg'. <i>v. n.</i> to gain a vent,	Dish, dîsh. <i>s.</i> a vessel, in which solid food is served up at the table; any particular kind of food
Disembowelled, diz-êm-bôû'êld. <i>part. a.</i> taken from out the bowels [perplexity]	Dish, dîsh. <i>v. a.</i> to serve in a dish
Disembroil, dis-êm-brôîl'. <i>v. a.</i> to free from	Dishabille, dis-â-blîl'. <i>s.</i> undress, loose dress
Disenable, dis-ên-â'bl. <i>v. a.</i> to deprive of power [enchantment]	Dishearten, dis-hâ'r'tn. <i>v. a.</i> to discourage, to deject [reditary succession]
Disenchant, dis-ên-tshânt', <i>v. a.</i> to free from	Disherit, dis-hêr'ît. <i>v. a.</i> to cut off from he-
Disencumber, dis-ên-kûm'bâr. <i>v. a.</i> to dis- charge from incumbrances, to disburden	Dishevel, dîsh-shêv'vêl. <i>v. a.</i> to spread the hair disorderly [less]
Disencumbrance, dis-ên-kûm'brânse. <i>s.</i> free- dom from encumbrance	Dishonest, diz-ôn'îst. <i>a.</i> void of probity; faith-
Disengage, dis-ên-gâjê'. <i>v. a.</i> to disentangle, to clear from impediments or difficulties	Dishonestly, diz-ôn'îst-lê. <i>ad.</i> without probity, unchastely [unchastity]
Disengage, dis-ên-gâjê'. <i>v. n.</i> to set one's self free from	Dishonesty, diz-ôn'îst-tê. <i>s.</i> faithlessness;
Disengaged, dis-ên-gâjd'. <i>part. a.</i> at leisure	Dishonour, diz-ôn'nûr. <i>s.</i> disgrace, ignominy
Disentangle, dis-ên-tâng'gl. <i>v. a.</i> to set free from, to clear; to unfold, to disengage	Dishonour, diz-ôn'nûr. <i>v. a.</i> to disgrace; to violate chastity; to treat with indignity
Disenthrall, dis-ên-îhrâwl'. <i>v. a.</i> to set free	Dishonourable, diz-ôn'nûr-â-bl. <i>a.</i> shameful
Disenthroned, dis-ên-thrônê'. <i>v. a.</i> to depose from sovereignty [from a throne]	Dishorn, dis-hôrn'. <i>v. a.</i> to strip of horns
Disenthrone, dis-ên-trânse'. <i>v. a.</i> to awaken	Disincarcerate, dis-în-kâr'sê-râte. <i>v. a.</i> to set at liberty [affection]
Disepouse, dis-ê-spôûze'. <i>v. a.</i> to separate after faith plighted	Disinclination, dis-în-kîlê-nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> want of disincline, dis-în-kîlê. <i>v. a.</i> to produce un- like to, to make disaffected
Disesteem, dis-ê-stêém'. <i>s.</i> slight, dislike	
Disesteem, dis-ê-stêém'. <i>v. a.</i> to slight, to dislike	
Disfaour, dis-fâ'vûr. <i>s.</i> discountenance	
Disfavour, dis-fâ'vûr. <i>v. a.</i> to discountenance	
Disfigure, dis-flî-gûre. <i>v. a.</i> to deform	

dis, dis—tûbe, tûb, bûll—dill—pôund—/An, TH.S.

- Disingenuity, dis-in-jè-nû'è-tè. *s.* meanness or artifice, unfairness [liberal]
- Disingenuous, dis-in-jèn'û-ls. *a.* unfair, ill-
- Disingenuously, dis-in-jèn'û-ûs-lè. *ad.* in a disingenuous manner
- Disingenuousness, dis-in-jèn'û-ûs-nès. *s.* mean subtily, low craft
- Disinherit, dis-in-hêr'it. *v. a.* to cut off from hereditary right [grave]
- Disinter, dis-in-têr'. *v. a.* to take out of the
- Disinterested, dis-in-têr'ès-têd. *a.* superior to regard of private advantage
- Disinterestedly, dis-in-têr'ès-têd-lè. *ad.* in a disinterested manner
- Disinterestedness, dis-in-têr'ès-têd-nès. *s.* contempt of private interest
- Disjoin, dis-jôin'. *v. a.* to separate, to part from each other
- Disjoint, dis-jôint'. *v. a.* to put out of joint
- Disjoint, dis-jôint'. *v. n.* to fall in pieces, to separate
- Disjunct, dis-jûngkt'. *a.* disjointed, separate
- Disjunction, dis-jûngkt'shûn. *s.* disunion, separation, parting
- Disjunctive, dis-jûngkt'iv. *a.* incapable of union; which marks separation or opposition [separately]
- Disjunctively, dis-jûngkt'iv-lè. *ad.* distinctly,
- Disk, disk. *s.* the face of the sun, &c.; a quoit
- Dislike, dis-llke'. *s.* absence of affection, disgust
- Dislike, dis-llke'. *v. a.* to disapprove
- Dislike, dis-ll'kn. *v. a.* to make unlike
- Dislikeness, dis-llke'nès. *s.* dissimilitude, unlikeness
- Dislimb, dis-llm'. *v. a.* to tear limb from limb
- Dislocate, dis-lò-kâte. *v. a.* to put out of joint
- Dislocation, dis-lò-kà'shûn. *s.* the act of displacing [place]
- Dislodge, dis-lòdje'. *v. a.* to remove from a
- Disloyal, dis-lò'âl. *a.* not true to allegiance
- Disloyally, dis-lò'âl-lè. *ad.* unfaithfully, disobediently [the sovereign]
- Disloyalty, dis-lò'âl-tè. *s.* want of fidelity to
- Dismal, dis-mâl. *a.* sorrowful, unhappy
- Dismally, dis-mâl-lè. *ad.* horribly, sorrowfully
- Dismalness, dis-mâl-nès. *s.* horror, sorrow
- Dismantle, dis-mân'tl. *v. a.* to strip
- Dismask, dis-mâsk. *v. a.* to divest of a mask
- Dismay, dis-mâ'. *v. a.* to terrify, to fright
- Dismay, dis-mâ'. *s.* fall of courage, terror
- Dismayedness, dis-mâ'èd-nès. *s.* dejection of courage [ber from member]
- Disinember, dis-mêm'bâr. *v. a.* to divide mem-
- Dismiss, dis-mis'. *v. a.* to send away; to discard
- Dismission, dis-mish'un. *s.* act of sending away [from mortgage]
- Dismortgage, dis-môr-gâje. *v. a.* to redeem
- Disnount, dis-mòunt'. *v. a.* to throw any one from on horseback; to throw a cannon from its carriage [horse]
- Disnount, dis-mòunt'. *n. n.* to alight from a
- Disobedience, dis-ò-bé-dè-ènsè. *s.* violation of lawful commands or prohibition, breach of duty [of lawful authority]
- Disobedient, dis-ò-bé-dè-ènt. *a.* not observant
- Disobey, dis-ò-bé'. *v. a.* to break commands
- Disoblige, dis-ò-ollje'. *v. a.* to offend, disgust
- Disobliging, dis-ò-bl'jng. *part. a.* disgusting, offensive [proper orb]
- Disorbed, dis-òrb'd'. *a.* thrown out of the
- Disorder, dis-òr'dâr. *s.* confusion; tumult; sickness [fusion: to make sick]
- Disorder, dis-òr'dâr. *v. a.* to throw into con-
- Disordered, dis-òr'dâra. *a.* irregular, vicious, diseased [gular, tumultuous]
- Disorderly, dis-òr'dâr-lè. *a.* confused, irregularly,
- Disorderly, dis-òr'dâr-lè. *ad.* irregularly, confusedly; inordinately
- Disordinate, dis-òr'dè-nâie. *a.* not living by the rules of virtue
- Disown, dis-òne'. *v. a.* to deny, to renounce
- Disparage, dis-pâr'rdje. *v. a.* to match unequally, to injure by union or comparison with something inferior
- Disparagement, dis-pâr'rdje-mènt. *s.* injurious union or comparison with something inferior
- Disparity, dis-pâr'è-tè. *s.* inequality
- Dispart, dis-pâr't'. *v. a.* to divide, to separate
- Dispassionate, dis-pâsh'un-âte. *a.* cool, calm, temperate [to dissipate]
- Dispel, dis-pèl'. *v. a.* to drive by scattering,
- Dispensary, dis-pèn'sâ-rè. *s.* the place where medicines are dispensed
- Dispensation, dis-pèn sâ'shûn. *s.* distribution, method of Providence; an exemption
- Dispensatory, dis-pèn'sâ-târ-è. *s.* a book in which the composition of medicines is described and directed

Fâte, fâ., í ʋ, fât—mê, mêt—pline, plu—nô, môve,

Dispense, dîs-pên'se'. v. a. to distribute, to excuse [a distributee]	Disproportional, dîs-prô-pôr'shûn-âl a. not symmetrical
Dispenser, dîs-pên'sûr. s. one that dispenses	Disproportionate, dîs-prô-pôr'shûn-âte. a. unsymmetrical, unsuitable to something else
Dispeople, dîs-pé'pl. v. a. to depopulate	Disproportionately, dîs-prô-pôr'shûn-âte-lé. ad. unsuitably, unsymmetrically [service]
Disperse, dîs-pêr'se'. v. a. to scatter; to dissipate	Disprove, dîs-prô'dve'. v. a. to confute an assertion
Dispersion, dîs-pêr'shûn. s. the act of scattering or spreading; the state of being scattered	Dispunishable, dîs-pûn'ish-â-bl. a. without penal restraint [controversial]
Dispirit, dîs-plr'it. v. a. to discourage, to depress [vigour]	Disputable, dîs-pû-tâ-bl. a. liable to contest
Dispiritedness, dîs-plr'it-têd-nês. s. want of vigour	Disputant, dîs-pû-tânt. s. controversialist, a reasoner [versy]
Displace, dîs-plâ'se'. v. a. to put out of place	Disputant, dîs-pû-tânt. a. engaged in controversy, argumentation [dispute]
Displacency, dîs-plâ'sên-sê. s. incivility	Disputation, dîs-pû-tâ'shûn. s. skill of controversy, argumentation [dispute]
Displantation, dîs-plân-tâ'shûn. s. the removal of a plant; the ejection of a people	Disputatious, dîs-pû-tâ'shûs. a. inclined to dispute
Display, dîs-plâ. v. a. to spread wide; to exhibit [thing to view]	Disputative, dîs-pû-tâ-tiv. a. disposed to debate
Display, dîs-plâ'. s. an exhibition of any thing	Dispute, dîs-pû'te'. v. n. to contend by argument, to debate
Displease, dîs-plêze'. v. a. to offend	Dispute, dîs-pû'te'. v. a. to contend for
Displeasure, dîs-piêzh'ûre. s. uneasiness, offence, anger	Dispute, dîs-pû'te'. s. contest, controversy
Displeasure, dîs-piêzh'ûre. v. a. to displease	Disqualification, dîs-kwôl-ê-fê-kâ'shûn. s. that which disqualifies
Displode, dîs-plôde'. v. a. to vent with violence [with noise]	Disqualify, dîs-kwôl'ê-fl. v. a. to make unfit
Displlosion, dîs-plôzhûn. s. a sudden burst	Disquiet, dîs-kwî'êt. s. uneasiness, vexation
Disport, dîs-pôrt'. s. play, sport, pastime	Disquiet, dîs-kwî'êt. v. a. to disturb
Disport, dîs-pôrt'. v. n. to toy, to wanton	Disquietness, dîs-kwî'êt-nês. s. uneasiness, restlessness [anxiety]
Disposal, dîs-pô'zâl. s. the act of disposing; regulation [bestow; to adjust]	Disquietude, dîs-kwî'ê-tûde. s. uneasiness
Dispose, dîs-pôze'. v. a. to give, to place, to disposition	Disquisition, dîs-kwê-zî'shûn. s. examination
Disposition, dîs-pô-zîsh'ûn. s. method; quality; temper of mind; predominant inclination [disseize]	Disregard, dîs-rê-gârd'. s. slight notice, neglect
Dispossess, dîs-pôz-zês. v. a. to deprive, to dispossess	Disregard, dîs-rê-gârd'. v. a. to slight, to contemn
Disposure, dîs-pô'ziûre. s. disposal; state	Disregardful, dîs-rê-gârd'fûl. a. negligent
Dispraise, dîs-prâze'. s. blame, censure	Disrelish, dîz-rêl'ish. s. bad taste; dislike
Dispraise, dîs-prâze'. v. a. to blame, to censure	Disrelish, dîz-rêl'ish. v. a. to infect with an unpleasant taste; to want a taste of [our]
Dispread, dîs-sprêd'. v. a. to spread different ways [tion of error or falsehood]	Disrepute, dîs-rê-pû'te'. s. ill character, dishonour
Disproof, dîs-prôd'f. s. confutation, conviction	Disrespect, dîs-rê-spêkt'. s. incivility [uncivil]
Disproportion, dîs-prô-pôr'shûn. s. unsuitableness, want of symmetry	Disrespectful, dîs-rê-spêkt'fûl. a. irreverent
Disproportion, dîs-prô-pôr'shûn. v. a. to join things unsuitably [unsuitable in quantity]	Disrespectfully, dîs-rê-spêkt'fûl-ê. ad. irreverently
Disproportionable, dîs-prô-pôr'shûn-â-bl. a.	Disrobe, dîz-rôbe'. v. a. to undress [der, breach]
Disproportionableness, dîs-prô-pôr'shûn-â-bl-nês. s. unsuitableness	Disruption, dîz-rûp'shûn. s. a breaking asunder
Disproportionably, dîs-prô-pôr'shûn-â-bl-ê. ad. unsuitably, not symmetrically	Dissatisfaction, dîs-sât-îs-fâk'shûn. s. the state of being dissatisfied, discontent
	Dissatisfactory, dîs-sât-îs-fâk'târ-ê. a. unable to give content
	Dissatisfy, dîs-sât'îs-fl. v. a. to displease [vile]
	Dissect, dîs-sêkt. v. a. to cut in pieces to ex-

- Dissection**, dîs-sék'shûn. *s.* anatomy
Disseisin, dîs-sé'zîn. *s.* an unlawful dispos-
 sessed a man of his land
Disseize, dîs-sé'ze'. *v. a.* to dispossess, to de-
 prive {another
Disseizor, dîs-sé'zôr. *s.* he that dispossesses
Dissemble, dîs-sêm'bl. *v. a.* to hide under
 false appearance, to pretend {pocrite
Dissemble, dîs-sêm'bl. *v. n.* to play the hy-
Dissembler, dîs-sêm'blâr. *s.* a hypocrite
Disseminate, dîs-sém'in'é-nâte. *v. a.* to scatter
 seed, to spread every way
Disunion, dîs-sém'in'é-nâ'shûn. *s.* the act
 of scattering {breach of union
Dissension, dîs-sên'shûn. *s.* disagreement
Dissensious, dîs-sên'shûs. *a.* contentious
Dissent, dîs-sênt'. *v. n.* to disagree in opinion
Dissent, dîs-sênt'. *s.* disagreement {contrary
Dissentaneous, dîs-sên-tâ-né-ûs. *a.* inconsistent
Dissenter, dîs-sên'târ. *s.* one that disagrees ;
 one who refuses the communion of the Eng-
 lish-church {sent
Dissentient, dîs-sên'shênt. *a.* declaring dis-
Dissertation, dîs-sêr-tâ'shûn. *s.* a discourse
Disserve, dîs-sêrv'. *v. a.* to injure
Disservice, dîs-sêrv'is. *s.* injury, mischief
Disserviceable, dîs-sêrv'is-â-bl. *a.* injurious
Dissever, dîs-sêv'ûr. *v. a.* to cut in two {ous
Dissimilar, dîs-sim'é-lâr. *a.* unlike, heterogene-
Dissimilarity, dîs-sim'é-lâr'é-té. *s.* unlikeness
Dissimilitude, dîs-sim-mî'l'é-tûde. *s.* want of
 resemblance
Dissimulation, dîs-sim-û-lâ'shûn. *s.* the act of
 resembling, hypocrisy {perse
Dissipate, dîs-sé-pâte. *v. a.* to scatter, to dis-
Dissipation, dîs-sé-pâ'shûn. *s.* the act of dis-
 persion ; the state of being dispersed
Dissociate, dîs-sô'shê-âte. *v. a.* to separate
Dissolvable, dîz-zôl'vâ-bl. *a.* capable of dis-
 solution {tion of one part from another
Dissoluble, dîs-sô-lû-bl. *a.* capable of separa-
Dissolubility, dîs-sô-lû-bl'ê-té. *s.* liability
 to suffer a disunion of parts
Dissolve, dîz-zôlv'. *v. a.* to destroy the form of
 any thing by disuniting the parts ; to break
 up assemblies ; to be relaxed by pleas-
 ure {melt away in pleasure
Dissolve, dîz-zôlvé'. *v. n.* to be melted ; to
Dissolvent, dîz-zôlvént. *a.* having the power
 of melting
Dissolvable, dîz-zôl'vê-bl. *a.* liable to perish
 by dissolutica
Dissolute, dîs-sô-lûte. *a.* loose, wanton
Dissolutely, dîs-sô-lûte-lê. *ad.* loosely, in oc-
 bauchery {manners, debauchery
Dissoluteness, dîs-sô-lûte-nêss. *s.* laxity of
Dissolution, dîs-sô-lû'shûn. *s.* the act of lique-
 fying by heat or moisture ; the state of
 being liquefied ; destruction of any thing
 by the separation of its parts ; death ; the
 act of breaking up an assembly ; looseness
 of manners
Dissonance, dîs-sô-nânse. *s.* a mixture of un-
 harmonious sounds {disagreeing
Dissouant, dîs-sô-nânt. *a.* unharmonious ;
Dissuade, dîs-swâde'. *v. a.* to divert from, by
 reason or importunity
Dissuasion, dîs-swâ'zhûn. *s.* urgency of rea-
 son or importunity against any thing
Dissuasive, dîs-swâ'siv. *a.* tending to persuade
 against {dissuade
Dissuasive, dîs-swâ'siv. *s.* an argument to
Dissyllable, dîs-sîl-lâ-bl. *s.* a word of two syl-
 lables {flax is drawn in spinning
Distaff, dîs'tâf. *s.* the staff from which the
Distain, dîs-tâne'. *v. a.* to stain ; to blot
Distance, dîs'tânse. *s.* space ; remoteness in
 place ; distant behaviour ; reserve
Distance, dîs'tânse. *v. a.* to place remotely ;
 to leave behind {reserved
Distant, dî'tânt. *a.* remote in time or place ;
Distaste, dîs-tâste'. *s.* disgust, dislike
Distaste, dîs-tâste'. *v. a.* to dislike, to loathe
 to disgust
Distasteful, dîs-tâste'fûl. *a.* nauseous ; offensive
Distemper, dîs-têm'pûr. *s.* a disease {disturb
Distemper, dîs-têm'pûr. *v. a.* to disorder ; to
Distemperate, dîs-têm'pûr-âte. *a.* immoderate
Distemperature, dîs-têm'pûr-â-tshûre. *s.* in-
 temperateness {breadth
Distend, dîs-tênd'. *v. a.* to stretch out in
Distent, dîs-tênt'. *s.* the space through which
 any thing is spread {cupied
Distention, dîs-tên'shûn. *s.* breadth, space oc-
Distich, dîs'tîk. *s.* a couple of lines
Distil, dîs-tîl' *v. n.* to drop ; to flow gently ;
 to use a still {tulling or dropping
Distillation, dîs-tîl-lâ'shûn. *s.* the act of dis-
Distillatory, dîs-tîl-lâ-tûr-ê. *a.* belonging to
 distillation

Fâte, (fâr, fâl), fât—mê, mêt—plne, vln—nò, mòve,

- Distiller, dîs-tîl'îlâr. *s.* one who distils spirits
- Distilment, dîs-tîl'mènt. *s.* that which is drawn by distillation [marked out]
- Distinct, dîs-tîngk't. *a.* different; clear
- Distinction, dîs-tîngk'shûn. *s.* difference; note of superiority
- Distinctive, dîs-tîngk'tîv. *a.* able to distinguish [der]
- Distinctively, dîs-tîngk'tîv-lê. *ad.* in right order
- Distinctly, dîs-tîngk'tlê. *ad.* not confusedly; plainly [plainness]
- Distinctness, dîs-tîngk'tnês. *s.* cleanness
- Distinguish, dîs-tîng'gwîsh. *v. a.* to note the diversity of things; to discern, to judge; to specificate; to make known or eminent
- Distinguishable, dîs-tîng'gwîsh-â-bl. *a.* capable of being distinguished, worthy of note or regard
- Distinguished, dîs-tîng'gwîsh't. *part. a.* eminent, extraordinary [the true meaning]
- Distort, dîs-tòrt'. *v. a.* to twist, to wrest from
- Distortion, dîs-tòr'shûn. *s.* irregular motion, by which the face is writhed, or the parts disordered
- Distract, dîs-trâkt'. *v. a. part. pass.* distracted, anxiously
- Distraught, dîs-trâht. *v. a.* to divide; to perplex, to make mad
- Distractedness, dîs-trâkt'têd-nês. *s.* the state of being distracted, madness [tickness]
- Distraction, dîs-trâkt'shûn. *s.* confusion; frustration
- Distrain, dîs-trâne'. *v. a.* to seize
- Distrain, dîs-trâne'. *v. n.* to make seizure
- Dstraint, dîs-trân't. *s.* seizure
- Distress, dîs-três'. *s.* the act of making a legal seizure; the thing seized; calamity, misery
- Distress, dîs-três'. *v. a.* to harass [misery]
- Distressful, dîs-três'fûl. *a.* full of trouble or
- Distribute, dîs-trîb'ûte. *v. a.* to divide amongst many [tributing]
- Distribution, dîs-trê-bû'shûn. *s.* the act of distributing
- Distributive, dîs-trîb'û-tîv. *a.* assigning to each other their proper portions [itory]
- District, dîs-trîkt'. *s.* a circuit; country, territory
- Distrust, dîs-trûst'. *v. a.* not to trust
- Distrust, dîs-trûst'. *s.* loss of credit, suspicion
- Distrustful, dîs-trûst'fûl. *a.* suspicious [udence]
- Distrustfulness, dîs-trûst'fûl-nês. *s.* want of con-
- Trustless, dîs-trûst'lês. *a.* void of distrust
- Disturb, dîs-tûrb'. *v. a.* to disquiet
- Disturbance, dîs-tûr'bânse. *s.* confusion, disorder, tumult
- Disturber, dîs-tûr'bûr. *s.* a violator of peace
- Disunion, dîs-û'nê-ûn. *s.* separation [vide]
- Disunite, dîs-û-nîte'. *v. a.* to separate, to divide
- Disunite, dîs-û-nîte'. *v. n.* to fall asunder
- Disunity, dîs-û'nê-tê. *s.* a state of actual separation [of use or custom]
- Disusage, dîs-û'sâje. *s.* the gradual cessation
- Disuse, dîs-ûse. *s.* cessation of use or custom
- Disuse, dîs-ûze'. *v. a.* to cease to make use of; to disaccustom
- Disvaluation, dîz-vâl-û-â'shûn. *s.* disgrace, diminution of reputation
- Disvalue, dîz-vâl'û. *v. a.* to undervalue
- Disvouch, dîz-vòutsh'. *v. a.* to destroy the credit of, to contradict
- Ditch, dîtsh. *s.* a trench; the moat with which a town is surrounded
- Ditch, dîtsh. *v. a.* to make a ditch
- Ditcher, dîtsh'ûr. *s.* one who digs ditches
- Dithyrambick, dîth-ê-râm'plk. *s.* any poem written with wildness
- Dittied, dîtîd. *a.* sung, adapted to musick
- Ditty, dîtî. *s.* a poem to be sung
- Diuretick, dî-û-rê'tîk. *a.* provoking urine
- Diurnal, dî-ûr'nâl. *a.* relating to, or performed in a day, daily
- Diurnal, dî-ûr'nâl. *s.* a journal
- Diurnally, dî-ûr'nâl-ê. *ad.* daily, every day
- Diurnarity, dî-û-tûr'nê-tê. *s.* length of duration [tal princes]
- Divan, dè-vân'. *s.* the council of the Orient
- Divaricate, dî-vâr-ê-kâte. *v. n.* to be parted into two [to two]
- Divarication, dî-vâr-ê-kâ'shûn. *s.* partitioning
- Dive, dîve. *v. n.* to sink voluntarily under water; to go deep into any question or science
- Diver, dîvûr. *s.* one who dives
- Diverge, dè-vêrjê'. *v. n.* to tend various ways from one point [parts from one point]
- Divergent, dè-vêrjênt. *a.* tending to various
- Divers, dîvêrz. *a.* several, sundry
- Diverse, dîvêrse. *a.* different, multiform
- Diversification, dè-vêr-sê-sê-kâ'shûn. *s.* variation; multiformity; change [to variegate]
- Diversify, dè-vêr-sê-fl. *v. a.* to make different.

nôr, nô-tâbe, tâb, bâll -ôll-pôund-thin, this.

- Diversion, *dé-vêr'shûn. s.* the act of turning aside. sport
 Diversity, *dé-vêr'sè-té. s.* difference [riously
 Diversely, *d'vêr's-lé. ad.* in different ways, va-
 Divert, *dé-vêr'. v. a. r.* turn off; to please
 Divertise, *dé-vêr'tiz. v. n.* to amuse, to divert
 Divertissement, *dé-vêr'tiz-mènt. s.* diversion, delight
 Diver-tive, *dé-vêr'tiv. a.* recreative, amuse
 Divest, *dé-vêst'. v. a.* to make naked [off
 Divesture, *dé-vêst'ishûre. s.* the act of putting
 Divid-ble, *dé-v'î-dâ-bl. a.* that may be separated
 Divide, *dé-vidé'. v. a.* to part; to separate
 Divide, *dé-vidé'. v. n.* to sunder, to break friendship [given to be divided
 Dividend, *div-ê-dênd. s.* a share; the number
 Divider, *dé-v'î-dûr. s.* a distributor; a dis-
 niter; a particular kind of compass
 Dividual, *dé-vid'û-âl. a.* dividen, shared, par-
 ticipated [foretelling of future things
 Divination, *div-ê-nâ'shûn. s.* prediction or
 Divine, *dé-vîné'. a.* partaking of the nature of God [a clergyman
 Divine, *dé-vîné'. s.* a minister of the Gospel,
 Divine, *dé-vîné'. v. a.* to foretel [conjecture
 Divine, *dé-vîné'. v. a.* to feel presages; to
 Divinely, *dé-vîné'lè. ad.* by the agency or in-
 fluence of God; in a manner noting a deity [nation
 Diviner, *dé-v'î-nûr. s.* one that professes divi-
 Divinity, *dé-vîn'è-té. s.* Deity; celestial be-
 ing; the science of divine things, theology
 Divisible, *dé-vîz'è-bl. a.* capable of being di-
 vided [admitting division
 Divisibility, *dé-vîz-ê-bl'è-té. s.* the quality of
 Division, *dé-vîzh'ûn. s.* the act of dividing;
 the state of being divided; partition; dif-
 ference; space
 Divisor, *dé-v'î-zûr. s.* a number that divides
 Divorce, *dé-vôr'sè'. s.* legal separation of hus-
 band and wife
 Divorce, *dé-vôr'sè'. v. a.* to separate a hus-
 band or wife from the other [claim
 Divulge, *dé-vûl'jè'. v. a.* to publish, to pro-
 Divulger, *dé-vûl'jûr. s.* a publisher [away
 Divulsion, *dé-vûl'shûn. s.* the act of plucking
 Dizen, *d'îzn. v. a.* to dress, to deck
 Dizziness, *dîz'zè-nês. s.* giddiness
 Dizzy, *dîz'zè. a.* giddy, thoughtless [giddy
 Dizzy, *dîz'zè. v. a.* to whirl round, to make
- Do, *dô. v. a.* to act any thing good or bad
 Do, *dô. v. n.* to act or behave in any man-
 ner well or ill; to make an end, to con-
 clude [taught
 Docible, *dôs'é-bl. a.* tractable, easy to be
 Docile, *dôs'sill. a.* teachable
 Docility, *dô-sill'è-té. s.* aptness to be taught
 Dock, *dôk. s.* a place where ships are buid
 or laid up [in a dock
 Dock, *dôk. v. a.* to cut short; to lay a ship
 Docket, *dôk'it. s.* a direction tied upon goods
 Doctor, *dôk'tûr. s.* a title in divinity, law,
 physick, &c.
 Doctor, *dôk'tûr. v. a.* to physick, to cure
 Doctoral, *dôk'tô-râl. a.* relating to the de-
 gree of a doctor [tor
 Doctorship, *dôk'tûr-shîp. s.* the rank of a doc-
 Doctrinal, *dôk'trè-nâl. a.* pertaining to the
 act or means of teaching
 Doctrine, *dôk'trîn. s.* the principles of any
 sect or master; the act of teaching
 Document, *dôk'û-mènt. s.* precept, instruction
 Dodecagon, *dô-dêk'â-gôn. s.* a figure of
 twelve sides
 Dodge, *dôd'jè. v. n.* to use craft; to shift
 place; to raise expectations and disap-
 Doe, *dô. s.* a she deer [point them
 Doer, *dôd'ûr. s.* one that does any thing good
 or bad [tion; a reproachful name
 Dog, *dôg. s.* a domestick animal; a constella-
 Dog, *dôg. v. a.* to follow any one, watching
 him with an insidious design
 Dog-days, *dôg'dâze. s.* the days in which the
 dog-star rises and sets with the sun
 Doge, *dôjè. s.* the title of the chief magistra-
 of Venice and Genoa
 Dogged, *dôg'gêd. a.* sullen, sour, morose
 Doggedness, *dôg'gêd-nês. s.* gloom of mind,
 sullenness [mat
 Dogger, *dôg'gûr. s.* a small ship with one
 Doggerel, *dôg'gûl. s.* mean, worthless verses
 Doggish, *dôg'gîsh. a.* currish, brutal
 Doghole, *dôg'hôle. s.* a vile hole [for dogs
 Dogkennel, *dôg'kên-nèl. s.* a little hut or house
 Dogma, *dôg'mâ. s.* established principle, set-
 tled notion [sertion
 Dogmatism, *dôg'mâ-tîzm. s.* dogmatical as-
 Dogmatical, *dôg-mât'è-kâl. } a. magisterial,
 Dogmatick, *dôg-mât'ik. } a. magisterial,
 positive**

Fâte, fâr. fâl fât me. mêt—plne, plu—nô, môve,

- Dognaticany**, dôg-mât-ê-kâl-â *ad.* magisterially, positively [teacher]
- Dognatist**, dôg-mât-tst. *s.* a magisterial vognativise, dôg-mât-tze. *v. n.* to assert positively; to teach magisterially
- Dogstar**, dôg'stâr. *s.* the star which gives name to the dog-days [f dog]
- Dogtrot**, dôg'trôt. *s.* a gentle trot like that of Dogs. dôd'ingz. *a.* things done, events, transactions; feats, actions good or bad; stir, bustle, tumult
- Doit**, dôit. *s.* a small piece of money
- Dole**, dôle. *s.* the act of distributing; provisions or money distributed in charity; grief
- Dole**, dôle. *v. a.* to deal, to distribute
- Doleful**, dôle'fâl. *a.* sorrowful; feeling grief
- Dolefully**, dôle'fâl-lê. *ad.* in a doleful manner
- Dolefulness**, dôle'fâl-nês. *s.* sorrow, melancholy
- Dolosome**, dôle'sôm. *a.* melancholy, gloomy
- Doll**, dôl. *s.* a little girl's puppet
- Dollar**, dôl'lâr. *s.* a foreign coin of different value [grief or pain]
- Dolorick**, dôl-b-rlf'lk. *a.* that which causes
- Dolorous**, dôl'd-rûs. *a.* sorrowful, doleful
- Dolour**, dô'lûr. *s.* grief, sorrow; lamentation
- Doipin**, dôl'fîn. *s.* a fish
- Dolt**, dôlt. *s.* a heavy stupid fellow
- Doltish**, dôlt'ish. *a.* stupid, blockish
- Domain**, dô-mâne. *s.* dominion, estate [pola]
- Dome**, dôme. *s.* an hemispherical arch, a cupola
- Domestical**, dô-mês'tê-kâl. } *a.* belonging to the house; intestine [domestick]
- Domesticate**, dô-mês'tê-kâte. *v. a.* to make
- Domiciliary**, dôm-ê-sil'yâ-rê. *a.* intruding into private houses under pretence of searching for enemies or contraband goods
- Domnant**, dôm-ê-nânt. *a.* predominant, ascendant [the rest]
- Dominate**, dôm-ê-nâte. *v. a.* to prevail over
- Domination**, dôm-ê-nâ'shân. *s.* power, domination, tyranny [power]
- Domnator**, dôm-ê-nâ-tôr. *s.* the presiding
- Domineer**, dôm-ê-nêér. *v. n.* to rule with insolence, to act without control
- Dominal**, dô-mîn-ê-kâl. *a.* that which notes the Lord's day, or Sunday
- Domnon**, dô-mîn'yân. *s.* sovereign authority; territory, region, district; predominance, ascendant; an order of angels
- Don**, dôn. *s.* the Spanish title for a gentleman
- Donation**, dô-nâ'shân. *s.* the act of giving any thing; the grant by which any thing is given
- Donative**, dôn-â-tiv. *s.* a gift, a present
- Done**, dôn. *part. pass.* of the verb do
- Done**, dôn. *int.* the word by which a wager is concluded
- Donor**, dô'nôr. *s.* a giver, a bestower
- Doom**, dôôm. *v. a.* to condemn, to condemn judicially; to destine
- Doom**, dôc'ci. *s.* judicial sentence, judgment; condemnation; destruction [ment]
- Doomsday**, dôd'mz'dâ. *s.* the day of judgment
- Doomsday-book**, dôd'mz'dâ-bôôk. *s.* a book made by order of William the Conqueror, in which the estates of the kingdom were registered [means of approach]
- Door**, dôre. *s.* the gate of a house; entrance
- Doorkeeper**, dôre'kêép-âr. *s.* one that keeps the entrance of a house [rant]
- Doquet**, dôk'it. *s.* a paper containing a warrant
- Dorick**, dôr'lk. *a.* a species of architecture invented by the Dorians
- Dormant**, dôr'mânt. *a.* sleeping; concealed
- Dormitory**, dôr'nê-târ-ê. *s.* a room with many beds; a burial place
- Dormouse**, dôr'môûse. *s.* a small animal which passes a large part of the winter in sleep
- Dose**, dôse. *s.* so much of any medicine as is taken at one time
- Dost**, dô. *v. s.* the second person of do
- Dot**, dôt. *s.* small point or spot in writing
- Dot**, dôt. *v. a.* to make dots or spots
- Dotage**, dô'tâdje. *s.* imbecility of mind; excessive fondness [woman]
- Dotal**, dô'tâl. *a.* relating to the portion of a
- Dotard**, dô'târd. *s.* a man whose age has impaired his intellects
- Doté**, dôté. *v. n.* to have the intellects impaired by age or passion; to regard with excessive fondness
- Doth**, dôth. the third person of do
- Dotingly**, dô'ting-lê. *ad.* fondly [ting]
- Dotard**, dô'târd. *s.* a tree kept low by cutting
- Double**, dôb'bl. *a.* two of a sort, twice as much; two-fold, of two kinds; having twice the effect or influence; deceitful, acting two parts
- Double**, dôb'bl. *v. a.* to increase to twice the

nór, nót—túbe, túb. báll—ól—póund—thin, mis.

- quantity : to enlarge the stake to twice the
sum in play ; to wind in running
- Double, dâú'bl. *s.* twice the quantity or num-
ber ; a trick, a shift, an artifice [person]
- Double-dealer, dâb-bl-dé'jár. *s.* a deceitful
- Double-dealing, dâb-bl-dé'jár. *s.* artifice, dis-
simulation [insidious]
- Double-minded, dâb-bl-mind'éd. *a.* deceitful
- Doublet, dâb'bl-ét. *s.* the inner garment of a
man, the waistcoat ; two, a pair
- Doubly, dâb'bl-é. *ad.* in twice the quantity
- Doubt, dóút. *v. a.* to question ; to fear ; to sus-
pect [fear, to distrust]
- Doubt, dóút. *v. n.* to hold questionable ; to
- Doubt, dóút. *s.* uncertainty of mind, suspense ;
suspicion [ples]
- Doubter, dóú'tár. *s.* one who entertains scru-
pulousness
- Doubtful, dóú'fúl. *a.* ambiguous ; uncertain
- Doubtfully, dóú'fúl-é. *ad.* ambiguously, un-
certainly [ambiguity]
- Doubtfulness, dóú'fúl-nés. *s.* Jubiousness
- Doubtless, dóú'l'lés. *a.* without fear
- Doubtless, dóú'l'lés. *ad.* without doubt, un-
questionably
- Dough, dô. *s.* unbaked paste [nent]
- Doughty, dóú'té. *a.* brave, illustrious, emi-
nently
- Doughy, dô'é. *a.* unsound, soft
- Douse, dóúse. *v. a.* to put over head suddenly
in the water [water]
- Douse, dóúse. *v. n.* to fall suddenly into the
- Dove, dáv. *s.* a wild pigeon
- Dovecot, dáv'kót. *s.* a pigeon-house
- Dovetail, dáv'táile. *s.* a form of joining two bod-
ies together, where that which is inserted
has the form of a wedge reversed
- Dowager, dóú'á-jár. *s.* a widow with a joint-
ure [woman]
- Dowdy, dóú'dé. *s.* an awkward, ill-dressed
- Dower, dóú'ár. } *s.* a jointure ; endow-
ment, gift
- Dowery, dóú'ár-é. } *s.* a jointure ; endow-
ment, gift
- Dowerless, dóú'ár-lés. *a.* without a fortune
- Dowels, dóú'lás. *s.* a coarse kind of linen
- Down, dóúa. *s.* soft feathers ; soft wool, or
tender hair ; a large open plain
- Down, dóún. *prep.* along a descent, from a
higher place to a lower [horizon]
- Down, dóún. *ad.* on the ground ; below the
- Down, dóún. *int.* an exhortation to destruc-
tion or demolition [to the ground]
- Downcast, dóún'kást. *a.* bent down, directed
- Downfall, dóún'fál. *s.* ruin ; destruction of
bricks
- Downhill, dóún'híl. *s.* declivity, descent
- Downing, dóún-í'ng. *a.* near childbirth
- Downright, dóún-rlte'. *ad.* in plain terms
- Downright, dóún'rlte. *a.* plain, open
- Downward, dóún'wárd. } *ad.* toward the
centre ; in a course of successive or lineal
descent
- Downward, dóún'wárd. *a.* declivous, bending
- Downy, dóú'né. *a.* covered with down or nap ;
soft, tender [a reward paid for a wife]
- Dowry, dóú'ré. *s.* a portion given with a wife ;
- Doxology, dók-sól'ó-jé. *s.* a form of giving
glory to God
- Doxy, dók'é. *s.* a whore, a loose wench
- Doze, dóze. *v. n.* to slumber
- Doze, dóze. *v. a.* to stupify, to dull
- Dozen, dúz'n. *s.* the number of twelve
- Doziness, dóz'é-nés. *s.* sleepiness, drowsiness
- Dozy, dóz'é. *a.* sleepy, sluggish
- Drab, dráb. *s.* a strumpet
- Drachm, drám. *s.* an old Roman coin ; the
eighth part of an ounce
- Drain, dráf. *s.* any thing thrown away
- Drag, drág. *v. a.* to pull by force
- Drag, drág. *v. n.* to hang so low as to trail
upon the ground
- Drag, drág. *s.* a net ; an instrument with
hooks ; a kind of car drawn by the hand
- Dragnet, drág'nét. *s.* a net drawn along the
bottom of the water [ging on the ground]
- Draggle, drág'gl. *v. a.* to make dirty by drag-
ging
- Draggle, drág'gl. *v. n.* to grow dirty by being
drawn along the ground
- Dragon, drág'ún. *s.* a serpent ; a constellation
- Dragonlike, drág'ún-like. *a.* furious, fiercy
- Dragoon, drá-góón'. *s.* a kind of soldier that
serves either on horse or foot [dry]
- Drain, dráne. *v. a.* to empty ; to make quite
dry
- Drain, dráne. *s.* the channel through which
liquids are gradually drawn
- Drake, dráke. *s.* the male of the duck
- Dram, drám. *s.* the eighth part of an ounce,
a small quantity ; spirit
- Drama, drá'má. *s.* a poem accommodated to
action ; a play
- Dramatical, drá-mát'é-kál. } *a.* representat-
ive in action
- Dramatick, drá-mát'ik

Fåte, får, fäll, fät—mè, mèt—plne, pln—nò, mòve,

- Dramatically**, drá-mát'é kál-é. *ad.* by representation [mattick compositions]
- Dramatist**, drám'á-tíst. *s.* the author of drama
- Drank**, dránk. *the pret. of drink*
- Draper**, drá'púr. *s.* one who sells cloth
- Drapery**, drá'púr-é. *s.* clothwork; the dress of a picture or statue
- Draught**, dráft. *s.* the act of drinking; a quantity drunk; the act of drawing; a picture drawn; a detachment; a bill drawn for the payment of money
- Draw**, dráv. *v. a. pret. drew. part. pass. drawn.* to pull along; to attract; to inhale; to unsheath; to represent by picture; to allure; to compose; to eviscerate
- Draw**, dráv. *v. n.* to perform the office of a beast of draught; to act as a weight; to contract; to advance; to unsheath; to practise the art of delineation; to take a card out of the pack; to take a lot
- Drawback**, dráv'bák. *s.* money given back for ready payment [to be lifted] up
- Drawbridge**, dráv'brídje. *s.* a bridge made of wood
- Drawer**, dráv'úr. *s.* one employed in procuring water from the well; one whose business is to draw liquors from the cask; that which has the power of attraction; a box in a case [tation]
- Drawing**, dráv'ing. *s.* delineation, representation
- Drawing-room**, dráv'ing-róòm. *s.* the room in which company assemble at court; the company assembled there
- Drawn**, dráwn. *part. from draw.* equal, where each party takes his own stake; with a sword unsheathed; open, unclosed; eviscerated; induced
- Drawwell**, dráv'wél. *s.* a well out of which water is drawn by a long cord [slow way]
- Drawl**, dráwl. *v. n.* to utter any thing in a slow way
- Dray**, drá. } *s.* the cart on which beer is carried [dray]
- Draycart**, drá'kárt. }
- Drayman**, drá'inán. *s.* one that attends a cart
- Dread**, dréd. *a.* fear, terror, awe
- Dread**, dréd. *a.* frightful; awful, venerable in the highest degree
- Dread**, dréd. *v. n.* to be in fear
- Dreadful**, dréd'fúl. *a.* terrible, frightful
- Dreadfully**, dréd'fúl-lé. *ad.* terribly, frightfully
- Dreadlessness**, dréd'lés-nés. *s.* fearlessness, intrepidity
- Dreadless**, dréd'lés. *a.* fearless, intrepid
- Dream**, dréme. *s.* a phantasm of sleep, the thoughts of a sleeping man
- Dream**, dréme. *v. n.* to have the representation of something in sleep; to think dily; to be sluggish
- Dream**, dréme. *v. a.* to see in a dream
- Dreamer**, dré'múr. *s.* one who has dreams an idle fanciful man; a mope
- Dreamless**, dréme'lés. *a.* without dreams
- Drear**, drére. *a.* mournful, dismal
- Dreary**, dré're. *a.* sorrowful, gloomy
- Dredge**, drédje. *s.* a kind of net
- Dredge**, drédje. *v. a.* to gather with a dredge
- Dregginess**, drég'gè-nés. *s.* fulness of dregs, feculence
- Dreggish**, drég'gish. *a.* foul with lees, feculent
- Dreggy**, drég'gè. *a.* containing dregs, feculent
- Dregs**, drégz. *s.* the sediment of liquors, the lees [with drink or moisture]
- Drench**, drénsh. *v. a.* to soak; to saturate
- Drench**, drénsh. *s.* a draught; physick for a brute [cover a wound; to curry]
- Dress**, drés. *v. a.* to clothe; to adorn; to adorn
- Dress**, drés. *s.* clothes; skill of adjusting dress [of kitchen table]
- Dresser**, drés'súr. *s.* one who dresses; a sort of table
- Dressing**, drés'sing. *s.* the application to a sore
- Dressing-room**, drés'sing-róòm. *s.* the room in which clothes are put on
- Dressy**, drés'sè. *a.* showy in dress [slowly]
- Dribble**, dríb'bl. *v. n.* to fall weakly and slowly
- Driblet**, dríb'lét. *s.* a small sum, odd money in a sum [absorbing moisture]
- Drier**, drí'úr. *s.* that which has the quality of drying
- Drift**, dríft. *s.* impulse; violence; any thing driven at random; aim of action, scope of a discourse [throw on heaps]
- Drift**, dríft. *v. a.* to drive, to urge along; to drive
- Drill**, dríll. *v. a.* to pierce any thing with a drill; to perforate; to teach recruits their exercise [are bored; an apparatus]
- Drill**, dríll. *s.* an instrument with which holes are bored
- Drink**, drínk. *v. n. pret. drank. or drunk. part. pass. drunk, or drunken.* to swallow liquors, to quench thirst
- Drink**, drínk. *v. a.* to suck up, to absorb
- Drink**, drínk. *s.* liquor to be swallowed

nôr, nô-t—tûbe, tûb, bûl—ôl—pôund:—thin, THIS.

- Drinkable drînk'â-bl. *a.* that may be drunk
 Drinker, a drînk'âr. *s.* a drunkard
 Drip, drîp. *v. a.* to let fall in drops
 Drip, drîp. *s.* that which falls in drops
 Dripping, drîp'îng. *s.* the fat which housewives gather from roast meat
 Drive, drive. *v. a. pres. drove, part. pass. driven, or drove.* to force along; to urge in any direction; to guide a carriage
 Drive, drive. *v. n.* to go as impelled by an external agent; to rush with violence; to pass in a carriage; to tend to; to strike at with fury
 Drivel, drîv'vl. *v. n.* to slaver; to dote
 Drivel, drîv'vl. *s.* slaver
 Driveller, drîv'vl-âr. *s.* a fool, an idiot
 Driven, drîv'vn. *part. of drive*
 Driver, drîv'âr. *s.* the person or instrument who gives any motion by violence; one who drives
 Drizzle, drîz'zl. *v. n.* to fall in slow drops
 Drizzly, drîz'zl-ê. *a.* shedding small rain
 Droll, drôle. *s.* a jester, a buffoon
 Droll, drôle. *a.* comick, farcical
 Droll, drôle. *v. n.* to jest, to play the buffoon
 Drollery, drôl'âr-ê. *s.* idle jokes; buffoonery
 Dromedary, drôm'é-dâ-rê. *s.* a sort of camel
 Drone, drône. *s.* the bee which makes no honey: a pipe of a bagpipe; a sluggard
 Drone, drône. *v. n.* to live idly
 Dronish, drôn'ish. *a.* idle, sluggish
 Droop, drôp. *v. n.* to languish with sorrow, to grow weak
 Drop, drôp. *s.* a globule of moisture; diamond hanging in the ear
 Drop, drôp. *v. a.* to pour in drops; to let fall; to let go; to utter slightly; to cease to bedrop, to bespeckle
 Drop, drôp. *v. n.* to fall in drops; to fall; to vanish, to come to nothing [drops]
 Dropping, drôp'îng. *s.* that which falls in
 Droplet, drôp'lêt. *s.* a little drop [dropsy]
 Dropsical, drôp'sê-kâl. *a.* diseased with a
 Dropsy, drôp'sê. *s.* a collection of water in the body [seculence]
 Dross, drôs. *s.* the scum of metals; refuse,
 Drossiness, drôs sê-nês. *s.* foulness, seculence
 Drossy, drôs'sê. *a.* full of dross; foul
 Drought, drôût. *s.* dry weather thirst
 Droughty, drôût'ê. *a.* wanting rain; thirsty
- Drove, drove. *s.* a body or number of cattle a crowd, a tumult
 Drove, drove. *pret. of drive*
 Drover, drôv'âr. *s.* one who drives cattle
 Drown, drôûn. *v. a.* to suffocate in water; to overwhelm in water; to overflow, to bury in an inundation [to
 Drown, drôûn. *v. n.* to be suffocated by wa-
 Drowsily, drôû'zê-lê. *ad.* sleepily, heavily
 Drowsiness, drôû'zê-nês. *s.* sleepiness
 Drowsy, drôû'zê. *a.* sleepy, dull
 Drub, drûb. *v. a.* to thresh, to beat
 Drub, drûb. *s.* a thump, a blow
 Drudge, drûdje. *v. n.* to labour in mean offices [bour
 Drudge, drûdje. *s.* one employed in mean la-
 Drudger, drûdje'âr. *s.* a mean labourer; the box out of which flour is thrown on roast meat
 Drudgery, drûdje'âr-ê. *s.* mean labour
 Drudging-box, drûdje'îng-bôks. *s.* the box out of which flour is sprinkled upon roast meat [without value
 Drug, drûg. *s.* a medicinal simple; any thing
 Drugget, drûg'gît. *s.* a coarse kind of wool len cloth
 Druggist, drûg'gîst. *s.* one who sells drugs
 Druid, drû'ld. *s.* a priest of the ancient Britons
 Drum, drûm. *s.* an instrument of military music; the tympanum of the ear
 Drum, drûm. *v. n.* to beat a drum
 Drum-major, drûm-mâ'jûr. *s.* the chief drummer of a regiment [beat the drum
 Drummer, drûm'mûr. *s.* he whose office is to
 Drumstick, drûm'stîk. *s.* the stick with which a drum is beaten [moisture
 Drunk, drûnk. *a.* inebriated; drenched with
 Drunkard, drûnk'âr'd. *s.* one given to excessive use of strong liquors [nebriated
 Drunken, drûnk'kn. *a.* intoxicated with liquor
 Drunkenness, drûnk'kn-nês. *s.* intoxication with strong liquor; habitual ebriety
 Dry, drî. *a.* not moist; without rain; thursty; barren [hale moisture; to drain
 Dry, drî. *v. a.* to free from moisture; to ex
 Dry, drî. *v. n.* to grow dry
 Dryad, drî'âd. *s.* a wood-nymph [Dryan
 Dryads, drî'âdz. *s.* the English plural of
 Dryades, drî'â-dêz. *s.* the Latin plura of the same word

Fate, fā, fāl, fāt—mè, mèi—plac, pān—nò, mòve,

Dryer, drī'ūr. <i>s.</i> that which has the quality of absorbing moisture	Dull, dūl. <i>a.</i> stupid; blunt; sad
Dryly, drī'lē. <i>ad.</i> without moisture; coldly; [barrenly]	Dull, dūl. <i>v. a.</i> to stupify; to blunt
Dryness, drī'nēs. <i>s.</i> want of moisture.	Dully, dūl'lē. <i>ad.</i> stupidly; sluggishly
Drynurse, drī'nūrse. <i>s.</i> a woman who brings up and feeds a child without the breast	Dulness, dūl'nēs. <i>s.</i> stupidity; drowsiness
Dryshod, drī'shòd. <i>a.</i> without treading above the shoes in the water	Duly, dū'lē. <i>ad.</i> properly, fitly [dimness]
Dual, dū'āl. <i>a.</i> expressing the number two	Dumb, dūm. <i>a.</i> mute, incapable of speech
Dub, dūb. <i>v. a.</i> to make a man a knight; to confer any kind of dignity	Dumbly, dūm'lē. <i>ad.</i> mutely, silently
Dubious, dūbē'ūs. <i>a.</i> doubtful, uncertain	Dunbness, dūm'nēs. <i>s.</i> incapacity to speak
Dubiously, dūbē'ūs-lē. <i>ad.</i> uncertainly	Dump, dūmp. <i>s.</i> sorrow, melancholy
Dubitable, dūbē-tā-bl. <i>a.</i> doubtful	Dunpish, dūmp'ish. <i>a.</i> sad, melancholy
Ducal, dū'kāl. <i>a.</i> pertaining to a duke	Dumpling, dūmp'līng. <i>s.</i> a sort of pudding
Ducat, dū'kūt. <i>s.</i> a coin struck by dukes; in silver valued at about four shillings and sixpence, in gold at nine shillings and sixpence	Dun, dūn. <i>a.</i> a colour partaking of brown and black
Duck, dūk. <i>s.</i> a water-fowl; a word of fondness	Dun, dūn. <i>v. a.</i> to claim a debt with violence
Duck, dūk. <i>v. n.</i> to dive under water	Dun, dūn. <i>s.</i> a clamorous, troublesome creditor
Duck, dūs. <i>v. a.</i> to put under water	Dunce, dūnse. <i>s.</i> a dolt, a thickskull
Duck-legged, dūk'lēgd. <i>a.</i> short-legged	Dung, dūng. <i>s.</i> the excrement of animals used to fatten ground
Duckling, dūk'līng. <i>s.</i> a young duck	Dung, dūng. <i>v. a.</i> to fatten with dung [prison]
Duct, dūkt. <i>s.</i> guidance, direction	Dungeon, dūn'jūn. <i>s.</i> a close subterraneous
Ductile, dūk'tīl. <i>a.</i> flexible, pliable [ance]	Dunghill, dūng'hīl. <i>s.</i> a heap, or accumulation of dung; any mean abode; a term of reproach
Ductility, dūk-tīl'è-tē. <i>s.</i> flexibility; compliance	Dunghill, dūng'hīl. <i>a.</i> sprung from the dung
Dudgeon, dūd'jūn. <i>s.</i> a small dagger; sulieness	Dunner, dūn'nūr. <i>s.</i> one employed in soliciting petty debts
Due, dū. <i>a.</i> owed; proper, fit [ness, ill-will]	Duodecimo, dū-d-dēs'sé-mò. <i>s.</i> a book in which one sheet of paper makes twelve leaves
Due, dū. <i>ad.</i> exactly, directly	Dupe, dūpe. <i>s.</i> a credulous man [leaves]
Due, dū. <i>s.</i> that which may be justly claimed; right, just title	Dupe, dūpe. <i>v. a.</i> to trick, to cheat [together]
Duel, dū'lī. <i>s.</i> a combat between two	Duplicate, dū'plē-kāte. <i>v. a.</i> to double, to fold
Duel, dū'lī. <i>v. n.</i> to fight a single combat	Duplicate, dū'plē-kāte. <i>s.</i> a second thing of the same kind, a transcript of a paper
Dueller, dū'lī-lūr. <i>s.</i> a single combatant	Duplication, dū'plē-kā'shūn. <i>s.</i> the act of doubling; a fold [thing doubled]
Duelling, dū'lī-līng. <i>s.</i> the act of fighting a duel	Duplicature, dū'plē-kā-tshūre. <i>s.</i> a fold, any doubling
Duellist, dū'lī-līst. <i>s.</i> one who fights a duel	Duplicity, dū'plī's-tē-tē. <i>s.</i> deceit, doubleness of heart [lasting]
Duenna, dū-ēn'nā. <i>s.</i> an old woman kept to Bug, dūg. <i>s.</i> a nipple, a teat [guard a younger]	Durability, dū-rā-blī'è-tē. <i>s.</i> the power of lasting
Dug, dūg. <i>pret. ana part. pass. of dig</i>	Durable, dū-rā-bl. <i>a.</i> lasting, having the quality of long continuance
Duke, dūke. <i>s.</i> one of the highest order of nobility in England	Durableness, dū-rā-bl-nēs. <i>s.</i> power of lasting
Dukedom, dūke'dūm. <i>s.</i> the possession of a duke; the title or quality of a duke [ous]	Durably, dū-rā-blē. <i>ad.</i> in a lasting manner
Dulcet, dūl'sēt. <i>a.</i> sweet, luscious; harmonious	Durance, dū-rānse. <i>s.</i> imprisonment
Dulcify, dūl'sē-fl. <i>v. a.</i> to sweeten	Duration, dū-rā'shūn. <i>s.</i> continuance of time
Dulcimer, dūl'sē-mār. <i>s.</i> a musical instrument	During, dū'rīng. <i>prep.</i> for the time of the continuance
Dulcorate, dūl'kò-rāte. <i>v. a.</i> to sweeten	Durst, dūrst. <i>pret. of dare.</i> to venture
Dulcoration, dūl'kò-rā'shūn. <i>s.</i> the act of sweetening	Dusk, dūsk. <i>a.</i> tending to darkness
	Dusk, dūsk. <i>s.</i> tendency to darkness

nôr, nôu—caw, tâb, tâll—ôll—pî—ônd—thîu, raiis.

Duskily, dâsk'é-lé. <i>ad.</i> with a tendency to darkness [tending to obscurity]	Eaglet, é'g'let. <i>s.</i> a young eagle [of corn]
Dusky, dâsk'îsh. <i>a.</i> inclining to darkness, obscure [cles; the state of dissolution]	Ear, éér. <i>s.</i> the organ of hearing; a spike
Dust, dâst. <i>s.</i> earth reduced to small particles	Earless, éér'lès. <i>a.</i> without any ears
Dust, dâst. <i>v. a.</i> to free from dust, to sprinkle with dust [dust]	Ear-ring, éér'ring. <i>s.</i> jewels set in a ring, and worn at the ears
Dusty, dâst'è. <i>a.</i> clouded or covered with dust	Ear-shot, éér'shôt. <i>s.</i> reach of the ear
Dutefess, dûtsh'ès. <i>s.</i> the lady of a duke	Zar'ax, éér'wâks. <i>s.</i> the cerumen, or exudation which smears the inside of the ear
Dutchy, dût'v'è. <i>s.</i> a territory which gives title to a duke	Earwig, éér'wig. <i>s.</i> an insect [marquis]
Duteous, dût'è-ûs, or dût'ishé-ûs. <i>a.</i> obedient, obsequious; enjoined by duty	Earl, éér'l. <i>s.</i> a title of nobility next to that of Earloman, éér'l'dûm. <i>s.</i> the seigniority of an earl
Dutiful, dût'è-fûl. <i>a.</i> obedient, submissive to natural or legal superior [sively]	Earliness, éér'lé-née. <i>s.</i> quickness of action
Dutifully, dût'è-fûl'ly. <i>ad.</i> obediently, submissively	Early, éér'lé. <i>a.</i> soon with respect to something
Dutifulness, dût'è-fûl'nês. <i>s.</i> obedience, submission to just authority	Early, éér'lé. <i>ad.</i> soon, betimes [else]
Duty, dût'è. <i>s.</i> that to which a man is by any natural or legal obligation bound; [duty]	Earn, éér'n. <i>v. a.</i> to gain as the reward of labour [fixed, eager]
Dwarf, dwôr'f. <i>s.</i> a man below the common size [bulk, little]	Earnest, éér'nést. <i>a.</i> warm, zealous; intent
Dwarfish, Dwôr'f'îsh. <i>a.</i> below the natural	Earnest, éér'nést. <i>s.</i> seriousness; the money which is given in token that a bargain is ratified [eagerly]
Dwell, dwêl. <i>v. n. pret. dwelt or dwelled.</i> to inhabit, to reside; to fix the mind upon; to continue long speaking	Earnestly, éér'nést-lé. <i>ad.</i> warmly, zealously;
Dweller, dwêl'lâr. <i>s.</i> an inhabitant	Earnestness, éér'nést-nês. <i>s.</i> eagerness, warmth, vehemence [fire, or water; the world]
Dwelling, dwêl'lîng. <i>s.</i> habitation, abode	Earth, éérth. <i>s.</i> the element distinct from air
Dwindle, dwînd'ld. <i>v. n.</i> to shrink, to lose bulk [new colour]	Earth, éérth. <i>v. a.</i> to hide in earth; to cover with earth
Dying, dl'îng. <i>part. of die.</i> expiring; giving a	Earth, éérth. <i>v. n.</i> to retire under ground
Dynasty, dl'nâs-té. <i>s.</i> government, sovereignty [the blood]	Earthborn, éérth'bôrn. <i>a.</i> born of the earth, meanly born
Dyscrasy, dl'skrâ-sè. <i>s.</i> a distemperature of	Earthen, éér'thn. <i>a.</i> made of earth
Dysentery, dl'sên-têr-è. <i>s.</i> a looseness	Earthiness, éérth'é-nês. <i>s.</i> the quality of containing earth, grossness
Dysphony, dl'sfô-nè. <i>s.</i> a difficulty in speaking [urine]	Earthly, éérth'lé. <i>a.</i> not heavenly, vile, mean, sordid [vulsion of the earth]
Dysary, dlzh'û-rè. <i>s.</i> a difficulty in making	Earthquake, éérth'kwâke. <i>s.</i> a tremor or convulsion of the earth

E

EACII, étsh. <i>pron.</i> either of two; every one	Easement, éze'mènt. <i>s.</i> assistance
Eager, é'gâr. <i>a.</i> ardently wishing; vehement, ardent; quick; sour, acrid	Easily, é'zè-lé. <i>ad.</i> without pain or difficulty
Eagerly, é'gâr-lé. <i>ad.</i> ardently, keenly, sharply [mence, violence]	Easiness, é'zè-nês. <i>s.</i> flexibility; readiness [freedom]
Eagerness, é'gâr-nês. <i>s.</i> impetuosity, vehemence	East, éést. <i>s.</i> the quarter where the sun rises
Eagle, é'gl. <i>s.</i> a bird of prey	Easter, éést'ôr. <i>s.</i> the day on which the Christian Church commemorates our Saviour's resurrection
Eagle-eyed, é'gl'îde. <i>a.</i> sharp-sighted	

Fâte, fâr, fâli, fât--mè, mèt--pln, pln--nò, môve,

Easterly, èès'târ-lé. <i>a.</i> towards the East	Edacious, è-dâ'shûs. <i>a.</i> voracious, ravenous, greedy
Eastern, èès'târ. <i>a.</i> dwelling or found in the east, oriental	Edacity, è-dâs'è-té. <i>s.</i> voraciousness, ravenousness
Eastward, èès'twârd. <i>ad.</i> towards the East	Edger, èd'dâr. <i>s.</i> such wood as is commonly put upon the top of fences
Easy, èzè. <i>a.</i> not difficult; quiet; complying	Eddy, èd'dè. <i>s.</i> the water that, by some repercussion, or opposite wind, runs contrary, to the main stream; a whirlpool
Eat, ète. <i>v. a. pret. ate or eat; part. eat or eaten.</i> to devour with the mouth; to consume, to corrode	Edge, èdje. <i>s.</i> the thin or cutting part of a blade; a narrow part rising from a broader; keenness, acrimony
Eat, ète. <i>v. n.</i> to take meats, to feed [eaten]	Edge, èdje. <i>v. a.</i> to sharpen; to furnish with an edge; to border: to exasperate [blunt]
Eatable, ètâ-bl. <i>s.</i> any thing that may be eaten	Edged, èdjd, or èd'jèd. <i>part. a.</i> sharp, not blunt
Eaves, èvz. <i>s.</i> the edges of the roof which overhangs the house [der windows]	Edging, èd'jîng. <i>s.</i> a narrow lace
Eavesdropper, èvz'drôp-pâr. <i>s.</i> a listener under the eaves	Edgeless, èdje'lès. <i>a.</i> blunt [cut]
Ebb, èb. <i>v. n.</i> to flow back towards the sea	Edgetool, èdje'tôol. <i>s.</i> a tool made sharp to cut
Ebon, èb'ûn. } <i>s.</i> a hard, black, valuable wood	Edgewise, èdje'wîze. <i>ad.</i> with the edge put into any particular direction
Ebony, èb'ò-né. } <i>s.</i> a hard, black, valuable wood	Edicte, èd'è-bl. <i>a.</i> fit to be eaten
Ebriety, è-brî'z-té. <i>s.</i> drunkenness [up]	Edict, è'dîkt. <i>s.</i> a proclamation of command or prohibition [in holiness; instruction]
Ebullition, èb-ûl-lîsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> the act of boiling	Edification, èd-è-fè-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> improvement [teach]
Eccentric, èk-sèn'trè-kâl. } <i>a.</i> deviating from the centre; irregular [a centre]	Edifice, èd'è-fîs. <i>s.</i> a building [teach]
Eccentricity, èk-sèn-trè-kâ-lé. <i>s.</i> deviation from the centre	Edify, èd'è-fî. <i>v. a.</i> to build; to instruct, to edile, èdîle. <i>s.</i> the title of a magistrate in old Rome [publication, with revision]
Ecclesiastical, èk-klè-zhè-âs'tè-kâl. } <i>a.</i> relating to the church [a clergyman]	Edition, è-dîsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> publication of a book; or prepares any work for publication
Ecclesiastick, èk-klè-zhè-âs'tîk. } <i>a.</i> relating to the church [a clergyman]	Editor, èd'è-târ. <i>s.</i> publisher, he that revises or prepares any work for publication
Ecclesiastick, èk-klè-zhè-âs'tîk. <i>s.</i> a minister	Educate, èd-jû-kâte. <i>v. a.</i> to bring up
Echo, èk'kò. <i>s.</i> the return of any sound; the sound returned [back]	Education, èd-jû-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> formation of manners in youth
Echo, èk'kò. <i>v. n.</i> to resound, to be scunded	Educe, è-dûsé. <i>v. a.</i> to bring out, to extract
Echo, èk'kò. <i>v. a.</i> to send back a voice	Education, è-dûk'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of bringing any thing into view
Eclaircissement, èk-klâre'sîz-mènt. <i>s.</i> explanation, the act of clearing up an affair	Edulcorate, è-dûl'kò-râte. <i>v. a.</i> to sweeten
Eclat, è-klâw'. <i>s.</i> splendour, show, lustre [will]	Edulcoration, è-dûl-kò-râ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of sweetening [in food]
Eclectick, èk-lèk'tîk. <i>a.</i> selecting, choosing at	Eel, èél. <i>s.</i> a serpentine slimy fish, that lurks under stones
Eclipse, è-klîps'. <i>s.</i> an obscuration of the luminaries of heaven; darkness, obscuration	Even, èèn. <i>ad.</i> contracted from Even
Eclipse, è-klîps'. <i>v. a.</i> to darken a luminary; to obscure; to disgrace [sphere]	Effable, èf-fâ-bl. <i>a.</i> expressive, utterable [way]
Ecliptic, è-klîp'tîk. <i>s.</i> a great circle of the sky	Efface, èf-fâsè. <i>v. a.</i> to destroy, to wear away
Eclogue, èk'lôg. <i>s.</i> a pastoral poem	Effect, èf-fèkt'. <i>s.</i> that which is produced by an operating cause; consequence, event
Economy, è-kôn'ò-mè. <i>s.</i> frugality; regulation	Effect, èf-fèkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to bring to pass; to achieve [produce effects; operative]
Economick, èk-kò-nôm'îk. } <i>a.</i> pertaining to the regulation of a household; frugal	Effective, èf-fèk'tîv. <i>a.</i> having the power to operate
Economical, èk-kò-nôm-è-kâl. } <i>a.</i> pertaining to the regulation of a household; frugal	Effectively, èf-fèk'tîv-lé. <i>ad.</i> powerfully, with real operation
Ecstasy, èks'tâ-sè. <i>s.</i> excessive joy, rapture	
Ecstasied, èks'tâ-sîd. <i>a.</i> enraptured	
Ecstatical, èks-tât'è-kâl. } <i>a.</i> raptured, elevated to ecstasy	
Ecstasick, èks-tât'îk. } <i>a.</i> raptured to ecstasy	

nôr, nôr-tâbe, tâb, b'âl -âl -p'ânâ -thia, r'ix.

Effectless, êf-fèk'l'ès. *a.* without effect
Effectual, êf-fèk'tshù-âl. *a.* productive of effects, powerful
Effectually, êf-fèk'tshù-âl-lé. *ad.* efficaciously
Effectuate, êf-fèk'tshù-âte. *v. a.* to bring to pass [manly delicacy
Effeminate, êf-fèm'é-nâ-sé. *s.* softness, un-
Effeminate, êf-fèm'é-râte. *a.* womanish, vol-
 luptuous [inânish, to unman
Effeminate, êf-fèm'é-nâte. *v. a.* to make wo-
Effeminate, êf-fèm'é-nâte. *v. n.* to soften, to
 melt into weakness [by intestine motion
Effervesce, êf-fèr-vès'. *v. n.* to generate heat
Effervescence, êf-fèr-vès'sènsè. *s.* the act of
 growing hot, production of heat by intes-
 tine motion
Efficacious, ê-fè-ká'shùs. *a.* powerful to pro-
 duce the consequence intended
Efficaciously, êf-fè-ká'shùs-lé. *ad.* effectually
Efficacy, êf-fè-ká-sè. *s.* production of the con-
 sequence intended
Efficience, êf-f'ish'y'ènsè. } *s.* the act of pro-
Efficiency, êf-f'ish'y'èn-sé. } ducing effects, agency
Efficient, êf-f'ish'y'ènt. *s.* the cause which
 makes effects; the effector
Efficient, êf-f'ish'y'ènt. *a.* causing effects
Effigies, êf-f'id'jès. } resemblance, image in
Effigy, êf-fè-jé. } *s.* painting or sculpture
Efflorescence, êf-f'lo-rès'sènsè. } *s.* produc-
Efflorescency, êf-f'lo-rès'sèn-sé. } tion of flowers
 [in forns of flowers
Efflorescent, êf-f'lo-rès'sènt. *a.* shooting out
Effluence, êf-f'lu-ènsè. *s.* that which issues from
 some other principle
Effluvia, êf-f'lu-vè-â. *the plural of effluvium*
Effluviun, êf-f'lu-vè-âm. *s.* those small parti-
 cles which are continually flying off from
 bodies
Efflux, êf-f'lùks. *s.* effusion; emanation
Effluxion, êf-f'lùk'shùn. *s.* the act of flowing
 out; effluvium [our
Effort, êf-f'ört. *s.* struggle, laborious endeav-
Effrontery, êf-f'rud'tèr-è. *s.* impudence
Effulgence, êf-f'ül'jènsè. *s.* lustre, brightness
Effulgent, êf-f'ül'jènt. *a.* shining bright, lamin-
Effuse, êf-f'üzè'. *v. a.* to pour out [ous
Effusion, êf-f'üz'hùn. *s.* the act of pouring
 out; the thing poured out
Effusive, êf-f'üz'iv. *a.* pouring out, dispersing

Eft, êft. *s.* a newt, an evet
Egestion, ê-jès'tshùn. *s.* the act of throwing out
 the digested food
Egg, êg. *s.* that which is laid by feathered
 animals, from which their young is produ-
 ced; the spawn or sperm of creatures; any
 thing fashioned in the shape of an egg
Egg, êg. *v. a.* to incite, to instigate
Eglantine, êg'lân-tin. *s.* a species of rose;
 sweetbriar [of one's self
Egotism, ê-gò-tizm. *s.* too frequent mention
Egotist, ê-gò-tist. *s.* one that is always talking
 of himself [self
Egotize, ê-gò-tize. *v. n.* to talk much of one's
Egregious, ê-grè-jè-üs. *a.* eminent, remarka-
 ble; remarkably vicious [shamefully
Egregiously, ê-grè-jè-üs-lé. *ad.* eminently
Egress, ê-grès. } *s.* the act of going out
Egression, ê-grèsh'ün. }
Egret, ê-grèt. *s.* a fowl of the heron kind [out
Ejaculate, ê-ják't-lâte. *v. a.* to throw, to shoot
Ejaculation, ê-ják't-lâ'shùn. *s.* a short prayer
 darted out occasionally
Ejaculatory, ê-ják't-lâ-tür-è. *a.* sudden, hasty
Eject, ê-jèkt'. *v. a.* to throw out
Ejection, ê-jèkt'shùn. *s.* an expulsion
Ejectment, ê-jèkt'mènt. *s.* a legal writ by
 which any inhabitant of a house, or tenant
 of an estate, is commanded to depart
Eight, âyt. *a.* twice four; a word of number
Eighth, âyth. *a.* next in order to the seventh
Eighteen, ây'tèèn. *a.* twice nine
Eighteenth, ây'tèènth. *a.* the next in order to
 the seventeenth [or quantity
Eightfold, ây'töld. *a.* eight times the number
Eightly, âyth'lé. *ad.* in the eighth place
Eightieth, ây'tè-èth. *a.* the next in order to
 the seventy-ninth, eighth tenth
Eightscore, ây'tskòre. *a.* eight times twenty
Eighty, ây'té. *a.* eight times ten
Eisel, ê'sil. *s.* vinegar, verjuice
Either, ê'thâr. *pron. distrib. whichsoever* a
 the two, whether one or the other
Either, ê'thâr. *conj.* a distributive conjunc-
 tion, answered by Cr: either the one or
 the other
Ejulation, êd-jù-lâ'shùn. *s.* lamentation
Eke, êke. *ad.* also, likewise, beside
Eke, êke. *v. a.* to increase; to supply [labour
Elaborate, ê-lâb'ò-râte. *v. a.* to produce with

Fâte, fâr, fáll, fát—mè, mèt—plne, pln—nò, mólva

- Elaborate**, é-láb'ò-râte. *a.* finished with great diligence
- Elaborately**, é-láb'ò-râte-lè. *ad.* laboriously
- E lance**, é-lânse'. *v. a.* to throw out, to dart
- E lapse**, é-lâpse'. *v. n.* to pass away
- Elastic**, é-lâs'tik. *a.* having the power of returning to the form from which it is distorted
- Elasticity**, é-lâs-tis'é-té. *s.* force in bodies, by which they endeavour to restore themselves
- Elate**, é-lâte'. *a.* flushed with success [selves]
- Elate**, é-lâte'. *v. a.* to puff up; to exalt
- Elation**, é-lâ'shùn. *s.* haughtiness proceeding from success
- Elbow**, élb'ò. *s.* the next joint of the arm below the shoulder; any flexure or angle
- Elbow**, élb'ò. *v. a.* to push with the elbow; to drive to a distance
- Elbow**, élb'ò. *v. n.* to jut out in angles
- Eld**, éld. *s.* old age, old people
- Elder**, éldâr. *a.* surpassing another in years
- Elder**, éldâr. *s.* the name of a tree
- Elders**, éldârz. *s.* persons whose age gives them reverence; among the Jews, rulers of the people; among Presbyterians, laymen introduced into the kirk polity
- Elderly**, éldâr-lè. *a.* no longer young
- Eldest**, éldést. *a.* the oldest [also Starwort]
- Elcamp.ane**, é-lé-kâm-pâne'. *s.* a plant, named
- Elect**, é-lèkt'. *v. a.* to choose, to select as an object of favour [from among others]
- Elect**, é-lèkt'. *a.* chosen, taken by preference
- Electary**, é-lèkt'â-ré. *s.* a form of medicine made of conserves and powders, of the consistence of honey
- Election**, é-lèkt'shùn. *s.* the act of choosing; the power of choice; voluntary preference [in parliamentary elections]
- Electioneering**, é-lèkt'shùn-èér'ing. *s.* concern
- Elective**, é-lèkt'iv. *a.* exerting the power of choice [chooses or elects]
- Elector**, é-lèkt'âr. *s.* one who has a right to
- Electoral**, é-lèkt'wò-râl. *a.* having the dignity of an elector [an elector]
- Electorate**, é-lèkt'wò-râte. *s.* the territory of
- Electre**, é-lèkt'âr. *s.* a mixed metal
- Electrical**, é-lèkt'rè-kâl. } *a.* attractive with-
- Electric**, é-lèkt'rik. } *a.* out magnetism
- Electricity**, é-lèkt'ris'é-té. *s.* a property in bodies, whereby, when rubbed, they draw substances, and emit fire
- Electuary**, é-lèkt'tshù-âr-é. *s.*—See **Electary**
- Eleemosynary**, él-é-mòz'é-nâr-é. *a.* living up on alms
- Elegance**, él'é-gânse. } beauty without
- Elegancy**, él'é-gân-sé. } *s.* grandeur
- Elegant**, él'é-gânt. *a.* pleasing with intricate beauties; nice, not coarse
- Elegantly**, él'é-gânt-lè. *ad.* in such a manner as to please without elevation
- Elegiac**, él-é-j'ák. *a.* used in elegies; mournful, sorrowful
- Elegist**, él'é-jist. *s.* a writer of elegies
- Elegy**, él'é-jé. *s.* a mournful song
- Element**, él'é-mènt. *s.* the first or constituent principle of any thing; the proper habituation or sphere of any thing; the first rudiments of literature or science [ments]
- Elemental**, él-é-mènt'âl. *a.* produced by elements
- Elementary**, él-é-mènt'âr-é. *a.* uncompounded
- Elephant**, él'é-fânt. *s.* the largest of all quadrupeds [elephant]
- Elephantine**, él-é-fân'tin. *a.* pertaining to the
- Elevate**, él'é-vâte. *v. a.* to exalt
- Elevate**, él'é-vâte. *part.* *a.* exalted, raised aloft [aloft; exaltation]
- Elevation**, él-é-vâ'shùn. *s.* the act of raising
- Elevator**, él'é-vâ-târ. *s.* a raiser or lifter up
- Eleven**, é-lèv'vn. *a.* ten and one [the tenth]
- Eleventh**, é-lèv'vnt. *a.* the next in order to
- Elf**, élf. *s. plural, elves.* a wandering spirit; a devil
- Elk**, él'lok. *s.* knots of hair twisted by
- Elicit**, é-lis'sit. *v. a.* to strike out [elves]
- Elicit**, é-lis'sit. *a.* brought into action
- Elicitation**, é-lis-sé-té'shùn. *s.* a deducing the power of the will into act
- Elide**, é-lidè'. *v. a.* to break in pieces [chosen]
- Eligibility**, él-é-jè-blé-té. *s.* worthiness to be
- Eligible**, él'é-jè-ol. *a.* fit to be chosen [vision]
- Elision**, é-liz'hùn. *s.* the act of cutting off, dropping
- Elixation**, él-ik-sâ'shùn. *s.* the act of boiling
- Elixir**, é-lik'sûr. *s.* a medicine made by strong infusion; the quintessence of any thing; any cordial [kind]
- Elk**, élk. *s.* a large stately animal of the stag
- Ell**, él. *s.* a measure containing a yard and a quarter
- Ellipsis**, él-li-p'sis. *s.* a figure of rhetorick, by which something is left out; in geometry, or oval figure generated from the section of a cone

- Elliptical**, êl-lîp'tè-kâl. } having the form
Elliptick, êl-lîp'tîk. } ^{a.} of an ellipsis
- Elm**, êlm. *s.* the name of a tree
- Elocution**, êl-ô-kû'shûn. *s.* the power of fluent speech; eloquence, flow of language
- Elogy**, êl'ô-jé. *s.* praise panegyrick
- Elongate**, ê-lông'gâte. *v. a.* to lengthen
- Elongation**, êl-ông-gâ'shûn. *s.* the act of lengthening; the state of being stretched
- Elope**, ê-lôpe'. *v. n.* to run away, to break loose, to escape [just restraint]
- Elopement**, ê-lôpe'mént. *s.* departure from
- Eloquence**, êl'ô-kwênse. *s.* the power of speaking with fluency and elegance [oratory]
- Eloquent**, êl'ô-kwént. *a.* having the power of
- Else**, êlse. *pron.* other, one besides
- Else**, êlse. *ad.* otherwise; besides, except
- Elsewhere**, êlse'whêre. *ad.* in any other place
- Elucidate**, ê-lû'sé-dâte. *v. a.* to explain, to clear
- Elucidation**, ê-lû-sé-dâ'shûn. *s.* explanation, exposition [positor, commentator]
- Elucidator**, ê-lû'sé-dâ-târ. *s.* explainer, ex-
- Elude**, ê-lûde'. *v. a.* to avoid by artifice
- Eludible**, ê-lû'dé-bî. *a.* possible to be eluded
- Elumbated**, ê-lûm'bâ-iéd. *a.* weakened in the loins [examination, an artifice]
- Elusion**, ê-lû'zhûn. *s.* escape from inquiry or
- Elusive**, ê-lû'sîv. *a.* using arts to escape
- Elusive**, ê-lû'sîv. *a.* tending to elude
- Elute**, ê-lûte'. *v. a.* to wash off [strain out]
- Elutriate**, ê-lû'tré-âte. *v. a.* to decant, to
- Elysian**, ê-lîz'hé-ân. *a.* exceedingly delightful
- Elysium**, ê-lîz'hé-âm. *s.* the place assigned by the heathens to happy souls
- Emaciate**, ê-mâ'shé-âte. *v. a.* to waste, to deprive of flesh
- Emaciate**, ê-mâ'shé-âte. *v. n.* to lose flesh
- Emaciation**, ê-mâ-shé-â'shûn. *s.* the act of making lean; the state of one grown lean
- Emaculation**, ê-mâk-ô-lâ'shûn. *s.* the act of freeing any thing from spots or foulness
- Emanant**, êm'â-nânt. *a.* issuing from something else [from something else]
- Emanate**, êm'â-nâte. *v. n.* to issue or flow
- Emanation**, êm-mâ-nâ'shûn. *s.* the act of issuing or proceeding from any other substance; that which issues
- Emanative**, êm'ân-â-tîv. *a.* issuing from another [from servitude]
- Emancipate**, ê-mân'sé-pâte. *v. a.* to set free
- Emancipation**, ê-mân-sé-pâ'shûn. *s.* the act of setting free, deliverance from slavery
- Emasculate**, ê-mâs'kû-lâte. *v. a.* to castrate
- Emasculation**, ê-mâs-kû-lâ'shûn. *s.* castration
- Embale**, êm-bâle'. *v. a.* to make up into a bundle; to enclose
- Embalm**, êm-bâm'. *v. a.* to impregnate a body with aromatics, that it may resist putrefaction [putting or going on shipboard]
- Embarkation**, êm-bâr kâ'shûn. *s.* the act of
- Embargo**, êm-bâr'gò. *s.* a prohibition to pass a stop put to trade
- Embark**, êm-bâr'k'. *v. a.* to put on shipboard; to engage another in any affair
- Embark**, êm-bâr'k'. *v. n.* to go on shipboard to engage in any affair [entangle]
- Embarrass**, êm-bâr'râs. *v. a.* to perplex, to
- Embarrassment**, êm-bâr'râs-mént. *s.* perplexity, entanglement
- Embase**, êm-bâse'. *v. a.* to vitiate; to degrade
- Embasement**, êm-bâs'é-mént. *s.* depravation
- Embassador**, êm-bâs'sâ-dâr. *s.* one sent on a publick message
- Embassadress**, êm-bâs'sâ-drès. *s.* a woman sent on a publick message
- Embassage**, êm'bâs-sâje. } *s.* a publick message
- Embassy**, êm'bâs-sé. } [of battle]
- Embassy**, êm'bâs-sé. } any solemn message
- Embattle**, êm-bât'tl. *v. a.* to range in order
- Embay**, êm-bâ'. *v. a.* to bathe; to enclose in a bay [beautify]
- Embellish**, êm-bêl'lîsh. *v. a.* to adorn, to
- Embellishment**, êm-bêl'lîsh-mént. *s.* ornament, decoration
- Embers**, êm'bûrz. *s.* not
- Ember-week**, êm'bûr-wéek. *s.* a week which an ember-day falls. The ember days at the four seasons are the Wednesday, Friday, and Saturday, after the first Sunday in Lent, the feast of Pentecost, September fourteenth, December thirteenth
- Embezzle**, êm-bêz'zl. *v. a.* to appropriate by breach of trust; to waste
- Embezzlement**, êm-bêz'zl-mént. *s.* the act of appropriating to himself that which is received in trust for another
- Embleze**, êm-blâze'. *v. a.* to blazon, to paint with ensigns armorial
- Emblazon**, êm-blâ'zn. *v. a.* to adorn with figures of heraldry; to deck in glaring colours

Fâte, fâr. fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pinc, pln—nô, môve,

- Emblem**, êm'blêm. *s.* an occult representation, an allusive picture
- Emblematical**, êm-blê-mât ê-kâl } *a. comprising an emblem, allusive*
- Emblematick**, êm-blê-mât'îk }
- Emblematically**, êm-olê-mât'ê-kâl-ê. *ad.* in the manner of emblems, allusively
- Emboss**, êm-bôs'. *v. a.* to form with protuberances; to engrave with relief, or rising work; to enclose, to include, to cover.
- Embossment**, êm-bôs'mênt. *s.* any thing standing out from the rest; relief, rising work [entrails]
- Embowel**, êm-bôû'êl. *v. a.* to deprive of the arms
- Embrace**, êm-brâsé'. *v. a.* to hold fondly in the arms [brace]
- Embrace**, êm-brâsé'. *v. n.* to join in an embrace
- Embrace**, êm-brâsé'. *s.* clasp, fond pressure in the arms
- Embracement**, êm-brâsé'mênt. *s.* clasp in the arms, enclosure; conjugal endearment
- Embrasure**, êm-brâ-zhûré'. *s.* an aperture in the wall, battlement
- Embrocate**, êm'brô-kâte. *v. a.* to rub any part diseased with medicinal liquors
- Embrocation**, êm-brô-kâshûn. *s.* the lotion with which any diseased part is washed
- Embroider**, êm-brôê'dûr. *v. a.* to decorate with figured works
- Embroiderer**, êm-brôê'dûr-ûr. *s.* one that adorns with needle work [dle-work]
- Embroidery**, êm-brôê'dûr-ê. *s.* variegated needle-work
- Embroid**, êm-brôîl'. *v. a.* to disturb, to distract
- Embryo**, êm'brê-ô. } *s.* the offspring yet unfinished in the womb; any thing unfinished
- Embryon**, êm'brê-ôa. } [education, corrigible]
- Emendable**, ê mên'dâ-bl. *a.* capable of emendation
- Emendation**, êm-ên-dâ'shûn. *s.* correction, alteration of any thing from worse to better
- Emerald**, êm'é-râid. *s.* a green precious stone
- Emerge**, ê-mêrjê'. *v. n.* to rise out of any thing in which it is covered
- Emergence**, ê-mêrjê'nsê. } *s.* the act of rising into view, any sudden occasion; pressing necessity
- Emergency**, ê-mêrjê'n-sê. }
- Emergent**, ê-mêrjênt. *a.* rising into view or notice: sudden, unexpected, casual
- Emerited**, ê-mêr'it-êd. *a.* allowed to have done sufficient public service
- Emersion**, ê-mêr'shûn. *s.* the time when a star, having been obscured by its too near approach to the sun, appears again
- Emery**, êm'êr-ê. *s.* an iron ore
- Emetick**, ê-mêt'îk. *a.* provoking vomits
- Emetick**, ê-mêt'îk. *s.* a vomit
- Emication**, êm-ê-kâ'shûn. *s.* sparkling
- Emigrant**, êm'ê-grânt. *s.* one that emigrates
- Emigrate**, êm'ê-grâte. *v. n.* to remove from one place to another [itation]
- Emigration**, êm-ê-grâ'shûn. *s.* change of habitation
- Eminence**, êm'ê-nênsê. } *s.* loftness, height
- Eminency**, êm'ê-nên-sê. }
- Eminent**, êm'ê-nênt. *a.* high, lofty, conspicuous, remarkable [in a high degree]
- Eminently**, êm'ê-nênt-lê. *adv.* conspicuously
- Emissary**, êm'is-sâr-rê. *s.* a secret agent [vent]
- Emission**, ê-mîsh'ûn. *s.* the act of sending out
- Emut**, ê-inîf'. *v. a.* to let fly, to dart
- Emmet**, êm'mît. *s.* an ant, a pismire
- Emmew**, êm-inû'. *v. a.* to mew or coop up
- Emollient**, ê-môl'yênt. *a.* softening, suppling
- Emolliation**, êm-môl-lîsh'ûn. *s.* the act of softening [tage]
- Emolument**, ê-môl'û-mênt. *s.* profit, advancement
- Emotior**, ê-mô'shûn. *s.* disturbance of mind, vehemence of passion
- Empale**, êm-pâlê'. *v. a.* to fence with a pale; to enclose; to put to death by spitting on a stake fixed upright
- Empannel**, êm-pân'nêl. *s.* the writing or entering the names of a jury into a schedule
- Empannel**, êm-pân'nêl. *v. a.* to summon to serve on a jury
- Empassion**, êm-pâsh'ûn. *v. a.* to move with passion, to affect strongly.
- Emperor**, êm'pêr-ûr. *s.* a monarch of title and dignity superior to a king
- Emphasis**, êm'fâ-sîs. *s.* a remarkable stress laid upon a word or sentence
- Emphatical**, êm-fât'îk-âl. } *a.* forcible, strong,
- Emphatick**, êm-fât'îk. } *a.* striking
- Emphatically**, êm-fât'ê-kâl-ê. *a.* strongly, forcibly
- Empire**, êm'plre. *s.* imperial power; the region over which dominion is extended
- Empirick**, êm'pê-rîk. *s.* a quack

- Empirical, ém-pí'r-é-kài. } a. versed in ex-
 Empirick, ém-pí'r'ík. } periments, practised only by rote
 Empiricism, ém-pí'r-é-sizm. s. dependence on
 experience without knowledge; quackery
 Emplastick, ém-plás'tík. a. viscous, glutinous
 Emplead, ém-plèdè'. v. a. to indict, to pre-
 fer a charge against [work
 Employ, ém-plòé'. v. a. to busy—to keep at
 Employ, émplòé'. s. business, object of in-
 dustry; publick office
 Employable, ém-plòé'á-bl. a. capable to be
 used, proper for use [causes to be used
 Employer, ém-plòé'úr. s. one that uses, or
 Employment, ém-plòé'mènt. s. business, ob-
 ject of industry; office [or in merchandise
 Emporetick, ém-pò-rét'ík. a. used at markets,
 Emporium, ém-pò'r-é-úm. s. a place of mer-
 chandise, a commercial city
 Empoverish, ém-pòv'ér-ish. v. a. to make
 poor; to lessen fertility
 Empoverishment, ém-pòv'ér-ish-mènt. s. Di-
 minution, waste [enable
 Empower, ém-pòú'úr. v. a. to authorize; to
 Empress, ém'p-rès. s. the queen of an empe-
 ror; a female invested with imperial dignity
 Emprise, ém-prize. s. attempt of danger
 Emptiness, ém'té-nès. s. the state of being
 empty, a void space, vacuity [rant, vain
 Empty, ém'té. a. void; unsatisfactory; igno-
 Empty, ém'té. v. a. to evacuate, to exhaust
 Empurple, ém-púr'pl. v. a. to make of a pur-
 ple colour [serial
 Empyrean, ém-pí'r-é-ái. a. refined beyond
 Empyrean, ém-pl-ré'án. s. the highest heaven
 Empyrosis, ém-pé-rò'sis. s. conflagration, ge-
 Emulate, ém'ù-lá-te. v. a. to rival [neral fire
 Emulation, ém'ù-lá-shún. s. rivalry; contest
 Emulative, ém'ù-lá-tív. a. inclined to emula-
 tion [itor
 Emulator, ém'ù-lá-túr. s. a rival, a compet-
 Emulge, é-múlje'. v. a. to milk out [ing out
 Emulgent, é-múl'jènt. a. milking or drain-
 Emulous, ém'ù-lús. a. rivalling
 Emulsion, é-múl-shún. s. a form of medicine,
 by bruising oily seeds and kernels [power
 Enable, én-á-bl. v. a. to make able, to confer
 Enact, én-ákt'. v. a. to establish, to decree
 Enamel, én-ám-él. v. a. to inlay, to variegate
 with colours
 Enamel, én-ám-él. s. any thing enamelled
 the substance inlaid in other things
 Enameller, én-ám-él-lár. s. one that practises
 the art of enamelling
 Enamour, én-án-úr. v. a. to mistake with love
 Encage, én-káje'. v. a. to coop up, to confine
 Encamp, én-kámp'. v. n. to pitch tents
 Encamp, én-kámp'. v. a. to form an army
 into a regular camp
 Encampment, én-kámp'mènt. s. the act of
 encamping; a camp, tents pitched in order
 Enchafe, én-tsháfe'. v. a. to enrage, to irri-
 tate [chain, to bind
 Enchain, én-tshàné'. v. a. to fasten with a
 Enchant, én-tshánt'. v. a. to subdue by charms
 or spells; to delight in a high degree
 Enchanter, én-tshántúr. s. a magician, a
 sorcerer [charms; irresistible influence
 Enchantment, én-tshánt'mènt. s. magical
 Enchantress, én-tshánt'rès. s. a sorceress;
 a woman whose beauty or excellence gives
 irresistible influence
 Enchase, én-tshàse'. v. a. to enclose in any
 other body so as to be held fast, but not
 concealed [in a ring or circle
 Encircle, én-sér'kl. v. a. to environ, to enclose
 Encliticks, én-klít'iks. s. particles which
 throw back the accent upon the last sylla-
 ble of the foregoing word [round
 Enclose, én-klòze'. v. a. to encircle, to sur-
 Enclosure, én-klòzhúre. s. the act of enclos-
 ing; the separation of common grounds in-
 to distinct possessions; the appropriation of
 things common; space enclosed [praiser
 Encomiast, én-kómé-ást. s. a panegyrist, a
 Encomiastical, én-kò-mé-ás'té-kál. } a. pan-
 egyrical, containing or bestowing praise
 Encomiastick, én-kò-mé-ás'tík. }
 Encomium, én-kómé-úm. s. panegyrick,
 praise, elogy
 Encompass, én-kám'pás. v. a. to enclose
 Encore, óng-kòre'. ad. again, once more
 Encounter, én-kòún'túr. s. duel, single fight,
 battle
 Encounter, én-kòún'túr. v. a. to meet in a
 hostile manner, to rush against in conflict
 to oppose
 Encounter, én-kòún'túr. v. n. to rush togeth-
 er in a hostile manner, to conflict; to
 fight; to come together by chance

r'ate, r'ar. f'äll, f'ät—mè, mèt—plnc, pln—nò, mòve,

Encourage, èn-kûr'ridje. v. a. to animate : to give courage, to embolden	Endorsement, èn-abr'sè'mènt. s. superscription writing on the back
Encouragement, èn-kûr'ridje-mènt. s. incitement, countenance, support	Endow, èn-ou' v. a. to enrich with a portion
Encroach, èn-kròt'ah'. v. n. to make invasive upon the right of another ; to advance by stealth.	Endowment, èn-dou'mènt. s. wealth bestowed ; a sufficient portion for perpetual maintenance ; gift of nature [cellencies]
Encroachment, èn-kròtsh'mènt. s. an unlawful gathering in upon another man ; advance into the territories or rights of another.	Endue, èn-dû' v. a. to supply with mental
Encumber, èn-kûm'bûr. v. a. to clog, to load	Endurance, èn-dû'rân. s. continuance
Encumbrance, èn-kûm'brânse. s. clog, load ; burden upon an estate [of sciences]	Endure, èn-dûrè'. v. a. to bear, to undergo
Encyclopedia, èn-si-klò-pé'dé-â. s. the circle	Endure, èn-dûrè'. v. n. to last, to continue ; to brook
End, ènd. s. the extremity of any thing ; conclusion ; ultimate state ; death ; abolition ; intention ; final design [destroy]	Endwise, ènd'wize. ad. erectly, on end
End, ènd. v. a. to terminate, to finish ; to	Enemy, èn'é-mè. s. a public foe ; a private opponent, an antagonist [vigorous]
End, ènd. v. n. to come to an end ; to conclude, to cease [harm]	Energetick, èn-èr-jè'tik. a. forcible, active,
Endamage, èn-dám'idje. v. a. to prejudice, to	Energize, èn-èr-ilze. v. n. to act with energy
Endanger, èn-dân'jûr. v. a. to put into hazard, to bring into peril [beloved]	Energy, èn'èr-je. s. power, force
Endear, èn-déér'. v. a. to make dear, to make	Enervate, è-nèr'vâte. v. a. to weaken, to deprive of force
Endearment, èn-déér'mènt. s. the cause of love ; state of being endeared	Enervation, èn-èr-vâshûn. s. the act of weakening ; the state of being weakened
Endeavour, èn-dèv'ûr. s. labour directed to some certain end [certain purpose]	Nerve, è-nèrv'. v. a. to weaken, to break the force of
Endeavour, èn-dèv'ûr. v. n. to labour to a	Enfeeble, èn-fé'bl. v. a. to weaken
Endeavour, èn-dèv'ûr. v. a. to attempt, to try	Enfeoff, èn-fé'f'. v. a. to invest with any dignities or possessions [to enchain]
Endemial, èn-dém'é-kál. } a. peculiar to a	Enfetter, èn-fè'tûr. v. a. to bind in fetters,
Endemical, èn-dém'é-kál. } a. peculiar to a	Enfilade, èn-fè-lâde'. s. a strait passage
Endemick, èn-dém'ik. } a. peculiar to a	Enforce, èn-fôrse'. v. a. to strengthen ; to compel
country ; used of any disease that affects several people together in the same country	Enforcement, èn-fôrse'mènt. s. compulsion
Edict, } èn-ditè'. v. a. to charge any man	Enfranchise, èn-frân'tshlz. v. a. to make free : to denizen
Edite, } by a written accusation before a court of justice ; to draw up, to compose	Enfranchisement, èn-frân'tshlz-mènt. s. investiture of the privileges of a denizen ; release from prison, or from slavery
Edictment, } èn-ditè'mènt. s. a bill or declaration made in form of law, for the benefit of the commonwealth	Engage, èn-gâje. v. a. to enlist, to bring into a party ; to embark in an affair ; to attack ; to win by pleasing means, to gain ; to employ ; to fight
Editive, } èn-ditè'mènt. s. a bill or declaration made in form of law, for the benefit of the commonwealth	Engage, èn-gâje'. v. n. to conflict, to fight ; to embark in any business, to enlist in any party
Edive, èn'div. s. an herb, succory	Engagement, èn-gâje'mènt. s. the act of engaging ; obligation by contract ; employment of the attention ; fight, battle
Endless, ènd'lès. a. without end ; perpetual	Engarrison, èn-gâr'rè-sn. v. a. to protect by a garrison [duce, to form ; to excite]
Endlessly, ènd'lès-lè. ad. incessantly, perpetually	Engender, èn-jèn'dûr. v. a. to beget ; to produce
Endlessness, ènd'lès-nès. s. perpetuity, endless duration	Engage, èn-jîn. s. any & mechanical complice
Endorse, èn-dôrse'. v. a. to register on the back of a writing, to superscribe	

nôr, nô-tâbe, tâb, bâll—ôll—p'tând—lhm, r, v.

- tion, in which various movements and parts concur to one effect; an instrument to throw water upon burning houses; an agent for another
- Engineer**, ên-jê-nêêr'. *s.* one who manages engines, or directs the artillery of an army [round]
- Encircle**, ên-gîrd'. *v. a. t.* encircle, to surround
- English**, îng'glish. *a.* belonging to England
- Englut**, ên-glût'. *v. a.* to swallow up [vour]
- Engorge**, ên-gôrjé'. *v. a.* to swallow, to devour
- Engrain**, ên-grâne'. *v. a.* to die deep, to die in grain [hold on each other]
- Engrapple**, ên-grâppl'. *v. n.* to close with, to grasp
- Engrave**, ên-grâvé'. *v. a. pret.* engraved: *part pass.* engraved or engraven. to picture by incisions in any matter; to impress deeply [other matter]
- Engraver**, ên-grâvâr'. *s.* a cutter in stone or metal
- Engross**, ên-grôse'. *v. a.* to purchase the whole of any commodity for the sake of selling at a high price; to copy a large hand
- Engrossment**, ên-grôsmênt. *s.* appropriation of things in the gross, exorbitant acquisition
- Enhance**, ên-hânse'. *v. a.* to advance in price
- Enigma**, ê-nîg'mâ. *s.* a riddle, an obscure question [biguously expressed]
- Enigmatical**, ên-îg-mâ't'ê-kâl. *a.* obscure, ambiguous
- Enigmatist**, ê-nîg-mâ'tist. *s.* one who deals in obscure matters
- Enjoin**, ên-jôln'. *v. a.* to order, to prescribe
- Enjoy**, ên-jôé'. *v. a.* to feel with pleasure; to obtain possession of; to please
- Enjoy**, ên-jôé'. *v. n.* to live in happiness
- Enjoyment**, ên-jôémênt. *s.* happiness, fruition [flame]
- Enkindle**, ên-kîndl'. *v. a.* to set on fire, to inflame
- Enlarge**, ên-lârjé'. *v. a.* to make greater; to dilate; to amplify, to release from confinement [in many words]
- Enlarge**, ên-lârjé'. *v. n.* to expatiate, to speak at length
- Enlargement**, ên-lârjémênt. *s.* increase, augmentation, farther extension; release from confinement
- Enlight**, ên-llê't'. *v. a.* to illuminate [struct]
- Enlighten**, ên-ll'ên'. *v. a.* to illuminate, to enlighten
- Enlink**, ên-lînk'. *v. a.* to chain to, to bind
- Enlist**, ên-lîst'. *v. a.* to enter into military service
- Enven**, ên-ll'vên'. *v. a.* to make quick, to make alive, to animate [realize]
- Enmity**, ên'mê-tê. *s.* malevolence, aversion
- Enmesh**, ên-mêsh'. *v. a.* to net, to entangle
- Ennoble**, ên-nô'bl'. *v. a.* to dignify, to ennoble
- Enodize**, ên-ô-dâ'zîz'. *v. a.* to solve, to solve a difficulty [ing a knot; solution of a difficulty]
- Enodation**, ên-ô-dâ'shûn. *s.* the act of uniting
- Enormity**, ê-nôr'mê-tê. *s.* deviation from rule; atrocious crime
- Enormous**, ê-nôr'mûs. *a.* irregular, out of rule; large or wicked beyond the common measure [sure]
- Enormously**, ê-nôr'mûs'lê. *ad.* beyond measure
- Enormousness**, ê-nôr'mûs-nês. *s.* immeasurable wickedness [sure]
- Enough**, ê-nûf'. *a.* being in a sufficient measure
- Enough**, ê-nûf'. *s.* something sufficient in greatness or excellence
- Enough**, ê-nûf'. *ad.* in a sufficient degree
- Enow**, ê-nôû'. *s.* the plural of Enough. a sufficient number
- Enrage**, ên-râjé'. *v. a.* to irritate, to provoke
- Enrange**, ên-rânjé'. *v. a.* to place regularly
- Enrapture**, ên-râp'tshûre. *v. a.* to transport with pleasure [stony]
- Enravis**, ên-râv'îsh. *v. a.* to throw into ecstasy
- Enravisment**, ên-râv'îsh-mênt. *s.* ecstasy of delight [fertilize]
- Enrich**, ên-rîtsh'. *v. a.* to make wealthy; to enrich
- Enrichment**, ên-rîtsh'mênt. *s.* augmentation of wealth; improvement by addition
- Enridge**, ên-rîdjé'. *v. a.* to form with ridges
- Enripen**, ên-rî'pî. *v. a.* to ripen, to mature
- Enrobe**, ên-rôbé'. *v. a.* to dress
- Enrol**, ên-rol'. *v. a.* to insert in a roll or register [in which any thing is recorded]
- Enrolment**, ên-rôl'mênt. *s.* register; writing
- Ens**, ênz. *s.* any being or existence
- Ensanguine**, ên-sâng'gwîn. *v. a.* to smear with gore [schedule or writing]
- Enschedule**, ên-sêd'ûle. *v. a.* to insert in a schedule
- Ensconce**, ên-skônse'. *v. a.* to cover as with a shield
- Enshield**, ên-shêld'. *v. a.* to cover [a fort]
- Enshrine**, ên-shrîné'. *v. a.* to preserve as a thing sacred
- Ensign**, ên'sîne. *s.* the flag or standard of a regiment; mark of distinction, the officer who carries the flag
- Ensigny**, ên'sîn-sô. *s.* the office of an ensign
- Enslave**, ên-slâvé'. *v. a.* to deprive of liberty

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mê—pine, plu—nô, nôve,

Enslavement, ên-slâv'ment. <i>s.</i> the state of	Entirely, ên-tre'lé. <i>ad.</i> without division,
Ensnare.—See Insnare [serv'ude, slavery]	completely [ness]
Ensue, ên-sû'. <i>v. a.</i> to follow, to pursue	Entireness, ên-tre'nês. <i>s.</i> completeness, ful
Exemption, ên-shû'rânse. <i>s.</i> exemption from	Entirety, ên-tre'tê. <i>s.</i> completeness
hazard; the sum paid for security [nify]	Entitle, ên-tî'tl. <i>v. a.</i> to grace or dignify with
Enquire, ên-shû're'. <i>v. a.</i> to ascertain, to indem-	a title; to give a claim to any thing; to
Entablature, ên-tâb'lâ-tshûre. } <i>s.</i> the archi-	grant any thing as claimed by a title
Entablement, ên-tâ-bl-mênt. } <i>s.</i> the archi-	Entity, ên-tê-tê. <i>s.</i> a real being
trave, frize, and cornice of a pillar	Entoil, ên-tôll'. <i>v. a.</i> to insnare, to entangle
Entail, ên-tâle'. <i>s.</i> the estate entailed, or set-	Entomb, ên-tôôm'. <i>v. a.</i> to put into a tomb
tled with regard to the rule of its descent	Entrails, ên'trîlls. <i>s.</i> the intestines, the bowels
Entail, ên-tâle'. <i>v. a.</i> to settle the descent of	Entrance, ên'trânse. <i>s.</i> power of entering
any estate so that it cannot be, by any	into a place; act of entering; passing; in-
subsequent possessor, bequeathed at pleas-	itation, commencement
ure	Entrance, ên-trânse'. <i>v. a.</i> to put into a trance
Entame, ên-tâme'. <i>v. a.</i> to tame [to perplex]	Entrap, ên-trâp'. <i>v. a.</i> to insnare; to take ad-
Entangle, ên-tâng'gl. <i>v. a.</i> to twist or confuse;	vantage of [to importune]
Entanglement, ên-tâng'gl-mênt. <i>s.</i> intricacy,	Entreat, ên-trê'tê'. <i>v. a.</i> to petition, to solicit
perplexity	Entreaty, ên-trê'té. <i>s.</i> petition, prayer, solici-
Enter, ên-têr'. <i>v. a.</i> to go or come into any	tation
place, to initiate a business; to set down	Entry, ên'trê. <i>s.</i> the passage by which any
in a writing	one enters; ingress; act of entering into
Enter, ên-têr'. <i>v. n.</i> to come or go in; to pen-	any city [clear]
etrate mentally, to make intellectual en-	Enucleate, ê-nû'klê-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to solve, to
trance; to be initiated in [a place]	Envelop, ên-vêl'ûp. <i>v. a.</i> to inwrap, to cover;
Entering, ên-têr-ing. <i>s.</i> entrance, passage into	to hide [ward case]
Enterlace, ên-têr-lâse'. <i>v. a.</i> to intermix	Envelope, ên-vê-lôpê'. <i>s.</i> a wrapper, an en-
Enterprise, ên-têr-prîze. <i>s.</i> an undertaking of	venom, ên-vên'ûm. <i>v. a.</i> to poison; to make
hazard [to attempt]	odious
Enterprise, ên-têr-prîze. <i>v. a.</i> to undertake	Envious, ên-vê-â-bl. <i>a.</i> deserving envy
Entertain, ên-têr-tâne'. <i>v. a.</i> to converse with;	Envier, ên-vê-âr. <i>s.</i> one that envies another
to treat; to receive hospitably; to divert	Envious, ên-vê-ûs. <i>a.</i> infected with envy
Entertainment, ên-têr-tâné'mênt. <i>s.</i> treatment	Enviously, ên-vê-ûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> with envy [velop]
at table; hospitable reception; amuse-	Environ, ên-vî'rûn. <i>v. a.</i> to surround; to en-
ments; dramatick performance, the lower	Environ, ên-vî'rûns. <i>s.</i> the places round a-
comedy	bout the country [distinctly]
Enthroned, ên-thrônê'. <i>v. a.</i> to place on a re-	Enumerate, ê-nû'mê-râte. <i>v. a.</i> to count over
gal seat; to invest with sovereign authori-	Enumeration, ê-nû-mê-râ-shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of
ty [gination; exaltation of ideas]	counting [proclaim]
Enthusiasm, ên-thû-zhê-âzm. <i>s.</i> heat of ima-	Enunciate, ê-nûn'shê-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to declare, to
Enthusiast, ên-thû-zhê-âst. <i>s.</i> one of a hot im-	Enunciation, ê-nûn'shê-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> declaration,
agination; one of elevated fancy, or exal-	publick attestation [expressive]
ted ideas	Enunciative, ê-nûn'shê-â-tîv. <i>a.</i> declarative,
Enthusiastical, ên-thû-zhê-âs'tê-kâl. } <i>a. ve-</i>	Envy, ên'vôê. <i>s.</i> a publick minister sent from
Enthusiastick, ên-thû-zhê-âs'tîk. } <i>a. ve-</i>	one power to another, in dignity beçw an
hemently hot in any cause; elevated in fan-	ambassador
Entice, ên-tîse. <i>v. a.</i> to allure, to attract [cy]	Envy, ên'vê. <i>v. a.</i> to hate another for excel-
Enticement, ên-tîsê'mênt. <i>s.</i> allurements [par-	lence or success; to grieve at any qualifi-
Enticingly, ên-tî'sîng lê. <i>ad.</i> in a winning man-	ence of excellence in another; to grudge
Entire, ên-tre'. <i>a.</i> whole, undivided	Envy, ên'vê. <i>v. n.</i> to feel envy

nôr, nô-t—tâbe, tâb, bûll—ôll—pôûd—thin, THIS.

- Envy**, ên'vê. *s.* pain felt and malignity conceived at the sight of excellence or happiness
- Exact**, ê'pâkt. *s.* a number whereby we note the excess of the common solar year above the lunar [name]
- Epaulet**, êp'âw-lêt. *s.* a military shoulder-or-
- Ephemera**, ê-fêm'ê-râ. *s.* a fever that terminates in one day; an insect that lives only one day
- Ephemeral**, ê-fêm'ê-râl. } *a.* diurnal, beginning and ending in a day
- Ephemeric**, ê-fêm'ê-rîk. }
- Ephemeris**, ê-fêm'ê-rîs. *s.* an account of the daily motions of the planets
- Ephemerist**, ê-fêm'ê-rîst. *s.* one who consults the planets [Hebrew priests]
- Ephod**, êf'ôd. *s.* an ornament worn by the
- Epick**, êp'îk. *a.* comprising narrations. It is usually supposed to be heroic
- Epicidium**, êp-ê-sé-dé-ûm. *s.* an elegy, a poem upon a funeral [luxury]
- Epicure**, êp'ê-kûre. *s.* a man given wholly to
- Epicurean**, êp-ê-kû-ré-ân. *s.* one who holds the principles of Epicurus
- Epicurean**, êp-ê-kû-ré-ân. *a.* luxurious, contributing to luxury [enjoyment]
- Epicurism**, êp'ê-kû-rîzm. *s.* luxury, sensual
- Epidemical**, êp-ê-dém'ê-kâl. } *a.* that which falls at once upon great numbers of people; generally prevailing; universal
- Epidemick**, êp-ê-dém'îk. }
- Epidermis**, êp-ê-dêr'mîs. *s.* the scarf-skin of a man's body [ating in a point]
- Epigram**, êp'ê-grâm. *s.* a short poem terminating
- Epigrammatical**, êp-ê-grâm-mât'ê-kâl. } *a.*
- Epigrammatick**, êp-ê-grâm-mât'îk. }
- dealing in or relating to epigrams
- Epigrammatist**, êp-ê-grâm-mât'îst. *s.* a writer of epigrams
- Epilepsy**, êp'ê-lêp-sé. *s.* a convulsive motion of the body, with a loss of sense
- Epileptick**, êp-ê-lêp'îk. *a.* convulsed
- Epilogue**, êp'ê-lôg. *s.* the poem or speech at the end of a play
- Epiphany**, ê-plîf'âné. *s.* a church festival, celebrated on the twelfth day after Christmas
- Episcopacy**, ê-plîsk'ô-pâ-sé. *s.* the government of bishops [bishop]
- Episcopal**, ê-plîsk'ô-pâl. *a.* belonging to a
- Episode**, êp'ê-sôde. *s.* an incidental narrative, or digression in a poem
- Episodical**, êp-ê-sôd'ê-kal. *a.* contained in an
- Epistle**, ê-plî'sl. *s.* a letter [episode]
- Epistolary**, ê-plî'stô-lâr-ê. *a.* relating to letters; transacted by letters [stone]
- Epitaph**, êp'ê-tâf. *s.* an inscription upon a
- Epithalamium**, êp-ê-thâ-lâm-ê-ûm. *s.* a nuptial song [quality]
- Epithet**, êp'ê-thêt. *s.* an adjective denoting
- Epitome**, ê-plî'ô-mé. *s.* abridgement, abbreviation [curtail]
- Epitomise**, ê-plî'ô-mîze. *v. a.* to abstract, to
- Epoch**, êp'ôk. } *s.* the time at which a new computation is begun, from which dates are numbered [and antistrophe]
- Epocha**, êp-ô-kâ. }
- Epod**, êp'ôde. *s.* the stanza after the strophe
- Epopee**, êp-ô-pé'. *s.* an epick or heroic poem
- Eputation**, êp-ô-lâ'shûn. *s.* a feast
- Epulotick**, êp-ô-lôt'îk. *s.* a cicatrizing medicine. [evenness, uniformity]
- Equability**, ê-kwâ-blî'ê-té. *s.* equality to itself,
- Equable**, ê'kwâ-bl. *a.* equal to itself, uniform
- Equably**, ê'kwâ-blé. *ad.* uniformly, evenly
- Equal**, ê'kwâl. *a.* like another; in just proportion, equitable; upon the same terms
- Equal**, ê'kwâl. *s.* one of the same age or rank
- Equal**, ê'kwâl. *v. a.* to make equal; to recompense fully [be equal to]
- Equalise**, ê'kwâl-ize. *v. a.* to make even; to
- Equality**, ê-kwôl'ê-té. *s.* the same degree of dignity; uniformity [evenly]
- Equally**, ê'kwâl-lé. *ad.* in the same degree,
- Equanimity**, ê-kwâ-nîm'ê-té. *s.* evenness of mind [to an equality]
- Equation**, ê-kwâ'shûn. *s.* a bringing of things
- Equator**, ê-kwâ'târ. *s.* a great circle, which divides the globe into two equal parts, or hemispheres [the equator]
- Equatorial**, ê-kwâ-tô'rê-âl. *a.* pertaining to
- Equerry**, ê-kwêr'ê. *s.* master of the horse
- Equestrian**, ê-kwê'strê-ân. *a.* appearing on horseback; skilled in horsemanship
- Equidistant**, ê-kwê-dî'stânt. *a.* at the same distance [equality]
- Equiporment**, ê-kwê-lôr'mé-té. *s.* a uniform
- Equilateral**, ê-kwê-lât'êr-âl. *a.* having all sides equal [equally]
- Equilibrate**, ê-kwê-lî'brâte. *v. a.* to balance

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mè, mèt—pline, pln—nò, mòve,

Equilibrium, è-kwè-lîb'rè-âm. s. equipoise, equality of weight	Erase, è-râse'. v. a. to destroy
Equinoctial, è-kwè-nòk'shâl. s. the line that answers to the equator [the equinox]	Erasure, è-râse'mènt. s. destruction; er-punction
Equinoctial, è-kwè-nòk'shâl. a. pertaining to	Ere, âre. ad. before, sooner than [elapsed]
Equinox, è'kwè-nòks. s. the time when the day and night are equal [same number]	Erelong, âre-lông'. ad. before a long time had
Equinumerant, è-kwè-nù'nè-rânt. a. having the	Erenow, âre-nòù'. ad. before this time
Equip, è-kwîp'. v. a. to furnish, to accoutre, to fit out [vehicle; attendance, retinue]	Erewhile, âre-whîle'. } ad. some time ago
Equipage, èk'kwè-pâje. s. carriage of state,	Erewhiles, âre-whîllz'. }
Equipment, è-kwîp'mènt. s. the act of equip-ping or accoutring [equilibration]	Erect, è-rèkt'. v. a. to place perpendicularly to the horizon; to raise, to build
Equipoise, è'kwè-pôize. s. equality of weight,	Erect, è-rèkt'. v. n. to rise upright
Equipollence, è-kwè-pôl'lènce. s. equality of force or power [power or force]	Erect, è-rèkt'. a. upright: bold
Equipollent, è-kwè-pôl'lènt. a. having equal	Erection, è-rèk'shûn. s. the act of raising, or state of being raised upward; the act of building edifices
Equiponderance, è-kwè-pôn'dèr-ânse. } s.	Erectness, è-rèkt'nès. s. uprightness of posture
Equiponderancy, è-kwè-pôn'dèr-ân-sè. } s.	Eremit, èr'è-nîte. s. a hermit
Equality of weight [the same weight]	Eremitical, èr-è-nît'è-kâl. a. religiously soli-tary [ing away by force]
Equiponderant, è-kwè-pôn'dèr-ânt. a. being of	Ereption, è-rèp'shûn. s. a snatching or tak-
Equiponderate, è-kwè-pôn'dèr-âte. v. n. to weigh equal to any thing [partial]	Eringo, è-rîng'gò. s. sea-holly
Equitable, èk'kwè-tâ-bl. a. just, candid, im-	Ermine, èr'mîn. s. an animal or its fur
Equitably, èk'kwè-tâ-blè. ad. justly, impar-tially [tiality]	Ermined, èr'mînd. a. clothed with ermine
Equity, èk'kwè-tè. s. justice, right; impar-	Erode, è-ròde'. v. a. to canker, or eat away
Equivalence, è-kwîv'vâ-lènce. } s. equality of	Erogation, èr-rò-gâ'shûn. s. the act of giving or bestowing
Equivalency, è-kwîv'vâ-lèn-sè. } s. equality of power or worth [or excellence]	Erosion, è-rò'zhûn. s. the act of eating away the state of being eaten away
Equivalent, è-kwîv'vâ-lènt. a. equal in value	Err, èr. v. n. to wander; to miss the right way; to commit errors, to mistake
Equivalent, è-kwîv'vâ-lènt. s. a thing of the same weight or value [ful]	Errand, âr'rând. s. a message
Equivocal, è-kwîv'vò-kâl. a. uncertain, doubt-	Errable, èr'râ-bl. a. liable to err
Equivocally, è-kwîv'vò-kâl-è. ad. ambiguous-ly, in a doubtful sense	Errableness, èr'râ-bl-nès. s. liability to err
Equivocalness, è-kwîv'vò-kâl-nès. s. ambigu-ity, double meaning [biguous expressions]	Errant, èr'rânt. a. wandering, roving; vile, abandoned
Equivocate, è-kwîv'vò-kâte. v. n. to use am-	Errantry, èr'rânt-rè. s. an errant state
Equivocation, è-kwîv'vò-kâ'shûn. s. ambigu-ity of speech, double meaning	Errata, èr-râ'tâ. s. the faults of the printer or author inserted in the beginning or end of the book
Equivocator, è-kwîv'vò-kâ-târ. s. one who uses ambiguous language	Erratick, èr-rât'îk. a. wandering; irregular
Era, èrâ. s. the account of time from any particular date or epoch [radiance]	Erroneous, èr-rò'nè-ûs. a. mistaking, misled by error [not rightly]
Era liation, è-râ-dè-â'shûn. s. emission of	Erroneously, èr-rò'nè-ûs-lè. ad. by mistake,
Eradicate, è-râd'è-kâte. v. a. to pull up by the root; to destroy	Erroneousness, èr-rò'nè-ûs-nès. s. physical falsehood, inconformity to truth
Eradication, è-râd-è-kâ'shûn. s. the act of tearing up by the root, destruction	Error, èr'rûr. s. mistake, a blunder
	Erst, èrst. ad. first; in the beginning; once, when time was
	Erupt, è-rûkt'. v. a. to break wind from the stomach

Eructation, è-rûk-tâ-shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of belch-	performance, an irregular or digested
Erudite, èr-û-dî-té'. <i>a.</i> learned [ing; beich]	piece; an easy, free kind of composition
Erudition, èr-û-dî-shûn. <i>s.</i> learning	Essays, ès-sâ'st. <i>s.</i> one who makes essays
Eruginous, è-rûjè-nûs. <i>a.</i> partaking of the nature of copper	Essence, ès'sênse. <i>s.</i> existence, the quantity of being; constituent substance; the cause of existence; perfume
Eruption, è-rûp-shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of breaking or bursting forth; emission; efflorescence	Essence, ès'sênse. <i>v. a.</i> to perfume, to scent
Eruptive, è-rûp-tîv'. <i>a.</i> bursting forth	Essential, ès-sên'shâl. <i>a.</i> necessary; impor- tant in the highest degree, principal; high- ly rectified [part
Erysipelas, èr-è-sîp'é-lâs. <i>s.</i> an eruption of a hot acrid humour [walls	Essential, ès-sên'shâl. <i>s.</i> existence; the chief
Escalade, ès-kâ-lâde'. <i>s.</i> the act of scaling the	Essentially, ès-sên'shâl-lè. <i>ad.</i> by the consti- tution of nature
Escalop, skôl lûp. <i>s.</i> a shell-fish	Essoine, ès-sôln'. <i>s.</i> an excuse for him that is sommoned, or sought for, to appear
Escape, è-skâpe'. <i>v. a.</i> to fly, to avoid	Establish, è-stâb'llsh, <i>v. a.</i> to settle firmly, to fix unalterably [fixed state; income
Escape, è-skâpe'. <i>v. n.</i> to get out of danger	Establishment, ès-stâb'llsh-mènt. <i>s.</i> settlement,
Escape, è-skâpé'. <i>s.</i> flight, the act of getting out of danger; oversight	Estate, è-stâte'. <i>s.</i> condition of life; fortune
Eschalot, shâl-lôt'. <i>s.</i> a plant	Esteem, è-stèém'. <i>v. a.</i> to set a value; to prize; to hold in opinion [regard
Escheat, ès-tshète'. <i>s.</i> any thing that falls to a lord within his manor by forfeiture, or the death of his tenant dying without heir gene- ral or especial	Esteem, è-stèém'. <i>s.</i> high value, reverential
Escheat, ès-tshète'. <i>v. n.</i> to fall to the lord of the manor by forfeiture	Estimable, ès'tè-mâ-bl. <i>a.</i> worthy of esteem
Eschew, ès-tshôô'. <i>v. a.</i> to fly, to avoid, to shun	Estimate, ès'tè-mâte. <i>v. a.</i> to rate, to adjust the value of; to calculate
Escort, ès-kôrt. <i>s.</i> convoy, a guard	Estimate, ès'tè-mâte. <i>s.</i> computation, calcula- tion; value; regard
Escort, ès-kôrt'. <i>v. a.</i> to convoy, to guard from place to place	Estimation, ès-tè-mâ-shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of adjust- ing proportioned value; calculation; opin- ion; esteem, regard
Escritoir, ès-krû-tôré'. <i>s.</i> a box with all the implements necessary for writing	Estimator, ès'tè-mâ-tûr. <i>s.</i> a setter of rates
Esculent, ès'kû-lènt. <i>a.</i> good for food, eatable	Estival, ès'tè-vâl. <i>a.</i> pertaining to the summer
Esculent, ès'kû-lènt. <i>s.</i> something fit for food	Estrange, è-strânjé'. <i>v. a.</i> to withdraw: to alienate [distance
Escutcheon, ès-kûtsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> the shield of the family, the picture of the ensigns armorial [so as to join	Estrangement, è-strânjè'mènt. <i>s.</i> alienation,
Espalier, ès-pâl'yêr. <i>s.</i> trees planted and cut	Estuary, ès'tshû-â-ré. <i>s.</i> an arm of the sea
Especial, è-spèsh'âl. <i>a.</i> principal, chief	Estuate, ès'tshû-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to swell and fall re- ciprocally
Especially, è-spèsh'âl-lè. <i>ad.</i> principally,	Esurine, èzh'û-rûne. <i>a.</i> corroding, eating
Espial, è-spî'âl. <i>s.</i> a spy, a scout [chiefly	Etc. èt-sèt'é-râ. &c. a contraction of the Latin words <i>Et cætera</i> , which signifies, and so of the rest
Espousal, è-spôû'zâl. <i>a.</i> used in the act of es- pousing or betrothing	Etch, ètsh. <i>v. a.</i> a method used in making prints, by drawing with a proper needle upon a copper-plate [pen-plate
Espousals, è-spôû'zâls. <i>s.</i> the act of contract- ing or affiancing a man and woman to each other	Etching, ètsh'îng. <i>s.</i> an impression of a cop- per-plate
Esponse, è-spôûze'. <i>v. a.</i> to contract or be- troth to another	Eternal, è-tèr'nâl. <i>a.</i> without beginning or end
Espy, è-spl'. <i>v. a.</i> to see a thing at a distance	Eternal, è-tèr'nâl. <i>s.</i> one of the appellations of the Godhead
Esquire, è-skwîr'. <i>s.</i> a title of dignity, next in degree below a knight	Eternalize, è-tèr'nâl-îze. <i>v. a.</i> to make et
Essay, ès-sâ'. <i>v. a.</i> to attempt, to try	
Essay, ès-sâ'. <i>s.</i> attempt, endeavour; a loose	

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât--mê, mêt--pine, pln--nò, mòve,

Eternally, ê-têr'nâl-lê. <i>ad.</i> without beginning or end [ginning or end	Evangelism, ê-vân'jêl-lîz-izn <i>s.</i> the promulgation of the blessed gospel
Eternity, ê-ter-ne-ê. <i>s.</i> duration without beginning	Evangelist, ê-vân'jê-lîst. <i>s.</i> a writer of the history of our Lord Jesus [the gospel
Eternize, ê-têr'nîze. <i>v. a.</i> to make endless; to immortalize	Evangelize, ê-vân'jê-lîze. <i>v. a.</i> to instruct in the gospel
Ether, êth'êr. <i>s.</i> an element more fine and subtle than air; the matter of the highest regions above; a chymical preparation [only	Evapid, ê-vân'îd. <i>a.</i> faint, weak
Ethereal, ê-thê'rê-âl. <i>a.</i> formed of ether, heavenly	Evaporable, ê-vâp'ò-râ-bl. <i>a.</i> easily dissipated in fumes or vapours
Etica, ê-tî'k-â. <i>s.</i> moral treating on morality [or morality	Evaporate, ê-vâp'ò-râ-te. <i>v. n.</i> to fly away in fumes or vapours
Ethick, êth'îk. <i>a.</i> moral, delivering precepts	Evaporate, ê-vân'ò-râ-te. <i>v. a.</i> to drive away in fumes; to let out in excretion or salivâ
Ethicks, êth'îks. <i>s.</i> a system of morality	Evaporation, ê-vâp'ò-râ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of flying away in fumes and vapours
Ethnick, êth'înk. <i>a.</i> heathen, pagan	Evasion, ê-vâ'zhûn. <i>s.</i> excuse, subterfuge, artifice [sive; sophistical
Ethnicks, êth'înks. <i>s.</i> heathens	Evasive, ê-vâ'sîv. <i>a.</i> practising evasion, eluding
Etiquette, êt-ê-kê't. <i>s.</i> the polite form or manner of doing any thing; the ceremonial of good manners [instruments	Eve, êve. } <i>s.</i> the close of the day; the vigil or fast to be observed
Etui, êt-wé'. <i>s.</i> a case for tweezers and other instruments	Even, ê'vn. <i>a.</i> level; uniform, smooth
Etymological, êt-ê-mò-lôdjé'ê-kâl. <i>a.</i> relating to etymology [es out the original of words	Even, ê'vn. <i>v. a.</i> to make even; to make level
Etymologist, êt-ê-môl'ò-jîst. <i>s.</i> one who searches out the original of words	Even, ê'vn. <i>ad.</i> a word of strong assertion, verily; supposing that; notwithstanding
Etymology, êt-ê-môl'ò-jé. <i>s.</i> the descent or derivation of words	Evenhanded, ê'vn-hân'dêd. <i>a.</i> impartial, equitable
Eucharist, yû-kâ-rîst. <i>s.</i> the act of giving thanks; the sacrament of the Lord's supper	Evening, ê'vn-îng. <i>s.</i> the close of the day
Eucharistical, yû-kâ-rîst-ê-kâl. <i>a.</i> relating to the sacrament of the Lord's supper	Evenly, ê'vn-lê. <i>ad.</i> equally; smoothly; impartially
Eulogium, yû-lôjé-ûm. } <i>s.</i> praise, encomium	Evenness, ê'vn-nês. <i>s.</i> uniformity, regularity; equality of surface; freedom from perturbation
Eulogy, yû-lô-jé. }	Eventide, ê'vn-tîde. <i>s.</i> the time of evening
Eunuch, yû-nûk. <i>s.</i> one that is castrated	Event, ê-vênt'. <i>s.</i> any thing that happens; the consequence of an action
Euphony, yû-fô-nê. <i>s.</i> an agreeable sound	Eventual, ê-vênt'fûl. <i>a.</i> full of incidents
Euroclydon, yû-rôk'ê-dôn. <i>s.</i> a tempestuous N. E. wind [rope	Eventilate, ê-vênt'ê-lâte. <i>v. a.</i> to winnow, to sift out; to examine
European, yû-rò-pé-ân. <i>a.</i> belonging to Europe	Eventual, ê-vên'tshû-âl. <i>a.</i> consequential
Eurus, yû-rûs. <i>s.</i> the east wind	Eventually, ê-vên'tshû-âl-lê. <i>ad.</i> in the event, in the last result
Euthanasia, yû-ihân'â-sê. <i>s.</i> an easy death	Ever, êv'ûr. <i>ad.</i> at any time; for ever
Evacuate, ê-vâkâte. <i>v. a.</i> to empty out, to throw out [to quit	Evergreen, êv'ûr-grêen. <i>s.</i> a plant that retains its verdure through all the seasons
Evacuate, ê-vâk'û-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to make empty; the practice of emptying	Everlasting, êv'ûr-lâs'tîng. <i>a.</i> enduring without end, perpetual
Evacuation, ê-vâk'û-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> discharge; the practice of emptying	Everlasting, êv'ûr-lâs'tîng. <i>s.</i> eternity
Evade, ê-vâde'. <i>v. a.</i> to elude, to avoid	Everlastingly, êv'ûr-lâs'tîng-lê. <i>ad.</i> eternally, without end [perpetuity
Evade, ê-vâde'. <i>v. n.</i> to escape, to slip away	Everlastingness, êv'ûr-lâs'tîng-nês. <i>s.</i> eternity
Evagation, êv-â-gâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of wandering, deviation [perceptible	
Evanescence, êv-â-nês'sênt. <i>a.</i> vanishing, immaterial	
Evangelical, êv-ân-jêl'ê-kâl. <i>a.</i> agreeable to gospel	

nôr, nôl —tâbe, tâb, báll —díl —pôut d —thin, THIS.

Everliving, êv-âr-lîv-îng. <i>a.</i> living without end	Exact, êgz-âkt' <i>v. a.</i> to require authoritatively; to demand of right
Evermore, êv-âr-môre. <i>ad.</i> always, eternally	Exact, êgz-âkt' <i>v. n.</i> to practise extortion
Evert, ê-vêrt'. <i>v. a.</i> to destroy	Exaction, êgz-âk'shûn. <i>s.</i> extortion, unjust demand
Every, êv'âr-ê. <i>a.</i> each one of all	Exactly, êgz-âkt'lê. <i>ad.</i> accurately, nicely
Everyday, êv'âr-ê-dâ. <i>a.</i> usual, happening every day	Exactness, êgz-âkt'nês. <i>s.</i> accuracy, nicety
Evesdropper, êvz'drôp-pûr. <i>s.</i> a mean fellow that stalks about the house in the night	Exaggerate, êgz-âdjê-ê-râte. <i>v. a.</i> to heighten by representation
Evict, ê-vîkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to take away by a sentence of law	Exaggeration, êgz-âdjê-ê-râ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of heaping together; hyperbolic amplification [put in motion]
Evidence, êv'ê-dênsê. <i>s.</i> the state of being evident; testimony; witness [discovery of	Exagitate, êgz-âdjê-ê-tâte. <i>v. a.</i> to shake, to agitate
Evidence, êv'ê-cênsê. <i>v. a.</i> to prove, to make evident	Exagitation, êgz-âdjê-ê-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of shaking [vate; to extol]
Evident, êv'ê-dênt. <i>a.</i> plain, apparent	Exalt, êgz-âlt'. <i>v. a.</i> to raise on high; to elevate
Evidently, êv'ê-dênt-lê. <i>ad.</i> apparently	Exaltation, êgz-âlt-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of raising on high; elevation in power or dignity [sition]
Evil, êvl. <i>a.</i> wicked, corrupt; mischievous	Examen, êgz-â'mên. <i>s.</i> examination, disquisition
Evil, êvl. <i>s.</i> wickedness, mischief; corruption; calamity; a disease [injuriously]	Examine, êgz-âm'ê-nâte. <i>s.</i> the person examined
Evil, êvl. <i>ad.</i> not well in whatever respect;	Examination, êgz-âm-ê-nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of examining by questions, or experiment
Evilminded, ê-vl-mînd'êd. <i>a.</i> malicious, mischievous	Examine, êgz-âm'î. <i>v. a.</i> to try a person accused or suspected by interrogatories; to interrogate a witness; to search into, to scrutinize
Evilness, êvl-nês. <i>s.</i> contrariety to goodness	Examiner, êgz-âm'ê-nûr. <i>s.</i> one who interrogates a criminal on evidence; one who searches or tries any thing
Evilspeaking, ê-vl-spê'kîng. <i>s.</i> defamation, calumny	Example, êgz-âm'pl. <i>s.</i> copy or pattern, precedent [blood]
Evince, ê-vînsê'. <i>v. a.</i> to prove, to show	Exanguine, êk-sâng'gwê-ûs. <i>a.</i> having no blood
Invincible, ê-vînsê-bl. <i>a.</i> capable of proof, demonstrable	Exanimate, êgz-ân'ê-mâte. <i>a.</i> lifeless, dead spiritless [tion of life]
Viscerate, ê-vîs'sê-râte. <i>v. a.</i> to embowel	Exanimation, êgz-ân-ê-mâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> deprivation
Evitable, êv'ê-tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> avoidable	Exanimous, êgz-ân'ê-mûs. <i>a.</i> lifeless, dead
Evitate, êv'ê-tâte. <i>v. a.</i> to avoid, to shun	Exantlate, êgz-ânt'lâte. <i>v. a.</i> to draw out; to exhaust [drawing out]
Evitation, êv'ê-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of avoiding	Exantlation, êks-ânt-lâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of exhausting
Evocation, êv-ô-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of calling out [away]	Exasperate, êgz-âs'pêr-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to provoke, to enrage, to irritate
Evolution, êv-ô-lâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of flying	Exasperation, êgz-âs-pê-râ'shûn. <i>s.</i> aggravation, provocation, irritation
Evolve, ê-vôlv'. <i>v. a.</i> to unfold, to disentangle [itself]	Excandescence, êks-kân-dê's'sênsê. <i>s.</i> heat, the state of growing hot; anger
Evolve, ê-vôlv. <i>v. n.</i> to open itself, to disclose	Excantation, êks-kân-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> disenchantment by a counter charm [sent]
Evolution, êv-ô-lû'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of unfolding; the series of things unrolled or unfolded [vulging]	Excarnate, êks-kâr'nâte. <i>v. a.</i> to clear from
Evulgaration, êv-ûl-gâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of divulging	
Evulsion, ê-vûl'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of plucking out	
Ewe, yû. <i>s.</i> the she sheep	
Ewer, yû'ûr. <i>s.</i> a vessel in which water is brought for washing the hands	
Exacerbate, êgz-âv'â-bâte. <i>v. a.</i> to embitter, to exasperate [force or severity]	
Exacerbation, êgz-âs-êr-bâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> augmented	
Exacerbation, êgz-âs-sêr-vâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of heaping up [curate; strict]	
Exact, êgz-âkt' <i>v. n.</i> nice; methodical; ac-	

Fâc, fâr, fâl, fât—mê, mêt—plnc, plu—nô, môve,

Excavate, êks-kâ'vâte. *v. a.* to hollow, to cut into hollows

Excavation, êks-kâ-vâshûn. *s.* the act of cutting into hollows; the hollow formed

Exceed, êk'sééd. *v. a.* to go beyond; to excel, to surpass [beyond any limits

Exceed, êk-sééd'. *v. n.* to go too far; to go

Exceeding, êk-sééd'ng. *parl. a.* great in quantity, extent, or duration [degree

Exceedingly, êk-sééd'ng-lè. *ad.* to a great

Excel, êk-sêl'. *v. a.* to surpass [great degree

Excel, êk-sêl'. *v. n.* to have good qualities in a

Excellence, êk'sêl-lênse. } *s.* dignitv, high

Excellency, êk'sêl-lên-sê. } rank; a title of honour

Excellent, êk'sêl-lênt. *a.* of great virtue, or dignity [degree

Excellently, êk'sêl-lênt-lè. *ad.* well in a high

Except, êk-sêpt'. *v. a.* to leave out [jections

Except, êk-sêpt'. *v. n.* to object, to make ob-

Except, êk-sêpt'. *pr. sp.* exclusively of; unless

Excepting, êk-sêpt'ng. *prep.* without inclusion of, with exception of

Exception, êk-sêpt'shûn. *s.* thing excepted; objection; offence taken [objection

Exceptionable, êk-sêpt'shûn-â-bl. *a.* liable to

Exceptionous, êk-sêpt'shûs. *a.* peevish, toward

Exceptive, êk-sêpt'lv. *a.* including an exception [lecting all exceptions

Exceptless, êk-sêpt'lês. *a.* omitting or neg-

Exceptor, êk-sêpt'ûr. *s.* objector

Excern, êk-sêrn'. *v. a.* to strain out

Excerpion, êk-sêrp'shûn. *s.* the act of glean-

ing; the thing gleaned

Excess, êk-sês'. *s.* superfluity; intemperance

Excessive, êk-sês'slv. *a.* beyond the common proportion [eminently

Excessively, êk-sês'slv-lè. *ad.* exceedingly,

Exchange, êks-tshânje'. *v. a.* to give and take reciprocally

Exchange, êks-tshânje'. *s.* barter; the balance of the money of different nations; the place where merchants meet to negotiate their affairs

Exchequer, êks-tshêk'ûr. *s.* the court to which are brought all the revenues belonging to the crown [modities

Excise, êk-sizé'. *s.* a tax levied upon com-

Exciseman, êk-sizé'mân. *s.* an officer who ins-

pects commodities

Excision, êk-sizh'ûn. *s.* extirpation, destruc-

tion [ing or putting into motion

Excitation, êk-sê-tâ'shûn. *s.* the act of excit-

Excite, êk-sitè'. *v. a.* to rouse, to stir up

Excitement, êk-sitè'mênt. *s.* the motive by which one is stirred up.

Exclaim, êks-klâ'mè'. *v. n.* to cry out with vehemence, to make an outcry [mow

Exclamation, êks-klâ-mâ'shûn. *s.* outcry, cla-

Exclamatory, êks-klâ-mâ-tûr-ê. *a.* practising or containing exclamation

Exclude, êks-klûdè'. *v. a.* to shut out; to ex-

cept [out; exception

Exclusion, êks-klû-shûn. *s.* the act of shutting

Exclusive, êks-klû'slv. *a.* having the power of excluding, or denying admission; ex-

cepting

Exclusively, êks-klû'slv-lè. *ad.* without ad-

mission of another to participation; without comprehension in any account or number

Excogitate, êks-kôdje-ê-tâte. *v. a.* to invent, to strike out by thinking

Excommunicate, êks-kôm-mû'nê-kâte. *v. a.* to eject from the communion of the church by an ecclesiastical censure

Excommunication, êks-kôm-mû'nê-kâ'shûn. *s.* an ecclesiastical interdict, exclusion from the fellowship of the church

Excortiate, êks-kô-rê-âte. *v. a.* to flay, to strip off the skin [the act of flaying

Excortiation, êks-kô-rê-â'shûn. *s.* loss of skin,

Excortication, êks-kô-rê-té-kâ'shûn. *s.* pulling the bark off any thing

Excrement, êks'kré'mênt. *s.* that which is thrown out from the natural passages of the body [is voided as excrement

Excremental, êks-kré'mên'tâl. *a.* that which

Excrecence, êks-krês'sênse. } *s.* somewhat

Excrecency, êks-krês'sên-sê. } growing out of another without use, and contrary to the common order of production [mal substance

Excretion, êks-kré'shûn. *s.* separation of ani-

Excretive, êks'kré-tlv. *a.* having the power of ejecting excrements [torrent

Excruciable, êks-krôd'shê-â-bl. *a.* liable to

Excruciate, êks-krôd'shê-âte. *v. a.* to torture

Excubation, êks-kû-bâ'shûn. *s.* the act of watching all night

nôr, nôt—tâbe, tâb, bâll—ôll—pôund—thin, THIS.

Excipate , êks-kûl'wâte. <i>v. a.</i> to clear from the imputation of a fault	Exemption , êgz-êm'shôn. <i>s.</i> immunity, privilege
Excursion , êks-kûr'shôn. <i>s.</i> an expedition into some distant part; digression [ing]	Exenterate , êgz-ên'tér-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to embowel
Excursive , êks-kûr'siv. <i>a.</i> rambling, wandering	Exercise , êks-êr-size. <i>s.</i> labour of the body for health or amusement; practice; task; act of divine worship
Excusable , êks-kû'zâ-bl. <i>a.</i> pardonable	Exercise , êks-êr-size. <i>v. a.</i> to employ; to train by use; to task; to practise or use
Excusableness , êks-kû'zâ-bl-nês. <i>s.</i> pardonableness [cuse, apologetical]	Exert , êgz-êrt'. <i>v. a.</i> to use with an effort; to put forth, to perform [effort]
Excusatory , êks-kû'zâ-tûr-ê. <i>â.</i> pleading excuse	Exertion , êgz-êr'shôn. <i>s.</i> the act of exerting
Excuse , êks-kûze'. <i>v. a.</i> to extenuate by apology; to disengage from an obligation; to remit; to pardon [uation, apology]	Exesion , êgz-ê'zhôn. <i>s.</i> the act of eating through [of boiling]
Excuse , êks-kûze'. <i>s.</i> plea offered in extenuation	Exestuation , êgz-ês-tshû-â'shôn. <i>s.</i> the state of exfoliation
Excuseless , êks-kûse'lês. <i>a.</i> inexcusable [law]	Exfoliate , êks-î'fôl-âte. <i>v. n.</i> to shell off
Excuss , êks-kûs'. <i>v. a.</i> to seize and detain by force	Exhalable , êgz-hâ'lâ-bl. <i>a.</i> that which may be evaporated [es in vapours]
Excussion , êks-kûsh'ôn. <i>s.</i> seizure by law	Exhalation , êks-hâ-lâ'shôn. <i>s.</i> that which rises through [of boiling]
Execrable , êk'sé-krâ-bl. <i>a.</i> hateful, detestable	Exhale , êgz-hâle'. <i>v. a.</i> to send or draw out vapours or fumes [haled, vapour]
Execrably , êk'sé-krâ-bl-ê. <i>ad.</i> cursedly, abominably [precate ill upon]	Exhalement , êgz-hâle'ment. <i>s.</i> matter exhaled
Execrate , êk'sé-krâte. <i>v. a.</i> to curse, to imprecate	Exhaust , êgz-hâws't. <i>v. a.</i> to drain, to draw out till nothing is left [drawing]
Execution , êk-sé-krâ'shôn. <i>s.</i> a curse, imprecation of evil [to put to death]	Exhaustion , êgz-hâws'tshôn. <i>s.</i> the act of exhausting
Execute , êk'sé-kâte. <i>v. a.</i> to put into act; to perform	Exhaustless , êgz-hâws'tlês. <i>a.</i> inexhaustible
Execution , êk-sé-kû'shôn. <i>s.</i> performance; seizure; death inflicted by forms of law	Exhibit , êgz-hîb'it. <i>v. a.</i> to show, to display
Executioner , êk-sé-kû'shôn-âr. <i>s.</i> he that inflicts capital punishment	Exhibiter , êgz-hîb'it-âr. <i>s.</i> he that offers any thing
Executive , êgz-êk'û-tiv. <i>a.</i> having the quality of executing or performing; active; having the power to put in act the laws	Exhibition , êks-hê-bîsh'ôn. <i>s.</i> the act of exhibiting, setting forth; allowance, salary
Executor , êgz-êk'û-târ. <i>s.</i> he that is intrusted to perform the will of a testator	Exhilarate , êgz-hîl'â-râte. <i>v. a.</i> to make cheerful
Executory , êgz-êk'û-tô-rê. <i>a.</i> performing official duties	Exhilaration , êgz-hîl'â-râ'shôn. <i>s.</i> the act of giving gaiety; the state of being enlivened
Executrix , êgz-êk'û-trîks. <i>s.</i> a woman intrusted to perform the will of a testator	Exhort , êgz-hôr't. <i>v. a.</i> to incite by words to any good action
Exemplar , êgz-êm'plâr. <i>s.</i> a pattern, an example to be imitated	Exhortation , êks-hôr'tâ'shôn. <i>s.</i> the act of exhorting, incitement to good
Exemplarily , êgz-êm-plâr-ê-lê. <i>ad.</i> in such a manner as deserves imitation	Exhortative , êgz-hôr'tâ-tiv. <i>a.</i> tending to or containing exhortation [exhort]
Exemplary , êgz-êm-plâr-ê. <i>a.</i> such as may deserve to be proposed to imitation; such as may give warning to others	Exhortatory , êgz-hôr'tâ-tûr-ê. <i>a.</i> tending to exhort
Exemplification , êgz-êm-plê-fê-kâ'shôn. <i>s.</i> a copy, a transcript; an illustration by example [by example; to copy]	Exiccate , êk-sîk'kâte. <i>v. a.</i> to dry
Exemplify , êgz-êm-plê-fî. <i>v. a.</i> to illustrate	Exiccative , êk-sîk'kâ-tiv. <i>a.</i> drying quality
Exempt , êgz-êmt'. <i>v. a.</i> to privilege, to grant immunity from	Exigence , êk'sé-jênse. <i>s.</i> demand, need
Exempt , êgz-êmt'. <i>a.</i> free by privilege	Exigency , êk'sé-jên-sê. <i>s.</i> demand, need, pressing necessity
	Exigent , êk'sé-jênt. <i>s.</i> pressing business
	Exiguous , êgz-îg'û-ûs. <i>a.</i> small, diminutive
	Exile , êks'lie. <i>s.</i> banishment, the person banished

Fate, fâr, fâll, fât—mè, mèt—pine, plu—nd, indve,

Exile , èg-zilè'. <i>v. a.</i> to banish, to drive from a country	Expectant , èk-spèk'tânt. <i>a.</i> waiting in expectation
Exhibition , èks-é-llsh'ân. <i>s.</i> slenderness, smallness	Expectant , èk-spèk'tânt. <i>s.</i> one who waits in expectation
Exist , èg-zist'. <i>v. n.</i> to be, to have a being	Expectation , èk-spèk-tâ'shôn. <i>s.</i> the act or state of expecting
Existence , èg-zis'tênse. } <i>s.</i> state of being	Expectorate , èks-pèk'tô-râte. <i>v. a.</i> to expect
Existent , èg-zis'tént. <i>a.</i> in being	Expectoration , èks-pèk-tô-râ'shôn. <i>s.</i> the act of discharging from the breast; a discharge by coughing
Exit , èks'it. <i>s.</i> departure, act of quitting the theatre of life.	Expedience , èks-pé'dé-ênse. } <i>s.</i> fitness, propriety : haste
Exodus , èks'ô-dûs. <i>s.</i> departure, journey from a place; the second book of Moses	Expediency , èks-pé'dé-ên-sé. } [proper, fit]
Exonerate , ègz-ôn-ér-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to unload, to disburden	Expedient , èks-pé'dé-ânt, or èks-pé-jè-ént. <i>a.</i>
Exoneration , ègz-ôn-ér-â'shôn. <i>s.</i> the act of exonerating	Expedient , èks-pé'dé-ânt. <i>s.</i> that which helps forward; a shift, means to an end
Exoptable , ègz-ôp'tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> desirable [treaty]	Expediently , èks-pé'dé-ânt-lé. <i>ad.</i> fitly, suitably
Exorable , èks-ô-râ-bl. <i>a.</i> to be moved by entreaty	Expedite , èks-pé'dit. <i>v. a.</i> to facilitate, hasten; to despatch
Exorbitance , ègz-ôr'bè-tânse. } <i>s.</i> enormity : extravagant demand	Expedité , èks-pé'dite. <i>a.</i> discommodated, nimble, active : light armed
Exorbitancy , ègz-ôr'bè-tân-sé. } [cessive]	Expedition , èks-pé-dish'ôn. <i>s.</i> speed, activity; a march or voyage with martial intentions
Exorbitant , ègz-ôr'bè-tânt. <i>a.</i> enormous, excessive	Expeditious , èks-pé-dish'ôs. <i>a.</i> speedy, quick, swift
Exorcise , èks'ôr-size. <i>v. a.</i> to adjure by some holy name; to purify from the influence of evil spirits	Expel , èks-pèl'. <i>v. a.</i> to drive out, to force away
Exorcism , èks'ôr-sizma. <i>s.</i> the form of adjuration, by which evil spirits are driven away	Expend , èks-pènd'. <i>v. a.</i> to lay out, to spend
Exordium , ègz-ôr'dè-ûm. <i>s.</i> a formal preface	Expense , èks-pènsé'. <i>s.</i> cost, charges
Exornation , èks-ôr-nâ'shôn. <i>s.</i> ornament, decoration	Expenseless , èks-pènsé-lès. <i>a.</i> without cost
Exosseous , ègz-ôsh-shè-ûs. <i>a.</i> wanting bones	Expensive , èks-pèn'siv. <i>a.</i> given to expense, costly
Exotick , ègz-ô'tik. <i>a.</i> foreign, not produced in our own country	Expensively , èks-pèn'siv-lé. <i>ad.</i> with great expense
Expand , èk-spând'. <i>v. a.</i> to spread, to lay open; to dilate	Expensiveness , èks-pèn'siv-nès. <i>s.</i> extravagance; costliness
Expanse , èk-spânse. <i>s.</i> a body widely extended without inequalities	Experience , èks-pé-ré-ênse. <i>s.</i> practice, from practice
Expansibility , èk-spân-sé-bill'é-té. <i>s.</i> capacity	Experience , èks-pé-ré-ênse. <i>v. a.</i> to practise to know by practice
Expansible , èk-spân'sé-bl. <i>a.</i> capable to be extended	Expended , èks-pé-ré-ênst. <i>part. a.</i> made skilful by experience
Expansion , èks-pân'shôn. <i>s.</i> extent; pure extension	Experiment , èks-pèr'é-mènt. <i>s.</i> trial of any thing
Expansive , èks-pân'siv. <i>a.</i> having the power to spread into a wider surface	Experimental , èks-pèr'é-mènt'âl. <i>a.</i> built upon experiment; known by experiment
Expatiate , èk-spâ'shè-âte. <i>v. n.</i> to range at large; to enlarge upon in language	Experimentally , èks-pèr'é-mènt'âl-é. <i>ad.</i> by experience
Expect , èk-spèkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to have a previous apprehension of either good or evil; to wait for	Expert , èks-pèrt'. <i>a.</i> skilful; ready, dexterous
Expectation , èk-spèk'tânse. } <i>s.</i> the act or state of expecting; something expected	Expertly , èks-pèrt-lé. <i>ad.</i> in a skilful ready manner
Expectancy , èk-spèk'tân-sé. } [space]	Expertness , èks-pèrt'nès. <i>s.</i> skill, readiness
	Expiable , èks-pé-â-bl. <i>a.</i> capable to be expiated

nôr, nô't—tâbe; tâb, bûll—ôll—pôund—thin, this.

- Expiate**, êks'pé-â'a. *v. a.* to annul the guilt of a crime; to atone for
- Expiation**, êks pé-â'shân. *s.* the act of expiating or atoning for any crime
- Expiatory**, êks'pé-â-tûr-é. *a.* having the power of expiation
- Expiration**, êks-pé-râ'shân. *s.* the act of respiration which thrusts the air out of the lungs; death; evaporation; vapour; the conclusion of any limited time
- Expire**, êk-spre'. *v. a.* to breathe out; to exhale, to send out in exhalations
- Expire**, êk-spre'. *v. n.* to die, to breathe the last; to conclude [lustrate]
- Explain**, êks-plâne'. *v. a.* to expound, to illustrate
- Explainable**, êks-plâne'-â-bl. *a.* capable of being explained
- Explanation**, êks-plâ-nâ'shân. *s.* the act of explaining or interpreting, the sense given by an explainer or interpreter
- Explanatory**, êks-plân-â-tûr-é. *a.* containing explanation [to take up room]
- Expletive**, êks'plé-tiv. *s.* something used only
- Explicable**, êks'plé-kâ-bl. *a.* explainable
- Explicate**, êks'plé-kâte. *v. a.* to unfold, to clear
- Explication**, êks-plé-kâ'shân. *s.* the act of unfolding or explaining; the sense given by an explainer [dency to explain]
- Explicative**, êks'plé-kâ-tiv. *a.* having a ten-
- Explicit**, êks-plis'it. *a.* plain, clear
- Explicitly**, êks-plis'it-lé. *ad.* plainly
- Explode**, êks-plôde'. *v. a.* to drive out with noise [cessful attempt]
- Exploit**, êks-plôit'. *s.* an achievement, a suc-
- Explore**, êks-plô'rate. *v. a.* to search out
- Exploration**, êks-plô-râ'shân. *s.* search, examination [examining]
- Exploratory**, êks-plô-râ-tûr-é. *a.* searching,
- Explore**, êks-plôre. *v. a.* to search into, to examine by trial
- Explosion**, êks-plô'zhân. *s.* the act of driving out any thing with noise and violence
- Explosive**, êks-plô'siv. *a.* driving out with noise and violence [try]
- Export**, êks-pôrt'. *v. a.* to carry out of a coun-
- Export**, êks'pôrt. *s.* commodity carried out in traffic
- Exportation**, êks-pôr-tâ'shân. *s.* the act or practice of carrying out commodities into other coun-
- Expose**, êks-pôze'. *v. a.* to lay open, to make liable to [interpretation]
- Exposition**, êks-pô-zish'ûn. *s.* an explanation
- Expositor**, êks-pôz'é-tûr. *s.* an explainer, interpreter
- Expostulate**, êks-pôs'tshû-lâte. *v. n.* to debate; to remonstrate in a friendly manner
- Expostulation**, êks-pôs-tshû-lâ'shân. *s.* debate, discussion of an affair
- Expostulatory**, êks-pôs'tshû-lâ-tûr-é. *a.* containing expostulation
- Exposure**, êks-pô'zhûre. *s.* the act of exposing; the state of being exposed
- Expound**, êks-pôund'. *v. a.* to explain, to clear, to interpret [terpreter]
- Expounder**, êks-pôun'dûr. *s.* explainer, in-
- Express**, êks-près'. *v. a.* to represent; to declare; to squeeze out
- Express**, êks-près'. *a.* resembling, exactly like; plain; for a particular end
- Express**, êks-près'. *s.* a messenger sent on purpose; a message sent
- Expressible**, êks-près'sé-bl. *a.* that may be uttered or declared
- Expression**, êks-prêsh'ûn. *s.* the act or power of representing any thing; a phrase, a mode of speech; the act of squeezing or forcing out
- Expressive**, êks-prêsh'siv. *a.* having the power of utterance or representation
- Expressively**, êks-prêsh'siv-lé. *ad.* in a clear and representative way
- Expressiveness**, êks-prêsh'siv-nês. *s.* the power of expression, or representation by words
- Expressly**, êks-prêsh'lé. *ad.* in direct terms
- Expressure**, êks-prêsh'ûre. *s.* expression, utterance; form; mark
- Exprobate**, êks-prô'brâte. *v. a.* to impute openly with blame, to upbraid
- Exprobation**, êks-prô-brâ'shân. *s.* scornful charge, reproachful accusation
- Exprobative**, êks-prô'brâ-tiv. *a.* upbraiding
- Expropriate**, êks-prô'pré-âte. *v. t.* to retake one's property [by assault]
- Expugn**, êks-pûne'. *v. a.* to conquer, to take
- Expugnation**, êks-pûg-nâ'shân. *s.* conquest, the act of taking by assault [force away]
- Expulse**, êks-pûlse'. *v. a.* to drive out, to
- Expulsion**, êks-pûl'shân. *s.* the act of driving out; the state of being driven out

Face, fâr. fáll, fát—mê, mêt—pine, pln—nò, môve,

Expulsive , êks-pâl'siv. <i>a.</i> having the power of expulsion [to efface	any thing is extended ; communication ; execution [palliate
Expunge , êks-pânje'. <i>v. a.</i> to blot or rub out ;	Extenuate , êks-têr'û-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to lessen ; to
Expurgation , êks-pûr-gâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of cleansing ; purification	Extenuation , êks-tên-û-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> palliation ; mitigation [sic
Expurgatory , êks-pûr-gâ-tûr-ê. <i>a.</i> employed in purging away what is noxious	Exterior , êks-têr-rê-ûr. <i>a.</i> external, not intrinsic
Exquisite , êks'kwê-zit. <i>a.</i> excellent, complete	Exteriorly , êks-têr-rê-ûr-lê. <i>ad.</i> outwardly, externally
Exquisitely , êks'kwê-zit-lê. <i>ad.</i> perfectly, completely [section	Exterminate , êks-têr'mê-nâte. <i>v. a.</i> to root out, to tear up ; to destroy [truncation, excision
Exquisiteness , êks'kwê-zit-nês. <i>s.</i> nicety, perfection	Extirmination , êks-têr-mê-nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> destruction
Exsiccant , êk-sik'kânt. <i>a.</i> drying	Extirminator , êks-têr'mê-nâ-tûr. <i>s.</i> the person or instrument by which any thing is destroyed [sing to extermination
Exsiccate , êk-sik'kâte. <i>v. a.</i> to dry [drying	Extirminatory , êks-têr'mê-nâ-tûr-ê. <i>a.</i> tending to exterminate
Exsiccation , êk-sik-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of drying	External , êks-têr'nâl. <i>a.</i> outward, opposite to internal
Exsiccative , êk-sik'kâ-tiv. <i>a.</i> having the power of drying [spitting	Externally , êks-têr'nâl-ê. <i>ad.</i> outwardly
Exspuition , êk-spû-ish'ûn. <i>s.</i> a discharge by	Extillation , êk-stîl-lâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of falling in drops [out ; abolished
Exsuction , êk-sûk'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of sucking out [sing underneath	Extinct , êk-stîngkt'. <i>a.</i> extinguished, put out
Exsufflator , êks-sûf-flâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> a blast work-	Extinction , êk-stîngkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of quenching ; state of being quenched ; excision, suppression [to quench ; to destroy
Exsufflate , êk-sûf-fô-lâte. <i>v. a.</i> to whisper, to buzz in the ear [to stir up	Extinguish , êk-stîng'gwîsh. <i>v. a.</i> to put out, to extinguish
Exsuscitate , êk-rûs-sé-tâte. <i>v. a.</i> to rouse up	Extinguishable , êk-stîng'gwîsh-â-bl. <i>a.</i> that may be quenched or destroyed
Extancy , êk stân sê. <i>s.</i> parts rising above the rest [now in being	Extinguisher , êk-stîng'gwîsh-ûr. <i>s.</i> a hollow cone put upon a candle to quench it
Extant , êk's ânt. <i>a.</i> standing out to view ;	Extinguishment , êk-stîng'gwîsh-mênt. <i>s.</i> extinction, suppression ; abolition, nullification [excise
Extatical , êt-stât'ê-kâl. } <i>a.</i> rapturous	Extirpate , êk-stêr-pâte. <i>v. a.</i> to root out, to extirpate
Extatick , êk stât'ik. } <i>a.</i> rapturous	Extirpation , êk-stêr-pâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of rooting out, excision [celebrate
Extemporal , êks-têm'pò-râl } <i>a.</i>	Extol , êk-stòl'. <i>v. a.</i> to praise, to magnify, to extol
Extemporaneous , êks-têm'pò-râ-nê-ûs. } <i>a.</i>	Extort , êks-tòrt'. <i>v. a.</i> to draw by force, to wrest ; to gain by violence or oppression
Extemporany , êks-tên'pò-râ-ê. } <i>a.</i>	Extort , êks-tòrt'. <i>v. n.</i> to practise oppression and violence, or usury
uttered, or performed without premeditation [meditation, readily	Extortion , êks-tòr'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act or practice of gaining by violence or usury
Extempore , êks-têm'pò-rê. <i>ad.</i> without pre-	Extortioner , êks-tòr'shûn-ûr. <i>s.</i> one who practises extortion [select
Extemporize , êks-têm'pò-rîze. <i>v. n.</i> to speak extempore, or without premeditation	Extract , êks-trâkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to draw out of ; to extract
Extend , êks-tênd'. <i>v. a.</i> to stretch out ; to enlarge ; to increase [tension	Extract , êks'trâkt. <i>s.</i> the chief parts drawn from any thing ; the chief heads of a book
Extendible , êks-tên'dê-bl. <i>a.</i> capable of extension	Extraction , êks-tî-âk'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of drawing one part out of a compound ; lineage, descent
Extendlessness , êks-tênd'lês-nês. <i>s.</i> unlimited extension	
Extensible , êks-tên'sê-bl. <i>a.</i> capable of being stretched into length or breadth	
Extension , êks-tên'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of extending ; state of being extended	
Extensive , êks-tên'siv. <i>a.</i> wide, large	
Extensively , êks-tên'siv-lê. <i>ad.</i> widely, largely	
Extensiveness , êks-tên'siv-nês. <i>s.</i> largeness, diffusiveness, wideness	
Extent , êks-tên'. <i>s.</i> space or degree to which	

Extrajudicial , êks-trâ-jû-dîsh'âl. <i>a.</i> out of the regular course of law	Extrusion , êks-trôô'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of thrusting or driving out
Examination , êks-trâ-mîsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> the act of emitting outwards	Exuberance , êgz-û'bè-rânse. <i>s.</i> overgrowth, superfluous abundance
Extramundane , êks-û'â-mûn'dâne. <i>a.</i> beyond the verge of the material world	Exuberant , êgz-û'bè-rânt. <i>a.</i> superfluously plenteous; abounding in the utmost degree
Extraneous , êks-trâ'nè-ûs. <i>a.</i> belonging to a different substance; foreign [commonly	Exuberantly , êks-û'bè-rânt-lè. <i>ad.</i> abundantly
Extraordinarily , êks-trôô'è-nâr-è-lè. <i>ad.</i> uncommonly	Exuberate , êgz-û'bè-râte. <i>v. n.</i> to abound in the highest degree
Extraordinariness , êks-trôô'dè-nâr-è-nès. <i>s.</i> uncommonness, remarkableness	Exuccous , êk-sûk'kûs. <i>a.</i> without juice, dry
Extraordinary , êks-trôô'dè-nâr-è. <i>a.</i> different from common order and method; eminent	Exudation , êk-sû-dâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the matter issuing out by sweat from any body
Extraparochial , êks-trâ-pâr-ô'kè-âl. <i>a.</i> not comprehended within any parish	Exudate , êk-sû'dâte. } <i>v. n.</i> to sweat out, to issue by sweat
Extraregular , êks-trâ-règ'û-lâr. <i>a.</i> not comprehended within a rule	Exude , êk-sûde'. } <i>v. n.</i> to sweat out, to issue by sweat
Extravagance , êks-trâv'â-gânse. } <i>s.</i> irregularity, wildness: waste	Exulcerate , êgz-ûl'sè-râte. <i>v. a.</i> to make sore with an ulcer
Extravagancy , êks-trâv'â-gân-sè. } <i>s.</i> irregularity, wildness: waste	Exulceration , êks-ûl-sè-râ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the beginning erosion which forms an ulcer; exacerbation [ure, to triumph
Extravagant , êks-trâv'â-gânt. <i>a.</i> roving beyond just limits; irregular; wasteful	Exult , êgz-ûl't'. <i>v. n.</i> to rejoice above measure
Extravagantly , êks-trâv'â-gânt-lè. <i>ad.</i> in an extravagant manner; wastefully	Exultation , êks-ûl-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> joy, triumph
Extravagantness , êks-trâv'â-gâni-nès. <i>s.</i> excess, excursion beyond limits	Exuperable , êk-sû'pèr-â-bl. <i>a.</i> conquerable, [greater proportion
Extravasated , êks-trâv'â-sâ-tèd. <i>a.</i> forced out of the proper containing vessels	Exuperance , êk-sû'pè-rânse. <i>s.</i> overbalance
Extravasation , êks-trâ-vâ-sâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of forcing, or state of being forced, out of the proper containing vessels [veins	Exuscitate , êk-sûs'sè-tâte. <i>v. a.</i> to stir up, to rouse
Extravenate , êks-trâv'é-nâte. <i>a.</i> let out of the	Exustion , êgz-ûs'tshûn. <i>s.</i> the act of burning up
Extreme , êks-trèine'. <i>a.</i> greatest, of the highest degree; utmost	Exuvia , êgz-û'vé-è. <i>s.</i> cast skin, cast shells, whatever is shed by animals [the nest
Extreme , êks-trèine'. <i>s.</i> utmost point, highest degree of any thing [degree	Eyas , l'âs. <i>s.</i> a young hawk just taken from the nest
Extremely , êks-trèine'lè. <i>ad.</i> in the utmost degree	Eye , l. <i>pl.</i> <i>eyes.</i> the organ of vision; aspect, regard; small catch into which a hook goes; bud of a plant
Extremity , êks-trèin'é-tè. <i>s.</i> the utmost point; rigour, distress [to set free	Eye , l. <i>v. a.</i> to watch, to keep in view
Extricate , êks-trè-kâte. <i>v. a.</i> to disembarass	Eyeball , l'bâwl. <i>s.</i> the apple of the eye
Extrication , êks-trè-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of disentangling [ward	Eyebrow , l'brôû. <i>s.</i> the hairy arch over the eye
Extrinsic , êks-trîn'sè-kâl. <i>a.</i> external, outward	Eyeless , l'ès. <i>a.</i> without eyes, sightless
Extrinsically , êks-trîn'sè-kâl-è. <i>ad.</i> from without	Eyelet , l'lèt. <i>s.</i> a hole through which light may enter; any small perforation [the eye
Extrinsic , êks-trîn'sèk. <i>a.</i> outward, external	Eyeiid , l'îid. <i>s.</i> the membrane that shuts over the eye
Extract , êk-strûkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to build, to raise	Eyesight , l'shôt. <i>s.</i> sight, glance, view
Extractor , êk-strûk'tûr. <i>s.</i> a builder, a fabricator	Eyesight , l'site. <i>s.</i> sight of the eye [sight
Exude , êks-trôôd'. <i>v. a.</i> to thrust out	Eyesore , l'sôre. <i>s.</i> something offensive to the eye
	Eyetooth , l'ôôth. <i>s.</i> the tooth in the upper jaw next the grinders, the fang
	Eyewitness , l'wit-nès. <i>s.</i> one who gives testimony of facts seen with his own eyes
	Eyre , are. <i>s.</i> the court of justices itinerant
	Eyry , â ré. <i>s.</i> the place where birds of prey build their nests

F.

FABACEOUS, fâ-bâ'shè-ûs. *a.* having the nature of a bean

Fable, fâ'bl. *s.* a feigned story intended to enforce some moral precept; a fiction, a lie

Fable, fâ'bl. *v. n.* to feign; to tell falsehoods

Fabled, fâ'bl'd. *a.* celebrated in fables

Fabricate, fâ'b'rè-kâte. *v. a.* to build, to construct; to forge, to devise falsely

Fabrication, fâb-rè-kâ'shûn. the act of building [any system of matter

Fabrîck, fâ'b'rîk. *s.* a building, an edifice;

Fabulist, fâ'b'ù-llst. *s.* a writer of fables

Fabulous, fâ'b'ù-lûs. *a.* feigned, full of fables

Fabulously, fâ'b'ù-lûs-lé. *ad.* in fiction

Face, fâse. *s.* the visage; the front; appearance; confidence

Face, fâse. *v. n.* to carry a false appearance; to turn the face, to come in front

Face, fâse. *v. a.* to meet in front, to oppose with confidence: to cover with an additional superficialities

Faceless, fâse'lès. *a.* without a face

Facetious, fâ-sé'shûs. *a.* gay, cheerful, lively

Facetiously, fâ-sé'shûs-lé. *ad.* gaily, cheerfully [mirth

Facituousness, fâ-sé'shûs-nès. *s.* cheerful wit,

Facile, fâs'sîl. *a.* easy, pliant, dextile

Facilitate, fâ-sî'l'è-tâte. *v. a.* to make easy, to free from difficulty [difficulty

Facility, fâ-sî'l'è-té. *s.* easiness, freedom from

Facing, fâ'sîng. *s.* an ornamental covering

Facinorous, fâ-sî'n'ò-rûs. *a.* wicked, atrocious

Fact, fâkt. *s.* reality; action, deed

Faction, fâk'shûn. *s.* a party; tumult

Factionous, fâk'shûs. *a.* given to faction

Factionously, fâk'shûs-lé. *ad.* in a manner criminally dissensious

Factitious, fâk'tîsh'ûs. *a.* made by art [stitute

Factor, fâk'tûr. *s.* an agent for another, a sub-

Factory, fâk'tûr-é. *s.* a house or district inhabited by traders in a distant country; the traders embodied in one place

Factotum, fâk-tò'tûm. *s.* a servant employed alike in all kinds of business

Faculty, fâk'ûl-té. *s.* ability; reason; power; privilege, right to do any thing

Facund, fâk'ûnd. *a.* eloquent

Faddle, fâd'dl. *v. n.* to trifle, to play

Fade, fâde. *v. n.* to tend from greater to less vigour; to tend from a brighter to a weaker colour; to wither; to die away gradually: to be transient

Fadge, fâd'je. *v. n.* to fit; to agree

Fæces, fè'séz. *s.* excrements, sediments

Fag, fâg. *v. n.* to grow weary [of any thing

Fagend, fâg-ènd'. *s.* the refuse or meaner part

Fagot, fâg'ût. *s.* a bundle of wood

Fail, fâle. *v. n.* to be deficient; to be extinct; to perish; to decay; to miss

Fail, fâle. *v. a.* to desert; not to assist: to omit: to be wanting to

Failing, fâ'ling. *s.* deficiency, lapse

Failure, fâ'lyûre. *s.* deficiency; omission, slip; a lapse

Fain, fâne. *a.* merry, cheerful; obliged

Fain, fâne. *ad.* gladly, very desirously

Faint, fânt. *v. n.* to lose the animal functions, to sink motionless; to grow feeble [pressed

Faint, fânt. *a.* languid; feeble of body; de-

Fainthearted, fânt-hârt'èu. *a.* cowardly

Fainting, fânt'ing. *s.* temporary loss of animal motion

Faintly, fânt'lé. *ad.* feebly, languidly

Faintness, fânt'nès. *s.* languor, feebleness

Fair, fâre. *a.* beautiful; white in the complexion; clear; favourable; just; open;

gentle; mild; equitable [cessfully

Fair, fâre. *ad.* gently, decently, civilly; successfully

Fair, fâre. *s.* elliptically a fair woman; an annual or stated meeting of buyers and sellers

Fairing, fâre'ing. *s.* a present given at a fair

Fairly, fâre'lé. *ad.* beautifully; commodiously; honestly, justly; ingenuously;

candidly; completely [genuity

Fairness, fâre'nès. *s.* beauty; candour, in-

Fairspoken, fâre'spòkn. *a.* civil in language and address

Fairy, fâ'rè. *s.* an elf, a fay; enchantress

Fairy, fâ'rè. *a.* belonging to fairies

Faith, fâth. *s.* belief; tenet held; fidelity; honour; sincerity, veracity; promise given

Faithful, fâth'fûl. *a.* firm in adherence to the truth of religion; loyal; honest, without fraud

Faithfully, fâth'fûl-é. *ad.* with firm belief in religion; with full confidence in God, sincerely, honestly

ror, nô-tâbe, tâb, hâll—ôll—pôund—thin, THIS.

Faithfulness, fâth'fûl-nês. *s.* honesty, veracity; loyalty
Faithless, fâth'lês. *a.* without belief; disloyal
Faithlessness, fâth'lês-nês. *s.* treachery, perfidy; unbelief [a simitar
Falchion, fâl'shûn. *s.* a short crooked sword,
Falcon, fâw'kn. *s.* a hawk trained for sport; a sort of cannon
Falconer, fâw'kn-ûr. *s.* one who trains hawks
Fall, fâll. *v. n. pret. i* fell; *compound pret.* I have fallen. to drop; to apostatize; to enter into any state worse than the former; to decrease; to become the property of any
Fall, fâll. *v. a.* to drop, to let fall; to sink; to depress; to diminish in value, to let sink in price; to cut down, to fell; to yeon, to bring forth
Fall, fâll. *s.* the act of falling; ruin, degradation; diminution; steep descent; cataract, cascade [takes; deceitful
Fallacious, fâl-lâ'shûs. *a.* producing mis-
Fallaciously, fâl-lâ'shûs-lê. *ad.* sophistically, with purpose to deceive [to deceive
Fallaciousness, fâl-lâ'shûs-nês. *s.* tendency
Fallacy, fâl'lâ-sê. *s.* sophism, logical artifice, deceitful argument [deceived
Fallibility, fâl-lê-hil'ê-tê. *s.* liability to be
Fallible, fâl'lê-bl. *a.* liable to error [lep
Fallingsickness, fâl-ling-sik'nês. *s.* the epi-
Fallow, fâl'lo. *a.* uncultivated; unoccupied
Fallow, fâl'lo. *s.* ground ploughed in order to be ploughed again; ground lying at rest
Fallow, fâl'lo. *v. n.* to plough in order to a second ploughing [feit, hypocritical
False, fâis: *a.* not true; treacherous; counter-
Falsehearted, fâise-hârt'êd. *a.* treacherous, deceitful [tion
Falsehood, fâise'hûd. *s.* a lie, a false asser-
Falsely, fâise'lê. *ad.* erroneously; treacherously [duplicitly, deceit
Falseness, fâise'nês. *s.* contrary to truth;
Falsifier, fâl'sê-fi-ûr. *s.* one that makes any thing to seem what it is not; a liar
Falsify, fâl'sê-fi. *v. a.* to counterfeit, to forge
Falsify, fâl'sê-fi. *v. n.* to tell lies
Falsity, fâl'sê-tê. *s.* falsehood; a lie
Falter, fâl'tûr. *v. n.* to hesitate in the utterance of words; to fail [with difficulty
Falteringly, fâl'tûr-îng-lê. *ad.* with hesitation,

Fame, fâme. *s.* celebrity, renown
Famed, fâmd. *a.* renowned, celebrated
Fameless, fâme'lês. *a.* without fame
Familiar, fâ-mil'yâr. *a.* domestick; affable; well known; accustomed
Familiar, fâ-mil'yâr. *s.* an intimate
Familiarity, fâ-mil-yê-âr'ê-tê. *s.* omission of ceremony; acquaintance; easy intercourse
Familiarize, fâ-mil'yâr-lze. *v. a.* to make easy by habitude [formality
Familiarly, fâ-mil'yâr-lê. *ad.* easily without
Family, fâm'ê-lê. *s.* household; a race, a tribe
Famine, fâm'în. *s.* scarcity of food, dearth
Famish, fâm'ish. *v. a.* to kill with hunger, to starve
Famish, fâm'ish. *v. n.* to die of hunger
Famous, fâ'mûs. *a.* renowned, celebrated
Famously, fâ'mûs-lê. *ad.* with celebrity
Fan, fân. *s.* an instrument used by ladies to move the air and cool themselves; the instrument by which the chaff is blown away
Fan, fân. *v. a.* to cool or recreate with a fan; to ventilate; to separate, as by winnowing
Fanaticism, fâ-nât'ê-sizm. *s.* enthusiasm, religious phrensy [stitious
Fanatick, fâ-nât'ik. *a.* enthusiastic, super-
Fanatick, fâ-nât'ik. *s.* an enthusiast
Fanciful, fân'sê-fûl. *a.* imaginative; directed by the imagination
Fancifully, fân'sê-fûl-ê. *ad.* according to the wildness of imagination
Fancy, fân'sê. *s.* imagination; a. inclination; caprice; frolick, vagary
Fancy, fân'sê. *v. n.* to imagine, to believe without being able to prove
Fancy, fân'sê. *v. a.* to portray in the mind; to be pleased with
Fane, fâne. *s.* a temple consecrated to religion
Fanfaronade, fân-fâr-ô-nâde'. *s.* bluster
Fang, fâng. *s.* a long tusk; any thing like a long tooth
Fanged, fângd. *a.* furnished with fangs
Fangle, fâng'gl. *s.* silly attempt, trifling scheme
Fangled, fâng'gd. *a.* vainly fond of novelty
Fangless, fâng'lês. *a.* without teeth
Fantasied, fân'tâ-sld. *a.* filled with fancies
Fantastical, fân-tâs'tê-kâl. } *a.* imaginary
Fantastick, fân-tâs'tik. }
 humorous, unsteady; whimsical

- Fantastically**, fân-tâs'tè-kâl-è. *ad.* capriciously; whimsically
- Fantasticness**, fân-tâs'tè-kâl-nês. *s.* mere compliance with fancy; whimsicalness; caprice [humour]
- Fantasy**, fân'tâ-sè. *s.* fancy, imagination;
- Far**, fâr. *ad.* to great extent, remotely, at a great distance; in a great part; to a great height; to a certain degree
- Far**, fâr. *a.* distant, remote; from far
- Farce**, fârse. *s.* a dramattick representation written without regularity
- Farcical**, fâr'sè-kâl. *a.* belonging to a farce
- Farcy**, fâr'sè. *s.* the leprosy of horses
- Fardel**, fâr'dèl. *s.* a bundle, a little pack
- Fare**, fâre. *v. n.* to be in any state good or bad; to feed, to eat, to be entertained
- Fare**, fâre. *s.* price of passage in a vehicle; provisions
- Farewell**, fâre'wèl, or fâre-wèl'. *s.* the parting compliment; adieu; act of departure
- Farinaceous**, fâr-è-nâ'shûs. *a.* mealy, tasting like meal
- Ferm**, fârm. *s.* ground let to a tenant; the state of lands let out to the culture of tenants
- Farm**, fârm. *v. a.* to let out to tenants at a certain rent; to take at a certain rate; to cultivate land [ground]
- Farmer**, fâr'môr. *s.* one who cultivates hired
- Farthest**, fâr'môst. *a.* most distant
- Farraginous**, fâr-râdje'è-nûs. *a.* formed of different materials
- Farrago**, fâr-râ'gò. *s.* a medley [horse-doctor]
- Farrier**, fâr'rè-ûr. *s.* a shoer of horses; a
- Farrow**, fâr'rò. *s.* a little pig [more remotely]
- Farther**, fâr'thèr. *ad.* at a greater distance;
- Farther**, fâr'thèr. *a.* more remote; tending to greater distance [men]
- Fartherance**, fâr'thèr-ânse. *s.* encourage-
- Farthermore**, fâr'thèr-môre'. *ad.* besides, over and above, likewise [vance]
- Farther**, fâr'thèr. *v. a.* to promote, to ad-
- Farthest**, fâr'thèst. *ad.* at the greatest distance
- Farthest**, fâr'thèst. *a.* most distant, remotest
- Farthing**, fâr'thîng. *s.* the fourth of a penny
- Farthingale**, fâr'thîng-gâl. *s.* a hoop used to spread the petticoat [fore the consuls]
- Fasces**, fâs'sèz. *s.* rods anciently carried be-
- Fasciaucu**, fâsh-è-â'shûn. *s.* bandage
- Fascinate**, fâs'sè-nâte. *v. a.* to bewitch
- Fascination**, fâs-sè-nâ'shûn. *s.* the power or act of bewitching, enchantment
- Fascine**, fâs-sène'. *s.* a faggot [witchcraft]
- Fascinous**, fâs'sè-nûs. *a.* caused or acting by
- Fashion**, fâsh'ûn. *s.* form, state of any thing with regard to appearance; custom; mode
- Fashion**, fâsh'ûn. *v. a.* to form; to fit; to make according to the rule prescribed by custom
- Fashionable**, fâsh'ûn-â-bl. *a.* approved by custom, made according to the mode; having rank above the vulgar [elegance]
- Fashionableness**, fâsh'ûn-â-bl-nês. *s.* modish
- Fashionably**, fâsh'ûn-â-blè. *ad.* in a manner conformable to custom
- Fast**, fâst. *v. n.* to abstain from food
- Fast**, fâst. *s.* abstinence from food
- Fast**, fâst. *a.* firm, immoveable; speedy, swift
- Fast**, fâst. *ad.* firmly, immoveably; closely, swiftly [to conjoin]
- Fasten**, fâs'sn. *v. a.* to make fit, to cement,
- Fastener**, fâs'sn-ûr. *s.* one that makes fast or firm [etous]
- Fasthanded**, fâst'hân'î-èd. *a.* avaricious, cov-
- Fastidious**, fâs-tîd'è-ûs, or fâs-tîd'jè-ûs. *a.* squeamish [ad. squeamishly]
- Fastidiously**, fâs-tîd'è-ûs-lè, or fâs-tîd'jè-ûs-lè.
- Fastness**, fâs'tnês. *s.* firmness; a strong place
- Fat**, fât. *a.* plump, fleshy
- Fat**, fât. *s.* the unctuous part of animal flesh
- Fat**, fât. *s.* a vessel in which any thing is put to ferment or be soaked
- Fat**, fât. *v. a.* to make fat, to fatten
- Fat**, fât. *v. n.* to grow full-fleshed [destiny]
- Fatal**, fâ'tâl. *a.* deadly, mortal; appointed by
- Fatalist**, fâ'tâl-îst. *s.* one who maintains that all things happen by invincible necessity
- Fatality**, fâ-tâl'è-tè. *s.* predestination; decree of fate; tendency to danger
- Fatally**, fâ'tâl-lè. *ad.* mortally, destructively, by the decree of fate
- Fate**, fâte. *s.* destiny; event predetermined, death; cause of death
- Fated**, fâ'tèd. *a.* decreed by fate
- Father**, fâ'tuèr. *s.* he who begets a child; appellation of an old man; an ecclesiastical writer of the first centuries; the title of a popish confessor; the title of a

- Senator** of old Rome; the appellation of the first person of the adorable Trinity
Father, fá'thêr. *v. a.* to take as a son or daughter; to adopt [a father
Fatherhood, fá'thêr-hâd. *s.* the character of Fatherless, fá'thêr-lês. *a.* without a father
Fatherly, fá'thêr-lê. *a.* paternal, like a father
Fatherly, fá'thêr-lê. *ad.* in the manner of a father [taining six feet; reach
Fathom, fá'th'úm. *s.* a measure of length con-
Fathom, fá'th'úm. *v. a.* to encompass with the arms; to sound
Fathomless, fá'th'úm-lês. *a.* bottomless
Fatidical, fá-tíd'é-kál. *a.* prophetick
Fatigue, fá-téég'. *s.* weariness, lassitude; toil
Fatigue, fá-téég'. *v. a.* to tire, to weary
Fatling, fá't'lng. *s.* a young animal fed fat for the slaughter
Fatness, fá't'nês. *s.* the quality of being fat; unctuous matter; fertility
Fatten, fá't'n. *v. a.* to feed up, to make fleshy; to increase [pered
Fatten, fá't'n. *v. n.* to grow fat, to be pam-
Fatuous, fá'tsh'ú-ús. *a.* stupid, foolish [mínd
Fatuity, fá-tú'ê-tê. *s.* foolishness, weakness of
Fatwitted, fá't'wít-éd. *a.* heavy, dull
Fatty, fá't'é. *a.* unctuous, oleaginous
Favour, fá'vûr. *v. a.* to support; to assist with advantages or conveniences; to resemble in feature
Favour, fá'vûr. *s.* countenance; support; lenity; leave; pardon; any thing worn openly as a token
Favourable, fá'vûr-â-bl. *a.* kind, propitious
Favourableness, fá'vûr-â-bl-nês. *s.* kindness, benignity [favour
Favourably, fá'vûr-â-blê. *ad.* kindly, with
Favoured, fá'vûrd. *part. a.* regarded with kindness; featured [loved
Favourite, fá'vûr-ít. *s.* a person or thing be-
Faucet, fá'w'sê't. *s.* a pipe inserted into a vessel to give vent to the liquor [puzzle
Fault, fá'lt. *s.* offence, slight crime; defect;
Faultily, fá'lt-ê. *ad.* not rightly, improperly
Faultiness, fá'lt-ê-nês. *s.* badness, viciousness
Faultless, fá'lt-lês. *a.* without fault, perfect
Faulty, fá'lt'é. *a.* guilty of a fault, blameable
Faun, fá'wn. *s.* a kind of rural deity
Fawn, fá'wn. *s.* a young deer [to court servilely
Fawn, fá'wn. *v. n.* to bring forth a young deer;

- Fawningly**, fá'w'ning-lê. *ad.* in a cringing way
Fay, fá. *s.* a fairy, an elf [vile way
Faalty, fé'ál-tê. *s.* duty due to a superior lord
Fear, fére. *s.* dread; horror; awe; anxiety
Fear, fére. *v. a.* to dread; to terrify, to make afraid [ful
Fearful, fére'fûl. *a.* timorous; awful; dread-
Fearfully, fére'fûl-lê. *ad.* timorously; terri-
Fearfulness, fére'fûl-nês. *s.* timorousness, ha-
Fearlessly, fére'lês-lê. *ad.* without terror [fear
Fearlessness, fére'lês-nês. *s.* exemption from
Fearless, fére'lês. *a.* free from fear, intrepid
Feasibility, fé-zê-blí ê-tê. *s.* a thing practica-
Feasible, fé-zê-bl. *a.* practicable, that may
Feasibly, fé-zê-blê. *ad.* practicably
Feast, féést. *s.* an entertainment of the table, a sumptuous treat [to delight
Feast, féést. *v. a.* to entertain sumptuously
Feat, féte. *s.* act, deed, action
Feat, féte. *a.* ready, skilful; nice, neat
Feather, fé'th'ûr. *s.* the plume of birds; an ornament [to enrich
Feather, fé'th'ûr. *v. a.* to dress in feathers;
Featherbed, fé'th'ûr-bêd. *s.* a bed stuffed with feathers [carrying feathers
Feathered, fé'th'ûrd. *a.* clothed with feathers,
Featherless, fé'th'ûr-lês. *a.* without feathers
Feathery, fé'th'ûr-ê. *a.* clothed with feathers
Featly, féte'lê. *ad.* neatly, nimbly
Featness, féte'nês. *s.* neatness, dexterity
Feature, fé'tshûre. *s.* the cast of the face, any lineament [rope; to beat
Feaze, féze. *v. a.* to untwist the end of a
Febrifuge, fé-'ê-ûje. *s.* any medicine ser-
viceable in a fever [from a fever
Febrile, fé'b'íl. *a.* constituting or proceeding
February, fé'b'û-â-rê. *s.* the second month in the year
Feces, fé'sêz. *s.* dregs, sediment; excrement
Feculence, fék'û-lênsê. } *s.* muddiness
Feculency, fék'û-lên-se. }
Feculent, fék'û-lênt. *a.* foul, dreggy
Fecund, fék'ûnd. *a.* fruitful, prolific
Fecundation, fék'ûn-dâ'shûn. *s.* the act of making prolific
Fecundify, fé-kûn'dé-fi. *v. a.* to make fruitful
Fecundity, fé-kûn'dé-tê. *s.* fruitfulness
Feed, féd. *pret. and part. pass. of to feed*

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pline, pln—no, môve,

- Federal**, fêd'êr-âl. *a.* relating to a league or
Federate, fêd'êr-âte. *a.* leagued [contract
Fee, fêê. *s.* recompense; payment occasion-
ally claimed by persons in office; reward
paid to physicians or lawyers
F'ee, fêê. *v. a.* to reward; to pay; to bribe
Feeb'le, fê'bl. *a.* weekly, debilitated, sickly
Fœbleness, fê'bl-nês. *s.* weakness, imbecility,
infirmity
Fœbly, fê'blê. *ad.* weakly, without strength
Feed, -fêêd. *v. a.* to supply with food; to
graze; to nourish; to entertain
Feed, fêêd. *s.* food, pasture [that eats
Feeder, fêêd'âr. *s.* one that gives food; one
Feel, fêêl. *v. n. pret. Felt. part. pass. Felt.* to
have perception of things by the touch
Feel, fêêl. *v. a.* to perceive by the touch; to
have sense of pain or pleasure
Feel, fêêl. *s.* the sense of feeling, the touch
Feeling, fêêl'ing. *part. a.* expressive of great
sensitivity; sensibly felt
Feeling, fêêl'ing. *s.* the sense of touch; sen-
sibility, perception [great sensibility
Feelingly, fêêl'ing-lê. *ad.* with expression of
Feet, fêêt. *s. plural of Foot*
Feebles, fêêt lês. *a.* without feet
Feign, fâne. *v. a.* to invent; to dissemble
Feign, fâne. *v. n.* to relate falsely, to image
from the invention
Feignedly, fâne'êd-lê. *ad.* in fiction, not truly
Feint, fânt. *s.* a false appearance
Felicitate, fê-lis'ê-tâte. *v. a.* to make happy;
to congratulate
Felicitation, fê-lis-ê-tâ'shôn. *s.* congratulation
Felicitous, fê-lis'ê-tûs. *a.* happy [tion
Felicity, fê-lis-ê-tê. *s.* happiness [a cat
Feline, fê'lîne. *a.* like a cat, pertaining to
Fell, fêl. *a.* cruel, barbarous; savage [down
Fell, fêl. *v. a.* to knock down, to hew or cut
Fell, fêl. *pret. of To fall*
Fellmonger, fêl'mông-gûr. *s.* a dealer in hides
Fellness, fêl'nês. *s.* cruelty, savageness
Felloe, fêl'lo. *s.* the circumference of a wheel
Fellow, fêl'lo. *s.* an associate; one of a pair;
a mean wretch; a member of college that
shares its revenue
Fellow, fêl'lo. *v. a.* to suit or pair with
Fellowship, fêl'lo-shîp. *s.* association; equal-
ity; partnership; an establishment in a
college with share in its revenue
Felo-de-se, fê-lô-dê-sê'. *s.* in law, he that
committeeth felony by murdering himself
Felon, fêl'ân. *s.* one who has committed a
capital crime; a whitlow [malignant
Felonious, fê-lôn'ê-ûs. *a.* wicked, traitorous,
Feloniously, fê-lôn'ê-ûs-lê. *ad.* in a felonious
way [tal by the law
Felony, fêl'ân-ê. *s.* a crime denounced capi-
Felt, fêlt. *pret. of feel*
Felt, fêlt. *s.* cloth made of wool united with-
out weaving; a hide or skin [six oars
Felucca, fê-lûk'â. *s.* a small open boat with
Female, fê'mâle. *s.* a she, one of the sex
which brings young [to a she
Female, fê'mâle. *a.* not masculine, belonging
Feminality, fêm-ê-nâl'ê-tê. *s.* female nature
Feminine, fêm'ê-nîn. *a.* female; soft, deli-
cate; effeminate
Femoral, fêm'ô-râl. *a.* belonging to the thigh
Fen, fên. *s.* a marsh, a moor, a bog
Fence, fênse. *s.* guard; enclosure
Fence, fênse. *v. a.* to enclose, to secure by
an enclosure or hedge; to guard
Fence, fênse. *v. n.* to practise the art of man-
ual defence; to fight according to art
Fenceless, fênse'lês. *a.* without enclosure, open
Fencer, fên'sâr. *s.* one who teaches or prac-
tises the use of weapons
Fencible, fên'sê-bl. *a.* capable of defence
Fend, fênd. *v. a.* to keep off
Fend, fênd. *v. n.* to dispute, to shift off a
charge [ders
Fender, fên'dûr. *s.* a defence against cin
Fennel, fên'nêl. *s.* a plant of strong scent
Fenny, fên'nê. *a.* marshy, boggy
Feodal, fê'dâl. *a.* held from another
Feodary, fê'dâ-rê. *s.* one who holds his es-
tate under the tenure of suit and service to
a superior lord [with right
Feoil, fêf. *v. a.* to put in possession, to invest
Feoilee, fêf'êê. *s.* one put in possession
Feoiler, fêf'ûr. *s.* one who gives possession
of any thing [possession
Feoiffment, fêf'mênt. *s.* the act of granting
Feracitv, fê-râs'ê-tê. *s.* fertility
Feral, fê'râl. *a.* funeral, mournful
Ferine, fê'rîne. *a.* wild, savage
Feriness, fê-rîne'nês. *s.* barbarity, savageness
Ferment, fêr'mênt'. *v. a.* to exalt or rarefy
by intestine motion of parts

nôt, nôt—tûbe, tûb, bûll—dîl—pôund—thin, reîs.

Ferment , fêr-mên't. <i>v. n.</i> to have the parts put into intestine motion	Fetch , fêtsh. <i>v. a.</i> to go and bring; to obtain as its price
Ferment , fêr-mên't. <i>s.</i> intestine motion, tumult	Fetch , fêtsh. <i>s.</i> a stratagem, a trick
Fermentable , fêr-mên't-â-bl. <i>a.</i> capable of fermentation	Fetid , fêt'id. <i>a.</i> stinking, rank
Fermentation , fêr-mên-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> a slow motion of the intestine particles of a mixed body [mentation]	Fetidness , fêt'id-nês. <i>s.</i> the quality of stinking
Fermentative , fêr-mên-tâ-tiv. <i>a.</i> causing fermentation	Fetlock , fêt'lôk. <i>s.</i> a tuft of hair that grows behind the pastern joint
Fern , fêrn. <i>s.</i> a plant	Fetter , fêt'tûr. <i>v. a.</i> to bind, to enchain
Ferny , fêrn'è. <i>a.</i> overgrown with fern	Fetters , fêt'tûrs. <i>s.</i> chains for the feet
Ferocious , fê-rô'shûs. <i>a.</i> savage, fierce	Fettle , fê'tl. <i>v. n.</i> to do trifling business
Ferocity , fê-rô's'è-tê. <i>s.</i> savageness, fierceness	Fetus , fê'tûs. <i>s.</i> an animal in embryo, any thing yet in the womb
Ferrous , fêr-rê-ûs. <i>a.</i> consisting of iron, belonging to iron	Feud , fûde. <i>s.</i> quarrel, contention
Ferret , fêr'rît. <i>s.</i> a quadruped of the weasel kind; a kind of narrow riband [places]	Feudal , fû'dâl. <i>a.</i> held of a superior lord
Ferret , fêr'rît. <i>v. a.</i> to drive out of lurking	Feudal , fû'dâl. <i>s.</i> a dependence, something held by tenure [some conditional tenure]
Ferruginous , fêr-rû'jîn-ûs. <i>a.</i> partaking of the particles and qualities of iron	Feudatory , fû dâ-tûr-ê. <i>s.</i> one who holds by
Ferrule , fêr'rîl. <i>s.</i> a ring put round any thing to keep it from cracking	Fever , fêv'ûr. <i>s.</i> a disease in which the body is violently heated, and the pulse quickened
Ferry , fêr'rê. <i>v. a.</i> to carry over in a boat	Feverish , fêv'ûr-îsh. <i>a.</i> troubled with a fever: tending to a fever
Ferry , fêr'rê. <i>s.</i> a vessel of carriage; the passage over which the ferry-boat passes	Few , fû. <i>a.</i> not a great number
Ferryman , fêr'rê-mân. <i>s.</i> one who keeps a	Fewness , fû'nês. <i>s.</i> smallness of number
Fertile , fêr'tîl. <i>a.</i> fruitful. [ferry]	Fib , fîb. <i>s.</i> a lie, a falsehood
Fertility , fêr-tîl'è-tê. <i>s.</i> abundance, fruitfulness	Fib , fîb. <i>v. n.</i> to tell lies
Fertilize , fêr-tîl-lîze. <i>v. a.</i> to make fruitful, to make productive [zeal]	Fiber , fîb'bûr. <i>s.</i> a teller of fibs
Fervency , fêr'ven-sê. <i>s.</i> heat of mind, ardour	Fibre , fîb'bûr. <i>s.</i> a small thread or string
Fervent , fêr'vent. <i>a.</i> hot; boiling; vehement	Fibril , fî'b'rîl. <i>s.</i> a small fibre or string
Fervently , fêr'vent-lê. <i>ad.</i> eagerly, vehemently; with pious ardour [zealous]	Fibrous , fî'b'rûs. <i>a.</i> composed of fibres
Fervid , fêr'vid. <i>a.</i> hot, burning; vehement	Fickle , fîk'kl. <i>a.</i> changeable, inconstant
Fervidness , fêr'vid-nês. <i>s.</i> ardour of mind	Fickleness , fîk'kl-nês. <i>s.</i> inconstancy, uncertainty
Fervour , fêr'vûr. <i>s.</i> heat of mind, zeal [zeal]	Fictile , fîk'tîl. <i>a.</i> made by the potter [tainty]
Fescue , fês'kû. <i>s.</i> a small wire by which those who teach to read point out the letters	Fiction , fîk'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of feigning, the thing feigned; a falsehood
Festal , fês'tâl. <i>a.</i> belonging to a feast; festive, joyous [ulent]	Fictitious , fîk'tîshûn. <i>s.</i> the act of feigning, the thing feigned; a falsehood
Fester , fês'tûr. <i>v. n.</i> to corrupt, to grow virulent	Fictitious , fîk'tîshûs. <i>a.</i> fictitious, imaginary [une]
Festinate , fês'tè-nâte. <i>a.</i> hasty, hurried	Fictitious , fîk'tîshûs. <i>a.</i> counterfeit, not genuine
Festival , fês'tè-vâl. <i>a.</i> pertaining to feasts, joyous	Fictitiously , fîk'tîshûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> falsely, counterfeitedly [musick, violon]
Festival , fês'tè-vâl. <i>s.</i> time of feast [ous]	Fiddle , fîd'dl. <i>s.</i> a stringed instrument of music
Festive , fês'tiv. <i>a.</i> joyous, gay [joicing]	Fiddle , fîd'dl. <i>v. n.</i> to play upon the fiddle to trifle [fiddle]
Festivity , fês-tîv'è-tê. <i>s.</i> festival, time of rejoicing	Fiddler , fîd'dl-ûr. <i>s.</i> one that plays upon the fiddle
Festoon , fês-tôdn'. <i>s.</i> an ornament of carved work in the form of a wreath or garland of flowers, or leaves twisted together	Fiddlestring , fîd'dl-st-îng. <i>s.</i> the string of a fiddle [re]
	Fidelity , fê-dêl'è-tê. <i>s.</i> honesty, faithful adherence
	Fidge , fîdje. } <i>v. n.</i> to move nimbly and irregularly
	Fidget , fîd'jît. }
	Fiducial , fê-dû'shâl. <i>a.</i> confident, undubiting
	Fiduciary , fê-dû'shê-â-rê. <i>s.</i> one who holds any thing in trust

Fâto, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nô, môve,

- Fiduciary**, fê-dû'shê-â-rê. *a.* confident, un-
Fief, fêéf. *s.* a fee, a manor [doubting]
Field, fêâld. *s.* ground not inhabited; culti-
 vated tract of ground; open country;
 place of battle; space; extent; the sur-
 face of a shield
Fieldmarshal, fêêld-mâr'shâl. *s.* commander
 of an army in the field [in battles]
Fieldpiece, fêêld'pêese. *s.* small cannon used
Fiend, fêênd. *s.* an enemy, Satan
Fierce, fêêse. *a.* savage, ravenous
Fiercely, fêêse'lê. *ad.* violently, furiously
Fierceness, fêêse'nês. *s.* ferocity, savageness
Fiercely, fêêr-ê. *a.* hot like fire; vehement, ar-
 dent; passionate; unrestrained; heated by
 fire.
Fife, fife. *s.* a pipe blown to the drum
Fiftien, fiftêen. *a.* five and ten
Fifteenth, fiftêenth. *a.* the fifth after the tenth
Fifth, fift. *a.* the next to the fourth
Fifthly, fift'h'lê. *ad.* in the fifth place [ninth
Fiftieth, fift'ê-êth. *a.* the next to the forty-
Fifty, fift'ê. *a.* five tens
Fig, fig. *s.* a tree and its fruit
Fight, fite. *v. n. pret.* Fought; *part. pass.*
Fought. to contend in battle, to make war;
 to contend in single fight [against]
Fight, fite. *v. a.* to war against, to combat
Fight, fite. *s.* battle; combat, duel
Fighter, fî'tr. *s.* warrior, duellist [for battle
Fighting, fî'tng. *part. a.* qualified for war, fit
Figment, fig'mênt. *s.* an invention
Figurate, fig'û-lâte. *a.* made of potter's clay
Figurable, fig'û-râ-bl. *a.* capable of being
 brought to certain form, and retained in it
Figurability, fig'û-râ-bl'ê-tê. *s.* the quality
 of being capable of a certain and stable
 form [is minate form]
Figurate, fig'û-râte. *a.* of a certain and de-
Figurative, fig'û-râ-tiv. *a.* representing some-
 thing else, typical
Figuratively, fig'û-râ-tiv-lê. *ad.* by a figure
Figure, fig'ûre. *s.* shape; person. external
 form. appearance; a statue, an image;
 representation in painting; a character de-
 noting a number
Figure, fig'ûre. *v. a.* to form into any deter-
 mined shape; to cover or adorn with fig-
 ures to form figuratively
Filaceus, fê-lâ'shûs. *a.* consisting of threads
- Filacer**, fil'â-sûr. *a.* an officer in the Common
 Pleas
Filament, fil'â-mênt. *s.* a slender thread
Filbert, fil'bûrt. *s.* a fine hazel-nut
Filch, filsh. *v. n.* to steal, to pilfer
Filcher, filsh'ûr. *s.* a thief, a petty robber
File, file. *s.* a line on which papers are
 strung; a catalogue, roll; a line of soldiers
 ranged one behind another; an instrument
 to smooth metals
File, file. *v. a.* to string upon a thread or wire;
 to cut with a file
File, file. *v. n.* to march in file [colour]
Filemot, fil'ê-môt. *s.* a brown or yellow brown
Filial, fil'yâl. *a.* pertaining to a son
Filiation, fil-ê-â'shûn. *s.* relation of a son to
 a father [the file
Filings, fil'ngz. *s.* fragments rubbed off by
Fill, fil. *v. a.* to store till no more can be ad-
 mitted; to satisfy; to make full, to occupy
 by bulk
Fill, fil. *v. n.* to give drink; to grow full!
Fill, fil. *s.* as much as may produce complete
 satisfaction; the place between the shafts
 of a carriage
Fillet, fil'it. *s.* a band tied round the head
 or other part; the fleshy part of the thigh,
 applied commonly to veal; meat rolled to-
 gether, and tied round [fillet
Fillet, fil'it. *v. a.* to bind with a bandage or
Fillip, fil'ip. *v. a.* to strike with the nail of
 the finger by a sudden spring
Fillip, fil'ip. *s.* a jerk of the finger let go from
Filly, fil'lê. *s.* a young mare [the thumb
Film, fil'm. *s.* a thin pellicle or skin
Filmy, fil'mê. *a.* composed of thin pellicles
Filter, fil'tr. *v. a.* to strain, to percolate
Filter, fil'tr. *s.* a strainer, a charm, a leve-
Filth, filth. *s.* dirt, nastiness [potion
Filthily, filth'ê-lê. *ad.* nastily, foully, grossly
Filthiness, filth'ê-nês. *s.* nastiness, dirtiness
 pollution
Filthy, filth'ê. *a.* nasty, foul; polluted
Filtrate, fil'trâte. *v. a.* to strain, to percolate
Filtration, fil-trâ'shûn. *s.* a method by which
 liquors are procured fine and clear [round
Fimbriated, fim'brê-â-têd. *a.* fringed, edged
Fm, flu. *s.* the wing of a fish
Finnable, fin'â-bl. *a.* that admits a fine
Fiaal, fin'âl. *a.* ultimate, last; conclusive

nôr, nô-t—tâbe, tâb, bâl—ôl—pôând—thie, THIS.

- Finally, fî'nâl-ê. *ad.* ultimately
- Finance, fê-nân'sê. *s.* revenue
- Financial, fê-nân'shâl. *a.* relative to finance
- Financier, fîn-nân-sêér'. *s.* one who collects or farms the publick revenue
- Find, fînd. *v. a.* to obtain by searching or seeking; to meet with; to discover; to detect; to supply, to furnish
- Fine, fîne. *a.* refined, pure; subtle; pellucid; delicate; dexterous; elegant; accomplished; splendid [end, conclusion]
- Fine, fîne. *s.* a mulct; penalty; forfeit; the
- Fine, fîne. *v. a.* to refine, to purify; to punish with pecuniary penalty
- Fine, fîne. *v. n.* to pay a fine [keenly]
- Finely, fîne'lê. *ad.* beautifully, elegantly;
- Fineness, fîne'nês. *s.* elegance, delicacy; show, splendour; purity [pearance]
- Finery, fî'nôr-ê. *s.* show, splendour of appearance
- Finesse, fê-nês'. *s.* artifice, stratagem
- Finer, fî'nâr. *s.* one who purifies metals
- Fine-spoken, fîne'spô-kn. *a.* affectedly polite
- Finger, fîng'gâr. *s.* a flexible member of the hand; a small measure of extension
- Finger, fîng'gâr. *v. a.* to touch lightly; to touch an instrument of music
- Finish, fîn'ê-kâl. *a.* nice, foppish
- Fimically, fîn'ê-kâl-ê. *ad.* foppishly
- Fimicalness, fîn'ê-kâl-nês. *s.* superfluous nicety
- Finish, fîn'îsh. *v. a.* to perfect, to complete
- Finisher, fîn'îsh-âr. *s.* one that finishes
- Finite, fînite. *a.* limited, bounded
- Finiteless, fînite-lês. *a.* without bounds, unlimited [a certain degree]
- Finately, fînite-lê. *ad.* with certain limits, to
- Finiteness, fînite-nês. *s.* limitation
- Finless, fîn'lês. *a.* without fins
- Finlike, fîn'lîke. *a.* formed in imitation of fins
- Finny, fîn'ê. *a.* furnished with fins [made]
- Fir, fêr. *s.* the tree of which deal-boards are
- Fire, fîre. *s.* the element that burns; any thing burning; the punishment of the damned; any thing that inflames the passions: ardour of temper; liveliness of imagination, spirit of sentiment; the passion of love [inflame the passions, to animate]
- Fire, fîre. *v. a.* to set on fire, to kindle; to
- Fire, fîre. *v. n.* to take fire, to be kindled; to be inflamed with passion; to discharge any fire-arms
- Fire-arms, fîre'ârmz. *s.* guns, muskets
- Firebrand, fîre'brând. *s.* a piece of wood kindled; an incendiary
- Firelock, fîre'lôk. *s.* a soldier's gun
- Fireman, fîre'mân. *s.* one who is employed to extinguish burning houses [rying fire]
- Firepan, fîre'pân. *s.* a pan for holding or carrying
- Fireship, fîre'shîp. *s.* a ship filled with combustible matter to fire the vessels of the enemy
- Fireshovel, fîre'shûv-vl. *s.* the instrument with which the hot coals are thrown
- Fire-side, fîre-slîd's. *s.* the hearth, the chimney
- Firestone, fîre'stône. *s.* stone that will bear the fire, the pyrites
- Firewood, fîre'wûd. *s.* wood to burn, fuel
- Firing, fîr'îng. *s.* fuel [gallons]
- Firkin, fîr'kîn. *s.* a vessel containing nine
- Firm, fêrn. *a.* strong; constant, resolute, unshaken; the name or names under which any house of trade is established
- Firmament, fêr'mâ-mênt. *s.* the sky, the heavens [the upper regions]
- Firmamental, fêr-mâ-mên'tâl. *a.* celestial of
- Firmly, fêrn'lê. *ad.* strongly; immovably
- Firmness, fêrn'nês. *s.* stability; steadiness, resolution [in time; highest in dignity]
- First, fîrst. *a.* the ordinal of one; earliest
- First, fîrst. *ad.* earliest; before any other consideration; at the beginning
- First-fruits, fîrst'frûd's. *s.* what the season first produces or matures of any kind
- Firstling, fîrst'lîng. *s.* the first produce
- Fiscal, fîs'kâl. *s.* exchequer, revenue [water]
- Fish, fîsh. *s.* an animal that inhabits the
- Fish, fîsh. *v. n.* to be employed in catching fish; to endeavour at any thing by artifice
- Fish, fîsh. *v. a.* to search water in quest of fish
- Fisher, fîsh'ûr. } *s.* one whose employment is to catch fish [fish]
- Fisherman, fîsh'ûr-mân. }
- Fishery, fîsh'ûr-ê. *s.* the business of catching
- Fishify, fîsh'ê-fl. *v. a.* to turn to fish
- Fishing, fîsh'îng. *v.* the art of taking fish
- Fishmeal, fîsh'mêle. *s.* diet of fish
- Fishmonger, fîsh mông-gâr. *s.* a dealer in fish
- Fishy, fîsh'ê. *a.* consisting of fish
- Fissure, fîs'sûre. *s.* a cleft, a narrow chasm
- Fist, fîst. *s.* the hand clenched

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât- mè, mêt—plne. pln—nò, mòve,

Fisticuffs , fîs'tè-kûfs. <i>s.</i> battle with the fist	Flagration , flâ-grâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> burning
Fistula , fîs'tiû-lâ. <i>s.</i> a sinuous ulcer callous with.	Flail , flâle. <i>s.</i> a threshing instrument
Fistular , fîs'tshû-lâr. <i>a.</i> hollow like a pipe	Flake , flâle. <i>s.</i> any thing that appears loosely held together; a stratum, layer
Fistulous , fîs'tshû-lûs. <i>a.</i> having the nature of a fistula [temper; disorder	Flaky , flâ'ké. <i>a.</i> loosely hanging together; broken into laminae
Fit , fît. <i>s.</i> a paroxysm of any intermittent dis-	Flam , flâm. <i>s.</i> a falsehood, a lie
Fit , fît. <i>a.</i> qualified, proper; right	Flambeau , flân'bô. <i>s.</i> a lighted torch
Fit , fît. <i>v. a.</i> to suit; to accommodate; to be adapted to	Flame , flâme. <i>s.</i> light emitted from fire; ardour of temper or imagination; ardour of inclination; passion of love
Fitch , fîsh. <i>s.</i> a small kind of wild pea	Flame , flâme. <i>v. n.</i> to shine as fire; to blaze; to break out in violence of passion
Fitful , fî'sfûl. <i>a.</i> varied by paroxysms	Flammability , flâm-mâ-bl'è-té. <i>s.</i> the quality of admitting to be set on fire [on flame
Fitly , fî'lè. <i>ad.</i> properly, justly [sonableness	Flammation , flâm-mâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of setting
Fitness , fî'nès. <i>s.</i> propriety, meetness, rea-	Flammeous , flâm'mè-ûs. <i>a.</i> consisting of flame
Five , fîve. <i>a.</i> four and one	Flamy , flâ'mè. <i>a.</i> inflamed, burning
Fives , flîvz. <i>s.</i> a kind of play with a ball	Flank , flânk. <i>s.</i> the side; part of a bastion
Fix , fîks. <i>v. a.</i> to make fast; to settle	Flank , flânk. <i>v. a.</i> to attack the side of a bat-talion or fleet
Fix , fîks. <i>v. n.</i> to determine the resolution; to rest; to lose volatility	Flannel , flân'nèl. <i>s.</i> a soft nappy stuff of wool
Fixation , fîk-sâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> stability, firmness; reduction from fluidity to firmness	Flap , flâp. <i>s.</i> any thing that hangs broad and loose; the motion of any thing broad and loose; a disease in horses
Fixedly , fîk'sèd-lè. <i>ad.</i> certainly, firmly	Flap , flâp. <i>v. a.</i> to beat or move with a flap
Fixedness , fîk'sèd-nès. <i>s.</i> stability; steadiness	Flap , flâp. <i>v. n.</i> to ply the wings with noise, to fall with flaps
Fixidity , fîk-sîd'è-té. } <i>s.</i> coherence of parts	Flapdragon , flâp'drâg-ûn. <i>s.</i> a play in which they catch raisins out of burning brandy
Fixity , fîk'sè-té. } <i>s.</i> coherence of parts	Flare , flâre. <i>v. n.</i> to flutter with a splendour show; to glitter offensively
Fixture , fîks'tshûre. <i>s.</i> stable state; a piece of furniture fixed to a house	Flash , flâsh. <i>s.</i> a sudden transitory blaze; sudden burst of wit or merriment
Fixure , fîk'shûre. <i>s.</i> firmness, stable state	Flash , flâsh. <i>v. n.</i> to glitter with a quick and transient flame; to burst out into any kind of violence; to break out into wit or merriment [substance
Fizgig , fîz'gîg. <i>s.</i> a kind of dart or harpoon, with which seamen strike fish	Flashy , flâsh'è. <i>a.</i> empty; showy, without
Flabby , flâb'bè. <i>a.</i> soft, not firm	Flask , flâsk. <i>s.</i> a bottle; a powder-horn
Flaccid , flâk'sîd. <i>a.</i> weak, limber; lax	Flasket , flâsk'it. <i>s.</i> a vessel in which viands are served
Flaccidity , flâk-sîd'è-té. <i>s.</i> laxity, limberness	Flat , flât. <i>a.</i> horizontally level; smooth prostrate; insipid; dull; spiritless; down right
Flag , flâg. <i>v. n.</i> to hang loose; to grow spiritless; to lose vigour	Flat , flât. <i>s.</i> a level; even ground; shallow, strand; a mark or character in music
Flag , flâg. <i>v. a.</i> to let fall, to suffer to droop; to lay with broad stones [species of stone	Flat , flât. <i>v. a.</i> to level, to depress, to make vapid
Flag , flâg. <i>s.</i> a water-plant; an ensign; a	Flat , flât. <i>v. n.</i> to grow flat, to become vapid
Flagelet , flâdje'è-lèt. <i>s.</i> a small flute	
Flagellation , flâdje-èl-lâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the use of the scourge	
Flagginess , flâg'gè-nès. <i>s.</i> laxity, limberness	
Flaggy , flâg'gè. <i>a.</i> weak, lax, limber	
Flagitious , flâ-jîsh'ûs. <i>a.</i> wicked, villanous, a trocious [villany	
Flagitiousness , flâ-jîsh'ûs-nès. <i>s.</i> wickedness	
Flagion , flâg'ûn. <i>s.</i> a two-quart measure	
Flagrancy , flâ'grân-sè. <i>s.</i> burning heat, fire	
Flagrant , flâ'grânt. <i>a.</i> ardent, eager; notori-	

nôi, nôi—tâbe, tâb, bali—Ml—pôand—thin, rhis.

Flatly, flât'lê. <i>ad.</i> horizontally; dully; down-right	Fleet, flêét. <i>v. n.</i> to fly swiftly; to be in a transient state
Flatness, flât'nês. <i>s.</i> evenness. level extension;	[time away lightly]
F'atten, flât'tn. <i>v. a.</i> to make level; to de-	Fleet, flêét. <i>v. a.</i> to skim the water; to pass
ject, to dispirit	[to raise false hopes]
Flatter, flât'tûr. <i>v. a.</i> to soothe with praises;	Fleetly, flêét'lê. <i>ad.</i> swiftly, nimbly, with
Flatterer, flât'tûr-râr. <i>s.</i> a fawner, a wheed-	swift pace
ler	[celerity]
Flattery, flât'tûr-ê. <i>s.</i> false praise, artful obse-	Fleetness, flêét'nês. <i>s.</i> swiftness, nimbleness,
Flatrish, flât'tîsh. <i>a.</i> somewhat flat	[vanity]
Flatulency, flâtsh'û-lên-sê. <i>s.</i> windiness;	Flesh, flêsh. <i>s.</i> the body distinguished from
Flatulent, flâtsh'û-lênt. <i>a.</i> turgid with air,	the soul; animal food; animal nature;
windy; puffy	corporeal appetites
Flatuous, flâtsh'û-ûs. <i>a.</i> windy, full of wind	Flesh-colour, flêsh'kûl-ûr. <i>s.</i> the colour of flesh
Flatus, flât'ûs. <i>s.</i> wind gathered in any cavi-	Fleshliness, flêsh-lê-nês. <i>s.</i> carnal passions
ties of the body	or appetites
[in apparel]	[mal]
Flaunt, flânt. <i>v. n.</i> to make a fluttering show	Fleshly, flêsh'lê. <i>a.</i> corporeal; carnal; am-
Flaunt, flânt. <i>s.</i> any thing loose and airy	Fleshmeat, flêsh mête. <i>s.</i> animal food
Flavour, flâ'vûr. <i>s.</i> power of pleasing the	Fleshy, flêsh'ê. <i>a.</i> plump, full of flesh
taste; smell. odour	Flew, flû. <i>pret. of fly</i>
[ate, odorous]	Flexibility, flêks-ê-blî-ê-tê. <i>s.</i> pliancy
Flavourous, flâ'vûr-ûs. <i>a.</i> delightful to the pal-	Flexible, flêks'ê-bl. <i>a.</i> pliant; complying,
Flaw, flâw. <i>s.</i> a crack or breach; a defect	ductile, manageable
Flawless, flâw'lês. <i>a.</i> without cracks, without	Flexibleness, flêks'ê-bl-nês. <i>s.</i> possibility to
defects	be bent; obsequiousness, compliance,
[finest thread is made]	ductility
Flax, flâks. <i>s.</i> the fibrous plant of which the	Flexile, flêk'sîl. <i>a.</i> pliant, easily bent, obse-
Flaxen, flâk'sn. <i>a.</i> made of flax; fair	quious to any power or impulse
Flay, flâ. <i>v. a.</i> to strip off the skin	Flexion, flêk'shûn. <i>s.</i> a bending
Flea, flê. <i>s.</i> a small insect	Flexuous, flêk'shû-ûs. <i>a.</i> winding
Flea, flê. <i>v. a.</i> to clean from fleas	Flexure, flêk'shûre. <i>s.</i> the act of bending,
Fleabitten, flê'blt-tn. <i>a.</i> stung by fleas	the part bent, the joint
Fleak, flêke. <i>s.</i> a small lock, thread, or twist	[wing]
Fleain, flême. <i>s.</i> an instrument used to bleed	Flicker, flîk'ûr. <i>v. a.</i> to flutter, to play the
cattle	Flier, flî'ûr. <i>s.</i> that part of a machine which,
[strokes or touches]	by being put into a more rapid motion
Flecker, flêk'ûr. <i>v. a.</i> to spot, to mark with	than the other parts, equalises and regu-
Fled, flêd. <i>pret. and part. of flee</i>	lates the motion of the rest
Fledge, flêdje. <i>v. a.</i> to furnish with wings, to	Flight, flte. <i>s.</i> the act of flying or running
supply with feathers	from danger; a flock of birds; heat of
Flee, flêê. <i>v. n. pret. fled.</i> to run from danger	imagination
Fleece, flêêse. <i>s.</i> as much wool as is shorn	Flighty, flî'tê. <i>a.</i> fleeting, swift; wild
from one sheep	Flimsy, flîm'zê. <i>a.</i> weak, feeble; mean
Fleece, flêêse. <i>v. a.</i> to clip the fleece of a	Flinch, flînsh. <i>v. n.</i> to shrink from any suffer-
sheep; to strip, to plunder	ing or undertaking
Fleeced, flêêst. <i>a.</i> having fleeces of wool	[in any matter]
Fleecy, flêê'sê. <i>a.</i> covered with wool	Flincher, flînsh'ûr. <i>s.</i> he who shrinks or fails
Fleer, flêêr. <i>v. n.</i> to mock, to gibe; to grin	Fling, flîng. <i>v. a. pret. flung; part. flung.</i> or
Fleer, flêêr. <i>s.</i> mockery; a deceitful grin of	flang. to cast from the hand, to throw; to
envy	dart
Fleet, flêét. <i>s.</i> a company of ships, a navy	[grow unruly]
Fleet, flêét. <i>c.</i> swift, urbane, active	Fling, flîng. <i>v. n.</i> to flounce, to wince; to
	Fling, flîng. <i>s.</i> a throw, a cast: a gibe, a
	contemptuous remark
	Flint, flînt. <i>s.</i> a kind of stone used in fire-
	locks; any thing proverbially hard
	Flinty, flînt'ê. <i>a.</i> made of flint: meteoric

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—nê, mèt—fine, pln—nò, mòve,

- Flip, flíp. s.** a liquor made by mixing beer with spirits and sugar [quacity]
- Flippancy, flíp'pân-sê. s.** talkativeness, loquacity
- Flippant, flíp'pânt. a.** nimble; pert; talkative
- Flippantly, flíp'pânt-lê. ad.** in a flowing, prating way [quick elastic motion]
- Flirt, flûrt. v. a.** to throw any thing with a dexterity
- Flirt, flûrt. v. n.** to jeer
- Ylirt, flûrt. s.** a quick elastic motion; a sudden trick; a pert hussy [tion; coquetry]
- Flirtation, flûr-tâ'shân. s.** a quick sprightly motion
- Flit, flît. v. n.** to fly away; to flutter [cured]
- Flitch, flîsh. s.** the side of a hog salted and cured
- Flitting, flît'ing. s.** an offence, a fault
- Flix, flîks. s.** down, fur, soft hair [the water]
- Float, flôte. v. n.** to swim on the surface of the water
- Float, flôte. s.** any body so contrived as to swim on the water; the cork or quill by which the angler discovers the bite
- Flock, flòk. s.** a company of birds or beasts
- Flock, flòk. v. n.** to gather in crowds or large numbers
- Flog, flòg. v. a.** to lash, to whip [numbers]
- Flood, flòd. s.** a body of water; a deluge, an inundation; flow [waters]
- Flood, flòd. v. a.** to deluge, to cover with water
- Floodgate, flòd'gâte. s.** a gate by which the watercourse is closed or opened at pleasure
- Flook, flòók. s.** the broad part of an anchor
- Floor, flòre. s.** the pavement; a story, a flight of rooms [a floor]
- Floor, flòre. v. a.** to cover the bottom with pavement
- Flooring, flò'ring. s.** bottom, floor [ers]
- Floral, flò'râl. a.** relating to Flora, or to flowers
- Floret, flò'rêt. s.** a small imperfect flower
- Florid, flò'rid. a.** flushed with red; embellished, splendid
- Floridity, flò-rîd'è-tê. s.** freshness of colour
- Floridness, flò-rîd'nês. s.** freshness of colour; embellishment [flowers]
- Floriferous, flò-rîf'è-rûs. a.** productive of flowers
- Florin, flò'rin. s.** a coin first made by the Florentines
- Florist, flò'rîst. s.** a cultivator of flowers
- Flosculous, flòs'kû-lûs. a.** composed of flowers
- Flounce, flòânse. v. n.** to move with violence in the water or mire; to move with passionate agitation
- Flounce, flòânse. s.** any thing sewed to the garment, and hanging loose, so as to swell and shake; a furbelow
- Flounder, flòân'dûr. s.** a small flat fish
- Flounder, flòân'dûr. v. n.** to struggle with violent and irregular motions
- Flour, flòur. s.** the edible part of corn, or any grain reducible to powder
- Flourish, flûr'ish. v. n.** to be in vigour; not to fade; to use florid language; to boast; to play some prelude
- Flourish, flûr'ish. v. a.** to adorn with vegetable beauty; to adorn with figures, needlework; to move any thing in quick circles or vibrations; to adorn with embellishments of language
- Flourish, flûr'ish. s.** bravery, beauty; an ostentatious embellishment
- Flout, flòut. v. a.** to mock, to insult
- Flout, flòut. v. n.** to practise mockery, to behave with contempt
- Flout, flòut. s.** a mock, an insult
- Flow, flò. v. n.** to run or spread as water, to melt; to issue; to glide smoothly; to hang loose and waving
- Flow, flò. s.** the rise of water; a sudden plenty or abundance; a stream of diction
- Flower, flòû'ur. s.** the blossom of a plant; an ornament; the prime part
- Flower, flòû'ur. v. n.** to be in flower; to be in the prime, to flourish; to mantle
- Flower, flòû'ur. v. a.** to a torn with fictitious or imitated flowers
- Floweret, flòû'ur-êt. s.** a small flower
- Flowery, flòû'ur-ê. a.** full of flowers, adorned with flowers real or fictitious
- Flowingly, flò'ing-lê. ad.** with volubility, with abundance [escaped]
- Flown, flòne. part. of Fly or Flee.** gone away
- Fluctuant, flûk'tshû-ânt. a.** wavering, uncertain
- Fluctuate, flûk'tshû-âte. v. n.** to float backward and forward; to be in an uncertain state, to be irresolute [indetermination]
- Fluctuation, flûk'tshû-â'shân. s.** uncertainty
- Flue, flû. s.** a small pipe or chimney to convey air; soft down or fur
- Fluency, flû'ên-sê. s.** the quality of flowing, smoothness, copiousness, volubility [table]
- Fluent, flû'ênt. a.** liquid, flowing; copious, volubility
- Fluid, flû'id. a.** having parts easily separable, not solid [that flows]
- Fluid, flû'id. s.** an animal juice: any thing

nôr, nôr—tâbe, tâb, báll—ôl—pôund—thin, THIS

- Fluidity, flû-lî-ê-té. *s.* the quality in bodies opposite to solidity
- Flummery, flûm'ûr-ê. *s.* a kind of food made by coagulation of wheat-flour or oatmeal
- Flung, flâng. *part.* and *pret.* of *fling*
- Fluor, flû'ôr. *s.* a fluid state; catamenia
- Flurry, flûr'rê. *s.* a hasty blast; hurry
- Flush, flûsh. *v. n.* to flow with violence; to come in haste [elate]
- Flush, flûsh. *v. a.* to colour, or redden; to flush, flûsh. *a.* fresh, full of vigour; abounding [cards] all of a sort
- Flush, flûsh. *s.* sudden impulse, violent flow;
- Fluster, flûs tûr. *v. a.* to make hot and rosy with drinking
- Flute, flûte. *s.* a musical pipe; a channel or furrow in a pillar
- Flute, flûte. *v. a.* to cut columns into hollows
- Flutter, flût'ûr. *v. n.* to take short flights with great agitation of the wings; to move irregularly [hurry the mind]
- Flutter, flût'ûr. *v. a.* to drive in disorder; to flutter, flût'ûr. *s.* disorder of mind, confusion
- Flux, flûks. *s.* the act of flowing; dysentery
- Flux, flûks. *v. a.* to melt, to salivate, to evacuate by spitting [matter that flows]
- Fluxion, flûk'shûn. *s.* the act of flowing, the
- Fly, flî. *v. n. pret. flew or fled; part. fled or flown.* to move with wings; to pass through the air; to pass away; to burst asunder; to run away [quit by flight]
- Fly, flî. *v. a.* to shun, to avoid, to decline; to fly, flî. *s.* a small winged insect; that part of a machine which, being put into a quick motion, regulates the rest [with maggots]
- Flyblow, flî'bid. *v. a.* to taint with flies, to fill
- Foal, fôle. *s.* the offspring of a mare, or other beast of burden
- Foal, fôle. *v. a.* to bring forth a foal
- Foam, fôme. *s.* the white substance which gathers on the top of liquors, froth, spume
- Foam, fôme. *v. n.* to froth, to gather foam; to be in rage
- Foamy, fô'mê. *a.* covered with foam, frothy
- Fob, fôb. *s.* a small pocket
- Fob, fôb. *v. a.* to cheat, to trick, to defraud
- Focus, fô'kûs. *s.* the point where the rays are collected by a burning glass
- Fodder, fôd'dûr. *s.* dry food for cattle
- Fodder, fôd'dûr. *v. a.* to feed with dry food
- Foe, fô. *s.* an enemy in war; an opponent
- Fœtus, fê'tûs. *s.* the child in the womb after it is perfectly formed
- Fog, fôg. *s.* a thick mist; aftergrass [ily]
- Foggily, fôg'gê-lê. *ad.* mistily, darkly, cloud-
- Fogginess, fôg'gê-nês. *s.* the state of being dark or misty, mistiness
- Foggy, fôg'gê. *a.* misty, cloudy
- Foh, fôh! *int.* an interjection of abhorrence
- Foible, fô'é-bl. *s.* a weak side, a blind side
- Foil, fôil. *v. a.* too put to the worst, to defeat
- Foil, fôil. *s.* a defeat; something of another colour near which jewels are set to raise their lustre; a blunt sword used in fencing
- Foist, fôist. *v. a.* to insert by forgery
- Fold, fôld. *s.* a pen for sheep
- Fold, fôld. *v. a.* to shut sheep in the fold; to double, to complicate [minæ or leaves]
- Foliaceous, fô-lê-â'shûs. *a.* consisting of la-
- Foliage, fô'lê-âdje. *s.* leaves, tufts of leaves
- Foliate, fô'lê-âte. *v. a.* to beat into laminæ or leaves
- Foliation, fô-lê-â'shûn. *s.* the act of beating into thin leaves; the flower of a plant
- Folio, fô'lê-ô. *s.* a large book, of which the pages are formed by a sheet of paper once doubled
- Folk, fôke. *s.* people; nations, mankind
- Follow, fôl'ô. *v. a.* to go after; to attend as a dependant; to pursue; to be consequential; to imitate
- Follower, fôl'ô-ûr. *s.* one who comes after another; a dependant; an associate; an imitator
- Folly, fôl'lê. *s.* want of understanding; criminal weakness, depravity of mind
- Foment, fô-mên't. *v. a.* to cherish with heat; to bathe with warm lotions; to encourage
- Fomentation, fô-mên-tâ'shûn. *s.* a lotion prepared to foment the parts [supporter]
- Fomentor, fô-mên'tûr. *s.* an encourager, a
- Fond, fônd. *a.* foolish, silly; foolishly tender [gence]
- Fondle, fôn'dl. *v. a.* to treat with great indul-
- Fondler, fôn'dl-ûr. *s.* one who fondles
- Fondling, fôn'dl-ing. *s.* one regarded with great affection [tenderness]
- Fondly, fôn'd'lê. *ad.* foolishly; with extreme
- Fondness, fôn'd'nês. *s.* foolishness, weakness unreasonable liking

Fåte, får, fäll, fät—mé, mêt—pine, pln—nò, môve,

- Fant**, fânt. *s.* a baptismal vessel
- Food**, född. *s.* victuals, provisions
- Foodful**, född'fål. *a.* fruitful, full of food
- Fool**, födl. *s.* an idiot; a buffoon
- Fool**, födl. *v. n.* to trifle, to play
- Fool**, födl. *v. a.* to treat with contempt; to misadvise [practice]
- Foolery**, födl'är-é. *s.* habitual folly; trifling
- Foolhardiness**, födl-hår'dè-nès. *s.* mad rashness [ous]
- Foolhardy**, födl-hår'dè. *a.* madly adventurous
- Foolish**, födl'isn. *a.* void of understanding; weak of intellect [understanding]
- Foolishly**, födl'ish-lè. *ad.* weakly, without understanding
- Foolishness**, födl'ish-nès. *s.* folly, want of understanding
- Foot**, fût. *plur. Feet.* the part upon which we stand; the base; infantry; a certain number of syllables constituting a distinct part of a verse; a measure containing twelve inches
- Foot**, fût. *v. n.* to dance, to trip; to walk
- Foot**, fût. *v. a.* to spurn, to kick; to tread
- Football**, fût'båll. *s.* a ball driven by the foot
- Footboy**, fût'bøé. *s.* a low menial, an attendant in livery
- Footing**, fût'ing. *s.* ground for the foot; foundation, support; entrance, beginning; state, condition, settlement [livery]
- Footman**, fût'mån. *s.* a low menial servant in livery
- Footpad**, fût'påd. *s.* one that robs on foot
- Footpath**, fût'påth. *s.* a narrow way which will not admit horses [left by the foot]
- Footstep**, fût'stèp. *s.* trace, tract, impression
- Footstool**, fût'stødl. *s.* stool on which he that sits places his feet
- Pop**, föp. *s.* a coxcomb, one fond of dress
- Poppery**, föp'är-è. *s.* folly, impertinence; affectation of show or importance
- Foppish**, föp'plsh. *a.* foolish, idle, vain
- Foppishly**, föp'plsh-lè. *ad.* vainly, ostentatiously [vanity]
- Foppishness**, föp'plsh-nès. *s.* vanity, showy
- For**, för. *prep.* because of; with respect to, considered as, in the place of; for the sake of; in comparative respect
- For**, för. *conj.* because, on this account, for as much, in regard that, in consideration of
- Forage**, för'åje. *v. n.* to wander in search of provisions; to ravage, to feed on spoil
- Forage**, för'åje. *v. a.* to plunder, to strip
- Forage**, för'åje. *s.* search of provisions, the act of feeding abroad
- Forbear**, för-båre'. *v. n. pret. forbore, part. forborn.* to cease from any thing, to intermit; to pause, to delay; to omit voluntarily; to abstain, to restrain any violence of temper, to be patient
- Forbear**, för-båre'. *v. a.* to decline, to omit voluntarily; to spare, to treat with clemency; to withhold
- Forbearance**, för-båre'ånse. *s.* command of temper; lenity, delay of punishment, mildness
- Forbid**, för-blid'. *v. a. pret. forbade, part. forbidden or forbid.* to prohibit; to oppose, to hinder [horrence]
- Forbidding**, för-blid'ing. *part. a.* raising ab
- Force**, förse. *s.* strength, vigour, might; violence; efficacy; validness; armament warlike preparation; destiny, fatal compulsion
- Force**, förse. *v. a.* to compel, to constrain; to overpower; to impel; to enforce; to drive by violence or power; to storm, to take or enter by violence; to ravish, to extort [edly]
- Forcedly**, för'sèd-lè. *ad.* violently, constrain
- Forceful**, förse'fål. *a.* violent, strong, impetuous [uously]
- Forcefully**, förse'fål-lè. *ad.* violently, impetuously
- Forceless**, förse'lès. *a.* without force, feeble
- Forceps**, för'sèps. *s.* an instrument in chirurgery to extract any thing out of wounds
- Forcer**, förse'sür. *s.* that which forces, drives, or constrains
- Forcible**, förse'sè-bl. *a.* strong; violent; efficacious; prevalent; valid
- Forcibleness**, förse'sè-bl-nès. *s.* force, violence
- Forcibly**, förse'sè-blè. *ad.* strongly; impetuously; by force
- Ford**, förd. *s.* a shallow part of a river
- Ford**, förd. *v. a.* to pass without swimming
- Fordable**, förd'å-bl. *a.* passable without
- Fore**, förè. *a.* anterior [swimming]
- Forearm**, förè-årm'. *v. a.* to provide for an attack or resistance before the time of need [to foretell]
- Forebode**, förè-bødè'. *v. n.* to prognosticate,
- Forecast**, förè-kåst'. *v. a.* to scheme; to contrive

nôr, nôt—tûbe, tûb, bûll—dîl—pôund—thin, rnis.

- Forecast**, fôre-kâst'. *v. n.* to form schemes, to contrive beforehand
- Forecast**, fôre'kâst. *s.* contrivance beforehand
- Forecastle**, fôre'kâs-sl. *s.* part in a ship where the foremast stands
- Forecited**, fôre-sl'têd. *part.* quoted before
- Foreclose**, fôre-klôze'. *v. a.* to shut up, to preclude
- Fôredo**, fôre-dâ'ô'. *v. a.* to ruin; to harass
- Forefather**, fôre-fâ'ruâr. *s.* ancestor
- Forefend**, fôre-fênd'. *v. a.* to avert
- Forego**, fôre-gô'. *v. a.* to quit, to give up
- Foreground**, fôre'grôund. *s.* the part of the field or expanse of a picture before the figures
- Forehand**, fôre'hând. *s.* a thing done too soon
- Forehead**, fôr'hêd. *s.* that part of the face which reaches from the eyes upwards to the hair; impudence
- Foreign**, fôr'în. *a.* not domestick; alien
- Foreigner**, fôr'în-âr. *s.* a man that comes from another country [hand]
- Forejudge**, fôre-jûdje'. *v. a.* to judge before
- Foreknow**, fôre-nô'. *v. a.* to have prescience of, to foresee
- Foreknowledge**, fôre-nô'l'dje. *s.* prescience, knowledge of that which has not yet happened [land]
- Foreland**, fôre'lând. *s.* a promontory, head
- Forelay**, fôre-lâ'. *v. a.* to lay wait for, to entrap [from the forepart of the head]
- Forelock**, fôre'lôk. *s.* the hair that grows
- Foreman**, fôre'mân. *s.* the chief person on a jury; the first servant in a shop
- Forementioned**, fôre-mên'shând. *a.* mentioned or recited before
- Foremost**, fôre'môst. *a.* first in place [fore]
- Forenamed**, fôre-nâm'd'. *a.* nominated before
- Forenoon**, fôre'nôdn. *s.* the time of day before noon [ate, to preordain]
- Foreordain**, fôre-ôr-dâne'. *v. a.* to predestinate
- Forerank**, fôre-rângk. *s.* first rank, front
- Forerecited**, fôre-rê-sl'têd. *a.* mentioned before
- Forerun**, fôre-rûn'. *v. a.* to precede [fore]
- Forerunner**, fôre-rûn'nâr. *s.* a messenger sent before; a prognostick
- For'say**, fôre-sâ'. *v. a.* to predict
- For'see**, fôre-sêé'. *v. a.* to see before hand
- Foreship**, fôre'ship. *s.* the anterior part of the ship
- Foreshorten**, fôre-shôr'tn. *v. a.* to shorten the forepart [fore it comes]
- Foreshow**, fôre-shô'. *v. a.* to represent before
- Foresight**, fôre'sîte. *s.* foreknowledge
- Foreskin**, fôre'skîn. *s.* the prepuce
- Forest**, fôr'rêst. *s.* a wild uncultivated tract of ground, with wood
- Forestall**, fôre-stâwl'. *v. a.* to anticipate, to take up before hand [pates the market]
- Forestaller**, fôre-stâwl'âr. *s.* one that anticipates
- Forester**, fôr'rês-târ. *s.* an officer of the forest
- Foretaste**, fôre-tâste'. *v. a.* to have antepast of
- Foretaste**, fôre'tâste. *s.* anticipation of
- Foretell**, fôre-têl'. *v. a.* to predict, to prophesy
- Foreteller**, fôre-têl'lâr. *s.* predictor
- Forethink**, fôre-thînk'. *v. a.* to anticipate in the mind [ticipation; provident care]
- Forethought**, fôre-thâwt. *s.* prescience, anticipation
- Foretoken**, fôre-tô'kn. *v. a.* to foreshow, to prognosticate [prognostick]
- Foretoken**, fôre-tô'kn. *s.* prevention sign, sign
- Foretop**, fôre'tôp. *s.* the front of a peruke, &c.
- Forewarn**, fôre-wâr'n'. *v. a.* to admonish beforehand; to caution [hand]
- Forewish**, fôre-wîsh'. *v. a.* to desire before
- Forfeit**, fôr'fît. *s.* something lost by the commission of a crime, a fine
- Forfeit**, fôr-ft. *v. a.* to lose by some offence or breach of condition [ienated]
- Forfeit**, fôr'fît. *a.* liable to penal seizure, al
- Forfeitable**, fôr'fît-â-bl. *a.* possessed on conditions [ing; the thing forfeited]
- Forfeiture**, fôr'fît-yûre. *s.* the act of forfeiting
- Forge**, fôrje. *s.* the place where iron is beaten into form [to counterfeit, to falsify]
- Forge**, fôrje. *v. a.* to form by the hammer;
- Forger**, fôre'jar. *s.* one who makes or forms; one who counterfeits [tion; smith's work]
- Forgery**, fôre'jar-ê. *s.* the crime of falsification
- Forget**, fôr-gêt'. *v. a. pret. forgot; part. forgotten* or *forgot*. to lose memory of
- Forgetful**, fôr-gêt'fûl. *a.* oblivious, negligent
- Forgetfulness**, fôr-gêt'fûl-nês. *s.* oblivion, loss of memory
- Forgive**, fôr-glv'. *v. a. pret. forgave, part. pass. forgiven.* to pardon; to remit
- Forgiveness**, fôr-glv'nês. *s.* the act of forgiving, pardon
- Forgot**, fôr-gôt'. } *part. pass. of forge*
- Forgotten**, fôr-gôt'm. } not remembered

Fåte, får, fäll, fät—iné, mêt—pline, pln—nò, môve,

- Fork, fôr-k.** *s.* an instrument divided at the end into two or more points or prongs
- Fork, fôr-k.** *v. n.* to shoot into blades
- Forked, fôr'kêd.** }
Forky, fôr'ké. } *a.* opening into two parts
- Forsörn, fôr-lörn.** *a.* deserted, forsaken
- Forsornness, fôr-lörn'nês.** *s.* misery, solitude
- Form, fôr-m.** *s.* shape; beauty; ceremony; external appearance; stated method; a long seat; a class; the bed of a hare
- Form, fôr-m.** *v. a.* to make; to model; to plan
- Formal, fôr'mål.** *a.* ceremonious; regular, external [pearance to reality]
- Formalist, fôr'mål-ist.** *s.* one who prefers ap-
- Formality, fôr-mål'è-té.** *s.* ceremony
- Formalize, fôr'mål-ize.** *v. a.* to model; to affect formality
- Formally, fôr'mål-lé.** *ad.* according to established rules; ceremoniously
- Formation, fôr-må'shûn.** *s.* the act of forming; the manner in which a thing is formed
- Formative, fôr'må-tiv.** *a.* having the power of giving form, plastic [past]
- Former, fôr'mår.** *a.* before another in time;
- Formerly, fôr'mår-lé.** *ad.* in times past [ful]
- Formidable, fôr'mé-då-bl.** *a.* terrible, dread-
- Formidably, fôr'mé-då-blé.** *ad.* in a terrible
- Formless, fôr'm'lês.** *a.* shapeless [manner]
- Formula, fôr'mû-iå.** *s.* a prescribed form
- Formulary, fôr'mû-lår-é.** *s.* a book containing prescribed models [ness]
- Fornicate, fôr'né-kåte.** *v. n.* to commit lewd-
- Fornication, fôr'né-kå'shûn.** *s.* concubinage or commerce with an unmarried woman
- Fornicator, fôr'né-kå-tår.** *v.* one that has commerce with unmarried women
- Fornicatress, fôr'né-kå-três.** *s.* a woman who, without marriage, cohabits with a man
- Forsake, fôr-såke.** *v. a. pret. forsook; part. pass. forsook or forsaken.* to leave; to desert, to fail [forsakes]
- Forsaker, fôr-så'kår.** *s.* a deserter, one that
- Forsooth, fôr-sòðth.** *ad.* in truth, certainly
- Forswear, fôr-swåre.** *v. a. pret. forswore; part. forsworn.* to renounce upon oath; to be perjured [commit perjury]
- Forswear, fôr-swåre.** *v. n.* to swear falsely, to
- Fort, fôr-t.** *s.* a fortified house, a castle [end]
- Forth, fôrth.** *ad.* forward; on to the
- Forth, fôrth.** *prep.* out of
- Forthcoming, fôrth-kûm'ing.** *a.* ready to appear, not absconding
- Forthright, fôrth-rite.** *ad.* straight forward
- Forthwith, fôrth-with.** *ad.* immediately
- Fortieth, fôr'té-éth.** *a.* the fourth tenth
- Fortification, fôr-té-sé-kå'shûn.** *s.* a place built for strength [attacks]; to confirm
- Fortify, fôr'té-fl.** *v. a.* to strengthen against
- Fortitude, fôr'té-tûde.** *s.* courage, magnanimity
- Fortnight, fôr'nîte.** *s.* the space of two weeks
- Fortress, fôr'três.** *s.* a strong hold
- Fortuitous, fôr-tû'è-tûs.** *a.* accidental, casual
- Fortunate, fôr-tshû-nåte.** *a.* lucky, successful
- Fortunately, fôr'tshû-nåte-lé.** *ad.* happily, successfully
- Fortune, fôr'tshûne.** *s.* chance; means of living; event; estate; the portion of a man or woman
- Fortune, fôr'tshûne.** *v. n.* to befall, to happen
- Fortunehunter, fôr'tshûn-hûn-tår.** *s.* a man who seeks for a woman with a fortune
- Fortuneteller, fôr'tshûn-têl-lår.** *s.* one who pretends to the knowledge of futurity
- Forty, fôr'té.** *a.* four times ten
- Forum, fôr'rum.** *s.* a market; any public place
- Forward, fôr'wård.** *ad.* towards, onward
- Forward, fôr'wård.** *a.* warm, earnest; ardent, eager; confident; early, ripe
- Forward, fôr'wård.** *v. a.* to hasten; to advance
- Forwarder, fôr'wår-dår.** *s.* he who promotes any thing
- Forwardly, fôr'wård-lé.** *ad.* eagerly, hastily
- Forwardness, fôr'wård-nês.** *s.* quickness, earliness; confidence [progressively]
- Forwards, fôr'wårdz.** *ad.* straight before,
- Fosse, fôs.** *s.* a ditch, a moat
- Fossil, fôs'sil.** *a.* dug out of the earth
- Fossil, fôs'sil.** *s.* that which is dug out of the bowels of the earth [to cherish]
- Foster, fôs'tår.** *v. a.* to nurse; to encourage,
- Fosterage, fôs'tår-îdje.** *s.* the charge of nursing [by a woman not the mother]
- Fosterchild, fôs'tår-tshild.** *s.* a child nursed
- Fought, fåwt.** *pret. and part. of fight*
- Foul, fôul.** *a.* not clean, filthy; wicked gross; stormy
- Foul, fôul.** *v. a.* to daub, to bemire
- Foulface, fôul'fåste.** *a.* having an ugly or hateful visage

Foully, fôul'é. *ad.* filthily, nastily
 Foulmouthed, fôul'môuth. *a.* habituated to the use of opprobrious terms
 Foulness, fôul'nês. *s.* filthiness; pollution
 Found, fôund. *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *find*
 Found, fôund. *v. a.* to lay the basis of any building; to establish [pouring into moulds
 Found, fôund. *v. a.* to form by melting and
 Foundation, fôun-dâ'shân. *s.* the basis or lower part of an edifice; original; establishment
 Founder, fôun'dâr. *s.* a builder; one from whom any thing has its original; a caster
 Founder, fôun'dâr. *v. a.* to make lame
 Founder, fôun'dâr. *v. n.* to sink; to fail
 Foundling, fôund'ling. *s.* a child found without any parent or owner
 Foundress, fôu'r'drês. *s.* a woman that founds, builds, or establishes any thing
 Foundry, fôun'trê. *s.* a casting-house
 Fount, fôunt. } *s.* a well, a spring; a spout of water; original
 Fountain, fôun'tîn. }
 Four, fôre. *a.* twice two
 Fourbe, fôrb. *s.* a cheat, a tricking fellow
 Fourfold, fôre'fôld. *a.* four times told
 Fourfooted, fôre'fût-êd. *a.* quadruped
 Fourscore, fôre'skôre. *a.* eighty
 Four-square, fôre'skwâre. *a.* quadrangular
 Fourteen, fôre'têen. *a.* four and ten [teen
 Fourteenth, fôre'têenth. *a.* the ordinal of four
 Fourth, fôrth. *a.* the ordinal of four
 Fourthly, fôrth'lê. *ad.* in the fourth place
 Fourwheeled, fôre'whêeld. *a.* running upon four wheels
 Fowl, fôul. *s.* a winged animal, a bird
 Fowl, fôul. *v. v.* to kill birds for food or game
 Fowler, fôul'âr. *s.* a sportsman who pursues birds [birds
 Fo lingpiece, fôul'ing-pêese. *s.* a gun for Fox, fôks. *s.* a wild animal of the chase; a Foxcase, fôks'kâse. *s.* a fox's skin [kuave
 Foxchase, fôks'tshâse. *s.* the pursuit of the fox with hounds [ing foxes
 Foxhunter, fôks'hânt-âr. *s.* one fond of hunting
 Foxtrap, fôks'trâpt. *s.* a snare to catch foxes
 Fract, frâkt. *v. a.* to break, to violate
 Fraction, frâk'shân. *s.* the act of breaking, the state of being broken; a broken part of an integral

Fractional, frâk'shân-âl. *a.* belonging to a broken number [bone
 Fracture, frâk'tshûre. *s.* the breaking of a bone
 Fracture, frâk'tshûre. *v. a.* to break a bone
 Fragile, frâdj'ill. *a.* brittle, easily snapped
 Fragility, frâ-jill'é-tê. *s.* brittleness; frailty
 Fragment, frâg'ment. *s.* an imperfect piece
 Fragmentary, frâg'mên-târ-ê. *a.* composed of fragments
 Fragrance, frâ'grânse. } *s.* sweetness of
 Fragrancy, frâ'grân-sê. } smell, pleasing scent
 Fragrant, frâ'grânt. *a.* odorous [ductiôn
 Frail, frâle. *a.* weak; liable to error or se-
 Frailty, frâle'tê. *s.* weakness of resolution, instability of mind
 Fraise, frâze. *s.* pancake with bacon in it
 Frame, frâme. *v. a.* to form; to make: to regulate; to plan; to invent
 Frame, frânie. *s.* any thing made so as to enclose or admit something else; order, regularity; scheme [ver, schemer
 Framer, frâm'ûr. *s.* maker, former, contri-
 Franchise, frân'tshîz. *s.* exemption from any onerous duty; immunity
 Franchise, frân'tshîz. *v. a.* to make free
 Frangible, frân'jê-bl. *a.* fragile, brittle
 Frank, frângk. *a.* liberal; open
 Frank, frângk. *s.* a letter which pays no postage; a French coin
 Frank, frângk. *v. a.* to fat ten; to exempt letters from postage [iferous kind of resin
 Frankincense, frângk'in-sêuse. *s.* an odor-
 Frankly, frângk'lê. *ad.* liberally, freely
 Frankness, frângk'nês. *s.* plainness, openness; liberality
 Frantick, frân'tik. *a.* mad; distracted [ly
 Frantickly, frân'tik-iê. *ad.* madly, outrageous
 Frantickness, frân'tik-nês. *s.* madness, fury of passion
 Fraternal, frâ-têr'nâl. *a.* brotherly
 Fraternity, frâ-têr'nê-tê. *s.* body of men united, society [brother
 Fratricide, frâ'trê-slê. *s.* the murder of a
 Fraud, frâwd. *s.* deceit, cheat, trick [trickish
 Fraudful, frâwd'fûl. *a.* treacherous, artful,
 Fraudulence, frâwd'û-lênse. } *s.* deceitful-
 Fraudulency, frâwd'û-lên-sê. } ness, trickishness
 Fraudulent, frâwd'û-lênt. *a.* trickish, deceitful

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât—mè, mèt—plne, pln—nò, mòve,

- Fraudulently**, frâw'dû-lènt-lé. *ad.* by fraud, deceitfully
- Fraught**, frâwt. *part. pass.* laden; filled
- Fray**, frâ. *s.* a broil, a battle (bing)
- Fray**, frâ. *v. a.* to rub, to wear away by rubbing
- Freak**, frêke. *s.* a sudden fancy, a whim
- Freakish**, frêke ish. *a.* capricious
- Freakishness**, frêke'ish-nès. *s.* capriciousness
- Freckle**, frêk'kl. *s.* a spot raised in the skin
- Freckled**, frêk'kl'd. *a.* spotted (by the sun)
- Freckly**, frêk'lé. *a.* full of freckles
- Free**, frée. *a.* at liberty; liberal; frank; exempt; invested with franchises
- Free**, frée. *v. a.* to set at liberty; to clear from; to exempt (derer)
- Freebooter**, frée-bôd'ûr. *s.* a robber, a plunderer
- Freeborn**, frée'bôrn. *a.* inheriting liberty
- Freecost**, frée'kôst. *s.* without expense
- Freedman**, frée'd'mân. *s.* a slave manumitted
- Freedom**, frée'dôm. *s.* liberty; privilege; ease or facility
- Freehearted**, frée-hâr'téd. *a.* liberal
- Freehold**, frée'hôld. *s.* land held in perpetual right (freehold)
- Freeholder**, frée'hôl-dâr. *s.* one who has a freehold
- Freely**, frée'lé. *ad.* at liberty; without restraint; liberally
- Freeman**, frée'mân. *s.* not a vassal; one partaking of rights, or immunities
- Freemason**, frée-mâ'sn. *s.* one of a numerous society who profess having a secret to keep
- Freeminded**, frée-mind'éd. *a.* unconstrained
- Freeness**, frée'nès. *s.* openness, liberality
- Freeschool**, frée'skôd'l. *s.* a school in which learning is given without pay
- Freespoken**, frée-spô'kn. *a.* accustomed to speak without reserve (in building)
- Freestone**, frée'stôn. *s.* stone commonly used
- Freethinker**, frée-think'ûr. *s.* a contemner of religion (our own actions)
- Freewill**, frée will'. *s.* the power of directing
- Freeze**, fréeze. *v. a. pret. froze; part. frozen* or *froze.* to congeal with cold; to kill by cold; to chill by the loss of power or motion
- Freight**, frâte. *v. a. pret. freighted; part. freighted.* to load a ship with goods for transportation; to load with a burden
- Freight**, nâte. *s.* the loading of a ship (mind)
- Frenzy**, frên'zé. *s.* madness, distraction of
- Frequence**, frê'kwêns. *s.* crowd, concourse, assembly
- Frequency**, frê'kwên-sé. *s.* common occurrence, the condition of being often seen, or often occurring (full of concourse)
- Frequent**, frê'kwênt. *a.* often done or seen;
- Frequent**, frê'kwênt'. *v. a.* to visit often
- Frequentable**, frê'kwên't-â-bl. *a.* conversable, accessible (frequenting)
- Frequentation**, frê'kwên-tâ'shûn. *s.* habit of
- Frequenter**, frê'kwênt'ûr. *s.* one who often resorts to any place (ly)
- Frequently**, frê'kwênt-lé. *ad.* often, common-
- Fresco**, frês'kò. *s.* coolness, shade; a picture drawn in dusk (sweet)
- Fresh**, frêsh. *a.* cool; not salt; new; florid;
- Freshen**, frêsh'shn. *v. a.* to make fresh
- Freshen**, frêsh'shn. *v. n.* to grow fresh
- Freshet**, frêsh'êt. *s.* a pool of fresh water
- Freshly**, frêsh'lé. *ad.* coolly; newly; ruddily
- Freshness**, frêsh'nès. *s.* the state of being fresh
- Fret**, frêt. *s.* a frith or strait of the sea; any agitation of liquors; stop of a musical instrument; work rising in protuberance; passion (form into raised work; to vex
- Fret**, frêt. *v. a.* to wear away by rubbing; to
- Fret**, frêt. *v. n.* to be in commotion; to be worn away; to be angry
- Fretful**, frêt'fûl. *a.* angry, peevish
- Fretfulness**, frêt'fûl-nès. *s.* peevishness
- Friability**, frî-â-bil'è-té. *s.* capacity of being reduced to powder
- Friable**, frî-â-bl. *a.* easily crumbled
- Friar**, frî'ûr. *s.* a religious brother of some regular order (friars)
- Friary**, frî'ûr-é. *s.* a monastery or convent of
- Fribbler**, frîb'bl'ûr. *s.* a trifler
- Fricassee**, frîk-â-sée'. *s.* a dish made by cutting chickens or other small things in pieces, and dressing them with strong sauce (bodies together)
- Friction**, frîk'shûn. *s.* the act of rubbing two
- Friday**, frî'dé. *s.* the sixth day of the week
- Friend**, frênd. *s.* a companion; one propitious
- Friendless**, frênd'lès. *a.* wanting friends
- Friendliness**, frênd'lé-nès. *s.* a disposition to friendship (of a friend, favourable)
- Friendly**, frênd'lé. *a.* having the disposition
- Friendship**, frênd'shîp. *s.* favour, personal kindness; assistance, help

nôr, nôr—tûbe, tûb, hûll—ôll—pôund—thin, rûis.

- Frieze, frêze. *s.* a coarse warm cloth
 Frieze, frêze. *s.* in architecture, a large flat member which separates the architrave from the cornice
 Frigate, frig'ât. *s.* a small ship of war
 Fright, frite. *v. a.* to terrify
 Fright, frite. *s.* a sudden terror
 Frighten, frî'tn. *v. a.* to terrify
 Frightful, frite'fûl. *a.* dreadful, full of terror
 Frightfully, frite'fûl-ê. *ad.* dreadfully, horribly
 Frightfulness, frite'fûl-nês. *s.* the power of
 Frigid, frîd'jîd. *a.* cold; impetent
 Frigidity, frê-jîd'ê-tê. *s.* coldness
 Frigidly, frîd'jîd-lê. *ad.* coldly, dully [section
 Frigidness, frîd'jîd-nês. *s.* coldness, want of af-
 Frigorick, frî-gô-rîk'k. *a.* causing cold
 Fringe, frînje. *s.* an ornamental appendage added to dress or furniture
 Fringe, frînje' *v. a.* to adorn with fringes
 Frillery, frîp'êr-ê. *s.* the place where old clothes are sold; old clothes
 Friseur, frê-zûr'. *s.* a hair-dresser
 Frisk, frîsk. *v. n.* to leap, to skip
 Frisk, frîsk. *s.* a frolick
 Friskiness, frîsk'ê-nês. *s.* gaiety, liveliness
 Frisky, frîsk'ê. *a.* gay, airy
 Frit, frît. *s.* among chymists, ashes of salt
 Frith, frî'h. *s.* a strait of the sea; a kind of net [cheesecake
 Fritter, frî'tûr. *s.* a small piece to be fried
 Fritter, frî'tûr. *v. a.* to cut meat into small pieces to be fried; to break into small particles
 Frivolity, frê-vôl'ê-tê. *s.* insignificance
 Frivolous, frîv'ô-lûs. *a.* slight, trifling
 Frivolously, frîv'ô-lûs-lê. *ad.* triflingly
 Frizle, frîz'l. *v. a.* to curl in short curls
 Fro, frô. *ad.* backward, regressively
 Frock, frôk. *s.* a dress for children; an outward garment
 Frog, frôg. *s.* a small amphibious animal; the hollow part of a horse's hoof
 Frolick, frôl'îk. *a.* full of levity [whim
 Frolick, frôl'îk. *s.* a wild prank, a slight of
 Frolick, frôl'îk. *v. n.* to play wild pranks
 Frolicksome, frôl'îk-sûm. *a.* full of wild gaiety [of gaiety, pranks
 Frolicksomeness, frôl'îk-sûm-nês. *s.* wildness
 Frown, frôn. *prop.* away, noting privation; out of; because of; at a distance; contrary to [leaves
 Frondiferous, frôn-dîf'fê-rûs. *a.* bearing
 Front, frânt. *s.* the face; the van of an army; the forepart of any thing; impudence
 Front, frânt. *v. a.* to oppose directly, or face to face
 Front, frânt. *v. n.* to stand foremost
 Fronted, frânt'êd. *a.* formed with a front
 Frontier, frôn'tshêr. *s.* the marches, the utmost verge of any territory
 Frontier, frôn'tshêr. *a.* bordering
 Frontispiece, frôn'tîs-pêêse. *s.* that part of any building or other body that directly meets the eye
 Frontless, frânt'lês. *a.* without shame
 Frontlet, frânt'lêt. *s.* a bandage worn upon the forehead
 Frost, frôst. *s.* the last effect of cold, the power or act of congelation [frost
 Frostbitten, frôst'blt-in. *a.* nipped by the
 Frosted, frôst'êd. *a.* laid on in inequalities like those of the hoar frost upon plants
 Frostily, frôst'ê-lê. *ad.* with excessive cold
 Frostiness, frôst'ê-nês. *a.* freezing cold
 Frosty, frôst'ê. *a.* excessively cold; resem-
 Froth, frôth. *s.* spume, foam [bling frost
 Froth, frôth. *v. n.* to foam, to throw out spume
 Frothily, frôth'ê-lê. *ad.* with foam; in an empty trifling manner
 Frothy, frôth'ê. *a.* full of froth; vain
 Frouzy, frôd'zê. *a.* dim, fetid, musty
 Froward, frô'wârd. *a.* peevish
 Frowardly, frô'wârd-lê. *ad.* peevishly, perversely [perverseness
 Frowardness, frô'wârd-nês. *s.* peevishness
 Frown, frôn. *v. a.* to express displeasure by contracting the face to wrinkles
 Frown, frôn. *s.* a look of displeasure
 Fructiferous, frâk-tîf'fê-rûs. *a.* bearing fruit
 Fructification, frâk-tê-fê-kâ'shûn. *s.* the act of causing or bearing fruit, fertility
 Fructify, frâk'tê-fl. *v. a.* to make fruitful to fertilize
 Fructify, frâk'tê-fl. *v. n.* to bear fruit
 Fructuous, frâk'tshû-ûs. *a.* fruitful, fertile
 Frugal, frô'gâl. *a.* thrifty, parsimonious
 Frugality, frû-gâl'ê-tê. *s.* thrift, parsimony
 Frugally, frû'gâl-ê. *ad.* parsimoniously
 Frugiferous, frû-jîf'fê-rûs. *a.* bearing fruit

Fâle, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pine, pin—nò, mòve,

Fruit, frôdt. <i>s.</i> the product of a tree or plant ; production ; the offspring of the womb	Fulfilment, fûl-fil'ment. <i>s.</i> accomplishment
Fruitage, frôdt'îdje. <i>s.</i> fruit collectively	Fulfrught, fûl-frâwt'. <i>s.</i> full-stored
Fruitbearing, frôdt'bâr-îng. <i>a.</i> having the quality of producing fruit	Fulgency, fûl'jên-sê. <i>s.</i> splendour
Fruiterer, frôdt'êr-ûr. <i>s.</i> one who trades in fruit	Fulgent, fûl'jênt. } <i>a.</i> shining
Fruitory, frôdt'êr-ê. <i>s.</i> a fruit-lost	Fulgid, fûl'jîd. } <i>a.</i> shining
Fruitful, frôdt'fûl. <i>a.</i> fertile ; prolific ; plentifully	Fulgidity, fûl-jîd'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> splendour
Fruitfulness, frôdt'fûl-nês. <i>s.</i> fertility ; the fruiting, frû-lsh'ân. <i>s.</i> enjoyment, possession	Fulgur, fûl'gûr. <i>s.</i> splendour, dazzling brightness
Fruitive, frû'ê-tîv. <i>a.</i> enjoying, possessing	Fully, fûl'ly. <i>ad.</i> completely ; mature
Fruitless, frôdt'lês. <i>a.</i> barren ; vain, unprofitable	Full, fûl. <i>a.</i> replete ; stored ; plump ; saturatedly
Fruitlessly, frôdt'lês-lê. <i>ad.</i> vainly, unprofitably	Full, fûl. <i>v. a.</i> to cleanse cloth
Fruit-tree, frôdt'trêe. <i>s.</i> a tree that produces fruit	Full, fûl. <i>s.</i> complete measure ; the total
Fruementacious, frû-mên-tâ'shûs. <i>a.</i> made of frumenty, frû'mên-tê. <i>s.</i> food made of wheat boiled in milk	Full, fûl. <i>ad.</i> without abatement ; quiet ; exactly ; directly
Frump, frûmp. <i>v. a.</i> to mock, to browbeat	Full-blown, fûl'blônê. <i>a.</i> to spread to the utmost
Frush, frûsh. <i>v. a.</i> to break, bruise	Full-bottomed, fûl-bôt'tâm. <i>a.</i> having a large bottom
Frustraneous, frûs-trâ'nê-ûs. <i>a.</i> vain, unprofitable	Full-eyed, fûl-îdê'. <i>a.</i> having large prominent eyes
Frustrate, frûs'trâte. <i>v. a.</i> to defeat ; to balk	Full-fed, fûl-sêd'. <i>a.</i> stated, saturated
Frustrate, frûs'trâte. <i>part. a.</i> vain, ineffectual, unprofitable, void	Full-spread, fûl-sprêd'. <i>a.</i> spread to the utmost extent
Frustration, frûs-trâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> disappointment, frustrative, frûs'trâ-tîv. <i>a.</i> disappointing	Fuller, fûl'ûr. <i>s.</i> one whose trade, is to cleanse Fullers' Earth, fûl'ûr-zêr'th'. <i>s.</i> a kind of marl or clay used in fulling
Frustum, frûs'tâm. <i>s.</i> a piece cut off from a regular figure	Fullingmill, fûl'îng-mîll. <i>s.</i> a mill where hammers beat the cloth till it be cleansed
Frv, frî. <i>s.</i> the swarm of little fishes just profry, frî. <i>v. a.</i> to dress food in a pan	Fully, fûl'ly. <i>ad.</i> without vacuity ; completely
Fry, frî. <i>s.</i> a dish of things fried	Fulminant, fûl'mê-nânt. <i>a.</i> thundering
Fryingpan, frî'îng-pân. <i>s.</i> the vessel in which meat is roasted on the fire	Fulminate, fûl'mê-nâte. <i>v. n.</i> to thunder ; to issue ecclesiastical censures
Fub, fûb. <i>v. a.</i> to put off	Fulmination, fûl'mê-nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of thundering ; denunciation of censures
Fucus, fû'kûs. <i>s.</i> paint for the face	Fulminatory, fûl'mê-nâ-tûr-ê. <i>a.</i> thundering, striking horror
Fuddle, fûd'dl. <i>v. a.</i> to make drunk	Fulness, fûl'nês. <i>s.</i> copiousness, plenty ; sa
Fuddle, fûd'dl. <i>v. n.</i> to drink to excess	Fulsome, fûl'sâm. <i>a.</i> nauseous, offensive
Fuel, fû'l. <i>s.</i> the aliment of fire	Fulsomeness, fûl'sâm-nês. <i>s.</i> nauseousness ; obscenity
Fugacious, fû-gâ'shûs. <i>a.</i> volatile, fleeting	Fumble, fûm'bl. <i>v. n.</i> to attempt any thing
Fugacity, fû-gâ'sê-tê. <i>s.</i> volatility, instability	Fumbler, fûm'bl-ûr. <i>s.</i> one who acts awkwardly
Fugitive, fû-jê-tîv. <i>a.</i> unsteady ; volatile ; flying	Fumblingly, fûm'blîng-lê. <i>ad.</i> in an awkward
Fugitive, fû-jê-tîv. <i>s.</i> one who runs from his station or duty	Fume, fûme. <i>s.</i> smoke, vapour
Fugitiveness, fû-jê-tîv-nês. <i>s.</i> volatility, infugue, fêwg. <i>s.</i> flying musick	Fume, fûme. <i>v. n.</i> to smoke ; to be in a rage
Fulciment, fûl'sê-ment. <i>s.</i> that on which a	Fume, fûme. <i>v. a.</i> to dry in the smoke ; to disperse in vapours
Fulfil, fûl-fîl. <i>v. a.</i> to perform, accomplish	Fumid, fû'mîd. <i>a.</i> smoky, vaporous
	Fumidity, fû-mîd'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> smokiness, tendency to smoke
	Fumigate, fû'mê-gâte. <i>v. n.</i> to smoke, to perfume by smoke or vapour

nôr, nâ -tâbe, tâb, bûll-ôll-pôund-thun, this.

Fumigation, fû-mé-gâ'shûn. *s.* scents raised by fire
 Fumingly, fû'ning-lé. *ad.* angrily, in a rage
 Fun, fûn. *s.* sport, high merriment
 Function, fûng'shûn. *s.* discharge, performance, office; power
 Fund, fûnd. *s.* stock, capital
 Fundament, fûn'dâ-mênt. *s.* the aperture from which the excrements are ejected
 Fundamental, fûn-dâ-mên'tâl. *a.* serving for the foundation, essential
 Fundamental, fûn-dâ-mên'tâl. *s.* leading proposition that part on which the rest is built [tially, originally]
 Fundamentally, fûn-dâ-mên'tâl-é. *ad.* essentially
 Funeral, fû'nêr-âl. *s.* the solemnization of a burial; obsequies; interment
 Funeral, fû'nêr-âl. *a.* used at the ceremony of interring the dead [dismal]
 Funereal, fû-nêr-âl. *a.* suiting a funeral, dark
 Fungous, fûng gûs. *a.* excrescent, spongy
 Fungus, fûng'gûs. *s.* a mushroom; an excrescence [small cord or fibre]
 Funicular, fû-nik'û-lâr. *a.* consisting of a funnel, fûn'nel. *s.* an inverted hollow cone with a pipe descending from it, through which liquors are poured into vessels
 Fur, fûr. *s.* soft hair of beasts found in cold countries; a substance sticking to the sides of vessels
 Fur, fûr. *v. a.* to line or cover with fur
 Furbelow, fûr'bé-ô. *s.* an ornament of dress
 Furbelow, fûr'bé-lô. *v. a.* to adorn with ornamental appendages
 Furbish, fûr'bîsh. *v. a.* to polish, to rub up
 Furation, fûr-kâ'shûn. *s.* forkiness
 Furious, fû-ré-ûs. *a.* mad, phrenetic; raging
 Furiously, fû-ré-ûs-lé. *ad.* madly, vehemently
 Furiousness, fû-ré-ûs-nês. *s.* madness, transport of passion
 Furl, fûrl. *v. a.* to draw up, to contract
 Furlong, fûr'lông. *s.* the eighth part of a mile
 Furlough, fûr'lô. *s.* leave of absence to a soldier for a limited time [wheat in milk
 Furmenty, fûr'mên-tê. *s.* food made by boiling
 Furnace, fûr'nîs. *s.* an enclosed fireplace
 Furnish, fûr'nîsh. *v. a.* to supply; to fit up; to equip; to adorn
 Furniture, fûr'nê-tshûre. *s.* moveables, goods put in a house for use or ornament

Furrier, fûr'rê-ûr. *s.* a dealer in furs
 Furrow, fûr'rô. *s.* a small trench
 Furrow, fûr'rô. *v. o.* to cut in furrows, to divide into long hollows
 Furry, fûr'rê. *a.* covered with fur [yond the
 Further, fûr'thûr. *a.* at a great distance, beyond
 Further, fûr'thûr. *ad.* to a greater distance
 Further, fûr'thûr. *v. a.* to put onward, to forward, to assist
 Furtherer, fûr'thûr-ur. *s.* promotor, advancer
 Furthermore, fûr'thûr-môre. *ad.* moreover
 Furtive, fûr'tîv. *a.* gotten by theft [besides
 Fury, fû'rê. *s.* madness; rage; one of the
 Furze, fûrz. *s.* gorse, goss [infernal deities
 Furzy, fûr'zê. *a.* overgrown with furze
 Fuse, fûze. *v. a.* to melt, to put into fusion
 Fuse, fûze. *v. n.* to be melted
 Fusee, fû-zéé'. *s.* the cone, round which is wound the cord or chain of a clock or watch; a firelock, a small neat musket
 Fusibility, fû-sê-bîl'ê-té. *s.* capacity of being melted, quality of growing liquid by heat
 Fusible, fû'sê-bl. *a.* capable of being melted
 Fusil, fû-zéé'. *s.* a firelock, a small neat musket [a tussil
 Fusilier, fû-zîl-lèèr'. *s.* a soldier armed with
 Fusion, fû'zhûn. *s.* the act of melting; state of being melted
 Fuss, fûs. *s.* a tumult, a bustle
 Fustain, fûs'tshân. *s.* a kind of cloth made of linen and cotton; bombast
 Fustain, fûs'tshân. *a.* made of fustian; swelling; ridiculously timid
 Fustiness, fûs'tê-nês. *s.* mouldiness
 Fusty, fûs'tê. *a.* smelling mouldy
 Futile, fû'tîl. *a.* trifling, worthless
 Futility, fû-tîl'ê-tê. *s.* talkativeness, loquacity; triflingness
 Future, fû'tshûre. *a.* which will be hereafter
 Future, fû'tshûre. *s.* time to come [to come
 Futurity, fû-tû'rê-tê. *s.* time to come; even's
 Fuzz, fûz. *v. n.* to fly out in small particles
 Fuzzball, fûz'bâll. *s.* a kind of fungus [toon
 Fy, fl. *interj.* implying blame or disapproval

G.

GABARDINE, gâb-âr-déên'. *s.* a coarse frock [noise; to prate loudly
 Gabble, gâb'bl. *v. n.* to make an inarticulate

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—no, môve,

Gabble, gâb'bl. <i>s.</i> inarticulate noise ; loud talk without meaning [fellow	Gallant, gâl'lânt. <i>a.</i> gay ; brave, high-spirited ; inclined to courtship
Gabbler, gâb'bl-ûr. <i>s.</i> a pater, a chattering	Gallant, gâl'lânt'. <i>s.</i> a beau, a wooer
Gabel, gâ'bêl. <i>s.</i> an excise, a tax	Gallantly, gâl'lânt-lê. <i>ad.</i> splendidly ; bravely
Gabion, gâ'bê-ûn. <i>s.</i> a wicker basket which is mied with earth to make a fortification or intrenchment	Gallantly, gâl'lânt'lê. <i>ad.</i> like a wooer
Gable, gâ'bl. <i>s.</i> the sloping roof of a building	Gallantry, gâl'lân-trê. <i>s.</i> splendour of appearance ; bravery ; courtship ; lewdness
Gad, gâd. <i>s.</i> a wedge of steel [settled purpose	Gallery, gâl'lûr-ê. <i>s.</i> a kind of walk along the floor of a house, into which the doors of the apartments open ; the upper seats in a church or theatre
Gad, gâd. <i>v. n.</i> to ramble about without any	Galley, gâl'lê. <i>s.</i> a vessel driven with oars
Gadder, gâd'dûr. <i>s.</i> a rambler, one that runs much abroad without business	Galley-slave, gâl'lê-slave. <i>s.</i> a man condemned for some crime to row in the galleys
Gadfly, gâd'fl. <i>s.</i> a fly that stings cattle	Galliard, gâl'yârd. <i>s.</i> a gay, brisk man ; a sprightly dance.
Gaif, gâf. <i>s.</i> a harpoon or large hook	Gallicism, gâl'lê-sizm. <i>s.</i> a mode of speech peculiar to the French language [hose
Gaifles, gâ'flz. <i>s.</i> artificial spurs upon cocks	Galligaskins, gâl-lê-gâs'kîns. <i>s.</i> large open
Gag, gâg. <i>v. n.</i> to stop the mouth	Gallinaufry, gâl-lê-mâw'frê. <i>s.</i> a hotch-potch, a medley
Gag, gâg. <i>s.</i> something put into the mouth to hinder speech [measure	Gallipot, gâl'lê-pôt. <i>s.</i> a pot painted and glazed
Gage, gâdje. <i>v. a.</i> to depone as a wager ; to	Gallon, gâl'lûn. <i>s.</i> a liquid measure of four quarts
Gaggle, gâg'gl. <i>v. n.</i> to make a noise like a	Galloon, gâl-lôdn'. <i>s.</i> a kind of close lace
Gaiety, gâ'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> See Gayety [goose	Gallop, gâl'lûp. <i>v. n.</i> to move forward by leaps ; to ride or move very fast
Gaily, gâ'lê. <i>ad.</i> airily, cheerfully ; splen-	Gallop, gâl'lûp. <i>s.</i> the motion of a horse when he runs at full speed [fourteen hands high
Gain, gâne. <i>s.</i> profit, advantage [didly	Galloway, gâl'lô-wâ. <i>s.</i> a horse not more than
Gain, gâne. <i>v. a.</i> to obtain ; to win ; to at-	Gallow, gâl'lô. <i>v. a.</i> to terrify
tain [to obtain influence with	Gallows, gâl-lûs. <i>s.</i> a beam laid over two posts, on which malefactors are hanged
Gain, gâne. <i>v. n.</i> to encroach ; to get ground ;	Galvanism, gâl'vân-izm. <i>s.</i> a system of electricity lately discovered by Galvani
Gainer, gâne'ûr. <i>s.</i> one who receives profit or advantage	Gambade, gâm-bâde'. } spatteredashes, a
Gainful, gâne'fûl. <i>a.</i> advantageous ; lucrative	Gambado, gâm-bâ'dô. } <i>s.</i> kind of boots
Gainless, gâne'lês. <i>a.</i> unprofitable [ness	Gambler, gâm'bl-ûr. <i>s.</i> a cheating gamester
Gainlessness, gâne'lês-nês. <i>s.</i> unprofitable-	Gamboze, gâm-bôddje'. <i>s.</i> a concreted vegetable juice [Irish
Gainly, gâne'lê. <i>ad.</i> handily, readily	Gambol, gâm'bûl. <i>v. n.</i> to dance, to skip, to
Gainsay, gâne-sâ. <i>v. a.</i> to contradict [sary	Gambol, gâm'bûl. <i>s.</i> a skip, a frolick
Gainsayer, gâne-sâ'ûr. <i>s.</i> opponent, adver-	Game, gâme. <i>s.</i> sport of any kind ; jest ; sportive insult ; field sports ; animals pursued in the field
Gairish, gâ'rîsh. <i>a.</i> gaudy, showy [gaudiness	Game, gâme. <i>v. n.</i> to play at any sport ; to play wantonly and extravagantly for money
Gairishness, gâ'rîsh-nês. <i>s.</i> finery, flaunting	Gamecock, gâme'kôk. <i>s.</i> a cock bred to fight
Gait, gâte. <i>s.</i> the manner and air of walking	Gamekeeper, gâme'kéep-ûr. <i>s.</i> a person who looks after game
Gala, gâ'lâ. <i>s.</i> a grand entertainment ; splendid amusement	
Galaxy, gâl'lâk-sê. <i>s.</i> the milky way	
Galbanum, gâl'bâ-nûm. <i>s.</i> a kind of gun	
Gale, gâle. <i>s.</i> a wind not tempestuous, yet stronger than a breeze	
Galeas, gâl'yâs. <i>s.</i> a heavy lowbuilt vessel	
Galeated, gâl'ê-â-têd. <i>a.</i> covered as with a helmet [antine	
Galio, gâl'yût. <i>s.</i> a little galley or sort of brig-	
Gail, gâwl. <i>s.</i> the bile ; rancour, malignity	
Gall, gâwl. <i>v. a.</i> to hurt by fretting the skin ; to fret, to vex	

nôr, nôr—tâbe, tâb, bâll—ôll—pôund—thin, THIS.

Gamesome, gâme'sûn. <i>a. frolicsome, sportive</i>	Garret, gâr'rêt. <i>s. a room on the highest floor of the house</i> [of a garret
Gamesomeness, gâme'sûn-nês. <i>s. sportiveness, merriment</i> [addicted to play	Garretteer, gâr-rêt-têér. <i>s. an inhabitant</i>
Gamester, gâme'stâr. <i>s. one who is viciously</i>	Garrison, gâr-rê-sn. <i>s. soldiers placed in a fortified town or castle</i> [tresses
Gamey, gâ'm'û. <i>s. the buttock of a hog salted and dried</i>	Garrison, gâr-rê-sn. <i>v. a. to secure by force</i>
Gamut, gâ'm'ût. <i>s. the scale of musical notes</i>	Garrulity, gâr-rû'lê-tê. <i>s. talkativeness</i>
Gander, gân'dâr. <i>s. the male of the goose</i>	Garrulous, gâr-rû-lûs. <i>a. prattling, talkative</i>
Gang, gâng. <i>s. a number hanging together, a troop, a company</i>	Garter, gâr'tôr. <i>s. a string or riband by which the stocking is held upon the leg; the highest order of English knighthood</i>
Gangrene, gâng'grêne. <i>s. a mortification</i>	Garter, gâr'tûr. <i>v. a. to bind with a garter</i>
Gangrene, gâng'grêne. <i>v. a. to corrupt to mortification</i>	Gas, gâs. <i>s. a spirit not capable of being coagulated</i>
Gangrenous, gâng'grê-nûs. <i>a. mortified</i>	Gasconade, gâs-kò-nâde'. <i>s. a boat, a bravado</i>
Gangway, gâng'wâ. <i>s. in a ship, the several ways or passages from one part of it to the other</i>	Gash, gâsh. <i>v. a. to cut deep, so as to make a gaping wound</i>
Gantlet, gânt'lêt. <i>s. a military punishment in which the criminal running between the ranks receives a lash from each man</i>	Gash, gâsh. <i>s. a deep and wide wound</i>
Gaol, jâle. <i>s. a prison</i>	Gaskins, gâs'kînz. <i>s. wide hose wide breeches</i>
Goaler, jâlê'ûr. <i>s. the keeper of a prison</i>	Gasp, gâsp. <i>v. n. to open the mouth wide to catch breath; to emit breath by opening the mouth convulsively; to long for</i>
Gap, gâp. <i>s. a breach; a hole; a vacuity</i>	Gasp, gâsp. <i>s. the act of opening the mouth to catch breath; the short catch of the breath in the last agonies</i>
Gap, gâp. <i>v. n. to open the mouth wide, to yawn; to stare irreverently</i>	Gastriloquist, gâs-trîl'ô-kwîst. <i>s. one who speaks from the belly</i> [the belly
Garb, gârb. <i>s. dress; exterior appearance</i>	Gastriloquy, gâs-trîl'ô-kwê. <i>s. speaking from</i>
Garbage, gâr'bîdje. <i>s. the bowels, the offal</i>	Gate, gâte. <i>s. a large door or entrance</i>
Garble, gâr'bl. <i>v. n. to sift, to part</i>	Gateway, gâte'wâ. <i>s. a way through gates of enclosed grounds</i>
Garboil, gâr'bôll. <i>s. disorder, uproar</i>	Gather, gâr'h'ûr. <i>v. a. to collect, to bring into one place; to pick up, to glean, to pluck</i>
Garden, gâr'dn. <i>s. a piece of ground enclosed and planted with herbs or fruits</i>	Gather, gâr'h'ûr. <i>v. n. to be condensed; to grow larger; to assemble; to generate pus or matter</i> [table contributions
Gardener, gâr'dn-ûr. <i>s. he that attends or cultivates gardens</i>	Gathering, gâr'h'ûr-îng. <i>s. collection of charity</i>
Gardening, gâr'dn-îng. <i>s. the act of cultivating or planning gardens.</i>	Gaudily, gâw'dê-lê. <i>ad. showily [appearance</i>
Gargarism, gâr'gâ-rîzm. <i>s. a liquid form of medicine to wash the mouth with</i>	Gaudiness, gâw'dê-nês. <i>s. showiness, tininess</i>
Gargle, gâr'gl. <i>v. a. to wash the throat</i>	Gaudy, gâw'dê. <i>a. showy, splendid</i>
Gargle, gâr'gl. <i>s. a liquor with which the throat is washed</i> [flowers	Gave, gâve. <i>the pret. of Give</i> [a vesse
Garland, gâr'lând. <i>s. a wreath or branches of</i>	Gauge, gâdje. <i>v. a. to measure the contents of</i>
Garlick, gâr'lik. <i>s. a plant</i>	Gauge, gâdje. <i>s. a measure, a standard</i>
Garment, gâr'mênt. <i>s. any thing by which the body is covered</i> [corn is stored up	Gauger, gâ'jâr. <i>s. one whose business is to measure vessels</i>
Garner, gâr'nûr. <i>s. a place in which threshed</i>	Gaunt, gânt. <i>a. thin, slender, lean</i>
Garnet, gâr'nêt. <i>s. a gem</i> [lish	Gauntly, gânt'lê. <i>ad. leanly, slenderly</i>
Garnish, gâr'nîsh. <i>v. a. to decorate, to embellish</i>	Gauntlet, gânt'lêt. <i>s. an iron glove thrown down in challenges</i> [silk
Garnish, gâr'nîsh. <i>s. ornament, decoration, embellishment</i> [ment	Gauze, gâwz. <i>s. a kind of thin transparent</i>
Furniture, gâr'fê-îshûre. <i>s. furniture, orna-</i>	

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—me, mêt—pline, plu—nô, môve,

Gawk, gâwk. <i>s.</i> a cuckoo; a foolish fellow	Generality, jên-êr-âl-ê-tê. <i>s.</i> the main body, the bulk [particulars under general heads]
Gay, gâ. <i>a.</i> airy, cheerful, merry; fine	Generalize, jên-êr-âl-lize. <i>v. a.</i> to arrange par-
Gayety, gâ-ê-tê. <i>s.</i> cheerfulness, airiness;	Generally, jên-êr-âl-ê. <i>ad.</i> in general [gate
Gayly, gâ-lê. <i>ad.</i> merrily, showily [finery	Generate, jên-êr-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to beget, to propa
Gayness, gâ-nês. <i>s.</i> gayety, finery	Generation, jên-êr-â-shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of be-
Gaze, gâze. <i>v. n.</i> to look intently and earnestly	getting; a race; a progeny; an age
Gaze, gâze. <i>s.</i> intent regard, look of eagerness	Generative, jên-êr-â-tiv. <i>a.</i> prolific; fruitful
Gazer, gâ-zûr. <i>s.</i> he that gazes [or wonder	Generator, jên-êr-â-tûr. <i>s.</i> the power which
Gazette, gâ-zêt. <i>s.</i> a paper of news, a paper	begets, causes, or produces
of public intelligence	General, jê-nêr-ê-kâl. } <i>a.</i> that which com-
Gazetteer, gâz-êt-têér. <i>s.</i> a writer of news	Generick, jê-nêr-ê-rik. } prehends the genus
Gazings:ock, gâ-zîng-stôk. <i>s.</i> a person gazed	Generosity, jên-êr-ôs-ê-tê. <i>s.</i> liberality
at with scorn	Generous, jên-êr-ûs. <i>a.</i> noble of mind, open
Gear, gêér. <i>s.</i> furniture, accoutrements	of heart, liberal, munificent [liberally
Geese, gêése. <i>s.</i> the <i>plur.</i> of Goose	Generously, jên-êr-ûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> magnanimously;
Gelable, jêl-â-bl. <i>a.</i> what may be congealed	Generousness, jên-êr-ûs-nês. <i>s.</i> the quality of
Gelatine, jêl-â-tine. } <i>a.</i> formed into a	being generous [book of Moser
Gelatinous, jê-lât'in-ûs. } jelly	Genesis, jên-ê-sîs. <i>s.</i> generation, the first
Geld, gâld. <i>v. a. pret.</i> gelded or gelt; <i>part. pass.</i>	Genet, jên-êt. <i>s.</i> a small Spanish horse
gelded or gelt. to castrate	Geneva, jê-nê-vâ. <i>s.</i> a distilled spirituous
Gelder, gêld-êr. <i>s.</i> one that performs the act	liquor [propagation; natural
of castration [particularly a horse	Genial, jê-nê-âl. <i>a.</i> that which contributes to
Gelding, gêld'îng. <i>s.</i> any animal castrated,	Genially, jê-nê-âi-lê. <i>ad.</i> by genius, natural
Gelid, jêl'id. <i>a.</i> extremely cold	ly; gayly
Gelidity, jê-lîd-ê-tê. } <i>s.</i> extreme cold	Geniculated, jê-nîk-û-lâ-têd. <i>a.</i> knotted, join
Gelidness, jêl'id-nês. } ed [generation	Genitals, jên-ê-tâlz. <i>s.</i> parts belonging to
Gelly, jêl'îê. <i>s.</i> any viscous body, viscosity,	Geniting, jên-nê-tîn. <i>s.</i> an early apple [a case
gluey substance	Genitive, jên-ê-tiv. <i>a.</i> in grammar, the name of
Gem, jêm. <i>s.</i> a jewel, a precious stone	Genius, jê-nê-ûs. <i>s.</i> the protecting or ruling
Gen, jêm. <i>v. a.</i> to adorn as with jewels	power of men, places, or things; a man
Gen-er-ni, jêm-ê-nî. <i>s.</i> the Twins; the third	endowed with superior faculties; nature
sign in the zodiack	Genteel, jên-têél'. <i>a.</i> polite, elegant, civil
Geonny, jêm-mê-nê. <i>s.</i> twins, a pair	Genteelly, jên-têél'lê. <i>ad.</i> elegantly, politely
Gemmous, jêm-mê-nûs. <i>a.</i> double	Genteelness, jên-têél'nês. <i>s.</i> elegance, grace-
Gender, jên-dâr. <i>s.</i> a kind, a sort, a sex; a	fulness, politeness [nation, a pagan
distinction of nouns in grammar	Genile, jên-îl. <i>s.</i> one of an uncovenanted
Gender, jên-dâr. <i>v. a.</i> to beget; to produce	Genilism, jên-îl-îzm. <i>s.</i> heatherism, pagan-
Gender, jên-dâr. <i>v. n.</i> to copulate, to breed	ism [elegance of behaviour
Genealogical, jê-nê-â-lôdj-ê-kâl. <i>a.</i> pertaining	Gentility, jên-tîl-ê-tê. <i>s.</i> good extraction;
to descents of families [descents	Gentle, jên-tl. <i>a.</i> soft, mild, tame
Genealogist, jê-nê-âl-ô-jîst. <i>s.</i> he who traces	Gentlefolk, jên-tl-fôke. <i>s.</i> persons distinguis-
Genealogy, jê-nê-âl-ô-jê. <i>s.</i> history of the	ed by their birth from the vulgar
succession of families	Gentleman, jên-tl-mân. <i>s.</i> a man of birth; a
General, jên-êr-âl. <i>a.</i> comprehending many	term of complaisance.
species or individuals; lax in signification;	Gentlemanlike, jên-tl-n-ân-lîke. } <i>a.</i> becom-
public; extensive; common	Gentlemanly, jên-tl-mân-lê. } ing a man of birth.
General, jên-êr-âl. <i>s.</i> the whole; the public;	
one that has the command over an army	
Generalissimo, jên-êr-âl-îs-ê-mô. <i>s.</i> the su-	
preme commander	

nôr, nô-t—tûbe, tûb, bûll—ôll—pôana—tân, tuis.

- Gentleness**, jèn'tl-nês. *s.* softness of manners; meekness
Gentlewoman, jèn'tl-wân-ân. *s.* a woman
Gently, jèn'tlê. *ad.* softly, meekly
Gentry, jèn'trê. *s.* class of people above the vulgar
Genus, jê'nûs. *s.* in science, a class of being comprehending many species
Geocentrick, jê-ô-sên'trik. *a.* applied to a planet or orb having the earth for its centre
Geographer, jê-ô'grâ-fûr. *s.* one who describes the earth
Geographical, jê-ô-grâf'ê-kâl. *a.* relating to
Geographically, jê-ô-grâf'ê-kâl-ê. *ad.* in a geographical manner
Geography, jê-ô'grâ-fê. *s.* knowledge of the
Geology, jê-ô'l'ô-jê. *s.* the doctrine of the earth
Geomancer, jê-ô-mân-sûr. *s.* a fortuneteller
Geomancy, jê-ô-mân-sê. *s.* the act of foretelling by figures
Geonantick, jê-ô-mân'tik. *a.* pertaining to the
Geometer, jê-ô-m'ê-tûr. *s.* a geometrician
Geometrical, jê-ô-m'ê-trâl. *a.* pertaining to geometry
Geometrical, jê-ô-m'ê-trê-kâl. }
Geometrick, jê-ô-m'ê-trik. } *a.* pertaining to geometry; according to geometry
Geometrically, jê-ô-m'ê-trê-kâl-ê. *ad.* according to the laws of geometry
Geometrician, jê-ô-m'ê-trîsh'ân. *s.* one skilled
Geometry, jê-ô-m'ê-trê. *s.* the science of quantity, extension, or magnitude, abstractedly considered
George, jôrje. *s.* a figure of St. George on horseback, worn by the knights of the garter
Georgick, jôr'jik. *s.* some part of the science of husbandry
Georgick, jôr'jik. *a.* relating to the doctrine
German, jêr'mân. *s.* a first cousin
Germe, jêr'm. *s.* a sprout or shoot
Germin, jêr'mîn. *s.* a shooting or sprouting
Germinate, jêr'mê-nâte. *v. n.* to sprout, to shoot
Germination, jêr-mê-nâ'shûn. *s.* the act of
Geruad, jêr'ânâ. *s.* a kind of verbal noun
- Gest**, jêst. *s.* a deed, an action; show
Gestation, jês-tâ'shûn. *s.* the act of bearing the young in the womb
Gesticulate, jês-tik-û-lâte. *v. n.* to play antick tricks, to show postures
Gesticulation, jês-tik-û-lâ'shûn. *s.* antick tricks, various postures
Gesture, jês'tshûre. *s.* action or posture expressive of sentiment
Get, gêt. *v. a. pret. got; part. pass. got, or gotten.* to procure, to obtain; to beget; to earn
Gewgaw, gû'gâw. *s.* a showy trifle, a toy
Gewgaw, gû'gâw. *a.* splendidly trifling, showy without value
Ghastful, gâst'ûl. *a.* dreary, dismal, fit for
Ghastliness, gâst'lê-nês. *s.* horror of countenance, resemblance of a ghost
Ghastly, gâst'lê. *a.* like a ghost; horrible
Gherkin, gêr'kin. *s.* a pickled cucumber
Ghost, gôst. *s.* a spirit
Ghostliness, gôst'lê-nês. *s.* spiritual tendency
Ghostly, gôst'lê. *a.* spiritual, having a character from religion
Giant, jî'ânt. *s.* a man unnaturally large
Giantlike, jî'ânt-lîke. }
Giantly, jî'ânt-lê. } *a.* gigantick, vast
Gibberish, gib'bâr-ish. *s.* cant, words without
Gibbet, jib'bît. *s.* a gallows
Gibbet, jib'bît. *v. a.* to hang or expose on a gibbet
Gibbosity, gib'bôs'ê-tê. *s.* convexity, prominence
Gibbous, gib'bûs. *a.* convex, protuberant
Gibbousness, gib'bûs-nês. *s.* convexity, prominence
Gibe, jibe. *v. n.* to sneer, to join censorious
Gibe, jibe. *v. a.* to scoff, to ridicule
Gibe, jibe. *s.* a sneer, scoff
Gibingly, jib'ing-lê. *ad.* scornfully, contempt
Giblets, jib'lêts. *s.* the parts of a goose which are cut off before it is roasted
Giddy, gid'dê-lê. *ad.* with the head seeming to turn round; unsteadily; carelessly
Giddiness, gid'dê-nês. *s.* the state of being giddy; inconstancy; quick rotation
Giddy, gid'dê. *a.* having in the head a whirl, or sensation of circular motion; unsteady; heedless; intoxicated
Giddybrained, gid'dê-brând. *a.* careless, thoughtless

- Gift, gif't.** *s.* a thing given or bestowed; power, faculty
- Gifted, gif'tèd.** *a.* bestowed; endowed with extraordinary powers [in play]
- Gig, gîg.** *s.* any thing that is whirled round
- Gigantick, jî-gân'tîk.** *a.* big, bulky, enormous
- Giggle, gîg'gl.** *v. n.* to laugh idly, to titter
- Giggler, gîg'gl-ûr.** *s.* a laugher, a titterer
- Giglet, gîg'gl-ît;** properly **Giglet.** *s.* a wanton, a lascivious girl
- Gild, gîld.** *v. a. pret.* gilded or gilt. to wash over with gold; to adorn with lustre
- Gilding, gîl'dîng.** *s.* gold laid on any surface by way of ornament
- Gills, gîlz.** *s.* the aperture at each side of a fish's head: the flesh under the chin
- Gill, jîl.** *s.* a measure of liquids containing the fourth part of a pint; ground ivy
- Gilliflowër, jîl'lè-dôûr.** *s.* julyflower
- Gilt, gîlt.** *part.* of gild
- Gimcrack, jîm'krâk.** *s.* a light or trivial mechanism [its point]
- Gimlet, gîm'lèt.** *s.* a borer with a screw at
- Gimp, gîmp.** *s.* a kind of silk twist or lace
- GIN, jîn.** *s.* a trap, a snare; the spirit drawn by distillation from juniper berries
- Ginger, jîn'ûr.** *s.* an Indian plant; the root of that plant
- Gingerbread, jîn'ûr-brèd.** *s.* a kind of sweetmeat made of dough and flavoured with ginger
- Gingerly, jîn'ûr-lè.** *ad.* cautiously
- Gingival, jîn'jè-vâl.** *a.* belonging to the gums
- Gingle, jîng'gl.** *v. n.* to utter a sharp clattering noise; to make an affected sound in periods or cadence
- Gingle, jîng'gl.** *s.* a shrill resounding noise; affectation in the sound of periods
- Ginseng, jîn'sèng.** *s.* a Chinese root brought lately into Europe [to tell fortunes]
- Gipsy, jîp'sâ.** *s.* a vagabond who pretends
- Gird, gèrd.** *v. a. pret.* girded or girt. to bind round; to invest; to enclose, to encircle
- Girder, gèr'dûr.** *s.* the largest-piece of timber in a floor [waist; a belt, a zone]
- Girdle, gèr'dl.** *s.* any thing drawn round the
- Girdle, gèr'dl.** *v. a.* to gird; to enclose to shut in
- Girl, gèrl.** *s.* a young woman or child
- Girlish, gèrl'îsh.** *a.* suiting a girl
- Girlishly, gèrl'îsh-lè.** *ad.* in a girlish manner
- Girt, gèrt.** *part. pass.* from to gird [circle]
- Girt, gèrt.** *v. a.* to gird, to encompass, to encircle
- Girth, gèrth.** *s.* the band by which the saddle is fixed upon a horse
- Girth, gèrth.** *v. a.* to bind with a girth
- Give, gîv.** *v. a. pret. gave; part. pass. given.* to bestow; to pay; to grant, to yield, to express; to addict; to resign [thaw; to wove]
- Give, gîv.** *v. n.* to grow moist, to melt, to
- Giver, gîv'ûr.** *s.* one that gives, a bestower
- Gizzard, gîz'ûrd.** *s.* the strong muscular stomach of a fowl
- Glacial, glâ'shè-âl.** *a.* made of ice, frozen
- Glaciate, glâ-shè-âte.** *v. n.* to turn into ice
- Glaciation, glâ-shè-â'shûn.** *s.* the act of turning into ice, ice formed [a sloping bank]
- Glacis, glâ'sîs, or glâ-sèze'.** *s.* in fortification
- Glad, glâd.** *a.* cheerful; pleased, elevated with joy
- Glad, glâd.** } *v. a.* to cheer, to delight
- Gladden, glâk'dn.** } to exhilarate
- Glade, glâde.** *s.* a lawn or opening in a wood
- Gladiator, glâd-dè-â'tûr.** *s.* a sword-player: a prize-fighter
- Gladly, glâd'lè.** *ad.* joyfully, with merriment
- Gladness, glâd'nès.** *s.* cheerfulness, exultation
- Gladsome, glâd'sûm.** *a.* pleased, gay
- Glaire, glâre.** *s.* the white of an egg; a kind of halbert [an egg]
- Glaire, glâre.** *v. n.* to smear with the white of
- Glance, glânse.** *s.* a sudden shoot of light or splendour
- Glance, glânse.** *v. n.* to shoot a sudden ray of splendour; to fly off in an oblique direction; to view with a quick cast of the eye
- Gland, glând.** *s.* a smooth fleshy substance which serves as a kind of strainer to separate some particular fluid from the blood
- Glanders, glân'dûrz.** *s.* a disease incident to horses [acorns]
- Glandiferous, glân-dîf'fè-rûs.** *a.* bearing
- Glandulosity, glân-dû-lôs'è-tè.** *s.* a collection of glands [glands]
- Glandulous, glân-dû-lûs.** *a.* pertaining to the
- Glare, glâre.** *v. n.* to shine so as to dazzle the
- Glare, glâre.** *s.* overpowering lustre [eyes]
- Glareous, glâ-rè-ûs.** *a.* consisting of viscous transparent matter
- Glaring, glâ'ring.** *a.* very bright; harofaced

nôr, nôt—tûbe, tûb, bûll—ôll—pôand—thin, tris.

Glass, glâs. <i>s.</i> an artificial transparent substance	Globated, gl'ôbâ-têd. <i>a.</i> formed like a globe, spherical
Glass, glâs. <i>a.</i> vitreous, made of glass [stance	Globe, gl'ôbe. <i>s.</i> a sphere, a ball; the world
Glass, glâs. <i>v. a.</i> to cover with glass, to glaze	Globose, gl'ô-bôse'. <i>a.</i> spherical, round
Glassfurnace, glâs'fûr-nîs. <i>s.</i> a furnace in which glass is made by liquefaction	Globosity, gl'ô-bôs'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> sphericalness
Glassgrinder, glâs'grînd-ûr. <i>s.</i> one whose trade is to polish, and grind glass	Globous, gl'ô'bûs. } <i>a.</i> round, spherical
Glasshouse, glâs'hôûse. <i>s.</i> a house where glass is manufactured	Globular, gl'ôb'û-lâr. }
Glassman, glâs'mân. <i>s.</i> one who sells glass	Globule, gl'ôb'ûle. <i>s.</i> a small particle of matter of a spherical figure [ball
Glassmetal, glâs'mêt-tl. <i>s.</i> glass in fusion	Glomerate, gl'ôm'êr-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to gather into a Gloom, gl'ôdm. <i>s.</i> dismalness, obscurity, heaviness of mind, sullenness
Glasswork, glâs'wûrk. <i>s.</i> manufactory of glass	Gloomily, gl'ôdm'ê-lê. <i>ad.</i> obscurely, dimly; with dark intentions
Glassy, glâs'sê. <i>a.</i> resembling glass	Gloominess, gl'ôdm'ê-nês. <i>s.</i> want of light, cloudiness of look
Glave, glâve. <i>s.</i> a broad sword, a falchion	Gloomy, gl'ôdm'ê. <i>a.</i> obscure; sullen
Glaze, glâze. <i>v. a.</i> to furnish or cover with glass [make glass windows	Gloried, gl'ôr'îd. <i>a.</i> illustrious, honourable
Glazier, glâz'hûr. <i>s.</i> one whose trade is to	Glorification, gl'ôr-rê-fê-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of giving glory
Gleam, glême. <i>s.</i> sudden shoot of light	Glorify, gl'ôr-rê-fl. <i>v. a.</i> to pay honour or praise in worship; to exalt to glory or dignity [cellent
Gleam, glême. <i>v. n.</i> to shine with sudden flashes of light [shoots of lights	Glorious, gl'ôr-rê-ûs. <i>a.</i> noble, illustrious, ex-Gloriously, gl'ôr-rê-ûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> nobly, illustriously
Gleamy, glémê. <i>a.</i> flashing, darting sudden	Glory, gl'ôr-rê. <i>s.</i> praise paid in adoration; the felicity of heaven; honour, celebrity; a circle of rays
Glean, glêne. <i>v. a.</i> to gather what the reapers leave behind; to gather anything scattered	Glory, gl'ôr-rê. <i>v. n.</i> to boast in, to be proud of
Gleaner, glê'nûr. <i>s.</i> one who gleanes	Gloss, gl'ôs. <i>s.</i> a scholium, a comment
Gleaning, glê'nîng. <i>s.</i> the act of gleaning, or thing gleaned	Gloss, gl'ôs. <i>v. n.</i> to comment
Glebe, glêbe. <i>s.</i> turf, soil, ground	Gloss, gl'ôs. <i>v. a.</i> to explain by comment; to embellish with superficial lustre
Glebos, gl'ê'bûs. } <i>a.</i> turf	Glossary, gl'ôs'sâ-rê. <i>s.</i> a dictionary of obscure or antiquated words [superficial lustre
Gleby, gl'ê'bê. }	Glossiness, gl'ôs'sê-nês. <i>s.</i> smooth polish;
Glee, glêe. <i>s.</i> joy, gaiety, a kind of song	Glossy, gl'ôs'sê. <i>a.</i> shining, smoothly polished
Gleeful, glê'fûl. <i>a.</i> merry, cheerful [sore	Glove, glâv. <i>s.</i> a cover for the hands
Gleet, glêét. <i>s.</i> a thin ichor running from a	Glover, glâv'ûr. <i>s.</i> one whose trade is to make or sell gloves
Gleet, glêét. <i>v. n.</i> to drip or ooze with a thin	Glow, gl'ô. <i>v. n.</i> to be heated so as to shine without flame; to burn [brightness
Glen, glên. <i>s.</i> a valley, a dale [sanious liquor	Glow, gl'ô. <i>s.</i> shining heat, unusual warmth;
Glib, glîb. <i>a.</i> smooth, slippery; voluble	Glow-worm, gl'ô'wûrm. <i>s.</i> a small insect with a luminous tail [fawn
Glibly, glîb'lê. <i>ad.</i> smoothly, volubly	Gloze, glôze. <i>v. n.</i> to flatter, to wheedle, to
Glibness, glîb'nês. <i>s.</i> smoothness, slipperiness	Gloze, glôze. <i>s.</i> flattery, insinuation; spo-
Glide, glîde. <i>v. n.</i> to flow gently and silently	Glue, glû. <i>s.</i> a cement [cious show
Glimmer, glîm'mûr. <i>v. n.</i> to shine faintly	Glue, glû. <i>v. a.</i> to join with a viscous cement
Glimmer, glîm'mûr. <i>s.</i> faint splendour, weak light [transitory view	
Glimpse, glîmps. <i>s.</i> a weak faint light; a short	
Glisten, glîs'sn. <i>v. n.</i> to shine, to sparkle with	
gînt	
Glisten, glîs'tûr. <i>v. n.</i> to shine, to be bright	
Glisten, glîs'tûr. <i>v. n.</i> to shine, to gleam	
Gluer, glû'ûr. <i>s.</i> lustre, bright show	
Gloat, glôte. <i>v. n.</i> to cast side-glances as a	
tumorous lover	

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât -mê, mêt—pluc, plu—nô, nôve,

Glum, glûm. <i>a.</i> sullen, stubbornly grave	Godly, gôd'lê. <i>ad.</i> piously, righteously
Glut, glût. <i>v. a.</i> to devour; to cloy; to overfill	Godmother, gôd'môth-âr. <i>s.</i> a woman who has become sponsor in baptism
Glut, glût. <i>s.</i> more than enough	Goggle, gôg'gl. <i>v. n.</i> to look askint
Glutinous, glû'tê-nûs. <i>a.</i> viscous, tenacious	Goggle-eyed, gôg'gl-ide. <i>a.</i> squinteyed
Glutinousness, glû'tê-nûs-nês. <i>s.</i> viscosity, tenacity	Going, gô'ing. <i>s.</i> the act of walking; pregnancy; departure
Glutton, glû'tn. <i>s.</i> one who indulges too much in eating; a voracious animal	Gold, gôld, or gôldd. <i>s.</i> the purest, heaviest and most precious of all metals; money
Guttonous, glû'tân-ûs. <i>a.</i> given to excessive feeding	Gold, gôld. <i>a.</i> made of gold, golden
Gluttony, glû'tân-ê. <i>s.</i> excess of eating	Goldbeater, gôld'bê-târ. <i>s.</i> one whose occupation is to beat gold
Gnash, nâsh. <i>v. a.</i> to strike together, to clash	Goldbound, gôld'bdûnd. <i>a.</i> encompassed with gold
Gnash, nâsh. <i>v. n.</i> to grind or collide the teeth	Goldbound, gôld'bdûnd. <i>a.</i> encompassed with gold
Gnat, nât. <i>s.</i> a small stinging insect	Golden, gôld'n. <i>a.</i> made of gold; of the colour of gold
Gnaw, nâw. <i>v. a.</i> to eat by degrees, to devour by slow corrosion	Gôldfinch, gôld'flnsh. <i>s.</i> a singing bird
Gnomon, nô'môn. <i>s.</i> the hand or pin of a dial	Goldsmith, gôld'smîth. <i>s.</i> one who manufactures gold [a cart-wheel]
Gnomonicks, nô-môn'îks. <i>s.</i> the art of dialing	Gome, gôme. <i>s.</i> the black and oily grease of
Go, gô. <i>v. n. pret.</i> I went, I have gone. to walk; to move; to proceed; to have recourse; to decline; to move by mechanism; to be pregnant; to contribute	Gondola, gôn'dô-lâ. <i>s.</i> a boat used in Venice
Go-cart, gô'kârt. <i>s.</i> a machine, in which children are enclosed to teach them to walk [which oxen are driven]	Gondolier, gôn-dô-lêér'. <i>s.</i> a boatman
Goad, gôde. <i>s.</i> a pointed instrument with	Gone, gôn. <i>part. pret.</i> from go
Goad, gôde. <i>v. a.</i> to prick or drive with a goad	Gonfalon, gôn'fâ-lân. } <i>s.</i> an ensign, standard
Goal, gôle. <i>s.</i> starting post; the final purpose [the species between deer and sheep]	Gonfanon, gôn'fâ-pân. }
Goat, gôte. <i>s.</i> an animal that seems a mid-goatherd, gôte'hêrd. <i>s.</i> one who attends goats	Gonorrhœa, gôn-ôr-rê-â. <i>s.</i> a morbid running
Goatish, gôte'îsh. <i>a.</i> resembling a goat in rankness or lust [tumult and noise]	Good, gûd. <i>a. comp. better, super. best.</i> having such physical qualities as are expected or desired; proper; uncorrupted; wholesome; pleasant; complete; useful; sound; legal; well qualified; skilful; virtuous; companionable
Gobble, gôb'bl. <i>v. a.</i> to swallow hastily with	Good, gûd. <i>s.</i> the contrary to evil; virtue
Go-between, gô'bê-têên. <i>s.</i> one that transacts business by running between two parties	Good, gûd. <i>ad.</i> well, not ill, not amiss
Goblet, gôb'lêt. <i>s.</i> a bowl or cup	Goodliness, gûd lê-nês. <i>s.</i> beauty, grace
Goblin, gôb'lin. <i>s.</i> an evil spirit	Goodly, gûd'lê. <i>a.</i> beautiful, fine
God, gôd. <i>s.</i> the Supreme Being; an idol	Good-nov, gûd'rôd. <i>int.</i> in good time
Godchild, gôd'tshild. <i>s.</i> the child for whom one became sponsor at baptism	Goodness, gûd'nês. <i>s.</i> desirable qualities
Goddess, gôd'dês. <i>s.</i> a female divinity	Goods, gûdz. <i>s.</i> moveables in a house; wares merchandise
God-father, gôd'fâ-thûr. <i>s.</i> the sponsor at the font [in person]	Goody, gûd'dê. <i>s.</i> a low term of civility
Godhead, gôd'hêd. <i>s.</i> divine nature, a deity	Goose, gôôse. <i>s.</i> a waterfowl; a tailor's smoothing iron
Godless, gôd'lês. <i>a.</i> atheistical, wicked, impious [divinity]	Gooseberry, gôôz'bêr-ê. <i>s.</i> a tree and fruit
Godlike, gôd'llke. <i>a.</i> divine, resembling a	Gorbellied, gôr'bêl-îd. <i>a.</i> fat, big-bellied
Godliness, gôd'lê-nês. <i>s.</i> piety to God	Gord, gôrd. <i>s.</i> an instrument of gaming
Godly, gôd'lê. <i>a.</i> pious towards God	Gore, gôre. <i>s.</i> blood clotted or congealed
	Gore, gôre. <i>v. a.</i> to pierce with a horn
	Gorge, gôrje. <i>s.</i> the throat, that which is gorged or swallowed

gôr, gôr—tâbe, wâb, bôll—ôll—pôund—thin, rnia.

Gorge, gôrje. <i>v. a.</i> to fill up the throat, to glut, to satiate	Grabbie, grâb'bl. <i>v. n.</i> to lie prostrate on the ground
Gorgeous, gôr'jûs. <i>a.</i> fine, showy	Grace, grâse. <i>s.</i> privilege, favour; virtue, pardon; ornament; the title of a duke, a short prayer
Gorgeously, gôr'jûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> splendidly, finely	Graceful, grâse'fûl. <i>a.</i> beautiful, with eloquence
Gorgeousness, gôr'jûs-nês. <i>s.</i> splendour, magnificence [defends the throat]	Gracefully, grâse'fûl-lê. <i>ad.</i> elegantly, with pleasing dignity [manners]
Gorget, gôr'jêt. <i>s.</i> the piece of armour that	Gracefulness, grâse'fûl-nês. <i>s.</i> elegance of
Gorgon, gôr'gân. <i>s.</i> a monster with snakey hairs [enously]	Graceless, grâse'lês. <i>a.</i> wicked, abandoned
Gormandize, gôr'mân-dize. <i>v. n.</i> to feed ravenously	Gracile, grâs'sil. <i>a.</i> slender, small
Gormandizer, gôr'mân-di-zûr. <i>s.</i> a voracious eater	Gracilent, grâs'ê-lênt. <i>a.</i> lean
Gorse, gôrse. <i>s.</i> furze, a thick prickly shrub	Gracility, grâ-sil'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> slenderness
Gory, gôr'ê. <i>a.</i> covered with congealed blood; bloody, murderous	Gracious, grâ'shûs. <i>a.</i> merciful; kind; virtuous
Gosling, gôr'ling. <i>s.</i> a young goose	Graciously, grâ'shûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> kindly, in a pleasing manner [sion; pleasing manner]
Gospel, gôs'pêl. <i>s.</i> God's word, the holy book of the Christian revelation	Graciousness, grâ'shûs-nês. <i>s.</i> kind condescension
Jossamer, gôs'sâ-mâr. <i>s.</i> the down of plants	Gradation, grâ-dâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> regular progress
Jossip, gôs'sip. <i>s.</i> a sponsor in baptism; a tipping companion; one who runs about tattling	Gradient, grâ-dê-ânt, or grâ'jê-ânt. <i>a.</i> walking
Jossip, gôs'sip. <i>v. n.</i> to chat, to prate	Gradual, grâd'û-âl. <i>a.</i> step by step
Jot, gôt. <i>pret. of get</i>	Graduality, grâd'û-âl'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> regular progression [regular progression]
Jotten, gôt'tn. <i>part. pass. of get</i> [edge]	Gradually, grâd'û-âl-ê. <i>ad.</i> by degrees, in
Jouge, gôddje. <i>s.</i> a chisel having a round	Graduate, grâd'û-â. <i>v. a.</i> to dignify with a degree in the university, to mark with degrees; to heighten
Jourd, gôrd. <i>s.</i> a plant; a bottle	Graduate, grâd'û-âte. <i>s.</i> a man dignified with an academical degree [gression]
Gout, gôût. <i>s.</i> a periodical disease attended with great pain	Graduation, grâd'û-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> regular progress
Gout, gôût. <i>s.</i> taste, a strong desire	Graff, grâf. <i>s.</i> a ditch, a moat
Gouty, gôûtê. <i>a.</i> afflicted with the gout; relating to the gout	Graft or Graff, grâft or grâff. <i>s.</i> a small branch inserted into the stock of another tree
Govern, gûv'ûrn. <i>v. a.</i> to rule; to regulate, to direct, to manage, to restrain	Graft or Graff, grâft or grâff. <i>v. a.</i> to insert a scion or branch of one tree into the stock of another.
Governable, gûv'ûr-nâ-bl. <i>a.</i> subject to rule, manageable [rule, management]	Grain, grâne. <i>s.</i> all kinds of corn; the seed of any fruit; any minute particle; the smallest weight, any thing proverbially small [ed in brewing]
Governance, gûv'ûr-nâuse. <i>s.</i> government,	Grains, grânz. <i>s.</i> the husks of malt exhausted
Governante, gô-vûr-nânt. <i>s.</i> a lady who has the care of young girls	Gramineous, grâ-mîn'ê-ûs. <i>a.</i> grassy [eating]
Governess, gûv'ûr-nês. <i>s.</i> a tutoress	Graminivorous, grâm-ê-niv'û-rûs. <i>a.</i> grass-
Government, gûv'ûrn-inênt. <i>s.</i> an establishment of legal authority, administration of publick affairs; manageableness	Grammar, grâm'mâr. <i>s.</i> the science of speaking correctly; the book that treats of the various relations of words to each other
Governor, gûv'ûr-nûr. <i>s.</i> one who has the supreme direction; a tutor; a pilot, a manager	Grammarians, grâm-mâr'ê-ân. <i>s.</i> one who teaches grammar [to grammar]
Gown, gôûn. <i>s.</i> a long upper garment	Grammatical, grâm-mât'ê-kâl. <i>a.</i> belonging
Gownman, gôûn'mân. <i>s.</i> a man devoted to the arts of peace	
Grabble, grâb'bl. <i>v. a.</i> to grope	

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nô, môve,

- Grammatically**, grâm-mât'ê-kâl-lê. *ad.* according to the rules or science of grammar
- Grampus**, grâm'pûs. *s.* a large fish of the whale kind [threshed corn
- Granary**, grân'â-rê. *s.* a store-house for grain
- Granate**, grân'ât. *s.* a kind of spotted marble
- Grand**, grând. *a.* great, illustrious, splendid
- Grandam**, grân'dâm. *s.* grandmother
- Grandchild**, grând'tshîld. *s.* the son or daughter of one's son or daughter [or dignity
- Grantee**, grân-dêé'. *s.* a man of great rank
- Grandeur**, grân'jûr. *s.* state, magnificence
- Grandfather**, grând'fâ-tûr. *s.* the father of a father or mother [or mother's mother
- Grandmother**, grând'mûr-ûr. *s.* the father's
- Grandsire**, grând'sîre. *s.* grandfather
- Grange**, grânje. *s.* a farm with a house at a distance from neighbours
- Granite**, grân'it. *s.* a stone composed of separate concretions rudely compacted
- Granivorous**, grân-iv'vô-rûs. *a.* eating grain
- Grant**, grânt. *v. a.* to admit ; to bestow
- Grant**, grânt. *s.* the act of granting or bestowing ; a gift, a boon [granted
- Grantable**, grânt'â-bi. *a.* that which may be granted
- Grantee**, grân-têé'. *s.* he to whom any grant is made [made
- Grantor**, grânt-tôr. *s.* he by whom a grant is made
- Granular**, grân'û-lâr-ê. *a.* resembling a small grain or seed [small grains
- Granulate**, grân'û-lâte. *v. n.* to be formed into small masses
- Granulate**, grân'û-lâte. *v. a.* to break into small masses [cle
- Granule**, grân'û-lê. *s.* a small compact particle
- Granulous**, grân'û-lûs. *a.* full of little grains
- Grape**, grâpe. *s.* the fruit of the vine
- Graphic**, grâf'ik. } *a.* well delineated
- Graphical**, grâf'ê-kâl. } *a.* well delineated
- Graphically**, grâf'ê-kâl-ê. *ad.* in a picturesque manner, with good delineation
- Grapple**, grâp'nêl. *s.* a small anchor belonging to a little vessel [each other
- Grapple**, grâp'pl. *v. n.* to contend by seizing
- Grapple**, grâp'pl. *v. a.* to fasten, to fix
- Grapple**, grâp'pl. *s.* contest in which the combatants seize each other ; close fight
- Grapplement**, grâp'pl-mênt. *s.* close fight
- Grasshopper**, grâs'hôp-ûr. *s.* a small insect that hops in the summer grass [gripe
- Grasp**, grâsp. *v. a.* to hold in the hand, to
- Grasp**, grâsp. *v. n.* to catch at, to endeavour to seize ; to struggle ; to gripe
- Grasp**, grâsp. *s.* the gripe or seizure of the hand ; possession ; power of seizing
- Grass**, grâs. *s.* the common herbage of fields on which cattle feed [ing in grass
- Grassiness**, grâs'sê-nês. *s.* the state of abundance
- Grassy**, grâs'sê. *a.* covered with grass
- Grate**, grâte. *s.* partition made with bars ; the range of bars within which fires are made
- Grate**, grâte. *v. a.* to rub any thing by the attrition of a rough body ; to offend by any thing harsh or vexatious ; to form a harsh sound [benefits ; pleasing, acceptable
- Grateful**, grâte'fûl. *a.* having a due sense of
- Gratefully**, grâte'fûl-ê. *ad.* with willingness to acknowledge and repay benefits ; in a pleasing manner
- Gratefulness**, grâte'fûl-nês. *s.* gratitude
- Greater**, grât'ûr. *s.* a course instrument with which soft bodies are rubbed to powder
- Gratification**, grât-ê-fê-kâ'shûn. *s.* the act of pleasing ; pleasure
- Gratify**, grât-ê-fl. *v. a.* to indulge ; to requite
- Gratiously**, grâte'ing-lê. *ad.* harshly, offensively [pense
- Gratis**, grâ'tis. *ad.* for nothing, without recompense
- Gratitude**, grât-ê-tûde. *s.* duty to benefactors ; desire to return benefits
- Gratuitous**, grâ-tû'ê-tûs. *a.* voluntary ; asserted without proof
- Gratuitously**, grâ-tû'ê-tûs-lê. *ad.* without claim or merit ; without proof [pense
- Gratuity**, grâ-tû'ê-tê. *s.* a present or recompense
- Gratulate**, grâtsh'û-lâte. or grât'û-lâte. *v. a.* to congratulate, to salute with declarations of joy [made by expressing joy
- Gratulation**, grâtsh-û-lâ'shûn. *s.* salutation
- Gratulatory**, grâtsh'û-lâ-tûr-ê. *a.* congratulatory, expressing congratulation
- Grave**, grâve. *s.* the place in which the dead are repositied
- Grave**, grâve. *v. a. pret. gravé ; part. pass. gravén.* to carve on any hard substance ; to impress deeply [not showy ; not acute
- Grave**, grâve. *a.* solemn, serious ; of weight ;
- Gravel**, grâv'êl. *s.* hard sand ; sandy matter concentered in the kidneys [to embarrass
- Gravel**, grâv'êl. *v. a.* to cover with gravel.

nôr, nô—tûbe, tûb, bûll—ôll—pôund—thin, wis.

- Gravelly, grâv'êl-lê. *a.* full of gravel
 Gravelly, grâv'êl-lê. *ad.* solemnly, seriously, soberly [leinnity]
- Graveness, grâv'ênês. *s.* seriousness, so-
- Graver, grâv'ûr. *s.* one whose business is to engrave; the tool used in graving
- Gravidity, grâ-vid'ê-tê. *s.* pregnancy
- Gravitate, grâv'ê-tâte. *v. n.* to tend to the centre of attraction [to the centre]
- Gravitation, grâv'ê-tâ-shûn. *s.* act of tending
- Gravity, grâv'ê-tê. *s.* weight, heaviness, tendency to the centre
- Gravy, grâv'ô. *s.* the juice that runs from flesh not much dried by the fire [hoary]
- Gray, grâ. *a.* white with a mixture of black;
- Graybeard, grâ'bêerd. *s.* an old man [gray]
- Grayness, grâ'nês. *s.* the quality of being
- Graze, grâze. *v. n.* to eat grass; to supply grass
- Greaser, grâ'zhûr. *s.* one who feeds cattle
- Grease, grêse. *s.* the soft part of the fat; a disease in horses
- Grease, grêze. *v. a.* to smear or anoint with grease; to corrupt with presents
- Greasiness, grêz'ê-nês. *s.* oiliness, fatness
- Greasy, grêz'ê. *a.* unctuous; smeared with grease [tant; noble; pregnant]
- Great, grâte. *a.* large; considerable; important
- Greatly, grâte'lê. *ad.* in a great degree
- Greatness, grâte'nês. *s.* largeness; dignity
- Greaves, grêzv. *s.* armour for the legs
- Grecism, grê'sizm. *s.* an idiom of the Greek language [ciously]
- Greeditly, grêd'ê-lê. *ad.* ravenously, voraciously
- Greediness, grêd'ê-nês. *s.* ravenousness, eagerness of appetite or desire [ger]
- Greedy, grêd'ê. *a.* ravenous, voracious; eager
- Green, grêen. *a.* flourishing; new; not dry; unripe, young
- Green, grêen. *s.* a colour; a grassy plain
- Greeneyed, grêen'êde. *a.* having eyes coloured with green
- Greenfinch, grêen'fîsh. *s.* a kind of bird
- Greenfage, grêen-gâje'. *s.* a species of plum
- Greenhouse, grêen'hôuse. *s.* a house in which tender plants are sheltered
- Greenish, grêen'îsh. *a.* somewhat green
- Greenness, grêen'nês. *s.* the quality of being green; immaturity
- Green-Room, grêen'rôdin. *s.* a room next the stage, to which actors retire during the intervals of their parts in the play
- Greensickness, grêen-sîk'nês. *s.* a disease of maids.
- Greensward, } grêen'swârd. *s.* the turf on
 Greensward, } which grass grows
- Greenweed, grêen'wêed. *s.* dyers' weed.
- Greet, grêet. *v. a.* to address; to salute; to congratulate
- Greeting, grêet'îng. *s.* salutation at meeting
- Gregarious, grê-gâ-rê-ûs. *a.* going in flocks or herds
- Grenade, grê-nâde'. *s.* a ball; a small bomb
- Grenadier, grên-â-dêér. *s.* a tall foot-soldier
- Greyhound, grâ'hôund. *s.* a tall fleet dog that chases in sight [and red]
- Gridelin, grîd'ê-lîn. *a.* a colour made of white
- Gridiron, grîd'î-ûrn. *s.* a portable grate
- Grief, grêef. *s.* sorrow, trouble [uneasiness]
- Grievance, grêévânse. *s.* a state or cause of
- Grieve, grêév. *v. a.* to afflict, to hurt
- Grievous, grêév'ûs. *a.* afflictive, painful, heavy
- Grievously, grêév'ûs-lê. *ad.* painfully; calamitously; vexatiously
- Grievousness, grêév'ûs-nês. *s.* sorrow, pain
- Griffin, grîf'în. *s.* a fabled animal, said to be generated between the lion and the eagle
- Grig, grîg. *s.* a small eel; a merry creature
- Grill, grîl. *v. n.* to broil on a gridiron
- Grim, grîm. *a.* ugly, ill looking
- Grimace, grê-mâse'. *s.* a distortion of the countenance from habit
- Grimalkin, grîm-mâl'kîn. *s.* an old cat
- Grime, grîme. *s.* dirt deeply insinuated
- Grime, grîme. *v. z.* to dirt, to sully deeply
- Grimly, grîm'lê. *ad.* horribly, sourly, sullenly
- Grinness, grîn'nês. *s.* horror, frightfulness of visage [withdraw the lips]
- Grim, grîm. *v. n.* to set the teeth together and
- Grim, grîm. *s.* the act of closing the teeth
- Grind, grînd. *v. a. pret. ground; part. pass. ground.* to reduce any thing to powder by friction; to sharpen; to rub one against another; to harass
- Grind, grînd. *v. n.* to perform the act of grinding, to be moved as in grinding
- Grinder, grînd'ûr. *s.* one that grinds; the instrument of grinding; double tooth
- Grindstone, grînd'stône. *s.* the stone on which edged instruments are sharpened

fâte, fâr, fâl, fât - mêt, mêt - plne, pln - nô, môve,

Grimmily, grîm'ing-lê. <i>ad.</i> with a grinning laugh	Ground, grôund. <i>v. a.</i> to fix on the ground; to settle
Gripe, gripe. <i>v. a.</i> to hold with the fingers closed; to seize; to pinch; to press	Ground, grôund. <i>pret.</i> and <i>part. pass.</i> of
Gripe, gripe. <i>v. n.</i> to pinch the belly, to give the cholick	Groundless, grôund'lês. <i>a.</i> void of reason
Gripe, gripe. <i>s.</i> grasp, hold; squeeze, pressure; oppression; pinching distress	Groundlessly, grôund'lês-lê. <i>ad.</i> without reason, without cause
Gripes, gripes. <i>s.</i> belly-ache, cholick	Groundlessness, grôund'lês-nês. <i>s.</i> want of
Gramber, grîs'âm-bûr. <i>s.</i> ambergrise [broiled	Groundsel, grôun'sîl. <i>s.</i> a timber next the ground; a plant
Grain, grîs'kîn. <i>s.</i> the vertebrae of a hog	Groundwork, grôund'wûrk. <i>s.</i> the ground, the first stratum; first principle
Grisly, grîz'lê. <i>a.</i> dreadful, hideous	Group, grôûp. <i>s.</i> a crowd, a cluster
Grist, grîst. <i>s.</i> corn to be ground	Group, grôûp. <i>v. a.</i> to put into a crowd, to huddle together
Gristle, grîs'sl. <i>s.</i> a cartilage	Grouse, grôûse, <i>s.</i> a heathcock
Gristly, grîs'slê. <i>a.</i> cartilaginous	Grout, grôût. <i>s.</i> coarse meal, pollard
Grit grît. <i>s.</i> the coarse part of meal, or sand	Grove, grôve. <i>s.</i> a walk shaded by trees
Grittiness, grît'tê-nês. <i>s.</i> sandiness	Grovel, grôv'vl. <i>v. n.</i> to lie prone, to creep low on the earth
Gritty, grît'tê. <i>a.</i> full of hard particles	Grow, grô. <i>v. n. pret. grew; part. pass. grown</i>
Grizzle, grîz'zl. <i>s.</i> a mixture of white and black; gray	to vegetate; to increase in stature; to issue; to improve; to adhere
Grizzled, grîz'zld. <i>a.</i> interspersed with gray	Growl, grôûl. <i>v. n.</i> to snarl or murmur like an angry cur
Grizzly, grîz'zîê. <i>a.</i> somewhat gray [ful noise	Grown, grône. <i>part. pass.</i> of grow
Groan, grône. <i>v. n.</i> to breathe with a mourn-	Growth, grôth. <i>s.</i> vegetation; product; increase of stature; improvement
Groan. grône. <i>s.</i> breath expired with noise and difficulty; a hoarse dead sound	Grub, grûb. <i>v. a.</i> to dig up, to destroy by dig
Groat, grâwt. <i>s.</i> four-pence; hulled oats	Grub, grûb. <i>s.</i> a small worm; a dwarf
Grocer, grô'sâr. <i>s.</i> a dealer in tea, sugar, plums, and spices	Grubbe, grûb'bl. <i>v. n.</i> to feel in the dark
Grocery, grô'sâr-ê. <i>s.</i> grocers' ware	Grudge, grâdje. <i>v. a.</i> to envy, to give or take unwillingly
Grogram, grôg'rûm. <i>s.</i> stuff woven with a large wool and a rough pile	Grudge, grâdje. <i>v. n.</i> to murmur, to repine; to be unwilling, to be envious
Groin. grôte. <i>s.</i> the part next the thigh	Grudge, grâdje. <i>s.</i> old quarrel will-will; envy
Groin, grôim. <i>s.</i> a servant that takes care of the stable	Grudgingly, grâd'jîng-lê. <i>ad.</i> unwillingly, malignantly
Groove, grôûv. <i>s.</i> a hollow cut with a tool	Gruel, grûl. <i>s.</i> food made by boiling oatmeal
Groove, grôûv. <i>v. a.</i> to cut hollow [see	Gruel, grûl. <i>a.</i> sour of aspect
Grope, grôpe. <i>v. n.</i> to feel where one cannot	Gruel, grûl. <i>a.</i> sour of aspect
Grope, grôpe. <i>v. a.</i> to search by feeling in the dark [inelegant; coarse, rough	Gruel, grûl. <i>a.</i> sour of aspect
Gross, grôse. <i>a.</i> thick, corpulent; shameful;	Gruel, grûl. <i>a.</i> sour of aspect
Gross, grôse. <i>s.</i> the main body; the bulk; twelve dozen	Gruel, grûl. <i>a.</i> sour of aspect
Grossly, grôse'lê. <i>ad.</i> bulkily, coarsely	Gruel, grûl. <i>a.</i> sour of aspect
Grossness, grôse'nês. <i>s.</i> coarseness, unwieldy corpulence; want of refinement	Gruel, grûl. <i>a.</i> sour of aspect
Grot, grôt. } <i>s.</i> a cavern or cave made for coolness	Gruel, grûl. <i>a.</i> sour of aspect
Grotto, grôt'tô. } <i>s.</i> for coolness	Gruel, grûl. <i>a.</i> sour of aspect
Grotesque, grô-têsk'. <i>a.</i> distorted, unnatural	Gruel, grûl. <i>a.</i> sour of aspect
Ground, grôund. <i>s.</i> the earth; the floor the first stratum of paint	Gruel, grûl. <i>a.</i> sour of aspect

nôr, nô-t—tâbe, tâb, bâl—ôll—pôând—thin, rnis.

- Grunt, grûnt. *s.* the noise of a hog [of fish
Grunter, grûn'târ. *s.* he that grunts; a kind
Grunting, grûn'tîng. *s.* a young hog
Guaiacum, gwá'yá-kâm. *s.* a physical wood
Guarantee, gâr-rân-té'. *s.* the power who un-
dertakes to see stipulations performed
Guaranty, gâr-rân-té. *v. a.* to undertake to
secure the performance of a treaty or stipu-
lation between contending parties
Guard, gyârd. *v. a.* to watch by way of de-
fence; to protect
Guard, gyârd. *s.* a man, or body of men,
whose business is to watch; a state of vi-
gilance; limitation, part of the hilt of a
sword
Guardian, gyârd'é-ân, or gyârd'jé-ân. *s.* one
that has the care of an orphan; one to
whom the care and preservation of any
thing is committed
Guardian, gyârd'é-ân. *a.* protecting
Guardianship, gyârd'é-ân-shîp. *s.* the office
of a guardian
Guardless, gyârd'lès. *a.* without defence
Guardship, gyârd'shîp. *s.* a king's ship to
guard the coast [easily imposed on
Gudgeon, gûd'jûn. *s.* a small fish; a person
Guerdon, gèr'dûn. *s.* a reward, a recompense
Guess, gès. *v. n.* to conjecture
Guess, gès. *s.* conjecture; a supposition
Guest, gèst. *s.* one entertained in the house of
another [entertainment
Guestchamber, gèst'tshâm-bûr. *s.* chamber of
'uggle, gûg'gl. *v. n.* to sound as water run-
ning with intermission out of a narrow ves-
sel [guide
Guidage, gyl'dâje. *s.* the reward given to a
Guidance, gyl'dâns. *s.* direction, government
Guide, gylde. *v. a.* to direct; to instruct
Guide, gylde. *s.* one who directs
Guideless, gylde'lès. *a.* without a guide
Guild, gîld. *s.* a society, a corporation
Guile, gylle. *s.* deceitful cunning, insidious
artifice [artful
Guileful, gylle'fûl. *a.* insidious, mischievously
Guilefully, gylle'fûl-é. *ad.* insidiously, treach-
erously
Guileless, gylle'lès. *a.* without deceit [erously
Guilt, gîlt. *s.* crime, an offence
Guilty, gîlt'é-lé. *ad.* without innocence
Guiltiness, gîlt'é-nès. *s.* the state of being
guiltless, gîlt'lès. *a.* free from crime [guilty
Guiltlessness, gîlt'lès-nès. *s.* innocence, free-
dom from crime [crime, not innocent
Guilty, gîlt'é. *a.* justly chargeable with a
Guinea, gl'n'nè. *s.* a gold coin valued at one
and twenty shillings
Guise, gylze. *s.* manner, mien, habit
Guitar, gît-târ'. *s.* a stringed instrument of
music
Gules, gûlz. *a.* red; a term used in heraldry
Guif, gûlf. *s.* a bay; a whirlpool
Gulfy, gûlf'é. *a.* full of gulfs
Gull, gûl. *v. a.* to trick, to cheat
Gull, gûl. *s.* a sea bird; one easily cheated
Gullet, gûl'lt. *s.* the throat
Gullyhole, gûl'té-hôle. *s.* the hole where gut-
ters empty themselves
Gulosity, gû-lôs'é-té. *s.* greediness, voracity
Gulp, gûlp. *v. a.* to swallow eagerly [at once
Gulp, gûlp. *s.* as much as can be swallowed
Gum, gûm. *s.* the viscous juice of trees; the
fleshy covering that contains the teeth
Gum, gûm. *v. a.* to close with gum
Gummyness, gûm'mè-nès. *s.* the state of be-
ing gummy
Gummy, gûm'mûs. *a.* of the nature of gum
Gummy, gûm'mè. *a.* consisting of gum; over-
grown with gum
Gun, gûn. *s.* the instrument from which shot
is discharged by fire
Gunner, gûn'nûr. *s.* a cannonier
Gunnery, gûn'nûr-é. *s.* the science of artillery
Gunpowder, gûn'pôû-dûr. *s.* the powder put
into guns to be fired [gun
Gunshot, gûn'shôt. *s.* the reach or range of a
Gunsmith, gûn'sml't. *s.* a man whose trade is
to make guns [barrel of a gun is fixed
Gunstock, gûn'stôk. *s.* the wood to which the
Gunwale or Gunnel of a ship, gûn râl. *s.* the
piece of timber which reaches on either
side of the ship from the half-deck to the
forecastle
Gurge, gûrje. *s.* a whirlpool, a gulf
Gurgle, gûr'gl. *v. n.* to fall or gush with noise
Gush, gûsh. *v. n.* to rush out with violence
Gush, gûsh. *s.* an emission of liquor in a
large quantity at once [to strengthen it
Gusset, gûs'sît. *s.* any thing sewed on to cloth
Gust, gûst. *s.* sense of tasting; liking; a sud-
den blast of wind [to the taste
Gustable, gûs'tâ-bl. *a.* to be tasted, phasian.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pline, pin—nô, môve,

Tustation, gûs-tâ'shûn. *s.* the act of tasting
Tustful, gûst'f' *a.* well-tasted
Gusto, gû'stô. *s.* the relish of any thing; in-
 telle tual taste
Gusty, gûs't' *a.* stormy, tempestuous
Gut, gû't. *s.* the inward passage for food
Gut, gû't. *v. a.* to eviscerate; to take out the
Gutter, gû'tûr. *s.* a passage for water [inside
Gutter, gû'tûr. *v. a.* to cut in small hollows
Guttle, gû'tûl. *v. n.* to feed luxuriously, to
 gormandize
Gutler, gû'tûl-ûr. *s.* greedy eater [throat
 uttural, gû't'shû-râl. *a.* belonging to the
Guzzle, gû'zûl. *v. a.* to swallow with immode-
 rate gust
Guzzler, gû'zûl-ûr. *s.* a gormandizer
Gymnastically, jîm-nâs'tê-kâl-ê. *ad.* athle-
 tically, fitly for strong exercise
Gymnastic, jîm-nâs'tik. *a.* relating to ath-
 letick exercises [thing about
Gyratation, jî-râ'shûn. *s.* the act of turning any
Gyre, jîr. *s.* a circle described by any thing
 going in an orbit
Gyre, jîv. *v. a.* to fetter, to shackle
Gyves, jîvz. *s.* fetters, chains for the legs

H.

HA, hâ. *int.* an expression of wonder, sur-
 prise, or sudden exertion [small wares
Haberdasher, hâb'ûr-dâsh-ûr. *s.* one whosells
Habergeon, hâb-bêr'jê-ôn. *s.* armour to cover
 the neck and breast
Habiliment, hâ-bîl'ê-inênt. *s.* dress, clothes
Habilitate, hâ-bîl'ê-tâte. *v. a.* to qualify
Habilitation, hâ-bîl'ê-tâ'shûn. *s.* qualification
Habit, hâb'it. *s.* state of any thing; dress,
 custom
Habit, hâb'it. *v. a.* to dress, accoutre
Habitable, hâb'ê-tâ-bl. *a.* capable of being
 dwelt in
Habitanee, hâb'ê-tânse. *s.* dwelling, abode
Habitant, hâb'ê-tânt. *s.* a dweller
Habitation, hâb'ê-tâ'shûn. *s.* a place of abode
Habitual, hâ-bîtsh'û-âl. *a.* customary
Habitually, hâ-bîtsh'û-âl-ê. *aa.* by habit
Habitude, hâb'ê-tûde. *s.* familiarity; custom
Habnab, hâb'nâb. *ad.* at random
Hack, hâk. *v. a.* to cut into small pieces
Hackle, hâk kl. *v. a.* to drag **flax.**

Hackney, hâk'nê. *s.* a hired horse; a hire-
 ling [thing, to accustom to the road
Hackney, hâk'ne. *v. a.* to practise in one
Had, hâd. *pret.* and *part. pass.* of have [kind
Haddock, hâd'dâk. *s.* a sea fish of the cod
Haft, hâft. *s.* a handle
Haft, hâft. *v. a.* to set in a haft
Hag, hâg. *s.* a fury; an ugly woman [terror
Hag, hâg. *v. a.* to torment, to harass with
Haggard, hâg'gârd. *a.* wild, untamed; lean;
 ugly, deformed [wildly
Haggardly, hâg'gârd-lê. *ad.* deformedly,
Haggle, hâg'gl. *v. a.* to cut, to chop, to man-
 gle [gain
Haggle, hâg'gl. *v. n.* to be tedious in a bar-
Haggler, hâg'gl-âr. *s.* one that cuts, one that
 is tardy in bargaming [effort
Hah, hâ. *int.* an expression of some sudden
Hail, hâle. *s.* drops of rain frozen
Hail, hâle. *v. n.* to pour down hail
Hail, hâle. *int.* a term of salutation
Hail, hâle. *v. a.* to salute, to call to [like hail
Hailshot, hâle'shôt. *s.* small shot scattered
Hailstone, hâle'stone. *s.* a particle or single
 ball of hail [of the body
Hair, hâre, *s.* one of the common teguments
Hairbrained, hâre'brând. *a.* wild, irregular
Hairbreadth, hâre'brêdth. *s.* a very small
 distance
Haircloth, hâre'klôth. *s.* stuff made of hair
Hairless, hâre'lês. *a.* without hair
Hairiness, hâ'rê-nês. *s.* a hairy state
Hairy, hâ'rê. *a.* overgrown with hair
Halberd, hâll'bârd. *s.* a battle-axe
Halberdier, hâll-bâc-dêér'. *s.* one who is armed
 with a halberd
Halcyon, hâll'shê-ûr. *s.* a bird
Halcyon, hâll'shê-ûn. *a.* placid, quiet, still
Hale, hâle. *a.* healthy, sound [olently
Hale, hâle. *v. a.* to drag by force, to pull vi-
Haler, hâ'lûr. *s.* he who pulls and hales
Half, hâf. *s.* a moiety, one of two equal parts
Half, hâf. *ad.* in part, equally
Half-penny, hâ'pên-nê. *s.* a copper coin
Halibut, hâll'ê-bât. *s.* a sort of fish
Hall, hâll. *s.* a court of justice; a large room
Hallelujah, hâll-lê-lôô yâ. *s.* praise ye the
 Lord! a song of thanksgiving
Halloo, hâll-lôô. *int.* a word of encouragement
 when dogs are let loose on their game

nờ, nôt—tùbe, túb, búll—ôl—póund—thin, THIS.

- Halloo, há!-lô.** *v. n.* to cry as after the dogs
Halloo, há!-lô *v. a.* to encourage with
 shouts; to call or shout to
Hallow, há!-lô. *v. a.* to consecrate; to rever-
Hallucination, há!-lô-sé-ná-shân. *s.* error,
 blunder
Halo, há!-lô. *s.* a red circle round the sun or
Halser, háw'sâr. *s.* a rope less than a cable
Halt, há!t. *v. n.* to lump: to stop in a march;
Halt, há!t. *a.* lame, crippled
Halt, há!t. *s.* the act or manner of lumping;
 a stop in a march
Halter, há!-túr. *s.* a rope to hang malefac-
Halter, há!-túr. *v. a.* to bind with a cord; to
 catch in a noose
Halve, há!v. *v. a.* to divide into two parts
Ham, há!m. *s.* part of the thigh; a leg of por-
 cured
Hamadryad, há!m'á-dri-á!d. *s.* a nymph sup-
 posed to reside in woods and groves
Hamlet, há!m'lét. *s.* a small village
Hammer, há!m'mûr. *s.* an instrument to drive
 nails
Hammer, há!m'mûr. *v. a.* to beat with a ham-
Hammercloth, há!m'mûr-klôth. *s.* the cloth
 upon the seat of a coach-box
Hamnock, há!m'mák. *s.* a swinging bed
Hamper, há!m-pûr. *s.* a large basket
Hamper, há!m-pûr. *v. a.* to shackle; to per-
 plex, to embarrass
Hainstring, há!m'strîng. *s.* the tendon of the
Hainstring, há!m'strîng. *v. a. pret. and part.*
pass. hamstrung. to lame by cutting the ten-
 don of the hain
Hanaper, há!n'á-pûr. *s.* an exchequer
Hand, há!nd. *s.* that member which reaches
 from the wrist to the fingers' end; meas-
 ure of four inches; side; rate; cards held
 at a game; discipline; management; a
 workman
Hand, há!nd. *v. a.* to give or transmit; to
Hand basket, há!nd'bás-kl. *s.* a portable bas-
 ket
Hand-bel., há!nd'bêl. *s.* a beli rung by the
Hand-breadth, há!nd'brêdth. *s.* the breadth of
 the hand
Handed, há!nd'êd. *a.* with hands joined
Handful, há!nd'fûl. *s.* as much as the hand
 can gripe or contain
Hand-gallop, há!nd'gá!l-lûp. *s.* an easy gallop
Handicraft, há!nd'ê-krá!ft. *s.* manual occupa-
Handily, há!nd'ê-lê. *ad.* with skill
Handiness, há!nd'ê-nês. *s.* readiness, dexter-
Handiwork, há!nd'ê-wûrk. *s.* work of the hand
Handkerchief, há!ng'kêr-tshîf. *s.* a piece of
 silk or linen used to wipe the face or cover
 the neck
Handle, há!nd'l. *v. a.* to touch, to feel; to
Handle, há!nd'l. *s.* that part of a thing by
 which it is held
Handmaid, há!nd'má!de. *s.* a maid that waits
Handmill, há!nd'mîl. *s.* a mill moved by the
 hand
Handsaw, há!nd'sáw. *s.* a saw manageable by
Handsel, há!n'sêl. *s.* the first act of using any
 thing; the first act of sale
Handsel, há!n'sêl. *v. c.* to use or do any thing
 the first time
Handsome, há!n'sûm. *a.* beautiful; ample,
Handsomely, há!n'sûm-lê. *ad.* beautifully,
 elegantly
Handsoneness, há!n'sûm-nês. *s.* beauty, grace,
Handvice, há!nd'vîce. *s.* a vice to hold small
 work in
Handwriting, há!nd'rî-ting. *s.* a cast or form
Handy, há!nd'ê. *a.* ready, dexterous
Handydandy, há!nd'ê-dá!nd'ê. *s.* a play among
Hang, há!ng. *v. a. pret. and part. pass.* *han-*
ged or hung. to suspend; to choke and kill
 by suspending by the neck; to delay; to
 decline; to furnish with ornaments
Hang, há!ng. *v. n.* to be suspended; to dan-
 gle; to impend; to be compact or united;
 to be in suspense; to linger; to be fixed or
 suspended with attention; to be executed
 by the halter
Hanger, há!ng'ûr. *s.* a short broad sword
Hanger-on, há!ng-ûr-ôn. *s.* a dependant
Hanging, há!ng'îng. *s.* drapery hung or fas-
 tened against the walls of rooms
Hanging, há!ng'îng. *part. a.* foreboding death
 by the halter; requiring to be punished by
 the halter
Hangman, há!ng'mân. *s.* the publick execu-
Hank, há!ngk. *s.* a skein of thread
Hanker, há!ng'kêr. *v. n.* to long importunately
Hap, há!p. *s.* chance, fortune; accident
Hap, há!p. *v. n.* to come by accident, to hap-
Haply, há!p-lê. *ad.* peradventure
Hapless, há!p-lês. *s.* unhappy, unfortunate

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât - mè, mêt - pine, pln - nô, môve,

Happen, hâp'pn. <i>v. n.</i> to fall out; to come to pass	[cessfully	Harlequin, hâr'lê-kîn. <i>s.</i> a buffoon who plays tricks to divert the populace
Happily, hâp'pê-lê. <i>ad.</i> fortunately, successfully		Harlot, hâr'lût. <i>s.</i> a strumpet
Happiness, hâp'pê-nês. <i>s.</i> felicity; good fortune	[fortunate	Harlotry, hâr'lût-rê. <i>s.</i> fornication
Happy, hâp'pê. <i>a.</i> in a state of felicity; lucky, fortunate		Harin, hâr'm. <i>s.</i> injury; mischief
Harangue, hâ-râng'. <i>s.</i> a speech, a popular oration		Harin, hâr'm. <i>v. a.</i> to hurt, to injure
Harangue, hâ-râng'. <i>v. n.</i> to make a speech		Harinful, hâr'm'fûl. <i>a.</i> mischievous
Haranguer, hâ-râng'ûr. <i>s.</i> an orator, a public speaker		Harmless, hâr'm'lês. <i>a.</i> innocent; undamaged
Harass, hâr'âs. <i>v. a.</i> to weary, to fatigue		Harmlessness, hâr'm-lês-nês. <i>s.</i> innocence, freedom from injury
Harbinger, hâr'bîn-jûr. <i>s.</i> a forerunner		Harinonical, hâr-môn'ê-kâl. } <i>a.</i> adapted to each other, musical
Harbour, hâr'bûr. <i>s.</i> a port or haven for shipping; a shelter		Harmonick, hâr-môn'ik. }
Harbour, hâr'bûr. <i>v. a.</i> to entertain, to shelter		Harmonious, hâr-mô'nê-ûs. <i>a.</i> musical
Harbourage, hâr'bûr-âje. <i>s.</i> shelter, entertainment	[another	Harmoniously, hâr-mô'nê-ûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> musically with concord of sounds
Harbourer, hâr'bûr-ûr. <i>s.</i> one that entertains		Harmoniousness, hâr-mô'nê-ûs-nês. <i>s.</i> proportion, musicalness [proportion
Hard, hârd. <i>a.</i> firm; difficult; painful; cruel; rigorous; insensible; severe; unreasonable; austere; rough; avaricious.		Harmonize, hâr'mô-nîze. <i>v. a.</i> to adjust in proportion
Hard, hârd. <i>ad.</i> close, near; laboriously; uneasily, distressfully; nimbly; tempestuously	[pify; to endure with constancy	Harmony, hâr'mô-nê. <i>s.</i> just proportion of sound; concord
Harden, hâr'dn. <i>v. a.</i> to make hard; to stultify		Harness, hâr'nês. <i>s.</i> traces for horses [traces
Hardfavoured, hârd'fâ-vûrd. <i>a.</i> coarse of feature	[able	Harness, hâr'nês. <i>v. a.</i> to fix horses in their traces
Hardhearted, hârd'hârt'êd. <i>a.</i> cruel, inexorable		Harp, hârp. <i>s.</i> a lyre; a constellation
Hardiness, hâr'dê-nês. <i>s.</i> stoutness, bravery; effrontery		Harp, hârp. <i>v. n.</i> to play on the harp; to dwell vexatiously on one subject
Hardly, hâr'dlê. <i>ad.</i> with difficulty; scarcely; severely; oppressively; harshly		Harper, hâr'pûr. <i>s.</i> a player on the harp
Hardmouthed, hârd'môûrd'. <i>a.</i> disobedient to the rein		Harpoon, hâr-pôdn'. <i>s.</i> a bearded dart, with a line fastened to the handle, with which whales are caught [the harpoon
Hardness, hâr'dnês. <i>s.</i> power of resistance in bodies; difficulty; scarcity; obscurity; vehemence; cruelty; harshness; stinginess	[fatigue	Harpooner, hâr-pô-dnêr'. <i>s.</i> he that throws the harpoon
Hardship, hâr'd'shîp. <i>s.</i> injury, oppression; severity		Harpichord, hâr'p'sê-kôrd. <i>s.</i> a musical instrument [ous wretch
Hardware, hâr'd'wêre. <i>s.</i> manufactures of metal for seller of metalline manufactures		Harpy, hâr'pê. <i>s.</i> a fabulous bird; a raven
Hardwareman, hâr'd'wêre-mân. <i>s.</i> a maker of hardware		Harrow, hâr'rô. <i>s.</i> a frame of timbers crossing each other, and set with teeth
Hardy, hâr'dê. <i>a.</i> bold, brave, stout	[lation	Harrow, hâr'rô. <i>v. a.</i> to break with the harrow; to tear up; to disturb
Hare, hâre. <i>s.</i> a small quadruped, a constellation		Harsh, hârsh. <i>a.</i> austere, rough, sour
Harebrained, hâre'brând. <i>a.</i> volatile, wild		Harshly, hârsh'lê. <i>ad.</i> sourly, austere; severely; ruggedly
Harer, hâr-rê-ûr. <i>s.</i> dog for hunting hares		Harshness, hârsh'nês. <i>s.</i> sourness; roughness; to the ear; ruggedness; crabbedness
Hark, hârk. <i>v. n.</i> to listen		Hart, hârt. <i>s.</i> the male of the roe
Hark hârk. <i>int. list! hear. listen!</i>		Hartshorn, hâr'tshôrn. <i>s.</i> spirit drawn from horn; an herb [the product of labour
		Harvest, hâr'vêst. <i>s.</i> the season of reaping, the time of the year when the reapers sing at the feast made for having inured the harvest

- Has, ház.** the third person singular of the verb *To have* [pieces and mingle]
Hash, hásh. *v. a.* to mince, to chop into small
Haslet, há'slét. } *s.* the heart, liver, and
Harslet, há'r'slét. } lights, of a hog
Hasp, hásp. *s.* a clasp folded over a staple
Hasp, hásp. *v. n.* to shut with a hasp
Hassock, há's'sók. *s.* a thick mat to kneel on
Haste, háste. *s.* hurry, speed, precipitation
Haste, háste. } *v. n.* to make haste, to be in
Hasten, há'sn. } a hurry
Hastily, há's'té-lé. *ad.* in a hurry, speedily ;
 precipitatedly [itation
Hastiness, há's'té-nés. *s.* haste, speed, precip-
Hastings, há's'tingz. *s.* peas that come early
Hasty, há's'té. *a.* quick ; passionate ; early
 ripe
Hasty-pudding, há's'té-pú'd'ing. *s.* a pudding
 made of milk and flour boiled quick togeth-
 er
Hat, hát. *s.* a cover for the head [hat
Hatband, há't'bánd. *s.* a band tied round the
Hatch, há'tsh. *v. a.* to produce young from
 eggs ; to contrive [egg ; a half-door
Hatch, há'tsh. *s.* a brood excluded from the
Hatchel, hák'kl. *v. a.* to beat flax so as to
 separate the fibrous from the brittle part
Hatchel, hák'kl. *s.* the instrument with which
 flax is beaten
Hatchet, há'tsh'ít. *s.* a small axe
Hatchet-face, há'tsh'ít-fáse. *s.* a thin ugly face
Hatchment, há'tsh'mént. *s.* an escutcheon for
 the dead [through the hatches
Hatchway, há'tsh'wá. *s.* the way over or
Hate, háte. *v. a.* to detest, to abominate
Hate, háte. *s.* malignity, detestation
Hateful, háte'fúl. *a.* odious, malignant
Hatefull, háte'fúl-é. *ad.* odiously, malignantly
Hatefulness, háte'fúl-nés. *s.* odiousness
Hatred, há't'réd. *s.* ill-will, malignity
Hatter, há't'túr. *s.* maker of hats [valley
Haugh, háw. *s.* a little meadow lying in a
Haughtily, háw'té-lé. *ad.* proudly, arrogantly
Haughtiness, háw'té-nés. *s.* pride, arrogance
Haughty, háw'té. *a.* proud, insolent, arro-
 gant [violence
Haul, háwl. *v. a.* to pull, to draw, to drag by
Haul, háwl. *s.* violence in dragging
Haum, háwm. *s.* straw of peas, &c
Haunch, hántsh. *s.* the thigh
Haunt, hánt. *v. a.* to frequent
Haunt, hánt. *v. n.* to be much about, to ap-
 pear frequently
Haunt, hánt. *s.* place in which one is fre-
 quently found, habit of being in a certain
 place [sort of large strawberry
Hautboy, hỏ'bỏe. *s.* a wind instrument, a
Have, háv. *v. a. pret. and part. pass. had.* to
 possess ; to enjoy
Haven, há'vn. *s.* a port a harbour ; an asylum
Havock, háv'vók. *s.* waste ; wide and general
 devastation
Havock, háv'vók. *v. a.* to waste, to destroy
Haw, háw. *s.* the berry of the hawthorn [haws
Hawthorn, háw'thỏrn. *s.* the thorn that bears
Hawk, háwk. *s.* a bird of prey ; and effort to
 force phlegm up the throat
Hawk, háwk. *v. n.* to fly hawks ; to force up
 phlegm with a noise ; to sell by proclaim-
 ing in the streets
Hawker, háw'kúr. *s.* one who sells wares by
 proclaiming them in the streets
Hay, há. *s.* grass dried to fodder cattle in
 winter ; a kind of dance
Haymaker, há'má-kúr. *s.* one employed in
 drying grass for hay
Hazard, ház'úr-d. *s.* chance ; danger ; a game
Hazard, ház'úr-d. *v. a.* to expose to chance
Hazard, ház'úr-d. *v. n.* to try the chance, to
 adventure
Hazardable, ház'úr-dá-bl. *a.* venturesome
Hazardous, ház'úr-dús. *a.* dangerous
Haze, háze. *s.* fog, mist
Hazel, há'zl. *s.* a nut-tree [hazel
Hazel, há'zl. *a.* light brown, of the colour of
Hazy, há'zè. *a.* dark, foggy, misty
He, hẻ. *pron oblique case Him ; plur. They,*
oblique case Them. the man that was named
 before ; the person ; a male
Head, hẻd. *s.* the part that contains the brain,
 principal person ; the first place, resist-
 ance ; the top ; the forepart ; principal top-
 ick of a discourse ; source of a stream ;
 crisis
Head, hẻd. *v. a.* to lead, to govern
Headach, hẻd'áke. *s.* pain in the head
Headband, hẻd'bánd. *s.* a fillet for the head
Headborough, hẻd'búr-rỏ. *s.* a subordinate
 constable [woman's head
Headress, hẻd'drẻ. *s.* the covering of a

h'ate, f'ar, f'all, f'at—nè, mèt—pine, pla—nò, mòve,

- Headiness, hêd'dè-nês. *s.* rashness, precipitation
- Headland, hêd'lând. *s.* promontory, cape
- Headless, hêd'lês. *a.* without a head; without a chief [precipitate]
- Headlong, hêd'lông. *a.* rash, thoughtless;
- Headlong, hêd'lông. *ad.* with the head foremost; precipitately [force of mind]
- Headpiece, hêd'pêse. *s.* armour for the head;
- Headsmán, hêdz'inân. *a.* an executioner
- Headstall, hêd'stáll. *s.* part of the bridle that covers the head [stone]
- Headstone, hêd'stòne. *s.* the first or capital
- Headstrong, hêd'strông. *a.* violent, ungovernable
- Heady, hêd'dé. *a.* rash, precipitate [erratic]
- Heal, hêle. *v. a.* to cure a person; to reconcile
- Heal, hêle. *v. n.* to grow well [cure]
- Healer, hêle'ûr. *s.* one who cures or heals
- Healing, hêle'ing. *part. a.* mild, gentle, assuaging
- Health, hêlth. *s.* freedom from sickness [vitality]
- Healthful, hêlth'fûl. *a.* free from sickness
- Healthfulness, hêlth'fû'nês. *s.* state of being well; wholesomeness
- Healthily, hêlth'ê-lê. *ad.* without sickness
- Healthiness, hêlth'ê-nês. *s.* the state of health
- Healthsome, hêlth'sûm. *a.* wholesome, salutary [ness]
- Healthy, hêlth'ê. *a.* in health, free from sickness
- Heap, hêpe. *s.* many things thrown together; a cluster; number [to accumulate]
- Heap, hêpe. *v. a.* to throw on heaps, to pile
- Hear, hêre. *v. a.* to perceive by the ear; to give an audience: to listen; to try [course]
- Hearer, hêre'ûr. *s.* one who attends to a discourse
- Hearing, hêr'ing. *s.* the sense by which sounds are perceived; judicial trial: reach of the ear.
- Hearken, hâr'kn. *v. n.* to listen; to attend
- Hearkener, hâr'kn'ûr. *s.* a listener
- Hearsay, hêr'sâ. *s.* report, rumour
- Hearse, hêrse. *s.* a carriage for the dead
- Heart, hârt. *s.* the muscle which by its contraction and dilatation propels the blood through the course of circulation, and is therefore considered as the source of vital motion: the inner part of any thing: courage; affection; memory; conscience
- Heart-ach, hârt'âke. *s.* sorrow, anguish
- Heart-breaking, hârt'brá-king. *a.* overpowering with sorrow
- Heart-burning, hârt'bûr-ning. *s.* pain at the stomach; discontent, secret enmity
- Heart-dear, hârt'dêre. *a.* sincerely beloved
- Heart-easing, hârt'êz-ing. *a.* giving quiet
- Heartfelt, hârt'fêlt. *a.* felt in the conscience, felt at the heart
- Heart-sick, hârt'sik. *a.* pained in mind
- Heart-string, hârt'string. *s.* the tendons or nerves supposed to brace and sustain the heart [yet unfixed]
- Heart-whole, hârt'hôi. *a.* with the affections
- Hearten, hârt'tu. *v. a.* to encourage, to stir up
- Hearth, hârth. *s.* the pavement of a room where a fire is made [rousely]
- Heartily, hâr'tê-lê. *a.* sincerely, actively, vigorously
- Heartiness, hâr'tê-nês. *s.* sincerity, freedom from hypocrisy; vigour [itless]
- Heartless, hâr'tês. *a.* without courage, spiritless
- Heartly, hâr'tê. *a.* sincere, warm, zealous, strong
- Heat, hête. *s.* the sensation caused by the approach or touch of fire; hot weather; a course at a race; flush; agitation of sudden passion; contest
- Heat, hête. *v. a.* to make hot
- Heat, hête. *v. n.* to grow hot
- Heater, hê'tûr. *s.* an iron made hot, and put into a box-iron [with heath]
- Heath, hêth. *s.* a plant; a place overgrown
- Heath-cock, hêth'kòk. *s.* a large fowl
- Heathen, hê'thîn. *s.* a gentile or pagan
- Heathenish, hê'thîn-ish. *a.* belonging to the gentiles; savage, cruel [ganism]
- Heathenism, hê'thîn-izm. *s.* gentilism, paganism
- Heave, hêve. *v. a. pret. heaved; part. heaved.* to lift, to raise from the ground; to force up from the breast; to exalt
- Heave, hêve. *v. n.* to pant; to rise with pain; to feel a tendency to vomit
- Heaven, hêv'n. *s.* the expanse of the sky; the habitation of God; the supreme power
- Heaven-born, hêv'vn-bò'n. *a.* descended from the celestial regions [celestial]
- Heavenly, hêv'vn-lê. *a.* resembling heaven
- Heavenly, hêv'vn-lê. *ad.* in a manner resembling that of heaven [ed]
- Heaven-ward, hêv'vn-wârd. *ad.* towards heaven
- Heavily, hêv'ê-lê. *ad.* grievously; sorrowfully
- Heaviness, hêv'ê-nês. *s.* weight, dejection of mind; oppression; affliction

nôr, nôl—tâbe, tâb, tâll—ôl—pôund—thin, rms.

- Heavy, hêv'vê. *a.* weighty ; sorrowful ; grievous ; unanimated ; drowsy ; stupid. burdensome
- Hebdomadal, hêb-dôm'â-dâl. } *a.* week-
Hebdomadary, hêb-dôm'â-dâr-ê. }
ly, consisting of seven days
- Hebetate, hêb'ê-tâte. *v. a.* to dull, to blunt
- Hebetude, hêb'ê-tûde. *s.* dulness
- Hebraism, hêb'râ-lzim. *s.* a Hebrew idiom
- Hebraist, hêb'râ-ist. *s.* a man skilled in Hebrew [brew
- Hebrician, hê-brîsh'ân. *s.* one skilful in Hebrew
- Hecatomb, hêk'â-tôdm. *s.* a sacrifice of a hundred cattle
- Hectick, hêk'tîk. *a.* habitual, constitutional
- Hector, hêk'tûr. *s.* a bully ; a blustering fellow
- Hector, hêk'tûr. *v. n.* to threaten, to bully
- Hedge, hêdje. *s.* a fence made of prickly bushes
- Hedge, hêdje. *v. a.* to enclose with a hedge
- Hedgehog, hêdje'hôg. *s.* an animal set with prickles
- Hedger, hêdje'ûr. *s.* one who makes hedges
- Heed, hêéd. *v. a.* to mind, to regard
- Heed, hêéd. *s.* care, attention ; caution ; respectful notice [tentive
- Heedful, hêéd'fûl. *a.* watchful, cautious ; attentive
- Heedfully, hêéd'fûl-ê. *ad.* attentively, carefully [ance
- Heedfulness, hêéd'fûl-nês. *s.* caution, vigilance
- Heedless, hêéd'lês. *a.* negligent, careless
- Heedlessly, hêéd'lês-lê. *ad.* carelessly, negligently [negligence
- Heedlessness, hêéd'lês-nês. *s.* carelessness
- Heel, hêél. *s.* the hind part of the foot
- Heel-piece, hêél'pêse. *s.* a piece fixed on the hinder part of the shoe
- Heel-piece, hêél'pêse. *v. a.* to put a piece of leather on a shoe-heel
- Heft, hêft. *s.* a haft, handle [Arabians
- Hegira, hê-jî'râ. *s.* the epocha used by the Heifer, hêf'ûr. *s.* a young cow
- Heighho, hî'hô. *int.* an expression of slight languor and uneasiness
- Height, hîte. *s.* elevation above the ground ; summit, towering eminence ; state of excellence
- Heighten, hî'n. *v. a.* to raise higher [lence
- Heinous, hâ'nûs. *a.* atrocious, wicked in a high degree [ardly
- Heinously, hâ'nûs-lê. *ad.* atrociously wicked
- Heinousness, hâ'nûs-nês. *s.* atrociousness
- wickedness [after the present possessor
- Heir, âre. *s.* one that is inheritor of any thing
- Heiress, âre'îs. *s.* an inheritrix
- Heirless, âre'lês. *a.* without an heir
- Heirship, âre'shîp. *s.* the state, character, or privileges of an heir
- Held, hêid. *pret.* and *pat. pass.* of hold
- Heliacal, hê-lî'â-kâl. *a.* emerging from the lustre of the sun, or falling into it
- Helical, hêl'ê-kâl. *a.* spiral, twisted
- Helocentric, hê-lê-ô-sên'trîk. *a.* belonging to the centre of the sun
- Hell, hêl. *s.* the place of the devil and wicked souls ; the infernal powers
- Hellish, hêl'lîsh. *a.* having the qualities of hell, infernal [horred qualities
- Hellishness, hêl'lîsh-nês. *s.* wickedness, abominability
- Helm, hêlm. *s.* the part of a coat of arms that bears the crest ; the rudder ; the station of government [piece
- Helmed, hêimd. *a.* furnished with a headpiece
- Helmet, hêl'mîl. *s.* a headpiece
- Help, hêlp. *v. a. pret.* helped : *part.* helped or holpen. to assist, to support, to aid
- Help, hêlp. *s.* assistance, aid, support
- Helper, hêlp'ûr. *s.* an assistant, an auxiliary
- Helpful, hêlp'fûl. *a.* useful, assisting
- Helpless, hêlp'lês. *a.* wanting support or assistance ; irremediable
- Helplessness, hêlp'lês-nês. *s.* want of succour
- Helter-skelter, hêl'tûr-skêl'tûr. *ad.* in a hurry
- Helve, hêlv. *s.* the handle of an axe
- Hem, hêm. *s.* the edge of a garment
- Hem, hêm. *v. a.* to close the edge of cloth by a hem ; to border [pulsion of the breath
- Hem, hêm. *v. n.* to utter a noise by violent expiration
- Hemisphere, hêm'ê-sîère. *s.* the half of a globe
- Hemispherical, hêm'ê-sîèr'îk-âl. *a.* half-round containing half a globe
- Hemistick, hê-mîs'tîk. *s.* half a verse
- Hemorrhage, hêm'ô-râdje. *s.* a violent issue of the blood
- Hemorrhoids, hêm'ôr-rôidz. *s.* the piles
- Hemp, hêmp. *s.* a fibrous plant of which coarse linen and ropes are made
- Hempen, hêm'pn. *a.* made of hemp
- Hen, hên. *s.* the female of any bird [ardly
- Hen-hearted, hên'hâr-têd. *a.* dastardly cowardly
- Hen-pecked, hên'pêkt. *a.* governed by the wife

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—, âne, pln—nô, môve,

- Hen-roost, hên rôost. *s.* the place where the poultry rest
- Hence, hênse. *ad.* or *int.* from this place to another: away, to a distance; at a distance, in another place; for this reason, in consequence of this; from this cause, from this ground: from this origin
- Henceforth, hênse-fôrth. *ad.* from this time forward [time to futurity]
- Henceforward, hênse-fôrward. *ad.* from this time forward
- Hepatical, hê-pât'ê-kâl. *a.* belonging to the liver [sides or angles]
- Heptagon, hêp'tâ-gôn. *s.* a figure with seven sides
- Heptarchy, hêp'târ-kê. *s.* a sevenfold government
- Her, hâr. *pron.* belonging to a female
- Herald, hêr'âld. *s.* an officer whose business it is to register genealogies, adjust ensigns armorial, regulate funerals, and proclaim war and peace; a precursor, a harbinger
- Heraldick, hê-râld'ik. *a.* relating to heraldry
- Heraldry, hêr'âl-drê. *s.* the art or office of a herald [stalks are soft]
- Herb, êvb. *s.* herbs are those plants whose leaves are green
- Herbaceous, hêr-bâ'shûs. *a.* belonging to herbs
- Herbage, êr'bâj. *s.* grass, pasture
- Herbal, hêr'bâl. *s.* a book of plants
- Herbalist, hêr'bâ-lîst. *s.* a man skilful in herbs
- Herby, êr'bê. *a.* having the nature of herbs
- Herd, hêrd. *s.* a number of beasts together; a company of men, in contempt or detestation
- Herd, hêrd. *v.* *n.* to run in herds; to associate
- Herdsmán, hêrdz'mân. *s.* one employed in tending herds
- Here, hêre. *ad.* in this place or state
- Hereabouts, hêr'â-bôôts. *ad.* about this place
- Hereafter, hêre-âf'tûr. *ad.* in a future state
- Hereat, hêre-âf'. *ad.* at this
- Hereby, hêre-bl'. *ad.* by this
- Hereditabie, hê-rêd'ê-tâ-bl. *a.* whatever may be occupied as inheritance
- Hereditament, hêr-ê-dî'tâ-mênt. *s.* a law term denoting inheritance [inheritance]
- Hereditary, hê-rêd'ê-tâ-rê. *a.* descending by birth
- Herein, hêre-lî'. *ad.* in this
- Hereof, hêre-ôf'. *ad.* of this
- Hereon, hêre-ôn'. *ad.* upon this [religion]
- Heresy, hêr'ê-sê. *s.* a fundamental error in religion
- Heresiarch, hê-rê-zîê-ârkh. *s.* a leader in heresy [heretical opinions]
- Heretick, hêr'ê-tîk. *s.* one who propagates heresy
- Heretical, hê-rê't'ê-kâl. *a.* containing heresy
- Heretically, hê-rê't'ê-kâl-ê. *ad.* with heresy
- Hereto, hêre-tô. *ad.* to this [recently]
- Heretofore, hêre-tô-fôre'. *ad.* formerly, an
- Hereunto, hêre-ûn-tô. *ad.* to this
- Herewith, hêre-wîth. *ad.* with this [hereditary]
- Heritable, hêr'ê-tâ-bl. *a.* capable of being inherited
- Heritage, hêr'ê-tâj. *s.* inheritance; the people of God [final uniting two sexes]
- Hermaphrodite, hêr-mâf'rô-dîte. *s.* an animal with both sexes
- Hermetical, hêr-mêt'ê-kâl. *a.* chymical
- Hermit, hêr'mît. *s.* a solitary, an anchoret; a beardsman [union of a hermit and a monk]
- Hermitage, hêr'mît-âj. *s.* the cell or habitation of a hermit
- Hernia, hêr'nê-â. *s.* any kind of rupture
- Hero, hêrô. *s.* a man eminent for bravery
- Heroical, hêr-ô-ê-kâl. *a.* befitting a hero [out]
- Heroick, hê-rô'îk. *a.* noble, brave, magnanimous
- Heroickly, hê-rô'îk-lê. *ad.* suitably to a hero
- Heroine, hêr'ô-în. *s.* a female hero
- Heroism, hêr'ô-îzû. *s.* the qualities of a hero
- Heron, hêr'ûn. *s.* a bird that feeds upon fish
- Heronry, hêr'ûn-rê. *s.* a place where herons breed
- Herring, hêr'îng. *s.* a small sea-fish [breed]
- Herself, hâr-sêlf. *pron.* the female personal pronoun, in the oblique cases reciprocal
- Hesitancy, hêz'ê-tân-sê. *s.* dubiousness, uncertainty
- Hesitate, hêz'ê-tâte. *v.* *a.* to delay, to pause
- Hesitation, hêz'ê-tâ-shûn. *s.* doubt, uncertainty; intermission of speech
- Heteroclite, hêt'êr-ô-klîte. *s.* such nouns as vary from the common forms of declension
- Heterodox, hêt'êr-ô-dôks. *a.* deviating from the established opinion, not orthodox
- Heterogeneous, hêt'êr-ô-jê-nê-â. *a.* not of the same nature [or dissimilar in nature]
- Heterogeneous, hêt'êr-ô-jê-nê-ûs. *a.* opposite
- Hew, hû. *v.* *a.* part. *heven* or *hewed*. to hack; to cut with an axe [or axles]
- Hexagon, hêks'â-gôn. *s.* a figure of six sides
- Hexagonal, hêgz-âg'ô-nâl. *a.* having six sides
- Hexameter, hêgz-âm'ê-tûr. *s.* a verse of six feet [corners]
- Hexangular, hêgz-âng'grû-lâr. *a.* having six angles
- Hey, hà. *int.* an expression of joy
- Heyday, há-dâ. *int.* an expression of surprise

nôr, nô-t—tâbe, tâb bâl—ôl—pôând—thin, THIS.

- Friday**, hâ'dâ. *s.* frolick, wildness
Hiatus, hi-â'tûs. *s.* an aperture, a breach [ter
Hibernial, hi-bêr'nâl. *a.* belonging to the win-
Hiccough, hîk'kôf. *s.* a convulsion of the
 stomach producing sobs [sed stomach
Hickup, hîk'kûp. *v. n.* to sob with a convul-
Hide, hîde. *v. a. pret. hid; part. pass. hid.* or
hidden. to conceal, to withhold or withdraw
 from sight or knowledge
Hide, hîde. *v. n.* to lie hid, to be concealed
Hide, hîde. *s.* the skin of an animal; a cer-
 tain quantity of land [dreadful
Hideous, hîd'é-ûs, or hîd'jê-ûs. *a.* horrible,
Hideously, hîd'é-ûs-lê. *ad.* horribly; dread-
 fully [dreadfulness
Hideousness, hîd'é-ûs-nês. *s.* horribleness,
Hie, hî. *v. n.* to hasten, to go in haste [order
Hierarch, hî'é-rârk. *s.* the chief of a sacred
Hierarchal, hî-è-rârk'âl. *a.* of a hierarch
Hierarchy, hî'é-rârk-kê. *s.* a sacred govern-
 ment; ecclesiastical establishment
Hieroglyphick, hî-è-rô-gîl'fîk. *s.* an emblem;
 the art of writing in picture [matical
Hieroglyphical, hî-è-rô-gîl'fî-kâl. *a.* emble-
Higgler, hîg'gl. *v. n.* to chaffer, to be penuri-
 ous in a bargain; to carry about
Higgler, hîg'glâr. *s.* one who sells provisions
 by retail
High, hî. *a.* elevated; exalted; abstruse; ar-
 rogant; noble; violent; tumultuous; strong
 tasted; far advanced into antiquity; dear;
 capital
High, hî. *s.* elevation, superior region
High-blown, hî'blône. *a.* swelled with wind
High-born, hî'bôrn. *a.* of noble extraction
High-flier, hî'fl-ûr. *s.* one that carries his opin-
 ion to extravagance [of spirit
High-mettled, hî'mêt-tîd. *a.* proud or ardent
High-minded, hî'mînd-êd. *a.* proud, arrogant
High-seasoned, hî-sé-zând. *a.* piquant to the
 palate
High-spirited, hî-spl'r'î-t-êd. *a.* bold, daring
High-wrought, hî'rawt. *a.* accurately finished
Highland, hî'lând. *s.* mountainous region
Highlander, hî'lând-ûr. *s.* a mountaineer
Highly, hî'lê. *ad.* with elevation; with esteem
Highness, hî'nês. *s.* elevation; the title of
 princes [tide
Highwater, hî'wâ-tûr. *s.* the utmost flow of the
Highway, hî-wâ'. *s.* great road, publick path
Highwayman, hî'wâ-mân. *s.* a robber on the
 publick roads
Hilarity, hîl-lâr'é-tê. *s.* merriment [mountain
Hill, hîl. *s.* an elevation of ground less than a
Hillock, hîl'lôk. *s.* a little hill
Hilly, hîl'lê. *a.* full of hills [larly of a sword
Hilt, hîlt. *s.* the handle of any thing, particu-
Him, hîm. the oblique case of He
Himself, hîm-sêlf. *pron.* in the nominative
 He; in the oblique cases, it has a reciprocal
 signification
Hind, hînd. *s.* the she to a stag a peasant
Hinder, hîn'dûr. *v. a.* to obstruct, to impede
Hinder, hîn'dûr. *a.* in a position contrary to
 that of the face [let, stop
Hinderance, hîn'dûr-ânse. *s.* impediment
Hindermost, hînd'ûr-môst. *a.* last, in the rear
Hindmost, hînd'môst. *a.* the last
Hinge, hînje. *s.* joint upon which a door turns
Hint, hînt. *v. a.* to bring to mind by a slight
 mention
Hint, hînt. *s.* faint notice; remote allusion
Hip, hîp. *s.* the joint of the thigh
Hip, hîp. *s.* the fruit of the briar
Hip, hîp. *int.* an exclamation, or calling to one
Hippish, hîp'plsh. *a.* a corruption of Hypo-
 chondriack
Hippogriff, hîp'pô-grîf. *s.* a winged horse
Hippopotamus, hîp-pô-pô'tâ-mûs. *s.* the river
 horse
Hipshot, hîp'shôt. *a.* sprained in the hip
Hire, hîre. *v. a.* to procure any thing for tem-
 porary use at a certain price; to engage
 for pay [the use of any thing; wages
Hire, hîre. *s.* reward or recompence paid for
Hireling, hîre'lîng. *s.* one who serves for wa-
 ges; a mercenary
Hireling, hîre'lîng. *a.* venal, mercenary
His, hîz. *pron. poss.* belonging to him
Hiss, hîss. *v. n.* to utter a noise like that of a
 serpent [plode
Hiss, hîss. *v. a.* to condemn by hissing, to ex-
Hiss, hîss. *s.* the voice of a serpent; expression
 of contempt [silence
Hist, hîst. *int.* an exclamation commanding
Historian, hîs-tô'r-ê-ân. *s.* a writer of history
Historical, hîs-tôr'îk-âl. } *a.* pertaining to
Historick, hîs-tôr'îk. }
 history [ner of history
Historically, hîs-tôr'îk-âl ê. *ad.* in the man-

Fâte, fâr, fäll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nò, mòve,

Historify, hîs-tôr-ê-fl. <i>v. a.</i> to relate, to record in history	Hoe, hò. <i>s.</i> an instrument to cut up weeds
Historiographer, hîs-tò-rê-ôg-râ-fûr. <i>s.</i> an historian, a writer of history	Hoe, hò. <i>v. a.</i> to cut with a hoe
Historiography, hîs-tò-rê-ôg-râ-fê. <i>s.</i> the art or employment of an historian [and facts]	Hog, hòg. <i>s.</i> the general name of swine
History, hîs-tûr-ê. <i>s.</i> a narration of events	Hoggerel, hòg-grîl. <i>s.</i> a two-years-old ewe
Histrionick, hîs-trê-ôn'lk. <i>a.</i> benefiting the stage, suitable to a player	Hogherd, hòg'hêrd. <i>s.</i> a keeper of hogs
Hit, hît. <i>v. a.</i> to strike; to touch the mark; to attain, to reach the point [to light on]	Hoggish, hòg'gîsh. <i>a.</i> brutish, selfish [dineen]
Hit, hît. <i>v. n.</i> to clash, to collide; to succeed;	Hoggishness, hòg'gîsh-nês. <i>s.</i> brutality, greed
Hit, hît. <i>s.</i> a stroke, a lucky chance	Hogsheed, hòg'hêd. <i>s.</i> a measure of sixty three gallons [are shut to be fed]
Hitch, hîtsh. <i>v. n.</i> to catch, to move by jerks	Hogsty, hòg'stl. <i>s.</i> the place in which swine are washed
Hither, hîtr'ûr. <i>ad.</i> to this place	Hogwash, hòg'wôsh. <i>s.</i> the draft which is given to swine
Hither, hîtr'ûr. <i>a.</i> nearer, towards this part	Hoiden, hòê'dn. <i>s.</i> an awkward country girl
Hithermost, hîtr'ûr-môst. <i>a.</i> nearest on this side	Hoist, hòist. <i>v. a.</i> to raise up on high
Hitherto, hîtr'ûr-têd. <i>ad.</i> to this time [side]	Hold, hòld. <i>v. a. pret. held; part. pass. held or holden.</i> to grasp in the hand; to keep, to retain; to possess, to enjoy; to suspend; to stop; to detain; to offer
Hive, hîve. <i>s.</i> the habitation of bees	Hold, hòld. <i>v. n.</i> to stand; to continue unbroken; to endure; to refrain; to adhere
Hive, hîve. <i>v. a.</i> to put into hives	Hold, hòld. <i>int.</i> forbear, stop, be still
Ho, hò. <i>int.</i> a sudden exclamation to give notice of approach, or any thing else	Hold, hòld. <i>s.</i> seizure; support; catch; influence; custody
Hoar, hòre. <i>a.</i> gray with age; white with	Holder, hòl'dûr. <i>s.</i> one that holds any thing
Hoar-frost, hòre'frôst. <i>s.</i> frozen dew [frost]	Holdfast, hòld'fâst. <i>s.</i> a catch, a hook
Hoard, hòrde. <i>s.</i> a store laid up in secret	Hole, hòle. <i>s.</i> a perforation; a hollow place
Hoard, hòrde. <i>v. n.</i> to lay up store	<i>a.</i> mean habitation; a subterfuge
Hoarder, hòrd'ûr. <i>s.</i> one that stores up in secret	Holy, hòl'ê-lê. <i>ad.</i> piously, inviolably
Hoariness, hòrê-nês. <i>s.</i> the state of being whitish	Holiness, hòl'ê-nês. <i>s.</i> sanctity, piety; the title of the pope [any one at a distance]
Hoarse, hòrse. <i>a.</i> having the voice rough, as with a cold; having a rough sound [voice]	Holla, hòl-lô'. <i>int.</i> a word used in calling to
Hoarsely, hòrse'lê. <i>ad.</i> with a rough harsh	Holland, hòl'lând. <i>s.</i> fine linen [faithful]
Horseness, hòrse'nês. <i>s.</i> roughness of voice	Hollow, hòl'lô. <i>a.</i> excavated, void within; not
Hoary, hò'rê. <i>a.</i> white or gray with age; white with frost	Hollow, hòl'lô. <i>s.</i> a cavity; den; pit; opening; passage [cavate]
Hobble, hòb'bl. <i>v. n.</i> to walk lamely [low]	Hollow, hòl'lô. <i>v. a.</i> to make hollow, to excavate
Hobby, hòb'bê. <i>s.</i> a little horse; a stupid fellow	Hollowness, hòl'lô-nês. <i>s.</i> cavity; deceit, insincerity
Hobgoblin, hòb-gôb'lîn. <i>s.</i> a sprite, a fairy	Holocaust, hòl'ô-kâwst. <i>s.</i> a burnt sacrifice
Hobnail, hòb'nâle. <i>s.</i> a nail used in shoeing a horse [fetlock; old Rhenish wine]	Holster, hòl'stûr. <i>s.</i> a case for a pistol
Hock, hòk. <i>s.</i> the joint between the knee and	Holy, hòl'ê. <i>a.</i> good, pious, religious; pure sacred [day of gayety and joy]
Hock, hòk. <i>v. a.</i> to disable in the hock	Holy-day, hòl'ê-dâ. <i>s.</i> anniversary feast; a
Hockle, hòk'kl. <i>v. a.</i> to hamstring	Hommage, hòm'âje. <i>s.</i> service paid and fealty professed to a superior
Hocus-pocus, hòk'ûs-pô'kûs. <i>s.</i> a juggler	Home, hòme. <i>s.</i> one's own house; place of constant residence [the point designed]
Hod, hòd. <i>s.</i> a kind of trough in which a labourer carries mortar to the masons	Home, hòme. <i>ad.</i> to one's own habitation; to
Hodruan, hòd'mân. <i>s.</i> a labourer that carries mortar	Homeborn, hòme'bôrn. <i>a.</i> native; donee
Hodge-podge, hòdje'pôdje. <i>s.</i> a medley	
Hodiernal, hò-dê-êr'nâl. <i>a.</i> of to-day	

nôr, nô-t—tûbe, tâb, bâll—ôll—pôûnd—thin, riiis.

Homebread, hôme'brêd. *a.* plain, artless ; domestic
 Homeliness, hôme'lê nês. *s.* plainness
 Homely, hôme'lê. *a.* plain, homespun, coarse
 Homemade, hôme'mâde. *a.* made at home
 Homer, hô mâr. *s.* a measure of about three pints
 Homespun, hô ne'spân. *a.* spun or wrought at home
 Homeward, hôme'wârd. *ad.* towards home, towards the native place
 Homicide, hôm'ê-sîde. *s.* murder, manslaying ; a murderer, a manslayer
 Homily, hôm'ê-lê. *s.* a discourse read to a congregation
 Homogeneous, hô-mô-jê'nê-âl. } *a.* having the same nature or principles
 Homogeneous, hô-mô-jê'nê-ôs. }
 Homonymous, hô-môn'ê-mâs. *a.* equivocal
 Homonymy, hô-môn'ê-mê. *s.* equivocation, ambiguity
 Hone, hône. *s.* a whetstone for a razor
 Honest, ôn'nêst. *a.* upright, true, sincere ; chaste
 Honestly, ôn'nêst-lê. *ad.* uprightly, justly ; [with chastity
 Honesty, ôn'nêst-lê. *s.* justice, truth, virtue
 Honey, hân'nê. *s.* a thick, luscious substance, which is collected and prepared by bees ; a name of tenderness
 Honey-comb, hân'nê-kômê. *s.* the cells of wax in which the bee stores her honey
 Honey-dew, hân'nê-dû. *s.* sweet dew
 Honey-moon, hân'nê-môôn. *s.* the first month after marriage
 Honey-suckle, hân'nê-sûk-kl. *s.* woodbine
 Honeyless, hân'nê-lês. *a.* without honey
 Honorary, ôn'nâr-â-rê. *a.* done in honour ; conferring honour without gain
 Honour, ôn'nâr. *s.* dignity ; reputation ; reverence ; chastity ; glory ; decoration
 Honour, ôn'nâr. *v. a.* to reverence ; to dignify
 Honourable, ôn'nâr-a-bi. *a.* illustrious, noble ; generous ; honest ; equitable
 Honourably, ôn'nâr-â-b'ê. *ad.* magnanimously ; generously ; reputably
 Hood, hûd. *s.* a covering for the head
 Hoodwink, hûd wînk. *v. a.* to blind ; to cover ; to deceive
 Hoot, hôd. *s.* the horny substance which composes the feet of several sorts of animals
 Hook, hôdk. *s.* any thing bent so as to catch hold ; a sickle ; any expedient

Hook, hôdk. *v. a.* to catch with a hook
 Hooked, hôdk'êd. *a.* bent, curved
 Hookedness, hôdk'êd-nês. *s.* state of being bent like a hook [thing circular
 Hoop, hôdp. *s.* a part of a lady's dress, any
 Hoop, hôdp. *v. a.* to bind or enclose with hoops
 Hooping-cough, hôd-pîng-kôf'. *s.* a convulsion
 Hoot, hôdt. *v. n.* to shout ; to cry as an owl
 Hoot, hôdt. *s.* clamour, shout
 Hop, hôp. *v. n.* to jump ; to leap on one leg
 Hop, hôp. *v. a.* to impregnate with hops
 Hop, hôp. *s.* a jump on one leg ; a plant
 Hope, hôpe. *s.* expectation of some good
 Hope, hôpe. *v. n.* to live in expectation of some good
 Hope, hôpe. *v. a.* to expect with desire
 Hopeful, hôpe'fûl. *a.* full of expectation
 Hopefully, hôpe'fûl-ê. *ad.* in such a manner as to raise hope
 Hopefulness, hôpe'fûl-nês. *s.* likelihood of success
 Hopeless, hôpe'lês. *a.* without hope
 Hopper, hôp'pûr. *s.* part of a corn-mill
 Hour, hô'râl. *a.* relating to the hour
 Hourly, hô'râl-rê. *a.* relating to an hour, continuing for an hour
 Horde, hôrde. *s.* a clan, a migratory crew
 Horizon, hô-ri'zôn. *s.* the line that terminates the view [zon ; on a level
 Horizontal, hô-rê-zôn'tâl. *a.* near the horizon
 Horizontally, hô-rê-zôn'tâl-ê. *ad.* in a direction parallel to the horizon
 Horn, hôrn. *s.* the hard pointed bodies which grow on the heads of some quadrupeds ; an instrument of musick ; the feeler of a snail [children
 Hornbook, hôrn'bôdk. *s.* the first book for children
 Horned, hôrn'êd. *a.* furnished with horns
 Hornet, hôrn'êt. *s.* a large stinging fly
 Hornpipe, hôrn'pîpe. *s.* a dance
 Horny, hôrn'ê. *a.* made of horn
 Horologe, hôr'ô-lôdje. *s.* an instrument that tells the hour, as a clock, &c. [uring hours
 Horometry, hô-rôn'ê-trê. *s.* the art of measuring
 Horoscope, hôr'ô-skôpe. *s.* the configuration of the planets at the hour of birth
 Horrent, hôr'rênt. *a.* horrible, dreadful
 Horrible, hôr'rê-bl. *a.* dreadful, shocking enormous
 Horribleness, hôr'rê-bl nês. *s.* dreadful hideousness

Fâte, fâr, fâll. fât—mê, mêt—plne, pl—nô, nôve,

Horribly, hôr'rê-blê. <i>ad.</i> dreadfully, hideously	Hostage, hôt'tâje. <i>s.</i> one given in pledge for security of performance of conditions
Horrid, hôr'rid. <i>a.</i> hideous, rough	Hostess, hôt'tês. <i>s.</i> a female host
Horrick, hôr-rî'rik. <i>a.</i> causing horror	Hostile, hôt'til. <i>a.</i> adverse, opposite [in war]
Horror, hôr'rûr. <i>s.</i> terror mixed with detestation; gloom	Hostility, hôt'til'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> open war, opposition
Horse, hôr'se. <i>s.</i> a well known quadruped; cavalry; something on which any thing is supported; a machine	Hostler, ôs'lûr. <i>s.</i> one who has the care of horses at an inn
Horse, hôr'se. <i>v. a.</i> to mount upon a horse; to carry one on the back [a horse]	Hot, hôt. <i>a.</i> having the power to excite heat, fiery; lustful; ardent, eager; acrid
Horseback, hôr's'bâk. <i>s.</i> the state of being on horse	Hotbed, hôt'bêd. <i>s.</i> a bed of earth made hot by the fermentation of dung [furious]
Horsebean, hôr's'bêne. <i>s.</i> a small bean [horses]	Hotbrained, hôt'brând. <i>a.</i> violent, vehement
Horsebreaker, hôr's'brâ-kûr. <i>s.</i> one who tames horses	Hotcockles, hôt-kôk'kiz. <i>s.</i> a child's play
Horseflesh, hôr's'flêsh. <i>s.</i> the flesh of horses	Hotheaded, hôt'hêd-êd. <i>a.</i> vehement, passionate
Horsefly, hôr's'fli. <i>s.</i> a fly that stings horses	Hothouse, hôt'hôuse. <i>s.</i> a bagnio, a place to sweat and cup in; a house in which tender plants are raised and fruits are matured early [of pea]
Horsehair, hôr's'hâre. <i>s.</i> the hair of horses	Hotspur, hôt'spûr. <i>s.</i> a violent man; a kind of Hough, hôt. <i>s.</i> the lower part of the thigh
Horselaugh, hôr's'lâf. <i>s.</i> a loud violent rude laugh [horses; a farrier]	Hound, hôund. <i>s.</i> a dog used in the chase
Horseleech, hôr's'lêêtsh. <i>s.</i> a leech that bites horses	Hour, ôûr. <i>s.</i> the twenty-fourth part of a day, sixty minutes [which marks the time]
Horseman, hôr's'mân. <i>s.</i> one skilled in riding	Hourglass, ôûr'glâs. <i>s.</i> a glass filled with sand,
Horsemanship, hôr's'mân-shîp. <i>s.</i> the art of riding	Hourly, ôûr'lê. <i>a.</i> happening or done every hour [hour]
Horsemeat, hôr's'mête. <i>s.</i> provender	House, hôuse. <i>s.</i> a place of human abode; the table; family of ancestors, race; a body of the parliament
Horseplay, hôr's'plâ. <i>s.</i> course, rough play	House, hôuze. <i>v. a.</i> to harbour; to shelter, to keep under a roof
Horsepond, hôr's'pônd. <i>s.</i> a pond for horses	Housebreaker, hôs'brâ-kûr. <i>s.</i> one who makes his way into houses to steal
Horserace, hôr's'râse. <i>s.</i> a match of horses in running [biting root]	Housebreaking, hôs'brâ-kîng. <i>s.</i> burglary
Horseradish, hôr's'râd-îsh. <i>s.</i> an acrid and	Household, hôs'hôld. <i>s.</i> a family, domestick management
Horseshoe, hôr's'shôe. <i>s.</i> a plate of iron nailed to the feet of horses [away horses]	Housekeeper, hôs'kêep-ûr. <i>s.</i> the master of a family; a female superintendent
Horsestealer, hôr's'tê-lûr. <i>s.</i> a thief who takes horses	Housekeeping, hôs'kêep-îng. <i>s.</i> provision for a family
Horseway, hôr's'wâ. <i>s.</i> a broad way by which horses may travel [ing, advice]	Houseless, hôuz'lês. <i>a.</i> without abode
Hortation, hôr-tâ'shôn. <i>s.</i> the act of exhortation	Housemaid, hôs'mâde. <i>s.</i> a maid employed to keep the house clean
Hortatory, hôr'tâ-tûr-ê. <i>a.</i> encouraging, animating [cultivating gardens]	Houseroom, hôs'ôòm. <i>s.</i> place in a house
Horticulture, hôr'tê-kûl'tshûre. <i>s.</i> the art of horticulture	Housewarming, hôs'wâr-mîng. <i>s.</i> a feast or merrymaking upon going into a new house
Hortulan, hôr'tshû-lân. <i>a.</i> belonging to a garden [praise to God]	Housewife, hûz'wîf. <i>s.</i> a female economist
Hosanna, hô-zân'nâ. <i>s.</i> an exclamation of praise	Housewifery, hûz'wîf-êrê. <i>s.</i> management, female economy
Hose, hôze. <i>s.</i> stockings, covering for the legs	
Hosier, hôz'hûr. <i>s.</i> one who sells stockings	
Hospitable, hôs'pê-tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> giving entertainment to strangers	
Hospital, ôs'pê-tâl. <i>s.</i> a place built for the reception of the sick, or support of the poor	
Hospitality, hôs'pê-tâl'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> the practice of entertaining strangers	
Host, hôst. <i>s.</i> one who gives entertainment to another; a landlord; an army	

nôr; nôr-tâbe, rûb, bûll—ôll—pôund—thin, THIS.

- Hovel, hỏv'ít.** *s.* a shed open on the sides and covered above; a mean cottage
- Hover, hỏv'ừ.** *v. n.* to hang fluttering over head; to wander about one place
- How, hỏu.** *ad.* in what manner; to what degree; for what reason; by what means
- Howbeit hỏu-bẻ'ít.** *ad.* nevertheless, notwithstanding
- However, hỏu-ẻv'ừ.** *ad.* in whatsoever manner; at all events; at least; nevertheless, yet
- Howl, hỏul.** *v. n.* to cry as a wolf or dog
- Howl, hỏul.** *s.* the cry of a wolf or dog
- Howsoever, hỏu-vỏ-ẻv'ừ.** *ad.* in what manner soever; although [deck
- Hôy, hỏe.** *s.* a large boat, sometimes with one
- Hubbub, hủb'bủb.** *s.* a tumult, a riot
- Hu'kaback, hủk'kủ-bủk.** *s.* a kind of linen on which the figures are raised
- Hucklebone, hủk'kủ-bỏne.** *s.* the hip-bone
- Huckster, hủk'stủr.** *s.* one who sells goods by retail, or in small quantities [gains
- Huckster, hủk'stủr.** *v. n.* to deal in petty bar-
- Huddle, hủd'đl.** *v. a.* to dress up close so as not to be discovered; to perform in a hurry; to throw together in confusion
- Huddle, hủd'đl.** *s.* crowd, tumult, confusion
- Hue, hủ.** *s.* colour, die; a clamour
- Huff, hủf.** *s.* swell of sudden anger
- Huff, hủf.** *v. a.* to swell; to hector, to treat with insolence
- Huffish, hủf'fủsh.** *a.* arrogant, hectoring
- Huffishly, hủf'fủsh-lẻ.** *ad.* with arrogant petulance [bluster
- Huffishness, hủf'fủsh-nẻs.** *s.* petulance, noisy
- Hug, hủg.** *v. a.* to press close in an embrace
- Hug, hủg.** *s.* close embrace
- Huge, hủje.** *a.* vast, immense
- Hugely, hủje'lẻ.** *ad.* immensely, enormously
- Hugeness, hủje'nẻs.** *s.* enormous bulk, greatness
- Hulk, hủlk.** *s.* the body of a ship [ness
- Hull, hủl.** *s.* the husk or integument of any thing; the body of a ship [sing low
- Hum, hủm.** *v. a.* to make the noise of bees; to
- Hum, hủm.** *s.* the noise of bees; any low dull noise [deliberation
- Hum, hủm.** *int.* a sound implying doubt and
- Human, hủ'mủn.** *a.* having the qualities of a man
- Humane, hủ-mủnẻ'** *a.* kind, good-natured
- Humanely, hủ-mủnẻ'lẻ.** *ad.* kindly, with good nature [tenderness; philology
- Humanity, hủ-mủnẻ-tẻ.** *s.* the nature of man;
- Humanize, hủ-mủnẻ-ize.** *v. a.* to soften, to make susceptible of tenderness or benevolence [man
- Humankind, hủ-mủn-kyủnd'.** *es.* the race of
- Humanly, hủ'mủn-lẻ.** *ad.* after the notions of
- Humble, ủm'bl.** *a.* modest; low [me-
- Humble, ủm'bl.** *v. a.* to make submissive; to subdue; to bring down [of pride
- Humbleness, ủm'bl-nẻs.** *s.* humility, absence
- Humbles, ủm'blẻ.** *s.* entrails of a deer
- Humbly, ủm'blẻ.** *ad.* with humility
- Humdrum, hủm'đrủm.** *a.* dull, dronish, stupid [shoulder
- Humeral, hủ-mẻ-rủl.** *a.* belonging to the
- Humid, hủ'mủd.** *a.* wet, moist, watery
- Humidity, hủ-mủđẻ-tẻ.** *s.* moisture
- Humiliation, hủ-mủlẻ-ẻ-ủshủn.** *s.* descent from greatness, act of humility
- Humility, hủ-mủlẻ-ẻ-tẻ.** *s.* freedom from pride, act of submission [own humour
- Humorist, yủ'mủr-ủt.** *s.* one who gratifies his
- Humorous, yủ'mủr-ủs.** *a.* full of grotesque images; capricious; jocular [cosely
- Humorously, yủ'mủr-ủs-lẻ.** *ad.* merrily, joy-
- Humorously, yủ'mủr-ủs-nẻs.** *s.* fickleness, capricious levity [humorous
- Humorsome, yủ'mủr-sủm.** *a.* peevish; odd,
- Humour, yủ'mủr.** *s.* moisture; general turn of mind; present disposition; jocularly; petulance; caprice [with
- Humour, yủ'mủr.** *v. a.* to gratify; to comply
- Hump, hủmp.** *s.* a crooked back
- Humpback, hủmp'bủk.** *s.* crooked back, high shoulders
- Hundred, hủn'đrẻd.** *s.* ten multiplied by ten, a canton or division of a county [hundred
- Hundredth, hủn'đrẻđth.** *a.* the ordinal of a
- Hung, hủng.** *pret. and part. pass. of hang*
- Hunger, hủng'gủr.** *s.* desire of food
- Hunger, hủng'gủr.** *v. n.* to feel the pain of hunger; to desire with great eagerness
- Hungered, hủng'gủrd.** *a.* pinched by want of food [tite
- Hungrily, hủng'grẻ-lẻ.** *ad.* with keen appe-
- Hungry, hủng'grẻ.** *a.* feeling pain from want of food; greedy
- Hunks, hủngkủ.** *s.* a covetous wretch, a miser

Fâte, fâr, fân, fât—mê, mêt—plne, plu —nò, môve,

Hunt, hùnt. <i>v. a.</i> to chase ; to pursue : to search for	[sue or search	Hut, hùt. <i>s.</i> a poor cottage	
Hunt, hùnt. <i>v. n.</i> to follow the chase ; to pursue		Hutch, hùtsh. <i>s.</i> a corn chest	[tion
Hunt, hùnt. <i>s.</i> a pack of hounds ; a chase ; pursuit		Huzza, hùz-zâ. <i>int.</i> a shout, a cry of acclamation	
Hunter, hùnt'âr. <i>s.</i> one who chases animals ; for pastime ; a horse or dog for the chase		Huzza, hùz-zâ. <i>v. a.</i> to utter acclamation	
Huntress, hùnt'rêss. <i>s.</i> a woman that follows the chase	[office is to manage the chase	Huzza, hùz-zâ. <i>v. a.</i> to receive with acclamation	[cious stone
Huntsman, hùnt'smân. <i>s.</i> the servant whose office is to manage the chase		Hyacinth, hî-â-sînth. <i>s.</i> a plant, a kind of pro-	
Hurdle, hûr'dl. <i>s.</i> a texture of sticks woven together		Hyacinthine, hî-â-sîn'tîn. <i>a.</i> made of hyacinth	
Hurl, hûrl. <i>v. a.</i> to throw with violence		Hydra, hî-drâ. <i>s.</i> a monster with many heads	
Hurlbat, hûrl'bât. <i>s.</i> whirlbat		Hydraical, hî-drâw'lê-kâl. } <i>a.</i> relating to	
Hurler, hûrl'âr. <i>s.</i> one that plays at hurling		Hydraulick, hî-drâw'lik. } the conveyance of water through pipes	
Hurlyburly, hûr'lô-bûr-lê. <i>s.</i> tumult, commotion		Hydraulicks, hî-drâw'liks. <i>s.</i> the science of conveying water through pipes or conduits	
Hurricane, hûr-rê-kân. <i>s.</i> a violent storm		Hydrocele, hî-drô-sêlê. <i>s.</i> a watery rupture	
Hurry, hûr'rê. <i>v. a.</i> to hasten, to put into confusion	[itation	Hydrocephalus, hî-drô-sêf'fâ-lûs. <i>s.</i> a dropsy in the head	[draws maps of the sea
Hurry, hûr'rê. <i>v. n.</i> to move on with precipitation		Hydrographer, hî-drôg'grâ-fûr. <i>s.</i> one who	
Hurry, hûr'rê. <i>s.</i> tumult, precipitation, commotion	[to injure ; to wound, to pain	Hydrography, hî-drôg'grâ-fê. <i>s.</i> description of the watery part of the terraqueous globe	[water
Hurt, hûrt. <i>v. a. pret. hurt ; part. pass. hurt.</i>		Hydromancy, hî-drô-mân-sê. <i>s.</i> prediction by	
Hurt, hûrt. <i>s.</i> harm, mischief ; wound or bruise		Hydromel, hî-drô-mêl. <i>s.</i> honey and water	
Hurtful, hûrt'fûl. <i>a.</i> mischievous, pernicious		Hydrometer, hî-drô-mê-tûr. <i>s.</i> an instrument to measure the extent of water	
Hurtfully, hûrt'fûl-lê. <i>ad.</i> mischievously, perniciously	[perniciousness	Hydrophobia, hî-drô-fô'bê-â. <i>s.</i> dread of water	
Hurtfulness, hûrt'fûl-nêss. <i>s.</i> mischievousness		Hydropical, hî-drôp'ikâl. } <i>a.</i> dropsical	
Husband, hûz'bând. <i>s.</i> a man married to a woman	[gality	Hydropick, hî-drôp'ik. } <i>a.</i> dropsical	
Husband, hûz'bând. <i>v. a.</i> to manage with frugality		Hydrostatical, hî-drô-stât'ê-kâl. <i>a.</i> relating to hydrostatics	[weighing fluids
Husbandman, hûz'bând-mân. <i>s.</i> one who works in tillage	[care of domestic affairs	Hydrostatics, hî-drô-stât'iks. <i>s.</i> the science of weighing fluids	
Husbandry, hûz'bân-drê. <i>s.</i> tillage ; thrift ;		Hyena, hî-ê-nâ. <i>s.</i> an animal like a wolf	
Hush, hûsh. <i>int.</i> silence ! be still ! no noise !		Hymen, hî-mên. <i>s.</i> the god of marriage ; the virginal membrane	
Hush, hûsh. <i>a.</i> still, silent, quiet	[peace	Hymeneal, hî-mê-nê-âl. } <i>s.</i> a marriage song	
Hush, hûsh. <i>v. a.</i> to still, to silence, to suppress		Hymeneal, hî-mê-nê-ân. } <i>a.</i> pertaining to marriage	
Hushmoney, hûsh'mûn-ê. <i>s.</i> a bribe to hinder information	[sorts of fruit	Hymeneal, hî-mê-nê-ân. } <i>a.</i> pertaining to marriage	
Husk, hûsk. <i>s.</i> the outmost integument of some		Hymn, hîm. <i>s.</i> a song of adoration to some superior being	[with hymns
Husky, hûs'kê. <i>a.</i> abounding in husks		Hymn, hîm. <i>v. a.</i> to praise in song, to worship	
Hussar, hûz-zâr. <i>s.</i> a kind of scldier		Hymnick, hî'mnik. <i>a.</i> relating to hymns	
Hussy, hûz-zê. <i>s.</i> a sorry woman		Hyperbole, hî-pêr'bô-lê. <i>s.</i> a figure in rhetoric by which any thing is increased or diminished beyond the exact truth	
Hustings, hûs'tingz. <i>s.</i> a court held		Hyperbolic, hî-pêr-bô'lê-kâl. } <i>a.</i> exaggerating or extenuating beyond fact	
Hustle, hûs'sl. <i>v. a.</i> to shake together		Hyperbolick, hî-pêr-bô'l'ik. } <i>a.</i> exaggerating or extenuating beyond fact	
Huswife, hûz'zîf. <i>s.</i> an economist		Hyperborean, hî-pêr-bô-rê-ân. <i>s.</i> northern	
Huswife, hûz'zîf. <i>v. a.</i> to manage with economy and frugality	[or bad		
Huswifery, hûz'zîf-rê. <i>s.</i> management good			

nôr, nô-tâbe, tâb, bâll—ôll—pôand—thin, rhis.

Hypercritick, hi-pêr-krî'k. s. a critick exact or captious beyond reason	icy, l'sè. a. full of ice, cold
Hypercritical, hi-pêr-krî'è-kâl. a. critical beyond use	Idea, i-dé'â. s. a mental image
Hyphen, hi'fèn. s. a nete of conjunction; as	Ideal, i-dé'âl. s. a mental, intellectual
Hypnotick, hi-pô'nô'tik. s. any medicine that induces sleep	Ideally, i-dé'âl-è. ad. intellectually, mentally
Hypochondriack, hi-pô-kôn'drè-âk. s. one afflicted with melancholy	Idetical, i-dèn'tè-kâl. } a. the same
Hypocrisy, hè-pôk'krè-sè. s. dissimulation	Identick, i-dèn'tik. }
Hypocrite, hi-pô-krî't. s. a dissembler in religion	Identify, i-dèn'tè-fl. v. a. to make two things to be the same
Hypocritical, hi-pô-krî'k-kâl. a. dissembling	Ident'y, i-dèn'te-tè. s. sameness
Hypocritically, hi-pô-krî'k-kâl-è. ad. without sincerity	Ides, idz. s. a term anciently used among the Romans with regard to time; and meaning the 16th day of March, May, July, and October; and the 15th of every other month
Hypostasis, hi-pôs'tâ-sîs. s. distinct substance, personal	Idiocracy, id-è-òk'krâ-sé. s. peculiarity of constitution
Hypostatical, hi-pô-stâ'tè-kâl. a. constitutive, personal	Idiocy, id'è-ò-sè. s. want of understanding
Hypothesis, hi-pô'th'è-sîs. s. a supposition, a system formed under some principle not proved	Idiom, id'è-ùm. s. a mode of speaking peculiar to a language
Hypothetical, hi-pô-thè'tè-kâl. a. including a supposition, conditional	Idiot, id'è-ût. s. a fool, a changeling
Hypothetically, hi-pô-thè'tè-kâl-è. ad. upon supposition, conditionally	Idiotism, id'è-ût-îzm. s. peculiarity of expression; natural imbecility of mind
Hysop, hi'zûp. s. a plant	Idle, l'dl. a. lazy, averse from labour
Hysterical, hîs-tè'rè-kâl. } a. troubled with fits	Idle, l'dl. v. n. to lose time in laziness and inactivity
Hysterick, hîs-tè'r'ik. } fits	Idleheaded, l'dl-hèd-dèd. a. foolish, unreasonableness
Hystericks, hîs-tè'r'iks. s. fits of women	Idler, l'di-âr. s. a lazy person

I.

I, pron. personal, oblique case Me; plural We, oblique case Us. The pronoun of the first person, myself	Idol, l'dâl. s. an image worshipped as God; one loved to adoration
Iambick, i-âm'blk. s. verses composed of a short and long syllable alternately	Idolator, i-dô'l'â-târ. s. one who pays divine honour to images
Ice, lse. s. frozen water; concreted sugar	Idolatrous, i-dô'l'â-trûs. a. tending to idolatry
Ice, lce. v. a. to cover with or turn to ice; to cover with concreted sugar	Idolatry, i-dô'l'â-trè. s. the worship of images
Icehouse, lse'hôuse. s. a house in which ice is repositèd	Idolize, l'dò-lîze. v. a. to love or reverence
Ichneumon, ik-nû-môn. s. a small animal that breaks the eggs of the crocodile; a sort of fly	Idyl, l'dil. s. a small short poem, in the pastoral style
Ichthyography, ik-nôg'grâ-fè. s. the ground-plan of a fish	If, lî. conj. suppose that, allow that; whether or no
Ichor, l'kôr. s. a thin watery humour	Igneous, l'g-né-ûs. a. fiery, containing fire
Ichorous, ik'ò-rûs. a. thin, undigested	Ignis-fatuus, l'g-nîs-fâ'tshû-ûs. s. will-with-the-wisp, jack-with-the-lantern
Ichthyology, ik-thè-òl'ò-jè. s. the doctrine of the nature of fish	Ignite, l'g-nî'tè. v. a. to kindle, to set on fire
Iceicle, l'slk-kl. s. a shoot of ice hanging down	Ignition, l'g-nîsh'ûn. s. the act of setting on fire
Icon, l'kôn. s. a representation	Ignitable, l'g-nî'tè-bl. a. inflammable
Icteric, ik-tè'r'è-kâl. a. afflicted with the jaundice	Ignoble, l'g-nô-bl. a. mean of birth; worthless
	Ignobly, l'g-nô-blè. ad. ignominiously, meanly
	Ignominious, l'g-nô-mîn'yûs. a. mean, reproachful
	Ignominiously, l'g-nô-mîn'yûs-è. ad. meanly, disgracefully
	Ignominy, l'g-nô-mîn-è. s. disgrace, shame

Fâte, râr, râl, rât—mê, mêt—pine, pin nô, môte,

Ignoramus, Ig-nô-râ-mûs. *s.* foolish fellow
 Ignorance, Ig-nô-rânse. *s.* want of knowledge, unskillfulness [unlearned]
 Ignorant, Ig-nô-rânt. *a.* wanting knowledge,
 Ignorantly, Ig-nô-rânt-lê. *ad.* without knowledge, unskillfully
 Iiac, Il'ê-âk. *a.* relating to the lower bowels
 Il, Il. *a.* bad in any respect, evil; sick
 Il, Il. *s.* wickedness; misfortune, misery
 Il, Il. *ad.* not well, not rightly; not easily
 Illapse, Il-lâps'. *s.* sudden attack, casual coming [ensnare]
 Illaqueate, Il-lâ'kwé-âte. *v. a.* to entrap, to
 Illation, Il-lâ'shûn. *s.* inference, conclusion drawn from premises [or commendation]
 Illaudable, Il-lâw'dâ-bl. *a.* unworthy of praise
 Illaudably, Il-lâw'dâ-blê. *ad.* unworthily
 Illegal, Il-lé'gâl. *a.* contrary to law
 Illegality, Il-lé'gâl'lê-tê. *s.* contrariety to law
 Illegally, Il-lé'gâl-lê. *ad.* in a manner contrary to law
 Illegible, Il-lê'jê-bl. *a.* what cannot be read
 Illegitimacy, Il-lê'jît'ê-mâ-â. *s.* state of bastardy [in wedlock]
 Illegitimate, Il-lê'jît'ê-mâte. *a.* not begotten
 Illeviable, Il-lêv'vê-â-bl. *a.* what cannot be levied or exacted
 Ilfavoured, Il-fâ'vûrd. *a.* deformed [erous
 Il liberal, Il-lîb'bêr-âl. *a.* not noble, not generous
 Il liberality, Il-lîb'bêr-râl'lê-tê. *s.* parsimony, niggardliness [meanly
 Il liberally, Il-lîb'bêr-râl-ê. *ad.* disingenuously,
 Illicit, Il-lîs'st. *a.* unlawful [not be bounded
 Ilimitable, Il-lîm'mê-tâ-bl. *a.* that which cannot
 Iliteracy, Il-lî'têr-â-sê. *s.* want of learning
 Iliterate, Il-lî'têr-âte. *a.* unlettered, unlearned
 Iliterateness, Il-lî'têr-âte-nês. *s.* want of learning
 Illness, Il'nês. *s.* sickness, malady [lence
 Ilnature, Il-nâ'tshûrê. *s.* habitual malevolence
 Ilnature, Il-nâ'tshûrd. *a.* habitually malevolent, mischievous [of reason
 Illogical, Il-lôd'jê-kâi. *a.* contrary to the rules
 Ilude, Il-lôde'. *v. a.* to deceive, to mock
 Ilume, Il-lûme'. }
 Illumine, Il-lû'mîn'. } *v. a.* to enlighten, to supply with light; to decorate, to adorn
 Illuminate, Il-lû'mê-nâte. *v. a.* to enlighten, to supply with light; to adorn with festal lamps or bonfires; to adorn with pictures

or initial letters of various colours; to illustrate
 Illumination, Il-lû-mê-nâ'shûn. *s.* that which gives light; festal light hung out as a token of joy; brightness, splendour; infusion of intellectual light
 Illuminative, Il-lû'mê-nâ-tiv. *a.* having the power to give light [error
 Illusion, Il-lû'zhûn. *s.* mockery, false show
 Illusive, Il-lû'slv. *a.* deceiving by false show
 Illusory, Il-lû'sûr-ê. *a.* deceiving, fraudulent
 Illustrate, Il-lûs'trâte. *v. s.* to brighten with light; to elucidate [elucidation
 Illustration, Il-lûs-trâ'shûn. *s.* explanation
 Illustrative, Il-lûs'trâ-tiv. *a.* having the quality of clearing
 Illustrious, Il-lûs'trê-ûs. *a.* conspicuous, noble
 Illustriously, Il-lûs'trê-ûs-lê. *ad.* conspicuously, nobly [grandeur
 Illustriousness, Il-lûs'trê-ûs-nês. *s.* eminence,
 Image, Im'mldje. *s.* a statue; an idol. an idea [to imagine
 Image, Im'mldje. *v. a.* to copy by the fancy
 Imagery, Im'mld-jêr-rê. *s.* sensible representation; false ideas [conceived
 Imaginable, ê-mâd'jîn-â-bl. *a.* possible to
 Imaginary, ê-mâd'jîn-âr-ê. *a.* fancied, visionary [idea; contrivance
 Imagination, ê-mâd-jîn-a'shûn. *s.* fancy;
 Imaginative, ê-mâd'jîn-â-tiv. *a.* fantastick, full of imagination [the mind
 Imagine, ê-mâd'jîn. *v. a.* to fancy, to paint in
 Imbecile, Im-bê's'sl. *a.* feeble in mind or body
 Imbecility, Im-bê-s'l'ê-tê. *s.* feebleness of mind or body
 Imbibe, Im-blbe'. *v. a.* to drink in, to soak
 Imbitter, Im-bî'tûr. *v. a.* to make bitter; to exasperate [body
 Imbody, Im-bôd'dê. *v. a.* to condense to a
 Imbody, Im-bôd'dê. *v. n.* to unite into one mass, to coalesce
 Imbolden, Im-bôl'dn. *v. a.* to encourage
 Imbosom, Im-bôd'zâm. *v. a.* to hold on the bosom; to admit to the heart
 Imbow, Im-bôû'. *v. a.* to arch, to vault
 Imbower, Im-bôû'ûr. *v. a.* to cover with a bower, to shelter with trees
 Imbricated, Im'brê-kâ-têd. *a.* indented with concavities [denture
 Imbrication, Im-brê-kâ'shûn. *s.* concave, w-

nôr. nô-t—tâbe, tâb, bân—ôl—pôund—thn, this.

imbrown, Im-brôûn'. *v. a.* to make brown
 imbrue, Im-brôû'. *v. a.* to steep, to soak
 imbrute, Im-brôû'. *v. a.* to degrade to brutality
 imbue, Im-bû'. *v. a.* to tincture deep
 imburse, Im-bûrse'. *v. a.* to stock with money
 imitability, Im-é-tâ-blî'è-té. *s.* the quality of
 being imitable [possible to be imitated]
 imitable, Im-é-tâ-bl. *a.* worthy to be imitated;
 imitate, Im-é-tâte. *v. a.* to copy, to endeavour
 to resemble; to counterfeit
 imitation, Im-mé-tâ shûn. *s.* the act of copy-
 ing, attempt to resemble
 imitative, Im-é-tâ-tîv. *a.* inclined to copy
 imitator, Im-é-tâ-tûr. *s.* one who endeavours
 to resemble another
 immaculate, Im-mâk'kû-lâte. *a.* spotless, pure
 immanacle, Im-mân'â-kl. *v. a.* to fetter
 immanent, Im'mâ-nènt. *a.* intrinsic, inherent
 immanifest, Im-mân'ân-è-fèst. *a.* not plain
 inhumanity, Im-mân'ân-té. *s.* barbarity
 inaccessible, Im-mâ-né-sé-bl. *a.* unfading
 immartial, Im-mâ'shâl. *a.* not warlike
 immaterial, Im-mâ-té-ré-âl. *a.* incorporeal;
 unimportant
 immateriality, Im-mâ-té-ré-âl-é-té. *s.* distinct-
 ness from body or matter
 immature, Im-mâ-tûre'. *a.* not ripe
 immaturely, Im-mâ-tûre'lé. *ad.* too soon
 immaturity, Im-mâ-tûre'nés. } *s.* unripe-
 ness, incompleteness } [measured
 immeasurable, Im-mèzh'û-r'â-bl. *a.* not to be
 measured
 immeasurably, Im-mèzh'û-â-blé. *ad.* beyond
 all measure [with regard to time
 immediate, Im-mé-dé-ât. *a.* instant, present
 immediately, Im-mé-dé-ât-lé. *ad.* instantly, at
 the time present
 immemorial, Im-méd-dé-kâ-bl. *a.* memorable
 immemorial, Im-mé-mô-ré-âl. *a.* past time of
 memory
 immerse, Im-mènsé'. *a.* unlimited, unbounded
 immensely, Im-mènsé'lé. *ad.* infinitely, with-
 out measure [ness, infinity
 immensity, Im-mèn'sé-té. *s.* unbounded great-
 ness
 immensurable, Im-mèn'shû-râ-bl. *a.* not to be
 measured
 immerge, Im-mèrdjé'. *v. a.* to put under water
 immerse, Im-mèrsé'. *v. a.* to put under water
 immersion, Im-mèr'shûn. *s.* the state of sink-
 ing below the surface of a fluid

immethetical, Im-mé-thôd'è-kâl. *a.* confused,
 without regularity [without method
 immethetically, Im-mé-thôd'è-kâl-lé. *ad.*
 imminence, Im-mè-nènc. *s.* immediate or
 near danger [ening
 imminent, Im'mè-nènt. *a.* impending, threat
 imminution, Im-mé-nû'shûn. *s.* diminution
 decrease
 immission, Im-mîsh'ûn. *s.* the act of sending in
 immix, Im-mîks'. *v. a.* to mingle [mingled
 immixable, Im-mîks'â-bl. *a.* impossible to be
 immobility, Im-mô-blî'è-té. *s.* unmoveable
 ness, want of motion [due near
 immoderate, Im-môd'dêr-ât. *a.* exceeding the
 immoderately, Im-môd'dêr-rât-lé. *ad.* in an
 excessive degree [scene; unreasonable
 immodest, Im-môd'dèst. *a.* unchaste; ob-
 immodesty, Im-môd'dès-té. *s.* want of modesty
 immolate, Im-mô-lâte. *v. a.* to sacrifice, to
 kill in sacrifice [crisifying
 immolation, Im-mô-lâ shûn. *s.* the act of sa-
 crificing
 immoment, Im-mô'mènt. *a.* trifling
 immoral, Im-mô'r-râl. *a.* contrary to honesty,
 dishonest, [want of virtue
 immorality, Im-mô-râl-é-té. *s.* dishonesty,
 immortal, Im-môrtâl. *a.* exempt from death,
 never to die [from death
 immortality, Im-môrtâl-é-té. *s.* exemption
 immortalize, Im-môrtâl-ize. *v. a.* to make
 immortal, to exempt from death
 immortally, Im-môrtâl-é. *ad.* with exemption
 from death [ed from its place
 immoveable, Im-môdv'â-bl. *a.* not to be forc-
 ed
 immoveably, Im-môdv'â-blé. *ad.* in a state
 not to be shaken [tion
 immunity, Im-mû-né-té. *s.* privilege, exemp-
 tion
 immerse, Im-mûre'. *v. a.* to enclose with
 walls, to confine
 immusical, Im-mû-zé-kâl. *a.* inharmonious
 immutability, Im-mû-tâ-blî'è-té. *s.* exemption
 from change, invariableness [invariable
 immutable, Im-mû-tâ-bl. *a.* changeably,
 immutably, Im-mû-tâ-blé. *ad.* unalterably, un-
 changeably
 imp, Imp. *s.* a son; a puny devil [changeably
 imp, Imp. *v. a.* to enlarge with any thing ad-
 dititious; to assist
 impact, Im-pâkt'. *v. a.* to drive close or har-
 dly
 impair, Im-pâre'. *v. a.* to diminish, to injure
 impairment, Im-pâre'mènt. *s.* diminution, in-
 jury

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pline, pln—nò, môve,

Impalpable, im-pâl'pâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be perceived by a touch	Imperceptible, im-pêr-sêp'té-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be discovered, not to be perceived
Imparadise, im-pâr'â-dîse. <i>v. a.</i> to put into a state resembling paradise [portion]	Imperceptibleness, im-pêr-sêp'té-bl-nês. <i>s.</i> the quality of eluding observation
Imparity, im-pâr'é-tê. <i>s.</i> inequality, disproportion	Imperceptibly, im-pêr-sêp'té-blê. <i>ad.</i> in a manner not to be perceived
Impart, im-pâr't. <i>v. a.</i> to grant; to communicate	Imperfect, im-pêr'fêkt. <i>a.</i> not complete, defective [ure, fault]
Impartial, im-pâr-shê-âl'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> equitable-ness, justice	Imperfection, im-pêr-fêk'shân. <i>s.</i> defect, fault
Impartially, im-pâr'shâ-l'ê. <i>ad.</i> equitably; without regard to party or interest	Imperfectly, im-pêr'fêkt-lê. <i>ad.</i> not completely, not fully [an emperor or monarch]
Impartible, im-pâr't-ê-bl. <i>a.</i> communicable	Imperial, im-pê'rê-âl. <i>a.</i> royal; belonging to
Impassable, im-pâ'sâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be passed	Imperialist, im-pê'rê-âl-îst. <i>s.</i> one that belongs to an emperor [haughty]
Impassioned, im-pâsh'shând. <i>a.</i> seized with passion [fering; vehemence of temper]	Imperious, im-pê'rê-ûs. <i>a.</i> commanding;
Impatience, im-pâ'shênsê. <i>s.</i> rage under sufferance	Imperiously, im-pê'rê-ûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> with insolence of authority [arrogance of command]
Impatient, im-pâ'shênt. <i>a.</i> not able to endure; furious with pain; ardently desirous	Impenousness, im-pê'rê-ûs-nês. <i>s.</i> authority;
Impatiently, im-pâ'shênt-lê. <i>ad.</i> passionately;	Imperishable, im-pêr-rîsh-â-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be destroyed [ording to the persons]
Impawn, im-pâwn'. <i>v. a.</i> to pledge [eagerly]	Impersonal, im-pêr'sôn-âl. <i>a.</i> not varied according to persons
Impeach, im-pêtsh'. <i>v. a.</i> to accuse by public authority [chargeable]	Impersuasive, im-pêr-swâ'zê-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be moved by persuasion
Impeachable, im-pêtsh'â-bl. <i>a.</i> accusable,	Impertinence, im-pêr'tê-nênsê. <i>s.</i> folly; troublesomeness, intrusion; trifle
Impeachment, im-pêtsh'mênt. <i>s.</i> hindrance; public accusation	Impertinent, im-pêr'tê-nênt. <i>a.</i> intrusive, meddling, foolish [meddler, an intruder]
Impearl, im-pêr'l'. <i>v. a.</i> to form in resemblance of pearls; to decorate with pearls	Impertinient, im-pêr'tê-nênt. <i>s.</i> a trifler, a trifler
Impeccability, im-pêk-kâ-bîl'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> exemption from sin [possibility of sin]	Impertinently, im-pêr'tê-nênt-lê. <i>ad.</i> officiously, intrusively [penetrable]
Impeccable, im-pêk'kâ-bl. <i>a.</i> exempt from sin	Impervious, im-pêr've-ûs. <i>a.</i> unpassable, im-
Impede, im-pêdê. <i>v. a.</i> to hinder, to obstruct	Imperviousness, im-pêr've-ûs-nês. <i>s.</i> the state of not admitting any passage
Impediment, im-pêd'ê-mênt. <i>s.</i> hindrance, obstruction [ward, to press on]	Impetuosity, im-pêtsh'û-ôs'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> violence, fury, vehemence [ment, passionate]
Impel, im-pêl'. <i>v. a.</i> to drive on, to urge forward	Impetuous, im-pêtsh'û-ûs. <i>a.</i> violent; vehemently
Impellent, im-pêl'lênt. <i>s.</i> an impulsive power	Impetuously, im-pêtsh'û-ûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> violently, vehemently [fury]
Impend, im-pênd'. <i>v. n.</i> to hang over, to press nearly	Impetuousness, im-pêtsh'û-ûs-nês. <i>s.</i> violence,
Impendent, im-pên'dênt. <i>a.</i> hanging over	Impetus, im-pê-tûs. <i>s.</i> violent effort
Impenetrability, im-pên-ê-trâ-bîl'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> quality of not being pierceable; insusceptibility of intellectual impression [pierced]	Impiety, im-pl'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> irreverence to the Supreme Being; an act of wickedness
Impenetrable, im-pên-ê-trâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be penetrated	Impignorate, im-pl'g'nò-râte. <i>v. a.</i> to pawn, to pledge [strike against]
Impenitence, im-pên'ê-tênsê. <i>s.</i> obduracy, want of remorse for crimes	Impinge, im-plîje. <i>v. n.</i> to fall against, to impinge
Impenitent, im-pên'ê-tênt. <i>a.</i> obdurate	Impinguate, im-plîng'gwâte. <i>v. a.</i> to fatten
Impenitently, im-pên'ê-tênt-lê. <i>ad.</i> without repentance [ness]	Impious, im-pê-ûs. <i>a.</i> irreligious, profane
Imperate, im-pê-râte. <i>a.</i> done with consciousness	Impiously, im-pê-ûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> profanely, wickedly [bieness, determined malice]
Imperative, im-pê-râ-tîv. <i>a.</i> commanding, expressive of command	Implacability, im-plâ-kâ-bîl'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> inexorable

nôr, nô-t—tâbe, tâb, hâll—ôll—pôund—thin, THIS.

- Implacable, *Im-plà'ká bl. a.* not to be pacified, in-xor-ble
- Implacably, *Im-plà'ká-blé. ad.* with malice, not to be pacified, inexorably
- Implant, *Im-plânt'. v. a.* to infix, to insert, to engraft [setting or planting]
- Implantation, *Im-plân-tà'shùn. s.* the act of implanting
- Implausible, *Im-plâw'zê-bl. a.* not specious
- Implement, *Im-plé-mènt. s.* tool, instrument of manufacture [the state of being full]
- Implosion, *Im-plé'shùn. s.* the act of filling, complex, *Im-pléks. a.* intricate
- Implicate, *Im-plé-kâte. v. a.* to entangle, to embarrass [entanglement]
- Implication, *Im-plé-kâ'shùn. s.* involution, implicit, *Im-plis'it. a.* infolded, inferred, tacitly comprised; entirely obedient
- Implicitly, *Im-plis'it-lé. ad.* by inference [beg]
- Implore, *Im-plôre'. v. a.* to solicit; to ask, to imply, *Im-pli'. v. a.* to comprise [with poison]
- Impoison, *Im-pôe'zn. v. a.* to corrupt or kill
- Impolite, *Im-pô-lite'. a.* unpolished, rude
- Impoliteness, *Im-pô-lite'nês. s.* want of politeness [cree]
- Impolitic, *Im-pô-lé-tik. a.* imprudent, indis-
 Imponderous, *Im-pôn-dèr-ûs. a.* void of perceptible weight [closeness]
- Imporosity, *Im-pô-rôs-sé-té. s.* compactness, Imporous, *Im-pô-rûs. a.* free from pores or vacuities [country from abroad; to infer]
- Import, *Im-pôrt'. v. a.* to carry into any
 Import, *Im'pôrt. s.* importance; any thing imported [quence, moment]
- Importance, *Im-pôrtânse. s.* matter; conse-
 Important, *Im-pôrtânt. a.* momentous, weighty
 Importation, *Im-pôrt-tà'shùn. s.* the act or practice of importing [from abroad]
- Importer, *Im-pôrt'ûr. s.* one that brings in
 Importunacy, *Im-pôrt'û-nâ-sé. s.* the act of importuning [insolicitation]
- Importunate, *Im-pôrt'tshû-nâte. a.* incessant
 Importunately, *Im-pôrt'tshû-nât-lé. ad.* with incessant solicitation [harass]
- Importune, *Im-pôrt-tûne'. v. a.* to tease, to importunely, *Im-pôrt-tûne'lé. ad.* troublesomely, incessantly [licitation]
- Importunity, *Im-pôrt-tû-né-té. s.* incessant so-
 Impose, *Im-pôze. v. a.* to lay on; to enjoin; to deceive [gatory on a body]
- Imposable, *Im-pô-zâ-bl. a.* to be laid as obli-
 Imposition, *Im-pô-zis'hùn. s.* injunction of any thing as a law or duty; cheat, impos-
 Impossible, *Im-pôs'sé-bl. a.* impracticable
 Impossibility, *Im-pôs-sé-bl'ité-té. s.* impracti-
 Import, *Im'pôst. s.* a tax, a toll [cability]
 Imposthumate, *Im-pôs'tshû-mâte. v. n.* to form an abscess
 Imposthume, *Im-pôs'tshûme. s.* a collection of purulent matter in a bag or cyst
 Impostor, *Im-pôs'tûr. s.* one who cheats
 Imposture, *Im-pôs'tshûre. s.* cheat
 Impotence, *Im-pô-tènsé. } s. want of power,*
 Impotency, *Im-pô-tèn-sé. } s. inability*
 Impotent, *Im-pô-tènt. a.* weak, feeble
 Impotently, *Im-pô-tènt-lé. ad.* without power
 Impound, *Im-pôund'. v. a.* to enclose as in a pound, to shut in
 Impracticability, *Im-prâk-té-kâ-bl'ité-té. s.* impossibility
 Impracticable, *Im-prâk'té-kâ-bl. a.* impossible
 Impracticableness, *Im-prâk'té-kâ-bl-nês. s.* impossibility
 Imprecate, *Im-pré-kâte. v. a.* to call for evil
 Imprecation, *Im-pré-kâ'shùn. s.* curse, prayer by which any evil is wished [wishes of evil]
 Imprecatory, *Im-pré-kâ-târ-é. a.* containing
 Impregn, *Im-prène'. v. a.* to fill with young
 Impregnable, *Im-prèg'nâ-bl. a.* not to be stormed; unmoved [lifick; to fill]
 Impregnate, *Im-prèg'nâte. v. a.* to make pro-
 Impregnation, *Im-prèg-nâ'shùn. s.* the act of making prolific; fecundation
 Imprejudicate, *Im-pré-jôô-dé-kâte. a.* impartial
 Impreparation, *Im-pré-p-â-râ'shùn. s.* want of preparation [to force into service]
 Impress, *Im-près'. v. a.* to print by pressure;
 Impress, *Im'près. s.* stamp; act of forcing in-
 to service
 Impression, *Im-prèsh'ûn. s.* mark made by pressure, image fixed in the mind; influ-
 ence; edition [impressed]
 Impressible, *Im-près'sé-bl. a.* what may be
 Impressure, *Im-prèsh'ûre. s.* the mark made by pressure, the dint
 Imprint, *Im-print'. v. a.* to mark upon any substance by pressure; to fix on the mind
 Imprison, *Im-priz'zn. v. a.* to shut up, to con-
 fine [ment]
 Imprisonment, *Im-priz'zn-mènt. s.* confine-

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—no, môte,

- Improbability**, *Im-prôb-â-bil'ê-tê. s.* unlike-lihood
Improbable, *Im-prôb'â-bl. a.* unlikely [lihood
Improbably, *Im-prôb'â-biê. ad.* without like-
Improbate, *Im-prô-bâte. v. a.* not to approve
Improbation, *Im-prô-bâ'shûn. s.* act of disal-
 lowing
Improbity, *Im-prôb'ê-tê. s.* want of honesty
Improlificate, *Im-prô-lif'fê-kâte. v. a.* to im-
 pregnate [raneous composition
Impromptu, *Im-prôn'tû. s.* a short extempu-
Imprompt, *Im-prôp'ûr. a.* unfit
Improperly, *Im-prôp'ûr-lê. ad.* unfitly
Impropritate, *Im-prô-prê-âte. v. a.* to convert
 to private use
Impropriation, *Im-prô-prê-â shûn. s.* an ec-
 clesiastical benefice, or church lands, in the
 occupation of a layman
Impropriator, *Im-prô-prê-â'tûr. s.* a layman
 that has the possession of 'the lands of the
 church
Impropriety, *Im-prô-prl'ê-tê. s.* unfitness
Improsperous, *Im-prôs'pûr-ûs. a.* unhappy
Improsperously, *Im-prôs'pûr-ûs-lê. ad.* un-
 happily, unsuccessfully, with ill-fortune
Improbable, *Im-prôv'â-bl. a.* capable of being
 advanced [to better
Improve, *Im-prôdv'. v. a.* to raise from good
Improve, *Im-prôdv'. v. n.* to advance in good-
 ness [act of improving
Improvement, *Im-prôdv'mênt. s.* melioration
Improvvidence, *Im-prôv'ê-dênsê. s.* want of
 forethought [forecast
Improvident, *Im-prôv'ê-dênt. a.* wanting
Improvidently, *Im-prôv'ê-dênt-lê. ad.* without
 forethought
Imprudence, *Im-prôv'ê-dênsê. s.* indiscretion
Imprudent, *Im-prôv'ê-dênt. a.* injudicious, in-
 discreet [inmodesty
Impudence, *Im-pû-dênsê. s.* shamelessness
Impudent, *Im-pû-dênt. a.* shameless
Impudently, *Im-pû-dênt-lê. ad.* shamelessly
Impugn, *Im-pûnê. v. a.* to attack; to assault
Impugner, *Im-pû-nûr. s.* one that attacks or
 invades [weakness
Impuissance, *Im-pû-ls'sânse. s.* impotence,
Impulse, *Im-pûlse. s.* communicated force;
 influence upon the mind
Impulsive, *Im-pûl'siv. a.* having the power of
 impulse
Impunity, *Im-pû-nê-tê. s.* freedom from pun-
 ishment
Impure, *Im-pûrê. a.* unholy; feculent, drossy
Impurely, *Im-pûrê-lê. ad.* with impurity
Impurity, *Im-pû-rê-tê. s.* want of holiness
 act of unchastity; feculent admixture
Impurple, *Im-pûr-pl. v. a.* to make red
Imputable, *Im-pû-tâ-bl. a.* chargeable upon
 any one, accusable [flection
Imputation, *Im-pû-tâ'shûn. s.* censure; re-
Imputative, *Im-pû-tâ-tiv. a.* capable of being
Impute, *Im-pû-tê. v. a.* to attribute [imputed
In, *In. prep.* noting place, state, time, power,
 or proportion
In, *In. ad.* within some place; engaged to
 any affair, placed in some state
Inability, *In-â-bil'ê-tê. s.* impotence [proached
Inaccessible, *In-âk-sê'sê-bl. a.* not to be ap-
Inaccuracy, *In-âk'kû-râ-sê. s.* want of exact-
 ness [accurate
Inaccurate, *In-âk'kû-râte. a.* not exact, not
Inaction, *In-âk'shûn. s.* idleness
Inactive, *In-âk'tiv. a.* indolent
Inactively, *In-âk'tiv-lê. ad.* idly, sluggishly
Inactivity, *In-âk'tiv'ê-tê. s.* idleness
Inadequacy, *In-âd'ê-kwâ-sê. s.* the state of
 being unequal to some purpose
Inadequate, *In-âd'ê-kwâte. a.* not equal to the
 purpose, defective
Inadequately, *In-âd'ê-kwâte-lê. ad.* defectively
Inadvertence, *In-âd-vêr'tênsê. } s. care-*
Inadvertency, *In-âd-vêr'tên-sê. } lessness, negligence*
Inadvertent, *In-âd-vêr'tênt. a.* careless
Inadvertently, *In-âd-vêr'tênt-lê. ad.* careles-
 sly, negligently [alienated
Inalienable, *In-âle'yên-â-bl. a.* that cannot be
Inalimentary, *In-âl-ê-mên'tâl. a.* affording no
 nourishment [out animation
Inanimate, *In-ân'ê-mâte. a.* void of life, with-
Inanition, *In-ân-lsh'ûn. s.* emptiness of body
Inanity, *In-ân'ê-tê. s.* emptiness [petite
Inappetency, *In-âp'pê-tên-sê. s.* want of ap-
Inapplicable, *In-âp'plê-kâ-bl. a.* not to be put
 to a peculiar use [negligence
Inapplication, *In-âp'plê-kâ'shûn. s.* indolence
Inaptitude, *In-âp'tê-tûde. s.* unfitness
Inarticulate, *In-âr-tik'û-lâte. a.* not uttered
 with distinctness [distinctly
Inarticulately, *In-âr-tik'û-lâte-lê. ad.* not

nôr, nôl -tâbe, tûb, bûll—ôll—pôând—thin, mis.

Inartificial, In-âr-tê-fîsh'âl. <i>a.</i> contrary to art	Incentive, In-sên'tîv. <i>s.</i> incitement
Inartificially, In-âr-tê-fîsh'âl-ê. <i>ad.</i> without art	Incentive, In-sên'tîv. <i>a.</i> inciting, encouraging
Inattention, In-ât-tên'shûn. <i>s.</i> disregard, neglect	Inception, In-sêp'shûn. <i>s.</i> beginning
Inattentive, In-ât-tên'tîv. <i>a.</i> careless, negligent	Inceptive, In-sêp'tîv. <i>a.</i> noting a beginning
Inaudible, In-âw'dê-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be heard	Incertitude, In-sêr'tê-tûde. <i>s.</i> uncertainty
Inaugurate, In-âw'gû-râte. <i>v. a.</i> to consecrate, to invest	Incertitude, In-sêr'tê-tûde. <i>s.</i> uncertainty
Inauguration, In-âw-gû-râ'shûn. <i>s.</i> investiture	Incessant, In-sês'sân. <i>a.</i> unintermitted, continuous
Inauration, In-âw-râ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of gilding with gold	Incessantly, In-sês'sân-ti-ê. <i>ad.</i> without intermission, continually
Inauspicious, In-âw-spîsh'ûs. <i>a.</i> unlucky	Incest, In'sêst. <i>s.</i> unnatural and criminal connection
Inborn, In'bôrn. <i>a.</i> implanted by nature	Incestuous, In-sês'tshû-ûs. <i>a.</i> guilty of incest
Inbred, In'bred. <i>a.</i> produced within [cultured]	Incestuously, In-sês'tshû-ûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> with unnatural love
Incalculable, In-kâl'kû-lâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be calculated	Inch, Insh. <i>s.</i> the twelfth part of a foot ; a
Incalescence, In-kâ-ies'sense. } <i>s.</i> the state	Inch, Insh. <i>v. a.</i> to drive or deal by inches ; to give sparingly
Incalescency, In-kâ-ies'sên-sê. } of growing warm, warmth	Inchmeal, Insh'mêle. <i>s.</i> a piece an inch long
Incantation, In-kân-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> enchantment	Inchmate, lug'kô-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to begin, to commence
Incantatory, In-kân'tâ-tûr-ê. <i>a.</i> dealing by enchantment	Inchoation, Ing-kô-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> beginning [alt]
Incanton, In-kân'tûn. <i>v. a.</i> to unite to a canton	Incid-ence, In'sê-dênsê. <i>s.</i> accident, hap, casualty
Incapacity, In-kâ-pâ-bîl'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> inability natural, disqualification legal	Incident, In'sê-dênt. <i>a.</i> casual, fortuitous
Incapable, In-kâ-pâ-bl. <i>a.</i> unable ; disqualified	Incident, In'sê-dênt. <i>s.</i> casualty, an event
Incapacious, In-kâ-pâ'shûs. <i>a.</i> narrow	Incidental, In-sê-dên'tâl. <i>a.</i> casual, happening by chance
Incapacitate, In-kâ-pâs'sê-tâte. <i>v. a.</i> to disable, to weaken	Incidentally, In'sê-dên-ti-ê. <i>ad.</i> occasionally, by the by
Incapacity, In-kâ-pâs'sê-tê. <i>s.</i> inability	Incinerate, In-sîn'nêr-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to burn to ashes
Incarcerate, In-kâr'sê-râte. <i>v. a.</i> to imprison	Incircumspection, In-sêr-kûm-spêk'shûn. <i>s.</i>
Incarceration, In-kâr-sê-râ'shûn. <i>s.</i> imprisonment, confinement	Incised, In-sîzd'. <i>a.</i> cut, made by cutting
Incarn, In-kârn'. <i>v. a.</i> to cover with flesh	Incision, In-sîzh'ûn. <i>s.</i> a cut
Incarn, In-kârn'. <i>v. n.</i> to breed flesh	Incisive, In-sî'slv. <i>a.</i> having the quality of cutting or dividing
Incarnate, In-kâi'nâte. <i>part. a.</i> clothed with flesh, embodied with flesh	Incisor, In-sî'sôr. <i>s.</i> cutter, tooth
Incarnation, In-kâi-nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of assuming body	Incisure, In-sîzh'ûre. <i>s.</i> a cut, an aperture
Incense, In-kâse'. <i>v. a.</i> to cover	Incitation, In-sê-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> incentive, motive
Incautious, In-kâw'shûs. <i>a.</i> unwary, negligent	Incite, In-sî'tê'. <i>v. a.</i> to stir up
Incautiously, In-kâw'shûs-iê. <i>ad.</i> unwarily, heedlessly	Incitement, In-sî'têmênt. <i>s.</i> motive, impulse
Incendious, In-sên-dê-ûs. <i>a.</i> rebellious, factious	Incivility, In-sê-vîl'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> want of courtesy, rudeness
Incendiary, In-sên-dê-â-rê. <i>s.</i> one who sets houses or towns on fire ; one who inflames faction	Inclemency, In-klêm'mên-sê. <i>s.</i> cruelty, harshness
Incense, In'sênsê. <i>s.</i> perfumes exhaled by fire	Inclement, In-klêm'mênt. <i>a.</i> unmerciful, harsh
Incense, In'sênsê. <i>v. n.</i> to perfume with incense	Inclinable, In-klî'nâ-bl. <i>a.</i> willing
Incense, In-sênsê'. <i>v. a.</i> to inflame with anger	Inclination, In-klê-nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> tendency towards any point ; affection
Incensory, In-sên-sûr-ê. <i>s.</i> the vessel in which incense is burnt	Incline, In-klînê'. <i>v. n.</i> to bend ; to be favourably disposed to ; to feel desire beginning
	Incline, In-klînê'. <i>v. a.</i> to give a direction ; to incline
	Inclip, In-klîp'. <i>v. a.</i> to grasp, to enclose

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plue, pln—nò, môve,

Incloister, In-klôis'târ. <i>v. a.</i> to shut up in a cloister	Incompetently, In-kôm'pè-tènt-lê. <i>ad.</i> unsuitably
Includ, In-klôûd'. <i>v. a.</i> to darken, to obscure	Incomplete, In-kôm-plète'. <i>a.</i> not perfect, not finished
Include, In-klûde. <i>v. a.</i> to enclose ; to comprise	Incompleteness, In-kôm-plète'nês. <i>s.</i> imperfection
Inclusive, In-klû'siv. <i>a.</i> enclosing	Incompliance, In-kôm-pli'ânse. <i>s.</i> untractableness, impracticableness
Incoexistence, In-kô-êg-zîs tènse. <i>s.</i> the quality of not existing together	Incomposed, In-kôm-pôzd'. <i>a.</i> disturbed, disordered
Incog, In-kôg'. <i>ad.</i> unknown, in private	Incomprehensibility, In-kôm-prê-hên-sê-blî-tê. <i>s.</i> unconceivableness
Incogitancy, In-kôd'jê-tân-sê. <i>s.</i> want of thought	Incomprehensible, In-kôm-prê-hên'sê-blî. <i>a.</i> not to be conceived
Incogitative, In-kôd'jê-tâ-îlv. <i>a.</i> wanting the thought	Incomprehensiveness, In-kôm-prê-hên'sê-blî-nês. <i>s.</i> unconceivableness
Incognitio, In-kôg'nê-tò. <i>ad.</i> in a state of concealment	Incomprehensibly, In-kôm-prê-hên'sê-blê. <i>ad.</i> in a manner not to be conceived
Incoherence, In kô hê'rênsê. } <i>s.</i> want of connexion	Incompressible, In-kôm-prês'sê-blî. <i>a.</i> not capable of being compressed into less space
Incoherency, In-kô-hê-rên-se. } <i>s.</i> want of connexion	Inconcealable, In-kôn-sê'lâ-blî. <i>a.</i> not to be kept secret
incongruity [without cohesion]	Inconceivable, In-kôn-sê'vâ-blî. <i>a.</i> not to be conceived
Incoherent, In-kô-hê'rênt. <i>a.</i> inconsistent	Inconceivably, In-kôn-sê'vâ-blê. <i>ad.</i> in a manner beyond comprehension
Incoherently, In-kô-hê'rênt-lê. <i>ad.</i> inconsistently	Inconceivable, In-kôn-sê'vâ-blî. <i>a.</i> not to be conceived
incombustibility, In-kôm-bûs-tê-blî-tê. <i>s.</i> the quality of resisting fire	Inconcludent, In-kôn-klû'dênt. <i>a.</i> inferring no cogent evidence
Incombustible, In-kôm-bûs'tê-blî. <i>a.</i> not to be consumed by fire	Inconclusive, In-kôn-klû'siv. <i>a.</i> not exhibiting cogent evidence
Income, In'kûn. <i>s.</i> revenue, produce of any thing	Inconclusiveness, In-kôn-klû'siv-nês. <i>s.</i> want of cogent evidence
Incommensurable, In-kôm-mên'shû-râ-blî. <i>a.</i> not to be reduced to any measure common to both	Inconcoct, In-kôn-kôkt'. <i>a.</i> unripened, immature
Incommensurate, In-kôm-mên'shû-râ-tê. <i>a.</i> not admitting one common measure	Inconcoction, In-kôn-kôk'shôn. <i>s.</i> the state of being indigested
Incommode, In-kôm-nôdê'. <i>v. a.</i> to hinder or embarrass	Incondite, In'kôn-dîte. <i>a.</i> irregular
Incommodious, In-kôm-mô'dê-ûs, or In-kôm-mô'djê-ûs. <i>a.</i> inconvenient, vexatious	Inconditional, In-kôn-dîsh'ûn-â-l. <i>a.</i> without exception or limitation
Incommodiously, In-kôm-mô'dê-ûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> inconveniently	Inconditionate, In-kôn-dîsh'ûn-â-te. <i>a.</i> not limited, not restrained
Incommodiousness, In-kôm-mô'dê-ûs-nês. <i>s.</i> inconvenience	Inconformity, In-kôn-fôr'mê-tê. <i>s.</i> incompleteness
Incommunicable, In-kôm-mû'nê-kâ-blî. <i>a.</i> not impartible ; not to be told	Incongruence, In-kông'grô-ênse. } <i>s.</i> unsuitableness ; absurdity ; disagreement
Incompact, In-kôn-pâkt'. <i>a.</i> not joined, not united	Incongruous, In-kông'grô-ûs. <i>a.</i> unsuitable, not fitting [any connexion or dependence]
Incomparable, In-kôm-pâ-râ-blî. <i>a.</i> excellent above compare	Inconneedly, In-kôn-nêk'sêd-lê. <i>ad.</i> without connexion
Incomparably, In-kôm-pâ-râ-blê. <i>ad.</i> beyond comparison, without competition [of pity]	Inconsequence, In-kôn'sê-kwênse. <i>s.</i> inconclusiveness
Incompassionate, In-kôm-pâsh'ûn-ê-te. <i>a.</i> void of pity	Inconsequent, In-kôn'sê-kwênt. <i>a.</i> without conclusion
Incompatibility, In-kôra-pât-ê-blî-tê. <i>s.</i> inconsistency of one thing with another	Inconsiderable, In-kôn-sîd'êr-â-blî. <i>a.</i> unworthy of notice
Incompatible, In-kôm-pât-ê-blî. <i>a.</i> inconsistent with something else	Inconsiderableness, In-kôn-sîd'êr-â-blî-nês. <i>s.</i> small importance
Incompetency, In-kôm'pè-tên-sê. <i>s.</i> inability	
Incompetent, In-kôm'pè-tên-t. <i>a.</i> not suitable, not adequate	

nôr, nôt tûbe, iûb, bû!!—ôl—pôund—thin, THIS.

Incon siderate, In-kôn-sîd'êr-â-te. <i>a.</i> careless	Incorporation, In-kôr-pô-râ'shûn. <i>s.</i> union of
Inconsiderately, In-kôn-sîd'êr-â-te-lê. <i>ad.</i> negligently, thoughtlessly	divers ingredients in one mass; formation of a body politick; association
Inconsiderateness, In-kôn-sîd'êr-â-te-nês. } <i>s.</i>	Incorporeal, In-kôr-pô-rê-âl. <i>a.</i> immaterial, un bodied [rality
Inconsideration, In-kôn-sîd-êr-â'shûn. } want of thought, inattention	Incorporeity, In-kôr-pô-rê-ê-tê. <i>s.</i> immaterial
Inconsistency, In-kôn-sîs'tên-sê. <i>s.</i> disagreement; absurdity; incongruity; unsteadiness [incongruous, absurd	licorps, In-kôrps'. <i>v. a.</i> to incorporate
Inconsistent, In-kôn-sîs'tênt. <i>a.</i> incompatible,	Incorrect, In-kôr-rêkt'. <i>a.</i> not exact
Inconsistently, In-kôn-sîs'tênt-lê. <i>ad.</i> absurdly, incongruously [forted, sorrowful	Incorrectly, In-kôr-rêkt'lê. <i>ad.</i> inaccurately, not exactly [want of exactness
Inconsolable, In-kôn-sô'lâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be comforted, inconsolably	Incorrectness, In-kôr-rêkt'nês. <i>s.</i> inaccuracy,
Inconsonancy, In-kôn-sô-nân-sê. <i>s.</i> disagreement with itself [ible, not perceptible	Incorrigible, In-kôr-rê-jê-bl. <i>a.</i> bad beyond correction, depraved [less depravity
Inconspicuous, In-kôn-splk'û-ûs. <i>a.</i> indiscernible	Incorrigibility, In-kôr-rê-jê-bl-ê. <i>ad.</i> beyond all means of amendment [tion; honest
Inconstancy, In-kôn'stân-sê. <i>s.</i> unsteadiness	Incorrupt, In-kôr-rûpt'. <i>a.</i> free from depravity
Inconstant, In-kôn'stânt. <i>a.</i> not firm; mutable [wasted	Incorruptibility, In-kôr-rûp-tê-bil'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> incapacity of decay [of corruption
Inconsumable, In-kôn-sû'nâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be consumed	Incorruptible, In-kôr-rûp'tê-bl. <i>a.</i> not capable
Incontestable, In-kôn-tês'tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be disputed [bly, incontrovertibly	Incorruption, In-kôr-rûp'shûn. <i>s.</i> incapacity of corruption [matters, honesty
Incontestably, In-kôn-tês'tâ-bl-ê. <i>ad.</i> indisputably	Incorruptness, In-kôr-rûpt'nês. <i>s.</i> purity of
Incontiguous, In-kôn-tîg'gû-ûs. <i>a.</i> not touching each other	incrassate, In-krâs'sâ-te. <i>v. a.</i> to thicken
Incontinence, In-kôn'tê-nên-se. } <i>s.</i> unchastity	Incrassation, In-krâs-sâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of thickening [quality of thickening
Incontinency, In-kôn'tê-nên-sê. }	Incrassative, In-krâs-sâ-tîv. <i>a.</i> having the
Incontinent, In-kôn'tê-nênt. <i>a.</i> unchaste	Increase, In-krêse'. <i>v. n.</i> to grow
Incontinently, In-kôn'tê-nênt-lê. <i>ad.</i> unchastely [disputable	Increase, Ing'krêse. <i>s.</i> augmentation; produce; generation [of surpassing belief
Incontrovertible, In-kôn-trô-vêr'tê-bl. <i>a.</i> incontrovertibly	Incredibility, In-krêd-dê-bil'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> the quality
Inconvenience, In-kôn-vê'nê-ên-se. } <i>s.</i> unfitness, disadvantage, difficulty	Incredible, In-krêd'ê-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be credited
Inconvenient, In-kôn-vê'nê-ênt. <i>a.</i> inconvenient; inexpedient	Incredibility, In-krêd'ê-bl-ê. <i>s.</i> quality of being not credible [belief
Inconveniently, In-kôn-vê'nê-ênt-lê. <i>ad.</i> inconveniently, unseasonably	Incredulity, Ing-krê-dû'lê-tê. <i>s.</i> hardness of
Inconversable, In-kôn-vêr'sâ-bl. <i>a.</i> unsocial	Incredulous, In-krêd'û-lûs. <i>a.</i> hard of belief, refusing credit
Inconvertible, In-kôn-vêr'tê-bl. <i>a.</i> not transmutable [convincing	Incredulousness, In-krêd'jû-lûs-nês. <i>s.</i> hardness of belief, incredulity
Inconvincible, In-kôn-vî'nîsê-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be convinced	Increment, Ing'krê-mênt. <i>s.</i> increase; produce [chiding
Inconvincibly, In-kôn-vî'nîsê-bl-ê. <i>ad.</i> without admitting conviction [tinct from body	Increpation, Ing-krê-pâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> reprehension,
Incorporeal, In-kôr-pô-râl. <i>a.</i> immaterial, immaterial	Incrust, In-krûst'. } <i>v. a.</i> to cover with
Incorporally, In-kôr-pô-râl-ê. <i>ad.</i> without matter	Incrustate, In-krûs'tâ-te. } an additional coat [covering
Incorporate, In-kôr-pô-râ-te. <i>v. a.</i> to mix; to form into one body; to unite [bodied	Inrustation, Ing-krûs-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> an adherent
Incorporate, In-kôr-pô-râ-te. <i>a.</i> immaterial, un-	Inubate, Ing'kû-bâ-te. <i>v. n.</i> to sit upon eggs
	Inubation, Ing-kû-bâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of sitting upon eggs to hatch them
	Incubus, Ing'kû-bûs. <i>s.</i> the nightmare

Fâta /âr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pine, pîn—ad, môve,

Incuicate, In-kûl'kâte. <i>v. a.</i> to impress by frequent admonitions	Indefeisible, In-dê-tê'zê-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be cut off, not to be vacated [be defended
Inculcation, Ing-kûl-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of impressing by frequent admonition	Indefensible, In-dê-fên'sê-bl. <i>a.</i> what cannot
Inculpable, In-kûl'pâ-bl. <i>a.</i> unblameable	Indefinite, In-dêf'é-nîl. <i>a.</i> not limited
Inculpably, In-kûl'pâ-blê. <i>ad.</i> unblameably	Indefinitely, In-dêf'é-nîl-lê. <i>ad.</i> without any settled limitation
Incumbency, In-kûm'bên-sê. <i>s.</i> the state of keeping a benefice	Indefinitude, In-dê-fîn'ê-tûde. <i>s.</i> quantity no limited by our understanding
Incumbent, In-kûm'bênt. <i>a.</i> resting upon, lying upon; imposed as a duty	Indeliberate, In-dê-îl'b'êr-âte. <i>a.</i> unpremeditated, without consideration
Incumbent, In-kûm'bênt. <i>s.</i> he who is in possession of a benefice	Indelible, In-dêl'ê-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be blotted out
Incur, In-kûr'. <i>v. a.</i> to become liable to incurability, In-kû-râ-bl'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> impossibility of cure [edy	Indelicacy, In-dêl'ê-kâ-sê. <i>s.</i> want of delicacy
Incurable, In-kû-râ-bl. <i>a.</i> not admitting remedy	Indelicate, In-dêl'ê-kâte. <i>a.</i> without decency
Incurableness, In-kû-râ-bl-nês. <i>s.</i> state of not admitting any cure	Indemnification, In-dêm-nê-sê-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> security against loss or penalty; reimbursement [against loss or penalty
Incurably, In-kû-râ-blê. <i>ad.</i> without remedy	Indemnify, In-dêm'nê-fl. <i>v. a.</i> to secure a
Incurious, In-kû-rê-ûs. <i>a.</i> negligent, without curiosity	Indemnity, In-dêm'nê-tê. <i>s.</i> security from punishment [inequalities
Incursion, In-kûr'shûn. <i>s.</i> attack, invasion	Indent, In-dênt'. <i>v. a.</i> to mark any thing with
Incurvate, In-kûr'vâte. <i>v. a.</i> to bend, to crook	Indent, In-dênt'. <i>v. n.</i> to contract to make a compact
Incurvation, Ing-kûr-vâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of making crooked; flexion	Indent, In-dênt'. <i>s.</i> inequality, indentation
Incurvity, In-kûr'vê-tê. <i>s.</i> crookedness, the state of bending inward [ine	Indentation, In-dên-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> an indenture
Indagate, In-dâ-gâte. <i>v. a.</i> to search, to examine	Indenture, In-dên'tshûre. <i>s.</i> a covenant so named because the counterparts are indented or cut one by the other
Indagation, In-dâ-gâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> search, examination [examiner	Independence, In-dê-pên'dênse. } <i>s.</i> freedom, exemption from reliance or control
Indagator, In-dâ-gâ-tôr. <i>s.</i> a searcher, an	Independence, In-dê-pên'dên-sê. }
Indart, In-dârt'. <i>v. a.</i> to dart in	Independent, In-dê-pên'dênt. <i>a.</i> free, not controlled
Indebted, In-dêl'têd. <i>part. a.</i> obliged by something received, bound to restitution	Independent, In-dê-pên'dênt. <i>s.</i> one who in religious affairs holds that every congregation is a complete church
Indecency, In-dê-sên-sê. <i>s.</i> any thing contrary to good manners	Independently, In-dê-pên'dênt-lê. <i>ad.</i> without reference to other things
Indecent, In-dê-sênt. <i>a.</i> unfit for the eyes or ears	Indesert, In-dê-zêrt'. <i>s.</i> want of merit
Indecently, In-dê-sênt-lê. <i>ad.</i> in a manner contrary to decency	Indesinently, In-dê-sê-nênt-lê. <i>ad.</i> without cessation [destroyed
Indeciduous, In-dê-sîd'û-ûs, or In-dê-sîd'û-ûs. <i>a.</i> not falling, not shed [mination	Indestructible, In-dê-strûk'tê-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be
Indecision, In-dê-sîzh'ûn. <i>s.</i> want of determination	Indeterminable, In-dê-têr'mê-nâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be fixed, not to be defined [indefinite
Indeclinable, In-dê-kli-nâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not varied by terminations [coming	Indeterminate, In-dê-têr'mê-nâte. <i>a.</i> unfixed
Indecorous, In-dê-kôrûs. <i>a.</i> indecent, unbecoming	Indeterminately, In-dê-têr'mê-nâte-îe. <i>ad.</i> indefinitely [unfixed
Indecorous, In-dê-kôrûm. <i>s.</i> indecency	Indetermined, In-dê-têr'mînd. <i>a.</i> unsettled
Indeéd, In-dêéd'. <i>ad.</i> in reality	Indetermination, In-dê-têr'mê-nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> want of resolution [irreligious
Indefatigable, In-dê-f'â-tê-gâ-bl. <i>a.</i> unwearied	Indevotion, In-dê-ô'shûn. <i>a.</i> want of devotion
Indefatigably, In-dê-f'â-tê-gâ-blê. <i>ad.</i> without weariness	

Indevout, In-dê-vôût'. <i>a.</i> irreligious	Indiscretion, In-dîs-krêsh'ân. <i>s.</i> imprudence, rashness [tinguishable]
Index, In'dêks. <i>s.</i> the discoverer; the hand that points to any thing; the table of contents to a book [terity]	Indiscriminate, In-dîs-krîm'é-nâte. <i>a.</i> undiscerning
Indexterity, In-dêks-têr'é-tê. <i>s.</i> want of dexterity	Indiscriminately, In-dîs-krîm'é-nâte-lê. <i>ad.</i> without distinction [spared, necessary]
Indicant, In'dê-kânt. <i>a.</i> showing, pointing out	Indispensable, In-dîs-pên'sâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be dispensed with
Indicate, In'dê-kâte. <i>v.a.</i> to show, to point out	Indispensableness, In-dîs-pên'sâ-bl-nês. <i>s.</i> necessity [dispensation, necessarily]
Indication, In-dê-kâ'shân. <i>s.</i> mark, symptom	Indispensably, In-dîs-pên-sâ-blê. <i>ad.</i> without dispensation
Indicative, In-dîk'â-tiv. <i>a.</i> showing, pointing out	Indispose, In-dîs-pôze' <i>v. a.</i> to make unfit; to disorder [unfitness or disinclination]
Indict, In-dîte'. <i>v. a.</i> to accuse, to charge [out]	Indisposedness, In-dis-pô-zêd-nês. <i>s.</i> state of disinclination
Indiction, In-dîk'shân. <i>s.</i> declaration, proclamation; an epocha of the Roman calendar [ligence, unconcernedness]	Indisposition, In-dîs-pô-zîsh'ân. <i>s.</i> disorder of health
Indifference, In-dîf'fêr-ênsê. <i>s.</i> neutrality; neglect	Indisputable, In-dîs-pû-tâ-bl, or In-dîs-pû-tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> uncontrovertible, incontestable
Indifferent, In-dîf'fêr-ênt. <i>a.</i> neutral; unconcerned; impartial	Indisputableness, In-dîs-pû-tâ-bl-nês. <i>s.</i> the state of being indisputable
Indifferently, In-dîf'fêr-ênt-lê. <i>ad.</i> without distinction; in a neutral state; indifferently	Indisputably, In-dîs-pû-tâ-blê. <i>ad.</i> without controversy, certainly
Indigence, In-dê-jênsê. <i>s.</i> want, penury [try]	Indissolubility, In-dîs-sô-lû-bl'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> resistance of a dissolving power
Indigenous, In-dîd'jê-nûs. <i>a.</i> native to a country	Indissoluble, In-dîs-sô-lû-bl. <i>a.</i> firm, binding or subsisting for ever [ed, confused]
Indigent, In'dê-jênt. <i>a.</i> poor, necessitous	Indistinct, In-dîs-tîngkt'. <i>a.</i> not plainly marked
Indigested, In-dê-jêstêd. <i>a.</i> not separated; not formed; if not concocted in the stomach	Indistinctly, In-dîs-tîngkt'lê. <i>ad.</i> confusedly, uncertainly [uncertainty]
Indigestible, In-dê-jêstê-bl. <i>a.</i> not concoctible in the stomach [meats unconcocted]	Indistinctness, In-dîs-tîngkt'nês. <i>s.</i> confusion, indistinctness
Indigestion, In-dê-jêst'shân. <i>s.</i> the state of indigestion	Indisturbance, In-dîs-tûr-bânsê. <i>s.</i> calmness, freedom from disturbance
Indigitate, In-dîd'jê-tâte. <i>v. a.</i> to point out, to show [pointing out or showing]	Individual, In-dê-vid'jû-âl. <i>s.</i> a single being
Indigation, In-dîd-jê-tâ'shân. <i>s.</i> the act of indignation	Individual, In-dê-vid'jû-âi. <i>a.</i> separate from others of the same species; undivided
Indign, In-dîne'. <i>a.</i> unworthy, undeserving	Individuality, In-dê-vid-û-âl'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> separate or distinct existence
Indignant, In-dîg'nânt. <i>a.</i> angry, raging	Individually, In-dê-vid'û-âl-lê. <i>ad.</i> with separate or distinct existence
Indignation, In-dîg-nâ'shân. <i>s.</i> anger mingled with contempt or disgust	Individuate, In-dê-vid'û-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to distinguish from others of the same species
Indignity, In-dîg'nê-tê. <i>s.</i> contumely	Individuity, In-dê-vid-û-ê-tê. <i>s.</i> separate existence
Indigo, In'dê-gô. <i>s.</i> a plant used in dying a blue colour	Indivisibility, In-dê-vîz-ê-bl'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> state in which no more division can be made
Indirect, In-dê-rêkt'. <i>a.</i> not straight, not honest	Indivisible, In-dê-vîz-ê-bl. <i>a.</i> what cannot be broken into parts [be divided]
Indirection, In-dê-rêk'shân. <i>s.</i> oblique means; dishonest practice [fairly]	Indivisibly, In-dê-vîz-ê-blê. <i>ad.</i> so as it cannot be divided
Indirectly, In-dê-rêkt'lê. <i>ad.</i> obliquely; unfairly	Indocible, In-dôs'ê-bl. } <i>a.</i> unteachable
Indirectness, In-dê-rêkt'nês. <i>s.</i> obliquity; unfairness [tible, not discoverable]	Indocile, In-dôs'sîl. } <i>a.</i> unteachable
Indiscernible, In-dîz-zêr'nê-bl. <i>a.</i> not perceptible	Indocility, In-dôs-sîl'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> unteachableness
Indiscernibly, In-dîz-zêr'nê-blê. <i>ad.</i> in a manner not to be perceived [separated]	Indolence, In-dô-lêns. <i>s.</i> refusal of instruction
Indiscernible, In-dîs-sêrp'tê-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be perceived	
Indiscreet, In-dîs-krêét'. <i>a.</i> imprudent, incautious [dence]	
Indiscreetly, In-dîs-krêét'lê. <i>ad.</i> without prudence	

Fate, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pine, pln—nò, môve,

In-doctri-nate, In-dòk'trè-nà-te. <i>v. a.</i> to instruct	Inefficacy, In-êf'fê-kâ-sè. <i>s.</i> want of power
In-doctri-nation, In-dòk-trè-nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> instruction, information	Inefficient, In-êf'fsh'ênt. <i>a.</i> ineffectual
Indolence, In'dò-lên-se. <i>s.</i> laziness, listlessness	Inelegance, In-êl'ê-gân-se. <i>s.</i> want of elegance
Indolent, In'dò-lên-t. <i>a.</i> lazy, listless	Inelegant, In-êl'ê-gân-t. <i>a.</i> mean, despicable
Indolently, In'dò-lên-t-lè. <i>ad.</i> carelessly, lazily	Ineloquent, In-êl'ò-kwên-t. <i>a.</i> not persuasive
Indraught, In'dràft. <i>s.</i> an inlet [<i>ly</i> , listlessly]	Inept, In-êpt'. <i>a.</i> unfit, useless [not oratorical]
Indrench, In drênsh'. <i>v. a.</i> to soak	Ineptly, In-êpt'lè. <i>ad.</i> triflingly, foolishly, un-
Indubious, In-dù'bè-ûs. } <i>a.</i> undoubted,	Ineptitude, In-êpt'tè-tù-de. <i>s.</i> unfitness [<i>ly</i>]
Indubitable, In-dù'bè-tâ-bl. } unquestionable	Inequality, In-ê-kwòl'è-tè. <i>s.</i> unevenness; in-
Indubitably, In-dù'bè-tâ-blè. <i>ad.</i> undoubtedly	adequateness
Induce, In-dù-se. <i>v. a.</i> to persuade [thing]	Inerrable, In-êr'râ-bl. <i>a.</i> exempt from error
Inducement, In-dù-se'mên-t. <i>s.</i> motive to any	Inerrableness, In-êr'râ-bl-nès. <i>s.</i> exemption
Induct, In-dùkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to introduce; to put in	Inert, In-êrt'. <i>a.</i> dull, sluggish [from error]
possession of a benefice	luently, In-êrt'lè. <i>ad.</i> sluggishly, dully
Induction, In-dùk'shûn. <i>s.</i> entrance	Inestimable, In-êst'è-mâ-bl. <i>a.</i> transcending
Inductive, In-dùk'tiv. <i>a.</i> leading, persuasive	all price
Indue, In-dù. <i>v. a.</i> to invest	Inevident, In-êv'è-dên-t. <i>a.</i> not plain, obscure
Indulge, In-dùlje'. <i>v. a.</i> to fondle, to gratify	Inevitability, In-êv-è-tâ-bl'è-tè. <i>s.</i> impossi-
Indulgence, In-dùljên-se. <i>s.</i> fondness; for-	bility to be avoided
bearance; favour granted	Inevitable, In-êv'è-tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> unavoidable
Indulgent, In-dùljên-t. <i>a.</i> kind, favourable	Inevitably, In-êv'è-tâ-blè. <i>ad.</i> without possi-
Indulgently, In-dùljên-t-lè. <i>ad.</i> without sever-	bility of escape [cused]
ity, without censure	Inexcusable, In-êks-kù-zâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be ex-
Indult, In-dùlt'. } <i>s.</i> privilege or exemption	inexcusableness, In-êks-kù-zâ-bl-nès. <i>s.</i> enor-
Indulto, In-dùlt'ò. } mity beyond palliation	Inexcusably, In-êks-kù-zâ-blè. <i>ad.</i> to a degree
Indurate, In-dù-râ-te. <i>v. n.</i> to harden	of guilt or folly beyond excuse
Indurate, In-dù-râ-te. <i>v. a.</i> to harden the mind	Inexhalable, In-êks-hâ-lâ-bl. <i>a.</i> that which
Induration, In-dù-râ-shûn. <i>s.</i> the state of grow-	cannot evaporate [to be emptied]
ing hard; act of hardening; obduracy	Inexhausted, In-êks-hâws'têd. <i>a.</i> not possible
Industrious, In-dùs'trè-ûs. <i>a.</i> diligent, labori-	Inexhaustible, In-êks-hâws'tè-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be
ous [laboriously]	spent [ence]
Industriously, In-dùs'trè-ûs-lè. <i>ad.</i> diligently	Inexistence, In-êgz-îs'tên-se. <i>s.</i> want of exist-
Industry, In'dùs-trè. <i>s.</i> diligence, assiduity	ence
Inebriate, In-ê-brè-â-te. <i>v. a.</i> to intoxicate, to	Inexistent, In-êgz-îs'tên-t. <i>a.</i> not having be-
make drunk [intoxication]	ing [ed by entreaty]
Inebriation, In-ê-brè-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> drunkenness,	Inexorable, In-êks'ò-râ-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be mov-
Inebriety, In-ê-brè-â-tè. <i>s.</i> drunkenness [ness]	able
Ineffability, In-êf-fâ-bl'è-tè. <i>s.</i> unspeakable	Inexpedience, In-êks-pè'dè-ên-sc. } <i>s.</i> want
Ineffable, In-êf-fâ-bl. <i>a.</i> unspeakable	of fitness
Ineffably, In-êf-fâ-blè. <i>ad.</i> in a manner not to	[proper]
be expressed [no effect]	Inexpedient, In-êks-pè'dè-ên-t. <i>a.</i> unfit, im-
Ineffective, In-êf-fêk'tiv. <i>a.</i> which can produce	proper
no effect	Inexperience, In-êks-pè-rè-ên-se. <i>s.</i> want of ex-
Inedictual, In-êf-fêk'tshù-âl. <i>a.</i> weak, with-	perimental knowledge [pericenced]
out power [effect]	Inexperienced, In-êks-pè-rè-ên-st. <i>a.</i> not ex-
Ineffectually, In-êf-fêk'tshù-âl-è. <i>ad.</i> without	perienced
effect	Inexpert, In-êks-pèrt'. <i>a.</i> unskillful
Ineffectualness, In-êf-fêk'tshù-âl-nòs. <i>s.</i> inef-	Inexpiable, In-êks-pè-â-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be atoned
ficacy, want of power [duce effects, weak]	being explained [told, not to be uttered]
ness	Inexpressible, In-êks-près'sè-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be
Inefficacious, In-êf-fê-kâ'shûs. <i>a.</i> unable to pro-	uttered
duce effects, weak	Inexpressibly, In-êks-près'sè-blè. <i>ad.</i> to a de-
duce effects, weak	gree or in a manner not to be uttered

nôr, nôr—tâbe, tâb, bôll—ôll—pôând—thin, THIS.

impugnabile, In-êks-pûg'nâ-bl. <i>a.</i> impregnable, not to be taken by assault	Inferior, In-fê'rê-ûr. <i>a.</i> lower in place, station or value; subordinate
nextinguishable, In-êks-tîng'gwîsh-â-bl. <i>a.</i> unquenchable	Inferior, In-fê'rê-ûr. <i>s.</i> one in a lower rank or station than another
inextricable, In-êks'trê-kâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be neye, In-l'. <i>v. n.</i> to mocate	Infernal, In-fê'r'nâi. <i>a.</i> hellish
infallibility, In-fâl-lê-blî'ê-tê. } <i>s.</i> inerrability, exemption from error	Infernal, In-fê'r'nâi. <i>s.</i> one that comes from hell; one exceedingly wicked
Infallible, In-fâl'lê-bl. <i>a.</i> incapable of mistake	Infertile, In-fê'r'tî. <i>a.</i> unfruitful
Infallibly, In-fâl'lê-blê. <i>ad.</i> with security from error, certainly	Infest, In-fêst'. <i>v. a.</i> to harass, to disturb
infamcus, In-fâ-mûs. <i>a.</i> publicly branded	Infidel, In-fê-dêl. <i>s.</i> an unbeliever [treachery
Infamously, In-fâ-mûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> with open reproach; shamefully	infidelity, In-fê-dêl'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> want of faith
infamousness, In-fâ-mûs-nês. } <i>s.</i> notoriety of bad character	Infinite, In-fê-nî-t. <i>a.</i> unbounded, immense
Infancy, In-fân-sê. <i>s.</i> the first part of life	Infinitely, In-fê-nî-t-lê. <i>ad.</i> without limits, immensely
Infant, Infânt. <i>s.</i> a child under seven years of age	Infiniteness, In-fê-nî-t-nês. <i>s.</i> immensity, bound-
Infanta, In-fân'tâ. <i>s.</i> a princess descended from the royal blood of Spain or Portugal	Infinitive, In-fîn'ê-tîv. <i>a.</i> unconfined, belonging to that mood of a verb which expresses the action or being indeterminately
Infanticide, In-fân'tê-sîe. <i>s.</i> slaughter of infants	Infinitude, In-fîn'ê-tûde. <i>s.</i> infinity; boundless number
Infantile, In-fân-tîle. <i>a.</i> pertaining to an infant	Infinity, In-fîn'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> immensity, bound-
Infantine, In-fân-tîe. <i>a.</i> suitable to an infant	Infirm, In-fêrm'. <i>a.</i> weak, feeble
Infantry, In-fân-trê. <i>s.</i> the foot soldiers of an army [folly, to deprive of understanding	Infirmary, In-fêrm'mâ-rê. <i>s.</i> lodgings for the
Infatuate, In-fâtsh'û-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to strike with infatuation, In-fâtsh'û-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> deprivation of reason	Infirmitv, In-fêrm'mê-tê. <i>s.</i> weakness; disease, malady
Infeasible, In-fê-zê-bl. <i>a.</i> impracticable	Infirmissness, In-fêrm'nês. <i>s.</i> weakness, feeble-
Infect, In-fêkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to act upon by contagion, to affect with communicated qualities	Infix, In-fîks'. <i>v. a.</i> to drive in, to fasten
Infection, In-fêkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> contagion	Inflame, In-flâmê'. <i>v. a.</i> to kindle, to exaggerate; to irritate
Infectious, In-fêkt'shûs. <i>a.</i> contagious	Inflame, In-flâmê'. <i>v. a.</i> to kindle, to exaggerate; to irritate
Infectiously, In-fêkt'shûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> contagiously	Inflammability, In-flâm-mâ-blî'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> the
Infectiousness, In-fêkt'shûs-nês. <i>s.</i> contagiousness	Inflammable, In-flâm-mâ-bl. <i>a.</i> easy to be set on flame
Infecundity, In-fê-kûn'dê-tê. <i>s.</i> want of fertility	Inflammableness, In-flâm'mâ-bl-nês. <i>s.</i> the
Infelicity, In-fê-lî'sê-tê. <i>s.</i> misery, calamity	Inflammation, In-flâm-mâ-shûn. <i>s.</i> the state or being in flame; the heat of any morbid part occasioned by obstruction
Infer, In-fêr'. <i>v. a.</i> to induce; to draw conclusions from foregoing premises	Inflammatory, In-flâm'mâ-tûr-ê. <i>a.</i> having the power of inflaming
Inferable, In-fêr'â-bl. <i>a.</i> to be inferred	Inflate, In-flâ-tê'. <i>v. a.</i> to swell with wind; to
Inference, In-fêr-êuse. <i>s.</i> conclusion from previous arguments	Inflation, In-flâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the state of being swelled with wind
Inferrible, In-fêr'ê-bl. <i>a.</i> deducible from previous arguments	Infect, In-fêkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to bend; to change or
Inferiority, In-fê-rê-ôr-ê-tê. <i>s.</i> lower state of dignity or value	Infection, In-fêkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of bending or turning, modulation of the voice; variation of a noun or verb
	Inflexibility, In-fîeks-ê-blî'ê-tê. } <i>s.</i> stiffness;
	Inflexibleness, In-fîeks'ê-bl-nês. } <i>s.</i> obstinacy, inexorable persistence
	Inflexible, In-fîeks'ê-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be bent; not to be changed

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fâr -mê, mêt—plue, pin—nô, indve,

- inflexibly, In-fliks'ê-bié. *ad.* inexorably, invariably
 inflict, In-flikt'. *v. a.* to impose as a punishment [punishments]
 infliction, In-flikt'shûn. *s.* the act of using
 inflexible, In-flikt'liv. *a.* that which is laid on as a punishment
 influence, In-flû-ênse. *s.* ascendant power
 influence, In-flû-ênse. *v. a.* to act upon with directive or impulsive power
 influent, In-flû-ênt. *a.* flowing in
 influential, In-flû-ên-shâl. *a.* exerting influence or power [thing]
 influx, In-flûks. *s.* act of flowing into any
 involve, In-fli-vê. *v. a.* to involve, to involve
 involute, In-fli-vê-âte. *v. a.* to cover with leaves
 inform, In-fôr. *v. a.* to instruct, to acquaint to offer an accusation [formation]
 informant, In-fôr-mânt. *s.* one who gives information
 information, In-fôr-mâ-shûn. *s.* intelligence given, instruction, charge or accusation exhibited [gence]
 informer, In-fôr-mâr. *s.* one who gives intelligence
 formidable, In-fôr-inê-dâ-bl. *a.* not to be feared
 informity, In-fôr-mê-tê. *s.* shapelessness
 infract, In-frâkt'. *v. a.* to break [ing breach]
 infraction, In-frâkt'shûn. *s.* the act of breaking
 infrangible, In-frân-jê-bl. *a.* not to be broken
 infrequency, In-frê-kwên-sê. *s.* uncommonness, rarity
 infrequent, In-frê-kwênt. *a.* rare uncommon
 infrigidate, In-frîd-jê-dâ-te. *v. a.* to chill
 infringe, In-frinje'. *v. a.* to violate [olation]
 infringeinent, In-frinje'mênt. *s.* breach, violation
 infuriate, In-fû-rê-âte. *a.* enraged, raging
 infuse, In-fû-zê'. *v. a.* to pour in, to instil; to tincture; to inspire with
 infusible, In-fû-zê-bl. *a.* possible to be infused
 infusion, In-fû-zhûn. *s.* the act of pouring in; instillation [fusion or being infused]
 infusive, In-fû-siv. *a.* having the power of gathering in harvest
 ingathering, In-gârn'ûr-ing. *s.* the act of gathering in harvest
 ingeminate, In-jêm-mê-nâ-te. *v. a.* to double, to repeat [tition, reduplication]
 ingemination, In-jêm-mê-nâ-shûn. *s.* repetition
 ingenerate, In-jên-ê-râ-te. *a.* inborn, innate
 ingenious, In-jê-nê-ûs. *a.* witty, inventive [illy
 ingenuously, In-jê-nê-ûs-lê. *ad.* wittily sub-
- ingeniously, In-jê-nê-ûs-nês. *s.* wittiness
 ingenerate, In-jên-ê-t. *a.* innate, inborn [savvity
 ingenuity, In-jê-nû-ê-tê. *s.* wit, genius
 ingenuous, In-jên'nû-ûs. *a.* open, fair, candid
 ingeniously, In-jên'û-ûs-lê. *ad.* openly, candidly [fairness, candour
 ingenuousness, In-jên nû-ûs-nês. *s.* openness
 inglorious, In-glô-rê-ûs. *a.* void of honour
 ingloriously, In-glô-rê-ûs-lê. *ad.* with ignominy
 ingot, In-gôt. *s.* a mass of metal: [miny
 ingraft, In-grâft'. *v. a.* to propagate trees by grafting; to fix deep, to settle
 ingraftment, In-grâft'mênt. *s.* the act of ingrafting; the sprig ingrafted
 ingrate, In-grâ-te. } *a.* ungrateful
 ingrateful, In-grâ-tê-fûl. }
 ingratiate, In-grâ-shê-âte. *v. a.* to put in favour [ness
 ingratitude, In-grât'tê-tû-te. *s.* unthankfulness
 ingredient, In-grê-jênt. *s.* component part of a body consisting of different materials
 ingress, Ing'grês. *s.* entrance
 ingression, In-grêsh'ûn. *s.* the act of entering
 inguinal, Ing'gwê-nâl. *a.* belonging to the groin [vast profundity
 ingulph, In-gûlf'. *v. a.* to swallow up in
 ingurgitate, In-gûr-jê-tâ-te. *v. a.* to swallow
 ingurgitation, In-gûr-jê-tâ-shûn. *s.* voracity
 ingustable, In-gûs-tâ-bl. *a.* not perceptible by the taste
 inhabile, In-hâb'it. *a.* unskillful, unready, uninhabitable
 inhabit, In-hâb'it. *v. a.* to dwell in
 inhabitable, In-hâb'ê-tâ-bl. *a.* capable of affording habitation [dwellers
 inhabitance, In-hâb'it-ânse. *s.* residence of inhabitant
 inhabitant, In-hâb'it-tânt. *s.* one that lives or resides in a place [dwelling
 inhabitation, In-hâb-ê-tâ-shûn. *s.* place of inhabitant
 inhabiter, In-hâb'it târ. *s.* a dweller [inspire
 inhale, In-hâlê'. *v. a.* to draw in with air, to inhale
 inharmonious, In-hâr-mô-nê-ûs. *a.* unmusical
 inhere, In-hêrê'. *v. n.* to exist in something else [else; innate
 inherent, In-hê-rênt. *a.* existing in something
 inherit, In-hêr'it. *v. a.* to receive or possess by inheritance
 inheritable, In-hêr'it-â-bl. *a.* transmissible by inheritance, obtainable by succession
 inheritance, In-hêr'it-ânse. *s.* patrimony
 inheritor, In-hêr'it-ûr. *s.* an heir

nôr, nôr—tâbe, tâb, bûll—ôll—pôund—thin, THIS.

- Inheritress, In-hêr'it-rês. }
 Inheritrix, In-hêr'it-triks. } s. an heiress
 Inhibit, In-hib'it. v. a. to restrain, prohibit
 Inhibition, In-hê-bish'ân. s. prohibition
 Inhold, In-hôld'. v. a. to contain in itself
 Inhospitable, In-hôs'pê-tâ-bl. a. affording no
 entertainment to strangers
 Inhospitably, In-hôs'pê-tâ-blê. ad. unkindly
 to strangers [courtesy to strangers]
 Inhospitality, In-hôs'pê-tâl'é-tê. s. want of
 Inhuman, In-hû'mân. a. barbarous, cruel
 Inhumanity, In-hû'mân'é-tê. s. cruelty, bar-
 barity [celly]
 Inhumanly, In-hû'mân-lê. ad. savagely, cru-
 Inhumate, In-hû'mâte. }
 Inhume, In-hûme'. } v. a. to bury, to inter
 Inject, In-jêkt'. v. a. to throw in, to dart in
 Injection, In-jêk'shûn. s. the act of casting in
 Inimical, In-im'é-kâl. a. hostile, contrary, re-
 pugnant [to be imitated]
 Inimitability, In-im'é-tâ-blîl'é-tê. s. incapacity
 Inimitable, In-im'é-tâ-bl. a. not to be copied
 Inimitably, In-im'é-tâ-blê. ad. in a manner
 not to be imitated
 Iniquitous, In-ik'kwê-tûs. a. unjust, wicked
 Iniquity, In-ik'kwê-tê. s. injustice, wickedness
 Initial, In-îsh'âl. a. placed at the beginning;
 incipient
 Initiate, In-îsh'é-âte. v. a. to enter, to instruct
 Initiation, In-îsh'é-â'shûn. s. the act of enter-
 ing into any art or state
 Injucundity, In-jû-kûn'dê-tê. s. unpleasant-
 ness [form of law
 Injudicial, In-jû-dîsh'âl. a. not according to
 Injudicious, In-jû-dîsh'ûs. a. without judge-
 ment [judgement
 Injudiciously, In-jû-dîsh'ûs-lê. ad. with ill
 Injunction, In-jûngk'shûn. s. order, precept
 Injure, In-jûr. v. a. to hurt unjustly; to annoy
 Injurious, In-jû-rê-ûs. a. unjust, mischievous;
 detractory, reproachful
 Injuriously, In-jû-rê-ûs-lê. ad. wrongfully,
 with injustice [reproach
 Injury, In-jû-rê. s. mischief; annoyance;
 Injustice, In-jû's'tis. s. iniquity, wrong [write
 Ink, Ingk. s. the black liquor with which men
 Ink, Ingk. v. a. to black or daub with ink
 Inkhorn, Ingk'kôr. s. a portable case for the
 instruments of writing
 Inkle, Ing'k. s. narrow fillet
 Inkle, Ing'k'ling. s. hint, intimation
 Inky, Ingk'ê. a. consisting of ink; black as ink
 Inland, In'land. a. interior
 Inlapidate, In-lâp'pê-dâte. v. a. to turn to stone
 Inlay, In-lâ'. v. a. to diversify, with different
 bodies inserted into the ground or substra-
 tum; to variegate
 Inlaw, In-lâw'. v. a. to clear of outlawry
 Inlet, In'lêt. s. place of ingress
 Inly, In'lê. a. internal, secret
 Innate, In'mâte. s. one that is admitted to
 dwell jointly with another man
 Inmost, In'môst. a. deepest within, remotest
 from the surface
 Inn, In. s. a house of entertainment for trav-
 ellers; a college for students of law
 Inn, In. v. n. to take up temporary lodging
 Innate, In-nâte'. a. inborn [ing innate
 Innateness, In-nâte'nês. s. the quality of be-
 Innavigable, In-nâv'vê-gâ-bl. a. not to be
 passed by sailing
 Inner, In'nâr. a. interior, not outward
 Innermost, In'nâr-môst. a. remotest from the
 outward part [an int'
 Inholder, In'hôl-dûr. s. a man who keep-
 Innings, In'ningz. s. lands recovered from
 the sea
 Innkeeper, In'kêep-ûr. s. one who keeps lodg-
 ings and provisions for entertainment of
 travellers
 Innocence, In'nô-sênsê. }
 Innocency, In'nô-sên-sê. } s. purity; untain-
 ted integrity; harmlessness, innoxious-
 ness [unhurtful, harmless
 Innocent, In'nô-sênt. a. pure from mischief
 Innocent, In'nô-sênt. s. one free from guilt or
 harm [with simplicity
 Innocently, In'nô-sênt-lê. ad. without guilt;
 Innocuous, In-nôk'kû-ûs. a. harmless
 Innovate, In'nô-vâte. v. a. to bring in some
 thing not known before
 Innovation, In-nô-vâ'shûn. s. change by the
 introduction of novelty [novelties
 Innovator, In'nô-vâ-tûr. s. an introducer
 Innoxious, In-nôk'shûs. a. free from mis-
 chievous effects
 Innuendo, In-nû-ên'dô. s. an oblique hint
 Innumerable, In-nû-mâr-â-bl. a. not to be
 counted for multitude [number-
 Innumerable, In-nû-mâr-â-bl' ad. without

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pine, pîn—nô, nôve,

Inoculate, In-ôk'kû-lâte. <i>v. a.</i> to propagate by insertion	Insuperably, In-sâ shé-â-blé. <i>ad.</i> with greediness not to be appeased [filled
inoculation, In-ôk-kû-lâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> grafting in the bud; the practice of transplanting the small-pox	Insaturable, In-sâtsh'û-râ-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be
Inodorous, In-ô'dûr-ûs. <i>a.</i> wanting scent	Inscribe, In-skribé'. <i>v. a.</i> to write on any thing; to assign to a patron
Inoffensive, In-ôf-fên'siv. <i>a.</i> harmless, innocent	Inscription, In-skrip'shûn. <i>s.</i> something written or engraved; a title
Inoffensively, In-ôf-fên'siv-lé. <i>ad.</i> without harm [lessness	Inscrutable, In-skru-tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> unsearchable
Inoffensiveness, In-ôf-fên'siv-nês. <i>s.</i> harmlessness	Insculp, In-skûlp'. <i>v. a.</i> to engrave, to cut
Inopportune, In-ôp-pôr-tûne'. <i>a.</i> unseasonable, inconvenient [disorder	Insculpture, In-skûlp'shûre. <i>s.</i> any thing engraved [a seam or cicatrix
Inordinacy, In-ôr-dê-nâ-sé. <i>s.</i> irregularity	Inseam, In-sême'. <i>v. a.</i> to impress or mark by
Inordinate, In-ôr-dê-nâte. <i>a.</i> irregular	Insect, In'sêkt. <i>s.</i> a small creeping or flying animal [insects
Inordinately, In-ôr-dê-nâte-lé. <i>ad.</i> irregularly	Insectile, In-sêk'tîl. <i>a.</i> having the nature of
Inordination, In-ôr-dê-nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> irregularity	Insectozer, In-sêk-tôf'ô-jûr. <i>s.</i> one who describes insects
Inorganic, In-ôr-gân'é-kâl. <i>a.</i> void of organs or instrumental parts	Insecure, In-sé-kûre'. <i>a.</i> not secure; not safe
Inosculate, In-ôs-kû-lâte. <i>v. n.</i> to unite by apposition or contact	Insecurity, In-sé-kûrê-té. <i>s.</i> want of safety, danger [scattering seed on ground
Inosculation, In-ôs-kû-lâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> union by conjunction of the extremities	Insemination, In-sêm-mê-nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of
Inquest, Ing'kwêst. <i>s.</i> judicial inquiry; a jury	Insensate, In-sên'sâte'. <i>a.</i> stupid
Inquietude, In-kwî'é-tûde. <i>s.</i> disturbed state, want of quiet [corrupt	Insensibility, In-sên-sé-blî'é-té. <i>s.</i> stupidity, torpor [void of feeling
Inquinatè, Ing'kwê-nâte. <i>v. a.</i> to pollute, to	Insensible, In-sên'sé-bl. <i>a.</i> imperceptible;
Inquination, Ing'kwê-nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> corruption, pollution [to make search	Insensibleness, In-sên'sé-bl-nês. <i>s.</i> absence of perception, inability to perceive
Inquire, In-kwîre'. <i>v. n.</i> to ask questions,	Insensibly, In-sên'sé-blé. <i>ad.</i> imperceptibly
Inquirer, In-kwîrûr. <i>s.</i> searcher, examiner	Insentient, In-sên'shé-ênt. <i>a.</i> not having perception
Inquiry, In-kwîrê. <i>s.</i> interrogation	Inseparability, In-sép-pâr-â-blî'é-té. } <i>s.</i> the
Inquisition, Ing'kwê-zîsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> judicial inquiry; the court established in some countries for the detection of heresy	Inseparableness, In-sép'pâr-â-bl-nês. } quality of being such as cannot be divided
Inquisitive, In-kwîz'é-tîv. <i>a.</i> curious, active to pry into any thing	Inseparable, In-sép'pâr-â-bl. <i>a.</i> united so as not to be parted [soluble union
Inquisitiveness, In-kwîz'é-tîv-nês. <i>s.</i> diligence to pry into things hidden	Inseparably, In-sép'pâr-â-blé. <i>ad.</i> with indis-
Inquisitor, In-kwîz'é-tûr. <i>s.</i> an officer in the courts of inquisition	Insert, In-sêrt'. <i>v. a.</i> to place in or among other things
Inrail, In-râle'. <i>v. a.</i> to enclose with rails	Insertion, In-sêr'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of placing any thing in or among other matter; the thing inserted
Inroad, In'rôde. <i>s.</i> incursion	Inservient, In-sêr've-ênt. <i>a.</i> conducive
Insanable, In-sân'â-bl. <i>a.</i> incurable, irremediable	Inshell, In-shêl'. <i>v. a.</i> to hide in a shell
Insane, In-sâne'. <i>a.</i> mad, making mad	Inship, In-shîp'. <i>v. a.</i> to shut in a ship, to embark [or precious case
Insanity, In-sân'é-té. <i>s.</i> the state of being insane; madness [measure	Inshrine, In-shrine'. <i>v. a.</i> to enclose in a shrine
Insatiable, In-sâ'shé-â-bl. <i>a.</i> greedy beyond	Inside, In'sîde. <i>s.</i> interior part
Insatiableness, In-sâ'shé-â-bl-nês. <i>s.</i> greediness not to be appeased	Insidious, In-sîd'é-ûs. <i>a.</i> circumventive, treacherous [treacherous manner
	Insidiously, In-sîd'é-ûs-lé. <i>ad.</i> in a sly and

- Insight, In-sî'te. *s.* inspection
 Insignificance, In-sîg-nîf'kâ-se. *s.* want of meaning; unimportance
 Insignificant, In-sîg-nîf'kânt. *a.* wanting meaning; unimportant
 Insignificantly, In-sîg-nîf'kânt-lê. *ad.* without meaning; without importance
 Insincere, In-sîn-sê're'. *a.* dissembling, unfaithful
 Insincerity, In-sîn-sê'r'é-tê. *s.* dissimulation
 Insist, In-sî'n'î. *v. a.* to strengthen, to confirm [to gain favour
 Insinuate, In-sîn'nû-ânt. *a.* having the power
 Insinuate, In-sîn'nû-âte. *v. a.* to introduce any thing gently; to hint; to infuse
 Insinuate, In-sîn'nû-âte. *v. n.* to wheedle, to gain on the affections by gentle degrees
 Insinuation, In-sîn-nû-â'shûn. *s.* the power of pleasing, or stealing upon the affections
 Insipid, In-sîp'îd. *a.* without taste
 Insipidity, In-sê'pîd'ê-tê. } *s.* want of taste
 Insipidness, In-sîp'îd-nês. }
 Insipidly, In-sîp'îd-lê. *ad.* without taste
 Insipience, In-sîp'ê-ênse. *s.* folly, want of understanding [to persist in
 Insist, In-sîst'. *v. n.* to stand or rest upon;
 Insistent, In-sîs'tênt. *a.* resting upon [thirst
 Insitiency, In-sîsh'ê-ên-sê. *s.* exemption from
 Insition, In-sîsh'ûn. *s.* the insertion or ingraftment of one branch into another
 Insinare, In-sînâ're'. *v. a.* to entrap; to inveigle
 Insobriety, In-sô-brî'ê-tê. *s.* drunkenness
 Insolable, In-sô'sh'ê-â-bl. *a.* averse from conversation; incapable of connexion [sun
 Insolation, In-sô-lâ'shûn. *s.* exposition to the
 Insolence, In-sô-lênse. *s.* pride exerted in overbearing treatment of others; petulant contempt [ers, overbearing
 Insolent, In-sô-lênt. *a.* contemptuous of others
 Insolently, In-sô-lênt-lê. *ad.* haughtily, rudely [or separated
 Insoluble, In-sô-lû-bl. *a.* not to be dissolved
 Insolvable, In-sô-l'vâ-bl. *a.* such as admits of no solution; that cannot be paid [debts
 Insolvent, In-sô'vên-sê. *s.* inability to pay
 Insolvent, In-sô'vênt. *a.* unable to pay
 Insomuch, In-sô-mû'tsh'. *conj.* so that, to such a degree that
 Inspect, In-spêkt'. *v. a.* to look into by way of examination
 Inspection, In-spêk'shûn. *s.* close survey
 superintendence
 Inspector, In-spêk'târ. *s.* a superintendent
 Inspersion, In-spêr'shûn. *s.* a sprinkling
 Insphere, In-sfê're'. *v. a.* to place in an orb or sphere
 Inspiration, In-spê-râ'shûn. *s.* the act of drawing in the breath; infusion of ideas into the mind by a superior power
 Inspire, In-spre'. *v. n.* to draw in the breath
 Inspire, In-spre'. *v. a.* to breathe into, to infuse into the mind
 Inspirit, In-sprî't. *v. a.* to animate
 Inspissate, In-spl'sâte. *v. a.* to thicken
 Inspissation, In-spl-sâ'shûn. *s.* the act of making any liquid thick [fickleness
 Instability, In-stâ-blî'ê-tê. *s.* inconstancy
 Instable, In-stâ'bl. *a.* inconstant, changing
 Install, In-stâll'. *v. a.* to invest
 Installation, In-stâl-lâ'shûn. *s.* the act of giving visible possession
 Instalment, In-stâl'mênt. *s.* the act of installing; payment made at different times
 Instance, In'stânse. *s.* importunity, solicitation; motive, influence [ample
 Instance, In'stânse. *v. n.* to give or offer an example
 Instant, In'stânt. *a.* pressing, urgent
 Instant, In'stânt. *s.* the present or current month [instant
 Instantaneous, In-stân-tâ'rê-ûs. *a.* done in an instantaneously, In-stân-tâ'nê-ûs-lê. *ad.* in an indivisible point of time [gent importunity
 Instantly, In'stânt-lê. *ad.* immediately, with urgency
 Instauration, In-stâw-râ'shûn. *s.* restoration
 Instead, In-stêd'. *prep.* in room of
 Instep, In-stêep'. *v. a.* to soak, to macerate
 Instep, In'stêp. *s.* the upper part of the foot
 Instigate, In-stê-gâte. *v. a.* to urge to ill
 Instigation, In-stê-gâ'shûn. *s.* impulse to ill
 Instigator, In-stê-gâ-târ. *s.* inciter to ill
 Instill, In-stîll'. *v. a.* to infuse by drops
 Instillation, In-stîll-lâ'shûn. *s.* the act of pouring in by drops; the act of infusing slowly into the mind
 Instinct, In-stîngkt'. *a.* moved, animated
 Instinct, In'stîngkt. *s.* the power which determines the will of brutes; natural desire or aversion
 Instinctive, In-stîngkt'iv. *a.* acting without the application or choice of reason

Iâte, sâr, sâll, sât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nô, môve,

Instinctively, In-sîngk'îlv lê. <i>ad.</i> by instinct	Integer, In-tê-jêr. <i>s.</i> the whole of any thing
Institute, In'stê-tûte. <i>v. a.</i> to establish	Integral, In-tê-grâl. <i>a.</i> whole ; not broken into fractions [of parts
Institute, In'stê-tûte. <i>s.</i> established law, sealed order ; precept, maxim, principle	Integral, In-tê-grâl. <i>s.</i> the whole made up
Institution, In-stê-tû'shûn. <i>s.</i> establishment ; positive law [tal	Integrand, In-tê-grânt. <i>a.</i> necessary for making up an integer
Institutionary, In-stê-tû'shûn-âr-ê. <i>a.</i> element	Integrity, In-têg'grê-tê. <i>s.</i> honesty ; entireness
Instruct, In-strûkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to teach, to form by	Integument, In-têg'gû-mênt. <i>s.</i> a covering
Instructor, In-strûk'târ. <i>s.</i> a teacher [precept	Intellect, In-têl-lêkt. <i>s.</i> the power of understanding [to understand
Instruction, In-strûk'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of teaching, information [ledge	Intellective, In-têl-lêk'îlv. <i>a.</i> having power
Instructive, In-strûk'îlv. <i>a.</i> conveying know-	Intellectual, In-têl-lêk'îsû-âl. <i>a.</i> relating to the understanding [it ; understanding
Instrument, In'strû-mênt. <i>s.</i> a tool ; a deed	Intelligence, In-têl-lê-jênsê. <i>s.</i> notice : spirit
Instrumental, In-strû-mên'tâl. <i>a.</i> conducive as means to some end [ordinate agency	Intelligencer, In-têl-lê-jên-sûr. <i>s.</i> one who conveys news, one who gives notice of private or distant transactions
Instrumentality, In-strû-mên-tâl-ê-tê. <i>s.</i> sub-	Intelligent, In-têl-lê-jênt. <i>a.</i> knowing, skilful
Instrumentally, In-strû-mên'tâl-ê. <i>ad.</i> as means to an end	Intelligibility, In-têl-lê-jê-blî'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> possibility to be understood
Insufferable, In-sûf'fûr-â-bl. <i>a.</i> intolerable	Intelligible, In-têl-lê-jê-bl. <i>a.</i> to be conceived by the understanding
Insufferably, In-sûf'fûr-â-blê. <i>ad.</i> to a degree beyond endurance	Intelligibleness, In-têl-lê-jê-bl-nês. <i>s.</i> possibility to be understood, perspicuity
Insufficiency, In-sûf-fîsh'ên-sê. <i>s.</i> inadequateness to any end or purpose [ities	Intelligibly, In-têl-lê-jê-blê. <i>ad.</i> clearly
Insufficient, In-sûf-fîsh'ênt. <i>a.</i> wanting ability	Intemperament, In-têm'pêr-â-mênt. <i>s.</i> bad constitution [moderation, excess
Insufficiently, In-sûf-fîsh'ênt-lê. <i>ad.</i> with want of proper ability	Intemperance, In-têm'pêr-ânse. <i>s.</i> want of
Insular, In'shû-îâr. <i>a.</i> belonging to an island	Intemperate, In-têm'pêr-âte. <i>a.</i> immoderate
Insulated, In'shû-lâ-têd. <i>a.</i> not contiguous on	Intemperateness, In-têm'pêr-âte-nês. <i>s.</i> want of moderation [of some quality
Insult, In'sûlt. <i>s.</i> act of insolence [any side	Intemperature, In-têm'pêr-â-tûre. <i>s.</i> excess
Insult, In'sûlt. <i>v. a.</i> to treat with insolence	Intend, In-tênd'. <i>v. a.</i> to mean, to design
Insultingly, In-sûlt'îng-lê. <i>ad.</i> with contemptuous triumph	Intendant, In-tên'dânt. <i>s.</i> an officer of the highest class [der, to soften
Insuperability, In-sû-pêr-â-blî'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> the quality of being invincible [able	Intenerate, In-tên'nêr-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to make ten-
Insuperable, In-sû'pêr-â-bl. <i>a.</i> insurmount-	Inteneration, In-tên-nêr-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of softening or making tender
Insuperableness, In-sû'pêr-â-bl-nês. <i>s.</i> invincibility [insurmountably	Intenible, In-tên'ê-bl. <i>a.</i> that cannot hold
Insuperably, In-sû'pêr-â-blê. <i>ad.</i> invincibly,	Intense, In-tênsê'. <i>a.</i> raised to a high degree ; vehement
Insupportable, In-sûp-pôr'tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> intolerable, insufferable [endurance	Intensely, In-tênsê'lê. <i>ad.</i> to a great degree
Insupportably, In-sûp-pôr'tâ-blê. <i>ad.</i> beyond	Intenseness, In-tênsê'nês. <i>s.</i> the state of being affected to a high degree
Insurmountable, In-sûr-môûn'tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be got over [vincibly, unconquerably	Intension, In-tên'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of forcing or straining any thing
Insurmountably, In-sûr-môûn'tâ-blê. <i>ad.</i> in-	Intensity, In-tên-sê-tê. <i>s.</i> intenseness
Insurrection, In-sûr-rêk'shûn. <i>s.</i> a seditious rising [the touch	Intensive, In-tên-sîv. <i>a.</i> intent, full of care
Intactible, In-tâk'tê-bl. <i>a.</i> not perceptible to	Intensively, In-tên-sîv-lê. <i>ad.</i> to a great degree
Intaglio, In-tâlyô. <i>s.</i> any thing that has figures engraved on it	Intent, In-tênt'. <i>a.</i> anxiously diligent
Intastable, In-tâs'tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be tasted	

intent, In-tènt'. *s.* a design, a drift
 Intention, In-tèn'shûn. *s.* design, purpose
 Intentional, In-tèn'shûn-âl. *a.* designed, done
 by design [with fixed choice]
 Intentionally, In-tèn'shûn-âl-ê. *ad.* by design,
 Intensive, In-tèn'tiv. *a.* busily attentive
 Intently, In-tèn'tiv-lê. } *ad.* with close ap-
 plication, closely
 Intention, In-tèn'tiôs. *s.* anxious application
 Inter, In-têr'. *v. a.* to bury
 Intercalary, In-têr-kâl'â-rê. *a.* inserted out of
 the common order to preserve the equation
 of time, as the 29th of February in a leap
 year is an intercalary day
 Intercalate, In-têr-kâ-lâ-te. *v. a.* to insert an
 extraordinary day
 Intercalation, In-têr-kâ-lâ'shûn. *s.* insertion
 of days out of the ordinary reckoning
 Intercede, In-têr-sêdd'. *v. n.* to pass between,
 to act between two parties
 Interceder, In-têr-sêd'dûr. *s.* a mediator
 Intercept, In-têr-sêpt'. *v. a.* to stop and seize
 in the way; to cut off
 Interception, In-têr-sêp'shûn. *s.* obstruction,
 seizure by the way
 Intercession, In-têr-sêsh'ûn. *s.* mediation
 Intercessor, In-têr-sêsh'sûr. *s.* mediator
 Interchain, In-têr-tshâné'. *v. a.* to chain, to
 link together [alternately]
 Interchange, In-têr-tshânje'. *v. a.* to succeed
 Interchange, In-têr-tshânje. *s.* commerce
 Interchangeable, In-têr-tshân'jâ-bl. *a.* given
 and taken mutually
 Interchangeable, In-têr-tshânje'ment. *s.* ex-
 change, mutual transference
 Intercepting, In-têr-sip'ê-ênt. *s.* an intercept-
 ing power
 Intercession, In-têr-sizh'ûn. *s.* interruption
 Interclude, In-têr-klûde'. *v. n.* to shut out
 Interclusion, In-têr-klûzh'ûn. *s.* obstruction,
 interception, [space between pillars]
 Intercolumniation, In-têr-kô-lûm-nê-â'shûn. *s.*
 Intercoastal, In-têr-kôs'tâl. *a.* placed between
 the ribs [munication]
 Inter-course, In-têr-kôrse. *s.* commerce; com-
 inter-course, In-têr-kûr'reuse. *s.* passage
 between [tween]
 Inter-current, In-têr-kûr'rênt. *a.* running be-
 tween
 Interdict, In-têr-dikt. *v. a.* to forbid to prohibit

Interdict, In-têr-dikt. *s.* prohibition
 Interdiction, In-têr-dik'shûn. *s.* prohibition,
 a curse [to an interdiction]
 Interditory, In-têr-dik'tûr-ê. *a.* belonging
 Interest, In-têr-êst. *v. a.* to concern
 Interest, In-têr-êst. *s.* concern, advantage, par-
 ticipation; money paid for use
 Interfere, In-têr-fêrê'. *v. a.* to interpose; to
 clash [ing, an intermeddling]
 Interference, In-têr-fêrênsê. *s.* an interpos-
 Interfluent, In-têr-flû-ênt. *a.* flowing between
 Interfulgent, In-têr-fûljênt. *a.* shining be-
 tween [between]
 Interfused, In-têr-fûzd'. *a.* poured or scattered
 Interjacent, In-têr-jâ'sênt. *a.* intervening,
 lying between [clamation]
 Interjection, In-têr-jêk'shûn. *s.* a sudden ex-
 Interim, In-têr-îm. *s.* mean time, intervening
 time [to intermediary]
 Interjoin, In-têr-jôin'. *v. n.* to join mutually,
 Interior, In-têr-ê-ûr. *a.* internal [knowledge]
 Interknowledge, In-têr-nôl'êdje. *s.* mutual
 Interlace, In-têr-lâse'. *v. a.* to intermix
 Interlapse, In-têr-lâpsê'. *s.* the flow of time
 between any two events
 Interlard, In-têr-lârd'. *v. a.* to interpose, to
 insert between
 Interleave, In-têr-lêvé'. *v. a.* to chequer a
 book by the insertion of blank leaves
 Interline, In-têr-llnê'. *v. a.* to write in alter-
 nate lines; to correct by something writ-
 ten between the lines
 Interlineation, In-têr-lln-ê-â'shûn. *s.* correc-
 tion made by writing between the lines
 Interlink, In-têr-llngk'. *v. a.* to join one in
 another
 Interlocution, In-têr-lôk'ûshûn. *s.* dialogue
 Interlocutor, In-têr-lôk'û-tûr. *s.* one who
 talks with another [of dialogue]
 Interlocutory, In-têr-lôk'û-tûr-ê. *a.* consisting
 Interlope, In-têr-lôpê'. *v. n.* to run between
 parties and intercept the advantage that
 one should gain from the other
 Interloper, In-têr-lôpûr. *s.* one who runs in
 to business to which he has no right
 Interlucent, In-têr-lû'sênt. *a.* shining between
 Interlude, In-têr-lûde. *s.* a farce
 Interlunar, In-têr-lû'nâr. *a.* belonging to the
 time when the moon, about to change, is
 invisible

Fâte, fâr, fâi, fât—mê—plue, pla—nô, môve,

- Inter marriage, In-têr-mâr'ridje. *s.* marriage between two families, where each takes one and gives another
- Inter marry, In-'êr-mâr'rê. *v. n.* to marry some of each family with the other
- Inter meddle, In-têr-mêd'd' *v. n.* to interpose officiously
- Intermediacy, In-têr-mê'dê-â-sê, or In-têr-mê-jê-â-sê. *s.* interposition, intervention
- Intermedial, In-têr-mê-dê-âl, or In-têr-mê-jê-âl. } *a.*
- Intermediate, In-têr-mê'dê-âte. }
intervening, interposed
- Interment, In-têr'mênt. *s.* burial, sepulture
- Intermigration, In-têr-mê-grâ'shûn. *s.* an exchange of place
- Interminable, In-têr'mê-nâ-bl } *a.* unbound-
- Interminate, In-têr'mê-nâte. } ded. unlimited
- Intermingle, In-têr-mîng'gl. *v. a.* to mingle, to mix some things among others
- Intermingle, In-têr-mîng'gl. *v. n.* to be mixed or incorporated
- Intermission, In-têr-mîsh'ûn. *s.* pause; inter-
venient time; state of being intermit-
ted [fits not continual]
- Intermissive, In-têr-mîs'siv. *a.* coming by
- Intermit, In-têr-mî't. *v. a.* to forbear any thing for a time, to interrupt
- Intermit, In-têr-mî't. *v. n.* to grow mild between the fits
- Intermittent, In-têr-mî'tênt. *a.* coming by fits
- Intermix, In-têr-mîks'. *v. a.* to mingle, to join, to put some things among others
- Intermix, In-têr-mîks'. *v. n.* to be mingled together [formed by mingling bodies]
- Intermixture, In-têr-mîks'tshûre. *s.* mass
- Intermundane, In-têr-mûn'dâne. *a.* subsisting between worlds [walls]
- Intermural, In-têr-mû'râl. *a.* lying between
- Intermutual, In-têr-mû'tshû-âl. *a.* mutual, interchanged
- Internal, In-têr'nâl. *a.* inward; intrinsic
- Internally, In-têr'nâl-ê. *ad.* inwardly; mentally [slaughter]
- Internecon, In-têr-nê'shûn. *s.* massacre,
- Internuncio, In-têr-nê'nshê-ô. *s.* messenger between two parties
- Interpolate, In-têr-pô-âte. *v. a.* to foist any thing into a place to which it does not belong
- Interpolation, In-têr-pô-lâ'shûn. *s.* something added or put into the original matter
- Interpolator, In-têr-pô-lâ-tûr. *s.* one who foists in counterfeit passages [tervention]
- Interposal, In-têr-pô'zâl. *s.* interposition; in
- Interpose, In-têr-pôze'. *v. a.* to thrust in as an obstruction, interruption, or inconvenience; to place between
- Interpose, In-têr-pôze'. *v. n.* to mediate, to act between two parties
- Interposer, In-têr-pô'zûr. *s.* an intervenient agent, mediator [tween parties]
- Interposition, In-têr-pô-zîsh'ûn. *s.* agency be-
- Interpret, In-têr-prêt. *v. a.* to explain, to translate [tion; exposition]
- Interpretation, In-têr-prê-tâ'shûn. *s.* explanation
- Interpreter, In-têr-prê-tûr. *s.* an expositor
- Interregnum, In-têr-rêg'nûm. *s.* space between the death of one prince, and accession of another [throne]
- Interreign, In-têr-rânê'. *s.* vacancy of the
- Interrogate, In-têr-rô-gâte. *v. a.* to examine
- Interrogation, In-têr-rô-gâ'shûn. *s.* a question put, an inquiry; a note that marks a question, thus [?]
- Interrogative, In-têr-rôg'gâ-tiv. *a.* denoting a question, expressed in a questionary form of words
- Interrogative, In-têr-rôg'gâ-tiv. *s.* a pronoun used in asking questions; as, who? what?
- Interrogator, In-têr-rô-gâ-tûr. *s.* an asker of questions [tion, an inquiry]
- Interrogatory, In-têr-rôg'gâ-tûr-ê. *s.* a questionary
- Interrogatory, In-têr-rôg'gâ-tûr-ê. *a.* containing or expressing a question
- Interrupt, In-têr-rûpt'. *v. a.* to hinder
- Interruptedly, In-têr-rûpt'êd lê. *ad.* not in continuity [continuity; stop]
- Interruption, In-têr-rûp'shûn. *s.* breach of
- Interscind, In-têr-sînd'. *v. a.* to cut off by interruption [tween]
- Interscribe, In-têr-skribê'. *v. a.* to write between
- Interscant, In-têr-sê'kânt. *a.* dividing any thing into parts
- Intersect, In-têr-sêkt'. *v. a.* to cut, to divide each other mutually
- Intersection, In-têr-sêk'shûn. *s.* the point where lines cross each other
- Intersert, In-têr-sêrt'. *v. a.* to put in 'tween
- Intersertion, In-têr-sêr'shûn. *s.* an insertion

Intersperse, In-târ-spâr-sê. <i>v. a.</i> to scatter here and there	Intolerable, In-tôl'lêr-â-bl. <i>a.</i> insufferable
Interspersed, In-târ-spâr-sêd. <i>a.</i> scattered here and there	Intolerably, In-tôl'lêr-â-blê. <i>ad.</i> to a degree beyond endurance
Interspersion, In-târ-spâr-shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of scattering here and there	Intolerant, In-tôl'lêr-ânt. <i>a.</i> not enduring
Interstellar, In-têr-stêl'lâr. <i>a.</i> intervening between the stars	Intolerance, In-tôl'lêr-ânse. <i>s.</i> want of toleration
Interstice, In-têr-stîs. <i>s.</i> space between one and another	Intonation, In-tô-nâ-shûn. <i>s.</i> manner of sound
Interstitial, In-têr-stîsh'âl. <i>a.</i> containing interstices	Intort, In-tôrt'. <i>v. a.</i> to twist, to wreath
Intertexture, In-têr-têks'tshûre. <i>s.</i> diversification of things mingled or woven among each other	Intoxicate, In-tôks'ê-kâte. <i>v. a.</i> to inebriate, to make drunk
Intertwine, In-têr-twîne'. } <i>v. a.</i> to unite by	Intoxication, In-tôks-ê-kâ-shûn. <i>s.</i> inebriation
Intertwist, In-têr-twîst'. } <i>v. a.</i> twisting	Intractable, In-trâk'tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> ungovernable.
Interval, In-têr-vâl. <i>s.</i> space between, interstice; remission of a distemper	Intractably, In-trâk'tâ-bl. <i>ad.</i> with pertinacity, perverseness
Intervene, In-têr-vênê. <i>v. n.</i> to come between	Intractableness, In-trâk'tâ-bl-nês. <i>s.</i> obstinacy
Intervent, In-têr-vênê-ânt. <i>a.</i> passing between	Intransmutable, In-trâns-mû'tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> unchangeable to any other substance
Intervention, In-têr-vên'shûn. <i>s.</i> agency between	Intreasure, In-trêsh'ûre. <i>v. a.</i> to lay up as in a treasury
Intervert, In-têr-vêrt'. <i>v. a.</i> to turn to another	Intrench, In-trêsh. <i>v. n.</i> to break with hold
Interview, In-têr-vû. <i>s.</i> mutual sight	Intrenchant, In-trêsh'ânt. <i>a.</i> not to be divided
Intervolve, In-têr-vôlv'. <i>v. a.</i> to involve one within another	Intrenchment, In-trêsh'mênt. <i>s.</i> fortification
Interweave, In-têr-wêvê. <i>v. a. pret. interwove; part. pass. interwoven, interwove, or interweaved.</i> to mix one with another in a regular texture, to intermingle	Intrepid, In-trêp'îd. <i>a.</i> fearless, bold
Intestable, In-tês'tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> disqualified to make a will	Intrepidity, In-trê-pîd'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> fearlessness, courage
Intestate, In-tês'tâte. <i>a.</i> dying without a will	Intrepidly, In-trêp'îd-lê. <i>ad.</i> fearlessly, daringly
Intestinal, In-tês'tê-nâl. <i>a.</i> belonging to the entrails	Intricacy, In-trê-kâ-sê. <i>s.</i> perplexity; involu- tion
Intestine, In-tês'tîn. <i>a.</i> internal; domestick	Intricate, In-trê-kâte. <i>a.</i> entangled, perplexed, complicated
Intestine, In-tês'tîn. <i>s.</i> the gut, the bowel	Intricately, In-trê-kâte-lê. <i>ad.</i> with perplexity
Inthral, In-thrâl'. <i>v. a.</i> to enslave, to shackle	Intricate, In-trê-kâte-nês. <i>s.</i> perplexity, involution
Inthralment, In-thrâl'mênt. <i>s.</i> servitude, slavery	Intrigue, In-trêgg'. <i>s.</i> a plot; a love affair
Intimacy, In-tê-mâ-sê. <i>s.</i> close familiarity	Intrigue, In-trêgg'. <i>v. n.</i> to form plots, or carry on private designs
Intimate, In-tê-mâte. <i>a.</i> familiar, closely acquainted	Intriguingly, In-trêgg'îng-lê. <i>ad.</i> with intrigue
Intimate, In-tê-mâte. <i>s.</i> a familiar friend	Intrinsic, In-trîk'sê-kâl. <i>a.</i> internal, natural
Intimate, In-tê-mâte. <i>v. a.</i> to hint, to point out indirectly	Intrinsically, In-trîk'sê-kâl-ê. <i>ad.</i> internally, naturally
Intimately, In-tê-mâte-lê. <i>ad.</i> closely	Intrinsick, In-trîn'sîk. <i>a.</i> inward, real
Intimation, In-tê-mâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> hint, indirect declaration or direction	Introduce, In-trô-dûsê. <i>v. a.</i> to conduct or usher into a place
Intimidate, In-tîm'ê-dâte. <i>v. a.</i> to make fearless	Introduction, In-trô-dûk'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of conducting or ushering to; the preface
Intire, In-tîrê. <i>a.</i> whole, unbroken	Introductory, In-trô-dûk'tv. } <i>a.</i> previous,
Intireness, In-tîrê-nês. <i>s.</i> wholeness; integrity	Intire, In-tîrê. } <i>v. a.</i> to serve as a means to something farther
Intire, In-tîrê. } <i>v. a.</i> to serve as a means to something farther	Introggression, In-trô-grêsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> entrance, the act of entering
Intire, In-tîrê. } <i>v. a.</i> to serve as a means to something farther	Intromission, In-trô-mîsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> the act of

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mé, niêt—plne, pln—nd, mðve,

- Intromit, In-trò-mít'. *v. a.* to send in, to let in
- Introspection, In-trò-spèk'shûn. *s.* a view of the inside [coming in]
- Introvent, In-trò-vè'né-ènt. *a.* entering
- Introvert, In-trò-vèrt'. *v. a.* to turn inwards
- Intrude, In-tròdd'. *v. n.* to encroach, to force in uncalled or unpermitted
- Intruder, In-tròdd'dûr. *s.* one who forces himself into company without right
- Intrusion, In-tròdd'zhûn. *s.* the act of intruding
- Intrusive, In-tròdd'slv. *a.* intruding, coming into company without invitation [secret]
- Intrust, In-trûst'. *v. a.* to charge with any
- Intuition, In-tû-îsh'ûn. *s.* immediate knowledge
- Intuitive, In-tû-è-îtv. *a.* seeing, not barely believing; having the power of discovering truth immediately without ratiocination
- Intuitively, In-tû-è-îtv-lè. *ad.* by immediate perception [mour]
- Intumescence, In-tû-mès'sense. *s.* swell, tumescence
- Intwine, In-twîne'. *v. a.* to twist or wreath together
- Inuendo, In-ù-èn'dò. *s.* a distant notice, a hint
- Inundation, In-ûn-dâ'shûn. *s.* a flood, a deluge
- Inure, In-ûre'. *v. a.* to habituate, to accustom
- Inutility, In-ù-tîll'é-té. *s.* uselessness
- Invide, In-vâde'. *v. a.* to attack a country, to make a hostile entrance; to assault
- Invader, In-vâdûr. *s.* one who enters with hostility into the possessions of another: an assailant
- Invalid, In-vâ'ld. *a.* weak, of no efficacy
- Invalid, In-vâ-lèéd'. *s.* one disabled by sickness or hurts [prive of force or efficacy]
- Invalidate, In-vâ-l'é-dâte. *v. a.* to weaken, to de-
- Invalidity, In-vâ-ld'é-té. *s.* weakness, want of efficacy
- Invaluable, In-vâ'l'ù-â-bl. *a.* inestimable
- Invariable, In-vâ-ré-â-bl. *a.* unchangeable, constant [bilty, constancy]
- Invariableness, In-vâ-ré-â-bl-nès. *s.* immutability
- Invariably, In-vâ-ré-â-bl-è. *ad.* unchangeably, constantly
- Invasion, In-vâ'zhûn. *s.* hostile encroachment
- Invasive, In-vâ'slv. *a.* entering hostilely
- Invective, In-vèk'îtv. *s.* a severe censure in speech or writing
- Invective, In-vèk'îtv. *a.* satirical, abusive
- Invectively, In-vèk'îtv-è. *ad.* satirically, abusively
- Inveigh, In-vâ'. *v. n.* to utter censure or re-
- Inveigher, In-vâ'ûr. *s.* vehement railer [proach]
- Inveigle, In-vé'gl. *v. a.* to wheedle, to allure
- Inveigler, In-vé'gl-ûr. *s.* a seducer, allurer to ill
- Invent, In-vènt'. *v. a.* to find out; to feign
- Inventer, In-vènt'ûr. *s.* a deviser, a teller of fictions
- Invention, In-vèn'shûn. *s.* fiction, act of producing something new; the thing invented
- Inventive, In-vèn'tiv. *a.* quick at contrivance
- Inventor, In-vènt'ûr. *s.* a finder out of something new; a contriver [moveables]
- Inventory, In-vèn-tûr-è. *s.* a catalogue of
- Inventress, In-vèn trèss. *s.* a female that invents
- Inverse, In-vèrse'. *a.* inverted
- Inversion, In-vèr'shûn. *s.* change of order or time
- Invert, In-vèrt'. *v. a.* to turn upside down
- Invertedly, In-vèrt'èd-lè. *ad.* in contrary or reversed order [acorn; to enclose]
- Invest, In-vès't. *v. a.* to dress, to array; to
- Investigable, In-vès'té-gâ-bl. *a.* discoverable by rational disquisition
- Investigate, In-vès'té-gâte. *v. a.* to search out
- Investigation, In-vès'té-gâ'shûn. *s.* examination [ing possession]
- Investiture, In-vès'té-tûre. *s.* the right of giving
- Investment, In-vès't'mènt. *s.* dress
- Inveteracy, In-vèt'tér-â-sò. *s.* long continuance of any thing bad [lished]
- Inveterate, In-vèt'tér-âte. *a.* old, long established
- Inveterateness, In-vèt'tér-âte-nès. *s.* long continuance of any thing bad; obstinacy
- Invidious, In-vid'é-ûs. *a.* envious, malignant
- Invidiously, In-vid'é-ûs-è. *ad.* malignantly, enviously [provoking envy or hatred]
- Invidiousness, In-vid'é-ûs-nès. *s.* quality of
- Invigorate, In-vî'gò-râte. *v. a.* to enliven
- Invigoration, In-vî'gò-râ'shûn. *s.* the act of invigorating; the state of being invigorated
- Invincible, In-vîn'sé-bl. *a.* unconquerable
- Invincibleness, In-vîn'sé-bl-nès. *s.* unconquerableness, insuperableness
- Invincibly, In-vîn'sé-bl-è. *ad.* insuperably
- Inviolable, In-vî'ò-lâ-bl. *a.* not to be profaned not to be broken [or failure]
- Inviolably, In-vî'ò-lâ-bl-è. *ad.* without breach
- Inviolate, In-vî'ò-lâte. *a.* unhurt, unbroken
- Invisibility, In-vîz'é-bîl'è-tò. *s.* the state of being invisible

ndr, tít—tâbe, tâb, búll —ôll—pôund—thin, THIS.

invisible, In-vîz'ê-bl. *a.* not to be seen [sight]
 invisibly, In-vîz'ê-blê. *ad.* imperceptibly to the
 Inviscate, In-vîs'kâte. *v. a.* to line [bidding]
 Invitation, In-vê-tâ'shûn. *s.* the act of inviting;
 Invite, In-vî'té'. *v. a.* to bid, to ask
 Invitingly, In-vî'tîng-lê. *ad.* in such a manner
 as invites or allures [upon]
 Invoicate, In-vò-kâte. *v. a.* to invoke, to call
 Invocation, In-vò-kâ'shûn. *s.* the act of calling
 upon in prayer [of a ship]
 Invoice, In-vôise. *s.* a catalogue of the freight
 Invoke, In-vòke'. *v. a.* to implore, to pray
 Involve, In-vól'v'. *v. a.* to inwrap; to com-
 prise; to entangle; to blend
 Involuntarily, In-vól'ân-tâ-ré-lê. *ad.* not by
 choice [lingly]
 Involuntary, In-vól'ân-tâ-rê. *a.* not done wil-
 lingly
 Involution, In-vò-lú'shûn. *s.* the act of involv-
 ing; complication [wounded]
 Invulnerable, In-vúl'nêr-â-bl. *a.* not to be
 inward, In'wârd. }
 Inwards, In'wârdz. } *ad.* towards the internal
 parts, within; concavely
 Inward, In'wârd. *a.* internal, placed within
 inward, In'wârd. *s.* any thing within; a near
 acquaintance [internally]
 Inwardly, In'wârd-lê. *ad.* within, privately;
 Inwardness, In'wârd-nês. *s.* intimacy, famil-
 iarity
 Inweave, In-wêvê'. *v. a. pret. inwoove or in-*
woaved; part. pass. inwoove or inwooven. to
 mix in weaving
 Inwrap, In-râp'. *v. a.* to cover by involu-
 tion
 Inwrought, In-râw't'. *a.* adorned with work
 Inwreath, In-rêthê'. *v. a.* to surround as with
 a wreath
 Ionic, I-ôn'ik. *a.* belonging to one of the dia-
 lects of the Greek language, or to one of
 the five orders of architecture [plant]
 Inspecuanha, Ip-pê-kâk-û-â-nâ. *s.* an Indian
 Inscible, I-râs'sê-bl. *a.* disposed to anger
 Ire, Irê. *s.* anger, rage, passionate hatred
 Iréful, Irê'fûl. *a.* angry, raging, furious
 Iris, Ir'is. *s.* the rainbow; the circle round the
 pupil of the eye; the flower-de-luce
 Irksome, Êrk'sûm. *a.* wearisome, troublesome
 Irksomeness, Êrk'sûm-nês. *s.* tediousness,
 wearisomeness
 Iron, I'âr'n. *s.* a hard, fusil, malleable metal;
 a chain, a shackle

Iron, I'âr'n. *a.* made of iron; resembling iron
 in colour; hard, impenetrable
 Iron I'âr'n. *v. a.* to smooth with an iron; to
 shackle with irons [and meaning another
 Ironical, I-rôu'nê-kâl. *a.* expressing one thing
 Ironically, I-rôu'nê-kâl-ê. *ad.* by the use of
 irony [iron]
 Ironmonger, I'âr'n-mûng-gûr. *s.* a dealer in
 Irony, I'âr'n-ê. *a.* having the qualities of iron
 Irony, I'âr'n-ê. *s.* a mode of speech in which
 the meaning is contrary to the words
 Irradiance, Ir-râ-dê-ânse. }
 Irradiancy, Ir-râ-dê-ân-sê. } *s.* emission of
 rays or beams of light upon an object,
 beams of light emitted
 Irradiate, Ir-râ-dê-âte. *v. a.* to adorn with
 light emitted upon it; to enlighten intel-
 lectually
 Irradiation, Ir-râ-dê-â'shûn. *s.* the act of emit-
 ting beams of light; illumination
 Irrational, Ir-râsh'ô-nâl. *a.* void of reason
 Irrationally, Ir-râsh'ô-nâl-ê. *ad.* without rea-
 son, absurdly [reclaimed]
 Irreclaimable, Ir-rê-klâ'mâ-bl. *a.* not to be
 Irreconcilable, Ir-rêk-ôn-sî'lâ-bl. *a.* not to be
 reconciled [reconcilable mar-
 Irreconcilably, Ir-rêk-ôn-sî'lâ-blê. *ad.* in an ir-
 irrecoverable, Ir-rê-kûv'ûr-â-bl. *a.* not to be
 regained [recovery]
 Irrecoverably, Ir-rê-kûv'ûr-â-blê. *ad.* beyond
 Irreducible, Ir-rê-dú'sê-bl. *a.* not to be reduced
 Irrefragability Ir-rêf-frâ gâ-bl'ê-tê. *s.* strength
 of argument not to be refuted [futed]
 Irrefragable, Ir-rêf-frâ-gâ-bl. *a.* not to be
 Irrefragably, Ir-rêf-frâ-gâ-blê. *ad.* with force
 above confutation
 Irrefutable, Ir-rê-fû'tâ-bl. *a.* not to be over-
 thrown by argument [rule; immethodical
 Irregular, Ir-rêg-gû-lâr. *a.* deviating from
 Irregularity, Ir-rêg-gû-lâr'ê-tê. *s.* deviation
 from rule; inordinate practice
 Irregularly, Ir-rêg-gû-lâr-lê. *ad.* without ob-
 servation of rule or method
 Irrelative, Ir-rêl'lâ-tiv. *a.* having no refer-
 ence to any thing [relieving]
 Irrelevant, Ir-rêl'ê-vânt. *a.* unassisting, un-
 Irreligion, Ir-rê-ild'jûn. *s.* contempt of re-
 ligion, impiety
 Irreligious, Ir-rê-ild'jûs. *a.* impious [return
 Irremeable, Ir-rê-nw-â-bl. *a.* admitting or

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nò, mòve,

Irremediable, Ir-ré-mé-dé-à-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be remedied	[doned]	Irreparable, Ir-rép-pá-rá-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be repaired	[paired]
Irremissible, Ir-ré-mís-sé-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be par-		Irreparably, Ir-rép-pá-rá-blé. <i>ad.</i> without a-	
Irremoveable, Ir-ré-mòv'á-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be moved, not to be changed		mends	[redeemed]
Irreprehensible, Ir-rép-pré-hên-sé-bl. <i>a.</i> exempt from blame		Irreprehensibility, Ir-ré-zis-té-bi'è-té. <i>s.</i> power	
Irreprehensibly, Ir-rép-pré-hên-sé-blé. <i>ad.</i>		Irresistible, Ir-ré-zis-té-bl. <i>a.</i> superior to op-	
Irreproachable, Ir-ré-pròsh'á-bl. <i>a.</i> free from reproach		position	[not to be opposed]
Irreprovable, Ir-ré-pròv'á-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be irreputious, Ir-rép-tish'ús. <i>a.</i> encroaching, creeping in		Irresistibly, Ir-ré-zis-té-blé. <i>ad.</i> in a manner	
Irresistibility, Ir-ré-zis-té-bi'è-té. <i>s.</i> power		Irresoluble, Ir-réz-zò-lú-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be broken, not to be dissolved	
Irresistible, Ir-ré-zis-té-bl. <i>a.</i> superior to op-		Irresolute, Ir-réz-zò-lùt. <i>a.</i> not determined	
position	[not to be opposed]	Irresolutely, Ir-réz-zò-lùt-lé. <i>ad.</i> without firmness of mind	
Irresistibly, Ir-ré-zis-té-blé. <i>ad.</i> in a manner		Irresolution, Ir-réz-ò-lú'shùn. <i>s.</i> want of firm-	
Irresoluble, Ir-réz-zò-lú-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be broken, not to be dissolved		Irretrievable, Ir-ré-tréé'vá-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be repaired, irrecoverable	
Irresolute, Ir-réz-zò-lùt. <i>a.</i> not determined		Irretrievably, Ir-ré-tréé'vá-blé. <i>ad.</i> irrecovera-	
Irresolutely, Ir-réz-zò-lùt-lé. <i>ad.</i> without firmness of mind		Irreverence, Ir-rév-vèr-è-nse. <i>s.</i> want of veneration	
Irresolution, Ir-réz-ò-lú'shùn. <i>s.</i> want of firm-		Irreverent, Ir-rév-vèr-ènt. <i>a.</i> not paying due homage or reverence	
Irretrievable, Ir-ré-tréé'vá-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be repaired, irrecoverable		Irreverently, Ir-rév-vèr-ènt-lé. <i>ad.</i> without	
Irretrievably, Ir-ré-tréé'vá-blé. <i>ad.</i> irrecovera-		Irreversibly, Ir-ré-vèr-sé-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be recalled	
Irreverence, Ir-rév-vèr-è-nse. <i>s.</i> want of veneration		Irrevocable, Ir-rév-vò-ká-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be re-	
Irreverent, Ir-rév-vèr-ènt. <i>a.</i> not paying due homage or reverence		Irrevocably, Ir-rév-vò-ká-blé. <i>ad.</i> without re-	
Irreverently, Ir-rév-vèr-ènt-lé. <i>ad.</i> without		call	
Irreversibly, Ir-ré-vèr-sé-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be recalled		Irrigate, Ir-ré-gâte. <i>v. a.</i> to wet, to moisten	
Irrevocable, Ir-rév-vò-ká-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be re-		Irrigation, Ir-ré-gâ'shùn. <i>s.</i> the act of watering or moistening	
Irrevocably, Ir-rév-vò-ká-blé. <i>ad.</i> without re-		Irrigulous, Ir-ríg-gù-ús. <i>a.</i> watery; dewy	
call		Irrision, Ir-rizh'ùn. <i>s.</i> the act of laughing at another	
Irrigate, Ir-ré-gâte. <i>v. a.</i> to wet, to moisten		Irritable, Ir-ré-tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> capable of being made	
Irrigation, Ir-ré-gâ'shùn. <i>s.</i> the act of watering or moistening		Irritate, Ir-ré-tâte. <i>v. a.</i> to provoke, to exasperate; to heighten	
Irrigulous, Ir-ríg-gù-ús. <i>a.</i> watery; dewy		Irritation, Ir-ré-tâ'shùn. <i>s.</i> provocation, exas-	
Irrision, Ir-rizh'ùn. <i>s.</i> the act of laughing at another		ruption, Ir-rúp'shùn. <i>s.</i> the act of any thing forcing an entrance; inroad	
Irritable, Ir-ré-tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> capable of being made		Is, iz. the third person singular of To be, I am, thou art, he is; it is sometimes expressed by 's, as, What's the price of this book?	
Irritate, Ir-ré-tâte. <i>v. a.</i> to provoke, to exasperate; to heighten		Ischury, Is'kù-ré. <i>s.</i> a stoppage of urine	
Irritation, Ir-ré-tâ'shùn. <i>s.</i> provocation, exas-		Isicle, I's'k kl. <i>s.</i> a pendent shoot of ice	
		Isinglass, I'zng-glâs. <i>s.</i> a fine kind of gum made from the intestines of a fish	
		Island, I'lând. <i>s.</i> a tract of land surrounded by water	
		Islander, I'lând-âr. <i>s.</i> an inhabitant of an island	
		Isle, Ile. <i>s.</i> an island	
		Isolated, Iz'ò-lâ-téd. <i>a.</i> alone, separate, detached	
		Isosceles, i-sòs-sé-léz. <i>s.</i> that which hath only two sides equal	
		Issue, Ish'shù. <i>s.</i> the act of passing out; egress; event; termination; offspring	
		Issue, Ish'shù. <i>v. n.</i> to come out; to make an eruption; to proceed as an offspring; to be produced by any fund	
		Issue, Ish'shù. <i>v. a.</i> to send out, to send forth	
		Issueless, Ish'shù-lès. <i>a.</i> without offspring	
		Isthmus, Ist'müs. <i>s.</i> a neck of land joining the peninsula to the continent	
		It, It. <i>pron.</i> the neutral demonstrative, the thing spoken of before	
		Itch, Itsh. <i>s.</i> a cutaneous disease	
		Itch, Itsh. <i>v. n.</i> to feel that uneasiness in the skin which is removed by rubbing	
		Item, I'tém. <i>ad.</i> also; a word used when any article is added to the former	
		Item, I'tém. <i>s.</i> a new article; a hint	
		Iterate, It'tér-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to repeat	
		Iterant, It'tér-ânt. <i>a.</i> repeating	
		Itération, It-tér-â'shùn. <i>s.</i> repetition	
		Itinerant, I-tin'nér-ânt. <i>a.</i> wandering, not settled	
		Itinerary, I-tin'nèi-âr-é. <i>s.</i> a book of travels	
		Itinerary, I-tin'nèr-âr-é. <i>a.</i> travelling. done on a journey	
		Itself, It-sèlf. <i>pron.</i> the neutral reciprocal	
		Ivory, I'vâr-é. <i>s.</i> the tusk of the elephant	
		Ivory, I'vâr-é. <i>a.</i> made of or pertaining to	
		Ivy, I'vé. <i>s.</i> a plant	

J.

JABBER, jâb'bûr. *v. n.* to talk idly
Jacent, jâ'sènt. *a.* lying at length

nôr, nô-t—tûbe, tûb, bûll—ôll—pôund—thin, this.

- Jack, jâk. *s.* the diminutive of John; *ε* n en-gine; a fish [to start prey for the lion]
- Jackall, jâk-kâll'. *s.* a small animal supposed
- Jackanapes, jâk'ân-âps. *s.* an ape, a coxcomb
- Jackdaw, jâk-dâw'. *s.* a small species of crow
- Jacket, jâk'kît. *s.* a short coat
- Jaculation, jâk-û-lâ'shûn. *s.* the act of throwing missile weapons [woman]
- Jade, jâde. *v.* a horse of no spirit; a sorry
- Jade, jâde. *v. a.* to tire, to weary
- Jadish, jâ'dîsh. *a.* vicious, incontinent
- Jagg, jâg. *s.* a denticulation
- Jagg, jâg. *v. a.* to cut into indentures
- Jaggy, jâg'gê. *a.* uneven, denticulated
- Jail, jâle. *s.* a gaol, a prison
- Jalap, jâl'lûp. *s.* a purgative root
- Jam, jâm. *s.* a conserve of fruits
- Jamb, jâm. *s.* the post of a door
- Jangle, jâng'gl. *v. n.* to quarrel
- Janizary, jân'nê-zâr-ê. *s.* a Turkish soldier
- Janty, jân'tê. *a.* showy, fluttering [year]
- January, jân'nû-âr-ê. *s.* the first month of the
- Japan, jâ-pân'. *s.* work varnished and raised in gold and colours [to dispute]
- Jar, jâr. *v. n.* to sound untuneably, to clash
- Jar, jâr. *s.* an earthen vessel; a harsh sound; discord [berish]
- Jargon, jâr'gûn. *s.* unintelligible talk, gib
- Jasmine, jâz'mîn. *s.* a flower
- Jasper, jâs'pûr. *s.* a precious stone
- Jaundice, jân'dîs. *s.* a distemper from obstruction of the glands of the liver
- Jaunt, jânt. *v. n.* to make little excursions for air or exercise
- Jauntiness, jân'tê-nês. *s.* airiness.
- Javelin, jâv'lîn. *s.* a spear, or half pike
- Jaw, jâw. *s.* the bone of the mouth in which
- Jay, jâ. *s.* a bird [the teeth are fixed
- Jealous, jêl'lûs. *a.* suspicious [jealous]
- Jealousness, jêl'lûs-nês. *s.* the state of being
- Jealousy, jêl'lûs-ê. *s.* suspicion in love, suspicious fear
- Jeer, jêér. *v. n.* to scoff, to make mock
- Jeer, jêér. *s.* scoff, taunt [temptuously]
- Jeeringly, jêér'îng-lê. *ad.* scornfully, con-
- Jehovah, jê-hô'vâ. *s.* the Hebrew name for God
- Jejune, jê-jôd'. *a.* wanting; hungry; dry
- Jejuneness, jê-jôd'nênês. *s.* penury, poverty, drrvness [cous state]
- Jellied, jêl'lîd. *a.* glutinous. brought to a vis-
- Jelly, jêl'lê. *s.* a kind of tender coagulation
- Jennet, jên'nît. *s.* a Spanish horse [dange]
- Jeopard, jêp'pûrd. *v. a.* to hazard, to put in
- Jeopardous, jêp'pûr-dûs. *a.* hazardous, dangerous
- Jeopardy, jêp'pûr-dê. *s.* hazard, peril [jolt]
- Jerk, jêrk. *s.* a smart quick lash; a sudden
- Jêrk, jêrk. *v. a.* to strike with a smart quick blow
- Jerken, jêr'kîn. *s.* a jacket, a short coat
- Jersey, jêr'zê. *s.* fine yarn of wool
- Jessamine, jês'sâ-mîn. *s.* a fragrant flower
- Jest, jêst. *s.* any thing ludicrous, or meant only to raise laughter
- Jest; jêst. *v. n.* to divert [water]
- Jet, jêt. *s.* a beautiful black fossil; a spout of
- Jet, jêt. *v. n.* to shoot forward, to jut out
- Jetty, jêt'tê. *a.* made of jet, black as jet
- Jewel, jû'll. *s.* a precious stone; a name of fondness
- Jeweller, jû'll-lûr. *s.* one who deals in jewels
- Jews-harp, jûz'e'hârp. *s.* a sort of musical in-
- Jig, jîg. *s.* a light dance or tune [strument]
- Jig, jîg. *v. n.* to dance carelessly [contempt]
- Jilt, jîlt. *v. s.* a deceiving woman, a name of
- Jilt, jîlt. *v. a.* to trick a man by flattering his love with false hopes [a bel]
- Jingle, jîng'gl. *s.* any thing sounding, a rattle,
- Jingle, jîng'gl. *v. n.* to sound correspondently
- Job, jôb. *s.* a mean lucrative affair; a piece of chance-work [instrument]
- Job, jôb. *v. a.* to strike suddenly with a sharp
- Job, jôb. *v. n.* to buy and sell as a broker
- Jobber, jôb'bûr. *s.* one who sells stock in the public funds; one who does chance-work
- Jockey, jôk'kê. *s.* one who deals in horses, a trickish fellow
- Jockey, jôk'kê. *v. a.* to juggle, to trick
- Jocose, jô-kôse. } *a.* merry, waggish
- Jocular, jôk'û-lûr. }
- Jocosely, jô-kôse'lê. *ad.* waggishly, in jest
- Jocularity, jôk'û-lûr-ê-tê. *s.* inerriment, disposition to jest
- Jocund, jôk'ûnd. *a.* merry, gay, lively
- Jocundly, jôk'ûnd-lê. *ad.* merrily, gaily
- Jog, jôg. *v. a.* to push, to shake
- Jcg, jôg. *s.* a push, a slight shake
- Joggle, jôg'gl. *v. n.* to shake, to be in a tremulous motion [cert]
- Join, jôln. *v. a.* to add, to unite; to act in con-

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mè, mèt—plne, pln—nò, mòve,

Joinder, jòdn dâr. s. conjunction	Jer. Judaism, jù dà-izm. s. the religious rites of the Jews
Joiner, jòhn'ur. s. one who joins wood together	[Jews
Joint, jòint. s. articulation of limbs; hinge; knot in a plant	Judaize, jù'dà-ize. v. n. to conform to the
Joint, jòint. a. shared among many, combined	Judge, jùdje. s. one who presides in a court of judicature; one who has sufficient skill to decide
Joint, jòint. v. a. to join together, to form in articulations, to divide a joint	[amine authoritatively
Jointly, jòint'lè. ad. together	Judge, jùdje. v. a. to pass sentence; to ex-
Jointress, jòhn'rès. s. one who holds any thing in jointure	Judgement, jùdje'mènt. s. the power of judg-
Jointure, jòhn'tshùre. s. estate settled on a wife, to be enjoyed after her husband's decease	ing; decision; opinion; condemnation; the last doom
Joist, jòist. s. the secondary beam of a floor	[tice
Joke, jòke. s. a jest	Judicatory, jù'dè-kà-tùr-è. s. a court of jus-
Joke, jòke. v. n. to jest	Judicature, jù'dè-kà-tùre. s. power of distrib-
Joker, jò'kâr. s. a jester, a merry fellow	uting justice
Jole, jòie. s. the face or cheek; the head of a fish	Judicial, jù-dish'âl. a. practised in the distribu-
Jollity, jòllè-tè. s. gaiety, merriment, festivity	tion of publick justice; inflicted as a penalty
Jolly, jòllè. a. gay, merry; plump	[upon any thing
Jolt, jòlt. s. a shock, as in a carriage	Judiciary, jù d'ish'âr-è. a. passing judgement
Jolt, jòlt. v. n. to shake as a carriage	Judicious, jù-dish'ûs. a. prudent, wise
Jouquille, jùn-kw'îl. s. a species of daffodil	Judiciously, jù-dish'ûs-lè. ad. wisely
Jorden, jòr'dn. s. a chamber-pot	Jug, jùg. s. a large drinking vessel
Jostle, jòs'sl. v. a. to jostle, to rush against	Juggle, jùg'gl. v. n. to play tricks by slight of hand
Jot, jòt. s. a point, a tittle	[inposture
Journal, jùr'nâl. s. a diary; any paper published daily	Juggle, jùg'gl. s. a trick by legerdemain; an
Journalist, jùr'nâl-ist. s. a writer of journals	Jugular, jù-gù-lâr. a. belonging to the throat
Journey, jùr'nè. s. travel by land; passage from place to place	Juice, jùs-è. s. the liquor of plants and fruits the fluid in animal bodies
Journey, jùr'ne. v. n. to travel	Juiceless, jùs-è'lès. a. without moisture
Journeyman, jùr'nè-mân. s. a hired workman	[lence
Joust, jùst. s. tilt, tournament	Juiciness, jù'sè-nès. s. plenty of juice, succu-
Joust, jùst. v. n. to run in the tilt	Juicy, jù'sè. a. moist, full of juice
Jovial, jòv-è-âl. a. gay, airy, merry	July, jù-ll. s. the seventh month of the year
Jovially, jòv-è-âl-lè. ad. merrily, gaily	Jumble, jùm'bl. v. a. to mix violently and confusedly together
Jovialness, jòv-è-âl-nès. s. gaiety, merriment	Jumble, jùm'bl. s. a confused mixture
Joy, jòè. s. gladness, merriment; happiness	Jump, jùmp. s. the act of jumping, a leap, a sort of waistcoat
Joy, jòè. v. n. to rejoice	[to join
Joyful, jòè'fùl. a. full of joy, glad	Jump, jùmp. v. n. to leap, to skip; to agree,
Joyfully, jòè'fùl-è. ad. with joy, gladly	Juncate, jùng'k'it. s. a cheesecake; any delicacy
Joyfulness, jòè'fùl-nès. s. gladness, joy	Junction, jùng'shùn. s. union, coalition
Joyless, jòè'lès. a. void of joy	Juncture, jùngk'tshùre. s. a joint, articulation; critical time
Joyous, jòè'ûs. a. glad, merry, giving joy	June, jùne. s. the sixth month of the year
Jubilant, jù-bè-lânt. a. uttering songs of triumph	Junior, jù-nè-ûr. a. younger
Jubilee, jù'bè-è. s. a publick festivity	Juniper, jù-nè-pâr. s. a plant
Jucundity, jù-kùnd-è-tè. s. pleasantness, agreeableness	[of cable
Judaical, jù-dà'è-kâl. a. Jewish	Junk, jùnk. s. a small ship of China; pieces
	Junket, jùng'k'it. v. n. to feast secretly
	Junto, jùn'tò. s. a cabal
	Juridical, jù-r'îd-è-kâl. a. acting in the distribution of justice
	[power; district
	Jurisdiction, jù-r'is-dik'shùn. s. extent of

Jurisprudence, jû-ris-prû'dênse. s. the science of law
Jurist, jû'rîst. s. a civil lawyer, a civilian
Juror, jû'rûr. s. one that serves on a jury
Jurv, jû'rê. s. a company of men, as 24 or 12, sworn to deliver truth upon such evidence as shall be given before them touching the matter in question
Just, jûst. a. upright, honest; complete, full
Just, jûst. s. a mock encounter on horseback
Justice, jûs'tîs. s. right, vindictive retribution; a magistrate [isters justice
Justiciary, jûs-tîsh'ê-â-rê. s. one who admin-
Justificable, jûs-tê-f'â-bl. a. defensible by law or reason
Justificableness, jûs-tê-f'â-bl-nês. s. rectitude, possibility of being fairly defended
Justification, jûs-tê-fê-kâ'shûn. s. defence, vindication [absolves
Justifier, jûs'tê-fl-ûr. s. one who defends or
Justify, jûs'tê-fl. v. a. to clear from imputed guilt, to defend [against each other
Justle, jûs'sl. v. n. to encounter, to rush
Justly, jûst'lê. ad. uprightly, honestly; exactly [accuracy
Justness, jûst'nês. s. reasonableness, equity;
Jut, jût. v. n. to shoot into prominences, to come out of the line
Juvenile, jû've-nîl. a. youthful
Juvenility, jû've-nîl'ê-tê. s. youthfulness
Juxtaposition, jûks-tâ-pô-zîsh'ûn. s. the state of being placed by each other

K.

KALENDAR, kâl'ên-dâr. s. an account of
Kali, kâl'ê. s. a sea-weed [tine
Keck, kêk. v. n. to heave the stomach [river
Kedge, kêd'jûr. s. a small anchor used in a
Keel, kêêl. s. the bottom of a ship [rimonious
Keen, kêên. a. sharp, well edged; severe, ac-
Keenly, kêên'lê. a. sharply, vehemently
Keenness, kêên'nês. s. sharpness; asperity;
 eagerness, vehemence
Keepe, kêêp. v. a. to retain; to protect; to
 preserve; to hold; to observe any time;
 to maintain, to support with necessities of
 life; to remain in; not to reveal to with-
 hold
Keeper, kêêp'ûr. s. one who holds any thing

Keg, kêg. s. a small barrel
Ken, kêen. v. a. to see at a distance, to desc
Ken, kêen. s. view, reach of sight
Kennel, kêen'nîl. s. a cot for dogs; the hole
 of a fox, or other beast; a water-course
Kennel, kêen'nîl. v. n. to lie, to dwell
Kept, kêpt. pret. and part. pass. of keep.
Kerchief, kêr'tshîf. s. a head-dress
Kernel, kêr'nîl. s. the edible substance con-
 tained in a shell
Kersey, kêr'zê. s. coarse stuff
Ketch, kêtsh. s. a heavy ship
Kettle, kêt'tl. s. a vessel in which liquor is
 boiled [of brass
Kettledrum, kêt'tl-drûm. s. a drum made
Key, kê. s. an instrument to open a lock; a
 part of a musical instrument; a certain tone; a
 wharf
Keyage, kê'dje. s. money paid for wharfrage
Keyhole, kê'hôle. s. the perforation in a door
 or lock through which the key is put [arch
Keystone, kê'stôn. s. the middle stone of an
Kibe, kyibe. s. an ulcerated chilblain
Kick, kêk. v. a. to strike with the foot
Kick, kêk. s. a blow with the foot
Kickshaw, kêk'shâw. s. something fantastical,
 a dish so changed by the cookery that it can
 scarcely be known
Kid, kêd. s. the young of a goat
Kid, kêd. v. a. to bring forth kids
Kidnap, kêd'nâp. v. a. to steal children, to
 steal human beings [human beings
Kidnapper, kêd'nâp-pâr. s. one who steals
Kidney, kêd'nê. s. one of the two glands that
 separate the urine from the blood: race,
 kind
Kilderkin, kêl'dêr-kîn. s. a small barrel
Kill, kêl. v. a. to deprive of life
Killer, kêl'lûr. s. one that deprives of life
Kiln, kêl. s. a stove, a fabrick formed for ad-
 mitting heat to dry or burn things
Kimbo, kêl'm'bô. a. crooked, arched
Kin, kêin. s. relation either of consanguinity or
 affinity
Kind, kêlnd. a. benevolent, favourable
Kind, kêlnd. s. race, general class; particular
 nature; natural state [rate
Kindle, kêlnd'l. v. a. to set on fire; to exasp
Kindly, kêlnd'lê. ad. with good-will
Kindly, kêlnd'lê. a. congenial, mild

Fåte, får, fall, fát—mê, mêt—pine, pln—nò, mðve,

- Kindness, dynd'nês. *s.* benevolence, good-will [latives]
- Kindred, kln'drêd. *s.* relation, affinity; related
- Kindred, kln'drêd. *a.* congenial, related
- King, kng. *s.* a monarch [governing]
- Kingcraft, kng'kråft. *s.* the act or art of
- Kingdom, kng'dòm. *s.* the dominion of a king [gust]
- Kingly, kng'lê. *a.* royal, monarchical; aukingly, kng'lê. *ad.* with an air of royalty, with superior dignity
- Kingsevil, kngz-êvl. *s.* a scrofulous distemper, commonly believed to be cured by the touch of the king
- Kinsfolk, klnz'fòke. *s.* relations
- Kinsman, klnz'inån. *s.* a man of the same race or family [tion]
- Kinswoman, klnz'wùm-ån. *s.* a female relation
- Kirk, kêrk. *s.* the church of Scotland
- Kiss, kîs. *v. a.* to touch with the lips
- Kiss, kîs. *s.* a salute given by joining lips
- Kit, kît. *s.* a small fiddle; a wooden vessel
- Kitchen, kîtsh'ln. *s.* a room where provisions are cooked
- Kite, kyte. *s.* a bird of prey; a name of reproach; a fictitious bird made of paper
- Kitten, kl'tn. *s.* a young cat
- Kitten, kl'tn. *v. n.* to bring forth young cats
- Klick, kl'ike. *v. n.* to make a small sharp noise
- Knab, náb. *v. a.* to bite, to catch
- Knack, nåk. *s.* a lucky dexterity; a nice trick
- Knap, náp. *s.* a protuberance
- Knap, náp. *v. a.* to bite, to break short
- Knapsack, náp'sák. *s.* a soldier's bag
- Knave, nãve. *s.* a petty rascal, a scoundrel
- Knavery, nãvûr-ê. *s.* dishonesty, petty villainy
- Knavish, nãv'ish. *a.* dishonest; mischievous
- Knavishly, nãv'ish-lê. *ad.* dishonestly; waggishly [stance]
- Knead, nêêd. *v. a.* to beat or mingle any substance
- Knee, nêê. *s.* the joint between the leg and the thigh [sunk to the knees]
- Kneedeep, nêê'dêêp. *a.* rising to the knees,
- Kneel, nêêl. *v. n.* to bend the knee, to rest on the knee [funeral]
- Knel, nêl. *s.* the sound of a bell rung at a funeral
- Knew, nû. *pret. of know.*
- Knife, nife. *s. plur.* Knives. an instrument edged and pointed, wherewith meat is cut
- Knight, nîte. *s.* the rank of gentlemen next to baronets; a champion
- Knight, nîte. *v. a.* to create a knight [knight]
- Knight-errant, nîte-êr'rânt. *s.* a wandering
- Knight-errantry, nîte-êr'rânt-rê. *s.* the character or manners of wandering knights
- Kighthood, nîte'hûd. *s.* the character or dignity of a knight.
- Knightly, nîte'lê. *a.* besitting a knight
- Knit, nît. *v. a. pret.* knit or knitted. to make or unite by texture without a loom
- Knitter, nît'tur. *s.* one who weaves or knits
- Knittingneedle, nît'tng-nêê-dl. *s.* a wire which women use in knitting
- Knob, nôb. *s.* a protuberance
- Knobbed, nôbd. *a.* set with knobs
- Knock, nôk. *v. n.* to clash; to beat
- Knock, nôk. *s.* a sudden stroke, a blow
- Knocker, nôk'kûr. *s.* the hammer of a door
- Knoll, nôle. *v. a.* to ring a bell, generally for a funeral
- Knot, nôt. *s.* a complication of a cord or string not easily to be disentangled; a hard part in a piece of wood; a confederacy; difficulty; a cluster
- Knot, nôt. *v. a.* to complicate in knots
- Knotted, nôt'têd. *a.* full of knots [tricity]
- Knottiness, nôt'tê-nês. *s.* fulness of knots; intricate
- Knotty, nôt'tê. *a.* full of knots; intricate, difficult
- Know, nô. *v. a. pret.* I knew, I have known. to perceive with certainty; to distinguish to recognise; to converse with another sex
- Know, nô. *v. n.* to have clear and certain perception; to be informed
- Knowing, nô'ng. *a.* skillful, intelligent
- Knowingly, nô'ng-lê. *ad.* with skill, with knowledge
- Knowledge, nô'lêdje. *s.* certain perception learning; skill; cognizance
- Knuckle, nûk'kl. *s.* the joint of the finger protuberant when the hand is closed
- Knuckle, nûk'kl. *v. n.* to submit
- Knuckled, nûk'kld. *a.* jointed

L.

L A, låw. *intery.* see, look, bel. old [writing]

Label, lå'bêl. *s.* a small slip or scrip

Labent, lå'bênt. *a.* sliding, gliding, slipping

nôr, nôt—tâbe, tâb, bûll—ôll—pôund—thui, THIS.

Labial, lâ'bê-âl. <i>a.</i> uttered by the lips	Lading, lâ'dîng. <i>s.</i> weight, burden, freight
Labiated, lâ'bê-â-têd. <i>a.</i> formed with lips	Ladle, lâ'dl. <i>s.</i> a large spoon, a vessel
Laboratory, lâ'bô-râ-tûr-ê. <i>s.</i> a chymist's workroom	Lady, lâ'dê. <i>s.</i> a woman of high rank; a word of complaisance
Laborious, lâ-bô-rê-ûs. <i>a.</i> assiduous; tire-	Lady-day, lâ-dê-dâ'. <i>s.</i> the annunciation of the Blessed Virgin
Laboriously, lâ-bô-rê-ûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> with labour, with toil	Lady-like, lâ-dê-lîke. <i>a.</i> delicate elegant
Laboriousness, lâ-bô-rê-ûs-nês. <i>s.</i> toilsomeness, difficulty; assiduity	Ladyship, lâ-dê-shîp. <i>s.</i> the title of a lady
Labour, lâ'bûr. <i>s.</i> pains, toils; childbirth	Lag, lâg. <i>a.</i> coming behind
Labour, lâ'bûr. <i>v. n.</i> to toil; to do work; to move with difficulty; to be in distress; to be in travail	Lag, lâg. <i>s.</i> the lowest class, the sag end
Labourer, lâ'bûr-ûr. <i>s.</i> one who is employed in coarse and toilsome work; one who takes pains in any employment	Lag, lâg. <i>v. n.</i> to loiter, to move slowly
Laboursome, lâ'bûr-sûm. <i>a.</i> made with great labour and diligence	Laical, lâ'ê-kâl. <i>a.</i> belonging to the laity
Labyrinth, lâ'bêr-lînth. <i>s.</i> a maze, a place formed with inextricable windings	Laid, lâde. <i>part. pass.</i> of lay
Lace, lâse. <i>s.</i> a cord, an ornamental trimming	Lain, lâne. <i>part. pass.</i> of lie
Lace, lâse. <i>v. n.</i> to fasten with a string; to adorn with gold or silver textures sewed on; to beat	Lair, lâre. <i>s.</i> the couch of a boar, or wild beast
Laceman, lâse'mân. <i>s.</i> one who deals in lace	Laity, lâ'é-tê. <i>s.</i> the people as distinguished from the clergy
Lacerable, lâs'sêr-â-bl. <i>a.</i> such as may be torn	Lake, lâke. <i>s.</i> a large diffusion of inland water
Lacerate, lâs'sêr-âte. <i>v. n.</i> to tear, to rend	Lamb, lâm. <i>s.</i> the young of a sheep
Laceration, lâs'sêr-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of tearing; the breach made by tearing	Lambkin, lâm'kîn. <i>s.</i> a little lamb
Lacreative, lâs'sêr-â-tîv. <i>a.</i> having the power to tear	Lambative, lâm'bâ-tîv. <i>s.</i> a medicine taken by licking with the tongue
Lachrymal, lâk'krê-mâl. <i>a.</i> generating tears	Lamb's-wool, lâms'wûl. <i>s.</i> ale mixed with the pulp of roasted apples
Lachrymary, lâk'krê-mâ-rê. <i>a.</i> containing	Lambent, lâm'bênt. <i>a.</i> playing about, gliding over without harm
Lack, lâk. <i>v. n.</i> to be in want	Lame, lâme. <i>a.</i> crippled; hobbling
Lack, lâk. <i>s.</i> want, need	Lame, lâme. <i>v. a.</i> to cripple [films or plates]
Lackbrain, lâk'brâne. <i>s.</i> one that wants wit	Lamellated, lâm'mêl-â-têd. <i>a.</i> covered with
Lacker, lâk'kûr. <i>s.</i> a kind of varnish	Lameiy, lâme'lê. <i>ad.</i> like a cripple
Lacker, lâk'kûr. <i>v. a.</i> to do over with lacker	Lameness, lâme'nês, <i>s.</i> the state of a cripple
Lackey, lâk'kê. <i>s.</i> a foot-boy	Lament, lâ-mênt'. <i>v. a.</i> to bewail or bemoan
Laconick, lâ kôn'îk. <i>a.</i> short, brief	Lament, lâ-mênt'. <i>s.</i> lamentation; expression of sorrow
Laconism, lâk'kô-nîzm. <i>s.</i> a concise style	Lamentable, lâm'mên-tâ-bl. <i>c.</i> to be lamented;
Laconically, lâ-kôn'nê-kâl-ê. <i>ad.</i> briefly, concisely	Lamentably, lâm'mên-tâ-blê. <i>ad.</i> pitifully
Lactary, lâk'tâ-rê. <i>a.</i> milky	Lamentation, lâm-mên-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> expression of sorrow, audible grief
Lactary, lâk'tâ-rê. <i>s.</i> a dairy	Lamenter, lâ-mênt'ûr. <i>s.</i> he who mourns or
Lactéal, lâk'tê-âl. <i>a.</i> conveying chyle [chyle]	Lamina, lâm'mê-nâ. <i>s.</i> thin plate, one coat laid over another
Lactéal, lâk'tê-âl. <i>s.</i> the vessel that conveys	Laminated, lâm'mê-nâ-têd. <i>a.</i> plated
Lacteous, lâk'tê-ûs. <i>a.</i> milky	Lammas, lâm'mâs. <i>s.</i> the first of August
Lad, lâd. <i>s.</i> a boy, a stripling	Lamp, lâmp. <i>s.</i> a light made with oil and a wick; that which contains the oil and wick
Ladder, lâd'dâr. <i>s.</i> a frame with steps; a gradual rise	Lampblack, lâmp'blâk. <i>s.</i> a black substance made by holding a torch under the bottom of a basin
Lade, lâde. <i>v. a.</i> to load, to freight; to heave	Lampoon, lâm-pôon. <i>s.</i> a personal satire

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mè, mèt—plne, plu—nò, mòve,

Lampoon, lâmp-pôôn'. <i>v. a.</i> to abuse with personal satire	Lanifize, lân'é-fîs. <i>s.</i> woollen manufacture
Lampooner, lâmp-pôôn'ûr. <i>s.</i> a scribbler of personal satire	Lank, lângk. <i>a.</i> loose, not filled up
Lamprey, lâmp'prè <i>s.</i> a kind of eel	Lankness, lângk'nès. <i>s.</i> want of plumpness
Lance, lânce. <i>s.</i> a long spear	Lantern, lânt'ûrn. <i>s.</i> a transparent case for a candle
Lance, lânce. <i>v. a.</i> to pierce, to cut	Lantern-jaws, lânt'ûrn-jâwz. <i>s.</i> a thin visage
Lancet, lâns'it. <i>s.</i> a small pointed surgical instrument	Lap, lâp. <i>s.</i> the loose part of a garment; the part formed by the knees in a sitting posture
Laciniate, lâs'é-nâte. <i>v. a.</i> to tear, to rend	Lap, lâp. <i>v. a.</i> to wrap or twist round; to link up
Land, lând. <i>s.</i> a country; a region; earth; nation, people	Lapdog, lâp'dôg. <i>s.</i> a little dog
Land, lând. <i>v. a.</i> to set on shore	Lapful, lâp'fûl. <i>s.</i> as much as can be contained in the lap (stones or gems)
Land, lând. <i>v. n.</i> to come on shore	Lapidary, lâp'é-dâr-ê. <i>s.</i> one who deals in stones
Landau, lând-dâw'. <i>s.</i> a coach whose top may occasionally open	Lapidate, lâp'é-dâte. <i>v. a.</i> to stone
Landed, lân'dèd. <i>a.</i> having a fortune in land	Lapideous, lâ-pîd'é-ûs. <i>a.</i> stony (cretion)
Landflood, lând'flûd. <i>s.</i> an inundation	Lapidescence, lâp'é-dès'sense. <i>s.</i> stony concretion
Landholder, lând'hôl-dâr. <i>s.</i> one whose fortune is in land (and sells land)	Lapidifick, lâp'é-dîf'fik. <i>a.</i> forming stones
Landjobber, lând'jôb-bûr. <i>s.</i> one who buys land	Lapidist, lâp'é-dîst. <i>s.</i> a dealer in stones or gems (azure colour)
Landgrave, lând'grâve. <i>s.</i> a German title of dominion	Lapis-lazuli, lâ-pîs-lâzh'û-ll. <i>s.</i> a stone of an emerald colour
Landlady, lân'lâ-dè. <i>s.</i> a woman who has tenants holding from her; the mistress of an inn (out fortune)	Lappet, lâp'pît. <i>s.</i> part of a head-dress
Landless, lând'lès. <i>a.</i> without property, without land	Lapse, lâpse. <i>s.</i> flow, fall; petty error
Landlocked, lând'lôkt. <i>a.</i> shut in or enclosed with land	Lapse, lâpse. <i>v. n.</i> to fall by degrees; to fall from truth or faith
Landlord, lând'lôrd. <i>s.</i> the master of an inn	Lapwing, lâp'wîng. <i>s.</i> a clamorous bird (ship)
Landmark, lând'inârk. <i>s.</i> any thing set up to preserve boundaries	Larboard, lâr'bôrd. <i>s.</i> the left-hand side of a vessel
Landſcape, lând'skâpe. <i>s.</i> a region, the prospect of a country; a picture	Larceny, lârs'é-nè. <i>s.</i> petty theft
Land-tax, lând'tâks. <i>s.</i> a tax laid upon land and houses. (customs)	Lard, lârd. <i>s.</i> the grease of swine
Land-waiter, lând'wâ-tûr. <i>s.</i> an officer of the customs	Lard, lârd. <i>v. a.</i> to stuff with bacon, to fatten (kept or salted)
Landward, lând'wârd. <i>ad.</i> towards the land	Larder, lârdâr. <i>s.</i> the room where meat is kept
Lane, lâne. <i>s.</i> a narrow way between hedges; a narrow street	Large, lârdje. <i>a.</i> big, bulky; wide
Language, lâng'gwîdje. <i>s.</i> human speech; the tongue of one nation as distinct from others; style	Largely, lârdje'lè. <i>ad.</i> widely; liberally
Languid, lâng'gwîd. <i>a.</i> faint, weak (bleness)	Largeness, lârdje'nès. <i>s.</i> bigness, extension
Languidness, lâng'gwîd-nès. <i>s.</i> weakness, feebleness	Largess, lârdjès. <i>s.</i> a present, a bounty
Languish, lâng'gwîsh. <i>v. n.</i> to pine	Lark, lârk. <i>s.</i> a small singing bird
Languishingly, lâng'gwîsh-îng-lè. <i>ad.</i> weakly, feebly (pining; softness of mein)	Larkspur, lârk'spûr. <i>s.</i> a plant
Languishment, lâng'gwîsh-mènt. <i>s.</i> state of languor	Larum, lâ'rûm. <i>s.</i> noise noting danger
Languor, lâng'gwûr. <i>s.</i> faintness (lacerate)	Larynx, lâ'rînkz. <i>s.</i> the windpipe (toning)
Laniate, lâné-âte. <i>v. a.</i> tear in pieces; to	Lascivient, lâ-sîv'vé-ènt. <i>a.</i> frolicsome, wanton
	Lascivious, lâ-sîv'vé-ûs. <i>a.</i> lewd; wanton
	Lasciviousness, lâ-sîv'vé-ûs-nès. <i>s.</i> wantonness, looseness
	Lash, lâsh. <i>s.</i> a stroke with any thing pliant and tough; the thong or point of a whip
	Lash, lâsh. <i>v. a.</i> to strike, to scourge; to tie any thing down to the side or mast of a ship
	Lass, lâs. <i>s.</i> a girl, a young woman

Lassitude, lắ's-sé-tùde. <i>s.</i> weariness, fatigue	Laudableness, lắw'dá-bl-nés. <i>s.</i> praiseworthy
Last, lắst. <i>a.</i> latest; hindmost	ness
Last, lắst. <i>ad.</i> the last time	Laudanum, lắd'dá-núm. <i>s.</i> a soporifick tincture
Last, lắst. <i>v. n.</i> to endure, to continue	[sudden merriment excites
Last, lắst. <i>s.</i> the mould on which shoes are formed; a certain weight or measure	Laugh, lắf. <i>v. n.</i> to make that noise which
Lasting, lắ's'ting. <i>part. a.</i> continuing, durable	Laugh, lắf. <i>v. a.</i> to deride, to scorn
Lastly, lắst'lé. <i>ad.</i> in the last place	Laugh, lắf. <i>s.</i> the convulsion caused by merriment
Latch, lắtsh. <i>s.</i> a fastening for a door	[excite laughter
Latch, lắtsh. <i>v. a.</i> to fasten with a latch	Laughable, lắ'á-bl. <i>a.</i> such as may properly
Latchet, lắtsh'l. <i>s.</i> a shoe-string	Laugher, lắ'úr. <i>s.</i> a man fond of merriment
Late, lắte. <i>a.</i> slow, long delayed; deceased; far in the day or night	Laughingly, lắ'ing-lé. <i>ad.</i> in a merry way
[season; lately	Laughingstock, lắ'ing-stók. <i>s.</i> a butt, an object of ridicule
Late, lắte. <i>ad.</i> after long delays; in the latter	Laughter, lắ'túr. <i>s.</i> convulsive merriment
Lately, lắtélé. <i>ad.</i> not long ago	Launch, lắnsh. <i>v. a.</i> to push to sea; to dart from the land
Lateness, lắt'nés. <i>s.</i> time far advanced	Laundress, lắn'drész. <i>s.</i> a washer-woman
Latent, lắ'tént. <i>a.</i> hidden, secret	Laundry, lắn'drész. <i>s.</i> the room in which clothes are washed
Lateral, lắ'tér-ál. <i>a.</i> on or near the side	[with laurel
Laterally, lắ'tér-ál-é. <i>a.</i> by the side	Laureate, lắw'ré-át. <i>a.</i> decked or invested
Lath, lắth. <i>s.</i> a thin slip of wood	Laurel, lắ'r'íl. <i>s.</i> a tree
Lath, lắth. <i>v. a.</i> to sit up with laths	Laureled, lắ'r'íld. <i>a.</i> crowned with laurel
Lathe, lắtne. <i>s.</i> the tool of a turner	Lava, lắvắ. <i>s.</i> the overflowing of sulphureous matter from a volcano
Lather, lắt'h'úr. <i>v. a.</i> to cover with foam of water and soap	Lavation, lắ-vắ'shún. } <i>s.</i> a wash, the act
[soap with water	Lavatory, lắvắ-túr-é. } of washing
Lather, lắt'h'úr. <i>s.</i> a froth made by beating	Lave, lắve. <i>v. a.</i> to wash, to bathe; to lade, to
Latinism, lắ'tín-izm. <i>s.</i> a Latin idiom	Lavender, lắv'vén-dúr. <i>s.</i> a plant [draw out
Latinist, lắ'tín-íst. <i>s.</i> one skilled in Latin	Laver, lắ'vúr. <i>s.</i> a washing-vessel
Latinity, lắ'tín-né-té. <i>s.</i> the Latin tongue	[fuse
Latinize, lắ'tín-íze. <i>v. n.</i> to use words or phrases borrowed from the Latin	Lavish, lắ'v'ish. <i>a.</i> prodigal, wasteful; profuse
Latinize, lắ'tín-íze. <i>v. a.</i> to give names a Latin termination	Lavish, lắ'v'ish. <i>v. a.</i> to scatter with profusion
Latish, lắt'ish. <i>a.</i> somewhat late	Lavishly, lắ'v'ish-lé. <i>ad.</i> profusely, prodigally
Latitude, lắ'té-tùde. <i>s.</i> breadth, width; extent; a particular degree reckoned from the equator	Lavishment, lắ'v'ish-mént. } <i>s.</i> prodigality,
Latitudinarian, lắ-té-tù-dé-nà-ré-án. <i>s.</i> one who allows himself great liberties in religious matters	[dicial process
[restrained or confined	Law, lắw. <i>s.</i> a rule of action; edict, justice
Latitudinarian, lắ-té-tù-dé-nà-ré-án. <i>a.</i> not	Lawful, lắw'fúl. <i>a.</i> agreeable to law
Latrant, lắ'tránt. <i>a.</i> barking	Lawfully, lắw'fúl-é. <i>ad.</i> legally
[bery	Lawfulness, lắw'fúl-nés. <i>s.</i> legality
Latrociny, lắ'tró-sé-né. <i>s.</i> larceny, theft, robbery	Lawgiver, lắw'g'iv-úr. <i>s.</i> legislator.
Latten, lắ'tén. <i>s.</i> brass	Lawless, lắw'lész. <i>a.</i> unrestrained by law
[of two	contrary to law
Latter, lắ'túr. <i>a.</i> modern; mentioned last	[fine lines
Latterly, lắ'túr-lé. <i>ad.</i> of late	Lawn, lắwn. <i>s.</i> an open space between woods.
Lattice, lắ'tís. <i>s.</i> a window made up with a	Lawsuit, lắw'súte. <i>s.</i> a process in law
[kind of network	Lawyer, lắw'yér. <i>s.</i> professor of law
Laud, lắwd. <i>s.</i> praise	Lax, lắks. <i>a.</i> loose; vague
[state of being loosened	Laxation, lắk-sắ'shún. <i>s.</i> the act of loosening.
Laud, lắwd. <i>v. a.</i> to praise, to celebrate	the state of being loosened
Laudable, lắw'dá-bl. <i>a.</i> praiseworthy, commendable	Laxative, lắks'á-tív. <i>a.</i> having the power to ease costiveness

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fâ. -inê, mêt—pline, pln—nô, môve,

- lax'y, lâks'ê-tê. } looseness; slackness
 laxness, lâks'nês. } s. openness
 Lay, lâ. *pret.* of *lie*. to rest
 Lay, lâ. *v. a.* to place along; to put; to make a bet; to calm; to prohibit a spirit to walk; to bring forth eggs; to impute
 Lay, lâ. *s.* a row, a stratum; a wager
 Lay, lâ. *s.* grassy ground, meadow; a song
 Lay, lâ. *a.* belonging to the people as distinct from the clergy [a plant
 Layer, lâ'ûr. *s.* a stratum; a bed; a spig of
 Layman, lâ'mân. *s.* one of the laity
 Lazar, lâ'zâr. *s.* one infected with filthy and pestilential diseases
 Lazar-house, lâ'zâr-hôûse. }
 Lazaretto, lâz-âr-rêt'tô. } *s.* a hospital
 Lazily, lâ'zê-lê. *ad.* idly, heavily
 Laziness, lâ'zê-nês. *s.* idleness, sluggishness
 Lazy, lâ'zê. *a.* idle, sluggish
 Lea, lê. *s.* ground enclosed
 Lead, lêd. *s.* a soft heavy metal
 Lead, lêd. *v. a.* to fit with lead in any manner
 Lead, lêde. *v. a. pret.* *led.* to guide; to conduct; to allure; to induce; to pass
 Leaden, lêd'dn. *a.* made of lead; heavy
 Leader, lê'dûr. *s.* one that leads or conducts; a commander
 Leading, lê'dîng. *part. a.* principal
 Leaf, lêfe. *s.* the green deciduous parts of plants and flowers; part of a book, or door; any thing foliated
 Leafless, lêfe'lês. *a.* naked of leaves [length
 League, lêég. *s.* a confederacy; a measure of
 League, lêég. *v. n.* to unite, to confederate
 Leagued, lêégd. *a.* confederated [water
 Leak, lêke. *s.* a breach or hole which lets in
 Leak, lêke. *v. n.* to let water in or out, to drop through a breach
 Leakage, lê'kîdje. *s.* allowance for accidental loss in liquid measures
 Leaky, lê'ké. *a.* not close [cline against
 Lean, lêne. *v. n. pret.* *leaned* or *leant.* to incline
 Lean, lêne. *a.* meagre; hungry; poor
 Lean, lêne. *s.* the part of flesh which consists of the muscle without the fat
 Leanness, lêne'nês. *s.* want of flesh, meagerness [start
 Leap, lêpe. *v. n.* to jump; to bound; to
 Leap, lêpe. *s.* bound, jump; embrace of animals
 Leap-frog, lêpe'frôg. *s.* a play of children
 Leap year, lêpe'yêre. *s.* every fourth year
 Learn, lêrn. *v. a.* to gain knowledge
 Learned, lêr'nêd. *a.* versed in science and literature
 Learning, lêr'ning. *s.* literature [dimet. to
 Learner, lêr'nûr. *s.* one who is yet in his rudeness
 Lease, lêse. *s.* a contract by which a temporary possession is granted of houses or lands
 Lease, lêse. *v. a.* to let by lease
 Lease, lêze. *v. n.* to glean, to gather what the harvest-men leave
 Leaser, lê'zâr. *s.* a gleaner [brace and a] all
 Leash, lêesh. *s.* a leather thong; a band
 Leash, lêesh. *v. a.* to bind, to hold in a string
 Leasing, lê'zing. *s.* lies, falsehood
 Least, lêést. *a.* the superlative of *little*. smallest
 Least, lêést. *ad.* in the lowest degree
 Leather, lêtu'ûr. *s.* dressed hides of animals; skin, ironically
 Leathery, lêtu'ûr-ê. *a.* resembling leather
 Leave, lêve. *s.* liberty, permission, farewell
 Leave, lêve. *v. a. pret.* *I left; I have left.* to quit, to forsake; to bequeath; to resign; to cease to do [body, to make it light
 Leaven, lêv'ven. *s.* ferment mixed with any
 Leaven, lêv'ven. *v. a.* to ferment
 Leavings, lê'vingz. *s.* remnant, relics
 Lecherous, lêtsh'ûr-ûs. *a.* lewd; lustful
 Lecherousness, lêtsh'ûr-ûs-nês. } *s.* lech-
 Lechery, lêtsh'ûr-ê. } *ess*
 Lecture, lêk'tshûre. *s.* a discourse upon any subject; a magisterial reprimand
 Lecture, lêk'tshûre. *v. a.* to instruct formally
 Lecturer, lêk'tshûr-ûr. *s.* an instructor; a teacher
 Lectureship, lêk'tshûr-shîp. *s.* the office of a lecturer
 Led, lêd. *part. pret.* of *to lead.* [any prominence
 Ledge, lêdje. *s.* a ridge rising above the water
 Lee, lêe. *s.* the side opposite to the wind
 Lee, lêe. *a.* having the wind blowing on, or directed towards it
 Leech, lêétsh. *s.* a kind of small water-serpent
 Leek, lêék. *s.* a pot-herb
 Leer, lêre. *s.* an oblique view
 Leer, lêre. *v. n.* to look obliquely or archly
 Lees, lêéz. *s.* dregs, sediment
 Leet, lêét. *s.* a law day
 Leeward, lêé'wârd. *a.* opposite the wind
 Leit, lêit. *part. pret.* of *leave*

- Left, lèft. *a.* sinister; not on the right hand
 Left-handed, lèft-hánd'èd. *a.* using the left hand
 Left-handedness, lèft-hánd'èd-nês. *s.* habitual
 Leg, lèg. *s.* the limb between the knee and the foot [by will
 Legacy, lèg'á-sé. *s.* a particular thing given
 Legal, lè'gál. *a.* according to law
 Legality, lè-gál-è-té. *s.* lawfulness
 Legalize, lè'gál-lze. *v. a.* to authorize
 Legally, lè'gál-lè. *ad.* lawfully [left
 Legatary, lèg'á-tár-é. *s.* one who has a legacy
 Legatine, lèg'gá-tine. *a.* made by legate
 Legate, lèg'gá-té. *s.* an ambassador from the pope [left him
 Legatee, lèg-gá-tèè. *s.* one who has a legacy
 Legation, lè-gá-shûn. *s.* an embassy
 Legend, lè'jènd. *s.* a chronicle; an incredible narrative; any inscription
 Legendary, lèd'jèn-dá-ré. *a.* pertaining to a legend [hand, juggle
 Legerdmain, lèd-jûr-dé-màne'. *s.* slight of
 Legerity, lè-jèr-è-té. *s.* lightness, nimbleness
 Legible, lèd'jé-bl. *a.* such as may be read
 Legibly, lèd'jé-blè. *ad.* in such a manner as may be read
 Legion, lè'jûn. *s.* a body of soldiers
 Legionary, lè'jûn-âr-é. *a.* relating to a legion
 Legislation, lèd'jîs-lá-shûn. *s.* the art of giving laws
 Legislative, lèd'jîs-lá-tív. *a.* law-giving
 Legislator, lèd'jîs-lá-tûr. *s.* a law-giver
 Legislature, lèd'jîs-lá-tshûre. *s.* the power that makes laws
 Legitimacy, lè-jít'è-má-sé. *s.* genuineness
 Legitimate, lè-jít'è-mà-té. *a.* born in marriage, lawfully begotten
 Legitimate, lè-jít'è-mà-té. *v. a.* to procure to any the right of legitimate birth; to make lawful
 Legitimation, lè-jít-è-má-shûn. *s.* lawful birth; the act of investing with the privileges of lawful birth
 Leisureable, lè'zhûr-â-bl. *a.* done at leisure
 Leisure, lè'zhûre. *s.* freedom from business or hurry
 Leisurely, lè'zhûr-lè. *ad.* slowly
 Lemma, lèm'má. *s.* a proposition previously assumed [tree
 Lemon, lèm'môn. *s.* the fruit of the lemon-
- Lemonade, lèm-môn-àdè'. *s.* liquor made of water, sugar, and the juice of lemons
 Lend, lènd. *v. a.* to deliver something to another on condition of repayment; to grant in general
 Lender, lènd'ûr. *s.* one who lends any thing
 Length, lèng'th. *s.* the extent of any thing from end to end [longer; to protract
 Lengthen, lèng'th. *v. a.* to draw out, to make
 Lengthen, lèng'th. *v. n.* to grow longer
 Lengthwise, lèng'th'wîze. *ad.* according to the length [laxative
 Lenient, lè'nè-ènt. *a.* assuasive, mitigating
 Lenify, lèn nè-fí. *v. a.* to assuage
 Lentive, lèn'è-tív. *a.* assuasive, emollient
 Lenity, lèn'è-té. *s.* mildness, mercy [both sides
 Lens, lènz. *s.* a glass spherically convex on
 Lert, lènt. *part. pass.* from *lend*. [of abstinence
 Lent, lènt. *s.* the quadragesimal fast; a time
 Lenten, lènt'én. *a.* such as is used in Lent
 Lenticular, lèn-tík'kú-lár. *a.* doubly convex
 Lentiform, lèn'tè-fôrm. *a.* having the form of
 Lentil, lèn'tíl. *s.* a kind of pulse [a lens
 Leonine, lè'ò-nine. *a.* belonging to a lion, having the nature of a lion
 Leopard, lèp'pûrd. *s.* a spotted beast of prey
 Leper, lèp'pûr. *s.* one infected with a leprosy
 Leperous, lèp'pûr-ûs. *a.* causing leprosy
 Leporine, lèp'pò-rine. *a.* belonging to a hare, having the nature of a hare
 Leprosy, lèp'prò-sé. *s.* a distemper which covers the body with white scales
 Leprous, lèp'prûs. *a.* infected with a leprosy
 Less, lès. *a.* the comparative of Little: opposed to Greater
 Less, lès. *ad.* in a smaller degree
 Less, lès. *s.* a smaller quantity or degree
 Lessee, lès-séé'. *s.* the person to whom a lease is given [prive of power or dignity
 Lessen, lès'sn. *v. a.* to diminish in bulk; to do
 Lessen, lès'sn. *v. n.* to grow less, to shrink
 Lesson, lès'sn. *s.* any thing read or repeated to a teacher; precept; portion of Scripture read in divine service; tune pricked for an instrument
 Lessor, lès'sòr. *s.* one who grants a lease
 Lest, lèst. *conj.* that not; for fear that
 Let, lèt. *v. a.* to allow, to suffer; to put to him
 Let, lèt. *v. a.* to hinder, to obstruct
 Let, lèt. *s.* hindrance, obstacle

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pline, pin—nâ, m'âre,

- Lethargick, lê-thâr'jik. *a.* sleepy
 Lethargy, lê-th'âr-jê. *s.* a morbid drowsiness
 Lethe, lê-thê. *s.* a poetical river of hell ; oblivion
 Letter, lê'tûr. *s.* one of the elements of syllables ; a written message ; type with which books are printed
 Letter, lê'tûr. *v. a.* to stamp with letters
 Lettered, lê'tûrd. *a.* literate
 Lettuce, lê'tûs. *s.* a plant
 Levant, lê-vânt'. *s.* the east, particularly those coasts of the Mediterranean east of Italy [attendants
 Levée, lêv'vé. *s.* the time of rising ; a crowd of
 Level, lêv'vîl. *a.* even
 Level, lêv'vîl. *v. a.* to make even ; to lay flat ; to point in taking aim
 Level, lêv'vîl. *a.* a plane ; a standard ; an instrument whereby masons adjust their work
 Leveller, lêv'vîl-lûr. *s.* one who makes any thing even ; one who destroys superiority
 Levelness, lêv'vîl-nês. *s.* evenness
 Lever, lêv'vûr. *s.* the second mechanical power, used to raise a great weight
 Leveret, lêv'vûr-lt. *s.* a young hare
 Leviable, lêv'vê-â-bl. *a.* that may be levied
 Leviathan, lê-vî'â-thân. *s.* a large water-animal mentioned in the book of Job
 Levite, lêv'vîte. *s.* one of the tribe of Levi
 Levitical, lê-vî'tê-kâl. *a.* belonging to the Levites [sing gaily
 Levity, lêv'vê-tê. *s.* lightness ; vanity ; trifling
 Levy, lêv'vê. *v. a.* to raise [men
 Levy, lêv'vê. *s.* the act of raising money or
 Lewd, lûde. *a.* wicked ; lustful
 Lewdly, lûde'lê. *ad.* wickedly ; lustfully
 Lewdness, lûde'nês. *s.* lustful licentiousness
 Lexicographer, lêks-ê-kôg'grâf-ûr. *s.* a writer of dictionaries
 Lexicon, lêk'sê-kûn. *s.* a dictionary, commonly of the Greek language
 Liable, lê'â-bl. *a.* obnoxious, subject
 Liar, lê'âr. *s.* one who tells falsehoods
 Libation, lê-bâ'shûn. *s.* the act of pouring wine on the ground in honour of some deity ; wine so poured
 Label, lê'bêl. *s.* defamatory writing, a lampoon
 Libel, lê'bêl. *v. a.* to satirize, to lampoon
 Liable, lê'bêl-lûs. *a.* defamatory
- Liberal, lêb'hâr-âl. *a.* munificent, generous, bountiful [generosity
 Liberality, lêb-bâr-âl'â-tê. *s.* munificence,
 Liberalize, lêb'êr-âl'ize. *v. a.* to make liberal
 Liberate, lêb'hâr-râl-ê. *ad.* bountifully, largely
 Liberate, lêb'hâr-âte. *v. a.* to free from confinement [sing, or being delivered
 Liberation, lêb-âr-â'shûn. *s.* the act to deliver
 Libertine, lêb'hêr-tîn. *s.* one who lives without restraint ; one who pays no regard to the precepts of religion
 Libertine, lêb'hêr-tîn. *a.* licentious, irreligious
 Libertinism, lêb'hêr-tîn-izm. *s.* irreligion, licentiousness of opinions and practice
 Liberty, lêb'hêr-tê. *s.* freedom ; privilege, immunity ; permission
 Libidinous, lê-bîd'ê-nûs. *a.* lewd, lustful
 Librarian, lê-brâ'rê-ân. *s.* one who has the care of a library [books
 Library, lê'brâ-rê. *s.* a large collection of
 Librate, lê'brâte. *v. a.* to poise, to balance
 Libration, lê-brâ'shûn. *s.* the state of being
 Libratory, lê'brâ-tûr-ê. *a.* balancing [balanced
 Lice, lê-sê. *plur.* of louse
 License, lê'sênsê. *s.* liberty, permission
 License, lê'sênsê. *v. a.* to permit by a legal grant [license ; a degree
 Licentiate, lê-sên'shê-âte. *s.* a man who uses
 Licentious, lê-sên'shûs. *a.* unrestrained
 Licentious, lê-sên'shûs-lê. *ad.* with too much liberty
 Licentiousness, lê-sên'shûs-nês. *s.* boundless liberty, contempt of just restraint
 Lick, lêk. *v. a.* to pass over with the tongue
 Lickerish, lêk'êr-îsh. *a.* nice in the choice of food ; delicate
 Licorice, lêk'kûr-îs. *s.* a root of sweet taste
 Lid, lêd. *s.* a cover
 Lie, lê. *s.* any thing impregnated with some other body, as soap or salt ; a criminal falsehood
 Lie, lê. *v. v. n.* to tell a lie ; to rest upon ; to be in a state of decumbiture ; to press upon ;
 Lief, lêêf. *ad.* willingly [to consist
 Liege, lêêdje. *a.* subject ; sovereign
 Liege, lêêdje. *s.* sovereign, superior lord
 Lieger, lêêjûr. *s.* a resident ambassador
 Lieu, lê. *s.* place, room
 Lieutenant, lêv-tên'nân-sê. *s.* the office of a lieutenant : the body of lieutenants

nôr, nô-t-tâ-be, tâb, bắl - ôll - pòan-t - thin, rujs.

Lieutenant, lêv-tên'nânt. s. a deputy, one who acts by vicarious authority	Lightsome, lîte'sâm. a. luminous; gay, having the power to exhilarate
Lieutenantship, lêv-tên'nânt-shíp. s. the rank or office of lieutenant	Lightsomeness, lîte'sâm-nês. s. luminousness; cheerfulness, levity (ca.)
Liege, lê-êv. ad. willingly	Ligneous, lîg-nê-ô. a. made of wood
Life, lî-fe. s. plur. lives. union and co-operation of soul with body; enjoyment or possession of terrestrial existence; conduct; condition; human affairs; narrative of a life past; spirit; animated existence; a word of endearment	Ligure, lî-gû-re. s. a precious stone
Lifeblood, lî-fe'blôd. s. the blood necessary to life (person)	Like, lî-ke. a. resembling; equal
Life-guard, lî-fe-gý-ârd'. s. the guard of a king's	Like, lî-ke. ad. in the same manner
Lifeless, lî-fe'lês. a. dead; unanimated	Lake, lî-ke. v. a. to be pleased with
Lifetime, lî-fe'tî-me. s. continuance or duration	Likelihood, lî-ke'lê-hôd. s. probability (able)
Lift, lî-ft. v. a. to raise, to elevate (of life)	Likely, lî-ke'lê. a. such as may please, probably
Lift, lî-ft. s. the act or manner of lifting; a hard struggle	Likely, lî-ke'lê. ad. probably, as may reasonably be thought (resemblance)
Ligament, lî-gá-mên-t. s. any thing which connects the parts of the body; bond, chain	Liken, lî-kn. v. a. to represent as having
Ligature, lî-g'g-â-tû-re. s. a bandage	Likeness, lî-ke'nês. s. resemblance
Light, lî-te. s. that quality or action of the medium of sight by which we see; instruction; point of view; any thing that gives light	Likewise, lî-ke'wî-ze. ad. in like manner
Light, lî-te. a. not heavy; easy; active; unencumbered; slight; gay, airy; not chaste	Liking, lî-kîng. s. plumpness
Light, lî-te. v. a. to kindle, to inflame to illuminate; to ease of a burden	Litach, lî-ták. s. a tree
Light, lî-te. v. n. to happen; to fall in any particular direction; to rest	Litied, lî-tî-d. a. embellished with lilies
Lighten, lî-tî-n. v. n. to flash with thunder	Lily, lî-lê. s. a flower
Lighten, lî-tî-n. v. a. to illuminate; to exonerate; to exhilarate	Lilylivered, lî-lê-lîv-vârd. a. cowardly
Lighter, lî-te'ô-r. s. a heavy boat (a lighter)	Limb, lî-m. s. a member; an edge (ber)
Lighterman, lî-te'ô-r-mân. s. one who manages	Limb, lî-m. v. a. to tear asunder; to dismember
Lightfingered, lî-te-fîng'g-ôrd. a. thievish (ov)	Limbeck, lî-m'bêk. s. a still
Lighthheaded, lî-te-hêd'êd. a. unsteady; delirious	Limber, lî-m'bû-r. a. flexible
Lighthearted, lî-te-hâ'têd. a. gay, merry	Limbo, lî-m'bô. s. a place of restraint
Lighthouse, lî-te'hôû-se. s. a high building, at the top of which lights are hung to guide ships at sea	Lime, lî-me. s. a viscous substance; matter of which mortar is made; a species of lemon (maure ground with lime)
Lightly, lî-te'lê. ad. without weight; easily, cheerfully (steady)	Lime, lî-me. v. a. to entangle; to cement
Lightminded, lî-te-mînd'êd. a. unsettled, unchastity	Limekiln, lî-me'kîll. s. a kiln in which stones are burnt to lime (lime is made)
Lighthead, lî-te'hêd. s. the flash that precedes lightning	Limestone, lî-me-stô-ne. s. the stone of which
Lights, lî-tes. s. the lungs	Limit, lî-m'î-t. s. bound, border
	Limit, lî-m'î-t. v. a. to confine within certain bounds, to restrain (boundaries)
	Limity, lî-m'î-t-â-r-ê. a. placed at the
	Limitation, lî-m-ê-tâ'shôn. s. restriction
	Linn, lî-n. v. a. to paint any thing
	Linner, lî-m'nâr. s. a painter
	Limous, lî-m'ús. a. muddy, slimy
	Limp, lî-m-p. v. n. to halt, to walk lamely
	Limpid, lî-m'pl-d. a. clear, transparent
	Limpidness, lî-m'pl-d-nês. s. clearness, purity
	Limy, lî-m-ê. a. glutinous; containing lime
	Linchpin, lî-nsh'pîn. s. an iron pin that keeps the wheel on the axle-tree
	Line, lî-ne. s. longitudinal extension; a string lineament; a verse; rank; equator; progeny; one tooth of an inch

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nô, môve,

- Line**, llne. *v. a.* to cover on the inside; to guard within
- Lineage**, ll'nê-âje. *s.* race, fami'y
- Lineal**, ll'nê-âl. *a.* allied by direct descent
- Lineally**, ll'nê-âl-lê. *ad.* in a direct line
- Lineament**, ll'nê-â mênst. *s.* feature, discriminating mark in the form
- Linear**, ll'nê-âr. *a.* composed of lines [or lines]
- Lineation**, ll'nê-âshûn. *s.* draught of a line
- Linen**, ll'nûn. *s.* cloth made of flax
- Linen**, ll'nûn. *a.* made of or resembling linen
- Linendraper**, ll'nûn-drâ'pûr. *s.* he who deals in Luen
- Linger**, llng'gûr. *v. n.* to remain long in languor and pain; to hesitate; to be long in producing effects
- Ling**, llng'gô. *s.* language, speech
- Linguist**, llng'gwist. *s.* a man skilful in language
- Liniment**, ll'nê-mênst. *s.* ointment [guages]
- Lining**, ll'ûng. *s.* the inner covering of any thing [thing connecting; a sort of torch]
- Link**, llngk. *s.* a single ring of a chain, any
- Link**, llngk. *v. a.* to unite; to join
- Linnet**, ll'nûst. *s.* a small singing bird
- Linseed**, ll'n'sêêd. *s.* the seed of flax
- Linseywoolsey**, ll'n'sê-wûl'sê. *a.* made of linen and wool mixed
- Lint**, llnt. *s.* linen scraped [frame]
- Lintel**, ll'n'têl. *s.* the upper part of a door
- Lion**, ll'ûn. *s.* the most magnanimous of quadrupeds
- Lioness**, ll'ûn-nês. *v.* a she lion [rureds]
- Lip**, llp. *s.* the outer part of the mouth; the edge of any thing
- Lipthymy**, ll-pôth'ê-mê. *s.* swoon, fainting fit
- Lippitude**, llp'pê-tûde. *s.* blearedness of eyes
- Lipwisdom**, llp'wiz-dûm. *s.* wisdom in talk without practice
- Liquefaction**, llk-kwê-fâk'shûn. *s.* the act of melting, state of being melted [melted]
- Liquefiable**, llk'kwê-fl-â-bl. *a.* such as may be liquify
- Liquify**, llk'kwê-fl. *v. a.* to melt, to dissolve
- Liqueur**, lê-kûrê. *s.* a flavoured dram
- Liquescent**, ll-kwê'sênt. *a.* melting
- Liquid**, llk'kwid. *a.* fluid; clear; dissolved
- Liquid**, llk'kwid. *s.* fluid substance, liquor
- Liquidate**, llk'kwê-dâte. *v. a.* to clear away, to lessen debts [drink]
- Liquor**, ll'kûr. *s.* any thing liquid; strong
- Lisp**, llsp. *v. n.* to speak with too frequent ap-
pulses of the tongue to the teeth or palate
- Lisp**, llsp. *s.* the act of lispng
- Lisper**, llsp'ûr. *s.* one who lisps
- List**, llst. *s.* a roll: enclosed ground, in which combats are fought; a strip of cloth; a
- List**, llst. *v. n.* to choose, to desire [border]
- List**, llst. *v. a.* to enlist, enrol, or register
- Listen**, ll'sn. *v. n.* to harken, to give attention
- Listener**, ll'sn-ûr. *s.* a harkener
- Listless**, llst'lês. *a.* careless, heedless
- Listlessness**, llst'lês-nês. *s.* inattention, want of
- Lit**, llt. the *pret.* of to light [desire]
- Litany**, ll'tân-ê. *s.* a form of prayer
- Literal**, ll'têr-âl. *a.* according to the primitive meaning; following the letter
- Literally**, ll'tê-râl-lê. *ad.* with close adherence to words [learning]
- Literary**, ll'têr-â-rê. *a.* relating to letters or
- Literate**, ll'têr-âte. *a.* learned; skilled in letters
- Literati**, ll-têr-râ'tl. *s.* the learned [ters]
- Literature**, ll'têr-râ-tûre. *s.* learning
- Litharge**, ll'h'ârje. *s.* lead vitriol'd, either alone or with a mixture of copper
- Lithography**, ll-tûng'grâ-fê. *s.* the art of engraving upon stones [stones]
- Lithomancy**, ll'h'ô-mân-sê. *s.* prediction by
- Lithotomy**, ll-thô'tô-mê. *s.* the art or practice of cutting for the stone [of law]
- Litigant**, ll'tê-gânt. *s.* one engaged in a suit
- Litigate**, ll'tê-gâte. *v. a.* to contest in law, to debate [suit of law]
- Litigation**, ll-tê-gâ'shûn. *s.* judicial contest,
- Litigious**, lê-tl'djûs. *a.* inclinable to lawsuits, quarrelsome [disposition]
- Litigiousness**, lê-tl'djûs-nês. *s.* a wrangling
- Litter**, ll'tûr. *s.* a kind of portable bed; the straw laid under animals; a brood of young [with straw]
- Litter**, ll'tûr. *v. a.* to bring forth; to cover
- Little**, ll'tl. *a.* small, diminutive [not much]
- Little**, ll'tl. *s.* a small space; a small part;
- Little**, ll'tl. *ad.* in a small degree; not much
- Littleness**, ll'tl-nês. *s.* a smallness of bulk, meanness [votions]
- Liturgy**, ll'tûr-jê. *s.* formulary of publick devotion
- Live**, llv. *v. n.* to be in a state of animation; to pass life in any certain manner; to cohabit; to maintain one's self; to be unextinguished
- Live**, llv. *a.* quick, not dead; active, not extinguished

· ndr, nôt -tâbe, tâb, bâl—ôll—pôund—thin, ruis.

Livelihood, live'lê-hûd. *s.* support of life, maintenance, means of living
 Liveliness, live'lê-nês. *s.* vivacity, sprightliness
 Livelong, live'lông. *a.* tedious, lasting
 Lively, live'lê. *a.* brisk; vigorous; airy
 Lively, live'lê. *ad.* briskly, vigorously [entrails
 Liver, live'vâr. *s.* one who lives; one of the
 Livercolour, live'vâr-kâl-lâr. *a.* dark red
 Livergrown, live'vâr-grône. *a.* having a great liver [vants; a particular dress
 Livery, live'vâr-ê. *s.* the clothes given to servants
 Liveryman, live'vâr-ê-mân. *s.* one who wears a livery; in London, a freeman of some standing in a company
 Lives, livez. *s.* the plural of life
 Livid, live'id. *a.* discoloured as with a blow
 Lividity, live'id-e-tê. *s.* discolouration
 Living, live'ving. *s.* support, maintenance, livelihood; and benefice of a clergyman
 Livre, live'vâr. *s.* a French coin
 Lixivial, live-siv'ê-âl. *a.* impregnated with salts like a lixivium
 Lixivate, live-siv'ê-âte. *a.* making a lixivium
 Lixivium, live-siv'ê-âm. *s.* lie, water impregnated
 Lizard, live'zâr. *s.* a reptile [nated with salt
 Look, lô. *int.* look! see! behold!
 Load, lôde. *s.* a burden, a freight
 Load, lôde. *v. a.* to burden, to freight; to charge a gun; to make heavy
 Loadstone, lôde'stône. *s.* the magnet
 Loaf, lôfe. *s.* a mass of bread, &c.
 Loam, lôme. *s.* fat unctuous earth, marl
 Loamy, lô'mê. *a.* marly
 Loan, lône. *s.* any thing lent
 Loath, lôth. *a.* unwilling [abhorrence
 Loathe, lôthe. *v. a.* to hate, to look on with
 Loathful, lôth'fûl. *a.* abhorring
 Loathsome, lôth'sûm. *a.* abhorred, detestable
 Loathsomeness, lôth'sûm-nês. *s.* quality of
 Loaves, lôvz. *s.* plural of loaf [raising hatred
 Lob, lôb. *s.* any one heavy; a worm [manner
 Lob, lôb. *v. a.* to let fall in a slovenly or lazy
 Lobby, lôb'bê. *s.* an opening before a room
 Lobe, lôbe. *s.* a part of the lungs
 Lobster, lôb'stûr. *s.* a shell-fish
 Local, lô'kâl. *a.* of or in a place
 Locality, lô-kâl-ê-tê. *s.* existence in place
 Locally, lô'kâl-lê. *ad.* with respect to place
 Lock, lôk. *s.* part of a door or gun; a quantity of hair or wool hanging together; a

tuft; a contrivance to raise the water on a canal
 Lock, lôk. *v. a.* to shut or fasten with locks
 Locker, lôk'kûr. *s.* any thing that is closed with a lock
 Locket, lôk'kît. *s.* an ornamental lock
 Lockram, lôk'krâm. *s.* a sort of coarse linen
 Locomotion, lô-kô-mô'shôn. *s.* power of changing place
 Locust, lô'kûst. *s.* a devouring insect
 Lodge, lôdje. *v. a.* to place in a temporary habitation; to afford a temporary dwelling; to place; to settle
 Lodge, lôdje. *v. n.* to reside; to take a temporary habitation
 Lodge, lôdje. *s.* a small house in a park or forest, as the porter's room
 Lodgement, lôdje'mênt. *s.* accumulation of any thing in a certain place; possession of the enemy's work
 Lodger, lôdje'ûr. *s.* one who lives in rooms hired in the house of another; one that resides in any place
 Lodging, lôdje'ing. *s.* temporary habitation, rooms hired in the house of another; place of residence
 Loft, lôft. *s.* the highest floor
 Loftily, lôft'ê-lê. *ad.* on high; proudly
 Loftiness, lôft'ê-nês. *s.* height; haughtiness
 Lofty, lôft'ê. *a.* high; sublime; haughty
 Log, lôg. *s.* a shapeless piece of wood; a Hebrew measure
 Logarithms, lôg'â-rithmz. *s.* the indexes of the ratios of numbers one to another
 Loggerhead, lôg'gûr-hêd. *s.* a dolt, a block
 Logick, lôd'jik. *s.* the art of reasoning [head
 Logical, lôd'jik-âl. *a.* pertaining to logic
 Logically, lôd'jê-kâl-ê. *ad.* according to the laws of logic [of logic
 Logician, lô-'jish'ôn. *s.* a teacher or professor
 Logogriph, lôg'ô-grîf. *s.* a kind of riddle
 Logomachy, lô-gôm'â-kê. *s.* a contention about words [dying
 Logwood, lôg'wûd. *s.* a wood much used in
 Loin, lôin. *s.* the back of an animal
 Loiter, lô'êtûr. *v. n.* to linger
 Loiterer, lô'êtûr-ûr. *s.* a lingerer, an idler
 Loll, lôl. *v. n.* to lean idly; to hang out
 Lone, lône. *a.* solitary; single [company
 Loneliness, lône'lê-nês. *s.* solitude, want of

Fàte, fàr, fàll, fát—mè, mèt—plie, pln—nò, mòve,

Lonely, lòn'e'lè. <i>a.</i> solitary	Loquacious, lò-kwá'shùs. <i>a.</i> full of talk
Loneness, lòn'e'nès. <i>s.</i> solitude	Loquacity, lò-kwá's'sé-té. <i>s.</i> too much talk
Lonesome, lòn'e'sùm. <i>a.</i> solitary, dismal	Lord, lórd. <i>s.</i> the Dir'ne Being; monarch, ruler; master; a tyrant; a husband, a nobleman
Long, lóng. <i>a.</i> not short; dilatory; protracted [longing to a ship]	Lordly, lórd'lè. <i>v. n.</i> to domineer, to rule despotically
Longboat, lóng'bòte. <i>s.</i> the largest boat belonging to a nation	Lordling, lórd'ling. <i>s.</i> a diminutive lord
Longevity, lòn-jè-v'è té. <i>s.</i> length of life [hands]	Lordliness, lórd'lè-nès. <i>s.</i> dignity, high station; pride
Longimanous, lòn-jin'má-nús. <i>a.</i> having long arms	Lordly, lórd'lè. <i>a.</i> proud, insolent
Longing, lóng'ing. <i>s.</i> earnest desire	Lordly, lórd'lè. <i>ad.</i> imperiously, proudly
Longitude, lón-jé-túde. <i>s.</i> length; the distance of any part of the earth to the east or west of any place	Lordship, lórd'ship. <i>s.</i> dominion; seigniorship; title of honour used to a lord
Longitudinal, lòn-jé-tú'dé-nál. <i>a.</i> measured by the length, running in the longest direction	Lore, lóre. <i>s.</i> lesson, doctrine
Longsomed, lóng'sóm. <i>a.</i> tedious	Loricater, ló'r-ré-káte. <i>v. a.</i> to plate over
Longsuffering, lóng-súf'fár-ing. <i>a.</i> patient	Lorimer, ló'r-ré-már. } <i>s.</i> a bridle-cutter
Longways, lóng'wáze. <i>ad.</i> in a longitudinal direction [tedious]	Loriner, ló'r-ré-nár. }
Longwinded, lóng-wínd'éd. <i>a.</i> longbreathed,	Lose, lòðze. <i>v. a.</i> to forfeit; to be deprived of; to bewilder; to employ ineffectually
Loob, lòð. <i>s.</i> a game at cards	Lose, lòðze. <i>v. n.</i> to suffer loss; to decline, to fail [thing]
Loobily, lòð'bè-lè. <i>a.</i> awkward	Loser, lòðz'ár. <i>s.</i> one that is deprived of any thing
Looby, lòð'bè. <i>s.</i> a clumsy clown [wind]	Loss, lós. <i>s.</i> forfeiture; damage
Loof, lòf. <i>v. a.</i> to bring a ship close to the shore	Lost, lòst. <i>pret.</i> and <i>part.</i> of <i>lose</i>
Look, lòk. <i>v. n.</i> to direct the eye to or from any object; to expect, to watch	Lot, lòt. <i>s.</i> fortune; a chance; a portion; proportion of taxes
Look, lòk. <i>v. a.</i> to seek, to search for; to turn the eye upon	Lotion, lò'shùn. <i>s.</i> a form of medicine used to wash any diseased parts; a cosmetic
Look, lòk. <i>inter.</i> see ! lo ! behold ! observe !	Lottery, lòt'úr-é. <i>s.</i> a game of chance
Look, lòk. <i>s.</i> air of the face, mien; the act of looking	Loud, lòúd. <i>a.</i> noisy, clamorous
Looking-glass, lòdk'ín-glás. <i>s.</i> a mirror	Loudly, lòúd'lè. <i>ad.</i> noisily; clamorously
Loom, lòóm. <i>s.</i> the frame in which weavers work their cloth	Loudness, lòúd'nès. <i>s.</i> noise, force of sound
Loon, lòón. <i>s.</i> a sorry fellow	Louis-d'or, lò-è-dòr'. <i>s.</i> a gold coin of France, valued at about twenty shillings
Loop, lòóp. <i>s.</i> a double through which a string or lace is drawn [a passage]	Lounge, lòúje. <i>v. n.</i> to idle, to live lazily
Loophole, lòóp'hóle. <i>s.</i> aperture, hole to give passage	Lounger, lòún'jé. <i>s.</i> an idler
Loose, lòðse. <i>v. a.</i> to unbind; to relax; to disengage	Louse, lòúse. <i>s.</i> a small insect [ing with lice]
Loose, lòðse. <i>a.</i> unbound; wanton; vague; unconnected; disengaged; remiss	Lousiness, lòúzé-nès. <i>s.</i> the state of abundance
Loose, lòðse. <i>s.</i> liberty, freedom from restraint	Lousy, lòúzé. <i>a.</i> swarming with lice
Loosely, lòðse'lè. <i>ad.</i> not fast; irregularly; negligently; unchastely	Lout, lòút. <i>s.</i> a mean, awkward fellow
Loosen, lòð'sn. <i>v. a.</i> to relax any thing; to separate; to free from restraint	Loutish, lòút'ish. <i>a.</i> clownish
Looseness, lòðse'nès. <i>s.</i> criminal levity; irregularity; unchastity; diarrhoea	Love, lòv. <i>v. a.</i> to regard with passionate affection; to be pleased with
Loe, lòp. <i>v. a.</i> to cut off any thing	Love, lòv. <i>s.</i> the passion between the sexes; affection; liking; object beloved; principle of union; a word of endearment; a kind of thin silk stuff
	Loveletter, lòv'lét-ár. <i>s.</i> letter of courtship
	Lovelily, lòv'lè-lè. <i>ad.</i> amiably
	Loveliness, lòv'lè-nès. <i>a.</i> amiableness

Lovelorn, lûv'ôr.n. <i>a.</i> forsaken of one's love	Luciferous, lû-sîf'êr-ûs. <i>a.</i> giving light, (
Lovely, lûv'le. <i>a.</i> amiable; exciting love	fording means of discovery
Lover, lûv'ûr. <i>s.</i> one who is in love	Luck, lûk. <i>s.</i> chance, fortune
Lovesick, lûv'sîk. <i>a.</i> disordered with love,	Luckily, lûk'kê-lê. <i>ad.</i> fortunately
languishing with amorous desire	Luckless, lûk'lês. <i>a.</i> unhappy
Lovesong, lûv'sông. <i>s.</i> a song expressing love	Lucky, lûk'kê. <i>a.</i> fortunate, happy by chance
Lovetale, lûv'tâle. <i>s.</i> narrative of love	Lucrative, lû'krâ-tîv. <i>a.</i> gainful, profitable
Lovethought, lûv'thâwt. <i>s.</i> amorous fancy	Lucre, lû'kûr. <i>s.</i> gain, profit
Lovetoy, lûv'tôé. <i>s.</i> small present given by	Luctation, lûk-tâ-shûn. <i>s.</i> struggle [by night
lovers	Lucubrate, lû'kû-brâte. <i>v. n.</i> to watch, to study
Lovetrick, lûv'trîk. <i>s.</i> art of expressing love	Lucubration, lû-kû-brâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> study by can-
Loving, lûv'îng. <i>part. a.</i> kind, affectionate	dleight, any thing composed by night
Lovingkindness, lûv'îng-kyînd-nês. <i>s.</i> tender-	Lucubratory, lû'kû-brâ-tûr-ê. <i>a.</i> composed by
ness, favour, mercy	candlelight
Lovingly, lûv'îng-lê. <i>ad.</i> affectionately	Ludicrous, lû'dê-krûs. <i>a.</i> burlesque
Low, lô. <i>a.</i> not high; descending downwards,	Ludicrously, lû'dê-krûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> sportively
deep; shallow; dejected; abject; dishon-	Lull, lûl. <i>v. n.</i> to keep close to the wind
ourable; reduced	Lug, lûg. <i>v. a.</i> to pull with violence
Low, lô. <i>ad.</i> meanly; with a low voice	Luggage, lûg'gîdje. <i>s.</i> any thing cumbrous
Low, lôû. <i>v. n.</i> to bellow as a cow	and unwieldy [different, not zealous
Lower, lô'ûr. <i>v. a.</i> to bring low	Lukewarm, lûkewârm. <i>a.</i> mildly warm; in-
Lower, lôû'ûr. <i>v. n.</i> to appear dark and gloomy;	Lukewarmness, lûkewârm-nês. <i>s.</i> moderate
to frown, to look sullen	heat; indifference
Loweringly, lôû'îng-lê. <i>ad.</i> gloomily	Lull, lûl. <i>v. a.</i> to compose to sleep
Lowest, lô'ûr-môst. <i>a.</i> lowest	Lullaby, lûl'lâ-bl. <i>s.</i> a song to still babes
Lowland, lô'lând. <i>s.</i> a low country	Lumbago, lûm-bâ gô. <i>s.</i> pains about the loins
Lowliness, lô'lê-nês. <i>s.</i> humility	and small of the back [bersome
Lowly, lô'lê. <i>a.</i> humble, meek	Lumber, lûm'bûr. <i>s.</i> any thing useless or cum-
Lowness, lô'nês. <i>s.</i> absence of height; mean-	Lumber, lûm'bûr. <i>v. a.</i> to heap like useless
ness; depression [pressed	goods irregularly [gives light
Lowspirited, lô-sprî't-ted. <i>a.</i> dejected, de-	Luminary, lû'inê-nâr-rê. <i>s.</i> any body which
Loyal, lô'é'âl. <i>a.</i> obedient, true to the prince	Luminous, lû'mê-nûs. <i>a.</i> shining
Loyalist, lô'é'âl-îst. <i>s.</i> one who professes un-	Lump, lûmp. <i>s.</i> a shapeless mass; the gross
common adherence to his king	Lump, lûmp. <i>v. a.</i> to take in the gross
Loyally, lô'é'âl-lê. <i>ad.</i> with fidelity	Lumping, lûmp'îng. <i>a.</i> large, heavy
Loyalty, lô'é'âl-tê. <i>s.</i> fidelity	Lumpish, lûmp'îsh. <i>a.</i> heavy, gross, unactive
Lozenge, lôz'zênje. <i>s.</i> a figure in heraldry;	Lumpy, lûmp'pê. <i>a.</i> full of lumps [the moon
a form of a medicine made into small pieces	Lunacy, lû'nâ-sê. <i>s.</i> madness influenced by
Lubber, lûb'bûr. <i>s.</i> a sturdy drone	Lunar, lû'nâr. } <i>a.</i> relating to the moon
Lubberly, lûb'bûr-lê. <i>a.</i> lazy and bulky [sily	Lunary, lû'nâr-ê. }
Lubberly, lûb'bûr-lê. <i>ad.</i> awkwardly, clum-	Lunated, lû'nâ-têd. <i>a.</i> formed like a half moon
lubricate, lû'brê-kâte. <i>v. a.</i> to make smooth	Lunatick, lû'nâ-tîk. <i>a.</i> mad, having the imagi-
or slippery	nation influenced by the moon
Lubricity, lû-brîs'sê-tê. <i>s.</i> slipperiness	Lunatick, lû'nâ-tîk. <i>s.</i> a madman [moon
Lubrick, lû'brîk. <i>a.</i> slippery	Lunation, lû-nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the revolution of the
Lucent, lû'sênt. <i>a.</i> shining, splendid	Lunch, lûnsh. } <i>s.</i> as much food as one's
Lucerne, lû'sêrn. <i>s.</i> a kind of grass cultivated	Luncheon, lûn'shûn. } <i>s.</i> hand can hold
as clover [ened with madness	Lunette, lû-nê't. <i>s.</i> a small half moon
Lucid, lû'sîd. <i>a.</i> bright, glittering; not dark-	Lungs, lûngz. <i>s.</i> the organs of respiration
lucidity, lû-sîd-ê-tê. <i>s.</i> splendour brightness	Lupine, lû'pln. <i>s.</i> a kind of pulse

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pine, pln— nô, môve,

Lurch, lûrsh. *s.* a forlorn condition [to fish]
 Lurch, lûrtsh. *v. a.* to defeat, to disappoint;
 Lurcher, lûrtsh'ûr. *s.* one that watches to
 steal, or to betray; a hunting dog
 Lure, lûre. *s.* an enticement
 Lurid, lû'rd. *a.* gloomy, dismal
 Lurk, lûrk. *v. n.* to lie in wait
 Lurker, lûrk'ûr. *s.* a thief that lies in wait
 Lurking-place, lûrk'lng-plâse. *s.* hiding-place
 Luscious, lûsh'ûs. *a.* sweet; pleasing, cloying
 Lusciousness, lûsh'ûs-nês. *s.* immoderate
 sweetness [tve
 Lusoricus, lû-sô'rê-ûs. *a.* used in play, spor-
 Lust, lûst. *s.* carnal desire; any violent or ir-
 regular desire [vehemently
 Lust, lûst. *v. n.* to desire carnally; to desire
 Lustful, lûst'fûl. *a.* libidinous [piscence
 Lustfully, lûst'fûl-ê. *ad.* with sensual concu-
 Lustfulness, lûst'fûl-nês. *s.* libidinousness
 Lustily, lûs'tê-lê. *ad.* stoutly, with vigour
 Lutatiness, lûs'tê-nês. *s.* stoutness, sturdiness
 Lustral, lûs'trâl. *a.* used in purification
 Lustration, lûs-trâ'shûn. *s.* purification by wa-
 ter
 Lustre, lûs'tûr. *s.* brightness; a scone with
 lights; eminence; the space of five years
 Lustring, lûs'trîng. *s.* a shining silk
 Lustrous, lûs'trûs. *a.* bright, luminous
 Lusty, lûs'tê. *a.* stout, vigorous [the lute
 Lutanist, lû'tân-îst. *s.* one who plays upon
 Lutarious, lû tû'rê-ûs. *a.* living in mud
 Lute, lûte. *s.* a stringed instrument of musick;
 a composition like clay, with which chym-
 ists close up their vessels
 Lutulent, lû'tshû-lênt. *a.* muddy
 Lux, lûks.
 Luxate, lûks'âte. } *v. a.* to put out of joint
 Luxation, lûks-â'shûn. *s.* the act of disjoining,
 any thing disjoined
 Luxuriance, lûg-zû'rê-ânse. }
 Luxuriancy, lûg-zû'rê-ân-sê. } *s.* exuberance
 Luxuriant, lûg-zû'rê-ânt. *a.* exuberant, super-
 fluous [superfluous plenty
 Luxuriate, lûg-zû'rê-âte. *v. n.* to shoot with
 Luxurious, lûg-zû'rê-ûs. *a.* voluptuous, en-
 slaved to pleasure [voluptuously
 Luxuriously, lûg-zû'rê-ûs-lê. *ad.* deliciously,
 Luxury lûk'shû-rê. *s.* voluptuousness [ness
 Lycanthropy, li-kân'thro-pê. *s.* a kind of mad-
 Lying, lî'ng. the active participle of lie

Lymph, lîmf. *s.* transparent colourless liquor
 Lymphatick, lîm-fât'îk. *s.* a vessel conveying
 Lynx, lîngks. *s.* a spotted beast [the lymb
 Lyre, lîre. *s.* a musical instrument
 Lyrical, lî'rê-kâl. } *a.* pertaining to a harp
 Lyrick, lî'rîk. }
 Lyrist, lî'rîst. *s.* a musician who plays upon
 the harp

M.

MACARON, mâk-â-rôôn'. *s.* a coarse
 low fellow; a kind of sweet biscuit
 Macaw, mâ-kâw'. *s.* a bird in the West Indies
 Mace, mâse. *s.* an ensign of authority; a kind
 of spice [the mace
 Macebearer, mâse'bâre-ûr. *s.* one who carries
 Macerate, mâs'sêr-âte. *v. a.* to make lean; to
 steep almost to solution
 Maceration, mâs-sêr-â'shûn. *s.* the act of
 wasting or making lean
 Machinal, mâk'kê-nâl. *a.* relating to machines
 Machinate, mâk'kê-nâte. *v. a.* to plan, to con-
 trive [contrivance
 Machination, mâk-kê-nâ'shûn. *s.* artifice,
 Machine, mâ-shêên. *s.* any complicated piece
 of workmanship; an engine
 Machinery, mâ-shêên'êr-ê. *s.* enginery, com-
 plicated workmanship
 Machinist, mâ-shêên'îst. *s.* a constructor of
 engines or machines
 Mackerel, mâk'kêr-îl. *s.* a sea-fish
 Macula, mâk'kû-lâ. *s.* a spot
 Maculate, mâk'kû-lâte. *v. a.* to stain, to spo-
 Maculation, mâk-kû-lâ'shûn. *s.* stain, spot,
 taint
 Mad, mâd. *a.* disordered in the mind [ous
 Mad, mâd. *v. a.* to make mad, to make fur-
 Madam, mâd'âm. *s.* an address to a lady
 Madbrained, mâd'brând. *a.* boheaded
 Madcap, mâd'kâp. *s.* a madman; a hotbran-
 ed fellow
 Madden, mâd'dn. *v. n.* to become mad
 Madden, mâd'dn. *v. a.* to make mad
 Made, mâde. *part. pret.* of make
 Madhouse, mâd'hôuse. *s.* a house where mad
 men are cured or confined
 Madly, mâd'lê. *ad.* without understanding
 Madman, mâd'mân. *s.* a man deprived of his
 understanding

nôr, nô-t—tûbe, râb, hâll—ôll—pôund—thin. THIS.

- Madness, mād'nês. *s.* distraction ; fury, rage
- Madrigal, mād'drê-gâl. *s.* a pastoral song
- Magazine, mág-gá-zên. *s.* a storehouse ; a miscellaneous pamphlet
- Maggot, mág'gût. *s.* a small grub ; odd fancy
- Maggotty, mág'gût-ê. *a.* full of maggots ; whimsical [and invisible powers]
- Magical, mād'jê-kâl. *a.* performed by secret
- Magically, mād'jê-kâl-ê. *ad.* according to the rites of magick
- Magick, mād'jîk. *s.* the art of putting in action the power of spirits
- Magician, mâ-jîsh'ân. *s.* one skilled in magick
- Magisterial, mād-jîs-tê-ré-âl. *a.* lofty, arrogant [gantly]
- Magisterially, mād-jîs-tê-ré-âl-ê. *ad.* arrogantly
- Magisterialness, mād-jîs-tê-ré-âl-nês. *s.* haughtiness [of a magistrate]
- Magistracy, mād'jîs-trâ-sê. *s.* office or dignity
- Magistrate, mād'jîs-trâ-tê. *s.* a man publicly invested with authority [ness of mind]
- Magnanimity, mág-nâ-nîm'ê-tê. *s.* great
- Magnanimous, mág-nân'ê-mûs. *a.* great of mind, elevated in sentiment
- Magnanimously, mág-nân'ê-mûs-lê. *ad.* with greatness of mind
- Magnet, mág'nêt. *s.* the loadstone
- Magnetic, mág-nêt'tê-kâl. } *a.* having powers correspondent to those of the magnet ; attractive [tion]
- Magnetism, mág'nêt-îzm. *s.* power of attraction
- Magnific, mág-nîf'îk. *a.* illustrious, grand
- Magnificence, mág-nîf'îs-sênsê. *s.* grandeur of appearance [did, pompous]
- Magnificent, mág-nîf'îs-sênt. *a.* grand, splendidly
- Magnificently, mág-nîf'îs-sênt-lê. *ad.* pompously, splendidly
- Magnifier, mág'nê-fl-ûr. *s.* a glass that increases the bulk of any object [extol]
- Magnify, mág'nê-fl. *v. a.* to make great, to
- Magnitude, mág'nê-tûdê. *s.* greatness
- Maggie, mág'pî. *s.* a bird [wood]
- Mahogany, mâ-hôg'â-nê. *s.* a hard kind of
- Maid, mâdê. } *s.* a virgin ; a woman-servant ; a fish
- Maiden, mâ'dr. } *s.* a virgin ; a woman-servant ; a fish
- Maiden, mâ'dn. *a.* fresh, unpolluted
- Maidenhead, mâ'dn-hêd. *s.* virginity, virgin purity ; newness [timorous]
- Maidenly, mâ'dn-ê. *a.* like a maid, modest,
- Maid-servant, mâdê-sêr'vânt. *s.* a female servant
- Majestical, mâ-jês'tê-kâl. } *a.* august ; state-
- Majestick, mâ-jês'tîk. } *ly, pompous*
- Majestically, mâ-jês'tê-kâl-ê. *ad.* with dignity, with grandeur
- Majesty, mād'jês-tê. *s.* dignity, grandeur, sovereignty ; a regal title
- Mail, mâle. *s.* armour ; a bag of post letters
- Maim, mâme. *v. a.* to deprive of any necessary part, to cripple by loss of a limb
- Maim, mâme. *s.* privation of some essential part ; injury ; essential defect
- Main, mâne. *a.* principal ; strong, important
- Main, mâne. *s.* the gross, the bulk ; the ocean ; force
- Mainland, mâne-lând'. *s.* the continent
- Mainly, mâne'lê. *ad.* chiefly ; powerfully
- Mainmast, mâne'mâst. *s.* the chief or middle mast
- Mainprize, mâne'prîze. *s.* delivery into the custody of a friend, upon security given for appearance
- Mainsail, mâne'sâle. *s.* the sail of a mainmast
- Maintain, mên-tâne'. *v. a.* to preserve ; to keep up ; to support
- Maintainable, mên-tâne'-â-bl. *a.* defensible
- Maintenance, mên'tên-ânse. *s.* supply of the necessaries of life [mast]
- Maintop, mâne-tôp'. *s.* the top of the main-
- Major, mâ'jûr. *a.* greater in number, quantity, or extent
- Major, mâ'jûr. *s.* the officer above the captain ; the first proposition of a syllogism
- Majority, mâ-jôr'ê-tê. *s.* the greater number ; the office of a major
- Maize, mâze. *s.* Indian wheat
- Make, mâke. *v. a.* to create ; to form ; to produce ; to hold ; to commit ; to force ; to raise as profit from any thing ; to arrive at
- Make, mâke. *s.* form, structure
- Makebate, mâke'bâte. *s.* breeder of quarrels
- Maker, mâ'kûr. *s.* the Creator : one who makes any thing, [conciler]
- Makepeace, mâke'pêse. *s.* peacemaker, re-
- Makeweigh, mâke'wâte. *s.* any small thing thrown in to make up weight
- Malady, mâl'â-dê. *s.* a disease [impudence]
- Malapert, mâl'â-pêrt. *a.* saucy, quick with
- Male, mâle. *s.* the he of any species

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, plu—sô, môve,

- Maleadministration, mâle-âd-mîn-nis-trâ-shôn. *s.* bad management of affairs
- Malecontent, mâle'kôn-tênt. *a.* discontented, dissatisfied [*s.* fixed or discontented]
- Malecontent, mâle'kôn-tênt. *s.* one dissatisfied
- Malediction, mâl-lê-dik'shôn. *s.* curse, execration [*s.* offence]
- Malefaction, mâl-lê-fâk'shôn. *s.* a crime, an offence
- Malefactor, mâl-lê-fâk'tôr. *s.* a criminal
- Malefick, mâl-lêf'fik. *a.* hurtful
- Malepractice, mâle-prâk'tis. *s.* practice contrary to rules [*s.* plignity]
- Malevolence, mâ-lêv'vô-lêase. *s.* ill will, malice
- Malevolent, mâ-lêv'vô-lênt. *a.* ill-disposed towards others
- Malice, mâl'lis. *s.* deliberate mischief
- Malicious, mâ-lîsh'ûs. *a.* ill-disposed to any one, intending ill [*s.* of mischief]
- Maliciously, mâ-lîsh'ûs-lê. *ad.* with intention
- Maliciousness, mâ-lîsh'ûs-nêss. *s.* intention of mischief
- Malign, mâ-lîne. *a.* unfavourable [*s.* mischief]
- Malignancy, mâ-lîg'nân-sê. *s.* malice, destructive tendency
- Malignant, mâ-lîg'nânt. *a.* envious, malicious
- Malignantly, mâ-lîg'nânt-lê. *ad.* maliciously, mischievously [*s.* nother with ill will]
- Maligner, mâ-lîne'ûr. *s.* one who regards a-
Malignity, mâ-lîg'nê-tê. *s.* malice; evilness of nature [*s.* will]
- Malignly, mâ-lîne'lê. *ad.* enviously, with ill will
- alkin, mâw'kin. *s.* a dirty wench
- Mall, mâl. *s.* a kind of hammer; a walk where they formerly played with malls and balls [*s.* duck]
- Mallard, mâl'lârd. *s.* the drake of the wild
- Malleability, mâl-lê-â-blî'ê-tê. *s.* quality of enduring the hammer
- Malleable, mâl-lê-â-bl. *a.* capable of being spread by beating
- Malleate, mâl-lê-â-tê. *v.* a. to hammer
- Mallet, mâl'lit. *s.* a wooden hammer
- Malmsey, mâm'ze. *s.* a kind of wine
- Malt, mâlt. *s.* barley steeped in water and dried on a kiln
- Maltfloor, mâl'flôre. *s.* a floor to dry malt
- Maltman, mâlt'mân. }
Maltster, mâlt'stôr. } *s.* one who makes malt
- Malversation, mâl-vêr-sâ'shôn. *s.* bad shifts, mean artifices [*s.* Mother]
- Manma, mâm-mâ. *s.* the fond word for
- Mammillary, mâm'mîl-lâ-rê. *a.* belonging to the paps [*s.* piece]
- Mamnock, mâm'mûk. *s.* a large spapeless
- Mamnock, mâm'mûk. *v.* a. to tear, to pull to
- Mammon, mâm'môn. *s.* riches [*s.* pieces]
- Man, mân. *s.* the male of the human species; a servant [*s.* tify]
- Man, mân. *v.* a. to furnish with men; to for
- Manacles, mân'nâ-klz. *s.* chains for the hand
- Manage, mân'idje. *v.* a. to conduct; to govern, to make tractable; to wield; to husband [*s.* tion; a riding-school]
- Manage, mân'idje. *s.* conduct, administration
- Manageable, mân'idje-â-bl. *a.* governable, tractable [*s.* ministration]
- Management, mân'idje-mênt. *s.* conduct, administration
- Manager, mân'idje-ûr. *s.* one who has the direction of any thing; a man of frugality
- Manation, mâ-nâ'shôn. *s.* the act of issuing from [*s.* bread]
- Manchet, mântsh'it. *s.* a small loaf of fine
- Mancipate, mân'sê-pâte. *v.* a. to enslave, to bind [*s.* court of the king's bench]
- Mandamus, mân-dâ'mûs. *s.* a writ from the
- Mandarin, mân-dâ-rêen'. *s.* a Chinese nobleman or magistrate
- Mandate, mân'dâ-tê. *s.* command; precept
- Mandatory, mân'dâ-tôr-ê. *a.* preceptive, directive
- Mandible, mân'dê-bi. *s.* the jaw [*s.* rectory]
- Mandrake, mân'drâke. *s.* a plant, the root of which is said to bear a resemblance to the human form
- Manducate, mân'dû-kâte. *v.* a. to chew
- Mane, mâne. *s.* the hair which hangs down on the neck of a horse
- Meneater, mân'ête-ûr. *s.* a cannibal
- Manes, mân'nêz. *s.* ghost, shade
- Manful, mân'tûl. *a.* bold, stout, daring
- Manfully, mân'tûl-ê. *ad.* boldly, stoutly, [ness]
- Manfulness, mân'tûl-nêss. *s.* stoutness, boldness
- Mange, mânje. *s.* the itch in cattle
- Manger, mâne'jâr. *s.* the vessel in which animals are fed with corn
- Mangle, mâng'gl. *v.* a. to lacerate, to cut or tear piecemeal, to smooth linen
- Mangler, mâng'gl-ûr. *s.* one who mangles
- Mangy, mâne'je. *a.* infected with the mange
- Manhater, mân'hâte-ûr. *s.* misanthrope, one that hates mankind [*s.* ility; courage]
- Manhood, mân'hûd. *s.* human nature; vir

nôr, nô-t—tâbe, tâb, bôll—ôll—pôand—thin, THIS.

- Maniac, mán'né-ák. *s.* a mad person
- Maniac, mán'né-ák. *a.* raging with madness
- Manifest, mán'né-fêst. *a.* plain, open, detected
- Manifest, mán'né-fêst. *v. n.* to show plainly
- Manifestation, mán-né-fêst-tâshûn. *s.* discovery, publication
- Manifestly, mán'né-fêst-lê. *ad.* clearly, evidently
- Manifestness, mán'né-fêst-nês. *s.* perspicuity
- Manifesto, mán-né-fêst'ô. *s.* publick protestation
- Mansfold, mán'né-fôld. *a.* of different kinds
- Manikin, mán'né-kîn. *s.* a little man
- Maniple, mán'é-pl. *s.* a handful; a small band of soldiers
- Mankind, mán-kynd'. *s.* the race or species
- Manlike, mán'like. *a.* having the qualities of a man, besitting a man
- Manliness, mán'lê-nês. *s.* bravery, stoutness
- Manly, mán'lê. *a.* becoming a man, firm, brave
- Manna, mán'nâ. *s.* a kind of gum, a physical drug
- Manner, mán'nûr. *s.* form, method; sort
- Mannerist, mán'nûr-ist. *s.* any artist who performs all his works in one unvaried manner
- Mannerliness, mán'nûr-lê-nês. *s.* civility, ceremony
- Mannerly, mán'nûr-lê. *a.* civil, complaisant
- Mannish, mán'nîsh. *a.* having the appearance of a man, bold, masculine
- M'œuvre, mán'ô-vûr. *s.* an attempt, out of the common course of action, to relieve ourselves, or annoy our adversary
- Manor, mán'nûr. *s.* a lord's jurisdiction
- Mansion, mán'shûn. *s.* abode, house
- Manslaughter, mán'slâw-tûr. *s.* the act of killing a man not wholly without fault, though without malice
- Manslayer, mán'slâ-ûr. *s.* one that has killed
- Mansuete, mán'swête. *a.* tame, gentle
- Mansuetude, mán'swê-tûde. *s.* tameness, gentleness
- Mantel, mán'tl. *s.* work raised before a chimney
- Mantelet, mán-tê-lê't. *s.* a small cloak; a kind of moveable pent-house
- Mantle, mán'tl. *s.* a kind of cloak
- Mantle, mán'tl. *v. n.* to cloak, to cover
- Mantle, mán'tl. *v. n.* to be expanded; to gather any thing on the surface, to froth; to ferment
- Mantua, mán'tshû-â. *s.* a lady's gown
- Mantuanaker, mán'tû-mâ-kûr. *s.* one who makes gowns for women
- Manual, mán'û-âl. *a.* performed by the hand
- Manual, mán'û-âl. *s.* a small book
- Manufactory, mán'û-fâk'tûr-ê. *s.* place where a manufacture is carried on
- Manufacture, mán-nû fâk'tshûre. *s.* any thing made by art
- Manufacture, mán-nû-fâk'tshûre. *v. a.* to make by art and labour
- Manufacturer, mán-nû-fâk'tshû-rûr. *s.* a workman, an artificer
- Manumission, mán-nû-mîsh'ûn. *s.* the act of giving liberty to slaves
- Manumit, mán-nû-mî't. *v. a.* to release from slavery
- Manurable, mán-nû-râ-bl. *a.* capable of cultivation
- Manure, mán-nûrê'. *v. a.* to cultivate by manual labour; to fatten with composts
- Manure, mán-nûrê'. *s.* soil to be laid on lands
- Manuscript, mán'û-skript. *s.* a book written, not printed
- Many, mên'nê. *a.* numerous
- Manytimes, mên'nê-tîmz. *ad.* often, frequently
- Map, mâp. *s.* a delineation of countries
- Mappery, mâp'pûr-ê. *s.* the art of planning and designing
- Mar, mâr. *v. a.* to injure, to spoil
- Maranatha, mâr-â-nâth'â. *s.* a form of denouncing a curse among the Jews
- Marauder, mâr-rô-dûr. *s.* a soldier that roves about in quest of plunder
- Marble, mâr'bl. *s.* stone used in statues and elegant buildings; a little ball with which children play
- Marble, mâr'bl. *a.* made of marble; various
- Marcasite, mâr'kâ-sîte. *s.* a solid hard fossil
- March, mâr'tsh. *s.* the third month of the year
- March, mâr'tsh. *s.* a movement, journey of soldiers; grave and solemn walk
- March, mâr'tsh. *v. n.* to move in a military form; to walk in a grave, deliberate, or stately manner
- Marcher, mâr'tsh'ûr. *s.* president of the marches or borders
- Marchioness, mâr'tshûn-ês. *s.* the wife of a Marquis
- Marchis, mâr'sîd. *a.* lean, pining
- Mare, mârê. *s.* the female of a horse
- Mareschal, mâr'shâl. *s.* a chief commander of an army
- Margarite, mâr'gâ-rîte. *s.* a pearl
- Margent, mâr'jênt. *s.* the border, the edge
- Margin, mâr'îjn. *s.* the border, the edge

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât—mé, mêt—pine, pln—nò, môve,

- Marginal**, mâr'jè-nâl. *s.* placed or written on the margin
- Marigold**, mâr'rè-gòld. *s.* a ye'low flower
- Marine**, mâr-rèen'. *a.* belonging to the sea
- Marine**, mâr-rèen'. *s.* a soldier taken on ship-board to be employed in descents upon the land
- Mariner**, mâr'în-ûr. *s.* a seaman, a sailor
- Marital**, mâr'rè-tâl. *a.* pertaining to a husband [marine]
- Maritime**, mâr'rè-tîm. *a.* relating to the sea
- Mark**, mâr'k. *s.* an impression ; • proof
- Mark**, mâr'k. *v. a.* to impress with a token or evidence ; to note
- Market**, mâr'kît. *s.* a publick time of buying and selling ; place where a market is held
- Market**, mâr'kît. *v. a.* to deal at a market, to buy or sell [where the market is held]
- Market-cross**, mâr'kît-kròs'. *s.* a cross set up
- Market-place**, mâr'kît-plâse. *s.* place where the market is held
- Market-price**, mâr'kît-prise. *s.* the price at which any thing is currently sold
- Market-town**, mâr'kît-tòwn. *s.* a town that has the privilege of a stated market
- Marketable**, mâr'kît-â-bl. *a.* such as may be sold ; current in the market [a mark]
- Markman**, mâr'ks'mân. *s.* a man skillful to hit
- Marl**, mâr'l. *s.* a kind of clay used for manure
- Marlinspike**, mâr'în-splke. *s.* a small piece of iron for fastening ropes [dug]
- Marlpit**, mâr'l'pît. *s.* pit out of which marl is dug
- Marmalade**, mâr'inâ-lâde. } the pulp of
- Marmaleat**, mâr'mâ-lêt. } *s.* quinces boiled into a consistence with sugar
- Marmorean**, mâr-mò-rè-ân. *a.* made of marble
- Marquetry**, mâr'kêt-trè. *s.* chequered work, work inlaid with variegation
- Marquis**, mâr'kwîs. *s.* one of the second order of nobility, next in rank to a duke
- Marquisate**, mâr'kwîz-âte. *s.* the seigniorship of a marquis [man and woman for life]
- Marriage**, mâr'ridje. *s.* the act of uniting a
- Marriageable**, mâr'ridje-â-bl. *a.* of age to be married
- Married**, mâr'rid. *a.* conjugal ; connubial
- Marrow**, mâr'rò. *s.* an oleaginous substance contained in bones
- Marrowfat**, mâr'rò-fât. *s.* a kind of pea
- Marrowless**, mâr'rò-lès. *a.* void of marrow
- Marry**, mâr're. *v. a.* to join a man and a woman ; to take for husband or wife
- Marry**, mâr're. *v. n.* to enter into the conjugal state
- Marsh**, mârsh. *s.* a fen, a bog, a swamp
- Marshal**, mâr'shâl. *s.* the chief officer of arms ; a pursuivant [in order]
- Marshal**, mâr'shâl. *v. a.* to arrange, to rank
- Marshalsea**, mâr'shâl-sè. *s.* a prison belonging to the marshal of the king's household
- Marshy**, mârsh'é. *a.* boggy, fenny, swampy
- Mart**, mâr't. *s.* a place of publick traffick
- Marten**, mâr'tîn. *s.* a large weasel ; a kind of
- Martial**, mâr'shâl. *a.* warlike [swallow]
- Martingale**, mâr'tîn-gâl. *s.* a broad strap made fast to the girths under the belly of a horse
- Martinmas**, mâr'tîn-mûs. *s.* the feast of St. Martin [bears witness to the truth]
- Martyr**, mâr'tûr. *s.* one who by his death
- Martyr**, mâr'tûr. *v. a.* to put to death for virtue ; to murder [martyr]
- Martyrdom**, mâr'tûr-dûm. *s.* the death of a
- Martyrology**, mâr'tûr-ròl'lo-jé. *s.* a register of martyrs [testifying]
- Marvel**, mâr'vèl. *s.* a wonder, any thing astonishing
- Marvei**, mâr'vèl. *v. n.* to wonder, to be astonished
- Marvellous**, mâr'vèl-lûs. *a.* wonderful, strange
- Marvellousness**, mâr'vèl-lûs-nês. *s.* wonderfulness, strangeness
- Masculine**, mäs'kü-lîn. *a.* male ; virile
- Mash**, mâsh. *s.* any thing mingled or beaten together into an undistinguished or confused body
- Mash**, mâsh. *v. a.* to beat into a confused mass ; to mix malt and water together in brewing [dramatick performance]
- Mask**, mâsk. *s.* a cover to disguise the face ; a
- Mask**, mâsk. *v. a.* to disguise with a mask or visor ; to cover
- Mason**, mâsn. *s.* a builder with stone
- Masonry**, mâ'sn-rè. *s.* the craft or performance of a mason
- Masquerade**, mäs-kûr-râde'. *s.* a diversion in which the company is masked
- Masquerade**, mäs-kûr-râde'. *v. n.* to go in disguise ; to assemble in masks [a mask]
- Masquerader**, mäs-kûr-râ'dâr. *s.* a person in
- Mass**, mäs. *s.* a body, a lump ; the service of the Roman church

nôr, nô-t—tâbe, tâb, bắl—đil—pỏuđn—thín, rhi.

- Massacre**, mắ-sắ-kủr *s.* butchery, indiscriminate destruction
- Massacre**, mắ-sắ-kủr *v. a.* to butcher, to slaughter indiscriminately
- Massiness**, mắ-sẻ-nẻs. } *s.* weight; bulk,
- Massiveness**, mắ-sẻ-vẻnẻs. } ponderousness
- Massive**, mắ-sẻ-vẻ. } *a.* weighty, bulky
- Massy**, mắ-sẻ. } *a.* weighty, bulky
- Mast**, mắst. *s.* the beam or post raised above a vessel, to which the sail is fixed; the fruit of the oak and beech
- Master**, mắ'stủr. *s.* owner, proprietor; a ruler; chief commander; a teacher
- Master**, mắ'stủr. *v. a.* to conquer, to overcome
- Masterstroke**, mắ'stủr-stủrỏke. *s.* capital performance [subdued]
- Masterless**, mắ'stủr-lẻ. *a.* ungoverned, un-
- Masterly**, mắ'stủr-lẻ. *a.* artful, skilful
- Masterpiece**, mắ'stủr-pẻse. *s.* capital performance
- Mastership**, mắ'stủr-shẻp. *s.* rule, power; skill
- Mastery**, mắ'stủr-ẻ. *s.* rule; superiority; skill
- Mastication**, mắ-tẻ-kắ-shủn. *s.* the act of chewing [a kind of mortar]
- Masuch**, mắ'sủk. *s.* a sweet-scented gum; a
- Mastiff**, mắ'sủf. *s.* a large dog
- Mat**, mắt. *s.* a texture of sedge, flags, or rushes
- Mat**, mắt. *v. a.* to cover with mats; to join like a mat
- Matadore**, mắt-ỏ-dỏrẻ. *s.* a term used in the games of quadrille and ombre
- Match**, mắtsh. *s.* a contest; one equal to another; a marriage; a slip of wood tipped with brimstone [to suit; to marry]
- Match**, mắtsh. *v. a.* to be equal to; to equal
- Matchless**, mắtsh'ẻs. *a.* without an equal
- Matchlessness**, mắtsh'ẻs-nẻs. *s.* state of being without an equal
- Matchmaker**, mắtsh'mắ-kủr. *s.* one who contrives marriages; one who makes matches
- Mate**, mắte. *s.* a husband or wife; a companion; one that sails in the same ship; one that eats at the same table; the second in subordination [pose, to equal]
- Mate**, mắte. *v. a.* to match. to marry; to open
- Material**, mắ-tẻ-rẻ-ỏl. *a.* consisting of matter, corporeal; important [as matter]
- Materialize**, mắ-tẻ-rẻ-ỏl-ẻ. *v. a.* to regard
- Materials**, mắ-tẻ-rẻ-ỏl. *s.* the substance of which any thing is made
- Materialist**, mắ-tẻ-rẻ-ỏl-ỏst. *s.* one who denies spiritual substance [istence]
- Materiality**, mắ-tẻ-rẻ-ỏl-ẻ-tẻ. *s.* material existence
- Materially**, mắ-tẻ-rẻ-ỏl-ẻ. *ad.* importantly, essentially [material, importance]
- Materialness**, mắ-tẻ-rẻ-ỏl-nẻs. *s.* state of being
- Maternal**, mắ-tẻ-rẻ-nỏl. *a.* motherly, pertaining to a mother
- Mathematical**, mắth-ẻ-mắt'ẻ-kỏl. } *a.* accord
- Mathematick**, mắth-ẻ-mắt'ẻk. } ing to the doctrine of the mathematicians
- Mathematically**, mắth-ẻ-mắt'ẻ-kỏl-ẻ. *ad.* according to the laws of the mathematical sciences [versed in the mathematicks]
- Mathematician**, mắth-ẻ-mắ-tẻ-sủn. *s.* a man
- Mathematicks**, mắth-ẻ-mắ-tẻks. *s.* that science which contemplates whatever is capable of being numbered or measured [ing]
- Matin**, mắtủn. *a.* morning, used in the morning
- Matins**, mắtủn. *s.* morning worship
- Matrice**, mắ'tủs. *s.* the womb; a mould [er]
- Matricide**, mắ'tủrẻ-side. *s.* slaughter of a mother
- Matriculate**, mắ-trủk'ủ-lỏtẻ. *v. a.* to enter or admit to a membership of the universities of England [of matriculating]
- Matriculation**, mắ-trủk'ủ-lỏ-shủn. *s.* the act
- Matrimonial**, mắt-trẻ-mỏnẻ-ỏl. *a.* suitable to marriage, connubial [nuptial state]
- Matrimony**, mắ'tủrẻ-mủn-ẻ. *s.* marriage, the
- Matrix**, mắ'tủks. *s.* womb, a place where any thing is generated or formed
- Matron**, mắ'tủn. *s.* an elderly lady
- Matronly**, mắ'tủn-lẻ. *ad.* elderly, ancient
- Matross**, mắ-trỏs'. *s.* a soldier in the artillery
- Matter**, mắ'tủr. *s.* body, substance; subject affair; cause of disturbance; import; purulent running
- Matter**, mắ'tủr. *v. n.* to be of importance; to generate matter
- Mattock**, mắ'tủk. *s.* a pickaxe
- Mattress**, mắ'tủs. *s.* a kind of quilted bed
- Maturation**, mắtsh-ủ-rỏ-shủn. *s.* the act of ripening, the state of growing ripe
- Maturative**, mắtsh'ủ-rỏ-tủv. *a.* ripening
- Mature**, mắ-tủrẻ. *a.* ripe, perfect
- Mature**, mắ-tủrẻ. *v. a.* to ripen, to advance to ripeness [with counsel]
- Maturely**, mắ-tủrẻ-ẻ. *ad.* ripely completely

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât—mê, mêt—pline, pln—nô, nôve,

Maturity, m²-tû-rê-tê. *s.* ripeness, completion
 Maudlin, mâw'd'lin. *a.* drunk, fuddled
 Maugre, mâw'gûr. *ad.* in spite of, notwithstanding
 Maul, mâwl. *v. a.* to beat, to bruise [mur
 Maunder, mân'dûr. *v. a.* to grumble, to mur-
 Maundy-thursday, mâw'n'dê, or mân'dê-
 thûr'dâ. *s.* the Thursday before Good Fri-
 day [neral monument
 Mausoleum, mâw-sô-lê'ûm. *s.* a pompous tu-
 Maw, mâw. *s.* the stomach of animals
 Mawkish, mâw'k'ish. *a.* apt to offend the stom-
 ach [cause loathing
 Mawkishness, mâw'k'ish-nês. *s.* aptness to
 Maw-worm, mâw'wûrm. *s.* a worm in the
 stomach [jaw-bone
 Maxillary, mâks'li-lâr-ê. *a.* belonging to
 Maxim, mâks'im. *s.* an axiom, a general prin-
 ciple [permitted; to be possible
 May, mâ. *auxiliary verb, pret. might.* to be
 May, mâ. *s.* the fifth month of the year
 May, mâ. *v. n.* to gather flowers on May
 morning
 May-game, mâ'gâme. *s.* diversion, sport
 Mayor, mâ'ûr. *s.* the chief magistrate of a
 corporation [or
 Mayoralty, mâ'ûr-âl-tê. *s.* the office of a may-
 Mayoress, mâ'ûr-ês. *s.* the wife of a mayor
 Maze, mâze. *s.* a labyrinth; perplexity
 Maze, mâze. *v. a.* to bewilder; to confuse
 Me, mê. *the oblique case of I* [and honey
 Mead, mêde. *s.* a kind of drink made of water
 Mead, mêde. } *s.* a pasture ground, from
 Meadow, mê dô. } which hay is made
 Meager, mê'gûr. *a.* lean; hungry [of flesh
 Meagerness, mê'gûr-nês. *s.* leanness, want of
 Meal, mêle. *s.* a repast; the edible part of
 corn [meal
 Mealman, mêle'mân. *s.* one that deals in
 Mealy, mê'lê. *a.* having the taste of meal
 Mealy-mouthed, mê'lê-môûr'd. *a.* unable to
 speak freely
 Mean, mêne. *a.* base, despicable
 Mean, mêne. *s.* mediocrity, medium; inter-
 val; instrument
 Mean, mêne. *v. n.* to interd. to purpose
 Meander, mê-ân'dûr. *s.* maze, labyrinth
 Meander, mê-ân'dûr. *v. n.* to run winding
 Meandrous, mê-ân'drûs. *a.* winding, flexuous
 Meaning, mê'n'ing. *s.* purpose, intention

Meanly, mêne'lê. *ad.* poorly; ungenerously
 Meanness, mêne'nês. *s.* poverty; sordidness
 Meant, mêtnt. *pret. and part. pass. of to mean*
 Measles, mê'ziz. *s.* a kind of eruptive and
 infectious fever; a disease of swine and
 trees
 Measly, mê'zle. *a.* spotted with the measles
 Measurable, mêzh'ûr-â-bl. *a.* such as may be
 measured
 Measure, mêzh'ûre. *s.* that by which any
 thing is measured: proportion. degree;
 proportionate time; moderation; limit;
 metre [through; to adjust; to mark out
 Measure, mêzh'ûre. *v. a.* to compute; to pass
 Measureless, mêzh'ûr-lês. *a.* immense, im-
 measurable
 Measurement, mezh'ûr-mêtnt. *s.* mensuration
 Measurer, mêzh'ûr-ûr. *s.* one that measures
 Meat, mête. *s.* flesh to be eaten; food in gen-
 eral
 Mechanical, me-kan-ê-ka. } *a.* mean, ser-
 vile; skilled in mechanicks [low workman
 Mechanick, mê-kân'nik. }
 Mechanick, mê-kân'nik. *s.* a manufacturer, a
 Mechanicks, mê-kân'niks. *s.* the geometry of
 motion [to the laws of mechanick
 Mechanically, mê-kân'ne-kâl-ê. *ad.* according
 Mechanism, mêk'â-nizm. *s.* construction of
 parts depending on each other
 Medal, mêd'dâl. *s.* an ancient coin; a piece
 stamped in honour of some remarkable per-
 formance [als
 Medallick, mê-dâl'lik. *a.* pertaining to med-
 Medallion, mêd'dâl'yûn. *s.* a large medal
 Medallist, mêd'dâl-ist. *s.* a man curious in
 medals [pose
 Meddle, mêd'dl. *v. n.* to have to do; to inter-
 Meddler, mêd'dl-ûr. *s.* one who busies him-
 self with things in which he has no concern
 Meddlesome, mêd'dl-sûm. *a.* intermeddling
 Mediate, mê-dê-âte. *v. n.* to interpose as an
 equal friend to both parties
 Mediate, mê-dê-âte. *a.* interposed, interven-
 ing [entreaty for another
 Mediation, mê-dê-â-shân. *s.* interposition;
 Mediator, mê-dê-â-tûr. *s.* one that intervenes
 between two parties; an intercessor
 Mediatorial, mê-dê-â-tô-rê-âl. }
 Mediatory, mê-dê-â-tûr-ê. } *a.* belonging
 to a mediator

nôr, nôl—tâbe, tâb, bâ!—ôl—pôand—thin, ruis.

Mediatorship, mê-dê-â'tâ-shîp. <i>s.</i> the office of a mediator	Mellifluent, mêl-lî'f'flû-ênt. } flowing with
Mediatix, mê-dê-â'trîks. <i>s.</i> a female mediator	Mellifuous, mêl-lî'f'fû-ûs. } a. honey
Medical, mêd'ê-kâl. <i>a.</i> physical	Mellow, mêl'lo. <i>a.</i> soft with ripeness; drunk
Medically, mêd'ê-kâi-ê. <i>ad.</i> physically	Mellowness, mêl'lo-nês. <i>s.</i> ripeness, softness by maturity
Medicament, mêd'ê-kâ-mênt. <i>s.</i> any thing used in healing	Melodious, mê-lô'dê-ûs. <i>a.</i> musical, harmoni-
Medicate, mêd'ê-kâte. <i>v. a.</i> to tincture with	Melodiously, mê-lô'dê-ûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> musically
Medicinal, mê-dîs'ê-nâl. <i>a.</i> having physical virtue	Melodiousness, mê-lô'dê-ûs-nês. <i>s.</i> harmoni- cussness
Medicinally, mê-dîs'ê-nâl-lê. <i>ad.</i> physically	Melody, mêl'lo-dê. <i>s.</i> musick, harmony &
Medicine, mêd'dê-sîn. <i>s.</i> any remedy, adminis- tered by a physician	Melon, mêl'lûn. <i>s.</i> a plant; a fruit
Mediocrity, mê-dê-ôk'rê-tê. <i>s.</i> small degree,	Melt, mêlt. <i>v. a.</i> to dissolve; to soften to love or tenderness
Meditate, mêd'ê-tâte. <i>v. a.</i> to plan, to con- trive, to think on	Member, mêmbâr. <i>s.</i> a limb, a part
Meditation, mêd-ê-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> deep thought,	Membrane, mêmb'râne. <i>s.</i> a web of several sorts of fibres interwoven
Meditative, mêd'ê-tâ-tîv. <i>a.</i> addicted to medi- tration	Membraneous, mêmb-brânê-ûs. } a. consist- ing of membranes
Mediterranean, mêd-ê-têr-râ-ne-ân. } a.en-	Membranous, mêmb'brân-ûs. } a. consist- ing of membranes
Mediterraneous, mêd-ê-têr-râ-nê-ûs. } a.en-	Memento, mê-mên'tô. <i>s.</i> a hint to awaken the
circled with land; inland	Memoir, mê-môîr'. <i>s.</i> an account of any thing
Medium, mê-dê-ûm, or mê'jê-ûm. <i>s.</i> any thing intervening; middle place or degree	Memorable, mêm'mâr-â-bl. <i>a.</i> worthy of memory
Medlar, mêd'lâr. <i>s.</i> a tree and its fruit	Memoranduim, mêm-inô-rân'dûm. <i>s.</i> a note to
Medley, mêd'lê. <i>s.</i> a mixture	Memorial, mê-inô'rê-âl. <i>s.</i> something to pre- serve memory; a written act containing a
Medley, mêd'lê. <i>a.</i> mingled, confused	claim, remonstrance, or petition
Medullar, mê-dûl'lâr. <i>a.</i> pertaining to the	Memorialist, mê-mô'rê-âl-îst. <i>s.</i> one who writes memoirs
Meed, mêéd. <i>s.</i> reward; gift	Memory, mêm'mûr-ê. <i>s.</i> the power of retain- ing or recollecting things past, recollection
Meek, mêék. <i>a.</i> mild of temper	Men, mên. <i>s.</i> the plural of man
Meekly, mêék'lê. <i>ad.</i> mildly, gently	Menace, mên'nâse. <i>v. a.</i> to threaten
Meekness, mêék'nês. <i>s.</i> gentleness, mildness	Menace, mên'nâse. <i>s.</i> a threat
Meer, mêere. <i>s.</i> a lake, a boundary	Menage, mê-nâzhê'. <i>s.</i> a collection of animals
Meet, mêét. <i>a.</i> fit, proper	Menagerie, mê-nâzhê-ûr-ê'. <i>s.</i> a place for keeping foreign birds, and other curious animals
Meet, mêét. <i>v. a.</i> to come face to face, to en-	Mend, mênd. <i>v. a.</i> to repair; to correct; to
Meeting, mêét'îng. <i>s.</i> an assembly, a conven-	Mendacity, mên-dâs'sê-tê. <i>s.</i> falsehood
Meety, mêét'lê. <i>ad.</i> fitly, properly	Mendicancy, mên'dê-kân-sê. <i>s.</i> beggary
Meetness, mêét'nês. <i>s.</i> fitness, propriety	Mendicant, mên'dê-kânt. <i>a.</i> begging
Megrim, mê-grîm. <i>s.</i> disorder of the head	Mendicant, mên'dê-kânt. <i>s.</i> a beggar
Melancholy, mêl'ân-kôl-ê. <i>s.</i> sadness; a kind of madness	Mendicate, mên'dê-kâte. <i>v. a.</i> to beg, to ask
Melancholy, mêl'ân-kôl-ê. <i>a.</i> gloomy; diseased	Menial, mê-nê-âl. <i>a.</i> belonging to the retin- ue of servants
Meliorate, mê-lê-ô-râte. <i>v. a.</i> to better, to improve	Menology, mê-nô'lô-jê. <i>s.</i> a register of months
Melioration, mê-lê-ô-râ'shûn. <i>s.</i> improvement	Mensal, mên'sâl. <i>a.</i> belonging to the table
Melliferous, mêl-lî'f'fêr-ûs. <i>a.</i> productive of honey	Menstrual, mêns'strû-âl. <i>a.</i> monthly
Mellification, mêi-lê-fê-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the art or	Menstruous, mêns'strû-ûs. <i>a.</i> having the cat-
Mellifluence, mêl-lî'f'flû-ênce. <i>s.</i> a honeyed flow, a flow of sweetness	

Fâte, fâr, fâll. fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nô, uôva,

Menstruum, mên-strô-ûm. s. a liquor used as a solvent, or to extract the virtues of ingredients by infusion or decoction	Merriment, mêt-rê-mênt. s. mirth
Mensurability, mên-shû-râ-bil'ê-tê. s. capacity of being measured	Merry, mêt-rê. a. laughing, gay
Mensurable, mên-shû-râ-bl. a. measurable	Merry-andrew, mêt-rê-ân-drôô. z. a buffoon
Mensuration, mên-shû-râ'shûn. s. the art or practice of measuring	Merry-thought, mêt-rê-thâwt. s. a forked bone on the body of fowls
Mental, mên'tâl. a. intellectual	Mersion, mêt'shûn. s. the act of sinking
Mentally, mên'tâl-ê. ad. intellectually	Meseems, mêt-sêem'. <i>impersonal verb.</i> I think, it appears to me [of a poet
Mention, mên'shûn. s. oral or written expression [or writing	Mesh, mêsh. s. the space between the threads
Mention, mên'shûn. v. a. to express in words	Meshy, mêsh'ê. a. reticulated, of net-work
Mephitick, mêt-fl'ik. a. ill-savoured; stinking	Meslin, mêt'lin. s. mixed corn, as wheat and rye [lar set who eat together
Mercantile, mêt-kân-tl. a. trading, commercial	Mess, mêt. r. n. to eat, to feed together
Mercenary, mêt-sê-nâ-rê. a. venal, hired	Message, mêt'sldje. s. an errand [an errand
Mercenary, mêt-sê-nâ-rê. s. a hireling	Messenger, mêt-sên-jâr. s. one who carries
Mercer, mêt'sûr. s. one who sells silks	Messiah, mêt-si'â. s. the Anointed, the Christ
Mercery, mêt'sûr-ê. s. trade of mercers	Messieurs, mêtsh-shôôrz'. s. sirs, gentlemen
Merchandise, mêt'tshân-dize. s. traffick, commerce; wares [to traffick	Messmate, mêt'mâte. s. one of a set who meet together
Merchandise, mêt'tshân-dize. v. a. to trade,	Messuage, mêt'swâdje. s. the house and ground set apart for household uses
Merchant, mêt'tshânt. s. one who trafficks to remote countries [trade	Met, mêt. <i>pret.</i> and <i>part. of meet</i>
Merchantman, mêt'tshânt-mân. s. a ship of	Metal, mêt'tl. s. a hard compact body, malleably and capable of fusion
Merciful, mêt-sê-fûl. a. compassionate, tender	Metaline, mêt'tâl-line. a. impregnated with metal; consisting of metal
Mercifully, mêt-sê-fûl-lê. ad. tenderly, mildly	Metallist, mêt'tâl-list. s. a worker in metals
Mercifulness, mêt-sê-fûl-nês. s. tenderness, willingness to spare [less	Metalurgy, mêt'tâl-lur-jê. s. the art of working metals [the form
Merciless, mêt-sê-lês. a. void of mercy, pitiless	Metamorphese, mêt-tâ-môr'fûs. v. a. to change
Mercilessness, mêt-sê-lês-nês. s. want of pity	Metamorphosis, mêt-tâ-môr'fô-sis. s. transformation
Mercurial, mêt-kû-rê-âl. a. sprightly; consisting of quicksilver	Metaphor, mêt'tâ-fûr. s. the application of a word to a use, to which, in its original import, it cannot be put [figurative
Mercury, mêt-kû-rê. s. quicksilver; sprightly qualities; a planet; a newspaper [tion	Metaphorical, mêt-tâ-fôr'ê-kâl. a. not literal
Mercy, mêt'sê. s. clemency, pardon; discretion, mêt. a. that or this only	Metaphrase, mêt'tâ-frâze. s. a verbal translation [lar or
Mere'y, mêt'rê. ad. simply, only	Metaphrast, mêt'tâ-frâst. s. a literal translator
Meretricious, mêt-rê-trîsh'ûs. a. whorish; alluring by false show	Metaphysical, mêt-tâ-flîz'ê-kâl. a. versed in metaphysics, relating to metaphysics
Meridian, mêt-rîd'ê-ân, or mêt-rîd'jê-ân. s. noon, mid-day; the line drawn from north to south which the sun crosses at noon	Metaphysics, mêt-tâ-flîz'iks. s. ontology, the doctrine of the general affections of beings [removal
Meridional, mêt-rîd'ê-ô-nâl. a. southern	Metastasis, mêt-tâs'tâ-sis. s. translation or
Merit, mêt'it. s. desert; claim [reward	Metathesis, mêt-tâth'ê-sis. s. a transposition
Merit, mêt'it. v. a. to deserve	Mete, mêt. v. a. to measure
Meritorious, mêt-rê-tô-rê-ûs. a. deserving of	Metempsychosis, mêt-têmp-sê-kô'sis. s. transmigration of souls
Merlin, mêt'lin. s. a kind of hawk	
Mermaid, mêt'mâde. s. a seamstress	
Merrily, mêt-rê-lê. ad. gaily, cheerfully	

- Meteor, mē'tē-ūr. *s.* any body in the air or sky that is of a transitory nature
- Meteorological, mē-tē-ō-rō-lôd'jē-kâl. *a.* relating to meteors
- Meteorology, mē-tē-ō-rô'l'ô-jē. *s.* the doctrine of meteors
- Meter, mē'târ. *s.* a measurer
- Methaglin, mē-thēg'lin. *s.* drink made of honey boiled with water and fermented
- Methinks, mē-th'inks'. *verb impersonal.* I think, it seems to me
- Method, mēth'ôd. *s.* the placing of several things, or performing several operations, in the most convenient order
- Methodical, mē-thôd'ê-kâl. *a.* ranged or proceeding in due order [to method and order]
- Methodically, mē-thôd'ê-kâl-ê. *ad.* according
- Methodise, mēth'ô-dîze. *v. a.* to regulate
- Methodist, mēth'ô-dîst. *s.* a religious sect, divided into parties
- Met'hought, mē-thâwt'. *pre. of methinks*
- Metonymy, mē-tôn'ê-mê. *s.* a rhetorical figure, by which one word is put for another
- Metoposcopy, mēt-tô-pô's'kô-pê. *s.* the study of physiognomy
- Mètre, mē'tēr. *s.* speech confined to a certain number and harmonick disposition of syllables [or numbers]
- Metrical, mēt'trê-kâl. *a.* pertaining to metre
- Metropolis, mē-trôp'pô-lîs. *s.* the chief city of any country or district [bishop]
- Metropolitian, mēt-trô-pô'l'ê-tân. *s.* an archbishop
- Metropolitan, mēt-trô-pô'l'ê-tân. *a.* belonging to a metropolis
- Mettle, mēt'tl. *s.* spirit, courage
- Mettled, mēt'tld. *a.* courageous
- Mettlesome, mēt'tl-sâm. *a.* lively, brisk
- Mew, mù. *s.* a cage, an enclosure
- Mewl, mûle. *v. n.* to squall as a child
- Mezzotinto, mēt-sô-tîn'tô. *s.* a kind of graving
- Mice, mîse. *s.* the plural of mouse
- Michaelmas, mîk'kêl-mâs. *s.* the feast of the archangel Michael
- Micher, mîtsb'ûr. *s.* a lazy loiterer [man]
- Microcosm, mî'krô-kôzm. *s.* the little world;
- Micrography, mî-krôg'râ-fê. *s.* description of the parts of such objects as are discernible only with a microscope
- Micrometer, mî-krôm'mê-tûr. *s.* an instrument to measure small space
- Microscope, mî'krô-skôpe. *s.* an optick instrument for viewing small objects
- Microscopick, mî-krô-skôp'pîk. *a.* assisted by or resembling a microscope
- Mid, mîd. *a.* middle
- Mid-day, mîd'dâ. *s.* noon [two extremes]
- Middle, mîd'dl. *a.* equally distant from the
- Middle, mîd'dl. *s.* part equally distant from two extremities [of life]
- Middle-aged, mîd'dl-âdj. *a.* about the middle
- Middlemost, mîd'dî-môst. *a.* being in the middle [moderate size]
- Middling, mîd'ling. *a.* of middle rank; of
- Midland, mîd'lând. *a.* in the midst of the land
- Mid-heaven, mîd'hêv'vn. *s.* the middle of the
- Midleg, mîd'lêg. *s.* middle of the leg [sky]
- Midmost, mîd'môst. *a.* the middle
- Midnight, mîd'nîte. *s.* the depth of night
- Midriff, mîd'drif. *s.* the diaphragm
- Midshipman, mîd'shîp-mân. *s.* a lower officer
- Midst, mîdst. *s.* middle [on board a ship]
- Midst, mîdst. *a.* being in the middle [solstice]
- Midsummer, mîd'sâm-mûr. *s.* the summer
- Midway, mîd'wâ. *s.* the part of the way equally distant from the beginning and end
- Midwife, mîd'wîfe. *s.* a woman who assists women in childbirth
- Midwifery, mîd'wîf-rê. *s.* trade of a midwife
- Mien, mêne. *s.* air, look, manner
- Might, mîte. *the pret. of May*
- Might, mîte. *s.* power, strength
- Mightily, mî'tê-lê. *ad.* powerfully, efficaciously [height of dignity]
- Mightiness, mî'tê-nês. *s.* power, greatness,
- Mighty, mî'tê. *a.* powerful
- Mighty, mî'tê. *ad.* in a great degree [place]
- Migration, mî-grâ'shân. *s.* act of changing
- Milch, mîlsh. *a.* giving milk
- Mild, mîld. *a.* kind, tender; gentle; mellow
- Mildew, mîl'dû. *s.* a disease in plants
- Mildew, mîl'dû. *v. a.* to taint with mildew
- Mildly, mîld'lê. *ad.* tenderly [clemency]
- Mildness, mîld'nês. *s.* gentleness, tenderness,
- Mile, mîle. *s.* a land-measure of 1760 yards
- Milestone, mîle'stôue. *s.* stone set to mark the miles
- Miliary, mîl'yâ-rê. *a.* small, resembling millet-seed [warfare]
- Militant, mîl'lê-tânt. *a.* fighting; engaged in
- Military, mîl'lê-tâ-rê. *a.* soldierly; warlike

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fat—mê, mêt—pine, pin—nò, môve,

Militia, mil-lîsh'yâ. s. the trainbands, the standing force of a nation	Mince, minse. v. a. to cut small
Milk, milk. s. the liquor with which animals feed their young; emulsion made by contusion of seeds	Mince, minse. v. n. to walk nicely by short steps; to speak small and imperfectly
Milk, mil'k. v. a. to draw milk from the breast; [to suck	Mincingly, min'sing-lê. ad. in small parts
Milken, milk'kn. a. consisting of milk	Mind, mind. s. intelligent power; choice; opinion; memory [remind
Milkiness, milk'ê-nês. s. softness like that of milk [in the dairy	Mind, mind. v. a. to mark, to attend; to re
Milkmaid, milk'mâde. s. a woman employed	Minded, mind'êd. a. disposed
Milkman, milk'mân. s. a man who sells milk	Mindful, mind'fûl. a. attentive [guard
Milkscore, milk'skôre. s. account of milk owed for, a petty sum	Mindfulness, mind'fûl-i. s. s. attention, re-
Milksop, milk'sôp. s. a soft, effeminate man	Mindless, mind'lês. a. inattentive, regardless
Milkwhite, milk'white. a. white as milk	Mine, mine. pron. possessive. belonging to me
Milkwoman, milk'wôm-mân. s. a woman whose business is to serve families with milk [milk	Mine, mine. s. a cavern which contains metals or minerals
Mil'ky, milk'ê. a. made of milk; resembling	Mine, mine. v. n. to dig mines or burrows
Milky-way, milk-ê-wâ'. s. the galaxy	Mine, mine. v. a. to sap, to ruin by mines
Mill, mil. s. an engine to grind with	Miner, mine'ûr. s. one that digs for metals; one who makes military mines
Mill, mil. v. a. to grind; to beat up	Mineral, min'nêr-âl. s. matter dug out of mines
Millenarian, n li-lê-nâ-rê-ân. s. one who expects the millennium [thousand	Mineral, min'nêr-âl. a. consisting of fossil bodies [minerals
Millenary, mil'lê-nâ-rê. a. consisting of a	Mineralist, min'nêr-âl-îst. s. one skilled in
Millennium, mil-lên'nê-ûm. s. a thousand years; generally taken for the thousand years, during which, some expect our Blessed Saviour shall reign upon earth after the resurrection	Mineralogy, min'nêr-âl'lo-je. s. the doctrine of minerals [pound
Millepedes, mil'lê-pêdz. s. woodlice, so called from their numerous feet	Mingle, ming'gl. v. a. to mix, to join, to combine
Miller, mil'lâr. s. one who attends a mill	Mingle, ming'gl. s. mixture [small compass
Millesimal, mil-lês'sé-mâl. a. thousandth	Miniature, min'ê-tûre. s. representation. a
Millet, mil'lît. s. a plant; a kind of fish	Minikin, min'nê-kin. a. small, diminutive
Milliner, mil'lin-nûr. s. one who makes head-dresses, &c. for women [milliner	Minim, min'ûm. s. a small being, a dwarf
Millinery, mil'lin-nûr-ê. s. goods sold by a	Minion, min'yûn. s. a favourite, a low dependant [of state or the church
Million, mil'yûn. s. the number of ten hundred thousand [corn is ground	Minister, min'nîs-târ. s. an agent; an officer
Millstone, mil'stôn. s. the stone by which	Minister, min'nîs-târ. v. a. to give, to supply, to afford [office; to give assistance
Milt, milit. s. the sperm of the male fish	Minister, min'nîs-târ. v. n. to serve in any
Milter, mil'târ. s. the male of any fish	Ministerial, min'nîs-têr-âl. a. acting under superior authority, sacerdotal; pertaining to ministers of state
Minætic, mê-mêt'ik. a. having a tendency to imitation	Ministration, min-nîs-trâ'shûn. s. agency; office, ecclesiastical function
Mimical, mim'ê-kâl. a. imitative [itator	Ministry, min'nîs-trê. s. office, service; persons employed in the publick affairs of state
Mimick, mim'nîk. s. a ludicrous servile imitation	Minium, min'yûm. s. vermilion, red lead
Mimick, mim'nîk. v. a. to imitate, to ridicule by burlesque imitation	Minor, min'nûr. a. petty; less
Mimickry, mim'nîk-rê. s. burlesque imitation	Minor, min'nûr. s. one under age
	Minority, mê-nôr-ê-tê. s. the state of being underage; the smaller number
	Minotaur, min'nô-tâwr. s. a fabulous monster, half man and half bull
	Minster, min'stûr. s. a monastery

nôr, nôr—tâbe, tâb, bôll—ôll—pôund—tâm, tms.

Minstrel, mîn'strîl. *s.* a musician
 Minstrelsey, mîn'strêl'sè. *s.* music
 Mint, mînt. *s.* a plant, the place where money is coined; any place of invention
 Mortgage, mînt'ldje. *s.* duty paid for coining
 Minuet, mîn'nû-îl. *s.* a stately regular dance
 Minum, mîn'nûm. *s.* with musicians, a note of slow time
 Minute, mê-nûte'. *a.* small, slender
 Minute, mîn'nîl. *s.* the sixtieth part of an hour; the first draught of any agreement in writing
 Minute, mîn'nîl. *v. a.* to set down in short
 Minutely, mê-nûte'lè. *ad.* exactly [hints
 Minuteress, mê-nûte'nès. *s.* smallness, inconsiderableness [any thing
 Minutia, mê-nû'shè-â. *s.* the smallest part of
 Mix, mîngks. *s.* a young, pert, wanton girl
 Miracle, mîr'â-kl. *s.* a wonder, something above human power
 Miraculous, mê-râk'kû-lûs. *a.* done by miracle
 Miraculousness, mê-râk'kû-lûs-nès. *s.* superiority to natural power
 Mire, mîre. *s.* mud, dirt
 Mirror, mîr'rûr. *s.* a looking-glass
 Mirth, mêrth. *s.* merriment, jollity
 Mirthful, mêrth'fûl. *a.* merry, gay
 Miry, mîrè. *a.* deep in mud
 Misadventure, mîs-âd-vên'tshûre. *s.* mischance, ill luck; manslaughter
 Misadvised, mîs-âd-vîzd'. *a.* ill directed
 Misaimed, mîs-âmd'. *a.* not aimed rightly
 Misanthrope, mîs'ân-thrôpe. *s.* a hater of mankind [mankind
 Misanthropy, mîs-ân'thrô-pè. *s.* hatred of
 Misapplication, mîs-âp-plè-kâ'shûn. *s.* application to a wrong purpose [purposes
 Misapply, mîs-âp-plî. *v. a.* to apply to wrong
 Misapprehend, mîs-âp-prè-hènd'. *v. a.* not to understand rightly [take
 Misapprehension, mîs-âp-prè-hèn'shûn. *s.* mis-
 Misbecome, mîs-bé-kûm'. *v. a.* to be unseemly, not to suit [gotten
 Misbegotten, mîs-bè-gôt'tn. *a.* unlawfully be-
 Misbehave, mîs-bè-hâvé'. *v. n.* to act improperly [bad practice
 Misbehaviour, mîs-bè-hâvé'yûr. *s.* ill conduct,
 Misbelief, mîs-bè-lèéf. *s.* a wrong belief
 Miscalculate, mîs-kâl'kû-lâte. *v. a.* to reckon

wrong

Miscall, mîs-kâw'l'. *v. a.* to name improperly
 Miscarriage, mîs-kâr'ridje. *s.* abortion; failure [abortion
 Miscarry, mîs-kâr'rè. *v. a.* to fail; to have an
 Miscellaneous, mîs-sèl-là-nè-ûs. *a.* mingled, composed of various kinds
 Miscellany, mîs'sèl-lèn-è. *s.* a mass or collection of various kind
 Mischance, mîs-tshânse'. *s.* ill luck, ill fortune
 Mischief, mîs'tshîf. *s.* harm, hurt
 Mischief, mîs'tshîf. *v. a.* to hurt, to injure
 Mischiefmaker, mîs'tshîf-mâ-kâr. *s.* one who causes mischief [cious
 Mischievous, mîs'tshé-vûs. *a.* harmful; mali-
 Mischievously, mîs'tshé-vûs-lè. *ad.* hurtfully, wickedly
 Miscible, mîs'sè-bl. *a.* possible to be mingled
 Miscitation, mîs-sî-tâ'shûn. *s.* unfair or false quotation
 Misclaim, mîs-klâmé'. *s.* mistaken claim
 Misconception, mîs-kôn-sèp'shûn. *s.* a wrong notion [management
 Misconduct, mîs-kôn-dûkt. *s.* ill behaviour, ill
 Misconstruction, mîs-kôn-strûk'shûn. *s.* wrong interpretation [wrong
 Misconstrue, mîs-kôn'strû. *v. a.* to interpret
 Miscreance, mîs'krè-âuse. *s.* unbelief, false faith [false faith; a vile wretch
 Miscreant, mîs'krè-ânt. *s.* one that holds a
 Misdeed, mîs-dééd'. *s.* evil action
 Misdeem, mîs-déém'. *v. a.* to judge ill of
 Misdemean, mîs-dè-mèné'. *v. a.* to behave ill
 Misdemeanor, mîs-dè-mè'nûr. *s.* a petty of-
 Misdo, mîs-dôô'. *v. a.* to do wrong [fence
 Misdoubt, mîs-dôô't'. *v. a.* to suspect
 Misdoubt, mîs-dôô't'. *s.* suspicion, irresolution
 Misemploy, mîs-èm-plôé'. *v. a.* to use to wrong purposes
 Miser, mîzûr. *s.* a wretch covetous to extremity
 Miserable, mîzûr-â-bl. *a.* unhappy, stingy
 Miserableness, mîzûr-â-bl-nès. *s.* state of misery [ity, misfortune
 Misery, mîzûr-è. *s.* wretchedness; calamity
 Misfortune, mîs-fôr'tshûne. *s.* calamity, ill
 Misgive, mîs-gîv'. *v. a.* to fill with doubt [luck
 Misguidance, mîs-gyl'dânse. *s.* false direction
 Misguide, mîs-gylde'. *v. a.* to direct ill
 Mishap, mîs-hâp'. *s.* ill chance, ill luck
 Misinfer, mîs-îr-fèr'. *v. a.* to infer wrongly

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—iné, mêt—plne, plu—nô, môve,

Misinform, mis-în-fôr'm'. v. a. to deceive by false accounts [to a wrong sense]	Missionary, mis'hân-nâr-ré. s. one sent to propagate religion
Misinterpret, mis-în-têr'prêt. v. a. to explain	Missive, mis'siv. a. such as may be sent
Misjoin, mis-jôin'. v. a. to join unfitly or improperly	Misspeak, mis-spêke'. v. a. to speak wrong
Misjudge, mis-jûd'je'. v. a. to judge ill	Mist, mist. s. a low thin cloud, a small thin rain [pour or steam]
Mislay, mis-lâ'. v. a. to lay in a wrong place	Mist, mist. v. a. to cloud, to cover with va
Mislead, mis-lêde'. v. a. to guide a wrong way	Mistake, mis-tâke'. v. a. to conceive wrong
Mislike, mis-like'. v. a. to disapprove	Mistake, mis-tâke'. v. n. to err
Mislike, mis-like'. s. disapprobation	Mistake, mis-tâke'. s. misconception, error
Mismanage, mis-mân'ldje. v. a. to manage ill	Misstate, mis-stâte'. v. a. to state wrong
Mismanagement, mis-mân'ldje-mênt. s. ill management, ill conduct [ably]	Misteach, mis-têtsh'. v. a. to teach wrong
Mismatch, mis-mâtsh'. v. a. to match unsuit	Mistern, mis-têrn'. v. a. to term erroneously
Misname, mis-nâmé'. v. a. to call by the wrong name [a wrong name]	Mistime, mis-tîme'. v. a. not to time right
Misnomer, mis-nô'mûr. s. an indictment by a	Mistiness, mis'tè-nês. s. cloudiness, state of being overcast
Misobserve, mis-ôb-zêrv'. v. a. not to observe accurately [hater]	Mistletoe, mis'z'l-tô. s. a plant
Misogamist, mê-sôg'gâ-mist. s. a marriage-	Mistook, mis-tôok'. part. pass. of mistake
Misogyny, mê-sôd'jê-nê. s. hatred of women	Mistress, mis'tris. s. a woman who governs; a woman teacher; a concubine
Mispend, mis-spênd'. v. a. to spend ill, to waste [place]	Mistrust, mis-trûst'. v. a. to suspect, to doubt
Misplace, mis-plâse'. v. a. to put in a wrong	Mistrustful, mis-trûst'fûl. a. diffident, doubting [doubt]
Misprise, mis-prize'. v. a. to mistake	Mistrustfulness, mis-trûst'fûl-nês. s. diffidence,
Misprision, mis-prîzh'ûn. s. mistake, misconception; concealment	Mistrustless, mis-trûst'lês. a. confident, unsuspecting
Misquote, mis-kwôte'. v. a. to quote falsely	Misty, mis'té. a. clouded, obscure [conceal]
Misrecite, mis-rê-sîte'. v. a. to recite not according to the truth	Misunderstand, mis-ûn-dûr-stand'. v. a. to misunderstand
Misreckon, mis-rêk'kn. v. a. to reckon wrong	Misunderstanding, mis-ûn-dûr-stand'ing. s. disagreement; misconception
Misrelate, mis-rê-lâte'. v. a. to relate inaccurately	Misusage, mis-ûz'ldje. s. abuse, ill use
Misreport, mis-rê-pôrt'. s. false account	Misuse, mis-ûze'. v. a. to treat improperly, to abuse
Misrepresent, mis-rêp-prê-zênt'. v. a. to represent not as it is	Mite, mite. s. a small insect [abuse]
Misrepresentation, mis-rêp-prê-zênt-tâ'zhûn. s. the act of misrepresenting; account maliciously false	Mitigate, mis'té-gâté. v. a. to soften; to alleviate
Misrule, mis-rôol'. s. tumult, confusion	Mitigation, mit-tê-gâ'shûn. s. abatement
Miss, mis. s. the term of honour to a young girl or unmarried woman; a concubine; loss, error	Mitre, mis'târ. s. a kind of episcopal crown
Miss, mis. v. a. not to hit; to fail; to omit	Mittens, mis'tluz. s. gloves without fingers
Misseeem, mis-sêém'. v. n. to make false appearance; to misbecome [form]	Mittimus, mis'té-mûs. s. a warrant to commit an offender to prison
Misshape, mis-shâpe'. v. a. to shape ill, to deform	Mix, mis. v. a. to unite; to mingle
Missile, mis'sil. a. thrown by the hand	Mixture, mis'kshûre. s. the act of mixing a mass formed by mingled ingredients
Mission, mis'hân. s. commission; persons sent on any account	Mizzer, mis'zn. s. a mast in the stern of a ship
	Moan, mône. v. a. to lament
	Moan, mône. s. audible sorrow
	Moat, môte. s. a canal round a house
	Mob, môb. s. a crowd; a kind of head-dress

nờ, nôt—tậ, tậ, bắ, bắ—đồ—đồ d—thin, THIS.

Mob, mỗb. <i>v. a.</i> to harass or overbear by tumult	Moistness, mỗist'nẻs. <i>s.</i> dampness	{liquid
Mobility, mỗ-bll'ẻ-tẻ. <i>s.</i> nimbleness, activity	Moisture, mỗis'tshẻ. <i>s.</i> small quantity of	
Mock, mỗk. <i>v. a.</i> to deride; to mimic; to elude	Mole, mỗle. <i>s.</i> a false conception; a natural spot; a mound; a small animal	{thing
Mock, mỗk. <i>s.</i> act of contempt, sneer; mimicry	Molecule, mỗl'ẻ-kẻle. <i>s.</i> a small part of any	
Mock, mỗk. <i>a.</i> counterfeit	Molehill, mỗle'hẻll. <i>s.</i> a hillock thrown up by a mole	
Mockery, mỗk'kẻr-ẻ. <i>s.</i> derision; sportive immodesty	Molest, mỗ-lẻst'. <i>v. a.</i> to disturb, to trouble	
Modai, mỗd'ẻdẻ. <i>a.</i> relating to the form or mode	Molestation, mỗl-ẻs-tẻ'shẻn. <i>s.</i> disturbance	
Mode, mỗde. <i>s.</i> form; fashion	Mollient, mỗl'yẻnt. <i>a.</i> softening	{ened
Model, mỗd'ẻl. <i>s.</i> a representation; a copy	Mollifiable, mỗl'ẻ-rẻ-ẻ-blẻ. <i>a.</i> that may be softened	
Model, mỗd'ẻl. <i>v. a.</i> to plan, to shape	Mollify, mỗlẻ-flẻ. <i>v. a.</i> to soften; to assuage	
Modeler, mỗd'ẻl-lẻr. <i>s.</i> planer, contriver	Molten, mỗl'tẻ. <i>part. pass.</i> from melt	
Moderate, mỗd'ẻdẻ-ẻtẻ. <i>a.</i> temperate of the middle rate	Molasses, mỗ-lẻs'ẻz. <i>s.</i> treacle, the scum of the juice of the sugar-cane	
Moderate, mỗd'ẻdẻ-ẻtẻ. <i>v. a.</i> to regulate	Moment, mỗmẻnt. <i>s.</i> importance, value; an indivisible particle of time	
Moderately, mỗd'ẻdẻ-ẻtẻ-lẻ. <i>ad.</i> temperately, mildly	Momentary, mỗmẻn-tẻ-rẻ. <i>a.</i> lasting for a moment, done in a moment	
Moderation, mỗd'ẻdẻ-ẻshẻn. <i>s.</i> forbearance	Momentous, mỗ-mẻn'ẻtẻ. <i>a.</i> important, weighty	
Moderator, mỗd'ẻdẻ-ẻtẻr. <i>s.</i> one who presides in a disputation	Monachal, mỗn'ẻnẻ-kẻl. <i>a.</i> monastick	
Modern, mỗd'ẻdẻn. <i>a.</i> late, recent	Monachism, mỗn'ẻnẻ-kẻlẻm. <i>s.</i> monastic life	
Moderns, mỗd'ẻdẻnẻ. <i>s.</i> those who have lived lately, opposed to the ancients	Monarch, mỗn'ẻnẻkẻ. <i>s.</i> a king	
Modernize, mỗd'ẻdẻn-nẻze. <i>v. a.</i> to adapt ancient compositions to modern persons or things	Monarchal, mỗ-nẻnẻ'ẻkẻl. <i>a.</i> regal, princely	
Modernness, mỗd'ẻdẻn-nẻs. <i>s.</i> novelty	Monarchical, mỗn'ẻnẻ'ẻkẻ-kẻl. <i>a.</i> vested in a single ruler	
Modest, mỗd'ẻdẻst. <i>a.</i> diffident, chaste	Monarchy, mỗn'ẻnẻ-kẻẻ. <i>s.</i> the government of a single person; kingdom	
Modestly, mỗd'ẻdẻst'ẻẻ. <i>ad.</i> humbly, chastely	Monastery, mỗn'ẻnẻ-strẻ, or mỗn'ẻnẻ-tẻr-rẻẻ. <i>s.</i> house of religious retirement	
Modesty, mỗd'ẻdẻs-tẻẻ. <i>s.</i> decency; chastity, purity	Monastick, mỗ-nẻs'ẻtẻkẻ. } religiously re-	
Modicum, mỗd'ẻdẻ-kẻm. <i>s.</i> small portion, pit-	Monastical, mỗ-nẻs'ẻtẻ-kẻl. } a. cluse	
Modification, mỗd'ẻdẻ-fẻẻ-kẻshẻn. <i>s.</i> the act of modifying	Monday, mỗn'ẻdẻẻ. <i>s.</i> the second day of the week	{poses of commerce
Modify, mỗd'ẻdẻ-flẻ. <i>v. a.</i> to change the form; to shape	Money, mỗn'ẻẻẻ. <i>s.</i> metal coined for the purpose	
Modillion, mỗ-dẻl'yẻn. <i>s.</i> a little bracket	Moneyed, mỗn'ẻnẻdẻ. <i>a.</i> rich in money	
Modish, mỗd'ẻdẻshẻ. <i>a.</i> fashionable	Moneyless, mỗn'ẻnẻ-lẻẻẻ. <i>a.</i> pennyless	
Modishness, mỗd'ẻdẻshẻ-nẻẻẻ. <i>s.</i> affectation of the modulate	Monger, mỗngẻgẻr. <i>s.</i> a dealer	
Modulate, mỗd'ẻdẻ-lẻtẻẻ. <i>v. a.</i> to form sound to a certain key or note	Mongrel, mỗngẻrẻl. <i>a.</i> of a mixed breed	
Modulation, mỗd'ẻdẻ-lẻshẻn. <i>s.</i> sound modulated, agreeable harmony	Monitor, mỗn'ẻnẻ-tẻr. <i>s.</i> one who warns of faults, or informs of duty	
Module, mỗd'ẻdẻẻ. <i>s.</i> a model	Moritory, mỗn'ẻnẻ-tẻr-ẻẻ. <i>a.</i> giving admonition	
Modus, mỗd'ẻdẻẻ. <i>s.</i> an equivalent in lieu of	Monk, mỗnẻkẻ. <i>s.</i> one of a religious community bound by vows to certain observances	
Mohair, mỗ'hẻẻẻ. <i>s.</i> thread or stuff made of hair	Monkey, mỗnẻkẻ'ẻẻẻ. <i>s.</i> an animal bearing some resemblance of man; a word of contempt	
Moiety, mỗẻẻẻ-tẻẻẻ. <i>s.</i> half, one of two equal	Monkish, mỗnẻkẻ'ẻẻẻshẻ. <i>a.</i> pertaining to monks	
Moist, mỗist. <i>a.</i> wet in a small degree	Monochord, mỗn'ẻnẻ-kẻrdẻ. <i>s.</i> an instrument of one string	
Moisten, mỗistẻnẻ. <i>v. a.</i> to damp		

Fâts, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pine, pln—nò, môve,

Monocular, mò-nòk'kù-lâr. } Monoculous, mò-nòk'kù-lûs. }	a. one-eyed	Moor, mòdr. s. a marsh, a fen ; a negro
Monody, mò-nò-dè s. a poem sung by one person	allows second marriages	Moor, mòdr. v. a. to fasten by anchors
Monogamist, mò-nòg'gâ-inst. s. one who dis-		Moorhen, mòdr'hên. s. a fowl that feeds in the
Monogamy, mò-nò-gâ-mè. s. marriage of one		Moorish, mòdr'ish. a. fenny, marshy
Monogram, mò-nò-grâm. s. a cipher	[wife	Moorland, mòdr'lând. s. marsh, fen
Monologue, mò-nò-lôg. s. a soliloquy		Moory, mòdr'è. a. marshy, fenny
Monopolist, mò-nòp'pò-list. s. one who by en-		Mop, mòp. s. a utensil to clean houses
grossing obtains the sole power of vend-		Mop, mòp. v. a. to rub with a mop
ing any commodity		Mope, mòpe. v. n. to be stupid, to droop
Monopolise, mò-nòp'pò-lize. v. a. to have the		Mope, mòpe. v. a. to make spiritless
sole power of vending any commodity		Moppet, mòp'pét. } Mopsey, mòp'sè. }
Monoptote, mò-nòp-tòtè. s. a noun used on-		s. a puppet ; a fondling name of a girl
ly in some one oblique case		Mopus, mò'pûs. s. a drone, a dreamer
Monosyllable, mò-nò-sil-lâ-bl. s. a word of		Moral, mò'râl. a. relating to vice or virtue
only one syllable	[ness of sound	Moral, mò'râl. s. practice or doctrine of the
Monotonous, mò-nòt'ò-nûs. a. having a same-		duties of life ; the doctrine inculcated by
Monotony, mò-nòt'ò-nè. s. want of variety in		a fiction
cadence		[duties of life
Monsoon, mò-n-sòdn'. s. a shifting trade-wind		Maralst, mò'râl-list. s. one who teaches the
Monster, mò-n'stâr. s. something out of the		Morality, mò-râl'lè-tè. s. the doctrine of the
common order of nature	[ous, shocking	duties of life [on moral subjects
Monstrous, mò-n'strûs. a. unnatural ; enorm-		Moralise, mò'râl-lize. v. n. to speak or write
Monstrousness, mò-n'strûs-nès. s. enormity,		Morally, mò'râl-è. ad. in the ethical sense,
irregular nature or behaviour		according to the rules of virtue
Month, mùnth. s. the space of four weeks		[of life
Monthly, mùnth'lè. ad. once a month		Morals, mò'râlz. s. the practice of the duties
Monument, mò-n'nt-mènt. s. any thing by		Morass, mò-râs'. s. fen, bog, moor
which the memory of persons or things is		Morbid, mòr'bîd. a. diseased
preserved, a tomb, a cenotaph		[diseased
Monumental, mò-n'nt-mèntâl. a. memorial,		Morbidness, mòr'bîd-nès. s. state of being
preserving memory		Morbifick, mòr-bîf'îk. a. causing diseases
Mood, mòdd. s. the form of an argumen- ;		Mordacious, mòr-dâ'shûs. a. biting
style of music ; change of a verb ; temper ;		[ty
state of mind		More, mòre. a. in greater number or quanti-
Moody, mòdr'ùè. a. out of humour		More, mòre. ad. to a greater degree
Moon, mòdn. s. the changing luminary of the		[thing
night ; a month		More, mòre. s. a greater degree ; greater
Moon-beam, mòdn'bème. s. ray of lunar light		Moreland, mòre'lând. s. a mountainous or hil-
Moon-eyed, mòdn'ède. a. dim-eyed, purblind		ly country
Moonless, mòdn'lès. a. not enlightened by the		Moreover, mòre-ò'vâr. ad. beyond what has
moon	[the moon	Mora, mòrn. } Morning, mòr'nîng. }
Moonlight, mòdn'lîte. s. the light afforded by		s. the first part of the day
Moonlight, mòdn'lîte. a. illumined by the		Morose, mò-ròsè'. a. peevish, sullen
moon	[moon	[ness
Moonshine, mòdn'shîne. s. the lustre of the		Moroseness, mò-ròsè-nès. s. sourness, peevish-
Moonshiny, mòdn'shî-nè. a. illumined by		Morphew, mòr'fû. s. a scurf on the face
the moon	[the moon	[day
Moonstruck, mòdn'strûk. a. lunatick, affected		Morrow, mòr'rò. s. the day after the present
		Morsel, mòr'sli. s. a mouthful ; a small
		quantity
		[the game
		Mort, mòrt. s. a tune sounded at the death of
		Mortal, mòr'tâl. a. subject to death ; destruc-
		tive ; human
		Mortal, mòr'tâl. s. a human being
		Mortality, mòr'tâl'lè-tè. s. subjection to death ;
		human nature
		Mortally, mòr'tâl-è. ad. irrecoverably, to death

nôr, nô-t—tâbe, tâb, bâll—dill—pôund—thin, THIS.

- Mortar**, môr'târ. *s.* a vessel to pound in; a short wide cannon; cement used to join stones or bricks
- Mortgage**, môr'gâdjé. *s.* a dead pledge, a thing put into the hands of a creditor
- Mortgage**, môr'gâdjé. *v. a.* to pledge
- Mortgagee**, môr'gâ-jéé. *s.* he that takes or receives a mortgage [mortgage]
- Mortgager**, môr'gâ-jûr. *s.* he that gives a mortgage
- Mortiferous**, môr-îf'îèr-ûs. *a.* deadly
- Mortification**, môr-té-fé-kâ'shûn. *s.* gangrene; humiliation; trouble
- Mortify**, môr'té-fî. *v. a.* to destroy vital qualities; to subdue inordinate passions; to vex [another piece may be put into it]
- Mortise**, môr'tîs. *s.* a hole cut into wood that
- Mortise**, môr'tîs. *v. a.* to cut or join with a mortise
- Mortmain**, môrt'mâne. *s.* an unalienable state
- Mortuary**, môr'tshû-âr-ré. *s.* a gift left to a church
- Mosaick**, mô-zâ'lk. *a.* a kind of painting in small pebbles, and shells of sundry colours
- Mosque**, môsk. *s.* a Mahometan temple
- Moss**, môss. *s.* a plant
- Mossy**, môs'sé. *a.* overgrown with moss
- Most**, môst. *a.* the superlative of *more*
- Most**, môst. *ad.* the particle noting the superlative degree
- Most**, môst. *s.* the greatest number
- Mostly**, môst'lé. *ad.* for the greatest part
- Mote**, môte. *s.* a small particle of matter
- Moth**, môth. *s.* a small insect
- Mother**, môth'ûr. *s.* a woman that has borne a child; that which has produced any thing
- Motherless**, môth'ûr-lès. *a.* destitute of a mother
- Motherly**, môth'ûr-lé. *a.* suitable to a mother
- Motherly**, môth'ûr-é. *a.* dreggy; feculent
- Motion**, mô'shûn. *s.* the act of changing place; manner of moving; action; proposal
- Motionless**, mô'shûn-lès. *a.* without motion
- Motive**, mô'tîv. *a.* causing motion
- Motive**, mô'tîv. *s.* that which incites to action
- Motley**, môt'lé. *a.* mingled with various colours
- Motto**, môt'tô. *s.* a sentence added to a device, or prefixed to any thing written
- Mould**, môld. *s.* a kind of concretion; earth; matrix
- Mould**, môld. *v. a.* to form, to knead
- Moulder**, môld'ûr. *v. n.* to perish in dust
- Mouldiness**, môld'dé-nês. *s.* the state of being mouldy [wood or stone]
- Moulding**, môld'îng. *s.* ornamental cavities in
- Mouldy**, môld'dé. *a.* overgrown with concretions [feathers]
- Moult**, môlt. *v. n.* to shed or change the
- Mound**, môûnd. *s.* any thing raised to fortify or defend [hill]
- Mount**, môûnt. *s.* a mountain; an artificial
- Mount**, môûnt. *v. n.* to rise on high; to get on horseback
- Mount**, môûnt. *v. a.* to raise aloft, to ascend; to place on horseback; to embellish with ornaments
- Mountain**, môûn'tîn. *s.* a large hill [tains]
- Mountain**, môûn'tîn. *a.* found on the mountain
- Mountaineer**, môûn-tîn-néér. *s.* an inhabitant of the mountains; a rustick
- Mountainous**, môûn'tîn-nûs. *a.* hilly, full of mountains [tor]
- Mountebank**, môûn'té-bânk. *s.* a quack doctor
- Mounter**, môûnt'ûr. *s.* one that mounts [ful]
- Mourn**, môrn. *v. n.* to grieve, to be sorrowful
- Mourner**, môrn'ûr. *s.* one that mourns
- Mournful**, môrn'fûl. *a.* sorrowful; betokening sorrow
- Mournfully**, môrn'fûl-lé. *ad.* sorrowfully
- Mournfulness**, môrn'fûl-nês. *s.* sorrow, appearance of sorrow
- Mourning**, môrn'îng. *s.* lamentation, sorrow; the dress of sorrow
- Mouse**, môûse. *s. plur. mice.* a little animal
- Mouser**, môûz'ûr. *s.* one that hunts mice
- Mousetrap**, môûse'trâp. *s.* a snare or gin in which mice are taken
- Mouth**, môûth. *s.* the aperture in the head at which the food is received, an opening
- Mouth**, môûth. *v. a.* to utter with a voice affectedly big [tains at once]
- Mouthful**, môûth'fûl. *s.* what the mouth contains
- Mouthless**, môûth'lès. *a.* without a mouth
- Move**, môdv. *v. a.* to change place; to give an impulse to; to propose; to affect; to make angry [moved]
- Moveable**, môdv'ê-bl. *a.* capable of being
- Moveables**, môdv'ê-blz. *s.* goods, furniture
- Moveless**, môdv'lès. *a.* not to be put out of the
- Movement**, môdv'mén. *s.* motion [place]

Fare, fâr, fâl, fât—mè, mêt—plne, plu—nò, mòve,

Mover, mòd'vâr. <i>s.</i> the person or thing that gives motion; a proposer	Muleteer, mù-lèt-tèr'. <i>s.</i> a mule-driver
Moving, mòd'vîng. <i>part. a.</i> pathetick, touch-	Muliebrity, mù-lè-èb'brè-tè. <i>s.</i> womanhood
Movingly, mòd'vîng-lè. <i>a.</i> pathetically	Mull, mùll. <i>v. a.</i> to heat and sweeten any h
Mow, mòû. <i>s.</i> a heap of hay or corn	Mullet, mùl'lit. <i>s.</i> a sea-fish
Mow, mò. <i>v. a.</i> to cut with a scythe	Mulligrubs, mùl'lò-grûbz. <i>s.</i> twisting of the guts
Mower, mò'ûr. <i>s.</i> one who cuts with a scythe	Mulse, mùlse. <i>s.</i> wine boiled and mingled
Much, mùtsh. <i>ad.</i> in a great degree	Multangular, mùlt-âng'gû-lâr. <i>a.</i> many-cornered
Much, mùtsh. <i>s.</i> a great deal	[into many partitions or ce. a
Mucid, mù'sid. <i>a.</i> slimy, musty	Multicapsular, mùl-tè-kâp'shû-lar. <i>a.</i> divided
Mucidness, mù'sid-nès. <i>s.</i> sliminess, mustiness	Multifarious, mùl-tè-fâ'rè-ûs. <i>a.</i> having great multiplicity
Mucilage, mù'sè-lâdje. <i>s.</i> a slimy or viscous	[shapes or appearance
Mucilaginous, mù-sè-lâd'jîn-ûs. <i>a.</i> slimy	Multiform, mùl'tè-fôrm. <i>a.</i> having various
Muck, mùk. <i>s.</i> dung, any thing low or filthy	Multilateral, mùl-tè-lât'tèr-â. <i>a.</i> having many sides
Muck, mùk. <i>v. a.</i> to manure with muck, to	Multinomial, mùl-tè-nóm'mè-nâl. <i>a.</i> having
Muckhill, mùk'hîll. <i>s.</i> a dunghill	Multiparous, mùl-tîp'pâ-rûs. <i>a.</i> bringing many
Muckiness, mùk'kè-nès. <i>s.</i> nastiness; filth	at a birth
Muckworm, mùk'wûrm. <i>s.</i> a worm that lives in dung; a miser	Multipede, mùl'tè-pèd. <i>s.</i> an insect with many
Mucky, mùk'kè. <i>a.</i> nasty, filthy	Multiple, mùl'tè-pl. <i>s.</i> a number which contains another several times; as Nine is the
Mucous, mù'kûs. <i>a.</i> slimy, viscous	multiple of three
Mucousness, mù'kûs-nès. <i>s.</i> slime, viscosity	Multiplicable, mùl'tè-pll-â-bl. <i>a.</i> capable of
Mucus, mù'kûs. <i>s.</i> any viscous matter	being multiplied
Mud, mùd. <i>s.</i> the slime at the bottom of still	[to be multiplied
water; earth well moistened with water	Multiplicand, mùl-tè-plè-kând'. <i>s.</i> the number
Muddily, mùd'dè-lè. <i>ad.</i> turbidly, with foul	Multiply, mùl-tîp'plè-kâte. <i>a.</i> consisting
mixture	of more than one
[ness caused by mud	[of multiplying
Muddiness, mùd'dè-nès. <i>s.</i> turbidness, foul-	Multiplication, mùl-tè-plè-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act
Muddle, mùd'dl. <i>v. a.</i> to make turbid, to foul	Multiplicator, mùl-tè-plè-kâ'târ. <i>s.</i> the num-
Muddy, mùd'dè. <i>a.</i> turbid, foul, impure	ber by which another number is multiplied
Mue, mù. <i>v. a.</i> to moult, to change feathers	Multiplicity, mùl-tè-plîs'è-tè. <i>s.</i> state of being
Muff, mùf. <i>s.</i> a soft cover for the hands	many
Muffle, mùf'fl. <i>v. a.</i> to blindfold; to conceal, to involve	[in arithmetick
Muffler, mùf'fl-ûr. <i>s.</i> a cover for the face	Multiplier, mùl'tè-plî ûr. <i>s.</i> the multiplier
Mufti, mùf'tè. <i>s.</i> the high priest of the Mahometans	Multiply, mùl'tè-pl. <i>v. n.</i> to increase in number
Mug, mùg. <i>s.</i> a cup to drink out of	Multipresence, mùl-tè-prèz'ènsè. <i>s.</i> the pr-
Muggy, mùg'gè. } <i>a.</i> moist, damp	er of being present in more places than
Muggish, mùg'gîsh. } one	[number; a crow
Mughouse, mùg'hôûse. <i>s.</i> an ale-house	Multitude, mùl'tè-tûde. <i>s.</i> many; a great
Mulatto, mù-lât'tò. <i>s.</i> one got between a white and a black	Multitudinous, mùl-tè-tû'dè-nûs. <i>a.</i> manifold
Mulberry, mùl'bèr-rè. <i>s.</i> a tree and fruit	Multocular, mùl-t-òk'kû-lâr. <i>a.</i> having more
Mulct, mùlkt. <i>s.</i> a fine, a penalty	Mum, mùm. <i>int.</i> silence, hush
[seiture	[eyes than two
Mulct, mùlkt. <i>v. a.</i> to punish with fine or for-	Mum, mùm. <i>s.</i> ale brewed with wheat
Mule, mùle. <i>s.</i> an animal generated between a he-ass and a mare, or between a horse	Mumble, mùm'bl. <i>v. n.</i> to speak inwardly.
and a she-ass	Mumbler, mùm'bl-ûr. <i>s.</i> a mutterer
	[to chew
	Mummer, mùm'mûr. <i>s.</i> a masker
	[in masks
	Mumery, mùm'mûr-re. <i>s.</i> masking, frolick
	Mummy, mùm'mè. <i>s.</i> a dead body preserved
	by the Egyptian art of embalming; a sort
	of wax used in the planting and grafting of
	trees

uòr, nòt—tábe, táb, báll—òll—pòáund—thin, rns.

- Mump, mûmp. *v. a.* to mibble; to go a beg-
 Mumper, mûmp'ûr. *s.* a beggar [ging
 Mumps, mûmps. *s.* sulleanness; a disease
 Munch, mûnsh. *v. a.* to chew by great mouth-
 fuls [world
 Mundane, mûn'dâne. *s.* belonging to the
 Mundatory, mûn'dâ-tûr-ré. *a.* having the
 power to cleanse
 Mundick, mûn'dík. *s.* a kind of marcasite
 Mundification, mûn-dè-fè-ká'shûn. *s.* the act
 of cleansing
 Mundify, mûn-dè-fl. *v. a.* to cleanse [bacco
 Mundungus, mûn-dûng'gûs. *s.* stinking to-
 Munerary, mû-nè-râ-ré. *a.* having the nature
 of a gift [between different kinds
 Mungrel, mûng'grl. *s.* any thing generated
 Mungrel, mûng'grl. *a.* generated between
 different natures, degenerate
 Municipal, mû-nîs'sè-pâl. *a.* belonging to a
 corporation [the act of giving
 Munificence, mû-nîf'fè-sènsè. *s.* liberality,
 Munificent, mû-nîf'fè-sènt. *a.* liberal, gene-
 rous [generously
 Munificently, mû-nîf'fè-sènt-lè. *ad.* liberally,
 Munition, mû-nîsh'ûn. *s.* fortification, strong-
 hold
 Mural, mû'râl. *a.* pertaining to a wall [fully
 Murder, mûr'dûr. *s.* the act of killing unlaw
 Murder, mûr'dûr. *v. a.* to kill unlawfully
 Murderer, mûr'dûr-ûr. *s.* one who has shed
 human blood unlawfully [mits murder
 Murderess, mûr'dûr-ès. *s.* a woman that com-
 miterous, mûr'dûr-ûs. *a.* guilty of murder
 Muriatick, mû-rè-â'tík. *a.* partaking of the
 taste or nature of brine
 Murk, mûrk. *s.* darkness
 Murky, mûr'ké. *a.* dark, cloudy
 Murmur, mûr'ûr. *s.* a low buzzing noise; a
 complaint half suppressed
 Murmur, mûr'ûr. *v. n.* to give a low buz-
 zing sound; to grumble
 Murrain, mûr'ûn. *s.* the plague in cattle
 Murrey, mûr'rè. *a.* darkly red [grape
 Muscadine, mûs'ká-dîne. *s.* a kind of sweet
 Muscie, mûs'sl. *s.* the fleshy fibrous part of an
 animal body; a shell-fish [cles
 Muscular, mûs'kû-lâr. *a.* performed by mus-
 Muscularity, mûs'kû-lâr'é-tè. *s.* the state of
 having muscles [brawny
 Musculous, mûs'kû-lûs. *a.* full of muscles,
- Muse, mûze. *s.* one of the nine sister god-
 desses who, in the heathen mythology, are
 supposed to preside over the liberal arts
 deep thought, close attention, absence of
 mind [lence
 Muse, mûze. *v. n.* to ponder, to study in
 Museum, mû-zé'ûm. *s.* a repository of learn-
 ed curiosities [an upstar
 Mushroom, mûsh'ròdm. *s.* a springing plant
 Musick, mû'zík. *s.* the science of harmonical
 scunds; harmony
 Musical, mû'zè-kál. *a.* harmonious [mony
 Musician, mû-zîsh'ûn. *s.* one skilled in har-
 Musk, mûsk. *s.* a perfume; a flavour
 Musket, mûs'kît. *s.* a soldier's hand-gun
 Musketeer, mûs-ké-tèér'. *s.* a soldier whose
 weapon is his musket
 Musketoon, mûs-ké-tòdn'. *s.* a blunderbuss
 Muskiness, mûs'ké-nès. *s.* the scent of musk
 Musky, mûs'ké. *a.* fragrant, sweet of scent
 Muslin, mûz'îln. *s.* a fine stuff made of cot-
 ton [believer
 Mussulman, mûs'sûl-mân. *s.* a Mahometan
 Must, mûst. *v. imperfect.* to be obliged
 Must, mûst. *s.* new wine, new wort
 Must, mûst. *v. n.* to grow mouldy
 Mustaches, mûs-stá'shîz. *s.* whiskers
 Mustard, mûs'tûrd. *s.* a plant
 Muster, mûs'tûr. *v. n.* to assemble
 Muster, mûs'tûr. *s.* a review; a register
 Mustermaster, mûs'tûr-mâ-stûr. *s.* one who
 superintends [ces
 Muster-roll, mûs'tûr-ròle. *s.* a register of for-
 Mustiness, mûs'tè-nès. *s.* mould, damp foulness
 Musty, mûs'tè. *a.* mouldy, spoiled with damp
 Mutability, mû-tâ-bîl'é-tè. *s.* changeableness,
 inconstancy [terably
 Mutable, mû'tâ-bl. *a.* subject to change; a.
 Mutation, mû-tâ'shûn. *s.* change, alteration
 Mute, mûte. *a.* silent, not vocal
 Mute, mûte. *s.* one that has no power of
 speech; a letter which can make no sound
 Mute, mûte. *v. n.* to dung as birds
 Mutely, mûte'lè. *ad.* silently [essential part
 Mutilate, mû'tîl-âte. *v. a.* to deprive of some
 Mutilation, mû-tîl-lá'shûn. *s.* deprivation of a
 limb, or any essential part
 Mutineer, mû-tîn-nèér'. *s.* a mover of sedition
 Mutinous, mû'tîn-nûs. *a.* seditious [wes
 Mutinousness, mû'tîn-nûs-nês. *s.* seditious-

Fâte, fâr. fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pline, pln—nô, môve,

Mutiny, mù'tè-nê. *v. n.* to rise against authority, to make insurrection
 Mutiny, mù'tè-nê. *s.* insurrection, sedition
 Mutter, mù'tûr. *v. n.* to grumble, to murmur
 Mutton, mù'tûn. *s.* the flesh of sheep
 Muttonfist, mù'tû flst. *s.* a hand large and red
 Mutual, mù'tshû-âl. *a.* reciprocal
 Mutually, mù'tshû-âl-lê. *ad.* reciprocally
 Mutuality, mù'tshû-âl'lê-tê. *s.* reciprocation
 Muzzle, mù'z'l. *s.* the mouth of any thing : a fastening for the mouth
 Muzzle, mù'z'l. *v. a.* to bind the mouth
 My, ml. *pron. possessive.* belonging to me
 Myology, ml-ô'l'ô-jê. *s.* the doctrine of the muscles
 Myopy, mî'ô-pê. *s.* shortness of sight [sand]
 Myriad, mî'r'ê-âd. *s.* the number of ten thousand
 Myrmidon, mêt'mê-dûn. *s.* any rude ruffian
 Myrrh, mêt. *s.* a precious kind of gum
 Myrtle, mêt'tl. *s.* a fragrant tree
 Myself, mê-sêl'. *s.* an emphatical word added to I ; as, I myself do it
 Mysterious, mîs-tê'rê-ûs. *a.* inaccessible to the understanding
 Mysteriousness, mîs-tê'rê-ûs-nês. *s.* holy obscurity ; artful difficulty or perplexity
 Mysterize, mîs'tê-rîze. *v. a.* to explain as enigmas
 Mystery, mîs'tê-rê. *s.* something above human intelligence ; an enigma ; a calling
 Mystical, mîs'tê-kâl. } *a.* secretly obscure ;
 Mystick, mîs'tîk. } *a.* emblematical
 Mysticalness, mîs'tê-kâl-nês. *s.* involution of some secret meaning
 Mythological, mî'th-ô-lô'jê-kâl. *a.* relating to the explication of fabulous history
 Mythologist, mê'th-ô'l'ô-jîst. *s.* a relator or expositor of the heathen ancient fables
 Mythology, mê'th-ô'l'ô-jê. *s.* system of fables

N.

NAB, nâb. *v. a.* to catch unexpectedly
 Nadir, nâ'dûr. *s.* the point opposite to the
 Nag, nâg. *s.* a small horse [zenith]
 Naiad, nây'âd. *s.* a water nymph
 Nail, nâle. *s.* the horny substance at the ends of the fingers and toes ; a spike of metal ; a boss ; kind of measure
 Nail, nâle. *v. a.* to fasten or stud with nails

Naked, nâ'kîd. *a.* uncovered ; evident ; simple
 Nakedness, nâ'kîd-nês. *s.* nudity ; plainness
 Name, nâme. *s.* an appellation ; character
 Nameless, nâme'lês. *a.* not distinguished by any discriminative appellation
 Namely, nâme'lê. *ad.* specially [name]
 Namesake, nâme sâke. *s.* one of the same
 Nap, nâp. *s.* slumber, a short sleep ; down
 Nap, nâp. *v. n.* to sleep, to be drowsy
 Nape, nâpe. *s.* the joint of the neck behind
 Naphtha, nâp'thâ. *s.* a kind of bitumen
 Napkin, nâp'kîn. *s.* a cloth used at table to wipe the hands
 Napless, nâp'lês. *a.* wanting nap, threadbare
 Nappy, nâp'pê. *a.* frothy, spumy
 Narcissus, nâr'sîs'sûs. *s.* a daffodil
 Narcotick, nâr-kôt'îk. *a.* producing torpor, or stupefaction
 Narrable, nâr'râ-bl. *a.* capable to be told
 Narrate, nâr'râte. *v. a.* to relate, to tell
 Narration, nâr'râ'shûn. *s.* account, relation
 Narrative, nâr'râ-tîv. *a.* relating ; story-telling [court]
 Narrative, nâr'râ-tîv. *s.* a relation, an account
 Narrator, nâr'râ-tûr. *s.* a relater [count]
 Narrify, nâr'rê-fl. *v. a.* to relate, to give account
 Narrow, nâr'rô. *a.* not broad or wide
 Narrowly, nâr'rô-lê. *ad.* contractedly, closely [confined state]
 Narrowness, nâr'rô-nês. *s.* want of breadth
 Nasal, nâ'zâl. *a.* belonging to the nose
 Nasty, nâs'tê. *a.* dirty, filthy ; obscene
 Nastiness, nâs'tê-nês. *s.* dirt, filth ; obscenity
 Natal, nâ'tâl. *a.* relating to nativity
 Natation, nâ-tâ'shûn. *s.* the act of swimming
 Nation, nâ'shûn. *s.* a distinct people
 National, nâsh'ûn-âl. *a.* publick, general
 Native, nâ'tîv. *a.* produced by nature ; natural
 Native, nâ'tîv. *s.* one born in any place
 Nativity, nâ-tîv'ê-tê. *s.* birth
 Natural, nât'tshû-râl. *a.* produced or effected by nature ; illegitimate ; unaffected
 Natural, nât'tshû-râl. *s.* an idiot, a fool
 Naturalist, nât'tshû-râl-îst. *s.* a student in physicks
 Naturalization, nât-tshû-râl-ê-zâ'shûn. *s.* the act of investing aliens with the privileges of native subjects
 Naturalize, nât'tshû-râl-îze. *v. a.* to invest with the privileges of native subjects

nôr, nôr—tâbe, tâb, bâl—ôli—pôând—thia, this.

Naturally, nâ'tshù-râl-lê. <i>ad.</i> without affectation; spontaneously	Neatness, nè't'nês. <i>s.</i> spruceness; cleanliness
Nature, nâ'tshùre. <i>s.</i> the native state of any thing; constitution; disposition; regular course; compass of natural existence; state of the world; sort, species	Nebulous, nèb'bù-lûs. <i>a.</i> misty, cloudy
Naught, nâwt. <i>a.</i> corrupt, worthless	Necessaries, nè's'sês-sêr-rîz. <i>s.</i> things not only convenient but needful [ably]
Naught, nâwt. <i>s.</i> nothing	Necessarily, nè's'sês-sêr-rê-lê. <i>ad.</i> indispensably
Naughtily, nâw'tê-lê. <i>ad.</i> wickedly, corruptly	Necessary, nè's'sês-sêr-rê. <i>a.</i> needful, indispensably requisite [cessary]
Naughtiness, nâw'tê-nês. <i>s.</i> wickedness, badness	Necessitate, nè-sês'sê-tâte. <i>v. a.</i> to make necessary
Naughty, nâw'tê. <i>a.</i> bad, wicked, corrupt	Necessitated, nè-sês'sê-tâ-têd. <i>a.</i> in a state of want [poverty]
Naumachy, nâw'mâ-kê. <i>s.</i> a mock sea-fight	Necessitous, nè-sês'sê-tûs. <i>a.</i> pressed with necessity
Nauseate, nâw'shiê-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to loathe, to reject with disgust	Necessity, nè-sês'sê-tê. <i>s.</i> compulsion, fatality; want, need, poverty
Nauseous, nâw'shûs. <i>a.</i> loathsome, disgusting	Neck, nèk. <i>s.</i> the part between the head and body; a long narrow part
Nauseously, nâw'shûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> loathsomely, disgustfully [ness, quality of raising disgust]	Neckcloth, nèk'klôth. <i>s.</i> that which men wear on their neck [women on the neck]
Nauseousness, nâw'shûs-nês. <i>s.</i> loathsomeness	Necklace, nèk'lâse. <i>s.</i> an ornament worn by a necromancer
Nautical, nâw'tê-kâl. } <i>a.</i> pertaining to sailing	Necromancer, nèk'krò-mân-sûr. <i>s.</i> an enchanter, a conjurer [ment, conjuration]
Nautick, nâw'tîk. } <i>ors</i>	Necromancy, nèk'krò-mân-sê. <i>s.</i> enchantment
Nautilus, nâw'tûl-ûs. <i>s.</i> a shell-fish furnished with something analogous to oars and a sail [ing to ships]	Nectar, nèk'târ. <i>s.</i> the supposed drink of the heathen gods [tar]
Naval, nâ'vâl. <i>a.</i> consisting of ships; belonging	Nectareous, nèk-tâ-rê-ûs. <i>a.</i> resembling nectarine
Nave, nâve. <i>s.</i> the middle part of a wheel, or church [belly]	Nectarine, nèk'têr-lîn. <i>s.</i> a fruit of the plum
Navel, nâ'vl. <i>s.</i> the point in the middle of the body	Need, nèéd. <i>s.</i> exigency, necessity [kind]
Navigable, nâv'vé-gâ-bl. <i>a.</i> capable of being passed by ships or boats [by water]	Need, nèéd. <i>v. a.</i> to want, to lack
Navigate, nâv'vé-gâte. <i>v. n.</i> to sail, to pass	Needful, nèéd'fûl. <i>a.</i> indispensably requisite
Navigation, nâv'vé-gâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of passing by water	Needily, nèéd'dê-lê. <i>ad.</i> in poverty, poorly
Navigator, nâv'vé-gâ-tûr. <i>s.</i> sailor, seaman	Neediness, nèéd'dê-nês. <i>s.</i> want, poverty
Navy, nâ've. <i>s.</i> an assembly of ships, a fleet	Needle, nèéd'dl. <i>s.</i> a small instrument for sewing; the small steel bar which in the mariner's compass stands regularly north and south
Nay, nâ. <i>ad.</i> no, an adverb of negation	Needlework, nèéd'dl-wûrk. <i>s.</i> the business of a sempstress; embroidery by the needle
Neal, nèle. <i>v. a.</i> to temper by a gradual heat	Needless, nèéd'lês. <i>a.</i> unnecessary, not needed
Neap, nèpe. <i>a.</i> low, decreascent	Needs, nèédz. <i>ad.</i> indispensably [quisite]
Near, nère. <i>prep.</i> close to, nigh	Neely, nèéd'dê. <i>a.</i> poor, necessitous
Near, nère. <i>ad.</i> almost; at hand	Nef, nèf. <i>s.</i> the body of a church
Near, nère. <i>a.</i> not distant; close; intimate; parsimonious	Nefarious, nè-fâ-rê-ûs. <i>a.</i> wicked, abominable
Nearly, nère'lê. <i>ad.</i> at no great distance; closely; in a niggardly manner	Negation, nè-gâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> denial
Nearness, nère'nês. <i>s.</i> closeness; alliance of blood or affection; tendency to avarice	Negative, nèg'gâ-tîv. <i>s.</i> a proposition by which something is denied
Neat, nète. <i>s.</i> black cattle, oxen	Neglect, nèg-lêkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to omit by carelessness; to postpone
Neat, nète. <i>a.</i> elegant without dignity	Neglect, nèg-lêkt'. <i>s.</i> instance of inattention
Neatherd, nètê'hêrd. <i>s.</i> a cowkeeper	Neglectful, nèg-lêkt'fûl. <i>a.</i> heedless, inattentive [less inattention]
Neatly, nètê'lê. <i>a.</i> elegantly, cleanly	Neglectfully, nèg-lêkt'fûl. <i>ad.</i> with heed

Fâte, fâr, fáll, fát—mê, mêt—p'ne, pln—nô, nôve,

- Negligence, nèg'le-jênse. *s.* habit of omitting by heedlessness
- Negligent, nèg'le-jênt. *a.* careless, heedless
- Negligently, nèg'le-jênt-lê. *ad.* carelessly, heedlessly [course of business, to traffick
- Negotiate, nè-gò-shé-âte. *v. n.* to have inter-
- Negotiation, nè-gò-shé-â-shân. *s.* treaty of
- Negro, nè-grô. *s.* a blackmoor [business
- Neigh, nâ. *v. n.* to utter the voice of a horse
- Neigh, nâ. *s.* the voice of a horse
- Neighbour, nâ'bû. *s.* one who lives near to another [ing
- Neighbourhood, nâ'bû-hûd. *s.* place adjoining
- Neighbourly, nâ'bû-lê. *a.* becoming a neighbour, civil
- Neighbourly, nâ'bû-lê. *ad.* with social civility
- Neither, nè'thêr. *conj.* not either
- Neoterick, nè-ô-têr'rik. *a.* modern, novel
- Nepenthe, nè-pên'thê. *s.* a drug that drives away all pains [sister
- Nephew, nèv'vû. *s.* the son of a brother or
- Nephritick, nè-frî'tik. *a.* good against the stone [ews
- Nepotism, nèp'ô-tizm. *s.* fondness for neph-
- Nerve, nèrv. *s.* an organ or sensation
- Nerveless, nèrv'lês. *a.* without strength
- Nervous, nèrv'vûs. *a.* well strung, strong, vigorous; having weak nerves
- Nescience, nèsh'é-ênse. *s.* ignorance, the state of not knowing
- Nest, nèst. *s.* the bed formed by a bird for incubation; boxes of drawers
- Nestegg, nèst'êg. *s.* an egg left in the nest to keep the hen from forsaking it [snug
- Nestle, nès'sl. *v. n.* to settle; to lie close and
- Nestling, nèst'ling. *s.* a bird taken out of the nest [stices & r meshes
- Net, nêt. *s.* a texture woven with large inter-
- Nether, nèth'ûr. *a.* lower, not upper
- Nethermost, nèth'ûr-môst. *s.* lowest
- Nettle, nêt'tl. *s.* a stinging herb
- Network, nêt'wûrk. *s.* any thing resembling the work of a net [o ther side
- Neuter, nû'târ. *a.* indifferent, not engaged on
- Neuter, nû'târ. *s.* one indifferent & unengaged
- Neutral, nû'trâl. *a.* indifferent, not engaged on either side; neither good nor bad
- Neutral, nû'trâl. *s.* one who does not act nor engage on either side
- Neutrality, nû-trâl'ô-lê. *s.* a state of indifference
- Neutrally, nû'trâl-lê. *ad.* indifferently [ence
- Never, nèv'ûr. *ad.* at no time [standing that
- Nevertheless, nèv-ûr-thê-lês'. *ad.* notwithstanding
- New, nû. *a.* fresh; modern
- Newfangled, nû-fâng'ld. *a.* formed with vain or foolish love of novelty
- Newel, nû'll. *s.* the compass round which the staircase is carried
- Newly, nû'lê. *ad.* freshly, lately
- Newness, nû'nês. *s.* freshness, novelty
- News, nûze. *s.* fresh account of any thing
- New-year's-gift, nû'yêr-z-gift. *s.* present made on the first day of the year
- Next, nèkst. *a.* nearest in place [to eat slow
- Nibble, nîb'bl. *v. a.* to bite by little at a time
- Nice, nîse. *a.* accurate; delicate; refined
- Nicely, nîse'lê. *ad.* accurately, minutely, delicately [actness
- Niceness, nîse'nês. *s.* accuracy, minute exactness
- Nicety, nîsê-tê. *s.* minute accuracy; subtlety; effeminate softness [may be placed
- Niche, nîtsh. *s.* a hollow in which a statue
- Nick, nîk. *s.* exact point of time; a notch; a score [cut in nicks
- Nick, nîk. *v. a.* to hit, to touch luckily; to
- Nickname, nîk'nâme. *s.* a name given in scorn or contempt [probrious appellation
- Nickname, nîk'nâme'. *v. a.* to call by an opprobrious name
- Nidification, nîd-ê-sê-kâ'shûn. *s.* the act of building nests [maining in the nest
- Nidulation, nîd-jû-lâ'shûn. *s.* the time of re-
- Niece, nèèse. *s.* the daughter of a brother or
- Niggard, nîg'gûrd. *s.* a miser [sister
- Niggard, nîg'gûrd. *a.* sordid, avaricious
- Niggardliness, nîg'gûrd'lê-nês. *s.* avarice, sordid parsimony [ly parsimonious
- Niggardly, nîg'gûrd-lê. *a.* avaricious, sordid
- Nigh, nî. *prep.* at no great distance from
- Nighly, nî'lê. *ad.* nearly, within a little
- Night, nîte. *s.* the time of darkness
- Nightcap, nîte'kâp. *s.* a cap worn in bed, or in undress [night
- Nightdress, nîte'drês. *s.* the dress worn at night
- Nightfaring, nîte'fâ-rîng. *a.* travelling in the night [for an undress
- Nightgown, nîte'gôûn. *s.* a loose gown used
- Nightingale, nîte'îng-âle. *s.* a small bird that sings in the night
- Nightly, nîte'lê. *a.* done by night

nôr, nô't—tâbe, tâl, bûll—ôll—pôund—thin, THIS.

- Nightman, nî'te'mân. *s.* one who carries away ordure in the night
- Nightmare, nî'te'mâre. *s.* a morbid oppression in the night, resembling the pressure of weight upon the breast
- Nightpiece, nî'te'péese. *s.* a picture so coloured as to be supposed seen by candlelight
- Nightshade, nî'te'shâde. *s.* a plant
- Nightwalker, nî'te'wâk-ûr. *s.* one who roves in the night upon ill designs
- Nightwatch, nî'te'wôtsh. *s.* a period of the night as distinguished by change of the watch
- Nigrescent, nî-grés'sent. *a.* growing black
- Nimble, nîm'bl. *a.* quick, active [ty
- Nimbleness, nîm'bl-nês. *s.* quickness, activity
- Nimbly, nîm'blé. *ad.* quickly, speedily
- Nincompoop, nîn'kâm-pôôp. *s.* a fool, a trifier
- Nine, nîne. *a.* one more than eight
- Ninefold, nîne'fôld. *a.* nine times
- Ninepins, nîne'pînz. *s.* a play where nine pieces of wood are set up on the ground to be thrown down by a bowl
- Ninescore, nîne'skôre. *a.* nine times twenty
- Nineteen, nîne'téén. *a.* nine and ten [teen
- Nineteenth, nîne'téénth. *a.* the ordinal of nineteen
- Ninety, nîne'té. *a.* nine times ten
- Ninth, nînth. *a.* next in order to the eighth
- Nineteenth, nîne'té-îth. *a.* the tenth nine times
- Ninny, nîn'né. *s.* a fool, a simpleton [told
- Nip, nîp. *v. a.* to pinch; to bite; to blast; to vex [a blast; a taunt
- Nip, nîp. *s.* a pinch with the nails or teeth;
- Nippers, nîp'pûrz. *s.* small pincers
- Nipple, nîp'pl. *s.* a teat, dug
- Nisi-prius, nî'sé-prî'ûs. *s.* a judicial writ
- Nit nî. *s.* the egg of a louse
- Nitid, nî'tîd. *a.* bright, shining
- Nitre, nî'tûr. *s.* saltpetre
- Nitrous, nî'trûs. *a.* impregnated with nitre
- Nitty, nî'té. *a.* abounding with nits
- No, nô. *ad.* the word of refusal
- Nobilitate, nô-bîl'lé-tâte. *v. a.* to make noble
- Nobility, nô-bîl'lé-té. *s.* antiquity of family joined with splendour; persons of high rank
- Noble, nô-bl. *a.* of an ancient and splendid family; great, illustrious; exalted; magnificent; liberal
- Noble, nô-bl. *s.* one of high rank; an old coin rated at six shillings and eight-pence
- Nobleman, nô-bl-mân. *s.* one who is ennobled
- Nobleness, nô-bl-nês. *s.* greatness
- Nobless, nô-blês'. *s.* nobility
- Nobly, nô'blé. *ad.* illustriously
- Nobody, nô'bôd-é. *s.* no one
- Nocent, nô'sent. *a.* guilty; hurtful
- Noctiferous, nôk-tîf'êr-ûs. *a.* bringing night
- Noctuary, nôk'tshû-â-ré. *s.* an account of what passes by night
- Nocturnal, nôk-tûr'nâl. *a.* nightly
- Nod, nôd. *v. a.* to decline the head with a quick motion; to pay a slight bow; to be drowsy [a slight obeisance
- Nod, nôd. *s.* a quick declination of the head
- Noddlé, nôd'dl. *s.* a head, in contempt
- Noddy, nôd'dé. *s.* a simpleton, an idiot
- Node, nôde. *s.* a knot; a swelling
- Nodous, nô'dâs. *a.* knotty, full of knots
- Noggin, nôg'gîn. *s.* a small mug
- Noise, nôze. *s.* any kind of sound; outcry; occasion of talk [report
- Noise, nôze. *v. a.* to spread by rumour, or
- Noiseless, nôze'lês. *a.* without sound
- Noisiness, nôz'é-nês. *s.* loudness of sound
- Noisome, nôz'sâm. *a.* noxious, mischievous
- Noisomeness, nôz'sûn-nês. *s.* aptness to disgust, offensiveness
- Noisy, nôz'é. *a.* sounding loud; clamorous
- Nolition, nô-llsh'ûn. *s.* unwillingness
- Nombres, nûm'blz. *s.* the entrails of a deer
- Nomenclator, nôm-ên-klâ'tûr. *s.* one who calls things by their proper names
- Nomenclature, nôm-ên-klâ'tshûre. *s.* a vocabulary, a dictionary
- Nominal, nôm'mé-nâl. *a.* referring to names
- Nominally, nôm'mé-nâl-lé. *ad.* by name, titularly [name; to appoint
- Nominate, nôm'mé-nâte. *v. a.* to mention by
- Nomination, nôm-mé-nâ'shûn. *s.* the power of appointing
- Nominative, nôm'mé-nâ-tîv. *s.* the case in grammar that primarily designates the name of any thing
- Nonage, nôn'âdje. *s.* minority [of compliance
- Nonconformity, nôn-kôn-fôr'mé-té. *s.* refusal
- None, nô. *s.* not one; not any
- Nonentity, nôn-ên'té-té. *s.* nonexistence
- Nonexistence, nôn-ên-g-zî's'ténsé. *s.* inexistence
- Nonjuring, nôn-jû'ring. *a.* refusing to swear allegiance

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mè, mèt—pline, pln—nò, mòve,

- Nonnatural**, nòn-nât'tshù-râlz. *s.* any thing which is not naturally, but by accident or abuse, the cause of disease, as air, diet, sleep, exercise, exertion, and the passions
- Nonpareil**, nòn-pâ-rêl'. *s.* excellence unequalled; a kind of apple; a printing letter
[or do more]
- Nooplus**, nòn'plûs. *s.* puzzle, inability to say
- Nonplus**, nòn'plûs. *v. a.* to confound, to puzzle
[residence]
- Nonresidence**, nòn-rêz'é-dênse. *s.* failure of
- Nonresident**, nòn-rêz'é-dênt. *s.* one who neglects to live at the proper place [obedience]
- Nonresistance**, nòn-rê-zîstânse. *s.* passive
- Nonsense**, nòn'sênse. *s.* unmeaning or ungrammatical language [foolish]
- Nonsensical**, nòn-sên'sé-kâl. *a.* unmeaning,
- Nonresolution**, nòn-sò-lú'shûn. *s.* failure of solution
- Nonsuit**, nòn'sûte. *v. a.* to deprive of the benefit of a legal process for some failure in the management
- Noodle**, nõd'dl. *s.* a fool, a simpleton
- Nook**, nõdk. *s.* a corner
- Noon**, nõdn. *s.* the middle hour of the day
- Noonday**, nõdn-dâ'. *s.* mid-day
- Noonday**, nõdn dâ'. *a.* meridional
- Noontide**, nõdn'tîde. *s.* mid-day
- Noontide**, nõdn'tîde. *a.* meridional
- Noose**, nõdse. *s.* a running knot
- Noose**, nõdze. *v. a.* to tie in a noose
- Nor**, nõr. *conj.* a particle marking the second or subsequent branch of a negative proposition
- North**, nõrth. *s.* the point opposite to the sun in the meridian; the point opposite to the south
- Northeast**, nõrth-êést. *s.* the point between the north and east
- Northerly**, nõr'thûr-lé. *a.* towards the north
- Northern**, nõr'thûrn. *a.* in the north
- Northstar**, nõrth'stâr. *s.* the pole-star
- Northwest**, nõrth-wêst'. *s.* the point between the north and west
- Nose**, nõze. *s.* the prominence on the face, which is the organ of scent and the emunctory of the brain
- Nose**, nõze, *v. a.* to scent, to smell
- Nosegay**, nõze'gâ'. *s.* a bunch of flowers
- Noseless**, nõze'lês. *a.* wanting a nose
- Nosle**, nõz'l. *s.* the extremity of a thing, as, The nosle of a pair of bellows
- Nostril**, nõs'trîl. *s.* the cavity in the nose
- Nostrum**, nõs'trûm. *s.* a medicine not yet made public [fusal; no more]
- Not**, nõt. *ad.* the particle of negation o. re-
- Notable**, nõ'tâ-bl. *a.* remarkable, observable
- Notable**, nõ'tâ-bl. *a.* careful, bustling
- Natableness**, nõ'tâ-bl-nês. *s.* appearance of business [ably]
- Notably**, nõ'tâ-blê. *ad.* memorably, remarkably
- Notary**, nõ'tâ-rê. *s.* an officer whose business it is to take notes of any thing which may concern the publick
- Notation**, nõ-tâ'shûn. *s.* the act or practice of recording any thing by marks [thing]
- Notch**, nõtsh. *s.* a nick, a hollow cut in any
- Notch**, nõtsh. *v. a.* to cut in small hollows
- Note**, nõte. *s.* mark, token; notice; sound in musick; a small letter; explanatory annotation [down]
- Note**, nõte. *v. a.* to observe; to attend, to set
- Noted**, nõté. *part. a.* remarkable, eminent
- Nothing**, nõth'îng. *s.* nonentity
- Nothingness**, nõth'îng-nês. *s.* nonexistence - thing of no value
- Notice**, nõ'tîs. *s.* remark, heed; information
- Notification**, nõ-tê-fê-kâ'shûn. *s.* the act of making known
- Notify**, nõ'tê-fl. *v. a.* to declare [ion]
- Notion**, nõ'shûn. *s.* thought, sentiment, opinion
- Notional**, nõ'shûn-âl. *a.* imaginary, ideal [tally]
- Notionally**, nõ'shûn-âl-lê. *ad.* in idea, rûn-
- Notoriety**, nõ-tò-rî'é-tê. *s.* publick knowledge
- Notorious**, nõ-tò-rê-ûs. *a.* publickly known
- Notoriously**, nõ-tò-rê-ûs-lê. *ad.* publickly, evidently [though; nevertheless, however]
- Notwithstanding**, nõt-wîth-stând'îng. *conj. ab-*
- Nought**, nõwt. *s.* nothing
- Noun**, nõûn. *s.* the name of any thing
- Nourish**, nõr'rîsh. *v. a.* to increase or support by food [nourishment]
- Nourishable**, nõr'rîsh-â-bl. *a.* susceptible of
- Nourisher**, nõr-rîsh-ûr. *s.* the person or thing that nourishes [nauce]
- Nourishment**, nõr'rîsh-mênt. *s.* food, suste-
- Novel**, nõv'vêl. *a.* new
- Novel**, nõv'vêl. *s.* a small tale [of novels]
- Novelist**, nõv'vêl-îst. *s.* innovator, a writer
- Novelty**, nõv'vêl-tê. *s.* newness

November, nô-vêm'bâr. <i>s.</i> the eleventh month of the year	[a step-mother	Numerous, nú'mêr-râs. <i>a.</i> containing or consisting of many
Novercal, nô-vêr'kál. <i>a.</i> having the manner of		Nummery, núm'mâ-rê. <i>a.</i> relating to money
Novice, nôv'vls. <i>s.</i> one not acquainted with any thing, a fresh man	[ice	Numskull, núm'skûl. <i>s.</i> a dunce, a dolt
Novitiate, nô-vlsh'é-âte. <i>s.</i> the state of a nov-		Nun, nân. <i>s.</i> a woman secluded in a cloister from the world
Now, nôú. <i>ad.</i> at this time, at the time pres-		Nuncio, nân'shê-ô. <i>s.</i> a messenger, an envoy
Now, nôú. <i>s.</i> present moment	[ent	Nuncion, nân'shûn. <i>s.</i> a piece of victuals eaten between meals
Nowadays, nôú-â-dâze. <i>ad.</i> in the present age		Nuncupative, nân-kú-pâ-tiv. } <i>a.</i> publick-
Nowhere, nô'hwêre. <i>ad.</i> not in any place		Nuncupatory, nân-kú-pâ-tûr-rê. } <i>a.</i> ly or
Nowise, nô'wlze. <i>ad.</i> not in any manner or		solemnly declaratory, verbally pronounced
Noxious, nôk'shûs. <i>a.</i> hurtful	[degree	Nunnery, nân'nûr-ê. <i>s.</i> a house of nuns
Noxiousness, nôk'shûs-nês. <i>s.</i> hurtfulness		Nuptial, nûp'shál. <i>a.</i> pertaining to marriage
Noxiously, nôk'shûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> hurtfully		Nuptials, nûp'shâlz. <i>s.</i> marriage
Nozle, nôz'l. <i>s.</i> the nose, the end		Nurse, nûrse. <i>s.</i> a woman that has the care of another's child; a woman that has the care of a sick person
Nubiferous, nû-bl'fêr-ûs. <i>a.</i> bringing clouds		Nurse, nûrse. <i>v. a.</i> to bring up a child; to tend
Nubile, nû'bl. <i>a.</i> marriageable		Nursery, nûr'sûr-rê. <i>s.</i> the act or office of nursing; a plantation of young trees to be transplanted; the place where any thing is fostered or brought up
Muciferous, nû-sl'fêr-ûs. <i>a.</i> nutbearing		Nursling, nûr's'ling. <i>s.</i> a fondling
Nucleus, nú'klê-ûs. <i>s.</i> a kernel, any thing about which matter is gathered		Nurture, nûr'tshûre. <i>s.</i> food, diet; education
Nudity, nú-dê-tê. <i>s.</i> naked parts		Nurture, nûr'tshûre. <i>v. a.</i> to educate, to train, to bring up
Nugacity, nú-gâs'sê-tê. <i>s.</i> futility, trifling talk		Nustle, nú's'l. <i>v. r.</i> to fondle, to cherish
Nugation, nú-gâ-shûn. <i>s.</i> the act or practice of trifling		Nut, nút. <i>s.</i> the fruit of certain trees, a small body with teeth, which correspond with the teeth of wheels
Nugatory, nú-gâ-tûr-ê. <i>a.</i> trifling, futile		[kept long
Nuisance, nú'sânse. <i>s.</i> something noxious & offensive		Nutbrown, nút'brôûn. <i>a.</i> brown like a nut
Nullify, nú'l'ê-fl. <i>v. a.</i> to annul, to make void		Nutrackers, nút'krâk-kûrz. <i>s.</i> an instrument used to break nuts
Nullity, nú'l'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> want of force		Nutgall, nút'gál. <i>s.</i> excrescence of an oak
Numb, nûm. <i>a.</i> torpid; producing chillness		Nutmeg, nút'mêg. <i>s.</i> a kind of spice imported from the East Indies
Numb, nûm. <i>v. a.</i> to make torpid		Nutshell, nút'shêl. <i>s.</i> the hard substance that encloses the kernel of the nut
Number, núm'bâr. <i>v. a.</i> to count, to reckon		Nut-tree, nút-trêe. <i>s.</i> a tree that bears nuts
Number, núm'bâr. <i>s.</i> the species of quantity by which it is computed how many; many, more than one; comparative multitude; harmony; poetry		Nutrition, nút-trê-sê-lâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> manner of feeding or being fed
Numberless, núm'bâr-lês. <i>a.</i> innumerable		Nutrimment, nút-trê-mênt. <i>s.</i> food, aliment
Numbness, núm'nês. <i>s.</i> torpor, stupefaction		Nutritional, nút-trê-mên'tál. <i>a.</i> having the qualities of food
Numberable, nú'mêr-â-bl. <i>a.</i> capable to be numbered		[nourishing
Numeral, nú'mêr-âl. <i>a.</i> relating to number		Nutrition, nút-trlsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> the act or quality of
Numerary, nú'mêr-â-rê. <i>a.</i> belonging to a number	[bering; a rule of arithmetick	Nutritious, nút-trlsh'ûs. } <i>a.</i> nourishing
Numeration, nú-mêr-â-shûn. <i>s.</i> the art of num-		Nutritive, nút-trê-tiv. }
Numerator, nú'mêr-â-tûr. <i>s.</i> he that numbers; that number which serves as the common measure to others	[ûng number	Nutriture, nút-trê-tûre. <i>s.</i> the power of nourishing
Numerical, nú-mêr'rik-âl. <i>a.</i> numeral, deno-		
Numerically, nú-mêr'rik-âl-ê. <i>ad.</i> respecting sameness in number		

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât--mê, mêt--pline, pln--nô, nôve,

Nuzzle, nûz'zl. *v. a.* t^o nurse, to foster; to go with the nose down like a hog
 Nymph, nîmf. *s.* a goddess of the woods, meadows, or waters; in poetry, a lady

O.

OAF, ôfe. *s.* a changeling; an idiot [ness
 Oafishness, ôfe'îsh-nês. *s.* stupidity, dul-
 Oak, ôke. *s.* a well known tree [on the oak
 Oakapple, ôke'âp-pl. *s.* a spongy excrescence
 Oaken, ô'kn. *a.* made of oak
 Oakum, ô'kûm. *s.* cords untwisted
 Oar, ôre. *s.* an instrument to row with
 Oaten, ô'in. *a.* made of oats
 Oath, ôth. *s.* an affirmation, negation, or promise, corroborated by the attestation of the Divine Being [by grinding oats
 Oatmeal, ô'mêle, or ôte'mêle. *s.* flour made
 Oats, ôtes. *s.* a grain with which horses are fed [ering
 Obduce, ôb-dûsé. *v. a.* to draw over as a cover
 Obduction, ôb-dûk'shûn. *s.* the act of covering
 Obduracy, ôb'jû-râ-sé. *s.* inflexible wickedness, hardness of heart [ibly obstinate
 Obdurate, ôb'jû-râte. *a.* hard of heart, inflexible
 Obdurateness, ôb'jû-rât-nês. *s.* stubbornness, impenitence [thority
 Obedience, ô-bé'jé-ênse. *s.* submission to authority
 Obedient, ô-bé'jé-ênt. *a.* submissive to authority [the rule of obedience
 Obediential, ô-bé'jé-ên'shâl. *a.* according to
 Obediently, ô-bé'jé-ênt-lê. *ad.* with obedience
 Obeisance, ô-bâ'sânse. *s.* a courtesy, an act of reverence
 Obelisk, ôb'è-îlsk. *s.* a sort of pyramid
 Obese, ô-bése'. *a.* fat, loaden with flesh
 Obesity, ô-bés'sé-té. *s.* morbid fatness
 Obey, ô-bâ'. *v. a.* to pay submission to
 Object, ôb'jêkt. *s.* that about which any power or faculty is employed
 Object, ôb'jêkt'. *v. a.* to oppose [fault found
 Objection, ôb-jêk'shûn. *s.* adverse argument;
 Objective, ôb-jêk'tîv. *a.* belonging to or contained in an object; proposed as an object [tions
 Objector, ôb-jêk'tûr. *s.* one who offers objection
 Obit, ô'blt. *s.* funeral obsequies
 Objurgate, ob-jûr'gâte. *a.* to chide, to reprove

Objurgation, ôb-jûr-gâ'shûn. *s.* reproof. re-
 prehension
 Oblate, ôb-lâte'. *a.* flattened at the poles
 Oblation, ôb-lâ'shûn. *s.* an offering, a sacrifice
 Objection, ôb-lêk-tâ'shûn. *s.* delight, pleasure
 Obligation, ôb-lê-gâ'shûn. *s.* the binding power of any oath, or contract; favour by which one is bound to gratitude
 Obligatory, ôb'lê-gâ-tûr-ê. *a.* imposing an obligation, binding [please, to gratify
 Oblige, ô-bîldje'. *v. a.* to bind, to compel; to
 Obligee, ôb-lê-jéé'. *s.* one bound by a legal contract [san'
 Obliging, ô-bîl'jîng. *part. a.* civil, complimentary
 Obligingness, ô-bîl'jîng-nês. *s.* complaisance
 Oblique, ôb-îlke'. *a.* not direct
 Obliqueness, ôb-îlke'nês. } *s.* deviation from
 Obliquity, ôb-îlk'wé-té. } physical or moral rectitude; deviation from
 perpendicularity
 Obliterate, ôb-îl'têr-râte. *v. a.* to efface
 Obliteration, ôb-îl'têr-râ'shûn. *s.* effacement
 Oblivion, ôb-îlv'vé-ûn. *s.* forgetfulness; amnesia
 Oblivious, ô-bîlv'vé-ûs. *a.* causing forgetfulness
 Oblong, ôb'lông. *a.* longer than broad [grace
 Obloquy, ôb'lô-qwé. *s.* blame, slander; dis-
 Oblonious, ôb-nôk'shûs. *a.* subject; liable, exposed [obscure
 Obnubilate, ôb-nû'bè-lâte. *v. a.* to cloud, to
 Obscene, ôb-sèèn'. *a.* immodest; disgusting
 Obsceneness, ôb-sèèn'nês. } *s.* impurity of
 Obscenity, ôb-sèn'né-té. } thought or language, lewdness
 Obscuration, ôb-skû-râ'shûn. *s.* the act of darkening; state of being darkened
 Obscure, ôb-skûre. *a.* dark, gloomy, abstruse
 Obscure, ôb-skûre. *v. a.* to darken
 Obscurely, ôb-skûre'lê. *ad.* not brightly
 Obscureness, ôb-skûre'nês. } *s.* darkness,
 Obscurity, ôb-skûrê-té. } unnoticed state, privacy; darkness of meaning
 Obsecration, ôb-sé-krâ'shûn. *s.* entreaty
 Obsequies, ôb'sé-kwîz. *s.* funeral rites [plian'
 Obsequious, ôb-sé-kwé-ûs. *a.* obedient, compliant
 Obsequiousness, ôb-sé-kwé-ûs-nês. *s.* obedience, compliance [inert'
 Obseable, ôb-sér'vâ-bl. *a.* remarkable. em

nôr, nô-t—tâbe, tâb, bảll—ôl—pôând—thin, THIS.

- Observance, ôb-zêr'vânse. *s.* respect; religious rite; rule of practice
- Observant, ôb-zêr'vânt. *a.* attentive
- Observation, ôb-zêr-và'shûn. *s.* the act of observing; note, remark
- Observer, ôb-zêr-và'tûr. *s.* a remarker
- Observatory, ôb-zêr'vâ-tûr-ê. *s.* a place built for astronomical observation [obey]
- Observe, ôb-zêrv'. *v. a.* to watch; to note; to observe, ôb-zêrv'ûr. *s.* one who looks on, a beholder
- Obsolete, ôb'sô-lête. *a.* disused, unfashionable
- Obsolescence, ôb'sô-lête-nês. *s.* unfashionableness
- Obstacle, ôb'stâ-kl. *s.* hindrance, obstruction
- Obstetrication, ôb-stê't-trê-kâ'shûn. *s.* the office of a midwife
- Obstetric, ôb-stê't-trîk. *a.* befitting a midwife
- Obstinacy, ôb'stê-nâ-sê. *s.* stubbornness, contumacy [cious]
- Obstinate, ôb'stê-nât. *a.* stubborn, contumacious
- Obstinately, ôb'stê-nât-lê. *ad.* stubbornly, inflexibly [ous]
- Obstreperous, ôb-strêp'pêr-ûs. *a.* loud, clamorous
- Obstreperousness, ôb-strêp'pêr-rûs-nês. *s.* loudness, clamour
- Obstruction, ôb-strîk'shûn. *s.* obligation, bond
- Obstruct, ôb-strîkt'. *v. a.* to hinder [obstacle]
- Obstruction, ôb-strîk'shûn. *s.* hindrance
- Obstructive, ôb-strîkt'iv. *a.* hindering, causing impediment
- Obtrusive, ôb'strû-ênt. *a.* hindering
- Obtain, ôb-tâne'. *v. a.* to gain, to acquire
- Obtainable, ôb-tâne'â-bl. *a.* to be procured
- Obtend, ôb-tênd'. *v. a.* to oppose [ing]
- Obtention, ôb-tên'shûn. *s.* the act of obtending
- Obtest, ôb-têst'. *v. a.* to beseech, to supplicate
- Obtestation, ôb-têst-tâ'shûn. *s.* supplication
- Obtrude, ôb-trôdd'. *v. a.* to thrust in by force
- Obtruder, ôb-trôdd'ûr. *s.* one that obtrudes
- Obtrusion, ôb-trôdd'zhûn. *s.* the act of obtruding
- Obtrusive, ôb-trôdd'siv. *a.* inclined to force one's self or any thing else upon others
- Obtund, ôb-tând'. *v. a.* to blunt, to dull, to deaden
- Obtuse, ôb-tûse'. *a.* not pointed, not acute
- Obtuseness, ôb-tûse'nês. *s.* bluntness
- Obvert, ôb-vêrt'. *v. a.* to turn towards [prevent]
- Obviate, ôb'vê-âte. *v. a.* to meet in the way, to
- Obvious, ôb'vê-ûs. *a.* open; easily discovered [evident or apparent]
- Obviousness, ôb'vê-ûs-nês. *s.* state of being evident; convenience; casual exigence
- Occasion, ôk-kâ'zhûn. *v. a.* to cause; to influence [uai]
- Occasional, ôk-kâ'zhûn-âl. *a.* incidental, casual
- Occasion, ôk-sê-kâ'shûn. *s.* the act of blinding
- Occident, ôk'sê-dênt. *s.* the west
- Occidental, ôk-sêdên'tâl. *a.* western [head]
- Occiput, ôk'sê-pût. *s.* the hinder part of the head
- Occlude, ôk-klûde'. *v. a.* to shut up [up]
- Occlusion, ôk-klû'zhûn. *s.* the act of shutting
- Occult, ôk-kûlt. *a.* secret, hidden
- Occultation, ôk-kûl-tâ'shûn. *s.* the time that a star or planet is hidden from our sight
- Occupancy, ôk'kû-pân-sê. *s.* the act of taking possession [sion of any thing]
- Occupant, ôk'kû-pânt. *s.* he that takes possession
- Occupation, ôk'kû-pâ'shûn. *s.* employment, business; trade, vocation
- Occupier, ôk'kû-pi-ûr. *s.* a possessor
- Occupy, ôk'kû pl. *v. a.* to possess [to nappen]
- Occur, ôk-kûr'. *v. n.* to appear here and there
- Occurrence, ôk-kûr-rênse. *s.* incident, accidental event
- Ocean, ô'shûn. *s.* the main, the great sea
- Oceanick, ô-shê-ân'ik. *a.* pertaining to the ocean
- Ocellated, ô-sêl'lâ-têd. *a.* resembling the eye
- Ochre, ô'kûr. *s.* a kind of earth
- Ochreous, ô'krê-ûs. *a.* consisting of ochre
- Octagon, ôk'tâ-gôn. *s.* a figure consisting of eight sides and angles
- Octagonal, ôk-tâg'gô-nâl. *a.* having eight angles and sides [angles]
- Octangular, ôk-tâng'gû-lâr. *a.* having eight angles
- Octave, ôk'tâve. *s.* the eighth day after some festival; an interval of eight sounds
- Octavo, ôk-tâ'vô. *a.* a book is said to be in octavo when a sheet is folded into eight leaves [eighth year]
- Octennial, ôk-tên'nê-âl. *a.* happening every year
- October, ôk-tô'bûr. *s.* the tenth month of the year
- Octuple, ôk'tû-pl. *a.* eightfold [year]
- Ocular, ôk'kû-lâr. *a.* known by the eye
- Oculist, ôk'kû-llst. *s.* one who professes to cure distempers of the eyes [unlikely]
- Odd, ôd. *a.* not even; particular; strange

- Oddly, ôd'lè. *ad.* not evenly; strangely, particularly [ven; strangeness, particularity]
- Oddness, ôd'nès. *s.* the state of being not e-
- Odds, ôdz. *s.* inequality; superiority; quarrel, debate, dispute
- Ode, ôde. *s.* a lyrick poem [inable]
- Odious, ô'dé-ûs. *a.* hateful, detestable, abom-
- Odiousness, ô'dé-ûs-nès. *s.* hatefulnèss
- Odium, ô'dé-ûm. *s.* invidiousness [turned]
- Odoriferous, ô-dô-rîf'fèr-ûs. *a.* fragrant, per-
- Odoriferousness, ô-dô-rîf'fèr-ûs-nès. *s.* sweet-ness of scent
- Odorous, ô'dâr-ûs. *a.* fragrant, perfumed
- Odour, ô'dâr. *s.* scent, whether good or bad
- Oecumenical, êk-û-mèn'nè-kâl. *a.* general
- Oeilid, è-îl'yâd. *s.* a glance, token of the eye
- Oesophagus, è-sôf'fâ-gûs. *s.* the gullet
- Of, ôv. *prep.* concerning
- Off, ôf. *ad.* signifying distance, absence or departure, disappointment
- Off, ôf. *int.* depart!
- Off, ôf. *prep.* not on; distant from
- Offal, ôf'âl. *s.* waste meat; coarse flesh; refuse [ure given; anger]
- Offence, ôf-fènsè'. *s.* crime; injury; displeas-
- Offenceless, ôf-fènsè'lès. *a.* innocent
- Offend, ôf-fènd'. *v. a.* to make angry; to transgress [gressor]
- Offender, ôf-fèn'dâr. *s.* a criminal, a trans-
- Offensive, ôf-fèn'slv. *a.* displeasing; injurious
- Offensively, ôf-fèn'slv-lè. *ad.* mischievously, injuriously [to bid; to propose]
- Offer, ôf'fâr. *v. a.* to present; to sacrifice;
- Offer, ôf'fâr. *s.* proposal; price bid; attempt
- Offering, ôf'fâr-rîng. *s.* a sacrifice
- Offertory, ôf'fèr-tûr-è. *s.* the thing offered, the act of offering
- Office, ôf'fîs. *s.* a publick charge or employment; business; place where business is transacted [publick; a commander]
- Officer, ôf'fè-sûr. *s.* a man employed by the
- Official, ôf-fîsh-âl. *a.* pertaining to a publick charge [longing to office]
- Officially, ôf-fîsh'âl-è. *ad.* in a manner be-
- Officiate, ôf-fîsh'è-âte. *v. n.* to discharge an office, to perform an office for another
- Officious, ôf-fîsh'ûs. *a.* over-forward [ness]
- Officiousness, ôf-fîsh'ûs-nès. *s.* over-forward-
- Offing, ôf'fîng. *s.* the act of steering to a distance from the land
- Offset, ôf'sèt. *s.* shoot of a plant
- Offscouring, ôf-skôûr'îng. *s.* recrement, part rubbed away in cleaning any thing
- Offspring, ôf'sprîng. *s.* children; production of any kind
- Ofst, ôft. } *ad.* frequently, many times
- Oftèn, ôf'fn. } *ad.* frequently, many times
- Ogee, ô-jéé'. *s.* a sort of moulding in architecture [as in fondness]
- Ogle, ô'gl. *v. a.* to view with side glances,
- Oglio, ô'lè-ô. *s.* a rædley [surprise]
- Oh, ô. *int.* an exclamation denoting pain or
- Oil, ôil. *s.* the juice of olives; grease, &c.
- Oil, ôil. *v. a.* to smear or lubricate with oil
- Oiliness, ôil'lè-nès. *s.* unctuousness, greasiness [picklea]
- Oilman, ôil'mân. *s.* one who trades in oils and
- Oily, ôil'é. *a.* consisting of oil
- Ointment, ôint'mènt. *s.* unguent
- Old, ôld. *a.* past the middle of life; of long continuance; ancient; long practised
- Oldfashioned, ôld-fâsh'ûnd. *a.* formed according to obsolete custom
- Oleaginous, ô-lè-âd'jîn-ûs. *a.* oily, unctuous
- Olfactory, ôl-fâk'tûr-è. *a.* having the sense of smelling
- Oligarchy, ôl-lè-gâr-kè. *s.* a form of government which places the supreme power in a small number, aristocracy
- Olio, ô'lè-ô. *s.* a mixture, a medley
- Olive, ô'lîv. *s.* a plant producing oil, the emblem of peace [alphabet]
- Omega, ô-mé-gâ. *s.* the last letter of the Greek
- Omelet, ôm'lèt. *s.* a kind of pancake made with eggs [nostick]
- Omen, ô'mèn. *s.* a sign good or bad, a prog-
- Omentum, ô-mèn'tâm. *s.* the cawl, the double membrane spread over the entrails
- Ominous, ôm'în-ûs. *a.* foreshowing ill
- Ominousness, ôm'în-nûs-nès. *s.* the quantity of being ominous
- Omission, ô-mîsh'ûn. *s.* neglect of duty
- Omit, ô-mî't. *v. a.* to leave out, not to mention
- Omnifarious, ôm-nè-fâ'rè-ûs. *a.* of all kinds
- Omniferous, ôm-nîf'fèr-ûs. *a.* all-bearing
- Omnifick, ôm-nîf'fîk. *a.* all-creating
- Omnipotence, ôm-nîp'pò-tènsè. } *s.* almighty
- Omnipotency, ôm-nîp'pò-tèn-sè. } *s.* almighty power, unlimited power
- Omnipotent, ôm-nîp'pò-tènt. *a.* almighty

ôp, nô-t—tâbe, tâb, bảll—ôll—pôând—thin, ruis.

- Omnipresence, ôm-nê-prêz'ênse. *s.* ubiquity, unbounded presence
- Omnipresent, ôm-nê-prêz'ênt. *a.* present in every place [knowledge]
- Omniscience, ôm-nîsh'ê-ênse. *s.* boundless
- Omniscient, ôm-nîsh'ê-ênt. *a.* knowing without bounds
- Omnivorous, ôm-nîv'ô-râs. *a.* all-devouring
- On, ôn. *prop.* noun addition or accumulation, state of progression, dependence or reliance, the motive or occasion of any thing, the time at which any thing happens
- On, ôn. *ad.* forward [agement]
- On, ôn. *int.* a word of incitement or encouragement
- Once, wânse. *ad.* one time; formerly
- One, wân. *a.* less than two, single: any; particularly one
- One, wân. *s.* a single person: the first hour; the same thing; concord
- One-eyed, wân'îde. *a.* having only one eye
- Oneirocritick, ô-nî-rô-krî'tîk. *s.* an interpreter of dreams [ing one]
- Oneness, wân'wês. *s.* unity; the quality of being
- Onerate, ôn'nêr-râte. *v. a.* to load, to burthen
- Oneration, ôn-nêr-â'shûn. *s.* the act of loading
- Onerous, ôn'nêr-ûs. *a.* burthensome
- Onion, ân yûn. *s.* a plant
- Only, ône'lê. *a.* single
- Only, ône'lê. *ad.* simply, singly
- Onset, ôn'sêt. *s.* attack, assault
- Ontologist, ôn-tôl'ô-jîst. *s.* a metaphysician
- Ontology, ôn-tôl'ô-jê. *s.* metaphysics
- Onward, ôn'wârd. *ad.* forward, progressively
- Onyx, ô'nîks. *s.* a semipellucid gem
- Ooze, ôôze. *s.* soft mud: slime
- Ooze, ôôze. *v. n.* to run gently
- Oozy, ôô zê. *a.* milky, muddy
- Opacate, ô-pâ'kâte. *v. n.* to shade, to darken
- Opacity, ô-pâs'sê-tê. *s.* cloudiness
- Opacous, ô-pâ'kûs. *a.* dark, obscure
- Opal, ô'pâl. *s.* a precious stone
- Opaque, ô-pâkê'. *a.* not transparent, dark
- Open, ô'pn. *v. a.* to unclose; to divide; to disclose
- Open, ô'pn. *a.* unclosed; apparent; sincere
- Openeyed, ô'pn-îde. *a.* vigilant, watchful
- Openhanded, ô-pn-hând'êd. *a.* generous liberal [did]
- Openhearted, ô-pn-hârt'êd. *a.* generous, candid
- Opening, ô'pn-îng. *s.* a perture, breach; dawn
- Openly, ô'pn-lê. *ad.* publicly, plainly
- Openness, ô'pn-nês. *s.* plainness, clearness
- Opera, ôp'pêr-râ. *s.* a poetical fiction, represented by vocal and instrumental music
- Operant, ôp'pêr-rânt. *a.* active
- Operate, ôp'pêr-âte. *v. n.* to act, to have agency [duction of effects, influence]
- Operation, ôp-pêr-râ'shûn. *s.* agency, pro-
- Operator, ôp'pêr-râ-tûr. *s.* one that performs any act of the hand
- Operose, ôp-pêr-rôse'. *a.* laborious
- Ophthalmick, ôp-thâl mîk. *a.* relating to the eye
- Ophthalmy, ôp'thâl-mê. *s.* a disease of the eyes [sleep]
- Opiate, ô'pê-ât. *s.* a medicine that causes
- Opiine, ô-plîne'. *v. n.* to think, to judge
- Opiniative, ô-plî'yê-â-tîv. *a.* stiff in a preconceived notion
- Opinion, ô-plî'yûn. *s.* persuasion of the mind without proof; judgment, notion
- Opinionated, ô-plî'yûn-â-têd. *a.* attached to certain opinions [conceived notions]
- Opinionative, ô-plî'yûn-nâ-tîv. *a.* fond of pre-
- Opinionist, ô-plî'yûn-nîst. *s.* one fond of his own notions [note sleep]
- Opium, ô'pê-âm. *s.* a medicine used to pro-
- Oppidan, ôp'pê-dân. *s.* a townsman, an inhabitant of a town
- Oppilation, ôp-pê-lâ'shûn. *s.* obstruction
- Opponent, ôp-pô'nênt. *a.* opposite, adverse
- Opponent, ôp-pô'nênt. *s.* antagonist, adver-
- Opportune, ôp-pôr-tûne'. *a.* seasonable [ary]
- Opportunely, ôp-pôr-tûne'lê. *ad.* seasonably
- Opportunity, ôp-pôr-tû-nê-tê. *s.* fit place, time, convenience [post]
- Oppose, ôp-pôze'. *v. a.* to act against. to re-
- Opposeless, ôp-pôze'lês. *a.* irresistible
- Opposer, ôp-pôzûr. *s.* one that opposes, an antagonist [itrary]
- Opposite, ôp-pô-zî't. *a.* placed in front; [our]
- Opposite, ôp-pô-zî't. *s.* adversary, opponent
- Opposition, ôp-pô-zîsh'ûn. *s.* situation so as to front something opposed; hostile resistance; contrariety of interest
- Oppress, ôp-prês'. *v. a.* to crush by hardship
- Oppression, ôp-prêsh'ûn. *s.* cruelty, severity, calamity [overwhelming]
- Oppressive, ôp-prês'sîv. *a.* cruel, inhuman
- Oppressor, ôp-prês'sûr. *s.* one who harasses others with unjust severity

Fâte, fâr, fâl', fât—mé, mêt—pne, pla—nò, mòve,

- Opprobrious**, òp-p:ó'brè-ús. *a.* reproachful, disgraceful [proachfulness]
- Opprobriousness**, òp-pró'brè-ús-nès. *s.* reprobation
- Oppugn**, òp-pàné'. *v. a.* to oppose, to resist
- Oppugnancy**, òp-pà'g'nán-sè. *s.* opposition
- Opprative**, òp'pà-tív. *a.* expressive of desire
- Optical**, òp'té-kál. *a.* relating to the science of opticks
- Optician**, òp-tsh'án. *s.* one skilled in opticks
- Optick**, òp'tík. *a.* visual, relating to the science of vision [sight]
- Optick**, òp'tík. *s.* an instrument or organ of vision
- Opticks**, òp'tíks. *s.* the science of vision
- Optimacy**, òp'tè-má-sè. *s.* nobility [best]
- Optimidity**, òp-tsh'mè-tè. *s.* the state of being optimum
- Option**, òp'shùn. *s.* choice, election
- Opulence**, òp'pù-lènse. } *s.* wealth, affluence
- Opulency**, òp'pù-lèn-sè. }
- Opulent**, òp'pù-lènt. *a.* rich, wealthy
- Or**, òr. *conj.* a disjunctive particle
- Oracle**, òr'rà-kl. *s.* something delivered by supernatural wisdom ; any person or place where certain decisions are obtained ; one famed for wisdom
- Oracular**, ò-rák'kù-lar. } *a.* uttering oracles
- Oraculous**, ò-rák'kù-lús. }
- Oraculousness**, ò-rák'kù-lús-nès. *s.* the state of being oracular [cation]
- Oraison**, òr-ré-zân. *s.* prayer, verbal supplication
- Oral**, ò'rál. *a.* delivered by mouth
- Orally**, ò'rál-lé. *ad.* by mouth
- Orange**, òr'ranje. *s.* a well known fruit
- Orange**, òr'ranje. *a.* of the colour of an orange
- Orangery**, ò-rân'zhèr-é. *s.* plantation of oranges [ing to the laws of rhetoric]
- Oration**, ò-rá'shùn. *s.* a speech made according to the laws of rhetoric
- Orator**, òr'râ-tûr. *s.* a publick speaker, a man of eloquence
- Oratorical**, òr-â-tò'rè-ál. *a.* rhetorical, florid
- Oratorical**, òr-râ-tò'rè-kál. *a.* befitting an orator
- Oratorio**, òr-â-tò'rè-ò. *s.* a kind of sacred drama, generally taken from the Scriptures, and set to music
- Oratory**, òr'râ-tûr-é. *s.* eloquence, rhetorical skill ; a private place allotted for prayer
- Orb**, òrb. *s.* sphere, orbicular body ; wheel ; circle
- Orbation**, òr-bâ'shùn. *s.* privation of parents or children
- Orbed**, { òr'bèd. } *a.* round, circular, orbicular
- Orbicular**, òr-blk'kù-lâr. *a.* circular
- Orbit**, òr'bít. *s.* the line described by the revolution of a planet
- Orchard**, òr'tshârd. *s.* a garden of fruit-trees
- Orchestra**, òr-kès'trá. *s.* a part of the theatre appropriated to the musicians
- Orchestre**, òr'kès-târ. *s.* the place where the musicians are set at a publick show
- Ordain**, òr-dâne'. *v. a.* to appoint, to decree. to establish ; to invest with sacerdotal power
- Ordeal**, òr'dè-ál. *s.* a trial by fire or water
- Order**, òr'dûr. *s.* method ; regularity ; method ; rule ; regular government ; a rank or class ; a religious fraternity
- Order**, òr'dûr. *v. a.* to regulate, to adjust, to conduct ; to command [thodicalness]
- Orderliness**, òr'dûr-lè-nès. *s.* regularity, method
- Orderly**, òr'dûr-lè. *a.* methodical ; well regulated [larity]
- Orderly**, òr'dûr-lè. *ad.* methodically, regularly
- Ordinal**, òr'dè-nâl. *s.* a ritual, a book containing orders
- Ordinance**, òr'dè-nânse. *s.* law, rule, prescription
- Ordinarily**, òr'dè-nâ-rè-lè. *ad.* according to established rules ; commonly
- Ordinary**, òr'dè-nâ-ré. *a.* established, methodical, regular ; common, usual ; mean
- Ordinary**, òr'dè-nâ-ré. *s.* established judge of ecclesiastical causes ; settled establishment ; a place of eating established at a certain price
- Ordinate**, òr'dè-nâte. *a.* regular, methodical
- Ordination**, òr-dè-nâ'shùn. *s.* established order or tendency ; the act of investing any man with sacerdotal power
- Ordnance**, òrd'nânse. *s.* cannon, great guns
- Ordonnance**, òr'dûn-nânse. *s.* disposition of figures in a picture
- Ordure**, òr'jûre. *s.* dung, filth
- Ore**, òre. *s.* metal unrefined
- Organ**, òr'gân. *s.* natural instrument ; an instrument of music
- Organical**, òr-gân'nè-kál. } *a.* instrumental
- Organick**, òr-gân'ník. }
- Organism**, òr'gân-nizm. *s.* organical structure
- Organist**, òr'gân-níst. *s.* one who plays on the organ

nòr, nòt—tùbe, túb, búll—ól—pòund—thin, THIS.

- Organization, òr-gá-né-zá-shùn. *s.* construction in which the parts are so disposed as to be subservient to each other
- Organize, òr-gá-níze. *v. a. t.* construct so as that one part co-operates with another
- Organloft, òr-gán-lòft. *s.* the loft where the organ stands
- Orgasm, òr-gáz-m. *s.* sudden vehemence
- Orgies, òr-jéze. *s.* frantick revels
- Orient, òr-ré-ènt. *a.* rising as the sun ; eastern
- Oriental, ò-ré-èn-tál. *a.* eastern
- Oriental, ò-ré-èn-tál. *s.* an inhabitant of the eastern parts of the world
- Orifice, òr-ré-fls. *s.* any opening or perforation
- Origin, òr-ré-jín. } *s.* beginning, first existence ; fountain ; first copy ; descent
- Original, ò-rí-d'jé-nál. } *a.* primitive, pristine, first
- Originally, ò-rí-d'jé-nál-lé. *ad.* primarily
- Originary, ò-rí-d'jé-ná-ré. *a.* productive ; primitive [existence]
- Originate, ò-rí-d'jé-náte. *v. a.* to bring into existence
- Origination, ò-rí-d'jé-ná-shùn. *s.* the act of bringing into existence
- Orison, òr-ré-zàn. *s.* a prayer, a supplication
- Ornament, òr-ná-né-nt. *s.* embellishment, decoration [ishment]
- Ornamental, òr-ná-mén-tál. *a.* giving embellishment
- Ornamented, òr-ná-mén-téd. *a.* embellished, bedecked
- Ornate, òr-náte. *a.* bedecked, decorated, fine
- Orphan, òr-fán. *s.* a child who has lost father or mother, or both
- Orphan, òr-fán. *a.* bereft of parents
- Orpiment, òr-pé-mé-nt. *s.* a kind of mineral, yellow arsenick [ment]
- Orrery, òr-rér-ré. *s.* an astronomical instrument
- Orthodox, òr-thò-dòks. *a.* sound in opinion and doctrine
- Orthodoxy, òr-thò-dòk-sé. *s.* soundness in opinion and doctrine
- Orthoepist, òr-thò-é-plst. *s.* one who is skilled in orthoepy [tion of words]
- Orthoepy, òr-thò-é-pe. *s.* the right pronunciation
- Orthogon, òr-thò-gón. *s.* a rectangular figure
- Orthographer, òr-thò-g'gráf-lúr. *s.* one who spells according to the rules of grammar
- Orthographical, òr-thò-g'gráf-lé-kál. *a.* rightly spelled ; relating to the spelling
- Orthographically, òr-thò-g'gráf-lé-kál-lé. *ad.* according to the rules of spelling
- Orthography, òr-thò-g'gráf-é. *s.* the art or practice of spelling [planet]
- Ortive, òr-tív. *a.* relating to the rising of
- Orts, òrts. *s.* refuse, that which is left
- Oscillation, òs-síl-lá-shùn. *s.* the act of moving like a pendulum
- Oscitancy, òs-sé-tán-sé. } *s.* the act of yawning
- Oscitation, òs-sé-t' shùn. } *s.* ing
- Osier, ò-zhè-r. *s.* a tree of the willow kind
- Ossicle, òs'sík-kl. *s.* a small bone
- Ossification, òs-sé-fé-ká-shùn. *s.* change of carneous into bony substance
- Ossify, òs'sé-fl. *v. a.* to change into bone
- Ostensible, òs-tén'sé-bl. *a.* apparent
- Ostentation, òs-tén-tá-shùn. *s.* outward show, appearance ; ambitious display
- Ostentatious, òs-tén-tá-shùs. *a.* boastful, vain, fond of show [ity. boastfulness]
- Ostentatiousness, òs-tén-tá-shùs-néss. *s.* vanitv
- Osteology, òs-té-ól'ló-jé. *s.* a description of the bones [horses at an inn]
- Ostler, òs'lúr. *s.* the man who takes care of
- Ostrich, òs'tríts. *s.* the largest of birds
- Other, òth-úr. *pron.* not the same, different
- Otherwise, òth-úr-wíze. *ad.* in a different manner ; in other respects
- Otter, òt'tár. *s.* an amphibious animal
- Ought, áwt. *s.* any thing, not nothing
- Ought, áwt. *verb. imperfect.* to be obliged by duty ; to be fit, to be necessary
- Ounce, òánse. *s.* a weight ; a lynx
- Our, òár. *pron. poss.* pertaining to us [ers]
- Ourselves, òár-sélvz'. *recip. pron.* we, not others
- Oust, òúst. *v. a.* to vacate, to take away
- Out, òút. *ad.* not within ; not at home ; in a state of extinction ; to the end ; loudly ; in an error ; at a loss [or expulsion]
- Out, òút. *int.* an expression of abhorrence
- Outact, òút-ákt'. *v. a.* to do beyond
- Outbalance, òút-bál'ánsé. *v. a.* to outweigh
- Outbid, òút-bl'd'. *v. a.* to overpower by bidding a higher price [voyage]
- Outbound, òút-bóúnd. *a.* destined to a distant
- Outbrave, òút-bráve'. *v. a.* to bear down
- Outbrazen, òút-brá'zn. *v. a.* to bear down with impudence
- Outcast, òút'kást. *s.* exile, one expelled [tree]
- Outcry, òút'kri. *s.* cry of vehemence or dis-

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, plr --nò, mòve,

Outdo, òút-dòd'. <i>v. a.</i> to excel, to surpass	Outvie, òút-ví'. <i>v. a.</i> to exceed, to surpass
Outermost, òút-túr-mòst. <i>a.</i> remotest from the midst	Outvote, òút-vòt'. <i>v. a.</i> to conquer by plurality of suffrages [walking]
Outfly, òút-flí'. <i>v. a.</i> to leave behind in flight	Outwalk, òút-wâwk'. <i>v. a.</i> to leave behind in
Outgate, òút-gâte. <i>s.</i> an outlet	Outward, òút-wârd. <i>a.</i> external; extrinsic
Outgive, òút-gí'. <i>v. a.</i> to surpass in giving	Outward, òút wârd. <i>ad.</i> to foreign parts
Outgo, òút-gò'. <i>v. a.</i> to surpass, to excel	Outwardly, òút-wârd-lè. <i>ad.</i> externally, not sincerely [part]
Outgrow, òút-grò'. <i>v. a.</i> to surpass in growth	Outwards, òút-wârdz. <i>ad.</i> towards the out
Outlandish, òút-lând'ish. <i>a.</i> foreign	Outweigh, òút-wâ'. <i>v. a.</i> to exceed in gravity to preponderate [gem]
Outlaw, òút-lâw. <i>s.</i> one excluded from the benefit of the law; a plunderer	Outwit, òút-wít'. <i>v. a.</i> to overcome by stratagem
Outlaw, òút-lâw. <i>v. a.</i> to deprive of the benefits and protection of the law	Outwork, òút-wûrk. <i>s.</i> the parts of a fortification next the enemy
Outlaw, òút-lâw-rè. <i>s.</i> a decree by which any man is deprived of the protection of the law	Oval, ò'vâl. <i>a.</i> oblong [egg]
Outleap, òút-lèpe. <i>v. a.</i> to pass by leaping	Oval, ò'vâl. <i>s.</i> that which has the shape of an
Outlet, òút-lèt. <i>s.</i> passage outwards	Ovarious, ò-vâ-ré-ús. <i>a.</i> consisting of eggs
Outline, òút-líne. <i>s.</i> contour; extremity	Ovary, ò'vâ-rè. <i>s.</i> that part of the body in which impregnation is formed
Outlive, òút-llí'. <i>v. a.</i> to survive [measure]	Ovation, ò-vâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> a lesser triumph among the Romans [fire to bake bread]
Outmeasure, òút-mèzh'ûre. <i>v. a.</i> to exceed in	Oven, òv'vn. <i>s.</i> an arched cavity heated with
Outnumber, òút-nûm'bûr. <i>v. a.</i> to exceed in number [dle]	Over, ò'vûr. <i>prep.</i> above; across
Outmost, òút'mòst. <i>a.</i> remotest from the midst	Over, ò'vûr. <i>ad.</i> above the top; more than a quantity assigned; from side to side; from one to another; from a country beyond the sea; on the surface; throughout; completely; with repetition, another time; in a great degree, in too great a quantity
Outparish, òút-pâr-rish. <i>s.</i> parish not lying within the walls [value set upon it]	Over-act, ò-vûr-âkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to act more than enough [down, to preponderate]
Outprize, òút-príze'. <i>v. a.</i> to exceed in the	Over-balance, ò-vûr-bâl'lânse. <i>v. a.</i> to weigh
Outrage, òút-râdje. <i>v. a.</i> to injure violently or contumeliously	Over-bear, ò-vûr-bâre'. <i>v. a.</i> to repress, to subdue [equivalent]
Outrage, òút-râdje. <i>s.</i> open violence	Over-bid, ò-vûr-blí'. <i>v. a.</i> to offer more than
Outrageous, òút-râ-jûs. <i>a.</i> violent, exorbitant; excessive; atrocious [lence]	Over-blow, ò-vûr-blò'. <i>v. a.</i> to drive away as clouds before the wind [ship]
Outrageousness, òút-râ-jûs-nèss. <i>s.</i> fury, violence	Over-board, ò'vûr-bòrd. <i>ad.</i> off or out of the
Outreach, òút-réetsh'. <i>v. a.</i> to go beyond	Over-burden, ò-vûr-bûr'dn. <i>v. a.</i> to load with too great a weight [far]
Outright, òút-rít'. <i>ad.</i> immediately, completely	Over-carry, ò-vûr-kâr-rè. <i>v. a.</i> to carry too
Outroar, òút-ròre'. <i>v. a.</i> to exceed in roaring	Overcast, ò-vûr-kâst'. <i>v. a.</i> to cloud, to darken
Outroot, òút-ròd'. <i>v. a.</i> to extirpate [ning]	Over-charge, ò-vûr-tshâ'rje'. <i>v. a.</i> to oppress; to fill too full [charge]
Outrun, òút-rûn'. <i>v. a.</i> to leave behind in running	Over-charge, ò'vûr-tshâ'rje. <i>s.</i> too great a
Outsail, òút-sâle'. <i>v. a.</i> to leave behind in sailing	Over-cloud, ò-vûr-klòd'. <i>v. a.</i> to cover with clouds [conquer]
Outshine, òút-shíne'. <i>v. a.</i> to excel in lustre	Overcome, ò-vûr-kûm'. <i>v. a.</i> to subdue, to
Outside, òút'síde. <i>s.</i> superficies, surface; external part	Over-count, ò-vûr-kòunt'. <i>v. a.</i> to rate above the true value
Outsit, òút-sít'. <i>v. a.</i> to sit beyond the time	
Outstretch, òút-strètsh'. <i>v. a.</i> to extend, to spread out	
Outstrip, òút-stríp'. <i>v. a.</i> to leave behind	
Outswear, òút-swâre'. <i>v. a.</i> to overpower by swearing	

nór, nót—tábe, táb, báll—díl—póand—*um*, THIS.

Overdo, <i>ô-vâr-dôd'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to do more than enough [hard, or beyond strength]	Overshade, <i>ô-vâr-shâd'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to cover with darkness
Overdrive, <i>ô-vâr-drive'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to drive too	Overshadow, <i>ô-vâr-shâd'dô.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to shelter
Overflow, <i>ô-vâr-flô'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to fill beyond the brim; to overrun [ance]	Overshoot, <i>ô-vâr-shôôt'.</i> <i>v. n.</i> to fly beyond the mark
Overflow, <i>ô-vâr-flô.</i> <i>s.</i> inundation; exuberance	Oversight, <i>ô-vâr-slte.</i> <i>s.</i> mistake, error
Overflowing, <i>ô-vâr-flô'ng.</i> <i>s.</i> exuberance, copiousness	Oversleep, <i>ô-vâr-slêp'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to sleep too long
Overgrowth, <i>ô-vâr-grôth.</i> <i>s.</i> exuberant growth	Overslip, <i>ô-vâr-slîp.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to pass undone; neglect
Over-head, <i>ô-vâr-hêd'.</i> <i>ad.</i> aloft, in the zenith, above [do not mean to be heard]	Overspread, <i>ô-vâr-sprêd'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to cover over
Overhear, <i>ô-vâr-hêr'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to hear those who	Overstock, <i>ô-vâr-stôk.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to fill too full, to crowd [ta]
Overjoy, <i>ô-vâr-jôé'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to transport with too much joy	Overstrain, <i>ô-vâr-strâne.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to stretch to
Overjoy, <i>ô-vâr-jôé.</i> <i>s.</i> transport, ecstasy	Overt, <i>ô-vêrt.</i> <i>a.</i> open, publick
Overlarge, <i>ô-vâr-lârje'.</i> <i>a.</i> larger than enough	Overtly, <i>ô-vêrt-lê.</i> <i>ad.</i> openly
Overlay, <i>ô-vâr-lâ.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to oppress by too much weight or power; to smother	Overtake, <i>ô-vâr-tâke'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to catch any thing by pursuit, to come up to something going before
Overleap, <i>ô-vâr-lêpe'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to pass by a jump	Overthrow, <i>ô-vâr-thrô'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to turn upside down; to demolish; to defeat
Overlive, <i>ô-vâr-lîv'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to survive, to outlive	Overthrow, <i>ô-vâr-thrô.</i> <i>s.</i> the state of being turned upside down; ruin; defeat
Overload, <i>ô-vâr-lôde'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to burden with too	Overtook, <i>ô-vâr-tôôk'.</i> <i>pret.</i> and <i>part. pass.</i> of <i>overtake</i> [excel, to surpass; to obscure]
Overlong, <i>ô-vâr-lông'.</i> <i>a.</i> too long [much]	Overtop, <i>ô-vâr-tôp'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to rise above
Overlook, <i>ô-vâr-lôôk'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to view from a higher place; to peruse; to neglect; to pass over unnoticed [powers]	Overture, <i>ô-vêr-tshûre.</i> <i>s.</i> opening, disclosure; proposals; a piece of musick
Overmatch, <i>ô-vâr-mâtsh.</i> <i>s.</i> one of superior	Overturn, <i>ô-vâr-tûrn'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to throw down, to run; to conquer [high a price]
Overmuch, <i>ô-vâr-mâtsh'.</i> <i>a.</i> too much, more than enough [degree]	Overvalue, <i>ô-vâr-vâl'lû.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to rate at too
Overmuch, <i>ô-vâr-mâtsh'.</i> <i>ad.</i> in too great a	Overweak, <i>ô-vâr-wêké'.</i> <i>a.</i> too weak, too feeble
Overnight, <i>ô-vâr-nite'.</i> <i>s.</i> the night before	Overweigh, <i>ô-vâr-wâ'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to preponderate
Overpass, <i>ô-vâr-pâs'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to overlook, to omit [the price]	Overweight, <i>ô-vâr-wâte.</i> <i>s.</i> preponderance
Overpay, <i>ô-vâr-pâ'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to reward beyond	Overwhelm, <i>ô-vâr-hwêlm'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to crush
Overplus, <i>ô-vâr-plûs.</i> <i>s.</i> surplus	Overwrought, <i>ô-vâr-râwt'.</i> <i>part.</i> laboured too much
Overpoise, <i>ô-vâr-pôlze'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to outweigh	Overworn, <i>ô-vâr-wôrn'.</i> <i>part.</i> worn out
Overpower, <i>ô-vâr-pôúâr.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to oppress by superiority [high a price]	Oviform, <i>ô-vê-iôrm.</i> <i>a.</i> having the shape of an egg [eggs]
Overprize, <i>ô-vâr-prize'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to value at too	Oviparous, <i>ô-vîp-pâ-rûs.</i> <i>a.</i> bringing forth
Overreach, <i>ô-vâr-rêétsh'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to deceive, to go beyond	Owe, <i>ô. v. a.</i> to be indebted
Overroast, <i>ô-vâr-rôst'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to roast too much	Owl, <i>ôûl.</i> } a bird that flies about in the night
Overrule, <i>ô-vâr-rôûl'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to influence with predominant power; to superintend; to supersede	Owlet, <i>ôûl'lêt.</i> } <i>s.</i> the night
Overrun, <i>ô-vâr-rûn.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to harass by incursions, to ravage; to overspread	Own, <i>ône.</i> <i>s.</i> a word added to the possessive pronouns. My, Thy, His, Our, &c. <i>s.</i> Their
Overseer, <i>ô-vâr-sêéâr.</i> <i>s.</i> a superintendent or an officer who has the care of the parochial provision for the poor [upwards]	Own, <i>ône.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to acknowledge; to claim; to avow [long]
Overset, <i>ô-vâr-sêt'.</i> <i>v. a.</i> to turn the bottom	Owner, <i>ô'nâr.</i> <i>s.</i> one to whom any thing belongs
	Ox, <i>ôks.</i> <i>s. plur.</i> oxen. the general name for black cattle; a castrated bull

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mè, mêt—plne, pln—nô, môve,

- Ôxlip, ôks'lip. *s.* the cowslip [and vinegar]
 Oxycrate, ôks'é-krâte. *s.* a mixture of water
 Oxygen, ôks'é-jên. *s.* a quality generating acid [and honey]
 Oxymel, ôk'sé-mêl. *s.* a mixture of vinegar
 Oyer, ô'yûr. *s.* a court of judicature
 Oyes, ô-yîs'. *s.* the introduction to any proclamation or advertisement given by the publick criers
 Oyster, ôé'stûr. *s.* a bivalve testaceous fish
 Ozæna, ô-zé'nâ. *s.* an ulcer in the inside of the nostrils

P.

- P**ABULAR, pâb'bù-lâr. *a.* affording aliment or provender
 Pabulation, pâb bù-lâ'shûn. *s.* the act of feeding, or procuring provender [aliment
 Pabulous, pâb'bù-lûs. *a.* alimental, affording
 Pace, pâse. *s.* step; gait; amble
 Pace, pâse. *v. n.* to move on slowly
 Pacer, pâ'sûr. *s.* he that paces; a pad
 Pacification, pâs-sé-fè-ka'shûn. *s.* the act of making peace
 Pacificator, pâs-sé-fè-ka'tûr. *s.* peacemaker
 Pacificatory, pâ-sîf'sè-ka-tûr-é. *a.* tending to make peace
 Pacifick, pâ-sîf'fîk. *a.* mild, gentle
 Pacifier, pâs'sé-fl-ûr. *s.* one who pacifies
 Pacify, pâs'sé-fl. *v. a.* to appease
 Pack, pâk. *s.* a large bundle; a due number of cards; a number of hounds hunting together; any great number
 Pack, pâk. *v. a.* to bind up for carriage
 Packer, pâk'kûr. *s.* one who binds up bales for carriage
 Packet, pâk'kît. *s.* a mail of letters
 Packhorse, pâk'hôrse. *s.* a horse of burden
 Packthread, pâk'thrêd. *s.* strong thread used in tying up parcels
 Pact, pâkt. }
 Paction, pâk'shûn. } *s.* a bargain, a covenant
 Pad, pâd. *s.* the road, a foot-path; an easy paced horse; a robber that infests the roads on foot; a low soft saddle
 Pad, pâd. *v. n.* to travel gently; to rob on foot; to beat a way smooth and level
 Paddle, pâd'dl. *v. n.* to row: to play in the water
- Paddle, pâd'dl. *s.* an oar, particularly that which is used by a single rower in a boat
 Paddock, pâd'dûk. *s.* a great frog or toad; a small enclosure for deer
 Padlock, pâd'lôk. *s.* a hanging lock [lock
 Padlock, pâd'lôk. *v. a.* to fasten with a pad
 Pæan, pê'an. *s.* a song of triumph
 Pagan, pâ'gân. *s.* a heathen
 Pagan, pâ'gân. *a.* heathenish
 Paganism, pâ'gân-izm. *s.* heathenism
 Page, pâdje. *s.* one side of the leaf of a book
 Page, pâdje. *v. a.* to mark the pages of a book
 Pageant, pâd'jânt. *s.* a statue in a show, a spectacle of entertainment
 Pageant, pâd'jânt. *a.* showy, pompous
 Pageantry, pâd'jân-trè. *s.* pomp, show
 Pagod, pâ'gôd. *s.* an Indian idol; the temple of the idol
 Paid, pâde. *the pret. and part. pass. of pay*
 Pail, pâle. *s.* a wooden vessel [will hold
 Pailful, pâle'fûl. *s.* the quantity that a pail
 Pain, pâne. *s.* penalty; sensation of uneasiness [laborious
 Painful, pâne'fûl. *a.* full of pain; afflictive
 Painfully, pâne'fûl-lé. *ad.* with great pain; laboriously [riousness
 Painfulness, pâne'fûl-nês. *s.* affliction; laboriousness
 Painless, pâne'lês. *a.* without pain
 Painstaker, pânz'tâ-kûr. *s.* a laborious person
 Painstaking, pânz'tâ-king. *a.* laborious, industrious [and colours
 Paint, pânt. *v. a.* to represent by delineation
 Paint, pânt. *s.* colours representative of any thing; colours laid on the face [ing
 Painter, pân'tûr. *s.* one who professes painting
 Painting, pân'tîng. *s.* the act of representing objects by delineation and colours, a picture [a couple
 Pair, pâre. *s.* two things suiting one another;
 Pair, pâre. *v. a.* to join in couples
 Palace, pâl'lâs. *s.* a royal house
 Palanquin, pâl-ân-kêên'. *s.* a kind of covered carriage, used in the eastern countries, and supported on the shoulders of slaves
 Palatable, pâl'lât-tâ-bl. *a.* pleasing to the taste [mental relish
 Palate, pâl'lât. *s.* the instrument of taste;
 Pale, pâle. *a.* wan, white of look: faint of lustre, dim

пам, пѡт—тѡбе, тѡб. бѡл!—дѡл—пѡдѡд—тѡин, тѡис.

- Pale, p̄ale. *s.* an enclosure; a district or territory; the middle part of a scutcheon
 Pale, p̄ale. *v. a.* to enclose with pales
 Palefaced, p̄ale'f̄aste. *a.* having the face wan
 Paleness, p̄ale'nēs. *s.* wanness
 Palette, p̄al'it. *s.* a painter's board
 Palfrey, p̄al'frē, or p̄al'frē. *s.* a small horse fit for ladies
 Palinod, p̄al'in-ōde. } *s.* a recantation.
 Palinody, p̄al'in-ō-de. }
 Palisade, p̄al-lē-sāde'. *s.* pales set by way of
 Palish, p̄ale'ish. *a.* somewhat pale [enclosure]
 Pall, p̄all. *s.* a cloak or mantle of state; the covering thrown over the dead
 Pall, p̄all. *v. a.* to make insipid or vapid; to dispirit; to cloy
 Palliat, p̄al'it. *s.* a small mean bed
 Pallmall, p̄el'mēl'. *s.* a play in which the ball is struck with a maillet through an iron ring
 Palliate, p̄al'lē-āte. *v. a.* to cover with excuse; to extenuate [favourable representation
 Palliation, p̄al-lē-ā'shūn. *s.* extenuation, palliative, p̄al'lē-ā-tiv. *s.* something mitigating
 Pallid, p̄al'ld. *a.* pale, not high-coloured
 Palm, p̄ām. *s.* a tree; victory; inner part of the hand [hand; to impose by fraud
 Palm, p̄ām. *v. a.* to conceal in the palm of the
 Palmer, p̄ām'ūr. *s.* a pilgrim
 Palmiferous, p̄al'mifēr-ūs. *a.* bearing palms
 Palmipede, p̄al'mē-pēde. *a.* web-footed
 Palmistry, p̄al'mis-trē. *s.* the cheat of fore-telling fortunes by the lines in the palm
 Palmy, p̄amē. *a.* bearing palms
 Palpability, p̄al-pā-bl'ē-tē. *s.* quality of being perceivable to the touch
 Palpable, p̄al'pā-bl. *a.* gross; plain [grossness
 Palpableness, p̄al'pā-bl-nēs. *s.* plainness
 Palpably, p̄al'pā-blē. *ad.* grossly, plainly
 Palpitate, p̄al'pē-tāte. *v. a.* to beat as the heart, to flutter [the heart
 Palpitation, p̄al-pē-tā'shūn. *s.* a panting of
 Palsied, p̄al'zid. *a.* diseased with a palsy
 Palsy, p̄al'zē. *s.* a privation of the sense of feeling
 Paltier, p̄al'tūr. *v. n.* to shift, to dodge [pastry
 Paltriness, p̄al'trē-nēs. *s.* the state of being
 Paltry, p̄al'trē. *a.* sorry, mean [food
 Pamper, p̄ām'pūr. *v. a.* to glut, to feed with
 Pamphlet, p̄ām flēt. *s.* a small book unbound
 Pamphleteer, p̄ām-flēt-tēer'. *s.* a scribbler of small books [lock of a gun
 Pan, p̄ān. *s.* a kitchen vessel: part of the Panacea, p̄ān-ā-sē-ā. *s.* universal medicine
 Pancake, p̄ān'kake. *s.* thin pudding baked in the frying pan
 Panado, p̄ā nā'dō. *s.* bred boiled in water
 Pancreas, p̄āng'krē-ās. *s.* the sweetbread
 Pandect, p̄ān'dēkt. *s.* a complete treatise
 Pandemick, p̄ān-dēm'mlk. *a.* incident to a whole people
 Pander, p̄ān'dūr. *s.* a pimp, a procurer
 Pane, p̄āne. *s.* a square of glass
 Panegyrick, p̄ān-nē-jēr'rik. *s.* an elogy, an encomiastick piece
 Panegyrist, p̄ān-nē-jēr'rist. *s.* one that writes praise, an encomiast
 Panegyrize, p̄ān'ē-jē-rize. *v. a.* to praise highly
 Panel, p̄ān'ill. *s.* a square inserted between other bodies; a schedule or roll, containing the names of such jurors as the slieriff provides to pass upon a trial
 Pang, p̄āng. *s.* extreme pain [fear
 Panick, p̄ān'nik. *s.* a sudden and groundless
 Pannel, p̄ān'ill. *s.* a kind of rustick saddle
 Pannier, p̄ān'yūr. *s.* a basket
 Panoply, p̄ān'ō-plē. *s.* complete armour
 Pant, p̄ānt. *v. n.* to palpitate, to wish earnestly
 Pant, p̄ānt. *s.* palpitation, motion of the heart
 Pantaloon, p̄ān-tā-ldōn'. *s.* a man's garment; a character in a pantomime [gods
 Pantheon, p̄ān-thē'ūn. *s.* a temple of all the
 Pantile, p̄ān'tile. *s.* a gutter tile
 Pantomime, p̄ān'tō-mime. *s.* a tale exhibited only in gesture and dumb show
 Pantry, p̄ān'trē. *s.* the room in which provisions are repositied [for infants
 Pap, p̄āp. *s.* the nipple, a dug, food made
 Papa, p̄ā-pā'. *s.* a fond name for Father
 Papacy, p̄ā'pā-sē. *s.* popedom
 Papal, p̄ā'pāl. *a.* belonging to the pope
 Paper, p̄ā'pūr. *s.* substance on which men write and print [made of paper
 Paper, p̄ā'pūr. *a.* any thing slight or thin,
 Paper, p̄ā'pūr. *v. a.* to furnish with paper hangings [vessels, or resemblances of paps
 Papillary, p̄ā'pīl-ā-rē. *a.* having emulge
 Papist, p̄ā'pīst. *s.* one that adheres to popery
 Papistical, p̄ā-pls'tē-kāl. *a.* relating to the religion of papists

Fate, far, full, fat—me, met—pine, pia—no, move.

- Pappy, pap'pe. *a.* soft, succulent
 Par, par. *s.* state of equality, equal value
 Parable, par'ra-bl. *s.* a similitude [sections
 Parabola, par-rab'bo-la. *s.* one of the conick
 Parabolical, par-ra-bol'le-kal. *a.* expressed
 by parade or similitude; having the na-
 ture or form of a parabola
 Parabolically, par-ra-bol'le-kal-le. *ad.* by
 way of parable; in the form of a parabola
 Parade, par-rade'. *s.* show; military order
 Paradigm, par'a-dim. *s.* example
 Paradisiacal, par-a-de-si'a-kal. *a.* suiting par-
 adise, making paradise [a place of felicity
 Paradise, par'ra-dise. *s.* the garden of Eden;
 Paradox, par'ra-doks. *s.* a tenet contrary to
 received opinion [new tenets
 Paradoxical, par-ra-dok'se-kal. *a.* inclined to
 Paragon, par'ra-gon. *s.* a model, a pattern.
 Paragraph, par'ra-graf. *s.* a distinct part of
 a discourse [a parallax
 Parallactick, par'ral-lak-tik. *a.* pertaining to
 Parallax, par'ral-laks. *s.* the distance between
 the true and apparent place of any star
 Parallel, par'ral-lel. *a.* extended in the same
 direction, and preserving the same dis-
 tance; having the same tendency; equal
 Parallel, par'ral-lel. *s.* lines continuing their
 course, and still remaining at the same
 distance from each other; resemblance
 Parallelism, par'ral-lel-izm. *s.* state of being
 parallel [lined quadrilateral figure
 Parallelogram, par-a-lel'lo-gram. *s.* a right
 Parallelopiped, par-a-lel-lo-pi'ped. *a.* a prism
 whose base is a parallelogram [ment
 Paralogism, par-ra'llo-jizm. *s.* a false argu-
 Paralogy, par-ral'lo-je. *s.* false reasoning
 Paralyze, par'a-lize. *v. a.* to weaken, to de-
 prive of strength as if struck with a palsy
 Paralytical, par-a-lit'te-kal. } a palsied
 Paralytick, par-a-lit'tik. }
 Paramount, par-a-mount'. *a.* superior
 Paramount, par-a-mount'. *s.* the chief
 Paramour, par'ra-moor. *s.* a lover or mistress
 Parapet, par'ra-pet. *s.* a wall breast high
 Paraphernalia, par-a-fer-na'li-a. *s.* goods in
 the wife's disposal
 Paraphrase, par'ra-fraze. *s.* a loose interpre-
 tation, an explanation in many words
 Paraphrase, par'ra-fraze. *v. a.* to interpret
 with laxity of expression
- Paraphrast, par'ra-frast. *s.* a lax interpreter
 Parasite, par'a-site. *s.* one that frequents rich
 tables, and earns its welcome by flattery
 Parasitical, par-a-sit'te-kal. *a.* flattering,
 wheedling [shade from the sun
 Parasol, par'ra-sole. *s.* a small umbrella to
 Parboil, par'boil. *v. a.* to half boil
 Parcel, par'sil. *s.* a small bundle; a part of
 the whole taken separately
 Parcel, par'sil. *v. a.* to divide into portions
 Parch, partsh. *v. a.* to burn slightly and su-
 perficially [the writer
 Parchment, partsh'ment. *s.* skins dressed for
 Pardon, par'dn. *v. a.* to excuse an offender;
 to forgive a crime; to remit a penalty
 Pardon, par'dn. *s.* forgiveness, or exemption
 from punishment
 Pardonable, par'dn-a-bl. *a.* venial, excusable
 Pare, pare. *v. a.* to cut off extremities or the
 surface, to diminish
 Paregorick, par-e-gor'ik. *a.* having the
 power in medicine to comfort, mollify, and
 assuage
 Parent, par'ent. *s.* a father or mother
 Parentage, par'ren-tadje. *s.* extraction, birth
 Parental, pa-ren'tal. *a.* becoming parents
 Parenthesis, pa-ren'the-sis. *s.* a sentence so
 included in another sentence, as that it
 may be taken out, without injuring the
 sense of that which encloses it
 Parer, pa'rur. *s.* an instrument to cut away
 the surface
 Parnelion, par-he'le-un. *s.* a mock sun
 Parietal, pa-ri'e-tal. *a.* constituting the sides
 or walls [any thing, the rind
 Paring, par'ring. *s.* that which is pared off
 Parish, par'rish. *s.* the particular charge of
 a secular priest [ed by the parish
 Parish, par'rish. *a.* belonging to or maintain-
 Parishioner, pa-rish'un-ur. *s.* one that be-
 longs to the parish
 Parity, par're-te. *s.* equality, resemblance
 Park, park. *s.* a piece of ground enclosed
 and stored with deer [to talk
 Parley, par'le. *v. n.* to treat by word of mouth,
 Parley, par'le. *s.* oral treaty, talk, conference
 Parliament, par'le-ment. *s.* the assembly of
 the king, lords, and commons
 Parliamentary, par-le-men'ta-re. *a.* pertain-
 ing to parliament

nôr, nôr-tûde, tâb, bûll-dîll-pôûnq-ûin, rûn

- Parlour**, pâr'lûr. *s.* a room in houses on the first floor, furnished for reception or entertainment
- Parochial**, pâr-rô-ké-âl. *a.* belonging to a parish
- Parody**, pâr-rô-dé-sâ. *s.* a kind of writing in which the words of an author or his thoughts are taken, and, by a slight change adapted to some new purpose
- Parody**, pâr-rô-dé-v. *a.* to copy by way of parody
- Parole**, pâr-rô-lé. *s.* word given as an assurance
- Paroquet**, pâr-rô-kwét. *s.* a small species of Paroquysin, pâr-rôk-sîzn. *s.* a fit, periodical exacerbation of a disease
- Parricide**, pâr-ré-side. *s.* one who destroys his father; the murderer of a father
- Parricidal**, pâr-ré-sî-dâl. *a.* relating to parricide, committing parricide
- Parrot**, pâr-rût. *s.* a party-coloured bird
- Parry**, pâr-ré. *v. n.* to put by trusts, to fence
- Parse**, pâr-se. *v. a.* to resolve a sentence into the elements or parts of speech
- Parsonage**, pâr-sé-mô-né-âs. *a.* covetous, parsimoniousness, pâr-sé-mô-né-âs-nés. *s.* a disposition to spare
- Parsimony**, pâr-sé-inûn-é. *s.* frugality, covetousness
- Parson**, pâr-sn. *s.* a plant
- Parson**, pâr-sn. *s.* the priest of a parish; a clergyman; a preacher
- Parsonage**, pâr-sn-âje. *s.* the benefice of a parish
- Part**, pâr-t. *s.* something less than the whole, a portion, a quantity taken from a larger quantity; side, party
- Part**, pâr-t. *v. a.* to divide, to distribute; to separate
- Part**, pâr-t. *v. n.* to be separated; to take farewell: To part with, to resign
- Partable**, pâr-t-â-bl. *a.* divisible, such as may be parted
- Partake**, pâr-tâ-ke'. *v. n. pret. partook; part. pass. partaken.* to have share of any thing; to participate
- Partaker**, pâr-tâ-kûr. *s.* a sharer, an associate
- Parterre**, pâr-tâ-ré. *s.* a level division of ground
- Partial**, pâr-shâl. *a.* inclined to favour one party; affecting only one part; not universal
- Partiality**, pâr-shé-âl-lé-té. *s.* unequal judgment
- Partially**, pâr-shâl-lé. *ad.* with unjust favour or dislike
- Participant**, pâr-tîs-sé-pânt. *a.* sharing
- Participate**, pâr-tîs-sé-pâte. *v. n.* to partake, to have share
- Participation**, pâr-tîs-sé-pâ-shûn. *s.* the state of sharing something in common; distribution
- Participle**, pâr-té-sîp-pl. *s.* a word partaking at once of the qualities of a noun and verb
- Particle**, pâr-té-kl. *s.* any small portion of a greater substance
- Particular**, pâr-tîk-û-lûr. *a.* relating to single persons, not general; individual; odd
- Particular**, pâr-tîk-û-lûr. *s.* a single instance, a single point
- Particularity**, pâr-tîk-kû-lâr-é-té. *s.* private incident; something peculiar
- Particularize**, pâr-tîk-kû-lâr-é-té. *v. a.* to mention distinctly, to detail
- Particularly**, pâr-tîk-kû-lûr-lé. *ad.* distinctly
- Partisan**, pâr-té-zân. *s.* a kind of pike or halberd; the commander of a party
- Partition**, pâr-tîsh-ûn. *s.* the act of dividing, a state of being divided; division, separation, distinction
- Partition**, pâr-tîsh-ûn. *v. a.* to divide into distinct parts
- Partly**, pâr-tîl. *ad.* in some measure, in some degree
- Partner**, pâr-tînr. *s.* partaker, sharer
- Partnership**, pâr-tînr-shîp. *s.* joint interest or property; the union of two or more in the same trade
- Partook**, pâr-tôk. *pret. of partake*
- Partridge**, pâr-trîdje. *s.* a bird of game
- Parturient**, pâr-tû-ré-ênt. *a.* about to bring forth
- Parturition**, pâr-tshû-rîsh-ûn. *s.* the state of being about to bring forth
- Party**, pâr-té. *s.* a number of persons confederated; one of two litigants; cause, side, a select assembly; a person distinct from, or opposed to, another; a detachment of soldiers
- Party-coloured**, pâr-té-kûl-lûrd. *a.* having diversity of colours
- Party-wall**, pâr-té-wâll'. *s.* a wall that separates one house from the next
- Parvity**, pâr-vé-té. *s.* littleness
- Paschal**, pâs-kâl. *a.* relating to the passover, relating to Easter
- Pasquin**, pâs-kwîn.
- Pasquinade**, pâs-kwîn-âdé. *s.* a lampoon

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nò, môve,

- Pass, pás v. n.** to go, to be progressive ; to make way ; to vanish ; to be spent ; to be at an end ; to be enacted ; to become current ; to occur ; to determine finally ; to exceed ; to thrust ; to omit ; to go through the alimentary duct
- Pass, pás. v. a.** to go beyond ; to go through ; to spend time ; to move hastily over ; to utter ceremoniously ; to transmit ; to put an end to ; to excel ; to transcend ; to transgress ; to admit ; to enact a law ; to impose fraudulently ; to practise artfully ; to make succeed [road ; thrust in fencing]
- Pass, pás. s.** a narrow entrance ; passage
- Passable, pás'sâ-bl. a.** possible to be passed through or over ; tolerable
- Passado, pás-sâ-dò. s.** a push, a thrust
- Passage, pás'sldje. s.** act of passing, journey ; road ; entrance or exit, liberty to pass ; part of a book
- Passenger, pás'sin-jûr. s.** a traveller, one who hires in any vehicle the liberty of travelling [from external agents]
- Passible, pás'sé-bl. a.** susceptible of impressions
- Passibleness, pás'sé-bl-nês. a.** quality of receiving impressions from external agents
- Passing, pás sng. part. a.** supreme, eminent ; exceeding [rings immediately after death]
- Passingbell, pás'sing-bêl. s.** the bell which
- Passion, pásh'ûn. s.** anger, zeal, ardour ; love ; eagerness ; the last suffering of the Redeemer
- Passionate. pásh'ûn-nât. a.** moved by passion
- Passionately, pásh'ûn-nât-lê. ad.** with desire, love, or hatred ; angrily [suffering]
- Passive, pás'slv. a.** external ; unresisting ;
- Passively, pás'slv-lê. ad.** with a passive nature
- Passiveness, pás'slv-nês. s.** quality of receiving impressions from external agents ; power of suffering
- Passover, pás'ò-vûr. s.** a Jewish festival
- Passport, pás'pòrt. s.** permission of egress
- Past, pást. part. a.** not present, gone through
- Past, pást. prep.** beyond in time ; no longer capable of ; out of reach of ; farther than ; above
- Paste, pâste. s.** any thing mixed up so as to be viscous and tenacious ; imitation of precious stones
- Paste, pâste. v. a.** to fasten with paste
- Pasteboard, pâste'bòrd. s.** a kind of coarse thick, stiff paper
- Pastern, pás'tûrn. s.** the distance between the joint next the foot and the coronet of
- Pastil, pás'sîl. s.** a roll of paste [a horse]
- Pastime, pás'tîme. s.** sport, amusement
- Pastor, pás'tûr. s.** a shepherd, a clergyman who has the care of a flock
- Pastoral, pás'tûr-âl. a.** rural, imitating shepherds ; relating to the care of souls
- Pastoral, pás'tûr-âl. s.** a poem relative to the incidents in a country life, a bucolick
- Pastry, pá'strê. s.** pies or baked paste
- Pastry-cook, pá'strê-kòòk. s.** one whose trade is to make and sell things baked in paste
- Pasturable, pás'tshù rá-bl. a.** fit for pasture
- Pasturage, pás'tshù-râdje. s.** lands grazed by cattle [cattle feed ; education]
- Pasture, pás'tshûre. s.** food ; ground on which
- Pasty, pás'tê. s.** a pie of crust raised without a dish ; a pie
- Pat, pát. a.** convenient, exactly suitable
- Pat, pát. s.** a light quick blow, a tap
- Pat, pát. v. a.** to strike lightly, to tap
- Patch, pátsh v. a.** to cover with a piece sewed on ; to mend clumsily
- Patch, pátsh. s.** a piece sewed on to cover a hole ; spot of black silk put on the face
- Patchwork, pátsh'wûrk. s.** work made by sewing small pieces of different colours interchangeably together
- Pate, pâte. s.** the head [of opening]
- Patefaction, pát-tê-fâk'shûn. s.** act or state
- Patent, pát'tênt, or pâ'tênt. a.** open to the perusal of all ; appropriated by letters patent [exclusive right or privilege]
- Patent, pát'tênt. s.** a writ conferring some
- Patentee, pát-tên-têé'. s.** one who has a patent
- Paternal, pâ-têr'nâl. a.** fatherly hereditary
- Path, pâth. s.** way, road, tract [sions]
- Pathetick, pâ-thê'tîk. a.** affecting the passions
- Pathetically, pâ-thê'tê-kâl-ê. ad.** in such a manner as may strike the passions
- Pathless, pâth'lês. a.** untrodden
- Pathos, pâth'òs. s.** passion, warmth, affection of mind [passed on too]
- Pathway, pâth'wâ. s.** a narrow way to be
- Patibulary, pâ'tîb'û-lâ-rê. a.** belonging to the gallows

nôr, nôr—tâbe, tâb, bâll—ôll—pôând—thin, THIS.

Patience , pâ'shênsê. <i>s.</i> endurance, the power of expecting long without rage or discontent, the power of supporting injuries without revenge	Pavement , pâvé'mênt. <i>s.</i> stones or bricks laid on the ground
Patient , pâ'shênt. <i>a.</i> having the quality of enduring; calm under pain or affliction	Pavier , pâvé'yûr. <i>s.</i> one who lays with stones
Patiently , pâ'shênt-lê. <i>ad.</i> without rage or affliction	Pavilion , pâ-vîl'yûn. <i>s.</i> a tent
Patly , pâ'tlê. <i>ad.</i> commodiously, fitly	Paw , pâw. <i>s.</i> the foot of a beast
Patr-arch , pâ'trê-ârk. <i>s.</i> the father and ruler of a family; a bishop superior to archbishops	Paw , pâw. <i>v. a.</i> to strike with the fore foot; to
Patriarchal , pâ-trê-ârkâk. <i>a.</i> belonging to	Pawn , pâwn. <i>v. a.</i> to pledge [handle roughly
Patriarchate , pâ-trê-ârkât. <i>s.</i> a bishoprick superior to archbishopricks	Pawn , pâwn. <i>s.</i> something given in pledge
Patrician , pâ-trîsh'ûn. <i>a.</i> senatorial, noble	Pawnbroker , pâwn'brôkûr. <i>s.</i> one who lends money upon pledge
Patrician , pâ-trîsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> a nobleman among the Romans	Pay , pâ. <i>v. a.</i> to discharge a debt; to reward
Patrimonial , pâ-trê-mô'nê-âl. <i>a.</i> possessed by	Pay , pâ. <i>s.</i> wages, hire
Patrimony , pâ'trê-mân-nê. <i>s.</i> an estate possessed by inheritance	Payable , pâ'â-bl. <i>a.</i> due; to be paid
Patriot , pâ'trê-ût. <i>s.</i> one whose ruling passion is the love of his country	Paymaster , pâ'mâ-stûr. <i>s.</i> one from whom wages or reward is received
Patriotism , pâ'trê-ût-îzm. <i>s.</i> love of one's	Payment , pâ'mênt. <i>s.</i> the act of paying; a
Patrol , pâ-trôlê. <i>s.</i> the act of going the rounds in a garrison; those that go the rounds	Pea , pê. <i>s.</i> a well known kind of pulse
Patrol , pâ-trôlê. <i>v. a.</i> to go the rounds in a	Peace , pêse. <i>s.</i> respite from war; quiet rest; silence
Patron , pâ'trôn. <i>s.</i> one who countenances, supports, or protects	Peace , pêse. <i>int.</i> a word commanding silence
Patronage , pâ'trôn-ldje. <i>s.</i> support, protection	Peaceable , pêse'â-bl. <i>a.</i> free from war; quiet, undisturbed
Patronal , pâ'trô-nâl. <i>a.</i> protecting, guarding	Peaceableness , pêse'â-bl-nês. <i>s.</i> quietness, disturbance
Patroness , pâ'trôn-ês. <i>s.</i> a female that defends, countenances, or supports; a female guardian saint	Peaceably , pêse'â-blê. <i>ad.</i> without tumult
Patronise , pâ'trô-nîze. <i>v. a.</i> to protect, to	Peaceful , pêse'fûl. <i>a.</i> quiet; pacifick, mild
Patten , pâ'ttên. <i>s.</i> a wooden clog with an iron ring	Peacefully , pêse'fûl-lê. <i>ad.</i> quietly; mildly, gently
Pat-ter , pâ'ttûr. <i>v. n.</i> to make a noise like the	Peacefulness , pêse'fûl-nês. <i>s.</i> quiet, freedom
Pattern , pâ'ttûrn. <i>s.</i> the original proposed to imitation; a specimen	Peach , pêtsh. <i>s.</i> a fruit-tree; the fruit
Paucity , pâw'sê-tê. <i>s.</i> fewness, smallness of number or quantity	Peach-coloured , pêtsh'kûl-lârd. <i>a.</i> of a colour like a peach
Paunch , pâنش. <i>s.</i> the belly	Peacock , pê'kôk. <i>s.</i> a fowl eminent for the beauty of his feathers
Pauper , pâw'pûr. <i>s.</i> a poor person	Peahen , pê'hên. <i>s.</i> the female of a peacock
Pause , pâwz. <i>s.</i> a stop; suspense; break	Peak , pêke. <i>s.</i> the top of a hill; the rising forepart of a head-dress
Pause , pâwz. <i>v. n.</i> to wait, to stop: to deliberate	Peal , pêle. <i>s.</i> a succession of loud sounds, as of bells, thunder, or cannon
Pave , pâve. <i>v. a.</i> to lay with brick or stone,	Pear , pâre. <i>s.</i> a well known fruit-tree; the
	Pearl , pêrl. <i>s.</i> a gem generated in the body of a testaceous fish
	Pearly , pêr'lê. <i>a.</i> abounding with or resembling pearls
	Peasant , pêz/zânt. <i>s.</i> a hind, one whose business is rural labour
	Peasantry , pêz/zânt-rê. <i>s.</i> peasants, rusticks
	Peashell , pê'shêl. <i>s.</i> the husk that contains peas
	Pease , pêze. <i>s.</i> food of peas
	Peat , pête. <i>s.</i> a species of turf used for fire
	Pebble , pêb'bi. } <i>s.</i> a round hard
	Pebblestone , pêb'bl-stone. } stone: a sort of bastard gem

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pine, pln—nô, môve,

Pebble, pêb'blé. *a.* full of pebbles
Peccability, pêk-kâ-bl'ê-té. *s.* state of being subject to sin
Peccable, pêk'kâ-bl. *a.* incident to sin
Peccadillo, pêk-kâ-dil'lô. *s.* a petty fault
Peccancy, pêk'kân-sé. *s.* bad quality
Peccant, pêk'kânt. *a.* criminal ; ill-disposed
Peck, pêk. *s.* the fourth part of a bushel
Peck, pêk. *v. a.* to strike with the beak as a bird, to pick up food with the beak
Pectoral, pêk'tûr-âl. *a.* belonging to the breast
Pectoral, pêk'tûr-âl. *s.* a medicine proper to strengthen the breast and stomach
Peculate, pêk'kû-lâte. *v. n.* to rob or defraud the public [publick
Peculation, pêk-kû-lâ'shûn. *s.* robbery of the
Peculator, pêk'kû-lâ-tûr. *s.* robber of the public [ticular, single
Peculiar, pê-kû'lé-ûr. *a.* appropriate ; par-
Peculiarly, pê-kû-lé-ûr'ê-té. *s.* particularity
Peculiarly, pê-kû'lé-ûr-lé. *ad.* particularly, singly
Pecuniary, pê-kû'né-ûr-é. *a.* relating to money
Pedagogue, pêd'dâ-gôg. *s.* a school-master. a pedant [gan
Pedals, pêd'dâls. *s.* the large pipes of an or-
Pedant, pêd'dânt. *s.* a man vain of low know- ledge
Pedantick, pê-dân'tik. *a.* awkwardly ostenta-
Pedantry, pêd'dân-tré. *s.* awkward ostenta-
Peddle, pêd'dl. *v. n.* to be busy about trifles
Peddling, pêd'dl-îng. *a.* petty dealing
Pedestal, pêd'dês-tâl. *s.* the lower member of
 a pillar, the basis of a statue
Pedestrious, pê-dês'trê-ês. *a.* going on foot
Pedicle, pêd'dé-kl. *s.* the footstalk
Pedigree, pêd'dé-gré. *s.* genealogy, lineage
Pediment, pêd'dé-mênt. *s.* an ornament that
 finishes the fronts of buildings, and serves
 as a decoration over gates
Pedler, pêd'lûr. *s.* one who travels the country
 with small commodities
Pedlery, pêd'lûr-é. *a.* wares sold by pedlers
Pedobaptism, pêd-dô-bâp'tizm. *s.* infant bap-
 tism [tises infant baptism
Pedobaptist, pêd-dô-bâp'tist. *s.* one that prac-
Peel, pêél. *v. a.* to decorticate, to flay
Pael, pêél. *s.* the skin or thin rind of any

thing ; a thin board with a long handle
 used by bakers
Peep, pêép. *v. n.* to look slyly, or curiously
Peep, pêép. *s.* first appearance ; a sly look
Peephole, pêép'hôle. *s.* a hole through which
 one may look without being discovered
Peer, pêér. *s.* equal, one of the same rank, a
 nobleman [the body of peer
Peerage, pêér'îdje. *s.* the dignity of a peer
Peeress, pêér'ês. *s.* the lady of a peer
Peerless, pêér'lês. *a.* unequalled
Peevish, pêév'lish. *a.* petulant, irritable
Peevishness, pêév'lish-nês. *s.* irascibility, fret-
 fulness
Peg, pêg. *s.* a piece of wood driven into a hole.
 the pin of an instrument
Peg, pêg. *v. a.* to fasten with a peg
Pelf, pêlf. *s.* money ; riches in an odious sense
Pelican, pêl'lé-kân. *s.* a bird
Pellet, pêl'lît. *s.* a little ball
Pellicle, pêl'lé-kl. *s.* a thin skin
Pellmell, pêl-mêl'. *ad.* confusedly [que
Pells, pêlz. *s.* an office belonging to the exche-
Pellucid, pêl-lû'sld. *a.* clear, transparent
Pellucidness, pêl-lû'sld-nês. *s.* transparency,
Pelt, pêlt. *s.* skin, hide [clearness
Pelt, pêlt. *v. a.* to strike with something
 thrown ; to throw
Pelvis, pêl'vis. *s.* the lower part of the belly
Pen, pên. *s.* an instrument of writing ; a small
 enclosure
Pen, pên. *v. a.* to coop, to shut up ; to write
Penal, pê'nâl. *a.* enacting punishment
Penalty, pê'nâl-té. *s.* punishment, judicial
 infliction
Penance, pê'nânse. *s.* infliction suffered as an
 expression of repentance for sin
Pence, pênce. *s.* the plural of Penny
Pencil, pên'sil. *s.* a small brush of hair, any
 instrument of writing without ink
Pendant, pêndânt. *s.* a jewel hanging in the
 ear ; any thing hanging by way of orna-
Pendence, pên'dênse. *s.* slopiness [rent
Penducy, pên'dên-sé. *s.* suspense
Pendent, pên'dênt. *a.* hanging
Pending, pênd'îng. *a.* depending
Pendulous, pênjû-lûs. *a.* hanging
Pendulum, pênjû-lûm. *s.* part of a clock
Penetrable, pê'nê-trâ-bl. *a.* such as may be
 pierced : susceptible of impression

nòr, nòt- tùbe, tùo, bùll—òll—pòund—thìn, rhu

Penetrability, pèn-né-trá-bl'è-té. <i>s.</i> susceptibility of impression	Pentameter, pèn-tám'mè-túr <i>s.</i> a Latin verse of five feet
Penetrate, pèn'né-trát. <i>a.</i> having the power	Pentangular, pèn-táng'gù-lá. <i>a.</i> five-cornered
Penetrate, pèn né-tráte. <i>v. a.</i> to pierce, to enter beyond the surface	Pentateuch, pèn-té-túac. <i>s.</i> the five books of Moses [Jews]
Penetration, pèn-né-trá'shùn. <i>s.</i> the act of entering into any body; sagacity [tile]	Pentecost, pèn'té-kòste. <i>s.</i> a feast among the Jews
Penetrative, pèn'né-t'á-tív. <i>a.</i> piercing, sub-	Penthouse, pèn'thòuse. <i>s.</i> a shed hanging on a slope from the wall [but one]
Penguin, pèn'gwín. <i>s.</i> a bird; a fruit	Penultima, pé-núl'té-má. <i>s.</i> the last syllable
Peninsula, pèn-lú'shò-lá. <i>s.</i> a piece of land almost surrounded by the sea	Penultimate, pé-núl'té-máte. <i>a.</i> belonging to the last syllable but one [low]
Peninsulated, pèn-lú'shò-lá-téd. <i>a.</i> almost surrounded with water	Penumbra, pé-núm'brá. <i>s.</i> an imperfect shadow
Penitence, pèn'né-ténse. <i>s.</i> repentance	Penurious, pé-nú'rè-ús. <i>a.</i> niggardly, sparing
Penitent, pèn'né-tént. <i>a.</i> repentant, contrite	Penuriousness, pé-nú'rè-ús-nés. <i>s.</i> parsimony
Penitent, pèn'né-tént. <i>s.</i> one sorrowful for sin	Penury, pèn'nú-ré. <i>s.</i> poverty, indigence
Penitential, pèn-né-tén'shál. <i>a.</i> expressing penitence	People, péé'pl. <i>s.</i> a nation; the commonalty men
Penitentiary, pèn-né-tén'shá-ré. <i>s.</i> one who prescribes the rules and measures of penance; a penitent; place where penance is enjoined	People, péé'pl. <i>v. a.</i> to stock with inhabitants
Penknife, pèn'nífse. <i>s.</i> a knife used to cut pens	Pepper, pép'púr. <i>s.</i> an aromattick kind of grain
Penman, pèn'nán. <i>s.</i> one who professes the art of writing; a writer	Pepper, pép'púr. <i>v. a.</i> to sprinkle with pepper; to mangle with shot or blows
Pennant, pèn'nánt. <i>s.</i> a small flag	Peppercorn, pép'púr-kòrn. <i>s.</i> any thing of inconsiderable value [ho]
Pennated, pèn'ná-téd. <i>a.</i> winged	Peppermint, pép'púr-mínt. <i>s.</i> mint eminent
Penny, pèn'né. <i>s.</i> a small coin, of which twelve make a shilling	Peptick, pép'tík. <i>a.</i> helping digestion
Pennyless, pèn'né-lés. <i>a.</i> poor, wanting money	Peradventure, pèr-ád-vén'tshúre. <i>ad.</i> perhaps
Pennyweight, pèn'né-wáte. <i>s.</i> 24 grains Troy weight	Perambulate, pèr-ám'bú-láte. <i>v. a.</i> to walk through [of passing through]
Pennyworth, pèn'né-wúth. <i>s.</i> as much as is bought for a penny, something advantageously bought	Perambulation, pèr-ám-bú-lá'shùn. <i>s.</i> the act
Pens'ie, pèn'sil. <i>a.</i> hanging, suspended	Perceivable, pèr-sé-vá-bl. <i>a.</i> perceptible
Pension, pèn'shùn. <i>s.</i> an allowance made without an equivalent [pensions]	Perceive, pèr-sévé. <i>v. a.</i> to discover, to observe [tion]
Pensionary, pèn'shùn-á-ré. <i>a.</i> maintained by	Perceptibility, pèr-sép-té-bil'è-té. <i>s.</i> perceptibility
Pensioner, pèn'shùn-úr. <i>s.</i> a dependant	Perceptible, pèr-sép'té-bl. <i>a.</i> such as may be known or observed [notion]
Pensive, pèn'sív. <i>a.</i> sorrowfully thoughtful	Perception, pèr-sép'shùn. <i>s.</i> consciousness
Pensively, pèn'sív-lé. <i>ad.</i> with melancholy	Perceptive, pèr-sép'tív. <i>a.</i> having the power of perceiving
Pent, pènt. <i>part. pass.</i> of <i>pen.</i> shut up	Perch, pèrtsh. <i>s.</i> a fish; a bird's roost; measure of five yards and a half
Pentachord, pèn'tá-kòrd. <i>s.</i> an instrument with five strings [sides]	Perch, pèrtsh. <i>v. n.</i> to sit or roost as a bird
Pentadrous, pèn-tá-é-drús. <i>a.</i> having five	Perchance, pèr-tshánsé. <i>ad.</i> perhaps
Pentagon, pèn'tá-gón. <i>s.</i> a figure with five angles [angles]	Percolate, pèr'kò-láte. <i>v. a.</i> to strain
Pentagonal, pèn-tá-gò-nál. <i>a.</i> having five	Percolation, pèr-kò-lá'shùn. <i>s.</i> the act of straining [ing, stroke]
	PerCUSSION, pèr-kúsh'ùn. <i>s.</i> the act of striking
	Percutient, pèr-kú'shènt. <i>a.</i> striking
	Perdition, pèr-dísh'ùn. <i>s.</i> destruction, ruin eternal death
	Perdue, pèr-dú. <i>ad.</i> close in ambush

Fâte, fâ. fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pine, pln—nò, nôve,

Perdurable, pèr'dû-râ-bl. <i>a.</i> lasting, long continued [to live in foreign countries]	Perigee, pèr-è-jèè. } Perigee, pèr-è-jè-ûm. } <i>s.</i> a point in the
Peregrinate, pèr-rè-grè-nâte. <i>v. n.</i> to travel,	heavens, wherein a planet is said to be in its
Peregrination, pèr-rè-grè-nâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> travel, abode in foreign countries	nearest distance possible from the earth
Peregrine, pèr-rè-grîn. <i>a.</i> foreign	Perihelium, pèr-è-hé-'è-ûm. <i>s.</i> that point of a
Peremption, pèr-èm'shûn. <i>s.</i> crush, extinction	planet's orbit wherein it is nearest the sun
Peremptorily, pèr-rêm-tûr-ré-lè. <i>ad.</i> absolutely, positively	Peril, pèr-rîl. <i>s.</i> danger, hazard, jeopardy
Peremptoriness, pèr-rêm-tûr-é-nès. <i>s.</i> positiveness, dogmatism	Perilous, pèr-rîl-ûs. <i>a.</i> dangerous, hazardous
Peremptory, pèr-rêm-tûr-é. <i>a.</i> dogmatical, absolute	Period, pèr-é-ûd. <i>s.</i> a circuit: a stated number of years, a round of time; the end of conclusion: a complete sentence
Perennial, pèr-èn-né-âl. <i>a.</i> lasting through the year	Periodical, pèr-é-ôd-'ôd-kâi. <i>a.</i> happening by revolution; regular [periodic]
Perennity, pèr-rèn-né-té. <i>s.</i> quality of lasting through all seasons [immaculate]	Periodically, pèr-é-ôd-'ôd-kâl-é. <i>ad.</i> at stated
Perfect, pèr-fèkt. <i>a.</i> complete, consummate; [perfect]	Peripatetic, pèr-é-pâ-tè'tik. <i>s.</i> one of an ancient sect of philosophers; a follower of Aristotle
Perfect, pèr-fèkt. <i>v. a.</i> to finish, to complete, to consummate	Periphery, pèr-rîf-fè-ré. <i>s.</i> circumference
Perfection, pèr-fèk'shûn. <i>s.</i> the state of being perfect	Periphrasis, pè-rîf-'frâ-sîs. <i>s.</i> circumlocution
Perfective, pèr-fèk'tiv. <i>a.</i> conducing to perfection [exactly]	Peripneumony, pèr-îp-nû'mô-né. <i>s.</i> an inflammation of the lungs
Perfectly, pèr-fèkt-lè. <i>ad.</i> totally, completely;	Perish, pèr-rîsh. <i>v. n.</i> to die, to come to nothing; to be lost eternally
Perfectness, pèr-fèkt-nès. <i>s.</i> completeness;	Perishable, pèr-rîsh-â-bl. <i>a.</i> liable to perish
Perfidious, pèr-fîd'ûs. <i>a.</i> treacherous [virtue]	Perjure, pèr-jûre. <i>v. a.</i> to forswear, to tamper with perjury
Perfidiously, pèr-fîd'ûs-lè. <i>ad.</i> treacherously	Perjurer, pèr-jû-rûr. <i>s.</i> one that swears falsely
Perfidiousness, pèr-fîd'ûs-nès. <i>s.</i> the quality of being perfidious [faith]	Perjury, pèr-jû-ré. <i>s.</i> false oath
Perfidy, pèr-fè-dè. <i>s.</i> treachery, breach of faith	Periwig, pèr-ré-wîg. <i>s.</i> hair not natural
Perforate, pèr-fô-râte. <i>v. a.</i> to pierce with a tool, to bore [ing; hole]	Periwinkle, pèr-ré-wîn-kl. <i>s.</i> a small shell-fish
Perforation, pèr-fô-râ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of boring	Perk, pèrk. <i>v. n.</i> to hold up the head with an affected briskness
Perforce, pèr-fôrse'. <i>ad.</i> violently	Permanence, pèr-mâ-nèuse. } Permanency, pèr-mâ-nèn-sè. } <i>s.</i> duration.
Perform, pèr-fôrm'. <i>v. a.</i> to execute, to do	Permanent, pèr-mâ-nènt. <i>a.</i> durable [ingly]
Performance, pèr-fôrm'ânse. <i>s.</i> completion of something designed [any thing]	Permanently, pèr-mâ-nènt-lè. <i>ad.</i> durably, last-
Performer, pèr-fôrm'ûr. <i>s.</i> one that performs	Permanions, pèr-mân'shûn. <i>s.</i> continuance
Perfricate, pèr-fré-kâte. <i>v. a.</i> to rub over	Permeable, pèr-mé-â-bl. <i>a.</i> such as may be passed through
Perfume, pèr-fûme. <i>s.</i> sweet odour, fragrance	Permeant, pèr-mé-ant. <i>a.</i> passing through
Perfume, pèr-fûme'. <i>v. a.</i> to impregnate with sweet scent [perfumery]	Permission, pèr-mîsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> allowance
Perfumer, pèr-fû-mûr. <i>s.</i> one who deals in the factory	Permissive, pèr-mîs'siv. <i>a.</i> granting liberty
Perfunctory, pèr-fûnk'tûr-é. <i>a.</i> slight, careless, negligent [spread]	Permit, pèr-mît'. <i>v. a.</i> to allow
Perfuse, pèr-fûze'. <i>v. a.</i> to tincture, to over-perhaps, pèr-hâps'. <i>ad.</i> peradventure	Permit, pèr-mît. <i>s.</i> a written permission from an excise officer for transporting goods from place to place [mission]
Pericardium, pèr-é-kâr-dé-ûm. <i>s.</i> a thin membrane covering the heart	Permittance, pèr-mît'tânse. <i>s.</i> allowance, per-
Pericranium, pèr-é-krà-né-ûm. <i>s.</i> the membrane that covers the skull	Permutation, pèr-mû-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> exchange
	Pernicious, pèr-nîsh'ûs. <i>a.</i> mischievous destructive

nôr, nô-t—tûbe, tâb, bûll—ôll—pôund—thin, ruis.

- Perniciously, pèr-nîsh'ûs-lè. *ad.* destructively
- Peroration, pèr-ô-râ'shûn. *s.* the conclusion of an oration [to consider attentively]
- Perpend, pèr-pènd'. *v. a.* to weigh in the mind
- Perpendicular, pèr-pèn-dîk'û-lâr. *a.* cutting the horizon at right angles
- Perpendicular, pèr-pèn-dîk'û-lâr. *s.* a line crossing the horizon at right angles
- Perpendicularity, pèr-pèn-dîk'û-lâr'é-té. *s.* the state of being perpendicular
- Perpension, pèr-pèn'shûn. *s.* consideration
- Perpetrate, pèr-pè-trâ-té. *v. a.* to commit
- Perpetration, pèr-pè-trâ'shûn. *s.* the act of committing a crime
- Perpetual, pèr-pèt'tshû-âl. *a.* continual
- Perpetually, pèr-pèt'tshû-âl-lè. *ad.* constantly
- Perpetuate, pèr-pèt'tshû-â-té. *v. a.* to make perpetual [futurity]
- Perpetuity, pèr-pè-tû'é-té. *s.* duration to all
- Perplex, pèr-plèks'. *v. a.* to entangle; to embarrass [ment, intricacy]
- Perplexity, pèr-plèks'é-té. *s.* anxiety, entanglement
- Perquisite, pèr'kwîz-î-t. *s.* something gained by a place or office over and above the settled wages
- Perry, pèr-ré. *s.* cider made of pears
- Persecute, pèr-sè-kû-té. *v. a.* to pursue with malignity; to importune much
- Persecution, pèr-sè-kû'shûn. *s.* the act or practice of persecuting [cutes]
- Persecutor, pèr-sè-kû-tûr. *s.* one who persecutes
- Perseverance, pèr-sè-vè-rânse. *s.* steadiness in pursuits [tempt]
- Persevere, pèr-sè-vè-ré'. *v. n.* to persist in an attempt
- Persist, pèr-sîst. *v. n.* to persevere, to continue firm
- Person, pèr'sn. *s.* an individual; human being; exterior appearance; character
- Personable, pèr'sûn-â-bl. *a.* handsome, graceful
- Personage, pèr'sûn-îd-je. *s.* a considerable person
- Personal, pèr'sûn-âl. *a.* belonging to men or women; affecting individuals; peculiar; corporal [ality of any one]
- Personality, pèr-sô-nâl-lè-té. *s.* the individual
- Personally, pèr'sûn-âl-lè. *ad.* in person
- Personate, pèr-sûn-â-té. *v. a.* to represent; to counterfeit
- Personification, pèr-sôn'né-fè-kâ'shûn. *s.* change of things to persons
- Personify, pèr-sôn'né-fl. *v. a.* to change from a thing to a person
- Perspective, pèr-spèk'tîv. *s.* a glass through which things are viewed; view
- Perspective, pèr-spèk'tîv. *a.* relating to the science of vision, optical [ed]
- Perspicacious, pèr-spè-kâ'shûs. *a.* quick-sight
- Perspicaciousness, pèr-spè-kâ'shûs-nès. } *a.*
- Perspicacity, pèr-spè-kâs'sé-té. } quickness of sight [the mind]
- Perspicuity, pèr-spè-kû'é-té. } *s.* clearness
- Perspicuous, pèr-spîk'kû-ûs. *a.* clear
- Perspirable, pèr-spîr-â-bl. *a.* such as may be emitted by the cuticular pores
- Perspiration, pèr-spè-râ'shûn. *s.* excretion by the cuticular pores
- Perspire, pèr-spîr'é. *v. n.* to perform excretion by the cuticular pores; to be excreted by the skin [be persuaded]
- Persuadable, pèr-swâ'dâ-bl. *a.* such as may be persuaded
- Persuade, pèr-swâ-dé'. *v. a.* to bring to an opinion [ding; opinion]
- Persuasion, pèr-swâ'zhûn. *s.* the act of persuading
- Persuasive, pèr-swâ'sîv. } *a.* having the
- Persuasory, pèr-swâ'sûr-é. } power to persuade
- Pert, pèrt. *a.* brisk; smart; saucy
- Pertain, pèr-tâné'. *v. n.* to belong, to relate to
- Pertinacious, pèr-té-nâ'shûs. *a.* obstinate, stubborn [nately]
- Pertinaciously, pèr-té-nâ'shûs-lè. *ad.* obstinately
- Pertinacity, pèr-té-nâs'sé-té. *s.* obstinacy
- Pertinence, pèr'té-nènsé. *s.* propriety to the purpose, appositeness [apposite]
- Pertinent, pèr'té-nènt. *a.* just to the purpose, reaching to, touching
- Pertly, pèr'tlé. *ad.* briskly, smartly, saucily
- Pertness, pèr'tnès. *s.* brisk folly, sauciness, pertulence
- Perturb, pèr-tûrb'. } *v. a.* to disquiet,
- Perturbate, pèr-tûr'bâ-té. } to disturb
- Perturbation, pèr-tûr-bâ'shûn. *s.* disquiet of mind; commotion of passions
- Pertusion, pèr-tû'zhûn. *s.* the act of piercing or punching [wig]
- Peruke, pèr'rûke. *s.* a cap of false hair, a periwig
- Perusal, pè-rû'zâl. *s.* the act of reading
- Peruse, pè-rû-zé'. *v. a.* to read; to examine
- Peruser, pè-rû'zur. *s.* a reader, examiner

Fâte, fâr, fân, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nò, môve,

- Perrade**, pèr-vâde'. *v. a.* to pass through an aperture, to permeate [through]
- Pervasion**, pèr-vâ'zhûn. *s.* the act of passing
- Perverse**, pèr-vèr'se'. *a.* obstinate in the wrong, stubborn [tiously]
- Perversely**, pèr-vèr's'lè. *ad.* peevishly, vexatiously
- Perverseness**, pèr vèr's'nès. *s.* petulance, peevishness
- Perversion**, pèr-vèr'shûn. *s.* change to worse
- Pervert**, pèr-vèr't'. *v. a.* to distort from the true end or purpose; to corrupt
- Pervious**, pèr-vé'ûs. *a.* admitting passage
- Pest**, pèst. *s.* plague, pestilence
- Pester**, pèst'âr. *v. a.* to disturb, to harass
- Pesthouse**, pèst'hôûse. *s.* an hospital for persons infected with the plague [tentential]
- Pestiferous**, pès-tî'fèr-ûs. *a.* destructive; pestilential
- Pestilence**, pès-té'lèn'se. *s.* plague, contagious distemper [tagious]
- Pestilential**, pès-té'lèn'shâl. *a.* infectious, contagious
- Pestle**, pès'tîl. *s.* an instrument with which any thing is broken in a mortar [favourite]
- Pet**, pèt. *s.* a slight passion or fit of anger; a pet
- Pet**, pèt. *v. a.* to spoil by too much fondling
- Petal**, pè-tâl, or pè'tâl. *s.* the leaf of a flower, as distinguished from the leaf of a plant
- Petechial**, pè-tè'kè-âl. *a.* pestilentially spotted
- Petition**, pè-tîsh'ûn. *s.* request, supplication
- Petition**, pè-tîsh'ûn. *v. a.* to solicit
- Petitionary**, pè-tîsh'ûn-â-rè. *a.* supplicatory
- Petitioner**, pè-tîsh'ûn-âr. *s.* one who offers a petition
- Petre**, pè'tèr. *s.* nitre, salt-petre [petition]
- Petrescent**, pè-t'è's'sènt. *a.* becoming stone
- Petrification**, pè'trè-fâk'shûn. *s.* the act of turning to stone; that which is made stone
- Petrify**, pè'trè-fi. *v. a.* to change to stone
- Petrify**, pè'trè-fi. *v. n.* to become stone
- Petroleum**, pè-trò'lè-ûm. *a.* liquid bitumen
- Petticoat**, pè'té-kòte. *s.* the lower part of a woman's dress [prate lawyer]
- Pettifogger**, pè'té-fôg-gûr. *s.* a petty small-Pettish
- Pettish**, pè'tîsh. *a.* fretful, peevish [vishness]
- Pettishness**, pè'tîsh-nès. *s.* fretfulness, peevishness
- Pettitoes**, pè'té-tòze. *s.* the feet of a sucking pig
- Petty**, pè'té. *a.* small, little [pig]
- Petulance**, pè'tshû-lânse. *s.* sauciness, peevishness
- Petulant**, pè'tshû-lânt. *a.* saucy, perverse
- Pew**, pû. *s.* a seat enclosed in a church
- Pewter**, pû'tûr. *s.* an artificial metal
- Pewterer**, pû'tûr-ûr. *s.* a smith who works in pewter [in the works of nature]
- Phænomenon**, fè-nóm'è-nôn. *s.* an appearance
- Phaeton**, fâ'é-tôn. *s.* a high open carriage
- Phalanx**, fâ'lânks. *s.* a troop of men closely embodied [ance]
- Phantasm**, fân'tâzm. *s.* vain and airy appearance
- Phantom**, fân'tûm. *s.* a spectre, an apparition
- Pharisaical**, fâr-rè-sâ'è-kâl. *a.* ritual, externally religious
- Pharmacopœia**, fâr-mâ-kò-pé'yâ. *s.* a book containing rules for the composition of medicines [apothecary]
- Pharmacopolist**, fâr-mâ-kòp'pò-lîst. *s.* an apothecary
- Pharmacy**, fâr'mâ sè. *s.* the art or practice of preparing medicines, the trade of an apothecary
- Pharos**, fâ'ròs. *s.* a light-house
- Phasis**, fâ'sîs. *s.* plural Phases. appearance exhibited by the moon
- Pheasant**, fèz'zânt. *s.* a kind of wild cock
- Phænomenon**, fè-nóm'mè-nôn. *s.* novel appearance, visible quality
- Phial**, fî'âl. *s.* a small bottle
- Philanthropy**, fîl-ân'thrò-pè. *s.* love of mankind, good nature [mation]
- Philippick**, fîl-lîp'pîk. *s.* an invective declamation
- Philologist**, fè-lô'lô-jûr. } a critic, a grammarian
- Philologist**, fè-lô'lô-jîst. } s
- Philology**, fè-lô'lô-jè. *s.* criticism, grammatical learning
- Philomel**, fîl'ò-mèl. *s.* the nightingale
- Philosopher**, fî-zòs'sò-fûr. *s.* a man deep in knowledge
- Philosophick**, fîl-lò-zòf'fîk. } a. belonging to philosophy
- Philosophical**, fîl-lò-zòf'fè-kâl. } [philosophical manner]
- Philosophically**, fîl-lò-zòf'fè-kâl-é. *ad.* in a philosophical manner
- Philosophism**, fè-lòs'ò-fîzm. *s.* visionary or unfounded philosophy [a philosopher]
- Philosophize**, fè-lòs'ò-fîze. *v. a.* to reason like a philosopher
- Philosophy**, fè-lòs'ò-fè. *s.* knowledge natural or moral
- Philter**, fîl'tûr. *s.* something to cause love
- Phiz**, fîz. *s.* the face [a vein]
- Phlebotomist**, fîè-bòt'ò-mîst. *s.* one that opens a vein
- Phlebotomy**, fîè-bòt'ò-mîe. *s.* blood-letting
- Phlegm**, fîèm. *s.* the watery humour of the body [phlegm; dull, frigid]
- Phlegmauck**, fîèg'mâ-tîk. *s.* abounding in phlegm

nôr, nô-t—tûbe, ãb, búl!—ôl!—pôurd—tîn, rnis.

- Phlebotome, fléme.** *s.* an instrument to bleed cattle
[extremely inflammable]
- Phlogiston, flô-jis'tôn.** *s.* a chymical liquor
- Phosphorus, fôs'fô-rûs.** *s.* the morning star; a chymical substance which exposed to the air takes fire
- Phrase, frâze.** *s.* an idiom, a mode of speech
- Phraseology, frâ-zê-ôl'ô-jê.** *s.* style, diction
- Phrenetic, frê-nê'tik.** *a.* mad, frantick
- Phrensy, frên'zê.** *s.* madness, frantickness
- Phthisical, flz'zê-kâl.** *a.* wasting
- Phthisick, flz'zlk.** *s.* a consumption
- Phylactery, fê-lâk'têr-ê-s.** a bandage on which was inscribed some memorable sentence
- Physical, flz'zê-kâl.** *a.* relating to nature; medicinal [ture]
- Physically, flz'zê-kâl-lê.** *ad.* according to nature
- Physician, fê-zîsh'ân.** *s.* one who professes the art of healing [medicines, remedies]
- Physick, flz'zlk.** *s.* the science of healing;
- Physick, flz'zlk.** *v. a.* to treat with physick, to cure
- Physiognomist, flzh-ê-ôg'nô-mîst.** *s.* one who judges of the temper or future fortune by the features of the face
- Physiognomy, flzh-ê-ôg'nô-mê.** *s.* the art of discovering the temper and foreknowing the fortune by the features of the face; the cast of the look [natural philosophy]
- Physiologist, flzh-ê-ôl'ô-jîst.** *s.* a writer of physiology
- Physiology, flzh-ê-ôl'ô-jê-s.** the doctrine of nature
- Phytology, fl-tôl'ô-jê.** *s.* the doctrine of plants
- Picard, pl-âk'kû-lâr.** *a.* expiatory
- Pia-mater, pl-â-mâ'târ.** *s.* a delicate membrane, which covers the brain
- Piazza, pê-âz'zâ.** *s.* a walk under a roof supported by pillars [size]
- Pica, pl'kâ.** *s.* a printing letter of a particular character
- Picaroon, plk-kâ-rôôn.** *s.* a robber, a plunderer [parate]; to peck
- Pick, plk.** *v. a.* to choose; to gather; to separate
- Pickapack, plk'â-pâk.** *ad.* in manner of a pack upon the back
- Pickaxe, plk'âks.** *s.* an axe with a sharp point
- Picked, plk'êd.** *a.* sharp, smart
- Picker, plk'kâr.** *s.* one who picks or culls
- Pickle, plk'kl.** *s.* a salt and acid liquor thing kept in pickle; condition
- Pickle, plk'kl.** *v. a.* to preserve in pickle
- Picklock, plk'lôk.** an instrument by which locks are opened [from the pocket]
- Pickpocket, plk'pôk-ît.** *s.* a thief who steals
- Pickthank, plk'thânk.** *s.* an officious fellow
- Picture, plk'tshâre.** *s.* a resemblance in colours [sent]
- Picture, plk'tshêre.** *v. a.* to paint; to represent
- Picturesque, plk-tshê-rêsk'.** *a.* expressed happily as in a picture
- Piddle, pl'd'dl.** *v. n.* to pick at table, to feed squeamishly; to trifle [a magpie]
- Pie, pl.** *s.* a crust baked with something in it;
- Piebald, pl'bâld.** *a.* of various colours
- Piece, pêêse.** *s.* a patch; a part; a picture, a composition; a gun; a coin
- Piece, pêêse.** *v. a.* to enlarge by the addition of a piece; to join
- Piecemal, pêês'mêle.** *ad.* in pieces
- Piecemal, pêês'mêle.** *z.* separate, divided
- Pied, plde.** *a.* variegated, party-coloured
- Pier, pêér.** *s.* the column on which the arch of a bridge is raised [to affect]
- Pierce, pêêre.** *v. n.* to penetrate, to enter
- Piercer, pêêrs'ûr, or pèrs'ûr.** *s.* an instrument that bores or penetrates [to parents]
- Piety, pl'ê-tê.** *s.* discharge of duty to God or
- Pig, plg.** *s.* a young sow or boar
- Pig, plg.** *v. n.* to farrow, to bring pigs
- Pigeon, pl'd'jîn.** *s.* a well-known bird
- Piggin, plg'gîn.** *s.* a small vessel
- Pigment, plg'mênt.** *s.* paint
- Pignut, plg'nût.** *s.* an earth nut [soldiers]
- Pike, plke.** *s.* a large fish; a lance used by
- Pikestaff, plke'stâf.** *s.* the wooden frame of a pike
- Pilaster, pê-lâs'tôr.** *s.* a square column
- Pile, plê.** *s.* a strong piece of wood driven into the ground; a heap; an edifice
- Pile, plê.** *v. a.* to heap, to lay one thing on another [robbery]
- Pilfer, plf'ûr.** *v. a.* to steal, to gain by petty
- Pilferer, plf'ûr-ûr.** *s.* one who steals petty things [religious account]
- Pilgrim, pl'grîm.** *s.* one who travels on a religious account
- Pilgrimage, pl'grîm-âdje.** *s.* a journey on account of devotion
- Pill, pl.** *s.* medicine made into a small ball
- Pillage, pl'lîdje.** *s.* plunder
- Pillage, pl'lîdje.** *v. a.* to plunder
- Pillar, pl'lâr.** *s.* a column; a supporter

Pâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nô, môve.

- Pillared**, plî'ârd. *s.* supported by columns
- Pillion**, plî'yân. *s.* a soft saddle; a pad
- Pillory**, plî'âr-ê. *s.* a frame erected on a pillar; and made with holes and folding boards, through which the heads and hands of criminals are put [lory]
- Pilitary**, plî'âr-ê. *v. a.* to punish with the pill
- Pillow**, plî'ô. *s.* a bag of down or feathers to lay the head on
- Pillowcase**, plî'ô-kâse. *s.* the cover of a pillow
- Pilosity**, pé-lôs'sé-té. *s.* hairiness
- Pilot**, plî'ôt. *s.* he who steers a ship
- Pilotage**, pi'ôt-tîdjé. *s.* a pilot's hire
- Pimp**, plîmp. *s.* a procurer, a pander
- Pimp**, plîmp. *v. n.* to pander
- Pimping**, pi'np'ing. *a.* little
- Pimple**, plîm'pl. *s.* a small red pustule
- Pimpled**, plîm'pld. *a.* full of pimples
- Pin**, pln. *s.* a short pointed wire; a peg
- Pin**, pln. *v. a.* to fasten with pins
- Pincase**, plî'kâse. *s.* a case to keep pins in
- Pincers**, plî'sêrs. *s.* an instrument by which nails are drawn
- Pinch**, plîsh. *v. a.* to squeeze; to press hard
- Pinch**, plîsh. *v.* a painful squeeze; a small quantity contained between the finger and thumb; time of distress
- Pinchbeck**, plîsh'bêk. *s.* a compound metal
- Pincushion**, plî'kûsh-ân. *s.* a small bag stuffed, on which pins are stuck
- Pine**, plne. *s.* a tree
- Pine**, plne. *v. n.* to languish
- Pineapple**, plne'âp-pl. *s.* a plant [are confined]
- Pinfold**, plî'fôld. *s.* a place in which beasts
- Pinguid**, plîng'wid. *a.* fat, v. ctuous
- Pinion**, plî'yân. *s.* the joint of the wing remotest from the body; wing-fetters
- Pinion**, plî'yân. *v. a.* to cut the wings; to shackle
- Pink**, plîngk. *s.* a small fragrant flower
- Pink**, plîngk. *v. a.* to pierce in small holes
- Pinnoney**, plî'môn-né. *s.* a wife's pocket money [of war]
- Pinnacle**, plî'âs. *s.* a boat belonging to a ship
- Pinnacle**, plî'nâ-kl. *s.* a turret [twelve ounces]
- Pint**, plînt. *s.* half a quart; in medicine,
- Pioneer**, pi'ô-nêér. *s.* one whose business is to level the road, or sink mines, in military operations [gion]
- Pious**, pi'ôs. *a.* careful of the duties of reli-
- Piously**, pi'ôs-lé. *ad.* in a pious manner, religiously
- Pip**, plîp. *s.* a disease in fowls; a spot on cards
- Pipe**, plîpe. *s.* a tube; an instrument of music; a liquid measure containing two hogsheads
- Pipe**, plîpé. *v. n.* to play on the pipe
- Piper**, plî'pûr. *s.* one who plays on the pipe
- Pipkin**, plî'pkin. *s.* a small earthen boiler
- Pippin**, plî'pîn. *s.* a sharp apple
- Piquant**, plîk'kânt. *a.* pricking, pungent
- Piquancy**, plîk'kân-sé. *s.* sharpness, tartness
- Pique**, péék. *v. a.* ill-will, petty malevolence
- Pique**, péék. *v. a.* to touch with envy; to offend; to value, to fix reputation as on
- Piquet**, pé-két'. *s.* a game at cards [point]
- Piracy**, plî'râ-sé. *s.* the act or practice of robbing on the sea
- Pirate**, plî'rât. *s.* a sea-robber
- Piratical**, plî-rât'té-kâl. *a.* predatory
- Piscatory**, plîskâ-târ-ê. *a.* relating to fishes
- Pisces**, plî'sêrs. *s.* the twelfth sign in the zodiac
- Fish**, plîsh. *int.* a contemptuous exclamation
- Pismire**, plîz'mîre. *s.* an ant; an emmet
- Pissburnt**, plîs'bûrnt. *a.* having a colour as though stained with urine
- Pistachio**, plîs-tâshô. *s.* a pistich nut
- Pistol**, plîs'tûl. *s.* a small hand-gun
- Pistol**, plîs'tûl. *v. a.* to shoot with a pistol
- Pistole**, plîs-tôle. *s.* a coin of many countries and different degrees of value
- Piston**, plîs'tûn. *s.* the moveable part in a pump or syringe
- Pit**, plît. *s.* a hole in the ground; grave; middle part of the theatre; any hollow of the body
- Pitapat**, plî'â-pât. *s.* a flutter, a palpitation
- Pitch**, plîsh. *s.* the resin of the pine extracted by fire and inspissated; any degree of elevation; degree
- Pitch**, plîsh. *v. a.* to fix, to plant; to throw headlong; to smear with pitch
- Pitcher**, plîsh'ûr. *s.* an earthen vessel
- Pitchfork**, plîsh'fôrk. *s.* a fork used in husbandry
- Pitchiness**, plîsh'ê-nêrs. *s.* blackness, darkness
- Pitchy**, plîsh'ê. *a.* smeared with pitch; black
- Pit-coal**, plî'kôle. *s.* fossil coal [sionote]
- Pitiful**, plîsh'ô-ûs. *a.* sorrowful; compass-

nòr, nòt—tâbe, tâb, bâl—ôl—pôâr d—lîn, tîis.

Piteously, pîth'é-ûs-lè. <i>ad.</i> in a piteous man-	Plainwork, plâne'wûrk. <i>s.</i> common needle
Pitfall, pît'fâl. <i>s.</i> a pit dug and covered [ner-	Plair, plâ'ie. <i>s.</i> a fold, a dou'le [work
Pith, plî'h. <i>s.</i> marrow ; strength ; energy ; co- gency ; principal part	Plait, plâte. <i>v. a.</i> to fold, to double
Pithily, pîth'é-lè. <i>ad.</i> with strength, with co-	Plan, plân. <i>s.</i> a scheme, a form, a model
Pithiness, pîth'é-nès. <i>s.</i> energy, strength	Plan, plân. <i>v. a.</i> to scheme, to form in design
Pithless, pîth'lès. <i>a.</i> wanting energy	Plane, plâne. <i>s.</i> a level surface ; a tool
Pithy, plî'h. <i>a.</i> strong, energetick	Plane, plâne. <i>v. a.</i> to smooth with a plane
Pitiable, pît'té-â-bl. <i>a.</i> deserving pity [paltry	Planet, piân'î't. <i>s.</i> one of the celestial bodies in our system, which move round and re- ceive light from the sun [the planets
Pitifui, pît'té-fûl. <i>a.</i> melancholy ; tender ;	Planetary, piân'nè-târ-rè. <i>a.</i> pertaining to
Pitifully, pît'té-fûl-è. <i>ad.</i> mournfully	Planetstruck, piân'î't-strûk. <i>a.</i> blasted
Pitifulness, pît'té-fûl-nès. <i>s.</i> tenderness, com-	Planisphere, piân'nè-siè're. <i>s.</i> a sphere pro- jected on a plane
Pitiless, pît'té-lès. <i>a.</i> wanting pity [passion	Plank, plângk. <i>s.</i> a thick strong board
Pittance, pît'tânse. <i>s.</i> a small portion	Plank, plângk. <i>v. a.</i> to cover or lay with planks
Pituitous, pé-tû'é-tûs. <i>a.</i> consisting of phlegm	Planoconvex, plâ-nò-kôn'vêks. <i>a.</i> flat on the one side, and convex on the other
Pity, pît'té. <i>s.</i> compassion, tenderness	Plant, plânt. <i>s.</i> any vegetable [protection
Pity, pît'té. <i>v. a.</i> to compassionate misery	Plant, plânt. <i>v. a.</i> to set ; to place ; to settle
Pivot, piv'vût. <i>s.</i> a pin on which any thing turns [he appeared	Plantain, plân'tîn. <i>s.</i> an herb ; a tree
Placable, plâ'kâ-bl. <i>a.</i> willing or possible to	Plantation, piân-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> a place pl'ced ; a colony [vates
Placard, plâk-ârd. } <i>s.</i> an edict, a manifesto	Planter, piân'tûr. <i>s.</i> one who so s or culti-
Placart, plâk-ârt'. } <i>s.</i> an edict, a manifesto	Plash, plâsh. <i>s.</i> a small lake of ater
Place, plâse. <i>s.</i> locality ; space ; residence ; rank ; office [to establish	Plashy, plâsh'é. <i>a.</i> watery, b'ied with puddles
Place, plâse. <i>v. a.</i> to put in any place ; to fix,	Plasin, plâzm. <i>s.</i> a mould a matrix for metals
Placid, plâs'id. <i>a.</i> gentle, quiet ; soft, mild	Plaster, plâs'tûr. <i>s.</i> substance made of water and lime, with whi h walls are overlaid ; s salve
Placit, piâs'î't. <i>s.</i> decree, determination	Plaster, plâs'tûr. . <i>a.</i> to overlay as with plas- ter ; to cover ith a medicated plaster
Plagiarism, plâ'jâ-rîzm. <i>s.</i> literary theft	Plasterer, plâs'tûr-ûr. <i>s.</i> one whose trade is to overlay walls with plaster [form
Plagiary, plâ'jâ-rè. <i>s.</i> a thief in literature, one who steals the thoughts or writings of	Plastic, plâs'tîk. <i>a.</i> having the power to give
Plague, plâg. <i>s.</i> a pestilence [another	Plat, plât. <i>v. a.</i> to weave, to make by texture
Plague, plâg. <i>v. a.</i> to trouble, to harass	Plat, plât. <i>s.</i> a small piece of ground
Plaguily, plâ'gè-lè. <i>ad.</i> vexatiously, horridly	Plate, plâte. <i>s.</i> wrought silver ; a small shal- low vessel on which meat is eaten ; the prize run for by horses
Plague, plâ'gè. <i>a.</i> vexatious, troublesome	Plate, plâte. <i>v. a.</i> to cover with plates ; to b at into laminae or plates
Plaise, plâse. <i>s.</i> a flat fish	Platen, plât'èn. <i>s.</i> that flat part of a printing press by which the impression is made
Plaid, plâd. <i>s.</i> a variegated cloth	Platform, plât'fôrm. <i>s.</i> a horizontal plane ; o level place before a fortification
Plain, plâne, <i>a.</i> smooth, flat ; artless ; clear	Platina, plât-é'nâ. <i>s.</i> a species of metal
Plain, plâne. <i>ad.</i> distinctly ; simply	Platoon, plâ-tôôn'. <i>s.</i> a small square body of musketeers
Plain, plâne. <i>s.</i> level ground, a field of battle	Platter, piât'tûr. <i>s.</i> a large dish
Plain, plâne. <i>v. a.</i> to level, to make even	
Plaindealing, plâne-dé'lîng. <i>a.</i> acting without art [void of art	
Plaindealing, plâne-dé'lîng. <i>s.</i> management	
Plainly, plâne'lé. <i>ad.</i> levelly ; without orna- ment ; sincerely ; in earnest ; clearly	
Plainness, plâne'nès. <i>s.</i> flatness ; artlessness	
Plaint, piân't. <i>s.</i> complaint [simplicity	
Plaintiff, piân'tî't. <i>s.</i> he that commences a suit in law against another	
Plautive, piân'tîv. <i>a.</i> complaining	

Plaudir, pláw'dít. *s.* applaud

Plausibility, pláw-zé-blí'è-té. *s.* speciousness, superficial appearance of right

Plausible, pláw'zé-bl. *a.* superficially pleasing, specious [show of right]

Plausibleness, pláw'zé-bl-nés. *s.* speciousness, lausibly, pláw'zé-blé. *ad.* with fair show, speciously

Play, plá *v. n.* to sport, to frolick; to toy; to trifle; to game; to touch a musical instrument; to represent a character

Play, plá. *s.* amusement, sport; a drama; game; act of touching an instrument

Player, plá'úr. *s.* one who plays [ment]

Playfellow, plá'sél-'ò's. companion in amuse-

Playful, plá'fúl. *a.* sportive

Playgame, plá'gá'me. *s.* play of children

Playhouse, plá'hóú'se. *s.* house where dramatic performances are represented

Plaything, plá'thí'ng. *s.* a toy [excuse]

Plea, plé. *s.* the act or form of pleading; an

Plead, pléde. *v. n.* to argue before a court of justice; to speak for or against, to reason with another; to admit or deny a charge of guilt [of justice; one who pleads]

Pleader, plé'dúr. *s.* one who argues in a court

Pleasant, pléz'zánt. *a.* delightful; cheerful

Pleasantness, pléz'zánt-nés. *s.* delightfulness; cheerfulness

Pleasantry, pléz'zán-tré. *s.* gait, merriment

Pleasure, pléze. *v. a.* to delight, to gratify

Pleasurable, plezh'úr-á-bl. *a.* delightful

Pleasure, plézh'ú're. *s.* delight, gratification; arbitrary will

Pleasure, plézh'ú're. *v. a.* to please, to gratify

Plebeian, plé-bé'yán. *s.* one of the lower people

Plebeian, plé-bé'yán. *a.* vulgar, common

Pledge, plédje. *s.* a pawn [to drink]

Pledge, plédje. *v. a.* to put in pawn; to invite

Pledget, plédjít. *s.* a small mass of lint

Pleiades, plé'yá-déz. *s.* a northern constellation

Plenary, plén'á-ré. *a.* full, complete [tion]

Plenilunary, plén-né-lú'ná-ré. *a.* relating to the full moon

Plenipotentiary, plén-né-pò-tén'shá-ré. *s.* a negotiator invested with full power

Plenteous, plén'tshé-ús. *s.* fulness; repletion, exuberance

Plenteously, plén'tshé-ús-é. *ad.* copiously

Plenteously, plén'tshé-ús-é. *ad.* copiously

Plenteousness, plén'tshé-ús-nés. *s.* abundance

Plentiful, plèn-te-ú. *a.* copious

Plentifully, plén'té-fáì-é. *ad.* copiously

Plentifulness, plén'té-fáì-nés. *s.* abundance, fertility

Plenty, plén'té. *s.* abundance; exuberance

Plethora, pléth'ò-rá. *s.* the state in which the vessels are fuller of humours than is agreeable to a natural state of health

Plethoric, plé-thór'ík. *a.* having a full habit

Pleurisy, plú-ré-sé. *s.* an inflammation of the pleura [isy]

Pleuritic, plú-rít'ík. *a.* diseased with a pleu

Pliable, plí'á-bl. *a.* flexible

Pliableness, plí'á-bl-nés. *s.* flexibility

Pliancy, plí'án-sé. *s.* easiness to be bent

Pliant, plí'ánt. *a.* bending, flexible

Pliantness, plí'ánt-nés. *s.* flexibility

Pliers, plí'úr. *s.* a kind of small pincers

Plight, plíte. *v. a.* to pledge

Plight, plíte. *s.* condition, state

Plinth, plínth. *s.* the square member which serves as a foundation to the base of a pillar

Plod, plód. *v. n.* to toil, to drudge, to travel laboriously; to study closely and dully

Plodder, plód'dúr. *s.* a dull, heavy, laborious man

Plot, plót. *s.* a small extent of ground; a conspiracy; an intrigue; stratagem

Plot, plát. *v. n.* to form schemes of mischief, to contrive

Plough, plóú. *s.* an agricultural instrument

Plough, plóú. *v. a.* to turn with the plough; to furrow, to divide [plough]

Ploughboy, plóú'bóé. *s.* a boy that follows the

Ploughman, plóú'nán. *s.* one who attends or uses the plough

Pluck, plák. *v. a.* to pull with force, to snatch

Pluck, plák. *s.* a pull; the heart, liver, and lights of an animal

Plug, plúg. *s.* a stopple

Plug, plúg. *v. a.* to stop with a plug

Plum, plám. *s.* a fruit; the sum of one hundred thousand pounds

Plumage, plú'mí'dje. *s.* feathers

Plumb, plám. *s.* a leaden weight let down at the end of a line [frize]

Plumb, plám. *ad.* perpendicularly to the ho

nôr, nôt—tâbe, tâb, bâll—ôll—pôând—thin, THIS.

- P** amb, plâm. *v. a.* to sound; to regulate
P amber, plâm'nâr. *s.* one who works upon
P ame, plâme. *s.* a feather; pride [lead
P ame, plâme. *v. a.* to adjust feathers; to
 adorn with plumes [cil
P lummert, plâm mît. *s.* a leaden weight or pen-
P unous, plû'mûs. *a.* feathery
P lump, plûmp. *a.* sleek, full and smooth
P lump, plûmp. *v. a.* to fatten, to swell
P lump. plûmp. *ad.* with a sudden fall
P lumpness, plûmp'nês. *s.* fulness
P lummy, plû'mê. *a.* covered with feathers
P lunder, plûn'dâr. *v. a.* to pillage [war
P lunder, plûn'dâr. *s.* pillage, spoils gotten in
P lunderer, plûn'dâr-ûr. *s.* a hostile pillager,
 a robber
P lunge, plûnje. *v. a.* to put suddenly under
 water; to force in suddenly
P lunge, plûnje. *s.* act of sinking under water
P lural, plû'râl. *a.* implying more than one
P rality, plû-râl-ê-tê. *s.* a number more than
 one; the majority
P ush, plûsh. *s.* a kind of shaggy cloth
P uvial, plû've-âl. } *a.* rainy, relating to
P uvious, plû've-ûs. } *a.* rain
P y, plû. *v. a.* to work on any thing closely
 and inopportunately; to keep busy; to so-
 licit impotunately [relative to wind
P neumatick, nû-mât'ûk. *a.* moved by wind
P neumaticks, nû-mât'ûks. *s.* the doctrine of
 the air [of spiritual existence
P neunatology, nû-mâ-tô'l'ô-jê. *s.* the doctrine
P each, pôsh. *v. a.* to boil slightly; to plun-
 der by stealth
P eacher, pôsh'ûr. *s.* one who steals game
P eck, pôk. *s.* a pustule raised by the small
 pox [to clothes
P ocket, pôk'kît. *s.* the small bag inserted in-
P ocket, pôk'kî. *v. a.* to put in the pocket
P oculent, pôk'kû-lênt. *a.* fit for drink
P ôl, pôd. *s.* the case of seeds
P olagrical, pô-dâg'grê-kâl. *a.* gouty, relating
 to the gout [cal composition
P oem, pô'ên. *s.* the work of a poet, a metri-
 cœs; pô'ê-sê. the art of writing poems; po-
P oet, pô'êt. *s.* a writer of poems [etry
P oetaster, pô'êt-âs-târ. *s.* a vile petty poet
P oeters, pô'êt-tês. *s.* a female poet
P oetical, pô-êt'ê-kâl. } *a.* pertaining to vo-
P oetics, pô-êt'ê-ti. } *a.* etry
- Poetically, pô-êt'ê-kâl-lê. *ad.* with the quali-
 ties of poetry
P oetry, pô-ê-trê. *s.* metrical composition; the
 art or practice of writing poems
P oignancy, pô'ô-nân-sê. *s.* sharpness
P oignant, pô'ê-nânt. *a.* satirical, keen
P oint, pôint. *s.* a sharp end; headland; sting
 of an epigram; a moment; space; punctu-
 lo; a spot
P oint, pôint. *v. a.* to sharpen; to direct to-
 wards an object; to show; to distinguish
 by stops or points
P ointed, pôint'êd. *a.* sharp; epigrammatical
P ointer, pôint'ûr. *s.* any thing that points; a
 dog [jures life; venom
P oison, pô'ê-zn. *s.* that which destroys or in-
P oison, pô'ê-zn. *v. a.* to infect with poison, to
 corrupt
P oisonous, pô'ê-zn-ûs. *a.* venomous
P oise, pô'êze. *s.* balance, equipoise
P oise, pô'êze. *v. a.* to balance
P oke, pôke. *s.* a pocket, a small bag
P oke, pôke. *v. a.* to feel in the dark, to search
 any thing with a long instrument
P oker, pô'kûr. *s.* the iron bar with which the
 fire is stirred
P olar, pô'lâr. *a.* found near the pole
P olarity, pô-lâr-ê-tê. *s.* tendency to the pole
P olary, pô-lâr-ê. *a.* having a direction towards
 the pole
P ole, pôle. *s.* the extremity of the axis of the
 earth; a long staff; a measure of length
 containing five yards and a half [pole
P olcaxe, pôle'âks. *s.* an axe fixed to a long
P olecat, pôle'kât. *s.* a stinking animal
P olemical, pô-lêm'mê-kâl. } *a.* controversial
P olemick, pô-lêm'mîk. } *a.* disputative
P olemick, pô-lêm'mîk. *s.* a disputant, contro-
 vertist [any guide or director
P oleslar, pôle'stâr. *s.* a star near the pole;
P olice, pô-lê-sê. *s.* the government of a city,
 so far as regards the inhabitants [prudence
P olicy, pô'lê-sê. *s.* the art of government;
P olish, pô'lîsh. *v. a.* to smooth; to make ele-
 gant of manners [manners
P olish, pô'lîsh. *s.* artificial gloss; elegance of
P olite, pô-lîte'. *a.* elegant of manners
P oliteness, pô-lîte'nês. *s.* elegance of man-
 ners, gentility
P olitu, pô-lî-tê-kâl. *a.* relating to politicks

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plie, pln—nò, môve,

Politically, pô-lî-té-kâl-ê. <i>ad.</i> with relation to public administration; artfully	Ponder, pôndâr. <i>v. a.</i> to weigh mentally, to consider
Politician, pôl-lé-flsh'ân. <i>s.</i> one versed in politics	Ponderosity, pôndâr-ô's'sé-té. <i>s.</i> weight, heaviness
Politics, pôl'lé-tîks. <i>s.</i> the science of government	Ponderous, pôndâr-ûs. <i>a.</i> heavy, weighty
Polity, pôl'lé-té. <i>s.</i> a form of government, civil constitution	Ponderousness, pôndâr-ûs-nês. <i>s.</i> heaviness
Poll, pôll. <i>s.</i> the head; a list of voters at an election	Poniard, pôny'ârd. <i>s.</i> a dagger
Poll, pôll. <i>v. a.</i> to lop the top of trees; to cut off hair from the head; to insert into a number as a voter	Poniard, pôny'ârd. <i>v. a.</i> to stab with a poniard
Pollard, pôllârd. <i>s.</i> a tree lopped	Pontiff, pôntîf. <i>s.</i> a high priest; the pope
Pollute, pôl-lûte'. <i>v. a.</i> to make unclean; to defile	Pontifical, pôntîf'è-kâl. <i>a.</i> belonging to a high priest, popish
Pollutedness, pôl-lû'téd-nês. } <i>s.</i> the state of being defiled, defilement	Pontificate, pôntîf'è-kât. <i>s.</i> papacy, popedom
Pollution, pôl-lû'shûn. } <i>s.</i> the state of being defiled, defilement	Ponton, pôntôn'. <i>s.</i> a floating bridge, or invention to pass over water
Poltrone, pôl-trôdn'. <i>s.</i> a coward, a scoundrel	Pony, pô'né. <i>s.</i> a small horse
Polyanthus, pô-lé-ân'thûs. <i>s.</i> a plant bearing many flowers	Pool, pôôl. <i>s.</i> a lake of standing water
Polyedrous, pô-lé-ê'drûs. <i>a.</i> having many sides	Pool, pôôp. <i>s.</i> the hindermost part of a ship
Polygamy, pô-lîg-gâ-mé. <i>s.</i> plurality of wives	Pool, pôôr. <i>a.</i> indigent; trifling; mean; low
Polyglot, pôl'lé-gîôt. <i>a.</i> having many languages	Poorly, pôôr'lé. <i>ad.</i> without spirit
Polygon, pôl'lé-gôn. <i>s.</i> a figure of many angles	Pop, pôp. <i>s.</i> a small smart quick sound
Polygonal, pô-lîg-gô-nâl. <i>a.</i> having many angles	Pop, pôp. <i>v. n.</i> to move or enter with a quick, and unexpected motion
Polypetalous, pôl-lé-pêt'tâl-ûs. <i>a.</i> having many petals	Pope, pôpe. <i>s.</i> the bishop of Rome
Polypus, pôl'lé-pûs. <i>a.</i> having the nature of a polypus	Popedom, pôpe'dûm. <i>s.</i> papal dignity
Polyous, pôl'lé-pûs. • a swelling in the nostrils; an animal with many feet	Popery, pô'pûr-ê. <i>s.</i> the religion of the church of Rome
Polysyllable, pôl'lé-sîl-lâ-bl. <i>s.</i> a word of many syllables	Popgun, pôp'gûn. <i>s.</i> a gun with which children play
Polytheism, pôl'lé-thé-îzm. <i>s.</i> the doctrine of many gods	Popish, pô'plsh. <i>a.</i> relative to popery
Pomaceous, pô-mâ'shûs. <i>a.</i> consisting of apples	Populace, pôp'pû-lâs. <i>s.</i> the vulgar, the multitude
Pomade, pô-mâde'. <i>s.</i> a fragrant ointment	Popular, pôp'pû-lâr. <i>a.</i> vulgar, plebeian: pleasing to the people
Pomander, pô-nân'dâr. <i>s.</i> a sweet ball	Popularity, pôp-pû-lâr-ê-té. <i>s.</i> state of being favoured by the people
Pomatum, pô-mâ'tûm. <i>s.</i> an ointment	Population, pôp-pû-lâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the state of a country with respect to numbers of people
Pomegranate, pôin-grân'nât. <i>s.</i> a tree; the fruit	Populous, pôp'pû-lûs. <i>a.</i> full of people
Pommel, pôm'mîl. <i>s.</i> a round ball or knob	Populousness, pôp-pû-lûs-nês. <i>s.</i> the state of abounding with people
Pommel, pôm'mîl. <i>v. a.</i> to bruise	Porcelain, pôr'sé-lâne. <i>s.</i> china-ware
Pomp, pômp. <i>s.</i> splendour, pride	Porch, pôrtsh. <i>s.</i> a portico, a covered walk
Pompion, pôin'pé-ân. <i>s.</i> a pumpkin	Porcupine, pôr'kû-plne. <i>s.</i> a kind of hedgehog
Pomposity, pôin-pôs'è-té. <i>s.</i> affectation of pompousness	Pore, pôre. <i>s.</i> spiracle of the skin, passage of perspiration; any narrow spiracle or passage
Pompous, pôin'pûs. <i>a.</i> splendid, grand	Pore, pôre. <i>v. n.</i> to look with great intense
Pompously, pôin'pûs-lé. <i>ad.</i> magnificently	Pork, pôrk. <i>s.</i> swine's flesh
Pompousness, pôin'pûs-nês. <i>s.</i> magnificence, splendour	Porke, pôrk'âr. <i>s.</i> a hog, a pig
Pond, pônd. <i>s.</i> a small pool or lake of water	Porosity, pô-rôs'sé-té. <i>s.</i> quality of having passages
	Porous, pô'rûs. <i>a.</i> having small spiracles or passages

nh, nôt—tâbe, tâb, bâll—ôll—pôand—thin, THIS.

Porphyry, pôr'fâr-ê. <i>s.</i> marble of a particular kind	Possibility, pôs-sé-bill'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> the state of being possible [or to be done]
Porpoise, } pôr'pûs. <i>s.</i> the sea-hog	Possible, pôs'sé-bl. <i>a.</i> having the power to be
Porpus, } pôr'pûs. <i>s.</i> the sea-hog	Possibly, pôs sé-blê. <i>ad.</i> by any power; perhaps
Porridge, pôr'ridje. <i>s.</i> a kind of broth	Post, pôst. <i>s.</i> a hasty messenger; quick course of travelling; office; a piece of timber set erect
Porringer, pôr'rin-jûr. <i>s.</i> a vessel in which broth is eaten [a kind of wine]	Post, pôst. <i>v. n.</i> to travel with speed
Port, pôrt. <i>s.</i> a harbour; a gate; carriage	Post, pôst. <i>v. a.</i> to fix opprobriously on posts, to place, to station
Portable, pôr'tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> that may be carried	Postage, pôst'ldje. <i>s.</i> money paid for conveyance of a letter [the real time]
Portage, pôr'tldje. <i>s.</i> the price of a carriage port-hole [which the gate opens]	Postdate, pôst'dâte. <i>v. a.</i> to date later than
Portal, pôr'tâl. <i>s.</i> a gate, the arch under	Postdeluvian, pôst-dê-lâ'vê-ân. <i>s.</i> one that lived since the flood
Portcullis, pôrt-kûl'lis. <i>s.</i> a machine hung over the gates of a city, to be let down to keep out an enemy [show]	Poster, pôst'ûr. <i>s.</i> a courier [placed after]
Portend, pôr-tênd'. <i>v. a.</i> to foretoken, to fore-	Posterior, pôs-tê-rê-ûr. <i>a.</i> happening after,
Portent, pôr-tênt'. <i>s.</i> omen of ill	Posteriors, pôs-'z'rê-ûr. <i>s.</i> the hinder parts
Portentous, pôr-tên'tûs. <i>a.</i> monstrous, foreto-	Posterity, pôs-têr'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> succeeding generations, descendants
Portend, pôr-tênt'. <i>v. a.</i> to foretoken, to fore-	Postern, pôs'têrn. <i>s.</i> a small gate [istence]
Portent, pôr-tênt'. <i>s.</i> omen of ill	Postexistence, pôst-êg-zis'tênsê. <i>s.</i> future ex-
Portentous, pôr-tên'tûs. <i>a.</i> monstrous, foreto-	Posthaste, pôst-hâste'. <i>s.</i> haste like that of a courier [the use of couriers]
Portening ill	Posthorse, pôst'hôrse. <i>s.</i> a horse stationed for
Porter, pôr'tûr. <i>s.</i> one that has the charge of the gate; one who carries burdens for hire; strong beer [carriage]	Posthouse, pôst'hôuse. <i>s.</i> post-office
Porterage, pôr'tûr-ldje. <i>s.</i> money paid for	Posthumous, pôst'hû-nûs. <i>a.</i> done, had, or published, after one's death
Port-folio, pôr-tô'lê-ô. <i>s.</i> an empty binding to keep loose paper in	Postillion, pôs-tîl'yûn. <i>s.</i> one who guides the first pair of a set of horses in a coach; one who guides a post-chaise
Portico, pôr'tê-kô. <i>s.</i> a covered walk, a piazza	Postmaster, pôst-mâs-tûr. <i>s.</i> one who has the charge of a public conveyance of letters
Portion, pôr'shûn. <i>s.</i> a part; an allotment; a fortune [with a fortune]	Postmeridian, pôst-mê-rîd'ê-ân. <i>a.</i> being in the afternoon
Portion, pôr'shûn. <i>v. a.</i> to divide, to endow	Postoffice, pôst'ôf-fis. <i>s.</i> a post house
Portliness, pôr'tlê-nês. <i>s.</i> dignity of mien	Postpone, pôst-pône'. <i>v. a.</i> to put off, to delay
Portly, pôr'tlê. <i>a.</i> grand of mien	Postscript, pôst'skript. <i>s.</i> paragraph added to the end of a letter
Portmanteau, pôrt-mân'tô. <i>s.</i> a chest or bag in which clothes are carried [the life]	Postulate, pôs'tshû-lât. <i>s.</i> position supposed or assumed without proof
Portrait, pôr'trâte. <i>s.</i> a picture drawn from	Postulation, pôs-tshû-lâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of supposing without proof
Portray, pôr-trâ'. <i>v. a.</i> to paint, to describe by picture [a gate]	Postulatum, pôs-tshû-lâ'tûm. <i>s.</i> position assumed without proof [position]
Portress, pôr'três. <i>s.</i> a female guardian of	Posture, pôs'tshûrê. <i>s.</i> place, situation; dis-
Pose, pôze. <i>v. a.</i> to puzzle [laid down]	Posturemaster, pôs'tshûr-mâ-stûr. <i>s.</i> one who teaches or practises artificial contortions of the body
Position, pô-zîsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> situation; principle	
Positive, pôz-zê-tiv. <i>a.</i> real, absolute; direct	
Positively, pôz-zê-tiv'ê. <i>ad.</i> absolutely; per-	
emptorily [of the populace]	
Posse, pôs'sê. <i>s.</i> an armed power, consisting	
Possess, pôz-zê's. <i>v. a.</i> to have as an owner; to enjoy [in one's own power]	
Possession, pôz-zêsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> the state of having	
Possessive, pôz-zê'siv } a. having posses-	
Possessory, pôz-zê'sûr-ê. } a. sior	
Possessor, pôz-zê'sûr. <i>s.</i> owner, proprietor	
Passet, pôs'sît. <i>s.</i> milk curdled with wine	

Frâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mé, mêt—plie, plu—nô, môve,

Pösy, pö'zê. <i>s.</i> a motto on a ring	Powder, pou'dûr. <i>v. a.</i> to reduce to dust; to sprinkle as with dust
Pot, pô't. <i>s.</i> a vessel to hold liquids [pots	Powdery, pou'dûr-ê. <i>a.</i> dusty, friable
Pot, pô't. <i>v. a.</i> to preserve seasoned meats in	Power, pou'ûr. <i>s.</i> command, dominion; ability; the moving force of an engine; faculty of the mind; military force
Potable, pô'tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> drinkable	Powerful, pou'ûr-fûl. <i>a.</i> potent; mighty
Potash, pô'âsh. <i>s.</i> an impure fixed alkaline salt, made by burning from vegetables	Powerfulness, pou'ûr-fûl-nês. <i>s.</i> power, efficacy
Potation, pô'tâ-shûn. <i>s.</i> drinking bout	Powerless, pou'ûr-lês. <i>a.</i> weak, impotent
Potato, pô-tâ'tò. <i>s.</i> an esculent root [paunch	Practicability, prak'tê-kâ-blî'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> a possibility of being performed
Potbellicd, pô'tbêl-lîd. <i>a.</i> having a swollen	Practicable, prak'tê-kâ-bl. <i>a.</i> feasible, capable to be practised [lity to be performed
Potency, pô'tên-sê. <i>s.</i> power; efficacy	Practicableness, prak'tê-kâ-bl-rês. <i>s.</i> possibility of action, [in real fact
Potent, pô'tênt. <i>a.</i> powerful, efficacious	Practical, prak'tê-kâl. <i>a.</i> relating to action, not merely speculative
Potentate, pô'têu-tâte. <i>s.</i> monarch, sovereign	Practically, prak'tê-kâl-lê. <i>ad.</i> by practice,
Potential, pô-tên'shâ'l. <i>a.</i> existing in possibility, not in act	Practicalness, prak'tê-kâl-nês. <i>s.</i> the quality of being practical
Potently, pô'tênt-lê. <i>ad.</i> powerfully	Practice, prak'tîs. <i>s.</i> habit; use; actual performance; medical treatment of diseases
Pother, pô'u'ûr. <i>s.</i> bustle, tumult	Practise, prak'tîs. <i>v. a.</i> to do habitually
Potherb, pô'têrb. <i>s.</i> an herb fit for the pot	Practitioner, prak'tîsh'ûn-ûr. <i>s.</i> one engaged in the actual exercise of any art
Potion, pô'shûn. <i>s.</i> a physical draught	Præcognita, pré-kôg'nê-tâ. <i>s.</i> things previously known in order to understand something else
Pottage, pô'tîdje. <i>s.</i> any thing boiled or decocted for food	Pragmatick, prag-mât'îk. } <i>a.</i> med
Potter, pô'tûr. <i>s.</i> a maker of earthen vessels	Pragmatical, prag-mât'tê-kâl. } dling, assuming business without invitation [gratitude
Pottle, pô'tl. <i>s.</i> a measure containing four pints	Praise, præze. <i>s.</i> commendation; tribute of
Pouch, pôûtsh. <i>s.</i> a small bag, a pocket	Praise, præze. <i>v. a.</i> to commend, to applaud
Poult, pôlt. <i>s.</i> a young chicken, particularly of a turkey [sell fowls ready for the cook	Praise-worthy, præze'wûr-rûê. <i>a.</i> deserving praise
Poulterer, pô'l'tûr-ûr. <i>s.</i> one whose trade is to	Præme, præme. <i>s.</i> a flat bottomed boat
Poultice, pô'l'tîs. <i>s.</i> a soft mollifying application	Prance, prænsê. <i>v. n.</i> to spring and bound in high mettle
Poultice, pô'l'tîs. <i>v. a.</i> to apply a poultice	Prank, prængk. <i>s.</i> a frolick, a wicked act
Poultry, pô'l'trê. <i>s.</i> domestic fowls	Prate, præte. <i>v. n.</i> to talk carelessly and without weight [quacity
Pounce, pôûnse. <i>s.</i> the claw of a bird of prey; the powder of gum sandarach	Prate, præte. <i>s.</i> slight talk, unmeaning loquacity
Pound, pôûnd. <i>s.</i> a weight, consisting, in Troy weight, of twelve, in Avoirdupois, of sixteen ounces; the sum of twenty shillings; a pinfold, an enclosure	Prattle, præ'tl. <i>v. n.</i> to talk lightly, to chatter
Pound, pôûnd. <i>v. a.</i> to beat with a pestle, to imprison as in a pound	Prattle, præ'tl. <i>s.</i> empty talk
Poundage, pôûnd'îdje. <i>s.</i> a certain sum deducted from a pound; payment rated by the weight of the commodity	Pratler, præ'tlûr. <i>s.</i> a chatterer
Pounder, pôûnd'ûr. <i>s.</i> a heavy large pear; a gun; a pestle	Pravity, præv'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> corruption, badness
Pour, pôûr. <i>v. a.</i> to let some liquid out of a vessel; to emit, to give vent to	Prawn, præwn. <i>s.</i> a small shell-fish
Pout, pôût. <i>v. n.</i> to look sullen by thrusting out the lips [meanness	Pray, præ. <i>v. n.</i> to make petitions to heaven to entreat, to ask submissively
Poverty, pôv'ûr-tê. <i>s.</i> indigence, necessity;	Prayer, præ'ûr. <i>s.</i> petition to heaven; entreaty
Powder, pou'dûr. <i>s.</i> dust; gunpowder; sweet dust for the hair	

- Preach**, prêsh. *v. n.* to pronounce a public discourse upon sacred subjects
- Preacher**, prêsh'ûr. *s.* one who discourses publicly upon religious subjects
- Preamble**, prê'am-bl. *s.* something previous, introduction, preface
- Prebend**, prêb'ênd. *s.* a stipend in cathedral churches; a prebendary
- Prebendary**, prêb'ên-dêr-ê. *s.* a stipendiary of a cathedral [by courtesy]
- Precarious**, prê-kâ'rê-ûs. *a.* uncertain, held
- Precariousness**, prê-kâ'rê-ûs-nês. *s.* uncertainty, dependence on others [measure]
- Precaution**, prê-kâw'shûn. *s.* preventive
- Precedaneous**, prês-ê-dâ'nê-ûs. *a.* previous, antecedent [der of time]
- Precede**, prê-sêdê'. *v. a.* to go before in order
- Precedence**, prê-sê'dênse. } *s.* the act or
- Precedency**, prê-sê'dên-sê. } *s.* the act or
- s.* the act of going before, priority [fore]
- Precedent**, prê-sê'dên-t. *a.* former going before
- Precedent**, prês'sê-dên-t. *s.* a rule or example, a thing done before of the same kind
- Preceptor**, prê-sêp'tôr. *s.* he that leads the class [en, a mandate]
- Precept**, prê'sêpt. *s.* a rule authoritatively given
- Preceptive**, prê-sêp'tiv. *a.* giving precepts
- Preceptor**, prê-sêp'tôr. *s.* a teacher, a tutor
- Precession**, prê-sêsh'ûn. *s.* the act of going before [dary]
- Precinct**, prê-singkt'. *s.* outward limit, boundary
- Prevalous**, prêsh'ûs. *a.* valuable; costly
- Prevalousness**, prêsh'ûs-nês. *s.* valueness, worth [fall perpendicular]
- Precipice**, prês'sê-pls. *s.* a headlong steep, a precipitous
- Precipitancy**, prê-sip'pê-tânse. } *s.* rash haste
- Precipitancy**, prê-sip'pê-tân-sê. } *s.* rash haste
- headlong haste [ing headlong; hasty]*
- Precipitant**, prê-sip'pê-tânt. *a.* falling or rushing
- Precipitate**, prê-sip'pê-tâte. *v. a.* to throw headlong; to hurry blindly or rashly; to throw to the bottom
- Precipitate**, prê-sip'pê-tât. *a.* headlong, hasty
- Precipitate**, prê-sip'pê-tât. *s.* a corrosive medicine made by precipitating mercury
- Precipitately**, prê-sip'pê-tât-lê. *ad.* heading; hastily, in blind hurry
- Precipitation**, prê-sip'pê-tâ'shûn. *s.* the act of throwing headlong; temerity
- Precise**, prê-sêz. *a.* exact, strict, well-ordered
- Precisely**, prê-sêz'êl. *ad.* exactly, nicely, accurately [nicety]
- Preciseness**, prê-sêz'ênês. *s.* exactness, rigid
- Precision**, prê-sêz'ûn. *s.* exact limitation
- Preclude**, prê-klûdê'. *v. a.* to shut out
- Precocity**, prê-kôs'sê-tê. *s.* ripeness before the time [knowledge]
- Precognition**, prê-kô'nsh'ûn. *s.* previous
- Preconceit**, prê-kôn-sêtê'. *s.* an opinion previously formed [opinion beforehand]
- Preconceive**, prê-kôn-sêvê'. *v. a.* to form an
- Preconception**, prê-kôn-sêp'shûn. *s.* opinion previously formed [vious to another]
- Precontract**, prê-kôn'trâkt. *s.* a contract previously formed
- Precontract**, prê-kôn'trâkt'. *v. a.* to contract or bargain beforehand
- Precurse**, prê-kûrsê'. *a.* forerunning [ger]
- Precursor**, prê-kûr'sôr. *s.* forerunner, harbinger
- Predaceous**, prê-dâ'shûs. *a.* living by prey
- Predal**, prê-dâl. *a.* robbing [tising rapine]
- Predatory**, prê-dâ-tûr-ê. *a.* plundering, praed
- Predecessor**, prê-dê-sê's'sûr. *s.* one that was in any state or place before another
- Predestinarian**, prê-dês-tê-nâ'rê-ân. *s.* one who holds the doctrine of predestination
- Predestinate**, prê-dês-tê-nâta. *v. a.* to appoint beforehand by irreversible decree [nation]
- Predestination**, prê-dês-tê-nâ'shûn. *s.* preordination
- Predetermination**, prê-de-têr-mê-nâ'shûn. *s.* determination made beforehand [fama]
- Predial**, prê-dê-âl, or prê-jê-âl. *a.* consisting of
- Predicament**, prê-dik'kâ-mênt. *s.* a class or arrangement [any thing]
- Predicant**, prê-dê-kânt. *s.* one that affirms
- Predicate**, prê-dê-kât. *s.* that which is affirmed of the subject
- Predication**, prê-dê-kâ'shûn. *s.* affirmation
- Predict**, prê-dikt'. *v. a.* to foretell
- Prediction**, prê-dik'shûn. *s.* prophecy
- Predilection**, prê-dê-lêk'shûn. *s.* preference, prepossession in favour of any thing
- Predispose**, prê-dis-pôzê'. *v. a.* to adapt previously to any certain purpose
- Predisposition**, prê-dis-pô-zish'ûn. *s.* previous adaptation to any certain purpose
- Pre dominance**, prê-dôm'mâ-nâns. *a.* pre-
lence, superiority
- Pre dominant**, prê-dôm'mânt. *a.* pre-
lence, superiority
- Pre dominant**, prê-dôm'mânt. *a.* pre-
lence, superiority

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mé, mêt—plne, pln—nô, môve,

- Pre-eminence, pré-êm'mê-nênse. *s.* pre-
 dence [above others]
- Pre-eminent, pré-ên'mê-nênt. *a.* excellent
- Pre-emption, pré-êmp'shûn. *s.* the right of
 purchasing before another
- Pre-engage, pré-ên-gâdjé'. *v. a.* to engage by
 precedent contracts [dent obligation]
- Pre-engagement, pré-ên-gâdjé'mênt. *s.* prece-
 dent obligation
- Pre-exist, pré-êgz-îst'. *v. n.* to exist before-
 hand [beforehand]
- Pre-existence, pré-êgz-îst'ênse. *s.* existence
- Pre-existent, pré-êgz-îst'ênt. *a.* existent be-
 fore
- Preface, préffâs. *s.* introduction [forehand]
- Preface, préffâs. *v. n.* to say something in-
 troductory
- Prefatory, préffâ-tûr-ê. *a.* introductory
- Prefect, préffêkt. *s.* a governor
- Prefecture, préffêk-tûre. *s.* command, office
 of government [vance]
- Prefer, pré-fêr'. *v. a.* to regard more; to ad-
 vance
- Preferable, préffêr-â-bl. *a.* eligible before
 something else
- Preference, préffêr-ênse. *s.* estimation of one
 thing above another
- Preferment, pré-fêr'mênt. *s.* advancement
- Prefiguration, pré-flg-yû-râ-shûn. *s.* anteced-
 ent representation
- Prefigure, pré-flg'yûr. *v. a.* to exhibit by an-
 cedent representation
- Prefix, pré-îks'. *v. a.* to place before
- Pregnancy, prégnân-sé. *s.* the state of being
 with young; fruitfulness
- Pregnant, prégnânt. *a.* breeding; fertile
- Prejudge, pré-jûdjé'. *v. a.* to determine be-
 forehand [justice]
- Prejudicate, pré-jû-dê-kât. *a.* formed by pre-
 judgment
- Prejudication, pré-jû-dê-kâ-shûn. *s.* the act of
 judging beforehand [jury]
- Prejudice, pré-jû-dîs. *s.* prepossession; in-
 justice
- Prejudice, pré-jû-dîs. *v. a.* to fill with pre-
 judices, to injure [injurious]
- Prejudicial, pré-jû-dîsh'âl. *a.* mischievous,
- Preiacy, préllâ-sé. *s.* the dignity of a prelate
- Prelate, préllât. *s.* an ecclesiastick of the
 highest dignity
- Prelction, pré-lêk'shûn. *s.* a lecture
- Preliminary, pré-llm'ê-nâ-ré. *a.* previous, in-
 troductory [vious, preparatory measure]
- Preliminary, pré-llm'ê-nâ-ré. *s.* something pre-
 paratory
- Prelude, pré-lû-de. *s.* some short flight of mu-
 sic played before a full concert; some
 thing introductory [ductio]
- Prelude, pré-lû-le'. *v. a.* to serve as an intro-
 ductory
- Pre-lusive, pré-lû'sîv. *a.* previous, introductory
- Premature, pré-mâ-tûre'. *v. a.* ripe too soon
 formed before the time [soon]
- Prematurely, pré-mâ-tûre'lè. *ad.* too early, too
 soon
- Premeditate, pré-méd'é-tâte. *v. a.* to conceive
 beforehand [meditating beforehand]
- Premeditation, pré-méd'é-tâshûn. *s.* act of
 meditating beforehand
- Premeditative, pré-méd'é-tâshûn. *s.* act of
 meditating beforehand
- Premeditator, pré-méd'é-tâshûn. *s.* act of
 meditating beforehand
- Premier, pré-mê-yêr. *a.* first, chief [misc]
- Premise, pré-mîze'. *v. a.* to lay down pro-
 positions
- Premises, pré-mîs-sîz. *s.* propositions anteced-
 ently supposed or proved; houses or
 lands
- Premium, pré-mê-ûm. *s.* a reward [lands]
- Premonish, pré-môn'îsh. *v. a.* to warn before
 hand [ly advising]
- Premonitory, pré-môn'nè-tûr-ê. *a.* previous-
- Premunire, pré-mû-nî-ré. *s.* a writ, penalty,
 difficulty [of telling before]
- Pre-nunciation, pré-nûn-shê-â-shûn. *s.* the act
 of renouncing
- Preoccupancy, pré-ôk'kû-pân-sé. *s.* the act of
 taking possession before another [pate]
- Preoccupate, pré-ôk'kû-pâte. *v. a.* to antici-
 pate
- Preoccupation, pré-ôk'kû-pâ-shûn. *s.* antici-
 pation; prepossession
- Preoccupy, pré-ôk'kû-pl. *v. a.* to prepossess
- Preopinon, pré-ô-pln'yûn. *s.* prepossession
- Preordain, pré-ôr-dâné'. *v. a.* to ordain before-
 hand [of preordaining]
- Preordination, pré-ôr-dè-nâ-shûn. *s.* the act
 of preordaining
- Preparation, pré-pêr-â-shûn. *s.* the act of pre-
 paring; previous measures
- Preparative, pré-pâr-râ-tîv. *a.* having the
 power of preparing
- Preparative, pré-pâr-râ-tîv. *s.* that which has
 the power of preparing
- Preparatory, pré-pâr-râ-tûr-ê. *a.* antecedently
 necessary; previous [make ready]
- Prepare, pré-pâre'. *v. a.* to fit, to adjust, to
 adjust
- Pre-pense, pré-pênse'. *a.* preconceived
- Preponder, pré-pôn'dêr. *v. a.* to outweigh
- Preponderance, pré-pôn'dêr-ânse. *s.* superi-
 ority of weight [ing]
- Preponderant, pré-pôn'dêr-ânt. *a.* outweigh-
 ing
- Preponderate, pré-pôn'dêr-âte. *v. a.* to out-
 weigh [state of outweighing]
- Preponderation, pré-pôn'dêr-â-shûn. *s.* the
 act of outweighing
- Propose, pré-pôze'. *v. a.* to put before

nôr, nô-t—tûbe, tûb, bûll—ôll—pôând—thin, this.

- Preposition**, prê-pô-zîsh'ân. *s.* a particle governing a case
- Prepositor**, prê-pô-zî-tûr. *s.* a scholar appointed by the master to overlook the rest
- Prepossess**, prê-pô-zê's'. *v. a.* to prejudice
- Prepossession**, prê-pô-zêsh'ân. *s.* prejudice, preconceived opinion
- Preposterous**, prê-pôs'têr-âs. *a.* absurd, per-
- Preposterousness**, prê-pôs'têr-âs-nês. *s.* absurdity, wrong order
- Prepotency**, prê-pô'tên-sê. *s.* superior power
- Prepuce**, prê'pûse. *s.* that which covers the glans, foreskin [previously necessary]
- Prerequisite**, prê-rêk'kwîz-î-t. *s.* something
- Prerogative**, prê-rôg'gâ-tîv. *s.* a peculiar privilege
- Presage**, prês'sâdje. *s.* prognostick [tell]
- Presage**, prês'sâdje'. *v. a.* to forebode, to fore-
- Presagement**, prês-sâdjémênt. *s.* forebode-ment; foretoken
- Presbyter**, prêz'bê-têr. *s.* a priest [of elders]
- Presbyterian**, prêz-bê-tê-rê-ân. *a.* consisting
- Presbyterian**, prêz-bê-tê-rê-ân. *s.* an abettor of presbytery
- Presbytery**, prêz'bê-têr-ê. *s.* body of elders
- Prescience**, prê'shê-ê-nse. *s.* foreknowledge
- Prescient**, prê'shê-ên. *a.* foreknowing
- Prescind**, prê-sînd'. *v. a.* to cut off [rect-]
- Prescribe**, prê-skrîbê'. *v. a.* to order, to di-
- Prescript**, prê'skrîpt. *s.* direction, precept
- Prescription**, prê-skrîp'shûn. *s.* rule produced and authorised by custom; medical receipt
- Presence**, prêz'zênsê. *s.* state of being present; port, mien; readiness at need
- Present**, prêz'zênt. *a.* face to face, at hand; not past; propitious
- resent**, prêz'zênt. *s.* a gift, a donative
- resent**, prê-zênt'. *v. a.* to exhibit; to offer; to give [presenting; exhibition]
- Presentation**, prêz-zên-tâ'shûn. *s.* the act of
- Presentee**, prê-zên-tê'e. *s.* one presented to a benefice
- Presenter**, prê-zên-tûr. *s.* one that presents
- Presentiment**, prê-sên-tê-mênt. *s.* previous idea [immediately, soon after]
- Presently**, prêz'zênt-lê. *ad.* at present; im-
- Presentment**, prê-zênt'mênt. *s.* the act of presenting [preserving]
- Preservation**, prêz-zêr-vâ'shûn. *s.* the act of
- Preservative**, prê-zêr-vâ-tîv. *s.* that which has the power of preserving
- Preserve**, prê-zêrv'. *v. a.* to save [in sugar]
- Preserve**, prê-zêrv'. *s.* fruit preserved whole
- Preserver**, prê-zêrv'ûr. *s.* one who preserves
- Preside**, prê-sîdê'. *v. n.* to be set over [enice]
- Presidency**, prêz-zê-dên-sê. *s.* superintendent
- President**, prêz-zê-dênt. *s.* one at the head of others; governor, prefect
- Press**, prês. *v. a.* to squeeze; to crush; to distress; to enforce; to force into naval service
- Press**, prês. *s.* an instrument for pressing; crowd, throng; a commission to force men into naval service
- Pressgang**, prês'gâng. *s.* a crew employed to force men into naval service
- Pressman**, prês'mân. *s.* one who makes the impression of print by the press
- Pressure**, prêsh'shûre. *s.* the act of pressing; state of being pressed; force; gravitation
- Presto**, prês'tô. *ad.* quick, at once
- Presume**, prê-zûmê'. *v. n.* to surmise; to venture without positive leave
- Presumption**, prê-zûm'shûn. *s.* supposition previously formed; arrogance, confidence
- Presumptive**, prê-zûm'tîv. *a.* taken by previous supposition; supposed; confident
- Presumptuous**, prê-zûm'tshû-ûs. *a.* arrogant, confident
- Presumptuousness**, prê-zûm'tshû-ûs-nês. *s.* confidence, irreverence [viously formed]
- Presupposal**, prê-sûp-pô-zâl. *s.* supposal pre-
- Presuppose**, prê-sûp-pôze'. *v. a.* to suppose at previous [sition previously formed]
- Presupposition**, prê-sûp-pô-zîsh'ân. *s.* suppo-
- Presurmise**, prê-sûr-mîze'. *s.* surmise previously formed
- Pretence**, prê-tênsê'. *s.* a false argument grounded upon fictitious postulates; assumption [show hypocritically; to claim]
- Pretend**, prê-tênd'. *v. a.* to allege falsely; to
- Pretender**, prê-tênd'ûr. *s.* one who lays claim to any thing
- Pretension**, prê-tên'shûn. *s.* claim
- Preterimperfect**, prê-têr-îm-pêr'fêkt. *a.* not
- Preterite**, prê-têr-î-t. *a.* past [perfectly past]
- Preterlapsed**, prê-têr-lâpst'. *a.* past and gone
- Pretermit**, prê-têr-mît. *v. a.* to pass by
- Preternatural**, prê-têr-nât'tshû-râl. *a.* different from what is natural, irregular

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pue, plu—nô, môve,

Preterperfect, præ-têr-pêr-fêkt. <i>a.</i> absolutely past	Priestliness, præés-tê-nês. <i>s.</i> the appearance of a priest
Preterpluperfect, præ-têr-plu-pêr-fêkt. <i>a.</i> relatively past, or past before some other past time	Priestly, præést-lê. <i>a.</i> becoming a priest
Pretext, præ-têkst'. <i>s.</i> pretence, false appearance	Prig, prig. <i>s.</i> a pert, conceited, saucy fellow
Pretor, præ-tôr. <i>s.</i> a Roman judge	Prim, prim. <i>a.</i> formal, precise
Pretorian, præ-tô-ré-ân. <i>a.</i> judicial, exercised by the pretor	Prim, prim. <i>v. a.</i> to deck up precisely, to form to an affected nicety
Prettily, præ-tê-lê. <i>ad.</i> neatly, pleasingly	Primacy, præ-mâ-sê. <i>s.</i> the chief ecclesiastical station
Prettiness, præ-tê-nês. <i>s.</i> beauty without dignity	Primarily, præ-mâ-rê-lê. <i>ad.</i> originally, in the first intention
Pretty, præ-tê. <i>a.</i> neat, elegant	Primary, præ-mâ-rê. <i>a.</i> original, first
Pretty, præ-tê. <i>ad.</i> in some degree	Primate, præ-mât. <i>s.</i> the chief ecclesiastick
Prevail, præ-vâle'. <i>v. n.</i> to be in force, have effect; to overcome; to persuade	Prime, prime. <i>s.</i> the dawn; the beginning; the best part; the spring of life; the first part
Prevailing, præ-vâ-llng. <i>a.</i> predominant	Prime, prime. <i>a.</i> early; principal; original
Prevalence, præ-vâ-lênse. <i>s.</i> superiority, influence	Prime, prime. <i>v. a.</i> to put in the first powder, to put powder in the pan of a gun, to lay the first colours on in painting
Prevalent, præ-vâ-lênt. <i>a.</i> victorious; prevalent	Primely, prime-lê. <i>ad.</i> originally, primarily, excellently
Prevaricate, præ-vâr-rê-kâte. <i>v. n.</i> to cavil, to quibble, to shuffle	Primer, præ-mûr. <i>s.</i> a small book in which children are taught to read
Prevarication, præ-vâr-rê-kâ-shûn. <i>s.</i> shuffle	Primeval, præ-mê-vâl. <i>a.</i> original
Prevenient, præ-vê-nê-ênt. <i>a.</i> preceding	Primitive, præ-mê-tiv. <i>a.</i> ancient, original; primitive
Prevent, præ-vênt'. <i>v. a.</i> to go before as a guide; to anticipate; to hinder	Primitiveness, præ-mê-tiv-nês. <i>s.</i> antiquity, conformity to antiquity
Prevention, præ-vên-shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of going before; hindrance	Primogenial, præ-mô-jê-nê-âl. <i>a.</i> first-born
Preventive, præ-vênt'iv. <i>a.</i> preservative, hindering	Primogeniture, præ-mô-jên-ê-tûre. <i>s.</i> state of being first-born
Preventive, præ-vênt'iv. <i>a.</i> a preservative, antecedent	Primordial, præ-môr-dê-âl. <i>a.</i> original, existing from the beginning
Previous, præ-vê-ûs. <i>a.</i> antecedent	Primrose, præ-mô-zê. <i>s.</i> a flower
Previously, præ-vê-ûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> beforehand	Prince, prince. <i>s.</i> a sovereign; the son of a king
Prey, præ. <i>s.</i> something to be devoured; plunder; depredation	Princedom, præns-dôm. <i>s.</i> the rank, estate, or power, of a prince
Prey, præ. <i>v. n.</i> to feed by violence; to plunder	Princely, præns-lê. <i>a.</i> becoming a prince, royal
Price, prise. <i>s.</i> value, estimation; reward	Princely, præns-lê. <i>ad.</i> in a princelike manner
Prick, præk. <i>v. a.</i> to pierce; to erect; to spur; to pain; to mark a tune	Princess, præns-sês. <i>s.</i> a sovereign lady; the daughter of a king; the wife of a prince
Prick, præk. <i>s.</i> any thing by which a puncture is made, remorse of conscience; a puncture	Principal, præns-ê-pâl. <i>a.</i> chief, capital
Prickle, præk'kl. <i>s.</i> a small sharp point	Principal, præns-ê-pâl. <i>s.</i> a head, a chief; a capital sum placed out at interest
Prickly, præk-lê. <i>a.</i> full of sharp points	Principality, præns-ê-pâl-ê-tê. <i>s.</i> sovereignty, the country which gives title to a prince
Pride, præde. <i>s.</i> inordinate self-esteem; loftiness of air; elevation; ostentation	Principally, præns-ê-pâl-ê. <i>ad.</i> chiefly
Priest, præést. <i>s.</i> one who officiates in sacred offices	Principle, præns-ê-pi. <i>s.</i> element; original cause; fundamental truth; ground of action; tenet
Priestcraft, præést'krâft. <i>s.</i> religious fraud	Print, print. <i>v. a.</i> to impress any thing so as to leave its form: to impress words, or make books, by the press
Priestess, præést-tês. <i>s.</i> a woman who officiates in heathen rites	
Priesthood, præést'hûd. <i>s.</i> the office and character of a priest	

nór, nót—tûbe, tâb, bâll—ôll—póund—thin, THIS.

- Print, print. *s.* mark made by impression ; picture made by impression ; the form, size, arrangement, or other qualities, of the types used in printing books
- Printer, print'âr. *s.* one who prints
- Prior, prî'âr. *a.* former, antecedent
- Prior, prî'âr. *s.* the head of a convent of monks
- Prioress, prî'âr-ês. *s.* a lady superior of a convent of nuns
- Priority, prî-ôr'rê-tê. *s.* the state of being first
- Priory, prî'âr-ê. *s.* a convent in dignity below an abbey
- Prism, prizm. *s.* a mathematical glass
- Prismatick, priz-mât'tik. *a.* formed as a prism
- Prismoid, priz'îndôl. *s.* a body approaching to the form of a prism [ment
- Prison, priz'zn. *s.* a jail, a place of confinement
- Prisoner, priz'zn-âr. *s.* a captive ; one under an arrest
- Pristine, priz'tîn. *a.* ancient, original [crecy
- Privacy, prî'vá-sê. *s.* state of being secret, se-
- Private, prî'vât. *a.* secret ; alone
- Privateer, prî-vâ-têér'. *s.* a private ship of war
- Privateer, prî-vâ-têér'. *v. n.* to fit out ships against enemies, at the charge of private
- Privately, prî'vât-lê. *ad.* secretly [persons
- Privation, prî'vá'shûn. *s.* removal or destruction of any thing
- Privative, prî'vá-tiv. *a.* causing privation
- Privet, prî'vît. *s.* an evergreen
- Privilege, prî'vê-ldje. *s.* peculiar advantage ; immunity [ilege ; to exempt
- Privilege, prî'vê-ldje. *v. a.* to grant a priv-
- Privily, prî'vê-lê. *ad.* secretly, privately
- Privacy, prî'vê-tê. *s.* private communication
- Privy, prî'vê. *a.* secret ; admitted to secrets
- Privy, prî'vê. *s.* place of retirement
- Prize, prize. *s.* a reward gained by contest with competitors ; plunder
- Prize, prize. *v. a.* to rate, to value to esteem
- Prizefighter, prize'fî-tûr. *s.* one that fights publicly for a reward
- Probability, prob-â-bil'ê-tê. *s.* likelihood, appearance of truth
- Probable, prob'bâ-bl. *a.* likely
- Probably, prob'bâ-blê. *ad.* likely
- Probat, prob'ât. *s.* the proof of a will [timony
- Probation, prob-bâ'shûn. *s.* proof, evidence, test
- Probationary, prob-bâ'shûn-â-rê. *a.* serving for trial
- Probationer, prob-bâ'shûn-âr. *s.* a novice
- Probatun est, prob-bâ'tûn-êst. *s.* a Latin expression, signifying, It is tried or proved
- Probe, probê. *s.* a surgeon's instrument
- Probe, probê. *v. a.* to search, to try by an instrument
- Probity, prob'ê-tê. *s.* honesty, sincerity
- Problem, prob'b'lem. *s.* a question proposed
- Problematical, prob-lê-mât'tê-kâl. *a.* uncertain, disputable [of an elephant
- Proboscis, prob-bôs'ls. *s.* a snout, the trunk
- Procedure, prob-sêé'jûre. *s.* manner of proceeding
- Proceed, prob-sêéd'. *v. n.* to go forward ; to come forth ; to advance, to act
- Proceeding, prob-sêéd'ing. *s.* progress from one thing to another, transaction
- Process, pros'sês. *s.* tendency ; gradually progress ; course of law
- Procession, prob-sêsh'ûn. *s.* a train marching in ceremonious solemnity [procession
- Professional, prob-sêsh'ûn-âl. *a.* relating to
- Proclaim, prob-klâ'mê'. *v. a.* to promulgate ; to tell openly
- Proclamation, prók-klâ-mâ'shûn. *s.* publication by authority ; a declaration of the king's will [pension
- Proclivity, prob-kliv'â-tê. *s.* tendency, pro-
- Procrastinate, prob-krâs'tîn-âte. *v. a.* to defer, to delay [dilatoriness
- Procrastination, prob-krâs'tîn-â'shûn. *s.* delay.
- Procreate, prob'krê-âte. *v. a.* to generate, to produce
- Procreation, prob-krê-â'shûn. *s.* generation
- Procreative, prob'krê-â-tiv. *a.* generative
- Proctor, prók'tûr. *s.* an attorney in the spiritual court [tor
- Proctorship, prók'tûr-shîp. *s.* office of a proctor
- Procumbent, prob-kûm'bênt. *a.* lying down
- Procurable, prob-kû'ra-bl. *a.* obtainable
- Procurator, prók-kû-râ'tûr. *s.* manager
- Procurer, prob-kû're'. *v. a.* to manage, to transact for another ; to obtain, to acquire
- Procuress, prob-kû'rês. *s.* a bawd
- Prodigal, pród-dê-gâl. *a.* profuse, wasteful
- Prodigal, pród-dê-gâl. *s.* a waster, a spend-thrift [waste
- Prodigality, pród-dê-gâl-ê-tê. *s.* extravagance
- Prodigally, pród-dê-gâl-ê. *ad.* profusely, wastefully

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—né, mêt—phie, plu—nô, môve.

- Prodigious**, prô-dîd'jûs. *a.* amazing
Prodigiously, prô-dîd'jûs-lê. *ad.* amazingly
Prodigy, prô-dê-jê. *s.* any thing out of the ordinary process of nature, portent; monster [to bring forth]
Produce, prô dûsê'. *v. a.* to exhibit; to bear,
Produce, prôd'ûsê. *s.* product; gain
Produlent, prô-dû'sênt. *s.* one that exhibits, one that offers
Product, prôd'ûkt. *s.* something produced
Production, prô-dûk'shûn. *s.* thing produced, product [to produce, fertile]
Productive, prô-dûc'tiv. *a.* having the power
Proem, prô'êm. *s.* preface, introduction
Profanation, prôf-â-nâ'shûn. the act of violating any thing sacred [polluted]
Profane, prô-fâne'. *a.* irreverent, secular;
Profane, prô-fâne'. *v. a.* to violate, to pollute
Profanely, prô-fâne'lê. *ad.* with irreverence to sacred names or things
Profaneness, prô-fâne'nês. *s.* irreverence
Profess, prô-fês'. *v. n.* to declare openly
Professedly, prô-fês'sêd-lê. *ad.* according to open declaration
Profession, prô-fêsh'ûn. *s.* calling, declaration
Professional, prô-fêsh'ûn-âl. *a.* relating to a profession [teaches an art]
Professor, prô-fês'sûr. *s.* one who publicly
Professorship, prô-fês'sûr-shîp. *s.* the station or office of a publick teacher
Proffer, prôffûr. *v. a.* to propose
Proffer, prôffûr. *s.* offer made
Proficiency, prô-fîsh'ên sê. *s.* advancement in any thing, improvement gained
Proficient, prô-fîsh'ênt. *s.* one who has made advancement in any study or business
Profile, prô-fêl'. *s.* the side-face
Profit, prôf'îl. *s.* gain, advantage
Profit, prôf'îl. *v. a.* to benefit, to advantage
Profitable, prôf'îl-â-bl. *a.* gainful, advantageous [ness, advantageousness]
Profitableness, prôf'îl-â-bl-nês. *s.* gainfulness
Profitless, prôf'îl-lês. *a.* void of gain or advantage [virtue and decency]
Profligate, prôfîlê-gât. *a.* abandoned, lost to
Profligate, prôfîlê-gât. *s.* an abandoned, shameless, wretch [of being profligate]
Profligateness, prôfîlê-gât-nês. *s.* the quality
Profluence, prôfîlû-ênse. *s.* progress, course
Profluent, prôfîlû-ênt. *a.* flowing forward
Profound, prô-fôund'. *a.* deep; submissive
learned
Profoundness, prô-fôund'nês. } *s.* depth of
Profundity, prô-fôund'ê-tê. } place or knowledge
Profuse, prô-fûsê'. *a.* lavish, prodigal
Profuseness, prô-fûsê'nês. *s.* prodigality
Profusion, prô-fûziûn. *s.* lavishness
Prog., prôg. *s.* vitueta, p. o. v. ion
Progenitor, prô-jên'î-tûr. *s.* a forefather, an ancestor
Progeny, prôd'jê-nê. *s.* offspring, race [all]
Prognosticate, prôg-nôs'tê-kâte. *v. a.* to fore-
Prognostication, prôg-nôs'tê-kâ'shûn. *s.* a foretoken [ment; a circuit]
Progress, prôg'grês. *s.* course: advance-
Progression, prô-grêsh'ûn. *s.* process, regular and gradual advance
Progressive, prô-grês-siv. *a.* going forward
Progressively, prô-grês-siv-lê. *ad.* by regular course [dict]
Prohibit, prô-hîb'îl. *v. a.* to forbid, to inter-
Prohibition, prô-hê-bîsh'ûn. *s.* forbiddance, interdict
Prohibitory, prô-hîb'îlê-tûr-ê. *a.* forbidding
Project, prô-jêkt'. *v. a.* to throw out, to cast forward; a scheme
Project, prôd'jêkt. *s.* scheme, contrivance
Projectile, prô-jêk'tîl. *s.* a body put in motion
Projectile, prô-jêk'tîl. *a.* impelled forward
Projection, prô-jêk'shûn. *s.* the act of shooting forward; plan, delineation; scheme
Projector, prô-jêk'tûr. *s.* one who forms schemes or designs
Prolate, prô-lâte'. *v. a.* to pronounce
Prolation, prô-lâ'shûn. *s.* utterance
Prolifick, prô-lîflk. *a.* fruitful, generative
Prolix, prô-llks'. *a.* long, tedious
Prolixity, prô-llks'ê-tê. *s.* tediousness [dicesh]
Prolixly, prô-llks'lê. *ad.* at great length, to
Prolocutor, prô-lô-kû'tûr. *s.* the speaker of a convocation
Prologue, prôl'ôg. *s.* introduction to a play
Prolong, prô-lông'. *v. a.* to lengthen out
Prolongation, prô-lông-gâ'shûn. *s.* delay to a longer time
Prominent, prôm'înê-nênt. *a.* standing out beyond the other parts, protuberant
Prominence, prôm'înê-nênsê. } protube-
Promineney, prôm'înê-nên-sê } rance

odr, nôt—tûbe, tâb, bûll—ôll—pôund—thin, THIS.

- Promiscuous**, prô-mîs'kû-ûs. *a.* mingled, confused
 [benefit to be conferred]
- Promise**, prôm'mîz. *s.* declaration of some
Promise, prôm'mîz. *v. n.* to assure one by a promise
- Promiser** prôm'mîz-ûr. *s.* one who promises
- Promissory**, prôm'mîs-sûr-ê. *a.* containing profession of some benefit to be conferred
- Promissorially**, prôm'mîs-sûr-ê-lê. *ad.* by way of promise
- Promontory**, prôm'mân-tûr-ê. *s.* a headland, a cape, high land jutting into the sea
- Promote**, prô-môte'. *v. a.* to forward, to advance; to elevate, to exalt, to prefer
- Promoter**, prô-môte'ûr. *s.* advancer, forwarder, encourager
- Promotion**; prô-mô'shûn. *s.* advancement, encouragement, exaltation to some new honour or rank, preferment
- Prompt**, prômt. *a.* quick, ready; petulant; ready without hesitation, wanting no new motive; ready, told down
- Prompt**, prômt. *v. a.* to assist by private instruction, to help at a loss; to incite, to instigate; to remind, to act as a prompter
- Prompter**, prôm'tûr. *s.* one who helps a public speaker, by suggesting the word to him when he falters; an admonisher, a reminder [quickness]
- Promptitude**, prôm'tê-tûde. *s.* readiness
- Promptly**, prôm'tê. *ad.* readily, quickly, expeditiously [ness, alacrity]
- Promptness**, prôm'tnês. *s.* readiness, quickness
- Promulgate**, prô-mûl'gâte. *v. a.* to publish, to make known by open declaration
- Promulgation**, prôm-ûl-gâ'shûn. *s.* publication, open exhibition [open teacher]
- Promulgator**, prôm-ûl-gâ'tûr. *s.* publisher
- Promulge**, prô-mûl'je'. *v. a.* to promulgate, to publish, to teach openly [mulgator]
- Promulger**, prô-mûl'jûr. *s.* publisher, promoter
- Prone**, prône. *a.* bending downward; lying with the face downwards; precipitous, headlong; sloping; inclined, disposed
- Proneness**, prône'nês. *s.* the state of bending downwards; the state of lying with the face downwards; descent, declivity; inclination, disposition to ill
- Prong**, prông. *s.* a fork [ture of a pronoun]
- Pronominal**, prô-nôm'ê-nâl. *a.* having the na-
- Pronoun**, prô'nôm. *s.* a word used instead of a noun or name
- Pronounce**, prô-nôunse'. *v. a.* to speak, to utter; to utter solemnly, to utter confidently; to form or articulate by the organs of speech; to utter rhetorically
- Pronounce**, prô-nôunse'. *v. n.* to speak with confidence or authority [nounced]
- Pronouncer**, prô-nôun'sûr. *s.* one who pronounces
- Pronunciation**, prô-nân-shê-â'shûn. *s.* act or mode of utterance
- Proof**, prôdf. *s.* evidence, test, trial, experiment; firm temper; rough sheet of print
- Proof**, prôdf. *a.* impenetrable
- Proofless**, prôdf'lês. *a.* unproved
- Prop**, prôp. *v. a.* to sustain, to support
- Prop**, prôp. *s.* a support, a stay [generate]
- Propagate**, prôp'â-gâte. *v. a.* to propagate; to propagate
- Propagation**, prôp'â-gâ'shûn. *s.* continuance or diffusion by generation or successive production
- Propel**, prô-pêl'. *v. a.* to drive forward
- Propense**, prô-pênse'. *a.* inclined, disposed
- Proper**, prôp'pûr. *a.* peculiar; fit
- Properly**, prôp'pûr-lê. *ad.* fitly, suitably
- Property**, prôp'pûr-tê. *s.* quality; possession
- Prophecy**, prôf'fê-sê. *s.* a prediction
- Prophecy**, prôf'fê-sl. *v. a.* to predict
- Prophet**, prôf'fêt. *s.* one who tells future events
- Prophethess**, prôf'fêt-tês. *s.* a woman that foretells future events
- Prophetic**, prô-fêt'tik. } *a.* foretelling
- Prophetic**, prô-fêt'tê-kâl. }
 future events
- Propinquity**, prô-plng'kwê-tê. *s.* nearness
- Propitiate**, prô-plsh'ê-âte. *v. a.* to conciliate
- Propitiation**, prô-plsh'ê-â'shûn. *s.* the act of making propitious; an atonement
- Propitiatory**, prô-plsh'ê-â-tûr-ê. *a.* having the power to make propitious
- Propitious**, prô-plsh'ûs. *a.* favourable, kind
- Propitiousness**, prô-plsh'ûs-nês. *s.* favourable-ness, kindness
- Proplasm**, prô-plâzm. *s.* mould, matrix
- Proponent**, prô-pô'nent. *s.* one that makes a proposal
- Proportion**, prô-pôr'shûn. *s.* comparative relation of one thing to another, ratio
- Proportion**, prô-pôr'shûn. *v. a.* to adjust by comparative relation

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne. An— nô, môve,

Proportionable, prò-pòr'shùn-â-bl. <i>a.</i> adjusted by comparative relation	Prosperity, pròs-pêr'è-tè. <i>s.</i> success, good fortune
Proportional, prò-pòr'shùn-âl. <i>a.</i> having a settled comparative relation	Prosperous, pròs-pûr'ûs. <i>a.</i> successful, fortunate
Proportionate, prò-pòr'shùn-ât. <i>a.</i> adjusted to something else according to a certain rate	Prospicience, prò-splsh'è-êuse. <i>s.</i> the act of looking forward
Proposal, prò-pò'zâl. <i>s.</i> scheme propounded	Prostitute, pròs'tè-tûte. <i>v. a.</i> to expose to prostitution
Propose, prò-pòze'. <i>v. a.</i> to offer to the consideration	Prostitute, pròs'tè-tûte. <i>a.</i> sold to infamy or wickedness
Proposition, pròp-ò-zîs'n'ûn. <i>s.</i> a sentence in which any thing is affirmed or decreed ; proposal	Prostitution, pròs-tè-tû'shùn. <i>s.</i> the state of being set to sale for vile purposes
Propound, prò-pòund'. <i>v. a.</i> to offer to consider	Prostrate, pròs'trât. <i>a.</i> lying at length
Proprietor, prò-prî'é-tûr. <i>s.</i> a possessor in his own right	Prostrate, pròs'trâte. <i>v. a.</i> to throw down ; to fall down in adoration
Propriety, prò-prî'é-tè. <i>s.</i> exclusive right ; justice	Prostration, pròs-trâ'shùn. <i>s.</i> the act of falling down in adoration
Propugn, prò-pûne'. <i>v. a.</i> to defend, to vindicate	Protect, prò-tèkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to defend [from evil]
Propulsion, prò-pûl'shùn. <i>s.</i> the act of driving forward	Protection, prò-tèk'shùn. <i>s.</i> a defence, shelter
Proterogation, pròr-rò-gâ'shùn. <i>s.</i> prolongation ; interruption of the session of parliament by regal authority	Protector, prò-tèk'tûr. <i>s.</i> a defender
Protrugue, prò-ròg'. <i>v. a.</i> to protract ; to put off	Protectorate, prò-tèk'tò-râte. <i>s.</i> government by a protector
Prosaick, prò-zâ'ik. <i>a.</i> resembling prose	Protend, prò-tènd'. <i>v. a.</i> to hold out
Proscribe, pro-skrîbe'. <i>v. a.</i> to censure capitally	Protest, prò-tèst'. <i>v. n.</i> to give a solemn declaration of opinion or resolution
Proscription, prò-skrîp'shùn. <i>s.</i> doom to death	Protest, prò-tèst'. <i>v. a.</i> to note the non payment of a bill of exchange
Prose, pròze. <i>s.</i> language not restrained to harmonick sounds or set number of syllables	Protest, prò-tèst', or pròt'èst. <i>s.</i> a solemn declaration of opinion against something
Prosecute, pròs'sè-kûte. <i>v. a.</i> to pursue, to endeavour to carry on ; suit against a man in a criminal cause	Protestant, pròt'èst-tânt. <i>a.</i> belonging to protestants
Prosecution, pròs-sè-kû'shùn. <i>s.</i> pursuit, endeavour to carry on ; suit against a man in a criminal cause	Protestant, pròt'èst-tânt. <i>s.</i> one who protests against the church of Rome
Prosecutor, pròs'sè-kû-tûr. <i>s.</i> a pursuer of any person	Protestantism, pròt'èst-tân-tîzm. <i>s.</i> the protestant religion
Proselyte, pròs'sè-lîte. <i>s.</i> a convert	Protestation, pròt'èst-tâ'shùn. <i>s.</i> a solemn declaration
Prosemination, prò-sêm-mè-nâ'shùn. <i>s.</i> propagation by seed	Prothonotary, prò-thòu'nò-târ-è. <i>s.</i> the head register
Prosodian, prò-sò-dè-ân. <i>s.</i> one skilled in music	Protomartyr, prò-tò-mâr'tûr. <i>s.</i> the first martyr
Prosody, pròs-sò-dè. <i>s.</i> the part of grammar which teaches the sound and quantity of syllables, and the measures of verse	Prototype, prò-tò-tîpe. <i>s.</i> the original of a copy
Prosopopœia, pròs-sò-pò-pé'yâ. <i>s.</i> personification, figure by which things are made persons	Protract, prò-trâkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to draw out, to delay
Prospect, pròs'pèkt. <i>s.</i> a view	Protraction, prò-trâk'shùn. <i>s.</i> the act of drawing to length
Prospective, prò-spèk'tîv. <i>a.</i> viewing at a distance	Protractive, prò-trâk'tîv. <i>a.</i> dilatory, delaying
Prosper, pròs'pâr. <i>v. a.</i> to favour, to thrive	Protrude, prò-trûde'. <i>v. a.</i> to thrust forward
Prosper, pròs'pâr. <i>v. n.</i> to be successful ; to	Protrusion, prò-trûs'shùn. <i>s.</i> the act of thrusting forward
	Protuberance, prò-tû-bêr-ânse. <i>s.</i> something swelling above the rest
	Protuberant, prò-tû-bêr-ant. <i>a.</i> swelling, prominent

Proud, prôûd. <i>a.</i> elated; haughty; salacious	Prudently, prôûd'ènt-lè. <i>ad.</i> discreetly
Proudly, prôûd'lè. <i>ad.</i> arrogantly	Prudery, prôûd'èr-è. <i>s.</i> overmuch nicety in conduct
Prove, prôûv. <i>v. a.</i> to evince; to try	Prudish, prôûd'ish. <i>a.</i> affectedly grave
Provender, pr'vènd-dâr. <i>s.</i> dry food for brutes, hay and corn	Prune, prôûn. <i>v. a.</i> to lop, to divest trees of their superfluities
Proverb, prôv'èrb. <i>s.</i> a common saying, an proverbial, prôv'èr'b-âl. <i>a.</i> mentioned in a	Prune, prôûn. <i>s.</i> a dried plum
Provide, prôv'ide. <i>v. a.</i> to procure [proverb	Prunello, prôû-nè'l'ô. <i>s.</i> a kind of stuff [desire
Providence, prôv'è-dènsè. <i>s.</i> foresight; the care of God over created beings; frugality	Prurience, prôû'rè-ènsè. <i>s.</i> an itching or great
Provident, prôv'è-dènt. <i>a.</i> forecasting, cautious	Prurient, prôû'rè-ènt. <i>a.</i> itching
Providential, prôv'è-dèn'shâl. <i>a.</i> effected by providence	Pry, prl. <i>v. n.</i> to peep narrowly
Providently, prôv'è-dènt-lè. <i>ad.</i> with foresight, with wise precaution	Psalm, sâ'm. <i>s.</i> a holy song
Provider, prôv'idûr. <i>s.</i> he who provides or	Psalmist, sâl'mist. <i>s.</i> a writer of holy songs
Province, prôv'insè. <i>s.</i> a country governed by a delegate	Psalmody, sâl'mô-dè. <i>s.</i> the act of singing holy songs
Provincial, prôv'în'shâl. <i>a.</i> relating to a provincial, prôv'în'shâl. <i>s.</i> a spiritual governor	Psalter, sâw'l'tûr. <i>s.</i> a psalm book
Provinciate, prôv'în'shè-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to turn to	Psaltary, sâw'l'tûr-è. <i>s.</i> a kind of harp beaten with sticks
Provision, prôv'izh'ûn. <i>s.</i> the act of providing beforehand; measures taken; victuals	Pshaw, shâv. <i>int.</i> an expression of contempt
Provisional, prôv'izh'ûn-âl. <i>a.</i> temporarily established	Ptisan, tiz-zân. <i>s.</i> a medical drink
Proviso, prôv'izô. <i>s.</i> stipulation	Puberty, pû'bèr-tè. <i>s.</i> the time of life in which the two sexes begin first to be acquainted
Provocation, prôv'ô-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> cause of anger	Pubescence, nû-bè'ssènsè. <i>s.</i> the state of arriving at puberty
Provocative, prôv'ô-kâ-tiv. <i>s.</i> any thing which revives a decayed appetite	Publican, pûb'lè-kân. <i>s.</i> a man that keeps a house of general entertainment; a toll gatherer
Provoke, prôv'ôke. <i>v. a.</i> to rouse; to incense	Publication, pûb-lè-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of publishing
Provokingly, prôv'ôking-lè. <i>ad.</i> in such a manner as to raise anger	Publick, pûb'lik. <i>a.</i> belonging to a state or nation; open, notorious
Provost, prôv'ûst. <i>s.</i> the chief of any body; as, The provost of a college	Publick, pûb'lik. <i>s.</i> the general body of a nation
Frow, prôû, or prô. <i>s.</i> the head or forepart of	Publickly, pûb'lik-lè. <i>ad.</i> openly
Frowess, prôû'ès, or prô'ls. <i>s.</i> bravery, valour, military gellantry	Publish, pûb'lish. <i>v. a.</i> to make known
Frowl, prôûl. <i>v. a.</i> to wander for prey	Publisher, pûb'lish-ûr. <i>s.</i> one who makes publick; one who puts out a book into the world
Proximate, prôks'è-mât. <i>a.</i> next, near	Pucelage, pû'sèl-âdje. <i>s.</i> a state of virginity
Proximity, prôks'im'è-tè. <i>s.</i> nearness	Pucker, pûk'kûr. <i>v. a.</i> to gather into wrinkles to contract into folds
Proxy, prôks'è. <i>s.</i> the substitution of another	Pudder, pûd'dûr. <i>s.</i> a tumult
Prude, prôûd. <i>s.</i> a woman over-nice and scrupulous	Pudder, pûd'dûr. <i>v. a.</i> to perplex, to disturb
Prudence, prôûdènsè. <i>s.</i> wisdom applied to	Pudding, pûd'dîng. <i>s.</i> a kind of food variously compounded
Prudent, prôûdènt. <i>a.</i> practically wise	Puddle, pûd'dl. <i>s.</i> a small muddy lake, a dirt
Prudential, prôû-dèn'shâl. <i>a.</i> eligible on principles of prudence	Pudicity, pû-dis-sè-tè. <i>s.</i> modesty, chastity
Prudentials, prôû-dèn'shâls. <i>s.</i> maxims of	Puerile, pû'è-riil. <i>a.</i> childish, boyish
	Puerility, pû'è-riil'è-tè. <i>s.</i> childishness
	Puff, pûf. <i>s.</i> a small blast of wind; a fungus, any thing light and porous; something to sprinkle powder on the hair

Fate, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pîac, pîn—nò, mòve,

- Puff**, pûf. *v. a.* to swell as with wind ; to blow up with praise
- Puffy**, pûf'fê. *a.* windy, flatulent ; turgid
- Pug**, pûg. *s.* a kind name of a monkey
- Pugnacious**, pûg-nâ'shûs. *a.* inclinable to fight, quarrelsome
- Pugnacity**, pûg-nâ'sê-tê. *s.* quarrelsomeness, inclination to fight
- Peisne**, pû'nê. *a.* young, younger [force]
- Puissance**, pû'is-sânse. *s.* power, strength,
- Puissant**, pû'is-sânt. *a.* powerful
- Puke**, pûke. *s.* a vomit
- Puke**, pûke. *v. n.* to vomit
- Pulchritude**, pûl'krê-tûde. *s.* beauty
- Pule**, pûle. *v. n.* to cry like a chicken
- Pull**, pûl. *v. a.* to draw forcibly
- Pull**, pûl. *s.* the act of pulling
- Pullet**, pûl'lit. *s.* a young hen [cord]
- Pulley**, pûl'lê. *s.* a small wheel for a running
- Pulmonary**, pûl'mò-nâr-ê. *a.* belonging to the
- Pulp**, pûlp. *s.* the soft part of fruit [lungs]
- Pulpit**, fûl'plit. *s.* a place raised on high, where a speaker stands ; the higher desk in a
- Pulpous**, pûlp'ûs. *a.* soft [church]
- Pulsation**, pûl-sâ'shûn. *s.* the act of beating with quick strokes against any thing opposing
- Pulse**, pûlse. *s.* the motion of any artery as the blood is driven through it [der]
- Pulverise**, pûl'vêr-ize. *v. a.* to reduce to powder
- Pulvil**, pûl'vil. *s.* sweet scents [in powder]
- Pulvil**, pûl'vil. *v. a.* to sprinkle with perfumes
- Punice**, pû'mis. *s.* a cinder of some fossil
- Pump**, pûmp. *s.* an engine by which water is drawn up from wells ; a kind of shoe
- Pump**, pûmp. *v. n.* to work a pump
- Pump**, pûmp. *v. a.* to examine artfully
- Pua**, pûa. *s.* an equivocation, a quibble
- Pun**, pûn. *v. n.* to quibble
- Punch**, pûnsh. *v. a.* to bore or perforate by driving a sharp instrument
- Punch**, pûnsh. *s.* a pointed instrument ; a liquor ; the harlequin of a puppet-show
- Puncheon**, pûnsh'ûn. *s.* a measure of liquids
- Punctilio**, pûngk-tîl'yò. *s.* nicety of behaviour
- Punctilious**, pûngk-tîl'yûs. *a.* nice, exact
- Puncto**, pûngk'tò. *s.* the point in fencing
- Punctual**, pûngk'tshû-âl. *a.* exact, nice
- Punctuality**, pûngk'tshû-âl-ê-tê. *s.* nicety
- Punctually**, pûngk'tshû-âl-ê. *ad.* nicely, exactly
- Punctuation**, pûngk-tshû-â'shûn. *s.* the act or method of pointing [a sharp point]
- Puncture**, pûngk'tshûre. *s.* a hole made with
- Pungency**, pûn'jên-sê. *s.* power of pricking ; acrimoniousness
- Pungent**, pûn'jênt. *a.* pricking ; acrimonious
- Puniness**, pû'nê-nês. *s.* smallness
- Punish**, pûn'nîsh. *v. a.* to chastise
- Punishment**, pûn'nîsh-mênt. *s.* an infliction imposed in vengeance of a crime
- Punition**, pû-nîsh'ûn. *s.* punishment
- Punk**, pûngk. *s.* a common prostitute
- Punster**, pûn'stûr. *s.* a quibbler, a low wit
- Puuy**, pû'nê. *a.* young ; inferior, petty
- Pup**, pûp. *v. n.* to bring forth whelps [lar]
- Pupil**, pû'pl. *s.* the apple of the eye ; a scholar
- Pupilage**, pû'pl-âdje. *s.* state of being a scholar, wardship, minority [or ward]
- Pupillary**, pû'pl-âr-ê. *a.* pertaining to a pupil
- Puppet**, pûp'it. *s.* a small image moved by men in a mock drama
- Puppetshow**, pûp'plt-shò. *s.* a mock drama performed by images [fellow]
- Puppy**, pûp'pê. *s.* a whelp ; an impertinent
- Purblind**, pûr'blînd. *a.* near-sighted
- Purchase**, pûr'tshâs. *v. a.* to buy for a price ; to obtain at any expense
- Purchase**, pûr'tshâs. *s.* any thing bought or obtained for a price
- Purchaser**, pûr'tshâs-ûr. *s.* a buyer
- Pure**, pûre. *a.* not sullied ; clear ; chaste
- Purely**, pûrê'lê. *ad.* in a pure manner
- Purgation**, pûr-gâ'shûn. *s.* the act of cleansing
- Purgative**, pûr-gâ'tiv. *a.* cathartick
- Purge**, pûrdje. *v. a.* to cleanse, to clear
- Purge**, pûrdj. *s.* a cathartick medicine
- Purification**, pû-rê-fê-kâ'shûn. *s.* the act of making pure [er to make pure]
- Purificatory**, pû-rîf'fê-kâ-tûr-ê. *a.* having power
- Purifier**, pû-rê-fi-âr. *s.* cleanser, refiner
- Purify**, pû-rê-fi. *v. a.* to make pure
- Puritan**, pû-rê-tân. *s.* a sectary [ritans]
- Puritanical**, pû-rê-tân'nê-kâl. *a.* relating to purity
- Purity**, pû-rê-tê. *s.* cleanness ; chastity
- Purl**, pûrl. *s.* a kind of lace ; a medicated malt liquor [the noise]
- Purl**, pûrl. *v. n.* to murmur, to flow with a gen
- Purlieu**, pûr'lû. *s.* border, enclosure [theft]
- Purloin**, pûr-lòln'. *v. a.* to steal, to take by
- Purple**, pûr'pl. *a.* red tintured with blue

nôr, nô-t—tûbe, tâb, hâll—ôll—pôund—twin, THIS.

- Purples, pûr'plz. *s.* spots of livid red, which break out in malignant fevers
- Purplish, pûr'pl-ish. *a.* somewhat purple
- Purport, pûr'pôrt. *s.* design, tendency
- Purport, pûr'pôrt. *v. n.* to intend, to show
- Purpose, pûr'pûs. *s.* intention, design
- Purpose, pûr'pûs. *v. n.* to intend
- Purpose-y, pûr'pûs-ê. *ad.* by design
- Purr, pûr. *v. n.* to murmur as a cat
- Purse, pûrse. *s.* a small bag for money
- Purse, pûrse. *v. a.* to contract as a purse
- Purseproud, pûrse'prôud. *a.* puffed up with money
- Purser, pûr'sâr. *s.* the paymaster of a ship
- Pursiness, pûr'sê-nês. *s.* shortness of breath
- Pursuable, pûr-sû'â-bl. *a.* what may be pursued
- Pursuance, pûr-sû'ânse. *s.* process [ed
- Pursuant, pûr-sû'ânt. *a.* done in consequence or prosecution of any thing [to imitate
- Pursue, pûr-sû'. *v. a.* to chase; to prosecute;
- Pursuit, pûr-sû-tê'. *s.* the act of following
- Pursuivant, pûr'swê-vânt. *s.* an attendant on the heralds
- Pursy, pûr'sê. *v. a.* short breasted and fat
- Purtenance, pûr'tên-ânse. *s.* the pluck of an animal [and matter
- Purulence, pûr'û-lênse. *s.* generation of pus
- Purulent, pûr'û-lênt. *a.* consisting of pus
- Purvey, pûr-vâ. *v. n.* to buy in provisions
- Purveyance, pûr-vâ'ânse. *s.* procurement of victuals
- Purveyor, pûr-vâ'ûr. *s.* a procure
- Pus, pûs. *s.* the matter of a well-digested sore
- Push, pûsh. *v. a.* to thrust; to urge [trial
- Push, pûsh. *s.* thrust; an impulse; assault;
- Pushing, pûsh'ing. *a.* enterprising [ice
- Pusillanimity, pû-sîl-lân-lû-mê-tê. *s.* coward-
- Pusillanimous, pû-sîl-lân-lû-mê-mûs. *a.* cowardly
- Puss, pûs. *s.* a cat; a hare
- Pustule, pûs'tshûle. *s.* a pimple
- Pustulous, pûs'tshû-lûs. *a.* pimpley
- Put, pût. *v. a.* to lay; to place: to cause
- Put, pût. *s.* a rustic, a clown
- Putid, pût'id. *a.* mean, low
- Putrefaction, pû-trê-fâk'shûn. *s.* the state of growing rotten
- Putrefactive, pû-trê-fâk'tiv. *a.* making rotten
- Putrefy, pû-trê-fl. *v. a.* to make rotten, to corrupt [ting
- Putrescence, pû-trê-sênse. *s.* the state of rot-
- Putrescent, pû-trê-sênt. *a.* growing rotten
- Putrid, pût'rid. *a.* rotten, corrupt
- Putty, pût'tê. *s.* a kind of powder on which glass is ground; cement used by glaziers
- Puzzle, pûz'zl. *v. a.* to perplex, to embarrass
- Puzzle, pûz'zi. *s.* embarrassment, perplexity
- Pygmean, pig-mê'an. *a.* belonging to a pigmy
- Pygmy, pig'mê. *s.* a dwarf
- Pyramid, pir'âm'id. *s.* a solid figure, whose base is a polygon, and whose sides are plane triangles, their several points meeting in one
- Pyramidal, pê-râm'ê-dâl. } *a.* having
- Pyramidal, pir-â-nid'ê-kâl. } the form of a pyramid
- Pyre, plre. *s.* a pile to be burnt
- Pyrites, pê-rî'têz. *s.* firestone
- Pyromancy, pir'ô-mân-sê. *s.* divination by fire
- Pyrotechnicks, pir-ô-têk'nîks. *s.* the art of fireworks [versal doubt
- Pyrrhonism, pir'rô-nîzm. } scepticism, uni
- Pythagorean, pê-thâg-ô-rê-n. *a.* founded on the opinion of Pythagoras

Q.

- QUACK, kwâk. *v. n.* to cry like a duck
- Quack, kwâk. *s.* a boastful pretender to arts which he does not understand; a vain boastful pretender to physick
- Quackery, kwâk'kûr-ê. *s.* mean or bad acts in physick [longing to Lent
- Quadragesimal, kwôd-râ-jês'sê-mâl. *a.* be-
- Quadrangle, kwôd'râng-gl. *s.* a surface with four right angles [having four right angles
- Quadrangular, kwâ-drân-gû-lâr. *a.* square,
- Quadrant, kwâd'rânt. *s.* an instrument with which latitudes are taken [part of a circle
- Quadrantal, kwâ-drân-tâl. *a.* in the fourth
- Quadrat, kwâ-drâte. *s.* a square
- Quadrat, kwâ-drâte. *s.* a square [square
- Quadratick, kwâ-diât'ik. *a.* belonging to a
- Quadrennial, kwâ-drên-nê-âl. *a.* happening once in four years
- Quadrable, kwôd'rê-bl. *a.* that may be squared
- Quadrille, kâ-drîl'. *s.* a game at cards
- Quadripartite, kwâ-drîp'pâr-tite. *a.* divided into four parts [goes on four legs
- Quadruped, kwâd'rô-pêd. *s.* an animal that

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nò, mòve,

- Quadruple**, kwôd'drù pl. *a.* fourfold
Quadruplication, kwôd'drù-plé-ká'shûn. *s.* taking a thing four times
Quere, kwé'ré. *s.* inquire, seek [draughts
Quaff, kwáf. *v. a.* to drink, to swallow in large
Quagmire, kwág'mire. *s.* a shaking marsh
Quail, kwále. *s.* a bird of game [sec'ed
Quaint, kwánt. *a.* minutely exact; neat; af-
Quaintly, kwánt'lé. *ad.* nicely, exactly; art-
 fully [gance
Quaintness, kwánt'nés. *s.* nicety, petty ele-
Quake, kwáke. *v. n.* to shake with cold or fear
Quaker, kwá'kúr. *s.* a religious sectary
Qualification, kwól-lé-té-ká'shûn. *s.* accom-
 plishment; abatement
Qualify, kwól'lé-fl. *v. a.* to fit for any thing;
 to accomplish; to abate; to regulate
Quality, kwól'lé-té. *s.* nature relatively con-
 sidered; property; rank
Qualm, kwám. *s.* a sudden fit of sickness
Qualmish, kwám'ish. *a.* seized with sickly
 languor
Quarary, kwón-dâ-ré. *s.* a doubt, a difficulty
Quantity, kwón'té-té. *s.* bulk or weight; pro-
 portion; the measure of time in pronoun-
 cing a syllable
Quantum, kwón'tûm. *s.* the quantity
Quarantine, kwôr-rân-téén'. *s.* forty days,
 being the time which a ship suspected of
 infection is obliged to forbear intercourse
 or commerce
Quarrel, kwôr'rîl. *s.* a brawl, a scuffle [ble
Quarrel, kwôr'rîl. *v. n.* to debate, to squab-
Quarrelsome, kwôr'rîl-sûm. *a.* inclined to
 brawls, choleric [erickness, peevance
Quarrelsome, kwôr'rîl-sûm-nés. *s.* chol-
Quarre, kwôr'ré. *s.* game flown at by a
 hawk; a stone mine [out-stones
Quarry, kwôr'ré. *v. n.* to pray upon, to dig
Quart, kwôrt. *s.* the fourth part of a gallon
Quartan, kwôr'tân. *s.* the fourth-day ague
Quartation, kwôr-tá'shûn. *s.* a chymical
 operation
Quarter, kwôr'tûr. *s.* a fourth part; the
 place where soldiers are lodged; mercy
 granted by a conqueror; a measure of
 eight bushels
Quarter, kwôr'tûr. *v. a.* to divide into four
 parts; to station soldiers; to bear as ap-
 pendage to the hereditary arms
Quarterage, kwôr'tûr-lîje. *s.* a quarterly al-
 lowance
Quarterday, kwôr'tûr-dâ. *s.* one of the four
 days in the year on which rent or interest
 is paid [per deck
Quarterdeck, kwôr'tûr-dék. *s.* the short up-
Quarterly, kwôr'tûr-lé. *a.* containing a fourth
 part
Quarterly, kwôr'tûr-lé. *ad.* once in a quarter
Quartermaster, kwôr'tûr-mâ-stûr. *s.* one who
 regulates the quarters of soldiers
Quatern, kwôr'tûrn. *s.* a gill, the fourth part
 of a pint [ience
Quaterstaff, kwôr'tûr-stáf. *s.* a staff of de-
Quarto, kwôr'tó. *s.* a book in which every
 sheet makes four leaves
Quash, kwôsh. *v. a.* to crush; to subdue
Quaternion, kwá-tér'né-ôn. } *s.* the number
Quaternity, kwá-tér'né-té. } *s.* four
Quatrain, kwá'trîn. *s.* a stanza of four lines
 rhyming alternately
Quaver, kwá'vûr. *v. n.* to shake the voice
Quay, ké. *s.* an artificial bank to the sea or
 river
Quean, kwéne. *s.* a worthless woman
Queasy, kwé'zé. *a.* fastidious, squeamish
Queen, kwéén. *s.* the wife of a king, a su-
 preme governess
Queer, kwéér. *a.* odd, strange
Queerly, kwéér'lé. *ad.* particularly, oddly
Queerness, kwéér'nés. *s.* oddness, particularity
Quell, kwêl. *v. a.* to crush, to subdue
Quench, kwê'nsh. *v. a.* to extinguish
Querent, kwé'rênt. *s.* the complainant
Querist, kwé'rîst. *s.* an inquirer
Querpo, kwêr'pò. *s.* a dress close to the body
 a waistcoat [ually complaining
Querulous, kwêr'rû-lûs. *a.* mourning hat-
Query, kwé'ré. *s.* a question
Query, kwé'ré. *v. a.* to ask questions
Quest, kwêst. *s.* act of seeking; an ex-pas-
 nelled jury [quiry
Question, kwê'stshûn. *s.* interrogatory; in-
Question, kwê'stshûn. *v. n.* to inquire
Question, kwê'stshûn. *v. a.* to doubt, to be
 uncertain of [disputable
Questionable, kwê'stshûn-â-bl. *a.* doubtful
Questionless, kwê'stshûn-lês. *ad.* certainly
 without doubt [or prosecution
Questman, kwê'st'm. *s.* a starter of lawsuits

nôr, nô-t—tûbe, tâb, bâll—ôll—pôund—thin, THIS.

Questuary, kwê's'tshû-â-rê. *a.* studious of profit
Quibble, kwî'b'bl. *v. n.* to pun
Quibble, kwî'b'bl. *s.* a low conceit, a pun
Quibbler, kwî'b'bl-âr. *s.* a punster
Quick, kwîk. *a.* living; swift
Quick, kwîk. *ad.* nimbly, speedily [hawthorn
Quick, kwîk. *s.* the living flesh; plants of
Quicken, kwîk'kn. *v. a.* to make alive; to hasten
Quicken, kwîk'kn. *v. n.* to become alive
Quicklime, kwîk'lîme. *s.* lime unquenched
Quickly, kwîk'lê. *ad.* nimbly, speedily
Quickness, kwîk'nês. *s.* speed; activity
Quicksand, kwîk'sând. *s.* moving sand
Quickset, kwîk'sêt. *s.* living plant set to grow
Quicksighted, kwîk-sî'têd. *a.* having a sharp
Quicksilver, kwîk'sîll-vûr. *s.* mercury [sight
Quiddity, kwîd'ê-te. *s.* essence; a cavil
Quiescence, kwî-ês'sênse. *s.* rest, repose
Quiescent, kwî-ês'sênt. *a.* resting
Quiet, kwî'êt. *a.* still, peaceable
Quiet, kwî'êt. *s.* rest, repose
Quiet, kwî'êt. *v. a.* to calm; to still
Quietly, kwî'êt-lê. *ad.* calmly; at rest
Quietness, kwî'êt-nês. *s.* coolness of temper;
 peace; stillness
Quietude, kwî'ê-tûde. *s.* rest, repose
Quill, kwîll. *s.* the strong feather of the wing,
 of which a pen is made; dart of a porcu-
Quilt, kwîlt. *s.* a cover of a bed [pine
Quilt, kwîlt. *v. a.* to stitch one cloth upon
 another with something soft between them
Quince, kwînse. *s.* a tree, the fruit
Quinquangular, kwîn-kwâng-gû-lâr. *a.* having
 five corners
Quinquennial, kwîn-kwên'nê-âl. *a.* lasting
 five years, happening once in five years
Quinsy, kwîn'zê. *s.* a tumid inflammation in
Quint, kwînt. *s.* a set of five [the throat
Quintain, kwîn'tîn. *s.* a post with a turning top
Quintessence, kwîn-tê'sênse. *s.* an extract
 from any thing, containing all its virtues
Quintuple, kwîn'tû-pl. *a.* fivefold
Quip, kwîp. *s.* a sharp jest, a taunt
Quire, kwîre. *s.* a body of singers; a bundle
 of paper consisting of twenty-four sheets
Quire, kwîre. *v. n.* to sing in concert
Quirister, kwîr'îs-tûr. *s.* a chorister
Quirk, kwêrk. *s.* subtilty, nicety
Quit, kwît. *v. a.* to discharge an obligation,
 to make even; to resign, to give up

Quite, kwîte. *ad.* completely, perfectly
Quirent, kwî'rênt. *s.* small rent reserved
Quittance, kwî'tânse. *s.* discharge
Quiver, kwîv'vûr. *s.* a case for arrows
Quiver, kwîv'vûr. *v. n.* to quake, to shiver
Quodlibet, kwôd'lê-bêt. *s.* a nice point, a subt
 ily
Quoit, kwôlt. *s.* something thrown to a great
 distance to a certain point [ly
Quondam, kwôn'dâm. *a.* having been former
Quorum, kwô'rûm. *s.* a bench of justices,
 such a number of any officers as is suffi-
 cient to do business
Quota, kwô'tâ. *s.* a share, a proportion
Quotation, kwô-tâ'shûn. *s.* citation; passage
 quoted
Quote, kwôte. *v. a.* to cite an author
Quoth; kwôth *verb imp.* say or said
Quotidian, kwô-tîd'jê-ân. *a.* daily
Quotient, kwô'shênt. *s.* the number produced
 by division

R.

RABBET, râb'bît. *s.* a joint made by par-
 ing two pieces so that they wrap over
 one another
Rabbi, râb'bê. } *s.* a doctor among the Jews
Rabbin, râb'bîn. }
Rabbinical, râb-bîn-ê-kâl. *a.* belonging to the
Rabbit, râb'bît. *s.* a furry animal [Rabbin
Rabble, râb'bl. *s.* a tumultuous crowd
Rabid, râb bîd. *a.* fierce, furious
Race, râse. *s.* a family; generation; a par-
 ticular breed; contest in running; course
Racehorse, râse'hôrse. *s.* a horse bred to run
 for prizes [in speed
Racer, râse'ûr. *s.* runner, one that contends
Raciness, râ'sê-nês. *s.* the quality of being
 racy
Rack, râk. *s.* an engine of torture; torture,
 a wooden grate in which hay is placed for
 cattle [draw off from the tree
Rack, râk. *v. a.* to torment; to stretch. to
Rack-rent, râk'rênt. *s.* rent raised to the ut-
 termost
Racket, râk'kît. *s.* a clattering noise; the in-
 strument with which players strike the
 ball
Racy, râ'sê. *a.* strong, flavoured

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pline, plu—no, nôve,

Radiance, rá'dé-ânse. } s. sparkling lustre	Rally, rá'í'le. v. a. to put disordered forces in to order; to treat with satirical merriment
Radiancy, rá'dé-ân-sê. }	Ram, rám. s. a male sheep; an instrument to batter walls
Radiant, rá'dé-ânt. a. shining, brightly spark-	Ram, rám. v. a. to drive with violence
Radiate, rá'dé-áte. v. n. to emit rays [ling]	Ramble, rá'm'bl. v. n. to rove loosely and regularly
Radiation, rá-dé-à'shûn. s. beamy lustre, emission of rays	Ramble, rá'm'bl. s. irregular excursion
Radical, rád'dé-kál. a. primitive, original	Rambler, rá'm'l-ûr. s. rover, wanderer
Radically, rád'dé-kál-lé. ad. originally [deeply]	Ramification, rá-m-fé-ká'shûn. s. division or separation into branches, the act of branching out [branches]
Radicate, rád'dé-káte. v. a. to root, to plant	Ramify, rá'm'fí. v. a. to separate into
Radish, rád'dîsh. s. a well known root [circle]	Rammer, rá'm'mûr. s. an instrument with which any thing is driven hard
Radius, rá'dé-ûs. s. the semi-diameter of a	Ramous, rá'mûs. a. branchy [climb as a plant]
Raffle, rá'fl. v. n. to cast dice for a prize	Ramp, rámp. v. n. to leap with violence; to
Raft, ráft. s. a float made by laying pieces of timber cross each other [house]	Ramp, rámp. s. leap, spring [ing restraint]
Rafter, ráftûr. s. the secondary timbers of a	Rampant, rámp'ânt. a. exuberant, overgrown
Rag, rág. s. a piece of cloth torn from the rest, a tatter; worn out clothes [fellow]	Rampart, rámp'árt. } s. the wall round forti-
Ragamuffin, rág-â-nûf'fín. s. a paltry man	Râmpire, rámp'îre. } s. fortified places
Rage, rádje. s. violent anger, vehement fury	Ran, rán. pret. of run
Rage, rádje. v. n. to be in a fury, to be heated with excessive anger [in tatters]	Rancid, rá'n'sld. a. strong-scented
Ragged, rág'g'd. a. rent into tatters; dressed	Rancidness, rá'n'sld-nês. } s. strong scent
Ragingly, rá'jng-lé. ad. with vehement fury	Rancidity, rá'n'sld'é-té. }
Ragman, rág'mân. s. one who deals in rags	Rancorous, ráng'kûr-ûs. a. malignant
Ragout, rá-gôû. s. meat stewed and highly seasoned [two upright posts]	Rancour, ráng'kûr. s. inveterable malignity
Rail, rále. s. a cross beam fixed in the ends of	Random, rán'dûm. s. want of direction
Rail, rále. v. a. to enclose with rails	Random, rán'dûm. a. done by chance
Rail, rále. v. n. to use insolent and reproachful language, [ful language]	Rang, ráng. pret. of ring [over]
Railing, rá'flng. s. a series of rails; reproach-	Range, ránje. v. a. to place in order; to rove
Raillery, rá'lîer-é. s. slight satire	Range, ránje. s. a rank; a class; excursion, room for excursion
Raiment, rá'mént. s. vesture, dress	Ranger, rá'n'jûr. s. a rover; an officer who tends the game of a forest
Rain, ráne. v. n. to fall in drops from the clouds; to fall as rain [the clouds]	Rank, rángk. a. high growing, luxuriant strong-scented; gross, coarse
Rain, ráne. s. the moisture that falls from	Rank, rángk. s. line of men placed abreast; a row; class
Rainbow, ráne bô. s. the iris, the semicircle of various colours which appears in show-	Rank, rángk. v. a. to place abreast; to range in any particular class
Rainy, rá'ie'é. a. showery, wet [ery weather]	Rankle, rángk'kl. v. n. to fester
Raise, ráze. v. a. to lift; to erect; to exalt; to advance; to excite	Rankly, rángk'lé. ad. coarsely, grossly
Raisin, ré'zn. s. a dried grape	Rankness, rángk'nês. s. exuberance, superfluity of growth [narrowly]
Rake, ráke. s. an instrument with teeth; a loose, disorderly fellow	Ransack, rán'sák. v. n. to plunder; to search
Rake, ráke. v. a. to gather with a rake; to search with eager and vehement diligence; to fire on a ship in the direction of head and stern	Ransom, rán'sâm. s. price paid for liberty
Rakish ráke'îsh. a. loose, dissolute	Ransom, rán'sâm. v. a. to redeem
	Kant, ránt. v. a. to rave in violent or wildly sounding language

Rant, rânt. *s.* high-sounding language
 Rantôle, rânt'é-pô'le. *a.* wild, rakish [bicw
 Rap, râp. *v. n.* to strike with a quick smart
 rap, râp. *s.* a quick smart blow
 Rapacious, râ-pâ'shûs. *a.* giver to plunder,
 seizing by violence
 Rapacity, râ-pâ's'sé-té. *s.* addictedness to
 plunder, exercise of plunder
 Rape, râpe. *s.* violent defloration of chastity ;
 something snatched away ; a plant
 Rapid, râp'ld. *a.* quick, swift
 Rapidity, râ-pid'é-té. *s.* velocity, swiftness
 Rapidly, râ-pid'é. *ad.* swiftly [in thrusting
 Rapier, râ-pé'êr. *s.* a small sword used only
 Rapine, râp'ln. *s.* violence, force
 Rapture, râp'tshûre. *s.* ecstasy, transport
 Rapturous, râp'tshûr-ûs. *a.* ecstatick, trans-
 porting
 Rare, râre. *a.* scarce, uncommon ; subtle
 Rarefaction, râ-ré-fâk'shûn. *s.* extension of
 the parts of a body
 Rarefy, râ-ré-fi. *v. a.* to make thin
 Rarefy, râ-ré-fi. *v. n.* to become thin
 Rarely, râre'lé. *ad.* seldom ; finely
 Rareness, râre'nês. } *s.* uncommonness
 Rarity, râ-ré-té. }
 Rascal, râs'kâl. *s.* a mean fellow, a scoundrel
 Rascalion, râs-kâl'yûn. *s.* one of the lowest peo-
 Rascally, râs'kâl'é. *a.* mean, worthless [ple
 Rase, râze. *v. a.* to skim, to strike on the sur-
 face ; to destroy
 Rash, râsh. *a.* hasty, precipitate
 Rash, râsh. *s.* a creaking out
 Rasher, râsh'ûr. *s.* a thin slice of bacon
 Rashly, râsh'lé. *ad.* hastily, violently [ger
 Rashness, râsh'nês. *s.* foolish contempt of dan
 Rasp, râsp. *s.* a berry ; a rough file
 Rasp, râsp. *v. a.* to rub to powder
 Raspberry, râs'bêr'é. *s.* a kind of berry
 Rasure, râzhûre. *s.* the act of scraping ; a
 mark in a writing where something has
 been rubbed out
 Rat, râ. *s.* an animal of the mouse kind
 Ratable, râ-tâ-bl. *a.* set at a certain value
 Ratafa, râ-tâ-té'â. *s.* a fine liquor, prepared
 from the kernels of apricots and spirits
 Ratan, râ-tân'. *s.* an indian cane
 Rate, râte. *s.* price fixed ; degree ; quantity
 assignable, tax imposed by the parish
 Rate, râte. *v. a.* to value ; to chide hastily

Rath, râth. *a.* early, coming before the time
 Rather, râ-n'ûr. *ad.* more willingly ; prefer-
 ably [fruit kernels
 Ratifa, râ-té-féé. *s.* a liquor flavoured with
 Ratification, râ-té-fé-kâ'shûn. *s.* confirmation
 Ratify, râ'tô-fl. *v. a.* to confirm, to settle
 Ratio, râ'shê-ô. *s.* proportion [to argue
 Ratiocinate, râsh-é-ô's'é-nâte. *v. a.* to reason,
 Ratiocination, râsh-é-ô's'é-nâ'shûn. *s.* the act
 of reasoning [wise
 Rational, râsh'ûn-âl. *a.* agreeable to reason ;
 Rationality, râsh-é-ô-nâl'é-té. *s.* the power of
 reasoning
 Rationally, râsh'ûn-âl'é. *ad.* reasonably
 Ra'sbane, râts'bâne. *s.* arsenick
 Rattle, râ'tl. *v. n.* to make a quick sharp
 noise ; to speak eagerly and noisily
 Rattle, râ'tl. *s.* a quick noise mumbly repeat-
 ed ; empty and loud talk ; an instrument
 which agitated makes a clattering noise
 Rattlesnake, râ'tl-snâke. *s.* a kind of serpent
 Ravage, râv'vldje. *v. a.* to lay waste
 Ravage, râv'vldje. *s.* spoil, ruin, waste
 Ravager, râv'vldje-ûr. *s.* plunderer, spoiler
 Rave, râve. *v. n.* to be delicious ; to burst out
 into furious exclamations
 Ravel, râv'vl. *v. a.* to entangle [tiou
 Ravelin, râv'vln. *s.* a half moon in fortifica-
 Raven, râ'vn. *s.* a large black fowl
 Raven, râ'vn. *v. a.* to devour with great ea-
 gerness and rapacity
 Ravenous, râv'vn-ûs. *a.* voracious
 Ravenousness, râv'vn-ûs-nês. *s.* rage for prey
 furious voracity
 Ravin, râv'ln. *s.* prey ; rapine
 Ravish, râv'ish. *v. a.* to constuprate by force
 to take away by violence ; to delight
 Ravisher, râv'ish-ûr. *s.* one who takes any
 thing by violence [port, rapture
 Ravishment, râv'ish-mênt. *s.* violation ; trans-
 Raw, râw. *a.* not subdued by the fire ; not
 covered with the skin ; bleak, chill
 Rawboned, râw'bônd. *a.* having bones scarcely
 covered with flesh [skilfulness
 Rawness, râw'nês. *s.* state of being raw ; un-
 Ray, râ. *s.* a beam of light ; a fish
 Raze, râze. *s.* a root of ginger
 Raze, râze. *v. a.* to overthrow ; to efface
 Razor, râ'zû. *s.* a knife used in shaving
 Razure, râ'zhûre. *s.* act of erasing

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât—mê, mêt—plnc, plu—nô, nôve,

Reaccess, rê-âk-sês'. <i>s.</i> visit renewed	Reasonably, rê-zn-â-blê. <i>ad.</i> agreeably to reason; moderately [guer]
Reach, rêsh. <i>v. a.</i> to touch with the hand extended; to arrive at; to extend	Reasoner, rê-zn-ûr. <i>s.</i> one who reasons, an arguer
Reach, rêsh. <i>s.</i> act of reaching or bringing by extension of the hand; power; contrivance, artful scheme	Reasoning, rê-zn-îng. <i>s.</i> argument
React, rê-âkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to return the impression	Reassemble, rê-âs-sêm'bl. <i>v. a.</i> to collect anew
Reaction, rê-âk'shûn. <i>s.</i> the reciprocation of any impulse or force impressed	Reassume, rê-âs-sûme'. <i>v. a.</i> to resume to take again
Read, rêed. <i>v. a. pret. read; part. pass read.</i> to peruse; to discover	Reassure, rê-â-shûrê'. <i>v. a.</i> to free from fear
Read, rêd. <i>part. a.</i> skilful by reading	Reave, rêve. <i>v. a.</i> to take away by stealth
Redeption, rê-âd-êp'shûn. <i>s.</i> recovering, act of regaining	Rebaptize, rê-bâp-tîze'. <i>v. a.</i> to baptize again
Reader, rêed'ûr. <i>s.</i> one who reads	Rebate, rê-bâte'. <i>v. a.</i> to blunt
Ready, rêd'dê-lê. <i>ad.</i> expeditely, with little hindrance of delay [titude; facility]	Rebeck, rê'bêk. <i>s.</i> a three-stringed fiddle
Readiness, rêd'dê-nês. <i>s.</i> expediteness, promptitude	Rebel, rêb'âl. <i>s.</i> one who opposes lawful authority [lawful authority]
Reading, rêed'îng. <i>s.</i> study, perusal of books; a lecture	Rebel, rê-bêl'. <i>v. n.</i> to rise in opposition against
Readmission, rê-âd-mîsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> the act of admitting again	Rebellion, rê-bêl'jûn. <i>s.</i> insurrection against lawful authority [authority]
Readmit, rê-âd-mîl'. <i>v. a.</i> to let in again	Rebellious, rê-bêl'jûs. <i>a.</i> opponent to lawful
Ready, rêd'dê. <i>a.</i> prompt; prepared; willing; near; opportune [firmation]	Rebellow, rê-bêl'lô. <i>v. n.</i> to echo back a loud noise
Reaffirmance, rê-âf-fêr'mânse. <i>s.</i> second affirmance	Rebound, rê-bôund'. <i>v. n.</i> to spring back
Real, rê-âl. <i>a.</i> true, genuine	Rebound, rê-bôund'. <i>s.</i> resiliation
Reality, rê-âl-ê-tê. <i>s.</i> truth, what is [act]	Rebut, rê-bûf'. <i>s.</i> repercussion, quick and sudden resistance
Realize, rê-âl-lze. <i>v. a.</i> to bring into being or	Rebuff, rê-bûf'. <i>v. a.</i> to beat back
Really, rê-âl-ê. <i>ad.</i> with actual existence	Rebuild, rê-bîld'. <i>v. a.</i> to re-edify
Realm, rêlm. <i>s.</i> a kingdom [truly]	Rebuke, rê-bûke'. <i>v. a.</i> to chide [pression]
Ream, rême. <i>s.</i> a bundle of paper containing twenty quires [like]	Rebuke, rê-bûke'. <i>s.</i> reprehension, chiding ex-
Reanimate, rê-ân-nê-mâte. <i>v. a.</i> to restore to	Rebus, rê'bûs. <i>s.</i> a kind of riddle
Reannex, rê-ân-nêks'. <i>v. a.</i> to annex again	Recall, rê-kâll'. <i>v. a.</i> to call back, to revoke
Reap, rêpe. <i>v. a.</i> to cut corn; to gather, to obtain [vest]	Recall, rê-kâll'. <i>s.</i> revocation
Reaper, rêpûr. <i>s.</i> one that cuts corn at harvest	Recant, rê-kânt'. <i>v. a.</i> to retract, to recall
Rear, rêre. <i>s.</i> the hinder troop; the last class	Recantation, rê-kân-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> retraction
Rear, rêre. <i>a.</i> half roasted, half sodden	Recapitulate, rê-kâ-plî-tshû-lâte. <i>v. a.</i> to repeat again distinctly
Rear, rêre. <i>v. a.</i> to raise up; to educate; to rear	Recapitulation, rê-kâ-plî-tshû-lâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> distinct repetition of the principal points
Rearward, rêre'wârd. <i>s.</i> the last troop; the latter part	Recede, rê-sêed'. <i>v. n.</i> to fall back; to desert
Reascend, rê-âs-sênd'. <i>v. n.</i> to climb again	Receipt, rê-sête'. <i>s.</i> the act of receiving; a note by which money is acknowledged to have been received; prescription of ingredients [received]
Reason, rê-zn. <i>s.</i> cause, principle; argument, motive [debate]	Receivable, rê-sêvâ-bl. <i>a.</i> capable of being received
Reason, rê-zn. <i>v. n.</i> to argue rationally; to reason	Receive, rê-sêve'. <i>v. a.</i> to take; to admit
Reasonable, rê-zn-â-bl. <i>a.</i> having the faculty of reason; agreeable to reason	Receiver, rê-sêvûr. <i>s.</i> one who receives; a vessel
	Recent, rê-sênt. <i>a.</i> new; late [vessel]
	Recently, rê-sênt-lê. <i>ad.</i> newly, freshly [ness]
	Recentness, rê-sênt-nês. <i>s.</i> newness, freshness
	Receptacle, rê-sêp-tâ-kl. <i>s.</i> a vessel or place into which any thing is received

nôr, nô-t—tûbe, tâb, báll—ôll—pôând—thin, rris.

- Reception, rê-sêp'hân. *s.* the act of receiving; the state of being received
- Receptive, rê-sêp'tiv. *a.* having the quality of admitting what is communicated
- Recess, rê-sês'. *s.* retirement, retreat; suspension of any procedure
- Recession, rê-sêsh'ân. *s.* the act of retreating
- Rechange, rê-tshânje'. *v. a.* to change again
- Recharge, rê-tshârtje'. *v. a.* to accuse in return; attack anew
- Recipe, rê-sê-pê. *s.* a medical prescription
- Recipient, rê-sîp'pê-êut. *s.* a receiver [tual
- Reciprocal, rê-sîp'prô-kâl. *a.* alternate; mutual
- Reciprocate, rê-sîp'prô-kâte. *v. n.* to act interchangeably, to alternate [terchanged
- Reciprocation, rê-sîp'prô-kâ'shûn. *s.* action in reciprocity
- Reciprocity, rê-s-ê-prô-ê-tê. *s.* mutual return
- Recision, rê-sîzh'ûn. *s.* the act of cutting off
- Recital, rê-sî'tâl. } repetition, re-
 Recitation, rê-sê-tâ'tshûn. } hearsal
- Recitative, rê-sê-tâ-têév'. }
 Recitativo, rê-sê-tâ-têév'ò. } *s.* a kind of
 tuneful pronunciation; chant
- Recite, rê-sî'tê'. *v. a.* to rehearse
- Reckless, rêk'lês. *a.* careless, heedless
- Reckon, rêk'kn. *v. a.* to number, to esteem
- Reckoner, rêk'kn-ûr. *s.* one who computes
- Reckoning, rêk'kn-îng. *s.* computation, calculation; money charged by a host
- Reclaim, rê-klâ'mê'. *v. a.* to reform; to tame
- Recline, rê-klî'nê'. *v. a.* to lean back or side
- Re-close, rê-klôze'. *v. a.* to close again [wise
- Recluse, rê-klûdê'. *v. a.* to open
- Recluse, rê-klûsê'. *s.* shut up, or retired
- Recluse, rê-klûsê'. *s.* a person shut up or retired [coagulation
- Recoagulation, rê-kô-âg-gû-lâ'shûn. *s.* second
- Recognisance, rê-kôg'nê-zânse. *s.* a bond of record; a badge [ledge; to review
- Recognise, rêk'kôg-nîze. *v. a.* to acknowledge
- Recognisee, rê-kôg-nê-zêé'. *s.* he in whose favour the bond is drawn [the recognisance
- Recognisor, rê-kôg-nê-zôr'. *s.* he who gives
- Recognition, rêk'kôg-nîsh'ûn. *s.* review; acknowledgment
- Recoil, rê-kôll'. *v. n.* to rush back in consequence of resistance; to shrink
- Recoinage, rê-kôin'îdje. *s.* the act of coining anew [memory
- Recollect, rêk'kôll'êkt'. *v. s.* to recover to
- Recollection, rêk'kôll'êkt'shûn. *s.* recovery of notion, revival in the memory [anew
- Recommence, rê-kôm-mênse'. *v. a.* to begin
- Recommend, rêk'kôm-mênd'. *v. a.* to praise to another; to make acceptable; to commit with prayers
- Recommendation, rêk'kôm-mên-dâ'shûn. *s.* that which secures, to one a kind reception from another
- Recommendatory, rêk'kôm-mên-dâ-tûr-ê. *a.* that which recommends to another
- Recommit, rê-kôm-nî't'. *v. a.* to commit anew
- Recompense, rêk'kôm-pênse. *v. a.* to repay, to requite [compensation
- Recompense, rêk'kôm-pênse. *s.* equivalent
- Recompilement, rê-kôm-pîl'mênt. *s.* new compilement
- Recompose, rê-kôm-pôze'. *v. a.* to settle or quiet anew; to form or adjust anew
- Reconcile, rêk'kôn-sîle. *v. a.* to compose differences; to make any thing consistent
- Reconcilable, rêk'kôn-sî-lâ-bl. *a.* capable of renewed kindness; possible to be made consistent [iation
- Reconciliation, rêk'kôn-sîl'mênt. *s.* reconciliation
- Reconciliation, rêk'kôn-sîl-ê-â'shûn. *s.* renewal of friendship
- Recondite, rêk'kôn-dîte. *a.* secret, abstruse
- Reconduct, rê-kôn-dûkt'. *v. a.* to conduct again [gain
- Reconquer, rê-kông'kûr. *v. a.* to conquer anew
- Reconvene, rê-kôn-vêné'. *v. a.* to assemble anew [brate
- Record, rê-kôrd'. *v. a.* to register; to celebrate
- Record, rêk'ôrd. *s.* register, authentick memorial
- Recorder, rê-kôrd'ûr. *s.* one whose business is to register any events; the keeper of the rol's in a city
- Recount, rê-kôûnt'. *v. a.* to relate in detail
- Recourse, rê-kôrsê'. *s.* application as for help or protection [ness; to regain
- Recover, rê-kûv'ûr. *v. a.* to restore from sickness
- Recoverable, rê-kûv'ûr-â-bl. *a.* possible to be restored
- Recovery, rê-kûv'ûr-ê. *s.* restoration from sickness; power or act of regaining
- Recreant, rêk'krê-ânt. *a.* cowardly, apostate
- Recreate, rêk'krê-âte. *v. a.* to refresh, to amuse

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—ôô, môve,

- Recreation**, rêk-kre-â-shûn. *s.* amusement; refreshment, diversion
Recrement, rêk'krè-miènt. *s.* dross, spume
Recremental, rêk-kre-mèn'tâl.
Recrementitious, rêk-kre-mèn-tîsh'ûs. } *a.*
 drossy, superfluous {accusation with another
Recriminate, rê-kri-mî-è-nâ-te. *v. n.* to return one
Recrimination, rê-kri-mî-è-nâ-shûn. *s.* return
 of one accusation with another
Recruit, rê-krôôt. *v. a.* to repair
Recruit, rê-krôôt. *n. n.* to raise new soldiers
Recruit, rê-krôôt. *s.* supply of any thing
 wasted; a new soldier
Rectangle, rêk'tâng-gl. *s.* a figure which has
 one angle or more of ninety degrees
Rectangular, rêk-tâng'gû-lâr. *a.* right-angled
Rectifiable, rêk-té-fl-â-bl. *a.* capable to be set
 right
Rectify, rêk-té-fl. *v. a.* to make right; to ex-
 alt and improve by repeated distillation
Rectilinear, rêk-té-lîn-è-âr. *a.* consisting of
 right lines
Rectitude, rêk-té-tûde. *s.* straightness, up-
 rightness, freedom from moral obliquity
Rector, rêk târ. *s.* ruler; parson of an unim-
 propriated parish
Rectorial, rêk-tô-ré-âl. *a.* belonging to a rector
Rectorship, rêk'târ-shîp. *s.* the rank or office
 of a rector
Rectory, rêk'târ-è. *s.* an unimpropriated pa-
Recubation, rêk-kû-bâ-shûn. *s.* the act of ly-
 ing or leaning [of leaning; repose
Recumbency, rê-kûm'bèn-sè. *s.* the posture
Recumbent, rê-kûm'bènt. *a.* lying, leaning
Recur, rê-kûr. *v. n.* to come back to the
 thought; to have recourse to
Recurrence, rê-kûr'rènsè. *s.* return
Recurrent, rê-kûr'rènt. *a.* returning from
 time to time
Recurvation, rê-kûr-vâ-shûn. } flexure back-
Recurvity, rê-kûr-vè-té. } *s.* wards
Recusant, rê-kû'sânt. *s.* a nonconformist
Recuse, rê-kûze. *v. n.* to refuse
Red, rêd. *a.* of the colour of blood
Redbreast, rêd brèst. *s.* a small bird
Redden, rêd'dn. *v. o.* to make red
Redden, rêd'dn. *v. n.* to grow red [ness
Reddishness, rêd'dîsh-nès. *s.* tendency to red-
Reddition, rêd-dîsh'ûn. *s.* restitution [rogative
Redditive, rêd-dô-tîv. *a.* answering an inter-

- Reddle**, rêd'dl. *s.* a sort of mineral
Redeem, rê-dèém'. *v. a.* to ransom, to rescue
Redeemable, rê-dèém'â-bl. *a.* capable of re-
 demption
Redeemer, rê dèém'ûr. *s.* one who ransoms
 or redeems; our Saviour [ing back
Redelivery, rê-dè-îlv'ûr-è. *s.* the act of deliver-
Redemption, rê-dèém'shûn. *s.* ransom, release
Redemptory, rê-dèém'tûr-è. *a.* paid for ransom
Redhot, rêd'hôt. *a.* heated to redness
Redlead, rêd-lèd'. *s.* minium
Redness, rêd'nès. *s.* the quality of being red
Redolence, rêd'ô-lènsè. } *s.* sweet scent
Redolency, rêd'ô-lèn-sè. }
Redolent, rêd'ô-lènt. *a.* sweet of scent
Redouble, rê-dûb'bl. *v. a.* to repeat often
Redouble, rê-dûb'bl. *v. n.* to become twice as
 much [action
Redoubt, rê-dôôt'. *s.* the outlook of a fortifi-
Redoubtable, rê dôôt'â-bl. *a.* formidable
Redoubted, rê-dôôt'èd. *c.* dreadful, awful
Redound, rê-dôûnd'. *v. n.* to be sent back by
 re-action
Redress, rê-drès'. *v. a.* to set right, to relieve
Redress, rê-drès'. *s.* reformation, relief, remedy
Reduce, rê-dûse'. *v. a.* to make less, to de-
 grade; to bring into a class
Reducement, rê-dûsè'mènt. *s.* the act of
 bringing back; subduing [ced
Reducible, rê-dûs'è-bl. *a.* possible to be redu-
Reduction, rê-dûk'shûn. *s.* the act of reducing
Reductive, rê-dûk'tîv. *a.* having the power of
 reducing
Redundance, rê-dûn'dânse. }
Redundancy, rê-dûn'dân-sè. } *s.* superfluity
Redundant, rê-dûn'dânt. *a.* exuberant
Reduplicate, rê-dû'piè-kâte. *v. a.* to double
Reduplication, rê-dû'piè-kâ-sî-shûn. *s.* the act
 of doubling
Reduplicative, rê-dû'piè-kâ-tîv. *a.* doubling
Re-echo, rê-èk'kô. *v. n.* to echo back
Reed, rêéd. *s.* a small pipe; an arrow
Re-edify, rê-èd'è-fl. *v. a.* to rebuild
Reedy, rêéd'è. *a.* abounding with reeds
Reek, rêék. *s.* smoke, steam
Reek, rêék. *v. n.* to smoke, to steam
Reel, rêél. *s.* a frame upon which yarn is wound
Reel, rêél. *v. a.* to gather yarn off the spindle
Reel, rêèl. *v. n.* to stagger [tire
Re-election, rê-è-èk'shûn. *s.* repeated elec-

nôr, nô-t—rûbe, tâb, bâll—ôll—pôund—thin, THIS.

- Re-enforcement, rê-ên-fôrse'mént. *s.* fresh assistance [a second time]
- Re-enjoy, rê-ên-jôé'. *v. a.* to enjoy anew, or
- Re-enter, rê-ên-târ. *v. a.* to enter again [new]
- Re-establish, rê-ê-stâb'blîsh. *v. a.* to establish a-
- Re-establishment, rê-ê-stâb'blîsh-mént. *s.* the act of re-establishing, the state of being re-established [new]
- Re-examine, rê-êgz-âm'în. *v. a.* to examine a-
- Refreshment, rê-fêk'shûn. *s.* refreshment after hunger or fatigue [ing room]
- Refectory, rê-fêk'târ-ê, or rê-fêk-târ-ê. *s.* eat-
- Refel, rê-fêl'. *v. a.* to refute
- Refer, rê-fêr'. *v. a.* to dismiss for information or judgment; to betake for decision
- Reference, rê-fêr-ênsé. *s.* relation, respect, allusion to; dismissal to another tribunal
- Refine, rê-flne'. *v. a.* to purify; to polish
- Refinement, rê-flne'mént. *s.* the act of purifying; improvement; affectation of ele-
- Refiner, rê-fl'nûr. *s.* a purifier [gance]
- Reit, rê-îl'. *v. a.* to reitair [throw reproach]
- Reflect, rê-flêk'. *v. a.* to throw back; to
- Reflection, rê-flêk'shûn. *s.* the act of throwing back; that which is reflected; attentive consideration; censure [past]
- Reflective, rê-flêk'tîv. *a.* considering things
- Reflector, rê-flêk'târ. *s.* considerer
- Reflex, rê-flêks. *a.* thrown backward
- Reflexibility, rê-flêks-ê-blî'ê-té. *s.* the quality of being reflexible [thrown back]
- Reflexible, rê-flêks-ê-bl. *a.* capable to be
- Reflexive, rê-flêks'îv. *a.* having respect to something past
- Reflourish, rê-flûr'îsh. *v. a.* to flourish anew
- Flow, rê-flô'. *v. n.* to flow back
- Refluent, rê-flû-ênt. *a.* running back
- Reflex, rê-flûks. *s.* backward course
- Reform, rê-fôrm'. *v. a.* to change from worse to better
- Reform, rê-fôrm'. *v. n.* to grow better
- Reformation, rê-fôrm-â'shûn. *s.* change from worse to better [change for the better]
- Reformer, rê-fôrm'ûr. *s.* one who makes a
- Refract, rê-frâkt'. *v. a.* to break the course of rays [ray of light]
- Refraction, rê-frâk'shûn. *s.* variation of a
- Refractive, rê-frâk'tîv. *a.* having the power of refraction [stiuacity]
- Refractoriness, rê-frâkt'târ-ê-nês. *s.* sullen ob-
- Refractory, rê-frâkt'târ-ê. *a.* obstinate, per-
- Refrain, rê-frâne'. *v. n.* to forbear [verse]
- Refrangibility, rê-frân-jê-blî'ê-ê. *s.* disposition of the rays of light to be turned out of their way, in passing out of one transparent body or medium into another
- Refrangible, rê-frân-jê-bl. *a.* turned out of course [after pain; to cool]
- Refresh, rê-frêsh'. *v. a.* to recreate, to relieve
- Refreshment, rê-frêsh'mént. *s.* relief after pain, want, or fatigue; food, rest
- Refrigerant, rê-frîd'jêr-ânt. *a.* cooling
- Refrigerate, rê-frîd'jêr-âte. *v. a.* to cool
- Refrigerative, rê-frîd'jêr-â-tîv. *a.* cooling
- Reit, rê-ît. *part. pret.* of reave. deprived, taken away
- Refuge, rê-fûdje. *s.* shelter; protection
- Refugee, rê-fû-jêé'. *s.* one who flies to shelter or protection [ness]
- Refulgence, rê-fûl'jênsé. *s.* splendour, bright-
- Refulgent, rê-fûl'jênt. *a.* bright, glittering
- Refund, rê-fûnd'. *v. a.* to repay what is re-
- Refusal, rê-fûzâl. *s.* denial [ceived, to restore]
- Refuse, rê-fûzé'. *v. a.* to deny; to reject
- Refuse, rê-fûsé. *s.* that which remains disregarded when the rest is taken
- Refuser, rê-fûzûr. *s.* he who refuses [ting]
- Refutation, rê-fû-tâ'shûn. *s.* the act of refu-
- Refute, rê-fûte'. *v. a.* to prove false or errone-
- Regain, rê-gâne'. *v. a.* to recover [ous]
- Regal, rê-gâl. *a.* royal, kingly
- Regale, rê-gâle'. *v. a.* to refresh
- Regalement, rê-gâle'mént. *s.* entertainment
- Regalia, rê-gâl'ê-â. *s.* ensigns of royalty
- Regality, rê-gâl'ê-té. *s.* royalty, sovereignty
- Regard, rê-gârd'. *v. a.* to value; to remark; to respect [tion]
- Regard, rê-gârd'. *s.* attention; respect; re-
- Regardful, rê-gârd'fûl. *a.* attentive
- Regardless, rê-gârd'lês. *a.* heedless
- Regardlessness, rê-gârd'lês-nês. *s.* heedlessness, negligence
- Regency, rê-jên-sé. *s.* vicarious government; those to whom vicarious regality is intrusted [new; to be born anew]
- Regenerate, rê-jên'êr-âte. *v. a.* to produce a-
- Regenerate, rê-jên'êr-â. *a.* reproduced: born anew by grace
- Regeneration, rê-jên-êr-â'shûn. *s.* new birth outh by grace

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nô, môte,

- Regent, rêj'ênt. *a.* exercising vicarious authority
 {with vicarious royalty
- Regent, rêj'ênt. *s.* governor; one invested
- Regeneration, rê-jêr-mê-nâ'shûn. *s.* the act of sprouting again
- Regicide, rêd'jê sîde. *s.* murderer of his king
- Regimen, rêd'jê-mên. *s.* that care in diet that is suitable to every particular course of medicine
 [under one colonel]
- Regiment, rêd'jê-mênt. *s.* a body of soldiers
- Regimental, rêd-jê-mên'tâl. *a.* belonging to a regiment; military
- Regimentals, rêd-jê-mên'tâls. *s.* the uniform military dress of a regiment
- Region, rêj'jân. *s.* tract of land, country
- Register, rê l'jîs-tûr. *s.* an account of any thing regularly kept
- Register, rêd'jîs-tûr. *v. a.* to record
- Regnant, rêg'nânt. *a.* reigning
 [back
- Regorge, rê-gôrgê'. *v. a.* to vomit up, to throw
- Regrate, rê-grâte'. *v. a.* to engross, to forestall
- Regreter, rê-grâte'ûr. *s.* forestaller, engrosser
- Regress, rêg'rê's. *s.* a passage back
- Regression, rê-grêsh'ûn. *s.* the act of returning or going back
- Regret, rê-grê't. *s.* vexation at something past
- Regret, rê-grê't. *v. a.* to repent, to grieve at
- Regular, rêg'û-lâr. *a.* agreeable to rule
- Regularity, rêg-û-lâr'é-tê. *s.* method, certain order
- Regulate, rêg'û-lâte. *v. a.* to adjust; to direct
- Regulation, rêg-û-lâ'shûn. *s.* method, rule
- Regulator, rêg'û-lâr-tûr. *s.* one that regulates
- Regurgitate, rê-gûr'jê-tâte. *v. a.* to pour back
- Rehearsal, rê-hêr'sâl. *s.* recital
- Rehearse, rê-hêr'sê'. *v. a.* to repeat, to recite
- Reject, rê-jêkt'. *v. a.* to refuse; to throw aside
- Rejection, rê-jêkt'shûn. *s.* the act of casting aside
 [thority] to prevail
- Reign, râne. *v. n.* to exercise sovereign authority
- Reign, râne. *s.* royal authority; time of a king's government
- Reimbody, rê-lm-bôd'ê. *v. a.* to imbody again
- Reimburse, rê-lm-bûr'sê'. *v. a.* to repay
- Reimbursement, rê-lm-bûr'sê'mênt. *s.* reparation or repayment
 [impression
- Reimpression, rê-lm-prêsh'ûn. *s.* a repeated
- Rein, râne. *s.* part of a bridle
 [restrain
- Rein, râne. *v. a.* to govern by a bridle; to
- Reins, rânz. *s.* the kidneys
- Reinspire, rê-ln-splrê'. *v. a.* to inspire anew
- Reinstate, rê-ln-stâ'tê'. *v. a.* to put again in possession
- Reinvest, rê-ln-vêst'. *v. a.* to invest anew
- Rejoice, rê-jôlse'. *v. n.* to be glad, to exult
- Rejoice, rê-jôlse'. *v. a.* to exhilarate
- Rejoin, rê-jôjn. *v. a.* to join again
- Rejoin, rê-jôjn'. *v. n.* to answer to a reply
- Rejoinder, rê-jôjn dâr. *s.* reply
 [and again
- Reiterate, rê-lt'êr-â'tê. *v. a.* to repeat again
- Reiteration, rê-lt-têr-â'shûn. *s.* repetition
- Rejudge, rê-jûdjê'. *v. a.* to re-examine
- Rekindle, rê-kln'di. *v. a.* to set on fire again
- Relapse, rê-lâp'sê'. *v. n.* to fall back into vice and error
 [once forsaken
- Relapse, rê-lâp'sê'. *s.* fall into vice or error
- Relate, rê-lâte'. *v. a.* to tell, to recite
- Relate, rê-lâte'. *v. n.* to have reference
- Relation, rê-lâ'shûn. *s.* reference; kindred; kinsman or kinswoman; narrative
- Relative, rêl'â-tîv. *a.* having relation, relative
- Relative, rêl'â-tîv. *s.* relation
 [specting
- Relatively, rêl'â-tîv-lê. *ad.* as it respects something else
- Relax, rê-lâks'. *v. a.* to slacken; to divert
- Relaxation, rêl-âx-â'shûn. *s.* diminution of tension; remission of attention or application
 [others
- Relay, rê-lâ'. *s.* horses on the road to relieve
- Release, rê-lê'sê'. *v. a.* to set free; to quit, to let go; to slacken
- Release, rê-lê'sê'. *s.* dismissal from confinement, servitude, or pain; remission of a claim; acquittance from debt signed by the creditor
- Relegate, rêl'ê-gâte. *v. a.* to banish
- Relegation, rêl-ê-gâ'shûn. *s.* exile, judicial banishment
- Relent, rê-lênt'. *v. n.* to soften
 [banishment
- Relentless, rê-lênt'lê's. *a.* un pitying
- Relevant, rêl'ê-vânt. *a.* relieving
 [fidence
- Reliance, rê-ll'ânse. *s.* trust, dependence, confidence
- Relick, rêl'îk. *s.* that which remains; the body deserted by the soul; that which is kept in memory of another
- Relict, rêl'îkt. *s.* a widow
- Relief, rê-lêêf'. *s.* the prominence of a figure in stone or metal; alleviation, mitigation; dismissal of a sentinel from his post; legal remedy of wrongs
 [succour
- Relieve, rê-lêêv'. *v. a.* to support, to assist, to

nôr, nô:—tâbe, tâb, bâll—ôll—pôund—thin, this.

- Relievo, ré-léév'ô. *s.* the prominence of a figure or picture [and worship]
- Religion, ré-ild'jûn. *s.* a system of divine faith
- Religionist, ré-ild'jûn-îst. *s.* a bigot to any religious persuasion
- Religious, ré-ild'jûs. *a.* pious
- Religiously, ré-ild'jûs-lé. *ad.* piously, reverently; exactly [quit]
- Relinquish, ré-îng'kwîsh. *v. a.* to forsake; to
- Relish, ré-lîsh. *s.* taste; liking [thing; to taste]
- Relish, ré-lîsh. *v. a.* to give a taste to any
- Relucant, ré-lû'sânt. *a.* shining, transparent
- Reluctance, ré-lûk'tânse. } *s.* unwillingness
- Reluctancy, ré-lûk'tân-sé. }
- Reluctant, ré-lûk'tânt. *a.* unwilling
- Relume, ré-lûmé'. } *v. a.* to light anew
- Relumine, ré-lû'nîn. }
- Rely, ré-ll'. *v. n.* to put trust in
- Remain, ré-mâné'. } *s.* what is left
- Remainder, ré-mâné'dûr. }
- Remain, ré-mâné'. *v. n.* to be left out of a greater quantity; to continue
- Reinand, ré-mând'. *v. a.* to send back
- Remanent, ré-mâ-nént. *s.* the part remaining
- Remark, ré-mârk'. *s.* observation, note
- Remark, ré-mârk'. *v. a.* to note, to observe
- Remarkable, ré-mârk'â-bl. *a.* observable, worthy of note
- Remarkably, ré-mârk'â-blé. *ad.* observably
- Remediable, ré-mé'dé-â-bl. *a.* capable of remedy [cureless]
- Remediless, ré-mé-dé-lés. *a.* irreparable
- Remedy, ré-mé-dé. *s.* a medicine by which any illness is cured; cure [mischief]
- Remedy, ré-mé-dé. *v. a.* to cure; to repair
- Remember, ré-mém'bûr. *v. a.* to bear in mind; to put in mind [tion; memorial]
- Remembrance, ré-mém'brânse. *s.* recollection
- Rememorancer, ré-mém'brân-sûr. *s.* one that reminds; an officer of the exchequer
- Remigrate, ré-m'é-grâte. *v. n.* to remove back
- Remind, ré-mînd'. *v. a.* to put in mind [again]
- Reminiscence, ré-mé-nîs'sé. *s.* recollection
- Remiss, ré-mîs'. *a.* slack; slothful [tion]
- Remission, ré-mîsh'ûn. *s.* abatement, relaxation [ly]
- Remissly, ré-mîs'lé. *ad.* carelessly, negligent
- Remissness, ré-mîs'sé. *s.* carelessness, negligence [send money to a distant place]
- Remit, ré-mît'. *v. a.* to relax; to forgive: to
- Remittance, ré-mît'tânse. *s.* sum sent to a distant place
- Remnant, ré-m'nânt. *s.* residue [presentation]
- Remonstrance, ré-môn'strânse. *s.* strong re-
- Remonstrate, ré-môn'strâte. *v. n.* to show re-
- Remorse, ré-mô'. *s.* pain of guilt [cruel]
- Remorseless, ré-môrs'lés. *a.* un pitying, cruel
- Remote, ré-môte'. *a.* distant [moté]
- Remoteness, ré-môte'nés. *s.* state of being re-
- Remount, ré-môûnt'. *v. n.* to mount again
- Removeable, ré-môdv'â-bl. *a.* such as may be removed
- Removal, ré-môdv'âl. *s.* dismission from a post; the state of being removed
- Remove, ré-môdv'. *v. n.* to change place; to go from one place to another
- Remove, ré-môdv'. *s.* change of place; departure; a step in the scale of gradation
- Remunerable, ré-mû'nér-â-bl. *a.* rewardable
- Remunerate, ré-mû'nér-âte. *v. a.* to reward, to requite [requital]
- Remuneration, ré-mû'nér-âshûn. *s.* reward
- Remunerative, ré-mû'nér-â-tîv. *a.* exercise in giving reward
- Remurmur, ré-mûr'mûr. *v. a.* to utter back murmurs, to repeat in low hoarse sounds
- Resascent, ré-nâs'sé. *a.* rising again into being [sition sudden combat]
- Rencounter, ré-n-kôû'tûr. *s.* personal oppo-
- Rencontre, ré-n-kôûn'tûr. *v. n.* to clash; to fight hand in hand
- Rend, rénd. *v. a. pret. and part. pass. rent.* to tear with violence, to lacerate
- Render, rén'dûr. *v. a.* to return, to pay back, to translate [of meeting]
- Rendezvous, rén-dé-vôdz'. *s.* assembly; place
- Rendezvous, rén-dé-vôdz'. *v. n.* to meet at a place appointed
- Renegade, ré-né-gâde. } *s.* an apostate
- Renedago, ré-né-gâ'dô. }
- Renew, ré-nû'. *v. a.* to restore to the former state; to make anew [newed]
- Renewable, ré-nû'â-bl. *a.* capable of being re-
- Renewal, ré-nû'âi. *s.* the act of renewing
- Rennet, rén nî. *s.* the ingredient with which milk is coagulated in order to make cheese
- Renounce, ré-nôûnse'. *v. a.* to disown [tion]
- Renouncement, ré-nôûnse'mént. *s.* renunciation
- Renovate, ré-nô-vâte. *v. i.* to renew
- Renovation, ré-nô-vâshûn. *s.* renewal

Fate, fâr, fâll, fât—mè, mêt—plue, p.ln—nò, mòve,

Renown, ré-nòun'. <i>s.</i> fame, celebrity [brated	Repletion, ré-plé'shôn. <i>s.</i> the state of being over full [replevined
Renowned, ré-nòund'. <i>part. a.</i> famous, celebrated	Repleviable, ré-plév'vè-â-bl. <i>a.</i> what may be replevined
Rent, rént. <i>v. a.</i> to tear, to lacerate	Replevin, ré-plév'vîn. } <i>v. a.</i> to take back or set at liberty any thing seized, upon security given
Rent, rént. <i>s.</i> money paid for any thing held of another; a laceration	Replication, rép-plé-kâ'shôn. <i>s.</i> : reply
Rental, rént'âl. <i>s.</i> schedule or account of rents	Reply, ré-plî'. <i>v. n.</i> to answer
Renter, rént'ûr. <i>s.</i> he that holds by paying rent [renouncing	Reply, ré-plî'. <i>s.</i> return to an answer
Renunciation, ré-nûn-shé-â'shôn. <i>s.</i> the act of renouncing	Rep'lish, ré-pèl'lîsh. <i>v. a.</i> to polish again
Reordain, ré-ôr-dâine'. <i>v. a.</i> to ordain again	Report, ré-pôr'. <i>v. a.</i> to give an account of
Reordination, ré-ôr-dè-nâ'shôn. <i>s.</i> repetition of ordination	Report, ré-pôr'. <i>s.</i> rumour; repute; sound
Repaid, ré-pâde'. <i>part. of repay</i> [of ordination	Repose, ré-pôze'. <i>v. a.</i> to lay to rest
Repair, ré-pâre'. <i>v. a.</i> to restore after injury or dilapidation	Repose, ré-pôze'. <i>v. n.</i> to sleep; to rest in
Repair, ré-pâre'. <i>s.</i> reparation, supply of loss	Repose, ré-pôze'. <i>s.</i> sleep, quiet [sincerce
Reparable, rép-pâr-â-bl. <i>a.</i> capable of being amended or retrieved [paring; amends	Reposit, ré-pôz'zît. <i>v. a.</i> to lodge as in a place of safety [any thing is safely laid up
Reparation, rép-pâ-râ'shôn. <i>s.</i> the act of reparation	Repository, ré-pôz'è-târ-è. <i>s.</i> a place where things are deposited
Repartee, rép-pâr-tèd'. <i>s.</i> smart reply	Repossess, ré-pôz-zè'. <i>v. a.</i> to possess again
Repass, ré-pâs'. <i>v. a.</i> to pass again	Repreheud, rép-pré-hènd'. <i>v. a.</i> to reprove, to chide [censurable
Repast, ré-pâst'. <i>s.</i> a meal; food.	Reprehensible, rép-pré-hèn'sè-bl. <i>a.</i> blameable
Repay, ré-pâ'. <i>v. a.</i> to requite	Reprehension, rép-pré-hèn'shôn. <i>s.</i> reproof, open blame [proof
Repeal, ré-pèle'. <i>v. a.</i> to recall; to revoke	Reprehensive, rép-pré-hèn'sîv. <i>a.</i> given in reproof
Repeal, ré-pèle'. <i>s.</i> revocation; abrogation	Represent, rép-pré-zènt'. <i>v. a.</i> to exhibit; to fill the place of another by a vicarious character [age, likeness
Repeat, ré-pète'. <i>v. a.</i> to speak again; to rehearse	Representation, rép-pré-zèn-tâ'shôn. <i>s.</i> imitating the likeness, or exercising the power, of another [or idea proposed
Repeat dly, ré-pè'tèd-lè. <i>ad.</i> over and over	Representation, rép-pré-zèn-tâ'shôn. <i>s.</i> imitating the likeness, or exercising the power, of another [or idea proposed
Repeater, ré-pè'tûr. <i>s.</i> one that repeats; a watch that strikes the hours at will by compression of a spring	Representment, rép-pré-zènt'mènt. <i>s.</i> image, representation
Repel, ré-pèl'. <i>v. a.</i> to drive back	Repress, ré-près'. <i>v. a.</i> to crush, to subdue
Repellent, ré-pèl'lènt. <i>s.</i> an application that has a repelling power [past with sorrow	Repression, ré-prèsh'ôn. <i>s.</i> act of repressing
Repent, ré-pènt'. <i>v. n.</i> to think on any thing	Repressive, ré-près'sîv. <i>a.</i> having power to repress [tence of death
Repentance, ré-pènt'ânsè. <i>s.</i> sorrow for sin	Reprieve, ré-préev'. <i>v. a.</i> to respite after sentence of death
Repentant, ré-pènt'ânt. <i>a.</i> sorrowful for sin	Reprieve, ré-préev'. <i>s.</i> respite after sentence of death
Repercuss, ré-pèr-kûs'. <i>v. a.</i> to beat back	Reprimand, rép-pré-mând'. <i>v. a.</i> to reprove
Repercussio, ré-pèr-kûsh'ôn. <i>s.</i> the act of driving back [bounding	Reprimand, rép-pré-mând'. <i>s.</i> reprehension
Repercussive, ré-pèr-kûs'sîv. <i>a.</i> repellent; rebounding	Reprint, ré-prînt'. <i>v. a.</i> to print a new edition
Repository, rép-pèr-tûr-è. <i>s.</i> a treasury	Reprisal, ré-prîz'âl. <i>s.</i> something seized by way of retaliation [braid
Repetition, rép-è-tîsh'ôn. <i>s.</i> iteration of the same thing	Reproach, ré-pròtsh'. <i>v. a.</i> to censure; to upbraid
Repine, ré-pîne'. <i>v. n.</i> to fret, to vex	Reproach, ré-pròtsh'. <i>s.</i> censure, shame
Replace, ré-plâse'. <i>v. a.</i> to put again in place	Reproachable, ré-ôr-dîsh'â-bl. <i>a.</i> worthy of reproach
Replant, ré-plânt'. <i>v. a.</i> to plant anew	
Replantation, ré-plân-tâ'shôn. <i>s.</i> the act of planting again	
Replenish, ré-plèn'nîsh. <i>v. a.</i> to stock, to fill	
Replete, ré-plète'. <i>a.</i> full, completely filled	

nôr, nôl -tâb, vâb, bâl—ôil—pôund—thîn, thîs.

- Reproachful**, rê-prô'tsh'fûl. *a.* scurrilous; in-
 [abandoned] famous, vile
Reprobate, rêp'prô-bâte. *a.* lost to virtue, a-
Reprobate, rêp'prô-bâte. *s.* a wretch aban-
 doned to wickedness
Reprobate, rêp'prô-bâte. *v. a.* to disallow, to
 reject
Reprobation, rêp-prô-bâ'shûn. *s.* a condem-
 natory sentence [gain
Reproduce, rê-prô-dûsê'. *v. a.* to produce a
Reproduction, rê-prô-dûk'shûn. *s.* the act of
 producing anew
Reproof, rê-prôôf'. *s.* blame to the face
Reproveable, rê-prôôv'â-bl. *a.* blameable
Reprove, rê-prôôv'. *v. a.* to blame; to chide
Reprune, rê-prôôv'. *v. a.* to prune a second
 time [on many feet
Reptile, rêpt'îl. *s.* an animal that creeps up-
Republican, rê-pûb'lê-kân. *a.* placing the
 government in the people
Republican, rê-pûb'lê-kân. *s.* one who thinks
 a commonwealth the best government
Republicanism, rê-pûb'lê-kâr'ân. *s.* attach-
 ment to a republican government
Revblick, rê-pûb'lik. *s.* commonwealth
Repudiate, rê-pû-dê-âte. *v. a.* to divorce
Repudiation, rê-pû-dê-â'shûn. *s.* divorce
Repugnance, rê-pûg'nânse. }
Repugnancy, rê-pûg'nân-sê. } *s.* inconsisten-
 cy; reluctance
Repugnant, rê-pûg'nânt. *a.* reluctant, contrary
Repullulate, rê-pûl'lû-lâte. *v. n.* to bud again
Repulse, rê-pûlse'. *s.* the condition of being
 driven off or put aside
Repulse, rê-pûlse'. *v. a.* to beat back
Repulsion, rê-pûl'shûn. *s.* the act or power of
 driving off from itself
Repulsive, rê-pûl'siv. *a.* driving off
Repurchase, rê-pûr'tshâs. *v. a.* to buy again
Reputable, rêp'pû-tâ-bl. *a.* honourable
Reputation, rêp-pû-tâ'shûn. *s.* credit, honour
Repute, rê-pûte'. *v. a.* to account
Repute, rê-pûte'. *s.* character, reputation
Request, rê-kwêst'. *s.* petition, entreaty, credit
Request, rê-kwêst'. *v. a.* to solicit
Requiem, rê'kwe-êm. *s.* a hymn in which
 they implore rest for the dead
Requite, rê'kwîre'. *v. a.* to demand
Requisite, rê'kwê-zî. *a.* necessary
Requisite, rê'kwê-zî. *s.* any thing necessary
Requisition, rêk-kwê-zîsh'ûn. *s.* a requiring
 or demanding of something
Requital, rê-kwî'tâl. *s.* retaliation [pense
Requite, rê'kwîte'. *v. a.* to retaliate. to recom-
Reward, rêrê'wârd. *s.* the rear or last troop
Resail, rê-sâle'. *v. a.* to sail back
Resale, rê-sâle'. *s.* sail at second hand
Rescind, rê-sînd'. *v. a.* to cut off; to abro-
 gate a law
Rescission, rê-sîzh'ûn. *s.* abrogation
Rescribe, rê-skrîbe'. *v. a.* to write back; to
 write over again
Rescript, rê'skrîpt. *s.* edict of an emperor
Rescue, rê'skû. *v. a.* to set free from any vio-
 lence, confinement or danger
Rescue, rê'skû. *s.* deliverance from violence,
 danger, or confinement
Research, rê-sêrtsh'. *s.* inquiry
Resemblance, rê-zêm'blânse. *s.* likeness
Resemble, rê-zêm'bl. *v. a.* to be like
Resent, rê-zênt'. *v. a.* to take ill
Resentful, rê-zênt'fûl. *a.* easily provoked to
 anger, and long retaining it [jury
Resentment, rê-zênt'mênt. *s.* deep sense of in-
Reservation, rêz-êr-vâ'shûn. *s.* reserve; some-
 thing kept back [tain
Reserve, rê-zêrv'. *v. a.* to keep in store; to re-
Reserve, rê-zêrv'. *s.* something kept for exi-
 gence; something concealed in the mind;
 exception; modesty, caution in personal
Reserved, rê-zêrvd'. *a.* modest [behaviour
Reservoir, rêz-êr-vwôr'. *s.* place where any
 thing is kept in store
Resettle, rê-sêtl'. *v. a.* to settle again
Resettlement, rê-sêtl'mênt. *s.* the act of set-
 tling again
Reside, rê-zîde'. *v. n.* to dwell; to subside
Residence, rêz-ê-dênsê. *s.* act of dwell-
 ing in a place; place of abode
Resident, rêz-ê-dênt. *a.* dwelling in any place
Resident, rêz-ê-dênt. *s.* an agent [sidence
Residential, rêz-ê-dênt'shêr-ê. *a.* holding
Residual, rê-zîd'jû-âl. }
Residuary, rê-zîd'jû-âr-ê. } *a.* relating to the
 residue
Residue, rêz-zê-dû. *s.* that which is left
Resign, rê-zîne'. *v. a.* to give up; to submit
Resignation, rêz-zîg-nâ'shûn. *s.* the act of re-
 signing; submission
Resignment, rê-zîne'mênt. *s.* act of resign-
 ing

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât--mê, mét--plue, pln--nô, mndve,

Resilience, rê-zîl'ê-ênse. <i>s.</i> the act of starting or leaping back	Response, rê-spônse'. <i>s.</i> an answer
Resilient, rê-zîl'ê-ênt. <i>a.</i> starting or springing	Responsibility, rê-spôn-sé-bl'l'ê-té. <i>s.</i> state of being obliged to answer
Resin, rê-zî'n. <i>s.</i> a well known clammy drug	Responsibie, rê-spôn'sé-bl. <i>s.</i> answerable
Resinous, rê-zî'n-ûs. <i>a.</i> containing resin	Responsion, rê-spôn'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of answering
Resist, rê-zîst'. <i>v. a.</i> to oppose	[those which remain]
Resistance, rê-zîst'ânse. <i>s.</i> the act of resisting	Rest, rêst. <i>s.</i> sleep, repose; quiet; others,
Resistible, rê-zîst'ê-bl. <i>a.</i> that may be resisted	Rest, rêst. <i>v. n.</i> to sleep; to die; to be still, to be supported
Resistless, rê-zîst'lês. <i>a.</i> irresistible	[out flow or motion]
Resoluble, rê-zô-lû-bl. <i>a.</i> that may be dissolved	Restagnant, rê-stâg'nânt. <i>a.</i> remaining with-
Resolute, rê-zô-lûte. <i>a.</i> determined	Restem, rê-stêm'. <i>v. a.</i> to force back against the current
Resolutely, rê-zô-lûte-lô. <i>ad.</i> steadily	Restiff, rêst'îf. <i>a.</i> unwilling to stir; stubborn
Resoluteness, rê-zô-lûte-nês. <i>s.</i> determinateness	Restitution, rês-tê-tû'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of restoring
Resolution, rê-zô-lû'shûn. <i>s.</i> fixed determination, settled thought; firmness; determination of a cause	Restless, rêst'lês. <i>a.</i> without sleep; unquiet
[zed or separated]	Restlessness, rêst'lês-nês. <i>s.</i> want of sleep; agitation
Resolvable, rê-zôlv'á-bl. <i>a.</i> that may be analyzed	[stored]
Resolve, rê-zôlv'. <i>v. a.</i> to inform; to solve; to settle in an opinion; to analyze	Restorable, rê-stô'râ-bl. <i>a.</i> what may be restored
Resolve, rê-zôlv'. <i>v. n.</i> to determine; to melt, to be dissolved	Restoration, rês-tô-râ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of replacing in a former state
Resolve, rê-zôlv'. <i>s.</i> resolution, fixed determination	Restorative, rê-stô'râ-tîv. <i>a.</i> that which has the power to recruit life
[power of causing solution]	Restore, rê-stôrê'. <i>v. a.</i> to give back what has been lost or taken away; to retrieve
Resolvent, rê-zôlv'ênt. <i>s.</i> that which has the power of causing solution	Restrain, rê-strâînê'. <i>v. a.</i> to withhold; to confine
Resonant, rê-zô-nânt. <i>a.</i> resounding	[erty]
Resort, rê-zôrt'. <i>v. n.</i> to have recourse to	Restraint, rê-strânt' <i>s.</i> abridgment of liberty
Resort, rê-zôrt'. <i>s.</i> assembly; concourse	Restrict, rê-strîkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to limit
Resound, rê-zôund'. <i>v. a.</i> to echo; to return sounds	Restriction, rê-strîkt'shûn. <i>s.</i> limitation
Resource, rê-sôrse'. <i>s.</i> resort, expedient	[con]
Respect, rê-spêkt'. <i>v. a.</i> to regard	Restrictive, rê-strîkt'tîv. <i>a.</i> expressing limitation
Respect, rê-spêkt'. <i>s.</i> regard, attention; reverence	Restricting, rê-strîkt'jênt. <i>s.</i> that which has the power of restraining
[respect or regard]	Resty, rêst'ê. <i>a.</i> obstinate in standing still
Respectable, rê-spêkt'tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> deserving of respect	Revert, rê-zêrt'. <i>v. n.</i> to fly back; to rise as a consequence
Respectful, rê-spêkt'fûl. <i>a.</i> ceremonious	[revolve]
Respectfully, rê-spêkt'fûl-ê. <i>ad.</i> with some degree of reverence	Result, rê-zêlt'. <i>s.</i> resilience; consequence
[tive, not absolute]	Resumable, rê-zûmâ-bl. <i>a.</i> that may be taken back
Respective, rê-spêkt'tîv. <i>a.</i> particular; relatively	[take again]
Respectively, rê-spêkt'tîv-lê. <i>ad.</i> particularly; relatively	Resume, rê-zûme'. <i>v. a.</i> to take back, to resume
[breathing]	Resumption, rê-zûm'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of resuming
Respiration, rês-pê-râ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of breathing	[the grave]
Respire, rê-spl're'. <i>v. n.</i> to breathe	Resurrection, rêz-ûr-rêk'shûn. <i>s.</i> return from the grave
Respite, rês'pl't. <i>s.</i> reprieve; pause	Resuscitate, rê-sûs'sé-tâte. <i>v. a.</i> to revive
Respite, rês'pl't. <i>v. a.</i> to relieve by a pause; to suspend	Resuscitation, rê-sûs-sé-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of stirring up anew
Resplendence, rê-splên'dênse. } <i>s.</i> lustre	Retail, rê-tâle'. <i>v. a.</i> to sell in small quantities
Resplendency, rê-splên'dên-sé. }	Retail, rê-tâle. <i>s.</i> sale by small quantities
Resplendent, rê-splên'dênt. <i>a.</i> bright	Retailer, rê-tâler' <i>s.</i> one who sells by small quantities
Respond, rê-spônd'. <i>v. n.</i> to answer	[a suit]
Respondent, rê-spônd'ênt. <i>s.</i> an answerer in law	

nôr, nôr—tâbe, tâb, bâll—ôll—pôând—thm, thm.

- Retain, rê-tâne'. *v. a.* to keep; to hire [dant
 Retainer, rê-tâ'nâr. *s.* an adherent, a depen-
 Retake, rê-tâke'. *v. a.* to take again
 Retaliate, rê-tâl'é-âte'. *v. a.* to repay, to re-
 quite [of like for like
 Retaliation, rê-tâl'é-â'shûn. *s.* requital, return
 Retard, rê-târd'. *v. a.* to hinder
 Retch, rê-tsh'. *v. n.* to force up something
 from ne stomach [memory; confinement
 Retention, rê-tên'shûn. *s.* the act of retaining;
 Retentive, rê-tên'tiv. *a.* having the power of
 retention [a small net
 Reticular, rê-îk'û-lâr. *a.* having the form of
 Retina, rê-té-nâ. *s.* the optick nerve which re-
 ceives the image of the object in vision
 Retinue, rê-té-nû. *s.* a train of attendants
 Retire, rê-tîre'. *v. n.* to retreat, to withdraw
 Retirement, rê-tîrémént. *s.* private abode
 Retold, rê-tôld'. *part. pass.* of *retell*, related
 or told again
 Retort, rê-tôrt'. *v. a.* to throw back; to re-
 turn any argument, censure, or incivility
 Retort, rê-tôrt'. *s.* a censure or incivility re-
 turned; a chymical vessel
 Retoss, rê-tôs'. *v. a.* to toss back [touches
 Retouch, rê-tûsh'. *v. a.* to improve by new
 Retrace, rê-trâse'. *v. a.* to trace back
 Retract, rê-trâkt'. *v. a.* to recall, to recant
 Retraction, rê-trâk'shûn. *s.* recantation
 Retreat, rê-tréte'. *s.* place of privacy
 Retreat, rê-tréte'. *v. n.* to retire
 Retrench, rê-trênsh'. *v. a.* to cut off
 Retrenchment, rê-trênsh'mént. *s.* the act of
 lopping away
 Retribute, rê-tîb'ûte'. *v. a.* to pay back
 Retribution, rê-tîb'û'shûn. *s.* repayment
 Retrievable, rê-tréev'â-bl. *a.* that may be re-
 trieved
 Retrieve, rê-tréev'. *v. a.* to recover
 Retrocession, rê-trô-sesh'ûn. *s.* the act of
 going back [contrary
 Retrograde, rê-t'rô-grâde. *a.* going backwards
 Retrogression, rê-trô-grêsh'ûn. *s.* the act of
 going backwards
 Retrospect, rê-t'rô-spêkt. *s.* look thrown upon
 things behind or things past
 Retrospection, rê-t'rô-spêk'shûn. *s.* act of
 looking backwards [backwards
 Retrospective, rê-t'rô-spêk'tiv. *a.* looking
 Return, rê-tônd'. *v. a.* to blun-
- Return, rê-tôrn'. *v. n.* to come back; to retort
 Return, rê-tôrn'. *s.* act of coming back,
 profit; retribution; relapse
 Returnable, rê-tôrn'â-bl. *a.* allowed to be re-
 ported back [cohesion or concord
 Reunion, rê-û'nè-ûn. *s.* return to a state of
 Reunite, rê-û-nîte'. *v. a.* to join again [our
 Reve, rêve. *s.* the bailiff of a franchise or
 Reveal, rê-vèle'. *v. a.* to lay open, to disclose
 Revel, rêv'el. *v. n.* to feast with loose and
 clamorous merriment [jollity
 Revel, rêv'el. *s.* a feast with loose and noisy
 Revelation, rêv'é-lâ'shûn. *s.* communication
 of sacred truths
 Revelry, rêv'el-rè. *s.* loose jollity
 Revenge, rê-vênje'. *v. a.* to return an injury
 Revenge, rê-vênje'. *s.* return of an injury
 Revengeful, rê-vênje'fûl. *a.* vindictive
 Revenue, rêv'é-nû. *s.* income
 Reverberate, rê-vêr'bêr-âte'. *v. a.* to beat back,
 to heat in an intense furnace
 Reverberation, rê-vêr'bêr-â'shûn. *s.* the act of
 beating or driving back [ring, beating back
 Reverberatory, rê-vêr'bêr-â-tûr-è. *a.* return
 Revere, rê-vêre'. *v. a.* to reverence
 Reverence, rêv'êr-êuse. *s.* veneration, respect
 Reverence, rêv'êr-êuse. *v. a.* to regard with
 awful respect
 Reverend, rêv'êr-ênd. *a.* deserving reverence;
 the honorary epithet of the clergy
 Reverent, rêv'êr-ênt. *a.* expressing veneration
 Reverential, rêv'êr-ênt'shâl. *a.* expressing re-
 verence
 Reverently, rêv'êr-ênt-lè. *ad.* respectfully
 Reverse, rê-vêrse'. *v. a.* to turn upside down;
 to repeal
 Reverse, rê-vêrse'. *s.* change; an opposite
 Reversion, rê-vêr'shûn. *s.* right of succession
 Reversionary, rê-vêr'shûn-â-rè. *a.* to be en-
 joyed in succession
 Revert, rê-vêrt'. *v. a.* to change; to turn back
 Revertible, rê-vêrt'é-bl. *a.* returnable
 Revery, rêv'êr-è. *s.* loose musing, irregular
 thought [session or office
 Revest, rê-vêst'. *v. a.* to vest again in a pos-
 Revictual, rê-vîkt'l. *v. a.* to stock with victuals
 again
 Review, rê-vû'. *v. a.* to survey, to examine
 Review, rê-vû'. *s.* survey, re-examination; a
 military exhibition

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pline, pln—nò, mòve,

Reville, ré-vîe'. <i>v. a.</i> to reproach, to vilify	Rheumatick, rôd-mât'ik. <i>a.</i> proceeding from rheum
Revisal, ré-vî'zâl. <i>s.</i> re-examination	Rheumatism, rôd'mâ'tizm. <i>s.</i> a painful distemper supposed to proceed from acrid humours
Revise, ré-vîze'. <i>v. a.</i> to review, to overlook	Rheumy, rôd'mê. <i>a.</i> full of sharp moisture
Revise, ré-vîze'. <i>s.</i> review; a second proof of a sheet corrected	Rhomb, rômb. <i>s.</i> a quadrangular figure
Revision, ré-vîzh'ûn. <i>s.</i> review	Rhombick, rôm'blk. <i>a.</i> shaped like a rhomb
Revisit, ré-vîz'î't. <i>v. a.</i> to visit again	Rhomboid, rôm'bôid. <i>s.</i> a figure approaching to a rhomb
Revival, ré-vî'vâl. <i>s.</i> recall from a state of languor, oblivion, or obscurity	Rhubarb, rôd-bûrb. <i>s.</i> a medical root slightly purgative
Revive, ré-vîve'. <i>v. a.</i> to bring to life again; to quicken	Rhyme, rîme. <i>s.</i> the consonance of verses; poetry
Revivification, ré-vîv-ê-fîkâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act	Rhyme, rîme. <i>v. n.</i> to agree in sound; to
Revocable, rév'ô-kâ-bl. <i>a.</i> that may be recalled	Rib, rîb. <i>s.</i> a bone; a piece of timber
Revocation, rév'ô-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> repeal, reversal	Ribaldry, rîb'bâld-rê. <i>s.</i> mean lewd language
Revoke, ré-vôke. <i>v. a.</i> to repeal, to recall	Riband, rîb'bân. <i>s.</i> a fillet of silk
Revolt, ré-vôlt'. <i>v. n.</i> to fall off from one to another	Ribbed, rîbd. <i>a.</i> furnished with ribs
Revolt, ré-vôlt'. <i>s.</i> desertion, change of sides	Ribbon, rîb'bân. <i>s.</i> —See Riband
Revolter, ré-vôlt'ûr. <i>s.</i> one who changes sides, a deserter	Rice, rîse. <i>s.</i> one of the esculent grains
Revolution, rév-ô-lû'shûn. <i>s.</i> course of any thing which returns to the point at which it began to move; change in a state; returning motion	Rich, rîtsh. <i>a.</i> wealthy, valuable; fertile
Revolutionary, rév-ô-lû'shûn-â-rê. <i>a.</i> founded on a revolution	Riches, rîtsh'îz. <i>s.</i> wealth, money
Revolutionist, rév-ô-lû'shûn-îst. <i>s.</i> an undistinguishing promoter of revolutions in government	Richly, rîtsh'lê. <i>ad.</i> wealthily, splendidly
Revolve, ré-vôlv'. <i>v. n.</i> to perform a revolution	Richness, rîtsh'nês. <i>s.</i> opulence; fertility
Revulsion, ré-vûl'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of drawing humours from a remote part of the body	Rick, rîk. <i>s.</i> a pile of corn or hay
Reward, ré-wârd'. <i>v. a.</i> to give in return; to	Ricketts, rîk'kîts. <i>s.</i> a distemper in children
Reward, ré-wârd'. <i>s.</i> recompense	Rickety, rîk'î-tê. <i>a.</i> diseased with the rickets
Rewarder, ré-wârd'ûr. <i>s.</i> one that rewards	Rid, rîd. <i>pret.</i> of ride
Reward, ré-wârd'. <i>v. a.</i> to repeat in the same words	Rid, rîd. <i>v. a.</i> to set free; to clear
Rhabdomancy, râb'dô-mân-sê. <i>s.</i> divination	Riddance, rîd'dânse. <i>s.</i> deliverance
Rhapsodist, râp'sô-dîst. <i>s.</i> one who writes rhapsodies	Ridden, rîd'dn. <i>part.</i> of ride
Rhapsody, râp'sô-dê. <i>s.</i> a writing without necessary dependence or natural connexion	Riddle, rîd'dl. <i>s.</i> an enigma, a puzzling question
Rhetorical, rê't'ô-rîk. <i>s.</i> oratory	Riddle, rîd'dl. <i>v. a.</i> to solve; to separate by a coarse sieve
Rhetorical, rê't'ô-rê-kâl. <i>a.</i> oratorical	Ride, rîde. <i>v. n.</i> to travel on horseback, to be supported as ships on the water
Rhetorically, rê't'ô-rê-kâl-ê. <i>ad.</i> figuratively	Rider, rîd'ûr. <i>s.</i> one who is carried on a horse or in a vehicle
Rhetorician, rê't'ô-rîsh'ân. <i>s.</i> one who teaches the science of rhetoric	Ridge, rîdje. <i>s.</i> the rough top of any thing the ground thrown up by the plough; the top of the roof rising to an acute angle
Rheum, rôôm. <i>s.</i> a thin watery matter oozing through the glands	Ridgill, rîd'jîl. } <i>s.</i> a ram half-castrated
	Ridgling, rîdje'llng. }
	Ridgy, rîd'jê. <i>a.</i> rising in a ridge
	Ridicule, rîd'ê-kûle. <i>s.</i> wit which provokes laughter
	Ridicule, rîd'ê-kûle. <i>v. a.</i> to expose to laugh
	Ridiculous, rê-dîk'kû-lûs. <i>a.</i> worthy of laughter
	Ridiculousness, rê-dîk'kû-lûs-nês. <i>s.</i> the quality

nôr, nô-t—tâbe, tâb, bâll—ôll—pôând—thin, THIS.

- Riding, rîdîng. *s.* a district visited by an officer
- Ridotto, rê-dô-tô. *s.* a kind of opera [cer]
- Rife, rîfe. *a.* prevalent, abounding
- Rifeness, rîfê'nês. *s.* prevalence, abundance
- Rifle, rîfl. *v. a.* to pillage, to plunder
- Rift, rîft. *s.* a cleft, a breach
- Rift, rîft. *v. n.* to burst, to open
- Rig, rîg. *v. a.* to accoutre; to fit with tackling
- Rigadoon, rîg-â-dôôn'. *s.* a dance
- Rigger, rîg'gûr. *s.* one that rigs or dresses
- Rigging, rîg'gîng. *s.* the sails or tackling of a ship
- Riggish, rîg'gîsh. *a.* wanton
- Right, rîte. *a.* fit; just, honest
- Right, rîte. *ad.* properly, justly
- Right, rîte. *s.* justice; just claim; prerogative
- Right, rîte. *v. a.* to do justice to; to relieve from wrong
- Righteous, rî'tshê-ûs. *a.* just, virtuous
- Righteousness, rî'tshê-ûs-nês. *s.* justice, honesty, virtue
- Rightful, rîte'fûl. *a.* having a just claim; just
- Rightly, rîte'lê. *ad.* properly, suitably; honestly; exactly
- Rigid, rî'jîd. *a.* stiff; severe, cruel
- Rigidity, rê-jîd'ê-tê. *s.* stiffness
- Rigidity, rî'jîlâ-nês. *s.* severity, inflexibility
- Rigour, rîg'gûr. *s.* cold stiffness; severity, strictness [abatement]
- Rigorous, rîg'gûr-ûs. *a.* severe, allowing no
- Rill, rîl. *s.* a small brook, a little streamlet
- Rim, rîm. *s.* a border, a margin
- Rime, rîme. *s.* hoar frost
- Rind, rînd. *s.* bark, husk
- Ring, rîng. *s.* a circle; a circle of gold worn as an ornament; a sound [metal]
- Ring, rîng. *v. n.* to sound as a bell or sonorous
- Ringdove, rîng'dâv. *s.* a kind of pigeon
- Ringer, rîng'ûr. *s.* he who rings [ous body]
- Ringleader, rîng'lê-dâr. *s.* the head of a riot
- Ringlet, rîng'lêt. *s.* a small ring; a curl [ed]
- Ringstreaked, rîng'strêkt. *a.* circularly streak-
- Rinse, rînse. *v. a.* to cleanse by washing; to wash soap out of cloths [tion]
- Riot, rîût. *s.* wild and loose festivity; sedi-
- Riot, rîût. *v. n.* to revel; to raise a sedition
- Rioter, rîût-ûr. *s.* one who raises an uproar
- Riotous, rîût-ûs. *a.* licentiously festive; sedi-
- Riotousness, rîût-ûs-nês. *s.* the state of being [ritious]
- Rip, rîp. *v. a.* to tear, to lacerate
- Ripe, rîpe. *a.* mature; complete
- Ripely, rîpe'lê. *ad.* maturely, at the fit time
- Ripen, rî'pn. *v. n.* to grow ripe
- Ripeness, rîpe'nês. *s.* maturity
- Ripple, rîp'pl. *v. n.* to fret on the surface as water swiftly running
- Rippling, rîp'plîng. *s.* a moving roughness on the surface of running water
- Rise, rîze. *v. n.* to get up; to spring; to swell, to break out from below the horizon; to increase in price, [increase of price; original]
- Rise, rîze. *s.* the act of rising; elevated place
- Risibility, rîz-ê-blî'ê-tê. *s.* the quality of laugh-
- Risible, rîz'ê-bl. *a.* exciting laughter [ing]
- Risk, rîsk. *s.* hazard, danger
- Risk, rîsk. *v. a.* to hazard [observance]
- Rite, rîte. *s.* solemn act of religion, external
- Ritual, rî'tshû-âl. *a.* solemnly ceremonious
- Ritual, rî'tshû-âl. *s.* a book in which the rites and observances of religion are set down
- Rival, rî'vâl. *s.* a competitor
- Rival, rî'vâl. *v. a.* to oppose, to emulate
- Rivalry, rî'vâl-rê. *s.* competition, emulation
- Rivalship, rî'vâl-shîp. *s.* the state or character of a rival
- Rive, rîve. *v. a. part. riven.* to split, to cleave
- Rivel, rîv'vl. *v. a.* to contract into wrinkles
- River, rîv'ûr. *s.* a land current of water larger than a brook [a river]
- River-god, rîv'ûr-gôd. *s.* tutelary deity of
- Rivet, rîv'ît. *s.* a fastening pin clenched at both ends
- Rivet, rîv'ît. *v. a.* to fasten with rivets
- Rivulet, rîv'û-lêt. *s.* a small river, a streamlet
- Road, rôde. *s.* large way
- Roam, rôme. *v. n.* to wander
- Roan, rône. *a.* bay, sorrel, or black, with grey or white spots interspersed
- Roar, rôre. *v. n.* to make a loud noise
- Roar, rôre. *s.* the cry of a lion or other beast; any loud noise [round before the fire]
- Roast, rôst. *v. a.* to dress meat by turning it
- Rob, rôb. *v. a.* to plunder
- Robber, rôb'bûr. *s.* a thief [or with privacy]
- Robbery, rôb'bûr-ê. *s.* theft perpetrated by force
- Robe, rôbe. *s.* a gown of state
- Robe, rôbe. *v. a.* to dress pompously
- Robust, rô-bûst'. *a.* strong, vigorous [garlick]
- Rocambole, rôk'am-bôle. *s.* a sort of wild
- Rochealum, rô'sh-âl'ûm. *s.* a purer kind of alum

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, plu—nô, nôve.

- Rock, rôk. s.** a vast mass of stone; protection; a distaff
- Rock, rôk. v. a.** to shake; to move a cradle
- Rocket, rôk'kît. s.** an artificial fire-work
- Rockwork, rôk'wârk. s.** stones fixed in mortar, in imitation of the asperities of rocks
- Rocky, rôk'ké. a.** full of rocks; hard
- Rod, rôd. s.** a long twig, an instrument of
- Rode, rôde. pret. of ride.** [correction]
- Rodononade, rôd-ô-môn-tâde'. s.** an empty noisy bluster or boast [of fish]
- Roe, rô. s.** the female of the hart; the eggs
- Rogation, rô-gâ'shên. s.** supplication
- Rogation-week, rô-gâ'shên-wêék. s.** the week immediately preceding Whitsunday
- Rogue, rôg. s.** a vagabond; a knave [gery]
- Roguery, rôg'ûr-ê. s.** knavish tricks; waggish
- Roguish, rôg'îsh. a.** knavish; waggish
- Roist, rôist. v. n.** to behave turbulently, to act at discretion [wrap]
- Roll, rôle. v. a.** to move in a circle; to enroll, rôle. v. n. to run on wheels: to perform a periodical revolution; to move as waves; to fluctuate; to revolve on its axis
- Roll, rôle. s.** a thing rolling; mass made round; a register, a catalogue; a chronicle [own axis; bandage, fillet]
- Roller, rô'lûr. s.** any thing turning on its
- Rolling-pin, rô'îng-pîn. s.** a round piece of wood with which paste is moulded
- Romage, rôm'âidje. s.** a tumult, an active and tumultuous search
- Romance, rô-mânse'. s.** a tale of wild adventures in war and love; a fiction
- Romance, rô-mânse'. v. n.** to lie, to forge [tales]
- Romaner, rô-mân's'ûi. s.** a liar, a forger of
- Romanize, rô'mân-ize. v. a.** to Latinize
- Romantick, rô-mân'tîk. a.** wild; fanciful, full of wild scenery
- Roman, rô-mân. a.** belonging to Rome
- Rome, rôôm. s.** the capital city of Italy
- Romp, rômp. s.** a rude awkward girl
- Romp, rômp. v. n.** to play rudely
- Rondeau, rônd-ô'. s.** a kind of ancient poetry
- Romon, rôm yûn. s.** a fat bulky woman
- Rood, rôôd. s.** the fourth part of an acre; a pole, a measure of 15 feet and a half in long measure; the cross
- Roof, rôôf. s.** the cover of a house
- Roof, rôôf. v. a.** to cover with a roof
- Rook, rôôk. s.** a bird; a cheat
- Rook, rôôk. v. n.** to rob, to cheat
- Rookery, rôôk'ûr-ê. s.** a nursery of rooks
- Room, rôôm. s.** space; place of another stead; an apartment
- Roomage, rôôm'âidje. s.** space, place
- Roomy, rôôm'ê. a.** spacious, wide [sleep]
- Roost, rôôst. s.** that on which a bird sits to
- Roost, rôôst. v. n.** to sleep as a bird
- Root, rôôt. s.** that part of the plant which rests in the ground, and supplies the stems with nourishment; the original: impression [into the earth; to turn up earth]
- Root, rôôt. v. n.** to fix the root, to strike fast
- Rooted, rôôt'êd. a.** fixed deep, radical
- Rope, rôpe. s.** a cord, a string, a halter
- Rope, rôpe. v. n.** to draw out in a line as vis-
- Ropiness, rôpé-nês. s.** viscosity [cons matter]
- Ropemaker, rôpé-make-ûr. s.** one who makes ropes to sell
- Ropy, rôpé. a.** viscous, glutinous
- Roquelaure, rôk-ê-lô'. s.** a cloak for men
- Rosary, rôzâr-ê. s.** a string of beads
- Roscid, rôs'sîd. a.** dewy
- Rose, rôze. s.** a flower
- Rose, rôze. pret. of rise.**
- Roseate, rôzhé-ât. a.** rosy, full of roses
- Rosemary, rôze'mâ-rê. s.** a plant
- Rosin, rôz zîn. s.** inspissated turpentine
- Rostrum, rôs'trâm. s.** the beak of a bird or ship; a pulpit [beauty, or fragrance]
- Rosy, rôzé. a.** resembling a rose in bloom
- Rot, rôt. v. n.** to putrefy, to loose the cohesion of its parts
- Rot, rôt. s.** a distemper among sheep; putrefaction
- Rotary, rô'tâ-rê. a.** whirled as a wheel
- Rotation, rô-tâ'shûn. s.** the act of whirling round; revolution
- Rote, rôte. s.** words uttered by mere memory without comprehension of the sense
- Rotten, rôt'tn. a.** putrid, no sound
- Rottenness, rôt'tn-nês. s.** state of being rotten, putrefaction
- Rotund, rô-tând'. a.** round, circular [clarity]
- Rotundity, rô-tân'dê-tê. s.** roundness, circularity
- Rotundo, rô-tân'dê. s.** a building formed round both in the inside and outside
- Rouge, rôôzhe. s.** red paint for the face
- Rough, rôûf. a.** rugged; harsh; inelegant

nôl, nôl—tâbe, tâb, bâll—ôll—pôând ·thin, THIS.

- Roughcast, rû'kâst. *v. a.* to mould without nicety, or elegance; to form any thing in its first rudiments
- Roughcast, rû'kâst. *s.* a rude model
- Roughdraught, rû'drâft. *s.* a draught in its rudiments
- Roughdraw, rû'drâw. *v. a.* to trace coarsely
- Roughly, rûflê. *ad.* with uneven surface; harshly, rudely
- Roughness, rûfnês. *s.* unevenness; harshness; ruggedness; tempestuousness
- Rounceval, rôun'sé·vâl. *s.* a species of pea
- Round, rôund. *a.* circular; spherical; plain
- Round, rôund. *s.* a circle, an orb; step of a ladder; a revolution; a walk
- Round, rôund. *ad.* every way, on all sides
- Round, rôund. *v. a.* to encircle; to make spherical; to move about any thing
- Roundabout, rôund'â·bôût. *a.* ample, circuitous [poetry]
- Roundelay, rôun'dé·lâ. *s.* a kind of ancient
- Roundhouse, rôund'hôuse. *s.* the constable's prison [penly; plainly]
- Roundly, rôund'lê. *ad.* in a round form; openness [excite to thought or action]
- Roundness, rôund'nês. *s.* circularity; honesty, openness [excite to thought or action]
- Rouse, rôûze. *v. a.* to wake from rest; to
- Rout, rôût. *s.* a clamorous, multitude; confusion of an army defeated or dispersed
- Rout, rôût. *v. a.* to dissipate and put into confusion by defeat
- Route, rôût. *s.* road, way
- Row, rô. *s.* a rank or file, a number of things ranged in a line [by oars]
- Row, rô. *v. n.* to impel a vessel in the water
- Rowel, rôû'l. *s.* the point of a spur turning on an axis; a seton
- Rowel, rôû'l. *v. a.* to pierce through the skin, and keep the wound open by a rowel
- Royal, rôé'âl. *a.* kingly, regal; noble
- Royalist, rôé'âl·lîst. *s.* adherent to a king
- Royally, rôé'âl·é. *ad.* in a kingly manner,
- Royalty, rôé'âl·té. *s.* kingship [regally]
- Rub, rûb. *v. a.* to scour, to wipe; to move one body upon another; to remove by
- Rub, rûb. *s.* collision hindrance [friction]
- Rubber, rûb'bâr. *s.* one that rubs; a coarse file; two games out of three
- Rubbish, rûb'lîst. *s.* ruins of buildings
- Ruby, rôû·bâ·lî. *a.* to make red
- Rubrick, rôû·brîk. *s.* directions printed in books of law, and in prayer-books [colour]
- Ruby, rôû'bê. *s.* a precious stone of a red
- Rudder, rûd'dâr. *s.* the instrument at the stern of a vessel by which its course is governed [proaching to redness]
- Ruddiness, rûd'dé·nês. *s.* the quality of appearing
- Ruddle, rûd'dl. *s.* red earth
- Ruddy, rûd'dé. *a.* approaching to redness
- Rude, rôûd. *a.* rough; harsh, untaught shapeless; inelegant
- Rudely, rôûd'lê. *ad.* in a rude manner
- Rudeness, rôûd'nês. *s.* coarseness of manners, incivility [the first elements of science]
- Rudiment, rôûd'é·mênt. *s.* the first principles,
- Rudimental, rôûd'é·mênt'âl. *a.* initial, relating to first principles
- Rue, rôû. *v. a.* to grieve for; to lament
- Rue, rôû. *s.* an herb
- Rueful, rôû'fûl. *a.* mournful, woful [house]
- Ruelle, rôû·êl'. *s.* an assembly at a private
- Ruff, rûf. *s.* a puckered linen ornament; a small fish [low; a robber]
- Ruffian, rûf'yân. *s.* a brutal mischievous fellow
- Ruffian, rûf'yân. *a.* brutal, savagely boisterous [pose]
- Ruffle, rûf'fl. *v. a.* to disorder; to discom-
- Ruffle, rûf'fl. *s.* plaited linen used as an ornament [for mean beds]
- Rug, rûg. *s.* a coarse nappy coverlet used
- Rugged, rûg'gld. *a.* rough; stormy, boisterous
- Ruggedly, rûg'gld·lê. *ad.* in a rugged manner
- Ruggedness, rûg'gld·nês. *s.* the state or quality of being rugged [piness or firmness]
- Ruin, rôû'ln. *s.* fall, destruction, loss of happiness
- Ruin, rôû'ln. *v. a.* to demolish; to destroy
- Ruinous, rôû'ln·ûs. *a.* fallen to ruin; pernicious, destructive
- Rule, rôûl. *s.* government, sway
- Rule, rôûl. *v. a.* to govern, to manage
- Ruler, rôûl'ûr. *s.* governor; an instrument by which lines are drawn [molasses]
- Rum, rûm. *s.* a kind of spirits distilled from
- Rumble, rûm'bl. *v. n.* to make a hoarse low continued noise
- Ruminant, rôû'mé·nânt. *a.* having the property of chewing the cud
- Ruminate, rôû'mé·nâte. *v. n.* to chew the cud; to muse

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fâ — mè, mèt — plne, pln — no, mòve,

- Rumination, rûd-mê-nâ'shûn. *s.* the property or act of chewing the cud; meditation
- Rummage, rûm'mldje. *v. n.* to search places
- Rummer, rûm'mâr. *s.* a glass; a drinking cup
- Rumour, rûd'mâr. *s.* flying report
- Rumour, rûd'mâr. *v. a.* to report abroad
- Rump, rûmp. *s.* the end of the backbone; the buttock [into puckers]
- Rumple, rûm'pl. *v. a.* to crush or contract
- Rumple, rûm'pl. *s.* pucker, rough plait
- Rur, rûn, *pret. rân. v. n.* to move swiftly; to contend in a race; to flow; to melt; to have a continual tenor; to get by artifice or fraud
- Run, rûn. *s.* the act of running [apostate]
- Runagate, rûn'nâ-gâte. *s.* a fugitive, rebel
- Runaway, rûn'â-wâ. *s.* one that flies from
- Rundle, rûn'dl. *s.* a step of a ladder [danger]
- Rundlet, rûnd'lît. *s.* a small barrel
- Rung, rûng. *pret. and part. pass. of ring.*
- Runic, rûn'ik. *a.* denoting the old Scandinavian
- Runt, rûnt. *s.* a dwarf [vian language]
- Rupture, rûp'tshûre. *s.* the act of breaking, state of being broken; a breach of peace, open hostility; burstenness
- Rural, rûd'râl. *a.* existing in the country; suiting the country
- Rush, rûsh. *s.* a plant; any thing worthless
- Rush, rûsh. *v. n.* to move with violence, to go on with tumultuous rapidity
- Rush, rûsh. *s.* a violent course
- Rusk, rûsk. *s.* hard bread for stores [rustick]
- Russet, rûs'st. *a.* reddish brown; coarse
- Rust, rûst. *s.* the red incrustation of iron, &c.
- Rust, rûst. *v. n.* to gather rust
- Rustical, rûs'tê-kâl. *a.* rough, boisterous
- Rusticate, rûs'tê-kâte. *v. n.* to reside in the country [rural appearance]
- Rusticity, rûs'ts'è-tê. *s.* simplicity, rudeness;
- Rustick, rûs'tik. *a.* rural, rude; artless
- Rustick, rûs'tik. *s.* a clown, an inhabitant of the country [rattle]
- Rustle, rûs'sl. *v. n.* to make a low continued
- Rusty, rûs'tê. *a.* covered with rust
- Rut, rût. *s.* copulation of deer; the track of a cart wheel
- Ruth, rûdth. *s.* pity, tenderness
- Ruthful, rûdth'fûl. *a.* rueful, woful
- Ruthless, rûdth'lêss. *a.* cruel, pitiless
- Rutish, rût'tsh. *a.* wanton, libidinous
- Ryder, rî'dâr. *s.* a clause added to an act of parliament at its third reading
- Rye, rî. *s.* a coarse kind of bread corn
- S.**
- SABBATH, sâb'bâth. *s.* a day appointed by God for publick worship; set time of rest [sabbath]
- Sabbatical, sâb-bât'tê-kâl. *a.* resembling the
- Sable, sâ'bl. *s.* fur
- Sable, sâ'bl. *a.* black
- Sabre, sâ'bêr. *s.* a simitar, a short sword
- Sabulous, sâb'û-lûs. *a.* gritty, sandy
- Saccharine, sâk'kâ-rîne. *a.* having the qualities of sugar
- Sacerdotal, sâs-êr-dô'tâl. *a.* priestly
- Sachel, sâts'h'l. *s.* a small sack or bag
- Sack, sâk. *s.* a bag; the measure of three bushels; a woman's loose robe; Caury wine
- Sack, sâk. *v. a.* to put in bags; to plunder
- Sackbut, sâk'bût. *s.* a kind of pipe
- Sackcloth, sâk'k'lôth. *s.* cloth of which sacks are made
- Sackful, sâk'fûl. *s.* a sack quite filled
- Sackposset, sâk-pôs'sît. *s.* a posset made of milk and sack
- Sacrament, sâk'krâ-mênt. *s.* an oath; an outward and visible sign of an inward and spiritual grace; the holy communion
- Sacramental, sâk-krâ-mênt'âl. *a.* constituting a sacrament
- Sacred, sâ'krêd. *a.* holy; consecrated
- Sacredness, sâ'krêd-nêss. *s.* holiness
- Sacrifice, sâk'krê-flîze. *v. a.* to offer to heaven, to immolate; to devote with loss
- Sacrifice, sâk'krê-flîze. *s.* the act of offering thing offered or immolated, any thing destroyed or quitted for the sake of something else [crifice]
- Sacrificial, sâk-krê-flîsh'âl. *a.* performing sa-
- Sacrilege, sâk'krê-ildje. *s.* the crime of robbing heaven [sacred]
- Sacrilegious, sâk-krê-lê'jûs. *a.* violating things
- Sacrilegiously, sâk-krê-lê'jûs-lê. *ad.* with sacrilege
- Sacristy, sâk'krîs-tê. *s.* an apartment where the consecrated vessels or moveables of a church are deposited
- Sad, sâd. *a.* sorrowful; afflictive

nôr, nôr—tûbe, tûb, bûll—ôll—pôând—thin, rûis.

- Sadden, sâd'dn. *v. a.* to make sad
 Saddle, sâd'dl. *s.* the seat which is put upon a horse for the accommodation of the rider
 Saddle, sâd'dl. *v. a.* to cover with a saddle; to load [saddles]
 Saddler, sâd'lûr. *s.* one whose trade is to make
 Sadly, sâd'lê. *ad.* sorrowfully, mournfully
 Sadness, sâd'nês. *s.* sorrowfulness
 Safe, sâfê. *a.* free from danger
 Safe, sâfê. *s.* a buttery, a pantry [rant to pass
 Safeconduct, sâfê-kôn'dûkt. *s.* convey; war-
 Safeguard, sâfêgârd. *s.* defence, security
 Safely, sâfê'lê. *ad.* in a safe manner
 Safety, sâfê'tê. *s.* freedom from danger
 Saffron, sâf'fûrn. *s.* a plant
 Saffron, sâf'fûrn. *a.* yellow
 Sagacious, sâ-gâ'shûs. *a.* quick of scent; quick of thought [acuteness
 Sagacity, sâ-gâ'sê-tê. *s.* quickness of scent;
 Sage, sâdje. *s.* a plant; a philosopher
 Sage, sâdje. *a.* wise, grave, prudent
 Sagely, sâdje'lê. *ad.* wisely, prudently
 Sâzô, sâ'gô. *s.* a kind of eatable grain
 Sâzd, sêd. *pret. and part pass.* of say
 Sâik, sâ'lk. *s.* a Turkish vessel
 'Sail, sâle. *s.* a canvass sheet; a ship
 Sail, sâle. *v. n.* to be moved by the wind with sails; to pass by sea
 Sailor, sâ'lûr. *s.* a seaman [sail is extended
 Sailyard, sâle'yârd. *s.* the pole on which the
 Sainfoin, sânfôin. *s.* a kind of herb
 Saint, sânt. *s.* a person eminent for piety
 Saint, sânt. *v. a.* to canonize
 Santed, sânt'êd. *a.* holy, pious
 Saintlike, sânt'like. *a.* becoming a saint
 Saintly, sânt'lê. *ad.* like a saint
 Sake, sâke. *s.* final cause, end
 Salacious, sâ-lâ'shûs. *a.* lustful, lecherous
 Salacity, sâ-lâ'sê-tê. *s.* lust, lechery
 Salad, sâl'iâd. *s.* food of raw herbs [payment
 Salary, sâl'lâ-rê. *s.* stated hire, periodical
 Sale, sâle. *s.* the act of sailing; vent; auction
 Saleable, sâl'â-bl. *a.* vendible, fit for sale
 Salesman, sâlz'mân. *s.* one who sells clothes
 Salework, sâle'wûrk. *s.* work for sale
 Salient, sâl'lê-ênt. *a.* leaping, bounding
 Saline, sâ-lînê. *a.* consisting of salt
 Saliva, sâ-lî-vâ. *s.* every thing that is spit up, but it more strictly signifies that juice which is separated by the glands called salival
 Salivary, sâl'ê-vâ-rê. *a.* relating to spittle
 Salivate, sâl'lê-vâ-te. *v. a.* to purge by the salival glands [by spitting
 Salvation, sâl-lê-vâ'shûn. *s.* a method of cure
 Sallow, sâl'lô. *a.* sickly, yellow
 Sallowness, sâl'lô-nês. *s.* yellowness, sickness
 Sally, sâl'lê. *s.* eruption; quick egress; frolick [lies are made
 Sallyport, sâl'lê-pôrt. *s.* gate at which sal-
 Salinagundi, sâl-mâ-gûn'dê. *s.* a mixture of chopped meat and pickled herrings, with oil, vinegar, pepper, and onions
 Salmon, sâlm'mûn. *s.* a well known fish
 Salmontrout, sâlm-mûn-trôûf. *s.* a trout that has some resemblance to a salmon
 Salt, sâlt. *s.* a body whose two essential properties seem to be dissolubility in water and a pungent sapor; wit
 Salt, sâlt. *a.* having the taste of salt
 Salt, sâlt. *v. a.* to season with salt [jumping
 Saltation, sâl-tâ'shûn. *s.* the act of dancing or
 Saltcellar, sâl'tsêl-lûr. *s.* vessel of salt set on
 Saltish, sâl'tîsh. *a.* somewhat salt [the table
 Saltiness, sâl'tnês. *s.* taste of salt
 Saltpetre, sâl't-pê'tûr. *s.* nitre [ful
 Salubrious, sâ-lû-brê-ûs. *a.* wholesome, health-
 Salubrity, sâ-lû-brê-tê. *s.* wholesomeness
 Salutary, sâl'lû-tâ-rê. *a.* wholesome, healthful
 Salutation, sâl-lû-tâ'shûn. *s.* the act or style of saluting, greeting
 Salute, sâ-lû-te. *v. a.* to greet, to hail; to kiss
 Salute, sâ-lû-te. *s.* salutation; a kiss
 Salutiferous, sâl-lû-tî'fêr-ûs. *a.* healthy, bringing health [being saved
 Salvability, sâl-vâ-blî'â-tê. *s.* possibility of
 Salvage, sâl'vîdje. *s.* a recompense for saving goods from a wreck [eternal death
 Salvation, sâl-vâ'shûn. *s.* preservation from
 Salvatory, sâl'vâ-tûr-ê. *s.* a place where any thing is preserved
 Salve, sâlv. *s.* a glutinous matter applied to wounds and hurts; remedy
 Salve, sâlv. *v. a.* to cure with medicaments applied [is presented
 Salver, sâl'vûr. *s.* a plate on which any thing
 Salvo, sâl'vô. *s.* an exception, a reservation
 Same, sâme. *a.* identical, of the like kind
 Sameness, sâme'nês. *s.* identity
 Samphire, sâmf'îr. *s.* a plant
 Sample, sâmp'l. *s.* a specimen

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât—mê, mêt—ulne, pln—nô, mðve,

Sampler, sâm pl'âr. <i>s.</i> a pattern of work	Sarcastical, sâr-kâs'tê-kâl. } <i>a.</i> taunting, se
Sanable, sân'nâ-bl. <i>a.</i> curable	Sarcastick, sâr-kâs'tik. } <i>a.</i> vere
Sanative, sân'nâ-tiv. <i>a.</i> healing	Sarcenet, sârse'nêt. <i>s.</i> fine thin woven silk
Sanctification, sângk-tê-fê-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of making holy, consecration	Sarcophagus, sâr-kôf'fâ-gûs. <i>s.</i> a tomb, in which the human flesh is consumed and eaten away by time
Sanctifier, sângk'tê-fl'âr. <i>s.</i> he that sanctifies	Sardonyx, sâr'dô-niks. <i>s.</i> a precious stone
Sanctify, sângk'tê-fl. <i>v. a.</i> to make holy	Sarsaparilla, sâr-sâ-pâ ril'lâ. <i>s.</i> a plant
Sanctimonious, sângk-tê-mô'nê-ûs. <i>a.</i> saintly	Sash, sâsh. <i>s.</i> a belt ; a silken band
Sanctimony, sângk'tê-mô'nê. <i>s.</i> holiness, appearance of holiness [mation ; ratification]	Sat, sât. <i>the pret. of sit</i>
Sanction, sângk'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of confir-	Satan, sâ'tân. <i>s.</i> the prince of hell
Sanctitude, sângk'tê-tûde. } <i>s.</i> holiness	Satanical, sâ'tân'nê-kâl. } <i>a.</i> devilish
Sanctity, sângk'tê-tê. }	Satanick, sâ'tân'nik. }
Sanctuary, sângk'tshû-â-rê. <i>s.</i> a holy place ; a sacred asylum	Satchel, sâtsh'll. <i>s.</i> a little bag
Sand, sând. <i>s.</i> stone broken to powder	Sate, sâte. <i>v. a.</i> to satiate, to glut
Sandal, sândâl. <i>s.</i> a loose shoe	Satellite, sât'têl-lite. <i>s.</i> a small planet revolving round a larger
Sandstone, sând'stône. <i>s.</i> stone of a loose and friable kind	Satiate, sâ'shê-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to satisfy, to fill
Sandy, sând'é. <i>a.</i> full of sand	Satiate, sâ'shê-âte. <i>a.</i> glutted
Sane, sâne. <i>a.</i> sound, healthy	Satiety, sâ-tl'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> more than enough, state of being palled
Sang, sâng. <i>the p. et. of sing</i> [blood	Satin, sât'în. <i>s.</i> a soft, close, and shining silk
Sanguiferous, sâng-gwîf'îer-ûs. <i>a.</i> conveying	Satire, sâ'tûr, sât'ûr, sât'îre, or sât'îre. <i>s.</i> a poem in which wickedness or folly are censured
Sanguinary, sâng'gwé-nâ-rê. <i>a.</i> cruel, murderous	Satirical, sâ-tl'rê-kâl. } <i>a.</i> belonging to satire ; severe in language
Sanguine, sâng'gwîn. <i>a.</i> red ; warm, ardent	Satirick, sâ-tl'rik. }
Sanguineous, sâng-gwîn'ê-ûs. <i>a.</i> bounding with blood [among the Jews	Satirist, sât'ûr-îst. <i>s.</i> one who writes satires
Sanhedrim, sân'hê-drlm. <i>s.</i> the chief council	Satirise, sât'ûr-îze. <i>v. a.</i> to censure as in a satire
Sanies, sâ'nê-êz. <i>s.</i> thin matter	Satisfaction, sât-tis-fâk'shûn. <i>s.</i> the state of being pleased ; gratification ; atonement
Sanity, sân'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> soundness of mind	Satisfactorily, sât-tis-fâk'tûr-ê-lê. <i>ad.</i> in a satisfactory manner [tent ; atoning
Sank, sângk. <i>the pret. of sink</i>	Satisfactory, sât-tis-fâk'tûr-ê. <i>a.</i> giving content
Sap, sâp. <i>s.</i> the vital juice of plants	Satisfy, sât'tis-fl. <i>v. a.</i> to content ; to feed to the fill ; to recompense ; to convince
Sap, sâp. <i>v. a.</i> to undermine	Saturate, sât'tshû-râte. <i>v. a.</i> to impregnate till no more can be received [week
Sapience, sâ-pê-ênse. <i>s.</i> wisdom, sageness	Saturday, sât'tûr-dê. <i>s.</i> the last day of the week
Sapient, sâ'pê-ênt. <i>a.</i> wise, sage	Saturity, sâ-tûrê-tê. <i>s.</i> fulness
Sapless, sâp'lês. <i>a.</i> wanting sap	Saturn, sâ'tûrn, or sât'tûrn. <i>s.</i> the remotest planet of the solar system : in chymistry, lead [choly.
Sapling, sâp'ling. <i>s.</i> a young tree	Saturnine, sât'tûrn-îne. <i>a.</i> gloomy, melan-
Saponaceous, sâp-ô-nâ'shûs. } <i>a.</i> soapy	Satyr, sât'tûr, or sât'ûr. <i>s.</i> a sylvan god
Saporary, sâp'pô-nâ-rê. }	Sauce, sâwse. <i>s.</i> something eaten with food to improve its taste [petulant fellow
Sapor, sâ'pôr. <i>s.</i> taste, power of stimulating the palate [blue colour	Saucebox, sâwse'bôks. <i>s.</i> an impertinent o
Sapphire, sâ'flr. <i>s.</i> a precious stone of a	
Sappiness, sâp'pê nês. <i>s.</i> succulence, juiciness	
Sappy, sâp'pê. <i>s.</i> juicy, succulent ; young	
Saraband, sâr'râ-bând. <i>s.</i> a Spanish dance	
Sarcasm, sâr'kâzm. <i>s.</i> a keen reproach, a taunt [ly, severely	
Sarcastically, sâr kâs'tê-kâl-ê. <i>ad.</i> taunting	

nôr, nô-t—tâbe, tâb, bûll—ôll—pôund—thin, this.

- Saucepan, sâvse'pân. s. a small skillet with a long handle [which a tea-cup is set]
- Saucer, sâv'sûr. s. a platter of china, into
- Sauciness, sâw'sé-nês. s. impudence, petulance
- Saucy, sâw'sé. a. pert, insolent [lance]
- Saunter, sâ'n'tûr, or sâwn'tûr. v. n. to wander about idly, to loiter
- Sausage, sâu'sldje, or sâs'sldje. s. a roll made commonly of pork or beef minced very small, with salt and spice
- Savage, sâv'vldje. a. wild, barbarous
- Savage, sâv'vldje. s. a barbarian
- Savanna, sâ-vân'nâ. s. an open meadow without wood [destruction]
- Save, sâve. v. a. to preserve from danger or
- Save, sâve. ad. except [ends of candles]
- Saveall, sâve'all. s. a small pan to save the
- Saving, sâ'vîng. a. frugal, parsimonious
- Saving, sâ'vîng. ad. with exception
- Saving, sâ'vîng. s. escape of expense, somewhat preserved
- Saviour, sâve'yûr. s. Redeemer
- Savour, sâ'vûr. s. a scent, odour
- Savour, sâ'vûr. v. n. to have any particular smell or taste [piquant to the taste]
- Savoury, sâ'vûr-ê. a. pleasing to the sinell ;
- Savoy, sâ-vôé'. s. a sort of colewort
- Saw, sâw. the *pret. of see*
- Saw, sâw. s. a dentated instrument for cutting ; a proverb [to cut timber]
- Saw, sâw. v. a. *part. pass. sawed and sawn.*
- Sawdust, sâw'dûst. s. dust made by sawing
- Sawpit, sâw'pît. s. a pit where wood is sawn
- Sawyer, sâw'yûr. s. one who saws timber
- Saxifrage, sâk'sé-frâdje. s. a plant
- Say, sâ. v. a. *pret. said.* to speak ; to tell
- Saying, sâ'îng. s. expression
- Scab, skâb. s. an incrustation over a sore
- Scabbard, skâb'bârd. s. the sheath of a sword
- Scabby, skâb'bâ. a. diseased with scabs
- Scabious, skâ'bé-ûs. a. itchy, leprous
- Scabrous, skâ'brûs. a. rough, rugged
- Scaffold, skâ'fûld. s. a temporary stage raised either for shows or spectators ; the gallery raised for execution of malefactors
- Scaffolding, skâ'fûl-dîng. s. building slightly erected
- Scalade, skâ-lâde'. s. a storm given to a place by raising ladders against the walls
- Scald, skâld. v. a. to burn with hot liquor
- Scale, skâle. s. part of the covering of a fish ; a balance ; means of ascent ; a figure subdivided by lines ; gamut
- Scale, skâle. v. a. to climb as by ladders ; to take off a thin lamina
- Scaliness, skâ'lé-nês. s. the state of being scaly
- Scall, skâwl. s. leprosy
- Scallion, skâl'yûn. s. a kind of onion
- Scallop, skôl'lûp. v. a. to mark on the edge with segments of circles
- Scalp, skâlp. s. the scull [integuments]
- Scalp, skâlp. v. a. to deprive the scull of its
- Scaly, skâ'lé. a. covered with scales
- Scammony, skâm'mô-né. s. a concreted juice drawn from an Asiatick plant
- Scamper, skâm'pûr. v. n. to fly with speed and trepidation
- Scan, skân. v. a. to examine a verse by counting the feet ; to examine nicely
- Scandal, skân'dâl. s. reproachful aspersion, opprobrious censure, infamy [to defame]
- Scandalize, skân'dâ-lîze. v. a. to disgrace
- Scandalous, skân'dâ-lûs. a. opprobrious, shameful [of scanning a verse]
- Scansion, skân'shûn. s. the act or practice
- Scant, skânt. a. parsimonious
- Scantiness, skân'té-nês. s. narrowness
- Scantlet, skân'lét. s. a small pattern
- Scantling, skânt'îng. s. a quantity cut for a particular purpose ; a small quantity
- Scanty, skân'té. a. narrow, small
- Scape, skâpe. v. a. to escape, to shun
- Scapula, skâp'û-lâ. s. the shoulder blade
- Scar, skâr. s. a mark made by hurt or fire, a cicatrix [motley dress]
- Scaramouch, skâr'â-môûtsh. s. a buffoon in
- Scarce, skârsé. a. rare, not common
- Scarce, skârsé. } ad. hardly, scanty
- Scarcely, skârsé'lé. }
- Scarceness, skârsé'nês. } s. smallness of
- Scarcity, skâr-sé-té. } quantity, penury ; rareness
- Scare, skâre. v. a. to frighten, to terrify
- Scarecrow, skâre'kro. s. an image to fright birds [upon the shoulders]
- Scarf, skârî. s. any thing that hangs loose
- Scarfskin, skârî'skîn. s. the cuticle ; the epidermis [the skin with a lancet]
- Scarification, skâr-ê-fé-kâ'shûn. s. incision of
- Scarify, skâr-ré-fl. v. a. to lance or cut the skin

Fåte, fâr, fäll, fât—mê, mêt—pine, pln—nô, nôve,

- Scarlet, skâr'lêt. *s.* beautiful bright red colour
 Scarlet, skâr'lêt. *a.* of the colour of scarlet
 Scarp, skârp. *s.* the slope of a ditch
 Scate, skâte. *s.* an iron to slide with ; a fish
 Scate, skâte. *v. n.* to slide on skates [live
 Scathful, skâth'fûl. *a.* mischievous, destruc-
 Scatter, skât'târ. *v. a.* to dissipate, to disperse
 Scavenger, skâv'ln-jûr. *s.* one whose province
 is to keep the streets clean
 Scene, sêen. *s.* the stage ; appearance, a dis-
 play ; part of a play
 Scenery, sêen'er-ê. *s.* representation ; the
 disposition and consecution of the scenes
 of a play
 Scenich, sên'nik. *a.* dramatick, theatrical
 Scenography, sê-nôg'grâ-fê. *s.* the art of per-
 spective
 Scent, sênt. *s.* the power of smelling, smell ;
 chasè followed by sinell
 Scent, sênt. *v. a.* to smell : to perfume
 Sceptick. *s.*—See Sceptick
 Sceptre, sêp'târ. *s.* the ensign of royalty borne
 in the hand [scroll ; a little inventory
 Schedule, sêd'jôie, or skêd'jôie. *s.* a small
 Scheme, skême. *s.* a plan, design, a project
 Schemer, skê'mâr. *s.* a projector
 Schism, slzm. *s.* a separation or division in
 the church [from the true church
 Schismatick, slz'mâ-tik. *s.* one who separates
 Scholar, skôl'âr. *s.* a disciple, a man of let-
 Scholarship, skôl'âr-shîp. *s.* learning [ters
 Scholastic, skô-lâs'tik. *a.* pertaining to the
 school [tory notes
 Scholiast, skô'lê-âst. *s.* a writer of explana-
 Scholium, skô'lê-ûm. *s.* an explanatory ob-
 servation
 School, skôdl. *s.* a house of discipline and in-
 struction ; a place of literary education
 School, skôdl. *v. a.* to instruct, to train
 Schoolboy, skôdl'bôe. *s.* a boy that is in his
 rudiments at school [same school
 Schoolfellow, skôdl'fêl-lô. *s.* one bred at the
 Schoolman, skôdl'mân. *s.* one versed in aca-
 demical disputation [es in a school
 Schoolmaster, skôdl'mâ-stâr. *s.* one who teach-
 Schoolmistress, skôdl'mîs-trîs. *s.* a woman
 who governs a school
 Sciatica, sl-â'tê-kâ. } *s.* the hip gout
 Sciatick, sl-â'tik. }
 Sciatical, sl-â'tê-kâ! *a.* afflicting the hip
 Science, sl'ênsê. *s.* knowledge ; art attained
 by p-recepts, or built on principles
 Sciential, sl-ên'shâl. *a.* producing science
 Scientifical, sl-ên-tîf'fê-kâl. } *a.* producing
 Scientifick, sl-ên-tîf'fik. }
 denonstrative knowledge [convex edge
 Scimitar, slm'mê-târ. *s.* a short sword with
 Scintillation, sln-tîl-lâ'shûn. *s.* the act of
 sparkling [perforating
 Sciologist, sl'ô-llst. *s.* one who knows things sa
 Sciomachy, sl-ôm'mâ-kê. *s.* battle with a
 shadow
 Scion, sl'ûn. *s.* a small twig taken from one
 tree to be ingrafted into another
 Scirrhus, skl'r-rûs. *s.* an indurated gland
 Scirrhus, skl'r-rûs. *a.* having a gland indurated
 Scissible, sls'sê-bl } *a.* capable of being cut
 Scissile, sls sl. } or divided
 Scission, slzh'ûn. *s.* the act of cutting
 Scissors, slz'zûr. *s.* a small pair of shears
 Sissure, slzh'ûr. *s.* a crack, a rent [cule
 Scoff, skôf. *v. n.* to treat with insolent ridi-
 Scoff, skôf. *s.* contemptuous ridicule [scorner
 Scoffer, skôf'fâr. *s.* insolent ridiculer, saucy
 Scold, skôld. *v. n.* to quarrel clamorously
 Scold, skôld. *s.* a clamorous rude woman
 Scollop, skôl'lâp. *s.* a shell fish
 Sconce, skônse. *s.* a fort ; the head ; a pen-
 sile candlestick
 Sconce, skônse. *v. a.* to mulct, to fine
 Scoop, skôdp. *s.* a kind of large ladle
 Scoop, skôdp. *v. a.* to lade out
 Scope, skôpê. *s.* aim, intention, drift [scurvy
 Scorbutick, skôr bû'tik. *a.* diseased with the
 Scorch, skôrtsh. *v. a.* to burn superficially
 Score, skôre. *s.* a line drawn ; account kept ;
 debt ; motive ; twenty
 Score, skôre. *v. a.* to set down as a debt ; to
 impute ; to mark by a line
 Scoria, skô'rê-â. *s.* dross, excrement [ticus
 Scorious, skô'rê-ûs. *a.* drossy, re-ementi
 Scorn, skôrn. *v. a.* to despise
 Scorn, skôrn. *s.* contempt, scoff
 Scornful, skôrn'fûl. *a.* contemptuous, insolent
 Scornfully, skôrn'fûl-lê. *ad.* insolently
 Scorpion, skôr'pê-ûn. *s.* a reptile ; one of the
 signs of the zodiack ; a sea fish
 Scot, skôt. *s.* shot, payment [cisions
 Scotch, skôtsk. *v. a.* to cut with shallow in

nôr, nô't—tûbe, tûb, bû'l—ôll—pôund—thin, THIS.

- Scotch, skôtsh. *a.* belonging to Scotland
- Scoundrel, skôûn'drîl. *s.* a mean rascal
- Scour, skôûr. *v. a.* to rub hard; in order to clean the surface; to cleanse; to pass swiftly
ly [bing]
- Scourer, skôûr'ûr. *s.* one that cleans by rubbing
- Scourge, skûrje. *s.* a whip, a lash
- Scourge, skûrje. *v. a.* to lash with a whip; to castigate
- Scout, skôût. *s.* one who is sent privily to observe the motions of the enemy
- Scowl, skôûl. *v. n.* to frown, to look angry
- Scowl, skôûl. *s.* look of sullenness or discontent [hands]
- Scrabble, skrâb'bl. *v. n.* to paw with the
- Scrag, skrâg. *s.* any thing thin or lean
- Scraggy, skrâg'gê. *a.* lean, thin
- Scramble, skrâm'bl. *v. n.* to catch eagerly; to climb by the help of the hands
- Scramble, skrâm'bl. *s.* eager contest for something
- Scrambler, skrâm'bl-ûr. *s.* one that scrambles
- Scranch, skrânsh. *v. a.* to grind between the
- Scrap, skrâp. *s.* a small particle [teeth]
- Scrape, skrâpe. *v. a.* to deprive of the surface by the light action of a sharp instrument; to take away by scraping
- Scrape, skrâpe. *s.* difficulty, distress
- Scraper, skrâ'pâr. *s.* instrument with which any thing is scraped; a miser; a vile siddler [to write or draw awkwardly]
- Scratch, skrâtsh. *v. a.* to tear with the nails;
- Scratch, skrâtsh. *s.* laceration with the nails; a slight wound [write unskilfully]
- Scrawl, skrâwl. *v. a.* to draw clumsily; to
- Scrawl, skrâwl. *s.* unskilful and inelegant writing
- Scream, skrêke. *v. n.* to make a shrill noise
- Scream, skrême. *v. n.* to cry out shrilly
- Scream, skrême. *s.* a shrill loud cry of terror or pain
- Screech, skrêêsh. *v. n.* to cry out as in terror or anguish; to cry as an owl [ter]
- Screen, skrêén. *s.* any thing that affords shelter
- Screen, skrêén. *v. a.* to shelter
- Screw, skrôô. *s.* one of the mechanical powers; a kind of twisted nail which enters by turning
- screw, skrôô. *v. a.* to turn by a screw; to fasten with a screw
- Scrubble, skrîb'bl. *v. a.* to write without use or elegance
- Scribble, skrîb'bl. *s.* worthless writing
- Scribbler, skrîb'bl-ûr. *s.* a petty author
- Scribe, skrîbe. *s.* a writer
- Scrimp, skrîp. *s.* a small bag
- Scriptory, skrîp'tûr-ê. *a.* written
- Scriptural, skrîp'tshû-râ. *a.* contained in the Bible, biblical
- Scripture, skrîp'tshûre. *s.* the Bible [tracts]
- Scrivener, skrîv'nâr. *s.* one who draws contracts
- Scrofula, skrôf'û-lâ. *s.* a deprivation of the humours of the body, which breaks out in sores commonly called the king's evil
- Scrofulous, skrôf'û-lâs. *a.* diseased with the scrofula
- Scroll, skrôle. *s.* a writing rolled up
- Scrub, skrâb. *v. a.* to rub hard with something coarse and rough
- Scrub, skrâb. *s.* a mean fellow
- Scrubbed, skrâb'bid. } *a.* mean, vile
- Scrubby, skrâb'bé. }
- Scruple, skrôô'pl. *s.* doubt; twenty grains
- Scruple, skrôô'pl. *v. n.* to doubt, to hesitate
- Scrupulosity, skrôô-pû-lôs-ê-tê. *s.* minute and nice doubtfulness; tenderness of conscience [cautions]
- Scrupulous, skrôô'pû-lâs. *a.* nicely doubtful,
- Scrupulousness, skrôô'pû-lâs-nês. *s.* the state of being scrupulous [inquiry]
- Scrutable, skrôô'tâ-bl. *a.* discoverable by
- Scrutinous, skrôô'tîn-ûs. *a.* captious, full of inquiries [animation]
- Scrutiny, skrôô'tê-nê. *s.* inquiry, search, examination
- Scrutinize, akrôô'tîn-ize. *v. a.* to search, to examine [for writing]
- Scrutoire, skrôô-tôre'. *s.* a case of drawers
- Scud, skûd. *v. n.* to fly, to run away with precipitation [affected precipitation]
- Scuddle, skû'd-dl. *v. n.* to run with a kind of Skuffle, skûf'fl. *s.* a confused quarrel
- Scuffle, zkû'fl. *v. n.* to fight confusedly
- Sculk, skûlk. *v. n.* to lurk in hiding places
- Skull, skûl. *s.* the bone which incases and defends the brain, a small boat
- Sculler, skûl'ûr. *s.* a boat in which there is but one rower
- Scullery, skûl'ûr-ê. *s.* the place where kettles, or dishes, are cleaned [servant]
- Scullion, skûl'yûn. *s.* the lowest domestics

Fâte, fâr, fâh, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nô, môve,

Sculptile, skûlp'tîl. <i>s.</i> made by carving	Seam, sême. <i>s.</i> wha' joins two pieces togeth er; a scar
Sculptor, skûlp'tûr. <i>s.</i> a carver	Seam, sême. <i>v. a.</i> to join together; to scar
Sculpture, skûlp'tshûre. <i>s.</i> carved work	Seamless, sême'lês. <i>a.</i> having no seam
Scum, skûm. <i>s.</i> that which rises to the top of any liquor; dross	Sear, sêre. <i>a.</i> dry
Scum, skûm. <i>v. a.</i> to clear off the scum	Sear, sêre. <i>v. a.</i> to burn
Scurf, skûrf. <i>s.</i> a kind of dry scab; any thing sticking on the surface	Searchcloth, sêrê'klôth. <i>s.</i> a plaster
Scurfiness, skûrf'ê-nês. <i>s.</i> the state of being	Search, sêrtsh. <i>v. a.</i> to examine, to explore
Scurrility, skûr'rl'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> low abuse	Search, sêrtsh. <i>s.</i> inquiry; quest
Scurrilous, skûr'rl-ûs. <i>a.</i> grossly opprobri- scurlously, skûr'vê-lê. <i>ad.</i> vilely, basely	Searcher, sêrtsh'ûr. <i>s.</i> examiner, inquirer
Scurvy, skûr'vê. <i>s.</i> a distemper	Season, sê'zn. <i>s.</i> one of the four parts of the year; a fit time
Scurvy, skûr'vê. <i>a.</i> diseased with the scurvy; worthless, contemptible	Season, sê'zn. <i>v. a.</i> to give a relish to; to ma- [ture
Scut, skût. <i>s.</i> the tail of a hare, &c.	Seasonable, sê'zn-â-bl. <i>a.</i> opportune
Scutcheon, skûtsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> the shield represent- ed in heraldry	Seasonably, sê'zn-â-blê. <i>ad.</i> properly with respect to time
Scuttle, skût'tl. <i>s.</i> a wide shallow basket;	Seasoning, sê'zn-îng. <i>s.</i> that which is addèd to any thing to give it a relish
Scuttle, skût'tl. <i>v. n.</i> to run with affected pre- cipitation	Seat, sête. <i>s.</i> a chair; tribunal; mansion
Sea, sê. <i>s.</i> the ocean; a collection of water	Seat, sête. <i>v. a.</i> to place on seats
Seaborn, sê'bôrn. <i>a.</i> born of the sea	Seaward, sê'wârd. <i>ad.</i> towards the sea
Seaboy, sê'bôê. <i>s.</i> boy employed on shipboard	Secant, sê'kânt. <i>s.</i> geometrical line
Seabreeze, sê'brêze. <i>s.</i> wind blowing from the sea	Secede, sê-sêêd'. <i>v. a.</i> to withdraw from fel- lowship
Seacoal, sê'kôle. <i>s.</i> coal brought to London	Secession, sê-sêsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> the act of withdraw [ing from
Seacoast, sê-kôste. <i>s.</i> shore, edge of the sea	Seclude, sê-klûdê'. <i>v. a.</i> to confine from, to ex- clude
Seafaring, sê'sâ-rîng. <i>a.</i> travelling by sea	Second, sêk'kûnd. <i>a.</i> next to the first
Seafight, sê-fîte. <i>s.</i> battle of ships	Second, sêk'kûnd. <i>s.</i> one who accompani- es another in a duel, to direct or defend him; the sixtieth part of a minute
Seagirt, sê'gêrt. <i>a.</i> encircled by the sea	Second, sêk'kûnd. <i>v. a.</i> to support, to assist; to follow in the next place
Seagreen, sê'grêên. <i>a.</i> resembling the colour of the distant sea	Secondary, sêk'kûn-dâ-rê. <i>a.</i> not primary
Seaman, sê'mân. <i>s.</i> a sailor, a navigator	Secondary, sêk'kûn-dâ-rê. <i>s.</i> a delegate, a deputy
Seamymph, sê-nîmf'. <i>s.</i> a goddess of the sea	Secondly, sêk'kûnd-lê. <i>ad.</i> in the second place
Seapiece, sê'pêese. <i>s.</i> a picture representing any thing at sea	Secundrate, sêk'kûnd-râte. <i>s.</i> the second or- der in dignity or value
Seaport, sê'pôrt. <i>s.</i> a harbour	Secrecy, sê'krê-sê. <i>s.</i> privacy; close silence
Searoom, sê'rôôm. <i>s.</i> open sea, spacious main	Secret, sê'krît. <i>a.</i> not revealed; private
Seashore, sê-shôre'. <i>s.</i> the coast of the sea	Secret, sê'krît. <i>a.</i> faithful to a secret intrusted
Seasick, sê'sîk. <i>a.</i> sick, as new voyagers on the sea	Secret, sê'krît. <i>s.</i> a thing unknown
Seaterm, sê'têrm. <i>s.</i> word of art used by sea-	Secretariship, sêk'krê-tâ-rê-shîp. <i>s.</i> the offic- e of a secretary
Seawater, sê'wâ-tûr. <i>s.</i> the salt water of the	Secretary, sêk'krê-tâ-rê. <i>s.</i> one who writes [for another
Seal, sêle. <i>s.</i> the sea-calf	Secrete, sê-krête'. <i>v. a.</i> to hide; to separate
Seal, sêle. <i>s.</i> a stamp; the impression made in wax	Secretion, sê-krê'shûn. <i>s.</i> separation of the animal juices; the fluid secreted
Seal, sêle. <i>v. a.</i> to fasten with a seal; to con-	Secretitious, sêk-rê-tsh'ûs. <i>a.</i> parted by [natural secretion
Sealingwax: sê'îng-wâks. <i>s.</i> hard wax used to seal letters	

nér, nôr—tâbe, tâb, bûll—ôll—pôând—thin, THIS.

- Secretly, sê'krît-lê. *ad.* privately [tenets]
 Sect, sêkt. *s.* a body of men united in some
 Sectary, sêk'tâ-rê. *s.* one who joins with those
 distinguished by some particular whims
 Sectarer, sêk-tâ'rûr. *s.* a follower, a disciple
 Section, sêk'shûn. *s.* the act of cutting : a
 part divided from the rest ; a distinct part
 or a writing or book
 Sector, sêk'tûr. *s.* a mathematical instrument
 Secular, sêk'kû-lâr. *a.* not spiritual, relating
 to affairs of the present world
 Secularize, sêk'kû-lâ-rîze. *v. a.* to convert to
 common use
 Secundine, sêk'kûn-dlne. *s.* the membrane in
 which the embryo is wrapped
 Secure, sê-kûrê'. *a.* free from fear, easy
 Secure, sê-kûrê'. *v. a.* to make certain ; to
 Securely, sê-kûrê'lê. *ad.* safely [make fast
 Security, sê-kûrê-tê. *s.* freedom from fear ;
 confidence ; protection
 Sedan, sê-dân'. *s.* a kind of portable chair
 Sedate, sê-dâte'. *a.* calm, serene
 Sedately, sê-dâte'lê. *ad.* calmly
 Sedateness, sê-dâte'nês. *s.* calmness
 Sedentariness, sê'dên-tâ-rê-nês. *s.* inactivity
 Sedentary, sê'dên-tâ-rê. *a.* passed in sitting
 still ; inactive
 Sedge, sêdje. *s.* a narrow flag [flags
 Sedy, sêd'jê. *a.* overgrown with narrow
 Sediment, sêd'ê-mênt. *s.* that which settles at
 the bottom [tion
 Sedition, sê-dîsh'ûn. *s.* a tumult, an insurrec-
 tion
 Seditious, sê-dîsh'ûs. *a.* factious with tumult
 Seditiousness, sê-dîsh'ûs-nês. *s.* disposition to
 sedition
 Seduce, sê-dûsê'. *v. a.* to draw aside, to tempt
 Seducement, sê-dûsê'mênt. *s.* practice of se-
 duction [a corrupter
 Seducer, sê-dû'sûr. *s.* one who draws aside ;
 Seduction, sê-dûk'shûn. *s.* the act of seducing
 Sedulity, sê-dû'lê-tê. *s.* industry
 Sedulous, sêd'û lûs. *a.* assiduous [dustury
 Sedulousness, sêd'û-lûs-nês. *s.* assiduity, in-
 dustry
 See, sê. *s.* the diocese of a bishop
 See, sêc. *v. a.* to perceive by the eye
 See, sêc. *int.* lo ! look !
 Seed, sêed. *s.* the organized particle produ-
 ced by plants and animals, from which new
 plants and animals are generated ; pro-
 geny
 Seed, sêed. *v. n.* to grow to perfect maturity
 so as to shed the seed
 Seedtime, sêed'tîme. *s.* the season of sowing
 Seedling, sêed'îng. *s.* a young plant
 Seedsman, sêedz'mân. *s.* a sower, he that
 deals in seeds
 Seedy, sêed'ê. *a.* abounding with seed
 Seeing, sêe'îng. *s.* sight, vision
 Seeing, sêe'îng. *ad.* since, it being so that
 Seek, sêek. *v. a. pret.* sought ; *part. pass*
sought. to look for : to solicit
 Seeker, sêek'ûr. *s.* one who seeks, an inquirer
 Seel, sêel. *v. a.* to close the eyes [blance
 Seem, sêem. *v. n.* to appear ; to have seem-
 ing
 Seeming, sêem'îng. *s.* appearance
 Seemingly, sêem'îng-lê. *ad.* in show
 Seemliness, sêem'lê-nês. *s.* comeliness
 Seemly, sêem'lê. *a.* decent, fit
 Seen, sêen. *a.* skilled, versed
 Seer, sêér. *s.* a prophet
 Seesaw, sêe'sâw. *s.* reciprocating motion
 Seesaw, sêe'sâw. *v. n.* to move with a reciprocating
 motion
 Seeth, sêéth. *v. a.* to boil [cating motion
 Segment, sêg'mênt. *s.* a piece cut off
 Segregate, sêg'grê-gâte. *v. a.* to set apart
 Segregation, sêg'grê-gâ'shûn. *s.* separation
 from others [large powers
 Seigneurial, sê-nû'rê-âl. *a.* invested with
 lordship
 Seigneur, sêne'yûr. *s.* a lord
 Seignior, sêne'yûr-rê. *s.* a lordship
 Seine, sêne. *s.* a net used in fishing
 Seize, sêze. *v. a.* to take possession of, to
 grasp, to lay hold of
 Seizin, sê'zîn. *s.* the act of taking possession ;
 the things possessed [the thing seized
 Seizure, sê zhûre. *s.* the action of seizing ;
 the thing seized
 Seldom, sêldûm. *ad.* rarely
 Select, sê-lêkt'. *v. a.* to choose in preference
 Select, sê lêkt'. *a.* nicely chosen, choice
 Selection, sê-lêk'shûn. *s.* the act of choosing
 Self, sêlf. *pron. plur.* selves. one's own person
 Selfish, sêlf'îsh. *a.* attentive only to one's own
 interest, void of regard for others
 Selfishness, sêlf'îsh-nês. *s.* self-love
 Self-same, sêlf'sâme. *a.* numerically the same
 Sell, sêl. *v. a.* to give for a price
 Seller, sêl'lâr. *s.* the person that sells
 Selvage, sêl'vidje. *s.* the edge of cloth where
 it is closed by complicating the threads
 Selves, sê z. the plur. of self

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, plu—no, nôve,

Scmblance, sêm'blânse. <i>s.</i> likeness, similitude	Senseless, sên's'îés. <i>a.</i> wanting sense
Semble, sêm'bl. <i>v. n.</i> to represent	Senselessness, sên's'îés-nês. <i>s.</i> folly, absurdity
Semiannular, sêm-mê-ân'û-lâr. <i>a.</i> half round	Sensibility, sên-sê-blî'ê-té. <i>s.</i> quickness of sensation
Semibrief, sêm'mê-brêf. <i>s.</i> a note in music	Sensible, sên'sê-bl. <i>a.</i> perceptible by the senses; having moral perception; convinced
Semicircle, sêm'mê-sêr-kl. <i>s.</i> a half-circle	Sensibly, sên'sê-blê. <i>ad.</i> perceptibly to the senses; with perception of either mind or body
Semicircular, sêm-mê-sêr'kû-lâr. <i>a.</i> half round	Sensitively, sên'sê-tîv. <i>a.</i> having sense of perception, but not reason
Semicolon, sêm-mê-kô'lôn. <i>s.</i> half a colon, a point made thus [;] (diameter)	Sensorium, sên-sô-rê-âm. <i>s.</i> organ of sensation
Semidiameter, sêm-mê-dî-ân'ê-târ. <i>s.</i> half a diameter	Sensual, sên shû-âl. <i>a.</i> carnal, not spiritual, lewd (corporeal pleasures)
Semifluid, sêm-mê-flû'id. <i>a.</i> imperfectly fluid	Sensualist, sên'shû-âl-îst. <i>s.</i> one devoted to sensual pleasures
Semilunar, sêm-mê-lû'nâr. <i>a.</i> resembling in form a half moon	Sensuality, sên-shû-âl'ê-té. <i>s.</i> addiction to corporeal pleasures (sensual pleasures)
Semimetal, sêm'mê-mêt-tl. <i>s.</i> imperfect metal	Sensualize, sên'shû-âl-lîze. <i>v. a.</i> to sink to sensuality
Seminal, sêm'ê-nâl. <i>a.</i> belonging to seed; radical	Sensually, sên'shû-âl-lê. <i>ad.</i> in a sensual manner
Seminary, sêm'ê-nâ-rê. <i>s.</i> the ground where any thing is sown to be afterwards transplanted; place of education (seed)	Sent, sênt. <i>the part. pass. of send</i> (manner)
Seminifick, sêm-ê-nîf'îk. <i>a.</i> productive of seed	Sentence, sên'tênsê. <i>s.</i> determination; a short paragraph (ment on any one)
Semipellucid, sêm-mê-pê-lû'sîd. <i>a.</i> half clear, imperfectly transparent (imperfectly clear)	Sentence, sên'tênsê. <i>v. a.</i> to pass the last judgment
Semperspicuous, sêm-mê-pêr-spl'û-ûs. <i>a.</i> conspicuous	Sententious, sên-tên'shûs. <i>a.</i> short and energetic (king brevity)
Semiquaver, sêm'mê-kwâ-vêr. <i>s.</i> a note containing half the quantity of the quaver	Sententiously, sên-tên'shûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> with strictness
Semivowel, sêm'mê-vô'û-îl. <i>s.</i> a consonant which has an imperfect sound of its own	Sentient, sên'shê-ênt. <i>a.</i> having perception
Sempiternal, sêm-pê-têr'nâl. <i>a.</i> eternal	Sentiment, sên'tê-mênt. <i>s.</i> thought; a striking sentence in a composition
Sempiternity, sêm-pê-têr'nê-tê. <i>s.</i> future duration without end (by her needle)	Sentinel, sên'tê-nêl. } <i>s.</i> a watch; guard
Tempstress, sêm'strêss. <i>s.</i> a woman who lives six (lors)	Sentry, sên'trê. }
Senary, sên'nâ-rê. <i>a.</i> belonging to the number six	Separable, sêp'pâr-â-bl. <i>a.</i> possible to be disjoined from something (disjoin)
Senate, sên'nât. <i>s.</i> an assembly of counsellors	Separate, sêp'pâr-â-tê. <i>v. a.</i> to disunite, to divide from
Senator, sên'nâ-tûr. <i>s.</i> a public counsellor	Separate, sêp'pâr-â-t. <i>a.</i> divided from
Senatorial, sên'nâ-tô-rê-âl. } belonging to	Separately, sêp'pâr-â-t-lê. <i>ad.</i> singly, distinctly (divorce)
Senatorian, sên'nâ-tô-rê-ân. } <i>a.</i> senators	Separation, sêp'pâr-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> disjunction
Send, sênd. <i>v. a.</i> to despatch; to emit; to diffuse	Sept, sêpt. <i>s.</i> a clan, a race, a generation
Senescence, sê-nês'sênsê. <i>s.</i> decay by time	September, sêp-tê'm'bâr. <i>s.</i> the ninth month of the year
Seneschal, sên'nês-kâl. <i>s.</i> a sort of steward	Septenary, sêp'tên-âr-ê. <i>a.</i> consisting of seven
Senile, sê'ûlle. <i>a.</i> belonging to old age, consequent on old age	Septennial, sêp'tên-nê-âl. <i>a.</i> lasting seven years
Senior, sê-nê-âr. <i>s.</i> one older than another	Septentrion, sêp'tên-trê-ûn. <i>s.</i> the north (years)
Seniority, sê-nê-ôr'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> eldership, priority	Septentrionate, sêp'tên-trê-ô-nâ-tê. <i>v. n.</i> to tend northerly (duce putrefaction)
Seannight, sên'nî't. <i>s.</i> a week (of birth)	Septical, sêp'tê-kâl. <i>a.</i> having power to produce
Sensation, sên-sâ shûn. <i>s.</i> perception by means of the senses	Septilateral, sêp-tê-lâ'têr-âl. <i>a.</i> having seven sides (sisting of seventy)
Sense, sênsê. <i>s.</i> faculty or power by which external objects are perceived; perception; understanding; opinion; meaning	Septuagesimal, sêp'thû-â-jê'sê-mâl. <i>a.</i> con-

nôr, nô-t—tâbe, tâb, bûll—ôl—pôund—thin, thin.

- Septuagint, sêp'tishâ-â-jînt. *s.* the old Greek version of the Old Testament, supposed the work of seventy-two interpreters
- Septuple, sêp-tû-pl. *a.* seven times as much
- Sepulchral, sê-pûl'k-râl. *a.* relating to burial
- Sepulchre, sê-pûl'kâr. *s.* a grave, a tomb
- Sepulchre, sê-pûl'kâr. *v. a.* to bury, to entomb
- Sepulture, sêp'pûl-tûre. *s.* interment, burial
- Sequacious, sê-kwâ-shûs. *a.* following; pliant
- Sequacity, sê-kwâs'é-tê. *s.* ductility, toughness
- Sequel, sê'kwêl. *s.* conclusion
- Sequence, sê'kwênsê. *s.* order of succession
- Sequent, sê'kwênt. *a.* following
- Sequester, sê-kwê's-târ. *v. a.* to put aside; to deprive of possessions
- Sequestrable, sê-kwê's-trâ-bl. *a.* capable of separation
- Sequestration, sêk-wê's-trâ'shûn. *s.* separation; deprivation of profits
- Seraglio, sê-râl'y-ô. *s.* a house of women kept for debauchery
- Seraph, sêr'ráf. *s.* one of the orders of angels
- Seraphical, sê-ráf'fê-kâl. } *a.* angelical
- Seraphick, sê-ráf'fik. }
- Seraphim, sêr-râ'flm. *s.* angels of one of the heavenly orders
- Sere, sêre. *a.* dry, withered
- Serenade, sêr-ê-nâde'. *s.* musick with which ladies are entertained by their lovers in the night
- Serenade, sêr-ê-nâde'. *v. a.* to entertain with
- Serene, sê-rêne'. *a.* calm, placid
- Serenely, sê-rêne'lê. *ad.* calmly, quietly
- Serenity, sê-rêny'ne-tê. *s.* calmness
- Serge, sêrdje. *s.* a kind of cloth
- Sergeant, sâr'jânt. *s.* a petty officer in the army; a lawyer of the highest rank under a judge
- Series, sê-rê-êz. *s.* sequence; succession
- Serious, sê-rê-ûs. *a.* grave, solemn
- Seriously, sê-rê-ûs-lê. *ad.* gravely, solemnly
- Seriousness, sê-rê-ûs-nês. *s.* gravity, solemnity
- Sermon, sêr'mûn. *s.* a pious discourse
- Sermonize, sêr'mûn-ize. *v. n.* to preach or give instruction in a formal manner
- Serous, sê-rûs. *a.* thin, watery
- Serpent, sêr'pênt. *s.* an animal that moves by undulation without legs
- Serpentine, sêr'pên-tûe. *a.* winding like a serpent
- Serpiginous, sêr-pl'd'jê'nûs. *a.* diseased with
serpigo
- Serpigo, sêr-pî-gô, or sêr-pé'gô. *s.* a kind of letter
- Serrate, sêr'râte } *a.* formed with jagged
- Serrated, sêr'râ-têd. } like the edge of a saw
- Servant, sêr'vânt. *s.* one who attends another and acts at his command
- Serve, sêrv. *v. a.* to attend at command; to supply with any thing; to promote
- Service, sêr'vîs. *s.* office of a servant; profession of respect; obedience; military duty; use; advantage; course, order of dishes
- Serviceable, sêr'vîs-â-bl. *a.* active; useful
- Serviceableness, sêr'vîs-â-bl-nês. *s.* activity;
- Servile, sêr'vîl. *a.* slavish, mean
- Servilely, sêr'vîl-lê. *ad.* meanly
- Servility, sêr-vîl'ô-tê. *s.* slavishness
- Servitor, sêr've-tûr. *s.* attendant; one of the lowest order in the university
- Servitude, sêr've-tûde. *s.* slavery, dependence;
- Sess, sês. *s.* rate, tax
- Session, sêsh'ûn. *s.* the act of setting; an assembly of magistrates or senators
- Set, sêt. *v. a. pret. set part. pass. set.* to place to fit; to adjust, to plant; to embarrass
- Set, sêt. *part. a.* regular, not lax
- Set, sêt. *s.* a number of things suited to each other
- Setaceous, sê-tâ'shûs. *a.* bristly
- Seton, sê'tn. *s.* an issue in the neck
- Settee, sêt-têe'. *s.* a long seat with a back
- Setter, sêt'târ. *s.* one who sets; a dog
- Settle, sêt'tl. *s.* a bench
- Settle, sêt'tl. *v. a.* to fix; to establish; to determine; to compose
- Settle, sêt'tl. *v. n.* to subside; to lose motion or fermentation; to establish a domestic state; to make a jointure for a wife
- Settlement, sêt'tl-mênt. *s.* a jointure granted to a wife, subsidence, act of quitting a roving for a domestick life; a colony, a place where a colony is established
- Seven, sêv'vn. *a.* four and three
- Sevenfold, sêv'vn-fôld. *a.* repeated seven times
- Sevennight, sêv'nî't. *s.* a week
- Seventeen, sêv'vn-têên. *a.* seven and ten
- Seventh, sêv'vnth. *a.* the ordinal of seven
- Seventhly, sêv'vnth-lê. *ad.* in the seventh place
- Seventy, sêv'vn-tê. *a.* seven times ten

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—me, mêt—pinc, plu—nò, mòve,

- Sever, sêv'vâr. *v. a.* to part by violence; to dis-
unite
- Several, sêv'ûr-âl. *a.* distinct; divers, many
- Severally, sêv'ûr-âl-ê. *ad.* distinctly
- Severe, sé-vère'. *a.* sharp; cruel; rigid
- Severely, sé-vère'lê. *ad.* painfully, afflictively
- Severity, sé-vêr'ê-tê. *s.* cruel treatment; ri-
gour {a needle
- Sew sô. *v. a.* to join by threads drawn with
sewer, sô'ûr. *s.* he or she that uses a needle
- Sewer, snôre. *s.* a passage for foul or useless
water [mal is male or female
- Sex, sêks. *s.* the property by which any ani-
Sexagenary, sêks-âd'jên-âr-ê. *a.* aged sixty
years [Sunday before Lent
- Sexagesima, sêks-â-jês'sê-mâ. *s.* the second
- Sexagesimal, sêks-â-jês'sê-mâl. *a.* sixtieth
- Sexangular, sêks-âng'gû-lâr. *a.* having six
angles
- Sexennial, sêks-ên'nê-âl. *a.* lasting six years
- Sextant, sêks'tânt. *s.* the sixth part of a cir-
cle [grees
- Sextile, sêks'tîl. *a.* at the distance of sixty de-
Sexton, sêk'tûn. *s.* an officer of the church
- Sextuple, sêks'tû-pl. *a.* sixfold
- Shabbily, shâb'bê-lê. *ad.* meanly, despicably
- Shabbiness, shâb'bê-nês. *s.* meanness
- Shabby, shâb'bê. *a.* mean, paltry
- Shackle, shâk'kl. *v. a.* to chain, to fetter
- Shackles, shâk'klz. *s.* fetters, chains
- Shade, shâde. *s.* obscurity; screen; unbrage;
shelter; a colour; a spirit [heat; to shelter
- Shade, shâde. *v. a.* to cover from the light or
- Shadiness, shâ'dê-nês. *s.* unbrageousness
- Shadow, shâd'dô. *s.* shade; dark part of a
picture; faint representation, type
- Shadow, shâd'dô. *v. a.* to cloud; to screen;
to represent typically
- Shady, shâ'dê. *a.* full of shade
- Shaft, shâft. *s.* a narrow; a deep perpendic-
ular pit; the spire of a church [cloth
- Shag, shâg. *s.* rough woolly hair; a kind of
- Shagged, shâg'gêd. }
shaggy, shâg'gê. } *a.* hairy; rough, rugged
- Shagreen, shâ-grêen'. *s.* the skin of a kind of
fish; or skin made rough in imitation of it
- Shake, shâke. *v. a. pret. shook; part. pass.*
shakox. or shook. to put into a vibrating mo-
tion; to make to totter or tremble; to make
afraid
- Shake, shâke. *v. n.* to tremble; to be in ter-
ror [and received
- Shake, shâke. *s.* concussion; motion given
- Shalloon, shâl'lôdn'. *s.* a slight woollen stuff
- Shallop, shâl'lôp. *s.* a small boat
- Shallow, shâl'lô. *a.* not deep; futile, silly
- Shallow, shâl'lô. *s.* a shelf, a shoal
- Shallowness, shâl'lô-nês. *s.* want of depth
want of thought
- Sham, shâm. *v. n.* to trick, to cheat
- Sham, shâm. *s.* fraud, trick, imposture
- Sham, shâm. *a.* false, counterfeit
- Shambles, shâm'blz. *s.* a butchery
- Shambling, shâm'bl-ing. *a.* moving awkward-
ly and irregularly
- Shame, shâme. *s.* disgrace, ignominy
- Shame, shâme. *v. a.* to disgrace
- Shamefaced, shâme'fâste. *a.* modest, bashful
- Shameful, shâme'fâl. *a.* disgraceful
- Shamefully, shâme'fûl-ê. *ad.* disgracefully
- Shameless, shâme'lês. *a.* impudent
- Shamelessly, shâme'lês-lê. *ad.* impudently,
audaciously, without shame
- Shank, shângk. *s.* that part of the leg which
reaches from the ankle to the knee
- Shape, shâpe. *v. a.* to form, to mould
- Shape, shâpe. *s.* form; make; idea
- Shapeless, shâpe'lês. *a.* wanting regularity
of form [form
- Shapeliness, shâpe'lê-lês. *s.* proportion of
- Shapely, shâpe'lê. *a.* well formed
- Shard, shârd. *s.* a fragment of an earthen
vessel; a plant; a sort of fish
- Share, shâre. *v. a.* to divide; to cut
- Share, shâre. *s.* part; dividend
- Sharer, shâ'rûr. *s.* one who divides; one who
participates [dy artful fellow
- Shark, shârk. *s.* a voracious sea-fish; a gree-
- Sharp, shârp. *a.* keen, piercing; inventive;
quick; shrill; sarcastick; hungry; painful;
vigilant [to point
- Sharpen, shârp'n. *v. a.* to make keen, to edge,
- Sharper, shârp'ûr. *s.* a petty thief [cutely
- Sharply, shârp'lê. *ad.* severely; keenly; a-
- Sharpness, shârp'nês. *s.* keenness; sourness,
ingenuity [desirous
- Sharp-set, shârp-sêt'. *a.* eager, vehemently
- Sharp-sighted, shârp-s'î-têd. *a.* having quick
sight [pieces; to dissipate
- Shatter, shâ'tûr. *v. a.* to break into many

uór, nót—tábe, táb, báll—óll—póund—thin, THIS.

Shave, sháve. <i>v. a. pret. shaved; part. pass. shaved or shaven.</i> to pare off with a razor; to cut in thin slices. [art of shaving]	Shepherdess, shép'púr-dés. <i>s.</i> a woman that tends sheep
Shaver, shá'vúr. <i>s.</i> a man that practises the Shaving, shá'v'g. <i>s.</i> a thin slice pared off from any body	Sherbet, shér-bét'. <i>s.</i> the juice of lemons or oranges mixed with water and sugar
She, shé. <i>pron.</i> the female pronoun demonstrative; the woman before mentioned	Sherd, shérd. <i>s.</i> the fragment of broken earthenware
Sheaf, shéfe. <i>s.</i> a bundle of stalks of corn bound together	Sheriff, shér'íf. <i>s.</i> an officer to whom is intrusted in each county the execution of the laws [diction of a sheriff]
Shear, shére. <i>v. a. pret. shorn or sheared; part. pass. shorn.</i> to clip or cut	Sheriffalty, shér'íf-ál-té. <i>s.</i> the office or jurisdiction
Shears, shérs. <i>s.</i> an instrument to cut, consisting of two blades moving on a pin	Sherry, shér'rè. <i>s.</i> a kind of Spanish wine
Sheath, shéth. <i>s.</i> the scabbard of a weapon	Shew.—See Show
Sheath, } shérn. <i>v. a.</i> to enclose in a sheath	Shield, shéld. <i>s.</i> a buckler; defence
Shed, shéd. <i>v. a.</i> to effuse, to spill	Shield, shéld. <i>v. a.</i> to defend, to protect
Shed, shéd. <i>s.</i> a slight temporary covering	Shift, shíft. <i>v. a.</i> to change, to alter; to transfer [tifice; evasion; a woman's linen]
Sheen, shéén. <i>s.</i> brightness, splendour	Shift, shít. <i>s.</i> expedient; last resource: artifice
Sheep, shéep. <i>s.</i> the animal that bears wool	Shifter, shít'úr. <i>s.</i> a man of artifice [ive]
Sheepcot, shéep'kót. <i>s.</i> a little enclosure for sheep [sheep are enclosed]	Shiftless, shít'lés. <i>a.</i> wanting means to act or
Sheepfold, shéep'fóld. <i>s.</i> the place where sheepish, shéep'ish. <i>a.</i> bashful, diffident	Shilling, shíl'íng. <i>s.</i> a silver coin, value twelve pence
Sheepishness, shéep'ish-nés. <i>s.</i> bashfulness	Shily, shí'le. <i>ad.</i> not frankly [pence]
Sheepshearing, shéep'shár-íng. <i>s.</i> the time of shearing sheep [look]	Shin, shín. <i>s.</i> the forepart of the leg
Sheep's-eye, shéeps'-í. <i>s.</i> a modest diffident	Shine, shíne. <i>v. n. pret. I shone, I have shone</i> sometimes <i>I shined, I have shined.</i> to glitter; to be splendid; to be propitious
Sheepwalk, shéep'wáwk. <i>s.</i> pasture for sheep	Shiness, shí'nés. <i>s.</i> unwillingness to be familiar
Sheer, shére. <i>a.</i> pure, clear	Shingle, shíng'gl. <i>s.</i> a thin board to cover houses
Sheet, shéét. <i>s.</i> linen of a bed; sail; as much paper as is made in one body; any thing expanded [about two shillings an sixpence]	Shingles, shíng'glz. <i>s.</i> a kind of tetter or herpes that spreads itself round the loins
Shekel, shék'kl. <i>s.</i> a Jewish coin, in value	Shiny, shí'ne. <i>a.</i> bright, lustrous
Shelf, shélf. <i>s.</i> a board fixed against a supporter, so that any thing may be placed upon it; a sandbank in the sea, a rock under shallow water	Ship, shíp. <i>s.</i> a large vessel made to pass over the sea with sails
Shell, shél. <i>s.</i> the hard covering of any thing, the external crust	Ship, shíp. <i>v. a.</i> to put into a ship
Shell, shéi. <i>v. a.</i> to take out of the shell	Shipping, shíp'píng. <i>s.</i> vessels of navigation
Shellfish, shél'físh. <i>s.</i> fish invested with a hard covering	Shipwreck, shíp'rék. <i>s.</i> the destruction of ships by rocks or shelves; destruction
Shelly, shél'le. <i>a.</i> abounding with shells	Shipwreck, shíp'rék. <i>v. a.</i> to destroy by crashing on rocks or shallows
Shelter, shél'tár. <i>s.</i> a cover from any external injury or violence; security	Shipwright, shíp'ríte. <i>s.</i> a builder of ships
Shelter, shél'tár. <i>v. a.</i> to defend, to protect	Shire, shére. <i>s.</i> a county [man]
Sheaving, shé'v'íng. <i>a.</i> sloping; inclining	Shirt, shúrt. <i>s.</i> the under linen garment of a man
Shepherd, shép'párd. <i>s.</i> one who tends sheep	Shirtless, shúrt'lés. <i>a.</i> wanting a shirt
	Slice, shíve. <i>s.</i> a slice, a thick splinter
	Shiver, shív'úr. <i>v. n.</i> to quake, to tremble
	Shiver, shív'úr. <i>s.</i> one fragment of many into which any thing is broken
	Shoal, shóle. <i>s.</i> a crowd, a sandbank
	Shoal, shóle. <i>a.</i> shallow, obstructed with banks
	Shoal, shóle. <i>a.</i> full of shoals

Fate, fār, fāll, fāt—mēt—pinc, pīn—nō, mōve,

- Shock**, shōk. *s.* concussion, external violence ; offence ; a pile of sheaves of corn
- Shock**, shōk. *v. a.* to shake by violence ; to offend, to disgust
- Shod**, shōd. *the pret. and part. pass. of to shoe.*
- Shoe**, shō. *s.* the cover of the foot
- Shoe**, shō. *v. a. pret. I shod ; part. pass. shod.* to fit the foot with a shoe
- Shoeboy**, shōd'bō. *s.* a boy that cleans shoes
- Shoemaker**, shōd'mā-kār. *s.* one who makes shoes
- Shog**, shōg. *s.* violent concussion [shoes]
- Shone**, -hōn. *the pret. of shine*
- Shook**, shōk. *the pret. of shake*
- Shoot**, shōt. *v. a. pret. shot ; part. shot or shot-ten.* to discharge from a bow or gun ; to let off ; to emit [quick pass]
- Shoot**, shōt. *v. n.* to germinate, to feel a
- Shoot**, shōt. *s.* a branch issuing from the main stock
- Shooter**, shōt'ūr. *s.* one that shoots
- Shop**, shōp. *s.* a place for sale or work
- Shopboard**, shōp'bōrd. *s.* bench on which any work is done [sells in a shop]
- Shopkeeper**, shōp'kēep-ūr. *s.* a trader who
- Shopman**, shōp'mān. *s.* one who serves in a shop [of a river ; a buttress]
- Shore**, shōr. *s.* the coast of the sea ; the bank
- Shore**, shōr. *v. a.* to prop, to support
- Shoreless**, shōr'lēs. *a.* having no coast
- Shorn**, shōrn. *the part. pass. of shear*
- Short**, shōrt. *a.* not long ; defective ; scanty ;
- Short**, shōrt. *ad.* not long [brittle]
- Shorten**, shōrt'n. *v. a.* to make short ; to contract
- Shorthand**, shōrt'hānd. *s.* a method of writing in compendious characters
- Shortly**, shōrt'lē. *ad.* quickly, briefly [short]
- Shortness**, shōrt'nēs. *s.* the quality of being
- Shortsighted**, shōrt-s'l'ēd. *a.* unable to see far
- Shot**, shōt. *the pret. and part. pass. of shoot*
- Shot**, shōt. *s.* the flight of a shot ; the small pellets for the charge of a gun ; a sum charged, a reckoning
- Shotten**, shōt'tn. *a.* having ejected the spawn
- Should**, shūd. *s.* a kind of auxiliary verb used in the subjunctive mood
- Shoulder**, shōld'ūr. *s.* the joint which connects the arm to the body ; the upper joint of the fore leg of a beast
- Shoulder**, shōld'ūr. *v. a.* to push with inviolence ; to put upon the shoulder [tation]
- Shout**, shōūt. *v. n.* to cry in triumph or exultation
- Shout**, shōūt. *s.* a loud and vehement cry of triumph or exultation [to rush against]
- Shove**, shūv. *v. a.* to push by main strength
- Shove**, shūv. *s.* the act of shoving, a push
- Shovel**, shūv'vl. *s.* an instrument consisting of a long handle and broad blade with raised edges [shove]
- Shovel**, shūv'vl. *v. a.* to throw or heap with a
- Show**, shō. *v. a. pret. showed and shown. part. pass. shown.* to exhibit to view ; to direct to teach [ance ; exhibition]
- Show**, shō. *s.* a spectacle ; external appearance
- Shower**, shōd'ūr. *s.* a fall of rain ; liberal distribution
- Shower**, shōd'ūr. *v. a.* to wet ; to pour down
- Showery**, shōd'ūr-ē. *a.* rainy
- Shrank**, shrānk. *the pret. of shrink*
- Shred**, shrēd. *v. a.* to cut into small pieces
- Shred**, shrēd. *s.* a small piece cut off ; a fragment
- Shrew**, shrōd. *s.* a peevish turbulent woman
- Shrewd**, shrōd. *a.* maliciously sly, cunning
- Shrewdly**, shrōd'lē. *ad.* mischievously ; sily
- Shrewdness**, shrōd'nēs. *s.* sly cunning, archness [to scream]
- Shriek**, shrēék. *v. n.* to cry out inarticulately ;
- Shriek**, shrēék. *s.* an inarticulate cry of anguish or horror [sound]
- Shrill**, shrīl. *a.* piercing or tremulous in
- Shrilly**, shrīl'lē. *ad.* with a shrill noise [shrill]
- Shrillness**, shrīl'nēs. *s.* the quality of being
- Shrimp**, shrīmp. *s.* a small shellfish ; a dwarf
- Shrine**, shrīne. *s.* a case in which something sacred is repositied
- Shrink**, shrīnk. *v. n. pret. shrank, or shrank, part. shrunken.* to contract itself into less room, to shrivel ; to fall back as from danger [lea]
- Shrivel**, shrīv'vl. *v. a.* to contract into wrinkles
- Shroud**, shrōūd. *s.* the dress of the dead ; sail-ropes
- Shroud**, shrōūd. *v. a.* to shelter, to cover
- Shrovetide**, shrōv'e'tīde. } *s.* the day
- Shrovetuesday**, shrōv'e-tūz'e'dē. } before Ash-wednesday
- Shrub**, shrūb. *s.* a small tree ; spirit, acid and sugar mixed

nór, nó-tábe, táb, báll—óll—póund—than, THIS.

Shrubby, shrúb'bè. <i>a.</i> full of shrubs	Sieve, sív. <i>s.</i> a bolter, a sarse
Shrug, shrág. <i>v. a.</i> to contract or draw up	Sift, síf. <i>v. a.</i> to separate by a sieve
Shrug, shrug. <i>s.</i> a motion of the shoulders usually expressing dislike	Sigh, síh. <i>v. n.</i> to enú.t the breath audibly
Shrunk, shrúnk. <i>the pret. and part. pass. of shrink</i>	Sigh, sí. <i>s.</i> a violent and audible emission of breath [ledge; eye; show]
Shrunken, shrúnk'kn. <i>the part. pass. of shrink</i>	Sight, síte. <i>s.</i> perception by the eye; know-
Shudder, shú'dúr. <i>v. a.</i> to quake with fear	Sightless, síte'lès. <i>a.</i> wanting sight
Shuffle, shú'fl. <i>v. a.</i> to throw into disorder; to change the position of cards	Sightly, sí'tlé. <i>a.</i> pleasing to the eye
Simile, shí'síl. <i>v. n.</i> to play mean tricks, to evade fair questions; to move with an irregular gait	Sign, síne. <i>s.</i> a token; a miracle; a constellation in the zodiac [seal]
Shuffle, shú'fl. <i>s.</i> a trick, an artifice [shuffles]	Sign, síne. <i>v. a.</i> to mark; to ratify by hand or
Shuffler, shú'fl-úr. <i>s.</i> he who plays tricks, or	Signal, síg'nál. <i>s.</i> a mark that gives notice
Shun, shún. <i>v. a.</i> to avoid, to decline	Signal, síg'nál. <i>a.</i> eminent, remarkable
Shut, shút. <i>v. a. pret. shut; part. pass. shut.</i>	Signalize, síg'nál-íze. <i>v. a.</i> to make eminent
to close; to bar; to contract	Signally, síg'nál-è. <i>ad.</i> eminently
Shut, shút. <i>part. a.</i> rid, clear	Signature, síg'ná-túre. <i>s.</i> a sign or mark impressed upon any thing, a stamp [a king]
Shutter, shát'tár. <i>s.</i> a cover, a door [ing]	Signet, síg'nèt. <i>s.</i> a seal: the seal-manuel of
Shuttle, shút'tl. <i>s.</i> an instrument used in weaving	Significance, síg-níf'fè-kán-sè. <i>s.</i> meaning
Shuttlecock, shút'tl-kók. <i>s.</i> a cork stuck with feathers, and beaten backward and forward	Significant, síg-níf'fè-kánt. <i>a.</i> expressive of something beyond the external mark: he-tokening; important [of expression]
Shy, shl. <i>a.</i> reserved; cautious	Significantly, síg-níf'fè-kánt-lè. <i>ad.</i> with force
Sibilation, síb-è-lá'shún. <i>s.</i> a hissing sound	Signification, síg-níf'fè-ká'shún. <i>s.</i> meaning expressed by a sign or word
Siccity, sík'sè-tè. <i>s.</i> want of moisture	Signify, síg'nè-fi. <i>v. a.</i> to mean; to import
Sick, sík. <i>a.</i> afflicted with disease	Signiory, séne'yò-rè. <i>s.</i> lordship, dominion
Sicken, sík'kn. <i>v. a.</i> to make sick [gusted]	Signpost, síne'pòst. <i>s.</i> that upon which a sign hangs [stillness]
Sicken, sík'kn. <i>v. n.</i> to grow sick; to be dis-	Silence, sí'lense. <i>s.</i> habitual taciturnity;
Sickle, sík'kl. <i>s.</i> a hook to cut corn	Silence, sí'lense. <i>int.</i> an authoritative restraint of speech [peace]
Sickness, sík'lè-nès. <i>s.</i> disposition to sickness	Silence, sí'lense. <i>v. a.</i> to st'ff, to oblige to hold
Sickly, sík'lè. <i>a.</i> not healthy; faint, languid	Silent, sí'lént. <i>a.</i> not speaking; still
Sickness, sík'nès. <i>s.</i> state of being diseased; malady	Silently, sí'lént-lè. <i>ad.</i> without speech; without noise
Side, síde. <i>s.</i> the part of animals fortified by the ribs; margin; party	Silicious, sé-lísh'ús. <i>a.</i> made of hair
Side, síde. <i>a.</i> lateral, oblique [a faction]	Silk, sílk. <i>s.</i> the thread of the silk worm; the stuff made of the worm's thread
Side, síde. <i>v. n.</i> to take a party, to engage in	Silken, sílk'kn. <i>a.</i> made of silk
Sideboard, síde'bórd. <i>s.</i> a side-table for conveniences [front, not direct]	Silkmercer, sílk'inèr-sár. <i>s.</i> a dealer in silk
Sidelong, síde'lóng. <i>a.</i> lateral, oblique, not in	Silkweaver, sílk'wè-vár. <i>s.</i> one who weaves silken stuffs [sil.]
Sidelong, síde'lóng. <i>ad.</i> laterally, obliquely	Silkworm, sík'wórm. <i>s.</i> the worm that spins
Sideral, síd'èd-ál. <i>a.</i> stary, astral	Silky, sík'è. <i>a.</i> made of silk; soft, pliant
Sideration, síd-èd-á'shún. <i>s.</i> a blast, sudden deprivation of sense [horseback]	Sill, síll. <i>s.</i> the timber or stone at the foot of the door
Sidesaddle, síde'sád-dl. <i>s.</i> a woman's seat on	Sillabub, síllá-búb. <i>s.</i> a mixture of milk warf from the cow with wine, sugar, &c
Sidesman, síd'z'mán. <i>s.</i> an assistant to the churchwardens	Silliness, síll'è-nès. <i>s.</i> simplicity
Sideways, síde'wáze. } <i>ad.</i> on one side	
Sidewize, síde'wíze. } [place]	
Siege, séjé. <i>s.</i> the act of besetting a fortified	

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—iné, mêt—plne, plu—nò, môve,

Silly, sil'lè <i>a.</i> artless; foolish; witless	Single, slug'gl. <i>a.</i> alone; unmarried
Silver, sil'vâr. <i>s.</i> a white and hard metal	Single, slug'gl. <i>v.</i> <i>a.</i> to choose out from a mong others; to separate
Silver, sil'vâr. <i>a.</i> made of silver	Singly, slug'glè. <i>ad.</i> individually, particularly
Silver, sil'vâr. <i>v. a.</i> to cover superficially with silver; to adorn with mild lustre	Singular, slug'gû-lâr. <i>a.</i> single; alone
Silversmith, sil'vâr-smîth. <i>s.</i> one that works in silver [resemblance]	Singularity, slug'gû-lâr'é-té. <i>s.</i> any thing re- markable; a curiosity
Similar, sim'é-lâr. <i>a.</i> homogeneous, having	Singularly, slug'gû-lâr-lé. <i>ad.</i> particularly
Similarity, sim'é-lâr'é-té. <i>s.</i> likeness	Sinister, sin'is-târ. <i>a.</i> on the left hand; bad unfair; unlucky
Simile, sim'é-lé. <i>s.</i> a comparison by which any thing is illustrated [blance]	Sink, singk. <i>v. n. pret. sunk; part. sunk or</i> <i>sunken.</i> to fall down through any medium; to fall gradually; to fall into rest or indo- lence; to tend to ruin
Similitude, sé-mil'é-tûde. <i>s.</i> likeness, resem-	Sink, singk. <i>s.</i> a drain, a jakes
Simmer, sim'mâr. <i>v. n.</i> to boil gently	Sinless, sin'lès. <i>a.</i> exempt from sin
Simony, sim'ûn-é. <i>s.</i> the crime of buying or selling church preferment	Sinner, sin'nâr. <i>s.</i> one at enmity with God; an offender [sacrifice for sin]
Simper, sim'pâr. <i>v. n.</i> to smile foolishly	Sinotfering, sin'ôf-fâr-ing. <i>s.</i> an expiation or
Simple, sim'pl. <i>a.</i> plain, artless; silly	Sinoper, sin'ô-pâr. <i>s.</i> a species of earth, rud- dle
Simple, sim'pl. <i>s.</i> a single ingredient in a medicine, a drug, an herb	Sinuous, sin'yû-ûs. <i>a.</i> bending in and out
Simpleton, sim'pl-tûn. <i>s.</i> a silly mortal	Sinus, sin'ûs. <i>s.</i> a bay of the sea; fold or opening [quid in at the mouth]
Simplicity, sim-pil's'é-té. <i>s.</i> plainness, artles-	Sip, slp. <i>v. a.</i> to take a small quantity of li-
ness	Sip, slp. <i>s.</i> a small quantity of liquid taken in at the mouth [quors are conveyed]
Simplify, sim'plé-fl. <i>v. a.</i> to make less com- plex; to reduce to first principles	Siphon, sl'fûn. <i>s.</i> a pipe through which li-
Simply, sim'plé. <i>ad.</i> without art; of itself	Sippet, slp'pît. <i>s.</i> a small sop
Simulation, sim-û-lâ shûn. <i>s.</i> that part of hy- pocrisy which pretends that to be which is not	Sir, sâr. <i>s.</i> the word of respect in compella- tion; the title of a knight or baronet
Sin, sin. <i>s.</i> an act against the laws of God	Sire, slre. <i>s.</i> a father
Sin, sin. <i>v. n.</i> to violate the laws of religion	Siren, sl'rèn. <i>s.</i> a fabulous goddess who en- ticed men by singing, and devoured them
Since, slnse. <i>ad.</i> because that; before this	Sirius, sl'rè-ûs. <i>s.</i> the dog-star
Sincere, sin-sère'. <i>a.</i> pure; honest, undissem- bling [hypocrisy]	Sirrah, sâr'râ. <i>s.</i> a compellation of reproach
Sincerely, sin-sère'lé. <i>ad.</i> honestly, without	Sirup, sâr'rûp. <i>s.</i> the juice of vegetables boil- ed with sugar
Sincerity, sin-sèr'ô-té. <i>s.</i> honesty of intention, purity of mind	Sister, sls'târ. <i>s.</i> a woman born of the same parents; one of the same faith
Sine, slne. <i>s.</i> a geometrical line	Sisterhood, sls'târ-hûd. <i>s.</i> a number of women of the same order
Sinecure, sl'né-kûre. <i>s.</i> an office which has no revenue without any employment	Sisterly, sls'târ-lé. <i>a.</i> like a sister
Sinew, sin'û. <i>s.</i> a tendon; a nerve	Sit, slt. <i>v. n. pret. sat.</i> to be in a state of rest, or idleness, to be in any local position; to incubate
Sinewy, sin'û-é. <i>a.</i> nervous; strong [fied]	Site, slte. <i>s.</i> situation, local position
Sinful, sin'fûl. <i>a.</i> alien from God; unsancti-	Sitting, sl'ting. <i>s.</i> the act of resting on a seat; meeting of an assembly time for which one sits without rising
Sinfulness, sin'fûl-nès. <i>s.</i> alienation from God, neglect or violation of the duties of reli- gion	
Sing, slag. <i>v. n. pret. sang. or sung; part.</i> <i>pass. sung</i> to form the voice to melody, to articulate musically	
Singe, slnje. <i>v. a.</i> to scorch	
Singer, slng'ôr. <i>s.</i> one that sings	

Situate, sí'shú-áte. <i>part. a.</i> placed with respect to any thing else	Skip, skíp. <i>v. a.</i> to miss, to pass over
Situation, sí-tshú-á'shú. <i>s.</i> position ; state	Skip, skíp. <i>s.</i> a light leap or bound
Six, síks. <i>a.</i> twice three	Skipjack, skíp'jákl. <i>s.</i> an upstart
Sixpence, síks péns. <i>s.</i> a coin, háll's shilling	Skipper, skíp'púr. <i>s.</i> a shipmaster
Sixteen, síks'téén. <i>a.</i> six and ten	Skirmish, ské'r'mlsh. <i>s.</i> a slight fight
Sixth, síks'th. <i>a.</i> the first after the fifth	Skirmish, ské'r'mlsh. <i>v. n.</i> to fight loosely
Sixthly, síks'th'lé. <i>ad.</i> in the sixth place.	Skirt, ské'rt. <i>s.</i> edge, margin, border
Sixtieth, síks'té-éth. <i>a.</i> the tenth six times re-	Skirt, ské'rt. <i>v. a.</i> to border, to run along the edge
Sixty, síks'té. <i>a.</i> six times ten [peated	Skittish, skít'tlsh. <i>a.</i> easily frightened ; wanton
Size, síze. <i>s.</i> bulk, comparative magnitude ; glutinous substance	Skittishness, skít'tlsh-nés. <i>s.</i> wantonness. shiness
Size, síze. <i>v. a.</i> to adjust, to arrange according to size ; to besneer with size	Skittle, skít'tl. <i>s.</i> a piece of wood like a sugar loaf, used in the play of skittles
Sizeable, sízá-bl. <i>a.</i> reasonably bulky	Skreen, skréén. <i>s.</i> a coarse sieve, shelter
Sizer, sízár. <i>s.</i> a certain rank of students in the universities	Skreen, sk. één. <i>v. a.</i> to sift ; to shade ; to
Sly, sízé. <i>a.</i> viscous, glutinous	Skue, skú. <i>a.</i> oblique, sidelong [shelter
Skate, skáte. <i>s.</i> a flat fish ; a sort of shoe armed with iron, for sliding on the ice	Skull, skúlk. <i>v. n.</i> to hide, to lurk in fear
Skein, skáue. <i>s.</i> a knot of thread or silk wound	Skull, skúl. <i>s.</i> the bone that encloses the head
Skeleton, skéllé-tám. <i>s.</i> the bones of the body preserved together	Sky, skél. <i>s.</i> the region which surrounds the earth beyond the atmosphere ; the heavens
Skeptick, sképt'ík. <i>s.</i> one who doubts, or pretends to doubt, of every thing	Sky-lark, skéll'árk. <i>s.</i> a lark that mounts and sings [ceiling
Skeptical, sképt'ikál. <i>a.</i> doubtful	Sky-light, skéll'lte. <i>s.</i> a window placed in the
Skepticism, sképt'ik-sím. <i>s.</i> universal doubt	Skyrocket, ské'r'rók-ít. <i>s.</i> a kind of firework
Sketch, skéts. <i>s.</i> an outline [outline	Slab, sláb. <i>s.</i> a plane of stone
Sketch, skéts. <i>v. a.</i> to draw, by tracing the	Slabber, sláb'búr. <i>v. n.</i> to let the spittle fall from the mouth, to drive
Skewer, skúre. <i>s.</i> a wooden or iron pin	Slabby, sláb'bé. <i>a.</i> viscous ; wet
Skewer, skúre. <i>v. a.</i> to fasten with skewers	Slack, slák. <i>a.</i> loose ; remiss ; relaxed
Skill, skíll. <i>s.</i> a small light boat	Slack, slák. <i>s.</i> small coal, coal broken into small parts
Skillful, skíll'fúl. <i>a.</i> knowing	Slacken, slák'kn. <i>v. n.</i> to be remiss ; to abate
Skillfully, skíll'fúl-é. <i>ad.</i> with skill [ness	Slackness, slák'nés. <i>s.</i> looseness ; negligence
Skillfulness, skíll'fúl-nés. <i>s.</i> ability, dexterous-	Slain, sláne. <i>the part. pass. of slay</i>
Skill, skíll. <i>s.</i> knowledge of any practice or art	Slake, sláke. <i>v. a.</i> to quench, to extinguish
Skillet, skíll't. <i>s.</i> a small kettle or boiler	Slander, slán'dúr. <i>v. a.</i> to censure falsely, to
Skim, skín. <i>v. a.</i> to clear off from the upper part ; to take by skinning ; to pass very near the surface	Slander, slán'dúr. <i>s.</i> false invective [bold
Skimmer, skín'múr. <i>s.</i> a shallow vessel with which the scum is taken off	Slanderer, slán'dúr-úr. <i>s.</i> one who believes an other
Skin-milk, skín-mílk'. <i>s.</i> milk from which the cream has been taken [hide, pelt	Slanderous, slán'dúr-ús. <i>a.</i> uttering reproachful falsehoods ; calumnious
Skin, skín. <i>s.</i> the natural covering of the flesh ;	Slang, sláng. <i>the pret. of sting</i>
Skin, skín. <i>v. a.</i> to flay, to strip or divest of the skin ; to cover superficially	Slang, sláng. } <i>a.</i> oblique
Skinner, skín'úr. <i>s.</i> a dealer in skins	Slap, sláp. <i>s.</i> a smart blow
Skinny, skín'né. <i>a.</i> consisting only of skin, wanting flesh	Slap, sláp. <i>v. a.</i> to strike with a slap
	Slash, slásh. <i>v.</i> to cut ; to lash
	Slash, slásh. <i>s.</i> cut, wound ; a cut in cloth

Fåte, får, fäll, fät—mê, mêt—pline, plû—no, nôve.

Slate, slåte. <i>s.</i> a gray fossil stone	Slight, slite. <i>s.</i> neglect, contempt
Slate, slåte. <i>v. a.</i> to cover the roof	Slight, slite. <i>v. a.</i> to neglect, to disregard
Slattern, slåt'årn. <i>s.</i> a woman negligent	Slightly, slit'lug-lê. <i>ad.</i> without reverence, with contempt
Slaughter, slåw'tår. <i>s.</i> massacre [the sword]	Slightly, slite'lê. <i>ad.</i> negligently, contemptuously ; weakly
Slaughter, slåw'tår. <i>v. a.</i> to slay, to kill with	Slightness, slite'nês. <i>s.</i> weakness
Slaughterhouse, slåw'tår-hôuse. <i>s.</i> house in which beasts are killed for the butcher	Slim, slin. <i>a.</i> slender [substance]
Slaughterman, slåw'tår-mån. <i>s.</i> one employed in killing	Slime, slime. <i>s.</i> viscous mire ; any glutinous
Slave, slåve. <i>s.</i> one mancipated to a master	Slimy, slimê. <i>a.</i> viscous, glutinous
Slaver, slåv'år. <i>s.</i> spittle running from the	Sliness, slinês. <i>s.</i> designing artifice
Slaver, slåv'år. <i>v. n.</i> to emit spittle	Sling, sling. <i>s.</i> a missile weapon
Slavery, slåv'år-ê. <i>s.</i> servitude, the condition	Sling, sling. <i>v. a.</i> to throw by a sling
Slavish, slåv'ish. <i>a.</i> servile, mean [of a slave]	Slink, slingk. <i>v. n. pret.</i> slunk. to sneak, to steal out of the way
Slavishness, slåv'ish-nês. <i>s.</i> servility, meanness [kill, to butcher]	Slip, slip. <i>v. n.</i> to slide ; to glide ; to fall in to fault or error ; to escape
Slay, slå. <i>v. a. pret.</i> slew ; <i>part. pass.</i> slain. to	Slip, slip. <i>v. a.</i> to lose by negligence ; to part with from the main body by laceration. to let loose
Sleazy, slêzê. <i>a.</i> wanting substance	Slip, slip. <i>s.</i> a false step ; mistake ; a twig torn from the main stock ; a long narrow
Sled, slêd. <i>s.</i> a carriage drawn without wheels	Slipknot, slip'nôt. <i>s.</i> a bow knot [piece]
Sledge, slêdje. <i>s.</i> a large heavy hammer ; a carriage without wheels	Slipper, slip'pår. <i>s.</i> a shoe without leather behind, into which the foot slips easily
Sleep, slêek. <i>a.</i> smooth, glossy	Slipperiness, slip'pår-ê-nês. <i>s.</i> state or quality of being slippery
Sleep, slêep. <i>v. n.</i> to take rest, by suspension of the mental powers ; to be dead	Slippery, slip'pår-ê. <i>a.</i> smooth, glib ; uncertain
Sleep, slêep. <i>s.</i> repose, rest, slumber	Slipshod, slip'shód. <i>a.</i> having the shoes not pulled up at the heels
Sleeper, slêep'år. <i>s.</i> one who sleeps	Slipslop, slip'slop. <i>s.</i> weak liquor
Sleepiness, slêep-ê-nês. <i>s.</i> drowsiness, disposition to sleep	Sht, slit. <i>v. a. pret.</i> and <i>part. slit.</i> and <i>slitted</i> to cut longwise
Sleepless, slêep'lês. <i>a.</i> wanting sleep	Slit, slit. <i>s.</i> a long cut and narrow opening
Sleepy, slêep'ê. <i>a.</i> drowsy, disposed to sleep	Sloe, slô. <i>s.</i> the fruit of the blackthorn
Sleet, slêét. <i>s.</i> a kind of small hail or snow	Sloop, slôop. <i>s.</i> a small ship
Sleety, slêét'ê. <i>a.</i> bringing sleet	Slop, slôp. <i>s.</i> mean and vile liquor of any kind
Sleeve, slêév. <i>s.</i> the part of a garment that covers the arms [wanting propriety]	Slope, slôpe. <i>a.</i> oblique
Sleeveless, slêév'lês. <i>a.</i> wanting sleeves	Slope, slôpe. <i>s.</i> an oblique direction, any thing obliquely directed ; declivity
Slight, slite. <i>s.</i> artful trick ; dexterous practice	Slope, slope. <i>v. a.</i> to form to obliquity or declivity
Slight, slên'dår. <i>a.</i> thin, small [tice]	Slopingly, slô'ping-lê. <i>ad.</i> obliquely [clivity]
Slenderness, slên'dår-nês. <i>s.</i> thinness, smallness of circumference	Sloppy, slôp'pê. <i>a.</i> miry and wet
Slept, slêpt. the <i>pret.</i> of sleep	Sloth, slôth. <i>s.</i> laziness, idleness
Slew, slû. the <i>pret.</i> of slay	Slothful, slôth'fûl. <i>a.</i> lazy, sluggish
Slice, slise. <i>v. n.</i> to cut into flat pieces	Slothfulness, slôth'fûl-nês. <i>s.</i> laziness, sluggishness [sion of the head]
Slice, slise. <i>s.</i> a broad piece • a spatula	Slouch, slôutsh. <i>s.</i> a downcast look, a depressed
Slid, slid. <i>pret.</i> of slide	Slough, slôû. <i>s.</i> a deep miry place
Slidden, slid'dn. <i>part. pass.</i> of slide	Slough, slôû. <i>s.</i> the skin which a serpent casts off at his periodical renovation
Slide, slide. <i>v. n. pret.</i> slid ; <i>part. pass.</i> slid-den. to pass along smoothly, to glide ; to move upon the ice [course]	
Slide, slide. <i>s.</i> smooth and easy passage ; even	
Slight, slite. <i>a.</i> small, weak ; thin	

nôr, nôl—tâbe, tâb, bâl—ôll—pôand—shin, THIS.

Sluggish, slû'ê. *a.* mazy, boggy
 Sloven, slûv'ên. *s.* a man dirtily dressed
 Slovenliness, slûv'ên-lê-nês. *s.* neglect of cleanliness
 Slovenly, slûv'ên lê. *a.* not cleanly
 Slow, slô. *a.* not swift; dull; tardy
 Slowly, slô'lê. *ad.* tardily, sluggishly
 Slubber, slûb'bûr. *v. a.* to stain, to daub; to cover coarsely or carelessly
 Sludge, slûd'je. *s.* mire, dirt mixed with water
 Slug, slûg. *s.* an idler, a drone; a kind of slow creeping snail; a piece of metal shot from a gun
 Sluggard, slûg'gârd. *s.* an inactive lazy fellow
 Sluggish, slûg'gîsh. *a.* lazy, slothful
 Sluggishness, slûg'gîsh-nês. *s.* sloth, laziness
 Sluice, slûse. *s.* a floodgate, a vent for water
 Slumber, slûm'bûr. *v. n.* to sleep lightly
 Slumber, slûm'bûr. *s.* light sleep
 Slung, slûng. *pret. and part. pass.* of sling
 Slunk, slûngk. *pret. and part. pass.* of *slink*
 Slur, slûr. *v. a.* to sully, to soil
 Slur, slûr. *s.* slight disgrace
 Slut, slût. *s.* a dirty woman
 Sluttish, slût'tîsh. *a.* nasty, dirty
 Sluttishness, slût'tîsh-nês. *s.* the qualities or practice of a slut
 Sly, slî. *a.* meanly artful, secretly insidious
 Slyly, slî'lê. *ad.* with secret artifice, insidiously
 Smack, smâk. *v. n.* to be tinged with any particular taste; to make a noise by separation of the lips strongly pressed together
 Smack, smâk. *s.* taste, flavour; a small quantity, a taste; a loud kiss; a small ship
 Small, snâll. *a.* little; slender, minute
 Smalcoal, snâll'kôle. *s.* little wood coals used to light fires
 Smalcraft, snâll'krâft. *s.* a vessel below the denomination of a ship
 Smallpox, snâll-pôks'. *s.* an eruptive distemper of great malignity
 Smallness, snâll'nês. *s.* littleness, minuteness
 Smart, smârt. *s.* quick, pungent, lively pain
 Smart, smârt. *v. n.* to feel quick lively pain
 Smart, smârt. *a.* pungent, sharp; acute; lively
 Smartly, smârt'lê. *ad.* sharply, briskly
 Smartness, smârt'nês. *s.* liveliness, quickness, witiness

Smatch, smâtsh. *s.* taste, twang
 Smatter, smât'tûr. *v. n.* to have a slight superficial knowledge
 Smatter, smât'tûr. *s.* superficial knowledge
 Smatterer, smât'tûr-ûr. *s.* one who has a superficial knowledge
 Smear, smêér. *v. a.* to soil, to contaminate
 Smell, smêll. *v. a.* to perceive by the nose
 Smell, smêll. *s.* power of smelling; scent
 Smelt, smê t. *pret. and part. pass.* of *smell*
 Smelt, smêlt. *s.* a small sea-fish
 Smelt, smêlt. *v. a.* to melt ore [woman
 Snicket, snîk'kîl. *s.* the under garment of a
 Smile, smîle. *v. n.* to express pleasure by the countenance
 Smile, smîle. *s.* a look of pleasure or kindness
 Smirk, smîrk. *v. n.* to smile wantonly
 Smite, smît. *part. pass.* of *smite*
 Smite, smîte. *v. a. pret. smote; part. pass. smit, smîtten.* to strike, to kill; to afflict; to affect with any passion
 Smith, smîth. *s.* one who works in metals
 Smithery, smîth'ûr-ê. *s.* the shop of a smith
 Smitten, smî'tn. *part. pass.* of *smite*
 Smock, smôk. *s.* the under garment of a woman, a shift [only
 Smoaked, smôk'fâste. *a.* palefaced, maid
 Smoke, smôke. *s.* a scoty exhalation
 Smoke, smôke. *v. n.* to emit a dark exhalation by heat; to smell; to use tobacco in pipe
 Smoky, smôk'ê. *a.* emitting smoke, fumed
 Smooth, smôdth. *a.* even on the surface, level [flatter
 Smooth, smôdth. *v. a.* to level; to palliate; to smoothly, smôdth'lê. *ad.* evenly; readily
 Smoothness, smôdth'nês. *s.* evenness on the
 Smote, smôte. *pret.* of *smite* [surface
 Smother, smûth'ûr. *v. a.* to suffocate
 Smother, smûth'ûr. *s.* smoke, thick dust
 Smoldering, smôl'dûr-îng. *a.* burning and smoking without vent
 Snug, snûg. *a.* nice, spruce
 Smuggle, smûg'gl. *v. a.* to import or export goods without payment of the customs
 Smuggler, smûg'gl-ûr. *s.* one who imports and exports goods without payment of the customs
 Smugly, smûg'lê. *ad.* neatly, sprucely
 Sprugness, snûg'nês. *s.* spruceness, neatness

Fâ'e, fâr, fâll, fâ'-me, inêt -pline, pîn-nò, mòve,

Smut, smût. s. a spot made with soot or coal; mildew; obscenity
Smut, smût. v. a. to mark with soot or coal; to taint with mildew
Smuttily, smût'té-lè. ad. blackly, smokily
Smuttiness, smût'té nès. s. soil from smoke; obscenity [obscene]
Smutty, smût'té. a. black with smoke or coal;
Snack, snâk. s. a share, a part [nose]
Snaffle, snâf'fl. s. a bridle which crosses the
Snag, snâg. s. a tooth standing beyond the rest
Snagged, snâg'gêd. } a. full of snags
**Snaggy, snâg'gê. }
Snail, snâle. s. a slimy animal; a drone
Snake, snâke. s. a serpent of the oviparous kind, distinguished from the viper
Snaky, snâkê. a. resembling a snake
Snap, snâp. v. a. to break at once, to break short; to bite
Snap, snâp. s. the act of breaking with a quick motion; a quick eager bite; a catch
Snapdragon, snâp'ûrâg-ûn. s. a kind of play
Snapper, snâp'pûr. s. one who snaps
Snappish, snâp'plsh. a. eager to bite; peevish
Snappishness, snâp'plsh-nês. s. peevishness
Snare, snâre. s. a gin, a net
Snare, snâre. v. a. to entrap; to entangle
Snarl, snârl. v. n. to growl as an angry ani-
Snarler, snâr'lûr. s. one who snarls [mal
Snatch, snâtsh. v. a. to seize hastily
Snatch, snâtsh. s. a hasty catch
Sneak, snêke. v. n. to creep slyly; to behave with meanness and servility
Sneaking, snê kling. part. a. servile, mean
Sneer, snêre. v. n. to show contempt by looks; to insinuate contempt by covert expressions
Sneer, snêre. s. a look of contemptuous ridicule; an expression of ludicrous scorn
Sneeze, snêze. v. n. to emit wind audibly by the nose [bly the nose
Sneeze, snêze. s. emission of wind audibly
Sniff, snlf. v. n. to draw breath audibly by the nose
Snip, snlp. v. a. to cut at once with scissors
Snip, snlp. s. a single cut with scissors
Snipe, snipe. s. a small fen-fowl with a long bill
Snippet, snlp'plt. s. a small part, a share
Snivel, snlv'vl. s. the running of the nose**

Snivel, snlv'vl. v. n. to run at the nose; to cry as children [menter
Sniveller, snlv'vl-ûr. s. a weeper, a weak la-
Snore, snôre. v. n. to breathe hard through the nose [through the nose
Snore, snôre. s. audible respiration of sleepers
Snort, snôrt. v. n. to blow through the nose as a high-metled horse
Snout, snôut. s. the nose of a beast
Snow, snò. s. water frozen in flakes
Snow, snò. v. a. to scatter like snow
Snowball, snò'bâll. s. a round lump of coagulated snow
Snowdrop, snò'dròp. s. an early flower
Snowy, snò'è. a. white like snow [nip
Snub, snûb. v. a. to check, to reprimand; to
Snuff, snûf. s. the useless excrescence of a candle; powdered tobacco taken by the nose
Snuff, snûf. v. a. to scent; to crop a candle
Snuffbox, snûf'bòks. s. the box in which snuff is carried [which the candle is clipped
Snuffers, snûf'fûrz. s. the instrument with
Snuffle, snûf'fl. v. n. to speak through the nose [nience
Snug, snûg. a. close, free from any inconvenience
Snuggle, snûg'gl. v. a. to lie close, to lie
So, sò. ad. in like manner [warm
Soak, sòke. v. a. to macerate in any moisture, to steep, to drench
Soap, sòpe. s. a substance used in washing
Soar, sòre. v. n. to fly aloft, to tower
Sob, sòb. v. n. to heave audibly with convulsive sorrow, to sigh with convulsion
Sob, sòb. s. a convulsive act of respiration obstructed by sorrow
Sober, sòbûr. a. temperate; calm; serious
Soberly, sòbûr-lé. ad. temperately, moderately; coolly [ness
Sobriety, sò-brif'è-té. s. temperance; calm
Sociability, sò'shè-â-blif'è-té. s. natural tendency to be sociable
Sociable, sò'shè-â-bl. a. friendly, familiar
Sociable, sò'shè-â-bl. s. an open carriage with two seats facing each other, and a box for the driver
Sociably, sò'shè-â-blé. ad. conversably
Social, sò'shâl. a. relating to a general or public interest; easy to mix in friendly gaiety

nôr, nôr—tâbe, tâb, bâll—ôll—pôund—thin, THIS.

- Society, sô-si'ê-tê. *s.* community; company; fraternity [tenets of Socinus]
- Socinian, sô-si'n'ê-ân. *s.* one who adopts the rock, sôk. *s.* something put between the foot and shoe; a theatrical shoe
- Socket, sôk'k'it. *s.* a hollow pipe; the receptacle of the eye
- Sod, sôd. *s.* a turf, a clod [see'hed]
- Sodden, sôd'dn. *part. pass.* of *seethe*. boiled
- Sofa, sô'fâ. *s.* a splendid seat covered with carpets [der]
- Soft, sôft. *a.* ductile; flexible, yielding; ten-Soft, sôft. *int.* hold! stop!
- Soften, sôft'n. *v. a.* to make soft
- Softly, sôft'l. *ad.* gently, placidly; mildly
- Softness, sôft'nês. *s.* quality contrary to hardness; mildness; gentleness; effem- macy [tant place]
- Soho, sô'hô. *int.* a form of calling from a dis- sohl, sôhl. *v. a.* to foul, to dirt, to pollute
- Soil, sôll. *s.* dirt, spot, pollution; ground; land; dung, compost
- Sojourn, sô'jûrn. *v. n.* to dwell any where for a time, to live as not at home
- Sojourner, sô'jûrn-âr. *s.* a temporary dweller
- Solace, sôl'âs. *v. a.* to comfort, to cheer
- Solace, sôl'âs. *s.* comfort, pleasure [sun]
- Solar, sôl'âr. *a.* of the sun; belonging to the sold, sôld. *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *sell*
- Solder, sôl'dâr. *v. a.* to unite or fasten with any kind of metallick cement
- Solder, sôl'dâr. *s.* metallick cement
- Soldier, sôl'jûr. *s.* a fighting man, a warrior
- Soldiery, sôl'jûr-ê. *s.* body of military men
- Sole, sôle. *s.* the bottom of the foot; a kind of sea-fish
- Sole, sôle. *v. a.* to furnish with soles
- Sole, sôle. *a.* single, not married
- Solecism, sôl'ê-sizm. *s.* unfitness of one word
- Solely, sôle'le. *ad.* singly, only [to another]
- Solemn, sôl'êm. *a.* religiously grave
- Solemnity, sô-lêm'nê-tê. *s.* religious ceremony; gravity, awful grandeur
- Solemnization, sôl-êm-nê-zâ'shûn. *s.* the act of solemnizing
- Solemnize, sôl'êm-nîze. *v. a.* to dignify by particular formalities, to celebrate
- Solemnly, sôl'êm-lê. *ad.* with formal gravity and stateliness [treat: to excite]
- Solicit, sô-lis'it. *v. a.* to importune to on
- Solicitation, sô-lis-ê-tâ'shûn. *s.* importunity, invitation
- Solicitor, sô-lis'it-âr. *s.* one who petitions for another; one who does in chancery the business which is done by attorneys in other courts
- Solicitous, sô-lis'it-ûs. *a.* anxious
- Solicitude, sô-lis'sê-tûde. *s.* anxiety, care- fulness [true; grave]
- Solid, sôl'id. *a.* compact, dense; firm; sound
- Solidity, sô-ll'd'ê-tê. *s.* fulness of matter; firmness; compactness; certainty
- Soliloquy, sô-ll'lo-qwê. *s.* a discourse made by one in solitude to himself
- Solitary, sô-l'ê-tâ-rê. *a.* living alone, retired
- Solitude, sô-l'ê-tûde. *s.* lonely life; a lone place, a desert [struncated]
- Solo, sô'lo. *s.* a tune played on a single in- Solstice, sôl'stis. *s.* the point beyond which the sun does not go, the tropical point
- Solstitial, sôl'stish'âl. *a.* belonging to the sol- stice
- Soluble, sôl'û-bl. *a.* capable of dissolution
- Solubility, sôl'û-bil'ê-tê. *s.* susceptibility of separation of parts
- Solution, sô-lû'shûn. *s.* disjunction, separation
- Solutive, sôl'û-tiv. *a.* laxative, causing relax-
- Solve, sôlv. *v. a.* to clear, to explain [atone]
- Solvency, sôl'ven-sê. *s.* ability to pay
- Solvent, sôl'vent. *a.* able to pay
- Soluble, sôl've-bl. *a.* possible to be cleared by reason or inquiry
- Some, sôm. *a.* more or less; certain persons
- Somebody, sôm'hôd-ê. *s.* a person indiscrim- inate and undetermined
- Somerset, sôm'mûr-sêt. *s.* a leap by which a jumper throws himself from a beam and turns over his head
- Somehow, sôm'hôu. *a.* one way or other
- Something, sôm'thing. *s.* more or less
- Sometime, sôm'time. *ad.* once, formerly
- Sometimes, sôm'timz. *ad.* now and then
- Somewhat, sôm'hwôt. *s.* something; more or less [other]
- Somewhere, sôm'hwêre. *ad.* in one place or
- Somniferous, sôm-nîf'êr-ûs. } *a.* causing sleep
- Somnific, sôm-nîf'îk. }
- Somnolency, sôm'nô-lên-sê. *s.* sleepiness
- Son, sôn. *s.* a male child: native of a country. the second person of the Trinity

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pine, pin—nò, môve,

Son-in-law, sôn'in-lâw. s. a man married to one's daughter	Sort, sôrt. v. a. to separate; to cull
Sonata, sô-nâ'tâ. s. a tune [voice; a ballad]	Sortiment, sôrt'imênt. s. the act of sorting distribution
Song, sông. s. a poem modulated to the	Soss, sôs. v. n. to fall at once into
Songster, sông'stâr. s. a singer	Sot, sôt. s. a blockhead; a wretch stupefied by drinking
Songstress, sông'strês. s. a female singer	Sottish, sôt'tîsh. a. dull, stupid, doltish
Sonnet, sôn'nêt. s. a small poem [contempt]	Sottishness, sôt'tîsh-nês. s. stupidity, insensibility [Bohea tea]
Sonnetteer, sôn-nêt-têér'. s. a small poet, in	Souchong, sôu-tshông. s. the finest sort of
Sonorous, sô-nô'rûs. a. giving loud or shrill	Sought, sâwt. <i>pret.</i> and <i>part. pass.</i> of seek
Soon, sôon. <i>ad.</i> before long; early [sound]	Soul, sôle. s. the immortal spirit of man; vital principle; intelligent being
Soot, sôot. s. condensed or embodied smoke	Sound, sôund. a. healthy; right; stout; lusty
Sooted, sôot'êd. a. covered with soot [calm]	Sound, sôund. s. a shallow sea; a noise; a probe [met; to try]
Sooth, sôoth. v. g. to flatter, to please; to	Sound, sôund. v. a. to search with a plumb
Soothsayer, sôoth'sâ-ûr. s. a foreteller, a prognosticator	Sound, sôund. v. n. to make a noise; to exhibit by likeness of sound [fast]
Sooty, sôot'yê. a. breeding soot; black, dark	Soundly, sôund'lê. <i>ad.</i> healthily; rightly
Sop, sôp. s. any thing steeped in liquor to be	Soundness, sôund'nês. s. health, heartiness; truth, solidity [the table]
Sop, sôp. v. a. to steep in liquor [eaten]	Soup, sôop. s. strong decoction of flesh for
Soph, sôf. s. a young man who has been two years at the university	Sour, sôur. a. acid, austere; peevish
Sophism, sôf'fizm. s. a fallacious argument	Sour, sôur. v. a. to make acid; to make discontented [ginal]
Sophist, sôf'fist. s. a professor of philosophy	Source, sôrse. s. spring, fountain-head; or
Sophister, sôf'fistâr. s. an insidious logician	Sourish, sôur'îsh. a. somewhat sour
Sophistical, sô-fis'tê-kâl. a. fallaciously subtle	Sourly, sôur'lê. <i>ad.</i> with acidity
Sophisticate, sô-fis'tê-kâte. v. a. to corrupt with something spurious [tion]	Sourness, sôur'nês. s. acidity; asperity
Sophistry, sôf'fist-rê. s. fallacious ratiocination	Souse, sôuse. s. pickle made of salt
Soporiferous, sôp-ô-rif'ûr-ûs. } a. causing	Souse, sôuse. v. n. to fall as a bird on its prey
Soporifick, sôp-ô-rif'ik. } sleep, opiate	Souse, sôuse. <i>ad.</i> with sudden violence
Sorcerer, sôr'sêr-ûr. s. a conjurer, a magician	South, sôuth. s. the part where the sun is to us at noon; the southern region
Sorceress, sôr'sêr-ês. s. a female magician, an enchantress	South, sôuth. a. southern, meridional
Sorcery, sôr'sêr-ê. s. magick, enchantment	South, sôuth. <i>ad.</i> towards the south from the south
Sord, sôrd. s. turf, grassy ground [tous]	Southern, sôuth'ûrn, or sâth'ûrn. a. belonging to the south, meridional
Sordid, sôr'did. a. mean, vile, base; covetous	Southward, sôuth'wârd, or sâth'ûrd. <i>ad.</i> towards the south
Sordidly, sôr'did-lê. <i>ad.</i> meanly, covetously	Sow, sôu. s. a female pig; a mass of lead
Sore, sôre. s. a place tender and painful, an ulcer [ed]	Sow, sô. v. a. <i>part. pass.</i> <i>soun.</i> to scatter in the ground in order to growth; to spread, to stock with seed
Sore, sôre. a. tender to the touch; easily vexed	Sowing, sôu'înz. s. flummery
Sorely, sôrê'lê. <i>ad.</i> with great pain or distress	Sown, sône. <i>part.</i> of to sow [of time]
Soreness, sôrê'nês. s. tenderness of a hurt	Space, spâse. s. room, extension; quantity
Sorrel, sôr'rîl. s. a plant	Spacious, spâ'shûs. a. wide, extensive, roomy
Sorribly, sôr'rê-lê. <i>ad.</i> meanly, despicably	
Scrow, sôr'rô. s. grief, pain, sadness	
Sorrow, sôr'rô. v. n. to grieve, to be sad	
Sorrowful, sôr'rô-fûl. a. mournful, grieving	
Sorry, sôr'rê. a. grieved for something past; worthless	
Sort, sôrt. s. a kind, a species; rank	

uór, uór- tábe, táb, búll—óll—póánd—thín, THIS.

- Spaciousness, spá'shás-ués. *s.* roominess, wide extension
- Spade, spáde. *s.* the instrument of digging
- Span, spán. *s.* the space from the end of the thumb to the end of the little finger extended
- Span, spán. *v. o.* to measure by the hand
- Spangle, spá'ng'gl. *s.* a small plate of shining metal [spangles]
- Spangle, spá'ng'gl. *v. a.* to besprinkle with
- Spasiel, spán'yél. *s.* a dog used for sport
- Spang, spá'ngk. *v. a.* to strike with the open hand
- Spar, spár. *s.* marcasite; a small beam
- Spar, spár. *v. n.* to fight like cocks with prelusive strokes
- Spare, spáre. *v. a.* to use frugally; to do without; to forbear; to treat with pity
- Spare, spáre. *a.* scanty, parsimonious; lean
- Sparerib, spá're'rib. *s.* some part cut off from the ribs
- Sparing, spá'ring. *a.* scarce; scanty
- Spark, spá'rk. *s.* a small particle of fire; a lively gay man
- Sparkle, spá'rk'l. *s.* a spark [ter]
- Sparkle, spá'rk'l. *v. n.* to emit sparks; to glitter
- Sparrow, spá'r'ró. *s.* a small bird
- Spasm, spázm. *s.* convulsion
- Spasmodick, spáz-mód'ík. *a.* convulsive
- Spatter, spá't'úr. *v. a.* to sprinkle with dirt or any thing offensive [for the legs]
- Spatterdash, spá't'úr-dásh-íz. *s.* coverings
- Spatula, spát'sú-lá. *s.* a spatle or slice, used by apothecaries in spreading plaster
- Spavin, spá'vín. *s.* a disease in horses
- Spaw, spáw. *s.* any mineral water
- Spawl, spáwl. *v. n.* to throw moisture out of
- Spawl, spáwl. *s.* spittle [the mouth]
- Spawn, spáwn. *s.* the eggs of fish or of frogs
- Spay, spá. *v. a.* to castrate female animals
- Speak, spéke. *v. n. pret. spake or spoke; part. pass. spoken.* to utter articulate sounds, to express thoughts by words [ken]
- Speakable, spé-ká-bl. *a.* possible to be spoken
- Speaker, spé'kár. *s.* one that speaks [point]
- Spear, spére. *s.* a long weapon with a sharp point
- Special, spesh'ál. *a.* particular, peculiar
- Species, spé'shéz. *s.* a sort; class of nature
- Speticck, spé-sí'ík. *s.* a speticck medicine
- Speticck, spé-sí'ík. *a.* that which makes a thing of the species of which it is: appropriated to the cure of some particular distemper
- Specifically, spé-sí'sí-kál-é. *ad.* according to the nature of the species
- Specify, spés'sé-fí. *v. a.* to show by some particular mark of distinction
- Specimen, spés sé-mièn. *s.* a sample
- Spectra, spé'shús. *a.* showy; plausible
- Speck, spék. *s.* a small discolouration, a spot
- Speck, spék. *v. a.* to spot [apote]
- Speckle, spék'kl. *v. a.* to mark with small spots
- Spectacle, spék-tá-kl. *s.* a show, a gazing-stock; glasses to assist the sight
- Spectator, spék-tá'túr. *s.* a looker on
- Spectre, spék'túr. *s.* apparition
- Specular, spék'kú-lár. *a.* having the qualities of a mirror; assisting sight [contemplative]
- Speculate, spék'kú-late. *v. n.* to meditate, to speculate
- Speculation, spék'kú-lá'shún. *s.* mental view; scheme not reduced to practice
- Speculative, spék'kú-lá-tív. *a.* contemplative, theoretical [ing-glass]
- Speculum, spék'kú-lúm. *s.* a mirror, a look-glass
- Sped, spéd. *pret. and part. pass. of speed*
- Speech, spéétsh. *s.* the power of articulate utterance; language; any thing spoken; oration
- Speechless, spéétsh'lés. *a.* mute, dumb
- Speed, spéed. *v. n. pret. and part. pass. speed and speeded.* to make haste, to move with celerity; to have success
- Speed, spéed. *s.* quickness, celerity
- Speedily, spéed'é-lé. *ad.* with haste, quickly
- Speedy, spéed'é. *a.* quick, swift
- Spell, spéll. *s.* a charm; a turn of work [roué]
- Spell, spéll. *v. n.* to form words of letters; to enchant
- Spend, spénd. *v. a.* to consume, to lay out; to effuse; to waste; to harass [lavish tr]
- Spendthrift, spénd'thrít. *s.* a prodigal, a wasteful
- Sperm, spérm. *s.* seed; that by which the species is continued [white]
- Spermaceti, spér-má-sé'té. *s.* the seed of a whale
- Spermatick, spér-mát'ík. *a.* seminal; belonging to the sperm
- Sphere, sfére. *s.* a globe, orb, circuit of motion; province, compass of knowledge or action
- Spherical, sfér'é-kál. *a.* round, globular
- Spherick, sfér'ík. *a.* round, globular

Fâta, târ, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pline, pln—nô, môve,

- Sphericity**, sfê-rîs'ê-tê. *s.* roundness, rotundity
- Spheroid**, sfê'rôid. *s.* a body approaching to the form of a sphere
- Spherule**, sfêr'ûle. *s.* a little globe
- Sphinx**, sfinks. *s.* a'abled monster in Egypt, having the face of a virgin, and the body of a lion
- Spice**, splsê. *s.* a vegetable production fragrant to the smell and pungent to the palate
- Spice**, splsê. *v. a.* to season with spice
- Spicery**, spl'sâr-ê. *s.* the comonodity of spices; a repository of spices [ties of spice]
- Spicy**, spl'sê. *a.* aromattck, having the quality
- Spider**, spl'dâr. *s.* the animal that spins a web for flies [faucet]
- Spigot**, splg'ût. *s.* a pin or peg put into the
- Spike**, splke. *s.* an ear of corn; a nail
- Spike**, splke. *v. a.* to fasten with long nails; to set with spikes
- Spikenard**, splkênârd. *s.* the name of a plant
- Spill**, spîll. *s.* a small shiver of wood; a small
- Spill**, spîll. *v. a.* to shed [quantity]
- Spin**, spîn. *v. a. pret. spun, or span; part. spun.* to draw out into threads; to protract; to draw out tediously
- Spinal**, spl'nâl. *a.* belonging to the back-bone
- Spindle**, spln'dl. *s.* the pin by which the thread is formed; a long slender stalk
- Spine**, splne. *s.* the back-bone
- Spinet**, spln-nêt. *s.* a small harpsichord
- Spinner**, spln'nûr. *s.* one skilled in spinning
- Spinous**, spl'nûs. *a.* thorny, full of thorns
- Spinster**, splns'tûr. *s.* a woman that spins; the general term for a girl or maiden woman
- Spiny**, spl'nê. *a.* thorny, perplexed [man]
- Spiracle**, splr'â-kl. *s.* a breathing hole, a vent
- Spiral**, spl'râl. *a.* curve, winding
- Spire** splre. *s.* a curve line; any thing growing up taper; a steeple
- Spirit**, splr'it. *s.* breath; an apparition; ardour; vigour of mind; desire; an inflammable liquor raised by distillation
- Spirited**, splr'it-êd. *a.* lively, full of fire
- Spiritedness**, splr'it-êd-nês. *s.* disposition or make of mind [pressed]
- Spiritless**, splr'it-lês. *a.* dejected, low, despondent
- Spiritous**, splr'it-ûs. *a.* refined, advanced near to spirit
- Spiritual**, splr'it-tshû âl. *a.* immaterial, incorporeal; relating to the things of heaven
- Spirituality**, splr'it-tshû-âl-ê-tê. *s.* immateriality [act of spiritualizing]
- Spiritualization**, splr'it-tshû-âl-ê-zâ'shûn. *s.*
- Spiritualize**, splr'it-tshû-âl-ize. *v. a.* to refine the intellect
- Spiritually**, splr'it-tshû-âl-lê. *ad.* with attention to things purely intellectual
- Spirituous**, splr'it-tshû-ûs. *a.* having the quality of spirit; lively, airy
- Spirit**, spûrt. *v. a.* to throw out in a jet
- Spiry**, splr'ê. *a.* pyramidal, wreathed [ness]
- Spissitude**, spls'sê-tûde. *s.* grossness, thickness
- Spit**, splt. *s.* an utensil to roast meat on
- Spit**, splt. *v. a. pret. spat; part. pass. spit. or spitted.* to put upon a spit; to thrust through
- Spit**, splt. *v. n.* to eject from the mouth; to throw out spittle
- Spite**, spite. *s.* malice, rancour, hate
- Spite**, spite. *v. a.* to vex, to thwart malignantly
- Spiteful**, splte'fûl. *a.* malicious
- Spitefully**, splte'fûl-ê. *ad.* maliciously
- Spitefulness**, splte'fûl-nês. *s.* malignity
- Spittle**, splt'l. *s.* moisture of the mouth
- Splash**, splâsh. *v. a.* to daub with dirt in great quantities
- Plashy**, splâsh'ê. *a.* apt to daub [ed inward]
- Splayfoot**, splâ'fût. *a.* having the foot turned
- Spleen**, splêen. *s.* the milt; anger, spite, ill humour [ed]
- Spleensul**, splêen'fûl. *a.* angry, peevish, fretful
- Splendent**, splên'dênt. *a.* shining, glossy
- Splendid**, splên'dîd. *a.* showy, magnificent
- Splendidly**, splên'âd-lê. *ad.* magnificently
- Splendour**, plên'dûr. *s.* lustre, magnificence
- Splenetick**, splên'ê-tîk. *a.* fretful, peevish
- Splice**, splsê. *v. a.* to join the two ends of a rope without a knot [by surgeons]
- Splint**, splînt. *s.* a thin piece of wood used
- Splinter**, splînt'ûr. *v. a.* to secure by splints to shiver
- Splinter**, splînt'ûr. *s.* a thin piece of wood
- Splint**, splînt. *v. a. pret. split.* to cleave; to break into discord [ticate speaking]
- Splutter**, splût'ûr. *s.* bustle; lasty and inarticulate
- Spoil**, spôil. *v. a.* to rob; to plunder
- Spoil**, spôil. *s.* plunder, pillage
- Spoiler**, spôil'ûr. *s.* a robber, a plunderer
- Spoke**, spôke. *s.* the bar of a wheel
- Spoke**, spôke. *pret.* of speak
- Spoken**, spô'kn. *part. pass.* of speak

nôr nôl 1100, 112. bûll—ôll—pôlana—thia, THIS.

- Spokesman, spôks'mân. *s.* one who speaks for another
- Spoliate, spô'lé-âte. *v. a.* to rob, to plunder
- Spoliation, spô'lé-â'shûn. *s.* the act of robbery
- Spondee, spôn'dé. *s.* a foot in poetry of two long syllables
- Sponge, spânje. *s.* a soft porous substance remarkable for sucking up water
- Sponge, spânje. *v. a.* to blot, to wipe away as with a sponge [terstitial holes]
- Spongy, spân'jé. *a.* soft and full of small in-
- Sponsal, spôn'sâl. *a.* relating to marriage
- Sponsion, spôn'shûn. *s.* the act of becoming surety for another
- Sponsor, spôn'sôr. *s.* a surety
- Spontaneous, spôn-tâ-né-ûs. *a.* voluntary [rily]
- Spontaneously, spôn-tâ-né-ûs-lé. *adv.* volunta-
- Spoon, spôdn. *s.* a concave vessel with a handle, used in eating liquids
- Spoonful, spôdn'ful. *s.* as much as is generally taken at once in a spoon
- Spoonmeat, spôdn'méte. *s.* nourishment taken with a spoon
- Spout, spôrt. *s.* play, diversion; mock
- Spôrt, spôrt. *v. n.* to play, to frolic, to game
- Sportful, spôrt'ful. *a.* merry, frolicksome, in
- Sportive, spôrt'îv. *a.* gay, merry [jest]
- Sportiveness, spôrt'îv-nés. *s.* gaiety, play
- Sportsman, spôrts'mân. *s.* one who pursues the recreations of the field
- Spot, spôt. *s.* a blot; a taint, a disgrace; any particular place
- Spot, spôt. *v. a.* to mark with discolouration; to corrupt, to disgrace
- Spotless, spôt'lés. *a.* immaculate, pure
- Spousal, spôûzâl. *a.* nuptial, bridal
- Spouse, spôûze. *s.* a husband or wife
- Spout, spôût. *s.* a pipe, the mouth of a vessel out of which any thing is poured; a character. [speak speeches out of plays]
- Spout, spôût. *v. a.* to pour with violence; to
- SpRAIN, sprâne. *s.* extension of ligaments without dislocation of the joint
- Sprang, sprâng. *pret.* of *spring*
- Sprat, sprât. *s.* a small sea-fish
- Sprawl, sprâwl. *v. n.* to struggle; to tumble with agitation [the foam of the sea]
- Sprawl, sprâwl. *v. a.* to extend; to cover over
- Spread, spréd. *s.* extent, compass
- Sprig, sprîg. *s.* a small branch
- Spright, sprîte. *s.* apparition
- Sprightliness, sprîte'lé-nés. *s.* liveliness, briskness, gaiety
- Sprightly, sprîte'lé. *a.* gay, brisk
- Spring, sprîng. *v. n. pret.* *spring*, or *sprang* to begin to grow; to issue forth; to arise to bound; to jump, to fly with elastic power
- Spring, sprîng. *v. a.* to rouse game, to produce to light; to discharge a mine
- Spring, sprîng. *s.* a season of the year; elastic force; a leap, a bound; a fountain; a source; original
- Springe, sprînje. *s.* a gin, a noose
- Springiness, sprîng'é-nés. *s.* elasticity, power of restoring itself [moon, high tide]
- Springtide, sprîng'tîde. *s.* tide at the new
- Springy, sprîng'é. *a.* elastic; full of springs or fountains [to besprinkle]
- Sprink'le, sprîng'kl. *v. a.* to scatter in drops
- Spritsa, 'sâle. *s.* the sail which belongs to
- Sprite, sprîte. *s.* a spirit [the boltsprit-mat]
- Srou, sôût. *v. n.* to shoot by vegetati to ge. n. nate
- Sprout, sproût. *s.* a shoot of a vegetable
- Spruce, sprôûse. *a.* nice, trim, neat
- Sprucebeer, sprôûse-béér'. *s.* beer tinctured with branches of fir [elegance]
- Spruceness, sprôûse'nés. *s.* neatness without
- Sprung, sprâng. *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *spring*
- Spud, spûd. *s.* a short knife
- Spume, spûme. *s.* foam, froth
- Spume, spûme. *v. n.* to foam, to froth
- Spumous, spû'mûs. } *a.* frothy, foamy
- Spumy, spû'mé. }
- Spun, spân. *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *spin*
- Sponge, spânje. *s.*—See *Sponge*
- Sponge, spânje. *v. n.* to hang on others for maintenance [soft like a sponge]
- Spongy, spân'jé. *a.* full of small holes, and
- Spur, spûr. *s.* a sharp point fixed in the rider's heel; incitement, instigation; a stimulus [instigate]
- Spur, spûr. *v. a.* to prick with the spur; to
- Spurious, spû'rê-ûs. *a.* counterfeit, adulterine [with contempt]
- Spurn, spûrn. *v. a.* to kick; to scorn, to treat
- Spurrier, spû'rê-dr. *s.* one who makes spurs
- Spurt, spûrt. *v. n.* to fly out with a quick stream

Sputter, spû'târ. *v. n.* to emit moisture in small flying drops; to sneak hastily
Spy, spi. *s.* one sent to watch the conduct of
Spy, spi. *v. a.* to discover [others
Spyboat, spi'bôte. *s.* a boat sent out for intelligence
Squab, skwâb. *s.* a boar unfeathered; fat, thick and stout, awkwardly bulky
Squatbush, sqwôb'blsh. *a.* thick, heavy
Squabble, skwôb'bl. *v. n.* to quarrel, to wrangle
Squabble, skwôb'bl. *s.* a low brawl [fleece
Squadron, skwâ'drôn. *s.* part of an army or
Squalid, skôw'lid. *a.* foul, nasty, filthy
Squall, skwâll. *v. n.* to scream suddenly
Squall, skwâll. *s.* loud scream; sudden gust of wind
Squally, skwâll'le. *a.* windy, gusty [scales
Squamose, skwâ'môs. *a.* scaly, covered with
Squander, skwôn'dâr. *v. a.* to spend profusely; to dissipate [nered; parallel; exact
Square, skwâre. *a.* having right angles; corner
Square, skwâre. *s.* a figure with right angles and equal sides; an area of four sides with houses on each side; a rule or instrument, level, equality
Square, skwâre. *v. a.* to form with right angles; to accommodate [soft bodies
Squash, skwôsh. *s.* a sudden fall; a shock of
Squat, skwôt. *v. n.* to sit close to the ground
Squat, skwôt. *a.* covering, close to the ground; short and thick [acute tone
Squeak, skwêke. *v. n.* to cry with a shrill
Squeak, skwêke. *s.* a shrill quick cry
Squeal, skwêle. *v. n.* to cry with a shrill sharp voice [easily disgusted
Squeamish, skwê'mish. *a.* nice, fastidious,
Squeamishness, skwê'mish-nês. *s.* delicacy, fastidiousness
Squeeze, skwêêze. *v. a.* to press, to crush between two bodies; to harass by extortion; to force between close bodies
Squeeze, skwêêze. *s.* compression, pressure
Squelch, skwêlsh. *s.* heavy fall [with wildfire
Squib, skwib. *s.* a small pipe of paper filled
Squill, skwîl. *s.* a plant; a fish
Squint, skwînt. *v. n.* to look obliquely
Squire, sâwîre. *s.* a gentleman next in rank to a knight; an attendant on a noble warrior
Squirrel, skwê'rîl. *s.* a small animal

Squirt, skwûrt. *v. a.* to throw out in a quick stream
Squirt, skwûrt. *s.* an instrument by which a quick stream is ejected [weapon
Stab, stâb. *v. a.* to pierce with a pointed
Stab, stâb. *s.* a wound with a sharp-pointed weapon; a sly mischief [of result
Stability, stâ-blî'é-té. *s.* steadiness; firmness
Stable, stâ'bi. *a.* fixed; steady, constant
Stable, stâ'bl. *s.* a house for beasts [stability
Stableness, stâ'bl-nês. *s.* steadiness, constancy
Stablish, stâ'llsh. *v. a.* to establish, to fix
Stack, stâk. *s.* a large quantity of hay, corn or wood; a number of chunneys
Stack, stâk. *v. a.* to pile up regularly in ricks
Staff, stâf. *s. plur.* staves. a walking-stick; a prop; an ensign of office
Stag, stâg. *s.* the male red deer
Stage, stâdje. *s.* a floor raised to view, on which any show is exhibited: the theatre, a place in which rest is taken on a journey
Stagecoach, stâdje-kôtsih'. *s.* a coach that keeps its stages, a coach that passes and repasses on certain days for the accommodation of passengers [hesitate
Stagger, stâg'gûr. *v. n.* to reel; to faint; to
Staggers, stâg'gûrz. *s.* a kind of horse-aphy
Stagnant, stâg'nânt. *a.* motionless, still [plexy
Stagnate, stâg'nâte. *v. n.* to have no course or stream [cessation of motion
Stagnation, stâg-nâ'shûn. *s.* stop of course
Stalactites, stâl-âk-tî'téz. *s.* spars in the form of icicles
Staid, stâde. *part. a.* sober, grave, regular
Stain, stâne. *v. a.* to blot, to spot, to disgrace
Stain, stâne. *s.* blot, spot, discoloration
Stair, stâre. *s.* step by which we rise in an ascent from the lower part of a building to the upper [that contains the stairs
Staircase, stâre'kâse. *s.* the part of a fabric
Stake, stâke. *s.* a post fixed in the ground; any thing pledged or wagered [posts; to wager
Stake, stâke. *v. a.* to fasten or defend with
Stale, stâle. *a.* old, long kept [long kept
Staleness, stâl'é-nês. *s.* oldness, state of being
Stalk, stâwk. *v. n.* to walk with high and
Stalk, stâwk. *s.* a stem [perb steps
Stalking-horse, stâwk'ing-hôrse. *s.* a horse, either real or fictitious, by which a fowler shelters himself from the sight of the game

uor, nôt—tåbe, tåb, bål—ôil—pådand—thi, this.

- Stall, stål, s. a crib for a horse or an ox; a bench or form where any thing is set to sale; a small shed in which certain trades are practised; the seat of a dignified clergyman in the choir
- Stallion, stål'yån. s. a horse kept for mares
- Stamina, stån'mån-å. s. the solids of a human body; the fine threads of plants
- Stammer, stån'mår. v. n. to speak with unnatural hesitation [with hesitation]
- Stammerer, stån'mår-år. s. one who speaks
- Stamp, ståmp. v. a. to strike by pressing the foot hastily downward; to impress
- Stamp, ståmp. s. an instrument by which an impression is made, impression; make, form
- Stanch, stånsh. v. a. to stop blood, to hinder from running
- Stanch, stånsh. a. sound, firm, trusty
- Stand, stånd. v. n. pret. I stood, I have stood. to be upon the feet; to be placed as an edifice; to remain erect; to stop, to halt; to remain in the present state [difficulty]
- Stand, stånd. s. a station; post; a stop; distinguished
- Standard, stånd'ård. s. an ensign in war; a settled rate; a standing tree [lished]
- Standing, stånd'ing. part. a. settled, established
- Standing, stånd'ing. s. continuance; station; rank; condition
- Standish, stån'dish. s. a case for pen and ink
- Stannary, stån'når-é. a. relating to the tin works
- Stanza, stån'zå. s. so much of a poem as contains every variation of measure or relation of rhyme [emporium]
- Staple, stå'pl. s. a settled mart, an established
- Staple, stå'pl. a. settled, established in commerce
- Staple, stå'pl. s. a loop of iron [merce]
- Star, står. s. a luminous body in the heavens; a mark of reference [a ship]
- Starboard, står'bård. s. the right-hand side of
- starch, stårtsh. s. a kind of viscous matter, with which linen is stiffened
- Starch, stårtsh. v. a. to stiffen with starch
- Stare, ståre v. n. to look with fixed eyes, to look with wonder [astrologer]
- Stargazer, står'gå-zår. s. an astronomer or
- Stark, stårk. a. stiff, rugged; plain, gross
- Starless, står'lës. a. having no light of stars
- Starlight, står'lite. s. lustre of the stars
- Starlight, står'lite. a. lighted by the stars
- Starling, står'ing. s. a bird
- Starry, står're. a. decorated with stars
- Start, stårt. v. n. to move with sudden quickness to shrink; to set out upon any pursuit
- Start, stårt. s. a motion of terror, a sudden-twitch or contraction of the frame; sally; act of setting out [purpose]
- Starter, står'tår. s. one that shrinks from his
- Startle, står'tl. v. n. to shrink
- Startle, står'tl. v. a. to fright, to shock
- Starve, stårv. v. n. to perish with hunger; to be killed with cold
- Statary, ståt'år-ré. a. fixed, settled
- State, ståte. s. condition; the community; rank, solemn pomp; dignity
- State, ståte. v. a. to settle, to regulate
- Stateliness, ståt'él-nës. s. grandeur, majestic appearance
- State y, ståt'él. a. august, grand
- Stately, ståt'él. ad. majestically
- Statesman, ståt'mån. s. one employed in public affairs
- Statica, ståt'té kål. } relating to the science of weighing
- Statick, ståt'tik. } a.
- Staticks, ståt'tiks. s. the science which considers the weight of bodies
- Station, ståt'shån. s. the act of standing; post assigned; situation; office; rank, condition
- Station, ståt'shån. v. a. to place in a certain post, rank, or place
- Stationary, ståt'shån-å-ré. a. fixed
- Stationer, ståt'shån-år. s. a seller of paper
- Statuary, ståt'tshå-å-ré. s. the art of carving images, one that carves images
- Statue, ståt'tshå. s. an image [anima]
- Stature, ståt'-'shåre. s. the height of any
- Statutable, ståt'tshå-tå bl. a. according to statute
- Statute, ståt'tshåte s. a law, an edict
- Stave, ståve. v. a. to break in pieces; to pour out by breaking the cask
- Staves, ståvz. s. plur of staff
- Stay, stå. v. n. to continue in a place; to wait; to dwell [restraint; a support]
- Stay, stå. s. continuance in a place; a stop
- Stayed, ståde. part. a. fixed, settled; serous
- Stays, ståze. s. a boddice, a kind of stiff waist coat worn by ladies; ropes in a ship
- Steed, stéd. s. room, place; use

Fâte, fâr, fall, fât—mê, mê—pino, plu—nô, môte,

- Steadfast, stêd'fâst. *a.* firm, fixed; constant
 Steadfastly, stêd'fâst-lê. *ad.* firmly, constantly
 Steadfastness, stêd'fâst-nês. *s.* fixedness; firmness [without variation]
 Steadily, stêd'ê-lê. *ad.* without tottering;
 Steadiness, stêd'ê-nês. *s.* firmness; unvaried
 Steady, stêd'ê. *a.* firm, fixed [conduct
 Steak, stâke. *s.* a slice of flesh; a collop
 Steal, stêle. *v. a. pret. stole; part. pass. stolen.*
 to take by theft
 Stealth, stêlth. *s.* the act of stealing, theft
 Steam, stême. *s.* vapour of any thing moist and hot
 Steam, stême. *v. n.* to smoke or vapour with moist heat; to send up vapours
 Steed, stêéd. *s.* a horse for state or war
 Steel, stêél. *s.* a kind of iron, refined and hardened [to make hard
 Steel, stêél. *v. a.* to point or edge with steel
 Steelyard, stêél'yârd. *s.* a kind of balance
 Steep, stêép. *a.* rising or descending with
 Steep, stêép. *s.* precipice [great inclination
 Steep, stêép. *v. a.* to soak, to macerate
 Steeple, stêép'pl. *s.* a turret of a church
 Steeply, stêép'plê. *ad.* with precipitous declivity
 Steepness, stêép'nês. *s.* precipitous declivity
 Steer, stêér. *s.* a young bullock
 Steer, stêér. *v. a.* to direct
 Steerage, stêér'ldje. *s.* the act of steering; hinder part of a ship
 Steersman, stêérz'mân. *s.* a pilot
 Steganography, stêg-â-nôg'grâf-fê. *s.* the art of secret writing
 Stegnotick, stêg-nôf'lk. *a.* binding
 Stellar, stêl'lâr. *a.* relating to the stars
 Stelliferous, stêl-lî'fêr-ûs. *a.* having stars
 Stem, stêm. *s.* stalk; family, race
 Stem, stêm. *v. a.* to oppose a current
 Stench, stêns. *s.* a violent stink
 Stenography, stê-nôg'grâf-fê. *s.* short-hand
 Stentorophonick, stêu-tô-rô-fôn'lk. *a.* speaking loudly
 Step, stêp. *v. n.* to move with the feet; to walk
 Step, stêp. *s.* progression by one removal of the foot; a small space; gait [dancing
 Stercoration, stêr-kô-râ'shôn. *s.* the act of
 Stereography, stêr-ê-ôg'grâf-fê. *s.* the art of drawing the forms of solids upon a plane
 Stereographic, stêr-ê-ô-grâf'lk. *a.* delineated on a plane
 Stereometry, stêr-rê-ôm'niê-trê. *s.* the art of measuring all sorts of solid bodies
 Stereotype, stêr-ê-tîpe. *s.* the art of printing from solid plates cast from moveable types
 Steril, stêr'ril. *a.* barren, unfruitful
 Sterility, stê-rîl'ê-tê. *s.* barrenness
 Sterling, stêr'ling. *a.* genuine [rate
 Sterling, stêr'ling. *s.* English coin; standard
 Stern, stêrn. *a.* severe; harsh, unrelenting
 Stern, stêrn. *s.* the hinder part of a ship
 Sternly, stêrn'lê. *ad.* in a stern manner, severely [manners
 Sternness, stêrn'nês. *s.* severity of look or
 Sternum, stêr'nôn. *s.* the breast-bone
 Sternutation, stêr-nû-tâ'shôn. *s.* the art of sneezing [moist heat
 Stew, stû. *v. a.* to seethe any thing in a slow
 Stew, stû. *s.* a bagnio, a hot-house; a broth-el; a storepond
 Steward, stû'ârd. *s.* one who manages the affairs of another; an officer of state
 Stewardship, stû'ârd-shîp. *s.* the office of a
 Stick, stîk. *s.* a piece of wood [steward
 Stick, stîk. *v. n.* to adhere; to be united with anything; to stop; to be constant; to dwell upon; to scruple
 Stick, stîk. *v. a.* to stab; to fix upon a pointed body; to set with something pointed
 Stickiness, stîk'kê-nês. *s.* adhesive quality, glutinousness
 Stickle, stîk'kl. *v. n.* to contest, to altercation
 Stickler, stîk'kl-âr. *s.* an obstinate contender
 Sticky, stîk'kê. *a.* viscous, adhesive
 Stiff, stîff. *a.* rigid; stubborn; obstinate, formal
 Stiffen, stîff'n. *v. a.* to make stiff [mal
 Stiffen, stîff'n. *v. n.* to grow stiff
 Stiffly, stîff'ê. *ad.* rigidly, stubbornly
 Stiffness, stîff'nês. *s.* rigidity, obstinacy
 Stifle, stîfl. *v. a.* to oppress or kill by close-ness of air, to suffocate
 Stigma, stîg'mâ. *s.* a mark of infamy
 Stigmatize, stîg'mâ-tîze. *v. n.* to mark with a brand, to disgrace with a note of reproach
 Stile, stîle. *s.* a set of steps in a field; the dial of a sun-dial
 Stiletto, stîl-lê'tô. *s.* a small dagger
 Still, stîll. *v. a.* to silence, to appease
 Still, stîll. *a.* silent; quiet
 Still, stîll. *ad.* to this time, till now
 Still, stîll. *s.* a vessel for distillation

- Sullatory**, stúllá-túr-é. *s.* an alembick; the room in which stills are placed [the birth]
- Stillborn**, stúll'bórn. *a.* born lifeless, dead in
- Stillness**, stúll'nés. *s.* calm, quiet
- Stilts**, stúlt. *s.* supports on which boys raise themselves when they walk [to excite]
- Stimulate**, stím'mú-lá-te. *v. a.* to prick forward,
- Stimulation**, stím-mú-lá'shón. *s.* excitement, pungency
- Stung**, stúg. *v. a.* *ret. stung*; *part. pass. stung* and *stung*. to pierce or wound with a point darted out; to pain acutely
- Stung**, stúg. *s.* a sharp point with which some animals are armed; the point in the last verse of an epigram
- Stinginess**, stújé-nés. *s.* avarice
- Stingo**, stúg'gó. *s.* old strong beer
- Stingy**, stújé. *a.* covetous, avaricious
- Stink**, stúgk. *v. n.* *pret. stunk* or *stank*. to emit an offensive smell
- Stink**, stúgk. *s.* offensive smell
- Stinkpot**, stúgk'pót. *s.* an artificial composition offensive to the smell
- Stint**, stúnt. *v. a.* to limit, to restrain
- Stipend**, stú'pénd. *s.* wages, settled pay
- Stipendiary**, stí-pén'dé-á-ré. *s.* one who performs any service for a settled payment
- Stiptick**, stíp'tík. *a.* having the power to staunch blood, astringent
- Stipulate**, stíp'pú-lá-te. *v. n.* to contract
- Stipulation**, stíp-ú-lá'shón. *s.* bargain
- Stir**, stúr. *v. a.* to move; to incite
- Stir**, stúr. *s.* tumult, bustle; agitation
- Stirp**, stérp. *s.* race, family, generation
- Stirrup**, stúr'rúp. *s.* an iron for a horseman's
- Stitch**, stúts. *v. a.* to sew; to unite [foot]
- Stitch**, stúts. *s.* a pass of the needle and thread through any thing; a sharp and sudden pain
- Stock**, stók. *s.* a trunk; a log; the handle of any thing; a close neckcloth; a race, a family; fund already provided
- Stock**, stók. *v. a.* to store
- Stocking**, stók'íng. *s.* the covering of the leg
- Stockjobber**, stók'jób-búr. *s.* one who gets money by buying and selling in the funds
- Stocklock**, stók'lók. *s.* lock fixed in wood
- Stocks**, stóks. *s.* prison for the legs
- Stockstill**, stók'stíll. *a.* motionless [Zeno]
- Stoic**, stóik. *s.* a philosopher of the sect of
- Stole**, stóle. *s.* a long vest
- Stole**, stóle. *pret. of steal*
- Stolen**, stó'ln. *part. pass. of steal*
- Stomach**, stúm'mák. *s.* the ventricle of digestion; appetite; anger; sullenness, pride
- Stomach**, stúm'mák. *v. a.* to resent
- Stomacher**, stúm'má-ishúr. *s.* an ornamental covering for the breast [stomach]
- Stomachick**, stó-mák'ík. *a.* relating to the
- Stomachick**, stó-nák'ík. *s.* a medicine for the stomach
- Stone**, stóne. *s.* a hard and insipid body; calculous concretion in the kidneys or bladder; the case which in some fruits contains the seed; a weight containing fourteen pounds
- Stone**, stóne. *a.* made of stone
- Stone**, stóne. *v. a.* to pelt or kill with stones
- Stonecutter**, stóne-kút-túr. *s.* one whose trade is to hew stones [ted]
- Stonehorse**, stóne'hórs. *s.* a horse not castrated
- Stonepit**, stóne'pít. *s.* a quarry
- Stonework**, stóne'wúrk. *s.* building of stone
- Stony**, stó'né. *a.* made of stone; abounding
- Stood**, stúđ. *pret. of to stand* [with stones]
- Stool**, stóđl. *s.* a seat without a back; evacuation [to alight from the wing]
- Stoop**, stóđp. *v. n.* to bend down; to submit;
- Stoop**, stóđp. *s.* act of stooping; descent from dignity; a vessel of liquor
- Stop**, stóp. *v. a.* to hinder; to put an end to; to close; to obstruct
- Stop**, stóp. *s.* cessation of progressive motion; obstruction; prohibition; a point in writing [liquor, stopped by a turning cock]
- Stopcock**, stóp'kók. *s.* a pipe made to let out
- Stoppage**, stóp'pidje. *s.* the act of stopping state of being stopped
- Stipple**, stóp'pl. *s.* that by which a hole or the mouth of a vessel is filled up [storehouse]
- Store**, stóre. *s.* plenty; a supply hoarded
- Store**, stóre. *a.* hoarded, laid up [up]
- Store**, stóre. *v. a.* to furnish; to stock, to lay
- Storehouse**, stóre'hóúse. *s.* magazine, treasury
- Storied**, stór'íd. *a.* adorned with historical
- Stork**, stórk. *s.* a bird of passage [pictures]
- Storm**, stórm. *s.* a tempest; assault; tumult
- Storm**, stórm. *v. a.* to attack by open force
- Storm**, stórm. *v. n.* to rage, to fume
- Stormy**, stórm'é. *a.* tempestuous

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pine, pln—nô, môve,

Story, stô'rê. <i>s.</i> history ; tale ; a floor	Stratagem, strât'tâ-jêm. <i>s.</i> an artifice
Story, stô'rê <i>v. a.</i> to tell in history ; to relate	Stratum, strât'tâm. <i>s.</i> a bed ; a layer
Storyteller, stô'rê-têl-lâr. <i>s.</i> one who relates	Straw, strâw. <i>s.</i> the stalk on which corn grows
Stout, stôût. <i>a.</i> strong, valiant [tales	Strawberry, strâw'bêr-rê. <i>s.</i> a fruit [yellow
Stout, stôût. <i>s.</i> strong beer	Strawcoloured, strâw'kûl-ûrd. <i>a.</i> of a light
Stoutly, stôût'lê. <i>ad.</i> lustily, boldly [ness	Stray, strâ. <i>v. n.</i> to wander, to rove
Stoutness, stôût'nês. <i>s.</i> strength, valour ; bold-	Stray, strâ. <i>s.</i> any thing lost by wandering
Stove, stôve. <i>s.</i> a hot-house ; a place in which	Streak, strêke. <i>s.</i> a line of colour, stripe
Stow, stô. <i>v. a.</i> to lay up [fire is made	Streak, strêke. <i>v. a.</i> to stripe, to variegate
Stowage, stô'ldje. <i>s.</i> room for laying up ;	Stream, strême. <i>s.</i> a running water ; current
the state of being laid up	Stream, strême. <i>v. n.</i> to flow ; to issue forth
Saddle, strâd'dl. <i>v. n.</i> to stand or walk with	with continuance
the feet removed far from each other	Streamer, strê'mûr. <i>s.</i> an ensign
Straggle, strâg'gl. <i>v. n.</i> to wander ; to exu-	Street, strêét. <i>s.</i> a paved way
berate	Strength, strêngth. <i>s.</i> force, vigour
Straggler, strâg'gl-ûr. <i>s.</i> a wanderer, a rover	Strengthen, strêng'thn. <i>v. a.</i> to make strong
Straight, strâte. <i>a.</i> right ; narrow, close	to establish
Straight, strâte. <i>ad.</i> immediately	Strengthen, strêng'thn. <i>v. n.</i> to grow strong
Straighten, strât'tn. <i>v. a.</i> to make straight	Strengthen, strêng'thn-ûr. <i>s.</i> that which
Straightways, strâte'wâze. <i>ad.</i> immediately,	gives strength [ous
straight	Strenuous, strên'û-ûs. <i>a.</i> brave, active ; zeal-
Strain, strâne. <i>v. a.</i> to squeeze through some-	Strenuously, strên'û-ûs-lê. <i>ad.</i> vigorously,
thing ; to sprain ; to make straight or tense	zealously
Strain, strâne. <i>s.</i> an injury by too much vio-	Streperous, strêp'êr-ûs. <i>a.</i> loud, noisy
lence ; style of speaking ; song [tion	Stress, strêš. <i>s.</i> importance, force
Strainer, strâ'ûr. <i>s.</i> an instrument of filtra-	Stretch, strêts. <i>v. a.</i> to extend
tion	Stretch, strêts. <i>s.</i> extension, reach
Strait, strâte. <i>a.</i> narrow, close ; strict [ficulty	Strew, strô. <i>v. a.</i> to spread by scattering
Strait, strâte. <i>s.</i> a narrow pass, or frith ; dif-	Stricken, strîk'kn. <i>part. of strike</i>
Straiten, strât'tn. <i>v. a.</i> to make narrow ; to	Strict, strîkt. <i>a.</i> exact ; severe ; close
Straitly, strâte'lê. <i>ad.</i> narrowly [distress	Strictly, strîkt'lê. <i>ad.</i> exactly ; rigorously
Strand, strând. <i>s.</i> the range of the sea or of	Stricture, strîkt'şûre. <i>s.</i> contraction ; a
any water [the shallows	slight touch upon a subject
Strand, strând. <i>v. a.</i> to drive or force upon	Stride, strîde. <i>s.</i> a long step
Strange, strânje. <i>a.</i> foreign ; odd ; new	Stride, strîde. <i>v. n. pret. strode, or strid ; part.</i>
Strange, strânje. <i>int.</i> an expression of wonder	<i>pass. stridden.</i> to walk with long steps
Strangely, strânje'lê. <i>ad.</i> wonderfully	Strife, strîfe. <i>s.</i> contention ; contest
Strangeness, strânje'nês. <i>s.</i> foreignness ; un-	Strike, strîke. <i>v. a. pret. struck ; part. pass.</i>
communicativeness ; mutual dislike	<i>struck, stricken.</i> to hit with a blow ; to notify
Stranger, strân'jûr. <i>s.</i> a foreigner ; one un-	by the sound of a hammer on a bell ; to
known	stamp [prising
Strangle, strâng'gl. <i>v. a.</i> to choke, to suffocate	Striking, strîk'ng. <i>part. a.</i> affecting, sur-
Strangles, strâng'glz. <i>s.</i> swellings in a horse's	String, strîng. <i>s.</i> a slender rope ; any set of
throat [strangling, suffocation	things filed on a line ; a nerve, a tendon
Strangulation, strân-gû-lâ'shân. <i>s.</i> the act of	String, strîng. <i>v. a. pret. strung ; part. pass.</i>
Strangury, strâng'gû-rê. <i>s.</i> a difficulty of urine	<i>strung.</i> to furnish with strings ; to make
attended with pain	Stringent, strîng'jênt. <i>a.</i> binding [tease
Strap, strâp. <i>s.</i> a long slip of leather [blows	Stringy, strîng'ê. <i>a.</i> fibrous
Strappado, strâp-pâ'dô. <i>s.</i> chastisement by	Strip, strîp. <i>v. a.</i> to make naked ; to plunder
Strapping, strâp'pîng. <i>a.</i> vast, large [ers	Strip, strîp. <i>s.</i> a narrow shred
Strata, strât'tâ. <i>s. plural of stratum.</i> beds, lay-	

nòr, nòt—tùbe, túb, búll—òll—pòand—lhin, rais.

Stripe, stripe. <i>v. a.</i> to variegate with lines of different colours [four; a lash]	ing; a apartment set off for literary employ ment
Stripe, stripe. <i>s.</i> a lineary variation of colour	Study, stùd'è. <i>v. n.</i> to muse
Stripling, stríp'ling. <i>s.</i> a youth	Study, stùd'è. <i>v. a.</i> to consider attentively
Strive, strive. <i>v. n. pret. strove; part. pass. striven.</i> to struggle, to make an effort; to contend [a touch]	Stuff, stùf. <i>s.</i> materials out of which any thing is made; furni'ure; medicine; cloth
Stroke, stròke. <i>s.</i> a blow; sound of a clock	Stuff, stùf. <i>v. a.</i> to fill; to swell out
Stroke, stròke. <i>v. a.</i> to rub gently in one direction	Stuff, stùf. <i>v. n.</i> to feed gluttonously
Stroll, stròle. <i>v. n.</i> to wander, to ramble	Stuffing, stùf'ing. <i>s.</i> that by which any thing is filled; relishing ingredients put into meat [err]
Stroller, stròl'lár. <i>s.</i> a vagrant, a vagabond	Stumble, stùm'bl. <i>v. n.</i> to trip in walking; to
Strong, stróng. <i>a.</i> vigorous, potent; vehement; cogent; firm	Stumble, stùm'bl. <i>s.</i> a trip in walking; a blunder
Strongly, stróng'lè. <i>ad.</i> powerfully, forcibly	Stumbler, stùm'bl-ár. <i>s.</i> one that stumbles
Strophe, trò'sè. <i>s.</i> a stanza	Stump, stùmp. <i>s.</i> part of any solid body remaining after the rest is taken away
Strove, s.ròve. the <i>pret. of strive</i>	Stun, stùn. <i>v. a.</i> to confound or dizzy with noise; to make senseless or dizzy with a blow
Strow, stò. <i>v. a.</i> to spread by scattering, to besprinkle	Stung, stùng. <i>pret. and part. pass. of sting</i>
Struck, strák. <i>pret. and part. pass. of strike</i>	Stunk, stùngk. <i>pret. of stink</i>
Structure, strùk'tshùre. <i>s.</i> an edifice, building	Stunt, stùnt. <i>v. a.</i> to hinder from growth
Struggle, strùg'gl. <i>v. a.</i> to strive, to contend; to labour in difficulties	Stupe, stùpe. <i>s.</i> cloth or flax dipped in warm medicaments, applied to a hurt or sore
Struggle, strùg'gl. <i>s.</i> labour, effort, contest	Stupe, stùpe. <i>v. a.</i> to foment
Strumous, stròd'mús. <i>a.</i> having swellings in the glands	Stupefaction, stù-pè-fák'shùn. <i>s.</i> dulness stupidity [zing, astonishing]
Strumpet, strùm'pét. <i>s.</i> a prostitute	Stupendous, stù-pèn'dús. <i>a.</i> wonderful, amazing
Strung, strùng. <i>pret. and part. pass. of string</i>	Stupid, stù'pld. <i>a.</i> dull, heavy
Strut, strút. <i>v. n.</i> to walk with affected dignity [the walk]	Stupidity, stù-pld'è-tè. <i>s.</i> dulness
Strut, strút. <i>s.</i> an affectation of stateliness in	Stupify, stù-pè-fl. <i>v. a.</i> to make stupid
Stub, stúb. <i>s.</i> a log, a block	Stupor, stù'pòr. <i>s.</i> suspension or diminution of sensibility
Stub, stúb. <i>v. a.</i> to force up, to extirpate	Suprate, stù'práte. <i>v. a.</i> to ravish, to violate
Stubble, stúb'bl. <i>s.</i> the stalks of corn left in the field by the reaper	Stupration, stù-prá'shùn. <i>s.</i> rape, violation
Stubborn, stúb'bùrn. <i>a.</i> obstinate	Sturdiness, stùr-dè-nès. <i>s.</i> stoutness, hardness
Stubbornness, stúb'bùrn-nès. <i>s.</i> obstinacy	Sturdy, stùr'dè. <i>ad.</i> hardy, stout
Stucco, stùk'kò. <i>s.</i> a fine plaster for walls	Sturgeon, stùr'jùn. <i>s.</i> a sea-fish
Stuck, stùk. <i>pret. and part. pass. of stick</i>	Stutter, stùt'tùr. <i>v. n.</i> to stammer
Stud, stùd. <i>s.</i> a nail with a large head driven for ornament; a collection of horses	Stutterer, stùt'tùr-ár. <i>s.</i> a stammerer
Stud, stùd. <i>v. a.</i> to adorn with studs or knobs	Sty, stì. <i>s.</i> a cabin to keep hogs in
Student, stù'dènt. <i>s.</i> a man given to books	Stygian, stùd'jè-àn. <i>a.</i> infernal [pin of a dial]
Studied, stùd'id. <i>a.</i> learned	Style, stìle. <i>s.</i> manner of writing; title; the
Studios, stù'dè-ús. <i>a.</i> given to books; diligent	Style, stìle. <i>v. a.</i> to call, to name
Studiously, stù'dè-ús-lè. <i>ad.</i> contemplatively; attentively [study]	Styptic, stùp'tik. <i>a.</i> astringent [persuade]
Studiosness, stù'dè-ús-nès. <i>s.</i> addiction to	Suasory, swá'sùr-è. <i>a.</i> having tendency to
Study, stùd'è. <i>s.</i> application to books and learning; any particular kind of learn-	Suavity, swá'vè tè. <i>s.</i> sweetness to the senses
	Subacid, sùb-às'id. <i>a.</i> sour in a small degree

Fâte, târ, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne. ptn—nô, môve,

Subacid , sâb-âk'k'rid. <i>a.</i> sharp and pungent in a small degree	Sublime , sâb-blîmê'. <i>s.</i> grand or lofty style
Subaction sâb-âk'shân. <i>s.</i> the act of reducing	Sublime , sâb-blîmê'. <i>v. a.</i> to raise by a chymical fire
Subaltern , sâb-âl-têrn. <i>a.</i> inferior	Sublimely , sâb-blîmê'lê. <i>ad.</i> loftily, grandly
Subaltern , sâb-âl-têrn. <i>s.</i> an inferior	Sublignal , sâb-îng'gwâl. <i>a.</i> placed under the
Subclavian , sâb-klâ'vé-ân. <i>a.</i> under the arm-pit; or shoulder [der the skin	Sublimity , sâb-blîmê-tê. <i>s.</i> loftiness [ongue
Subcutaneous , sâb-kâ-tâ'nê-âs. <i>a.</i> lying un-	Sublunary , sâb-lû-nâr-ê. <i>a.</i> terrestrial [sen
Subdean , sâb-dêne'. <i>s.</i> the vicegerent of a dean [over again	Submarine , sâb-mâ-rêên'. <i>a.</i> lying under the
Subdiversify , sâb-dê-vêr'sê'tl. <i>v. a.</i> to diversify	Submersion , sâb-mêr'shân. <i>s.</i> the act of drowning, state of being drowned
Subdivide , sâb-dê-vidê'. <i>v. a.</i> to divide a part into yet more parts	Submiss , sâb-mîs'. <i>a.</i> humble, obsequious
Subdivision , sâb-dê-vîz'hên. <i>s.</i> the act of subdividing; the parts distinguished by a second division	Submission , sâb-mîsh'ân. <i>s.</i> obsequiousness
Subdoloüs , sâb-dô-lûs. <i>a.</i> cunning, subtle, sly	Submissive , sâb-mîs'siv. <i>a.</i> humble [obedience
Subduce , sâb-dûsê'. <i>v. a.</i> to take away	Submissively , sâb-mîs'siv-lê. <i>ad.</i> humbly
Subduction , sâb-dûk'shân. <i>s.</i> the act of taking away	Submit , sâb-mî't. <i>v. a.</i> to resign to authority, to refer to judgment
Subdue , sâb-dû'. <i>v. a.</i> to conquer to tame	Submit , sâb-mî't. <i>v. n.</i> to be subject
Subduple , sâb-dû-pl.	Submultiple , sâb-mû'tê-pl. <i>s.</i> that which is contained in another number a certain number of times exactly
Subduplicate , sâb-dû-plê-kâte. } <i>a.</i> containing one part of two	Suboctave , sâb-ôk'tâve. } <i>a.</i> one part of eight
Subjacent , sâb-jâ'sênt. <i>a.</i> lying under	Suboctuple , sâb-ôk'tû-pl
Subject , sâb-jêkt. <i>v. a.</i> to put under; to reduce [der; exposed	Subordinancy , sâb-ôr'dê-nân-sê. <i>s.</i> the state of being subject [order
Subject , sâb-jêkt. <i>a.</i> placed or situated un-	Subordinate , sâb-ôr'dê-nâr. <i>a.</i> inferior in
Subject , sâb-jêkt. <i>s.</i> one who lives under the dominion of another; that on which any operation is performed	Subordinately , sâb-ôr'dê-nâr-lê. <i>ad.</i> in a series regularly descending [of being inferior
Subjection , sâb-jêk'shân. <i>s.</i> the state of being under government [ject	Subordination , sâb-ôr'dê-nâ'shân. <i>s.</i> the state
Subjective , sâb-jêk'tiv. <i>a.</i> relating to a sub-	Suborn , sâb-ôr'n. <i>v. a. t.</i> to procure by indirect means [attendance
Subjoin , sâb-jôin'. <i>v. a.</i> to add at the end	Subpoena , sâb-pê'nâ. <i>s.</i> a writ commanding
Subitaneous , sâb-ê-tâ'nê-âs. <i>a.</i> sudden, hasty	Subquadruple , sâb-kwôd'drû-pl. <i>a.</i> containing one part of four [one part of five
Subjugate , sâb-jû-gâte. <i>v. a.</i> to conquer, to subdue [duing	Subquintuple , sâb-kwî'n'tû-pl. <i>a.</i> containing
Subjugation , sâb-jû-gâ'shân. <i>s.</i> the act of sub-	Subscribe , sâb-skrîbê'. <i>v. a.</i> to give consent to by underwriting the name; to attest
Subjunction , sâb-jûng'shân. <i>s.</i> the act of sub-joining	Subscriber , sâb-skrî'bêr. <i>s.</i> one who subscribes
Subjunctive , sâb-jûng'tiv. <i>a.</i> subjoined to something else [sublimed	Subscription , sâb-skrîp'shân. <i>s.</i> any thing underwritten; the act or state of contributing to any undertaking [following
Sublimable , sâb-blînâ-ll. <i>a.</i> possible to be	Subsequence , sâb-sê-kwênsê. <i>s.</i> the state of
Sublimate , sâb-lê-mât. <i>s.</i> force-silver raised in the retort [force of chymical fire	Subsecutive , sâb-sêk'kû-tiv. <i>a.</i> following in train [train
Sublimate , sâb-lê-mâtê. <i>v. a.</i> to raise by the	Subsequent , sâb-sê-kwênt. <i>a.</i> following in
Sublimation , sâb-lê-mâ'shân. <i>s.</i> a chymical operation by fire	Subsequently , sâb-sê-kwênt-lê. <i>ad.</i> so as to follow in train [nation
Sublime , sâb-blîmê' <i>a.</i> high exalted	Subserve sâb-sêrv'. <i>v. a.</i> to serve in subordi-
	Subservience , sâb-sêr'vê-ênsê. } <i>s.</i> instru-
	Subserviency , sâb-sêr'vê-ên-sê. } mental fitness

nờ, nôt—tâbe, tâb, bắl—đl—pồand—thin, rhis.

Subservient, sủb-sẻr'vẻ ẻnt a. subordinate	Subtraction.—See Substraction
Subside, sủb-sẻd'ẻ. v. n. to sink, to tend downwards	Suburb, sủb'ủr'b. s. building without the walls of a city; the confines
Subsidence, sủb-sẻ'ẻnse. } the act of sink-	Subversion, sủb-vẻr'shủn. s. overthrow, ruin
Subs. ier.ry. sủb-sẻ'ẻn-sẻ. } s. ing	Subversive, sủb-vẻr'sẻ. a. having tendency to overturn
Subsidiary, sủb-sẻ'ẻ-ẻ-rẻ. a. assistant	Subvert, sủb-vẻr't'ẻ. v. a. to overthrow, to de-
Subsidize, sủb-sẻ'ẻ-dẻ. v. a. to give money to receive aid or assistance	Subvert, sủb-vẻr't'ẻ. v. a. to overthrow, to de-
Subsidy, sủb-sẻ'ẻ-dẻ. s. aid, commonly such as is given in money	Succedaneous, sủk-sẻ-dẻ-nẻ-ủs. a. supplying the place of something else
Subsign, sủb-sẻn'ẻ. v. a. to sign under	Succeed, sủk'sẻẻd'ẻ. v. n. to follow in order to obtain one's wish
Subsist, sủb-sẻs't'ẻ. v. n. to continue; to have means of living, to be maintained	Success, sủk-sẻs'ẻ. s. the termination of any affair happy or unhappy
Subsistence, sủb-sẻs'ẻnse. s. means of support	Successful, sủk-sẻs'ẻ'ẻl. a. prosperous, happy
Subsistent, sủb-sẻs'tẻnt. a. having real being	Successfully, sủk-sẻs'ẻ'ẻl-ẻ. ad. prosperously, luckily
Substance, sủb-sẻ'ẻnse. s. being; essential part; body; wealth (moderately wealthy)	Successfulness, sủk-sẻs'ẻ'ẻl-nẻs. s. happy consequence
Substantial, sủb-sẻn'shẻl. a. real; solid;	Succession, sủk-sẻsh'ủn. s. a series of things or persons following one another; a lineage; order of descendants
Substantiality, sủb-sẻn'shẻ-ẻl-ẻ-tẻ. s. real existence; corporeity	Successive, sủk-sẻs'ẻ'ẻl. a. following in order
Substantially, sủb-sẻn'shẻl-ẻ. ad. strongly, solidly; with competent wealth [to exist]	Successively, sủk-sẻs'ẻ'ẻl-lẻ. ad. in uninterrupted order
Substantiate, sủb-sẻn'shẻ-ẻte. v. a. to make substantive, sủb'sẻn-tẻ. s. a noun betokening the thing	Successor, sủk'sẻs-sẻr. s. one that follows in the place or character of another
Substitute, sủb'sẻtẻ-tẻ. v. a. to put in the place of another	Succinct, sủk-sẻngk't'ẻ. a. girded up; concise
Substitute, sủb'sẻtẻ-tẻ. s. one put to act in the place of another	Succinctly, sủk-sẻngk'ẻlẻ. ad. briefly, concisely
Subtract, sủb-sẻrẻk't'ẻ. v. a. to take away part	Succour, sủk'kủr. v. a. to help, to relieve
Substraction, sủb-sẻrẻk'shủn. s. the act of taking part from the whole	Succour, sủk'kủr. s. aid, assistance
Substruction, sủb-sẻrẻk'shủn. s. underbuilding	Succulency, sủk'kủ-lẻn-sẻ. s. juiciness
Subsultory, sủb'sủl-tủr-ẻ. a. bounding, moving by starts	Succulent, sủk'kủ-lẻnt. a. juicy, moist
Subtend, sủb-tẻnd'ẻ. v. a. to be extended under	Succumb, sủk-kủmb. v. a. to yield, to sink under difficulty
Subtense, sủb-tẻnse. s. the chord of an arch	Such, sủtsh. pron. of that kind
Subterfuge, sủb'tẻr-fủdẻ. s. a shift, an evasion	Suck, sủk. v. a. to draw in with the mouth
Subterranean, sủb-tẻr-rẻnẻ-ẻn. } a. lying	Suck, sủk. s. the act of sucking; milk given by females
Subterraneous, sủb-tẻr-rẻnẻ-ủs. } a. lying under the earth	Sucker, sủk'kủr. s. any thing that draws by suction; a young twig shooting from the stock
Subtle, sủb'tẻl. a. thin; piercing, acute	Suckle, sủk'kủ. v. a. to nurse at the breast
Subtly, sủb'tẻl-lẻ. ad. finely, cunningly	Suckling, sủk'ẻng. s. a young creature yet fed by the pap
Subtly, sủb'tẻl-lẻ. ad. finely, cunningly	Suction, sủk'shủn. s. the act of sucking
Subtly, sủb'tẻl-lẻ. s. thinness, cunning	Sudation, sủ-dẻ-shủn. s. sweat
Subtilization, sủb-tẻl-ẻ-zẻ-shủn. s. refinement, superfluous acuteness	Sudatory, sủ'ẻ-dẻ-tủr-ẻ. s. a sweating bath
Subtilize, sủb'tẻl-lẻ. v. a. to make thin; to subtilize, sủ'ẻl. a. sly, artful, cunning	Sudden, sủd'ẻn. a. without previous notice, hasty, precipitate
Subtly, sủb'tẻl-lẻ. s. artfulness, cunning	Suddenly, sủd'ẻn-lẻ. ad. in an unexpected manner
Subtract. See Substraction	

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mè, mêt—pline, pln—nò, môve,

- Sâdenness, sâd'ân-nês. *s.* state of being sudden, unexpected presence
- Sudorifick, sù-dò-rîf'îk. *a.* causing sweat
- Snuds, sâdz. *s.* a lixivium of soap and water
- Sue, sù. *v. a.* to prosecute by law
- Sue, sù. *v. n.* to entreat, to petition
- Suet, sù't. *s.* a hard fat, particularly that about the kidneys
- Suety, sù't-ê. *a.* consisting of suet
- Suffer, sâf'fâr. *v. a.* to bear; to allow
- Sufferable, sâf'fâr-â-bl. *a.* tolerable
- Sufferance, sâf'fâr-ânse. *s.* permission
- Sufferer, sâf'fâr-âr. *s.* one who endures pain; one who permits
- Suffering, sâf'fâr-îng. *s.* pain suffered
- Suffice, sâf-fîze'. *v. n.* to be enough [enough]
- Sufficiency, sâf-fîsh'ên-sê. *s.* competence,
- Sufficient, sâf-fîsh'ênt. *a.* equal to any end or purpose; competent
- Sufficiently, sâf-fîsh'ênt-lê. *ad.* enough
- Suffocate, sâf'fò-kâte. *v. a.* to choke by exclusion of air [king, state of being choked]
- Suffocation, sâf-fò-kâ'shân. *s.* the act of choking
- Suffragan, sâf'frâ-gân. *s.* a bishop considered as subject to his metropolitan
- Suffrage, sâf'frîdje. *s.* vote, voice given
- Suffumigation, sâf-fû-mè-gâ'shân. *s.* operation of fumes raised by fire [vapour or tincture]
- Suffuse, sâf-fûze'. *v. a.* to spread over with a
- Suffusion, sâf-fû-zhân. *s.* the act of over-spreading with any thing [cane]
- Sugar, shûg'âr. *s.* the native salt of the sugar-
- Sugar, shûg'âr. *v. a.* to impregnate or season with sugar
- Suggest, sùg-jêst'. *v. a.* to hint, to intimate
- Suggestion, sùg-jêst'shân. *s.* hint, intimation
- Suicide, sù'ê-sîde. *s.* self-murder
- Suit, sùte. *s.* a set; clothes made one part to answer another; courtship
- Suit, sùte. *v. a.* to fit; to be fitted to, to clothe
- Suitably, sù'tâ-bl. *a.* according with, agreeable to [likeness]
- Suitableness, sù'tâ-bl-nês. *s.* fitness, agreeability
- Suitably, sù'tâ-blê. *ad.* agreeably
- Suitor, } sù'târ. *s.* a petitioner; a woer
- Sulky, sâl'kê. *a.* silently sullen, morose
- Sulkiness, sâl'kê-nês. *s.* silent sullenness, moroseness
- Sullen, sâl'în. *a.* gloomy; obstinate
- Sullenness, sâl'în-nês. *s.* gloominess, morose.
- Sully, sù'lic'. *v. a.* to soil, to spot [ness]
- Sulphur, sùlf'fâr. *s.* brimstone
- Sulphureous, sùlf'fâr-ê-s. } containing sul-
- Sulphurous, sùlf'fâr-ûs. } phur
- Sulphury, sùlf'fâr-ê. *a.* partaking of sulphur
- Sultan, sù'tân. *s.* the Turkish emperor
- Sultana, sùl-tâ'nâ. *s.* the queen of an eastern emperor [sultry]
- Sultriness, sùl'trê-nês. *s.* the state of being
- Sultry, sùl'trê. *a.* hot and close
- Sum, sùm. *s.* the whole of any thing; quantity of money; the amount
- Sum, sùm. *v. a.* to compute
- Sumless, sùm'lês. *a.* not to be computed
- Summary, sùm'mâ-rê. *a.* short, brief [ment]
- Summary, sùm'mâ-rê. *s.* compendium, abridg-
- Summer, sùm'mâr. *s.* the season in which the sun arrives at the hither solstice
- Summit, sùm'mît. *s.* the top, the utmost height [ity]
- Summon, sùm'mûn. *v. a.* to call with authority
- Summons, sùm'mûnz. *s.* a call of authority
- Sunpter, sùm'tûr. *s.* a horse that carries clothes or furniture
- Sumption, sùm'shûn. *s.* the act of taking
- Sumptuary, sùm'ishû-â-rê. *a.* regulating the cost of life
- Sumptuous, sùm'tshû-ûs. *a.* costly, expensive
- Sumptuously, sùm'tshû-ûs-lê. *ad.* expensively
- Sumptuousness, sùm'tshû-ûs-nês. *s.* costliness
- Sun, sùn. *s.* the luminary that makes the day
- Sun, sùn. *v. a.* to expose to the sun
- Sunbeam, sùn'bême. *s.* ray of the sun
- Sunburnt, sùn'bârnt. *part. a.* tanned
- Sunday, sùn'dê. *s.* the Christian sabbath
- Sunder, sùn'dâr. *v. a.* to part, to separate
- Sundial, sùn'dî-âl. *s.* a marked plate on which the shadow points the hour
- Sundry, sùn'drê. *a.* several
- Sung, sùng. *pret. and part. pass. of sing*
- Sunk, sùngk. *pret. and part. pass. of sink*
- Sunless, sùn'lês. *a.* wanting sun
- Sunny, sùn'nê. *a.* bright; exposed to the sun
- Sunrise, sùn'rîze. } s. the appearance of
- Sunrising, sùn'rîz-îng. } the sun
- Sunset, sùn'sêt. *s.* close of the day
- Sunshine, sùn'shîne. *s.* action of the sun
- Sup, sâp. *v. n.* to eat the evening meal
- Sup, sâp. *s.* a small draught

- Superable, sù-pêr-â-bl. *a.* conquerable
 Superabound, sù-pêr-â-lôând'. *v. n.* to be stored with more than enough [than enough]
 Superabundance, sù-pêr-â-bân'dânse. *s.* more
 Superabundant, sù-pêr-â-bân'dânt. *a.* being more than enough [above]
 Superadd, sù-pêr-âd'. *v. a.* to add over and
 Superaddition, sù-pêr-âd-dîsh'ân. *s.* that which is added [qualify by age]
 Superannuate, sù-pêr-ân'nû-âte. *v. a.* to dis-
 Superb, sù-pêrb'. *a.* grand, pompous
 Supercargo, sù-pêr-kâr'gô. *s.* an officer who manages the trade of a ship
 Supercelestial, sù-pêr-sê-lê's'tshâl. *a.* placed above the firmament [matal]
 Supercilious, sù-pêr-sîl'yâs. *a.* haughty, dog-
 Superciliously, sù-pêr-sîl'yâs-lê. *ad.* haughtily, contemptuously
 Supereminence, sù-pêr-êm'mê-nênse. *s.* uncommon degree of eminence
 Supereminent, sù-pêr-êm'mê-nênt. *a.* eminent in a high degree
 Supererogate, sù-pêr-êr-rô-gâte. *v. n.* to do more than duty requires
 Supererogation, sù-pêr-êr-rô-gâ'shûn. *s.* performance of more than duty
 Superexcellent, sù-pêr-êk'sêl-lênt. *a.* uncommonly excellent [face; shallow
 Superficial, sù-pêr-fîsî'âl. *a.* lying on the sur-
 Superficially, sù-pêr-fîsî'âl-lê. *ad.* on the surface
 Superficies, sù-pêr-fîsh'êz. *s.* outside, surface
 Superfine, sù-pêr-fîne'. *a.* eminently fine
 Superfluitant, sù-pêr-flû'ê-tânt. *a.* floating above [enough]
 Superfluity, sù-pêr-flû'ê-tê. *s.* more than
 Superfluous, sù-pêr-flû-ûs. *a.* exuberant, more than enough [than is wanted]
 Superflux, sù-pêr-flûks. *s.* that which is more
 Superincumbent, sù-pêr-ln-kâm'bênt. *a.* lying on the top of something else
 Superinduce, sù-pêr-ln-dûse'. *v. a.* to bring in as an addition [to overlook]
 Superintend, sù-pêr-ln-tênd'. *v. a.* to oversee,
 Superintendence, sù-pêr-ln-tênd'ênse. }
 Superintendency, sù-pêr-ln-tênd'ên-sê. } *s.*
 the act of overseeing [who overlooks others]
 Superintendent, sù-pêr-ln-tên'dênt. *s.* one
 Superiority, sù-pê-rê-ôr'ê-tê. *s.* pre-eminence, the quality of being greater
 Superior, sù-pê-rê-ôr. *a.* higher
 Superior, sù-pê-rê-ôr. *s.* one more excellent or dignified than another
 Superlative, sù-pêr-lâ-tîv. *a.* implying or expressing the highest degree [the moon]
 Superlunar, sù-pêr-lû'nâr. *a.* placed above
 Supernal, sù-pêr'nâl. *a.* placed above, celestial [above]
 Supernatant, sù-pêr-nâ'tânt. *a.* swimming
 Supernatural, sù-pêr-nât'ishû-râl. *a.* above the powers of nature [a stated number]
 Supernumerary, sù-pêr-nû'mêr-âr-ê. *a.* above
 Superscribe, sù-pêr-skrîbe'. *v. a.* to inscribe upon the top or outside
 Superscription, sù-pêr-skrîp'shûn. *s.* that which is written on the top or outside
 Supersede, sù-pêr-sêde'. *v. a.* to set aside
 Supersedeas, sù-pêr-sê-dê-âs. *s.* the name of a writ to set aside some proceeding at law
 Superstition, sù-pêr-stîsh'ûn. *s.* false religion; over-nicety [superstition]
 Superstitious, sù-pêr-stîsh'ûs. *a.* addicted to
 Superstrain, sù-pêr-strânê'. *v. a.* to strain beyond the just stretch [any thing]
 Superstruct, sù-pêr-strûkt'. *v. a.* to build upon
 Superstruction, sù-pêr-strûk'shûn. *s.* an edifice raised on any thing
 Superstructure, sù-pêr-strûk'tshûre. *s.* that which is built upon something else
 Supervene, sù-pêr-vênê'. *v. n.* to come as an extraneous addition [ditional]
 Supervenient, sù-pêr-vê-nê-ênt. *a.* added, ad-
 Supervention, sù-pêr-vên'shûn. *s.* the act of supervening [overseer]
 Supervise, sù-pêr-vîze'. *v. a.* to overlook, to
 Supervisor, sù-pêr-vîzûr. *s.* an overseer
 Supine, sù'plne. *a.* lying with the face upward; careless, indolent
 Supine, sù'plne. *s.* a kind of verbal noun
 Supinely, sù-plne'lê. *ad.* with the face upwards; indolently [face upward; indolence]
 Supineness, sù-plne'nês. *s.* posture with the
 Supper, sù'pûr. *s.* the evening repast
 Supperless, sù'pûr-lês. *a.* wanting supper
 Supplant, sù-plânt'. *v. a.* to displace by stratagem
 Supplanter, sù-plânt'ûr. *s.* one that supplants
 Supple, sù'pl. *a.* pliant, flexible
 Supplement, sù'plê-mênt. *s.* addition to any thing by which its defects are supplied

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mè, mèi—plne, pln—nd, môte,

Supplemental, sâp plè-mènt'â.	} a.ad.	Surd, sârd. a. deaf; unheard
Supplementary, sâp-plè-mènt'âr-è.		Sure, shûre. a. certain; firm
ditional, such as may supply the place of what is lost	[bility]	Sure, shûre. ad. certainly, doubtless
Suppleness, sâp'pl-nès. s. pliantness, flexibility		Surely, shûre'lè. ad. certainly, undoubtedly
Suppletory, sâp'plè-târ-è. s. that which is to fill up deficiencies		Surety, shûre'tè. s. certainty; security; hostage [against the shore or a rock]
uppliant, sâp'plè-ânt. a. entreating		Surf, sârf. s. the swell of the sea that beats
uppliant, sâp'plè-ânt. } s. one that entreats		Surface, sâr'fâs. s. superficies, outside
Supplicant, sâp'plè-kânt. } s. or implores		Surfeit, sâr'fît. v. a. to feed with meat drink to satiety and sickness
Supplicate, sâp'plè-kâte. v. a. to implore, to entreat	[humbly delivered]	Surfeit, sâr'fît. s. sickness or satiety caused by over-fulness
Supplication, sâp-plè-kâ'shûn. s. petition		Surge, sârjè. s. a swelling sea
Supply, sâp-plî. v. a. to give something wanted, to afford; to relieve		Surgeon, sâr'jûn. s. one who cures by manual operations [manual operations]
Supply, sâp-plî. s. relief of want [to endure]		Surgery, sâr'jèr-è. s. the act of curing by
Support, sâp-pôrt. v. a. to sustain, to prop;		Surgy, sâr'jè. a. rising in billows [ger]
Support, sâp-pôrt. s. prop, supply		Surliness, sâr iè-nès. s. moroseness, sour anger
Supportable, sâp-pôrt'â-bl. a. tolerable		Surly, sâr'lè. a. gloomily morose
Supporter, sâp-pôrt'âr. s. one that supports; a prop	[proof, belief]	Surmise, sâr-nîze'. v. a. to suspect, to imagine imperfectly
Supposal, sâp-pô'zâl. s. position, without		Surmise, sâr-nîze'. s. imperfect notion
Suppose, sâp-pôze'. v. a. to lay down without proof; to imagine [down, hypothesis]		Surmount, sâr-môunt'. v. a. to rise above; to overcome
Supposition, sâp-pô-zîsh'ûn. s. position laid		Surmountable, sâr-môunt'â-bl. a. conquerable
Supposititious, sâp-pôz-è-tîsh'ûs. a. not genuine		Surname, sâr'nâme. s. the name of the family
Suppress, sâp-près'. v. a. to crush, to subdue; to conceal	[pressing]	Surpass, sâr-pâs'. v. a. to excel, to exceed
Suppression, sâp-près'h'ûn. s. the act of suppressing		Surpassing, sâr-pâs'sîng. part. a. excellent in a high degree [by the clergy]
Suppurate, sâp-pû-râte. v. a. to generate pus or matter [the matter of a tumour into pus]		Surplice, sâr'plîs. s. a white garment worn
Suppuration, sâp-pû-râ'shûn. s. the ripening of		Surplus, sâr plûs. s. overplus
Suppurative, sâp-pû-râ-tîv. a. digestive		Surprisal, sâr-prî'zâl. } the state of being
Supputation, sâp-pû-tâ'shûn. s. reckoning, account	[late]	Surprise, sâr-prîze'. } s. taken unawares, sudden confusion or perplexity
Suppue, sâp-pûte'. v. a. to reckon, to calculate		Surprise, sâr-prîze'. v. a. to take unawares
Supremacy, sâ-prèm'â-sè. s. highest place, highest authority	[or authority]	Surprising, sâr-prî'zîng. part. a. wonderful
Supreme, sâ-prème'. a. highest in dignity		Surrender, sâr-rèn'dâr. v. a. to yield up
Supremely, sâ-prème'lè. ad. in the highest degree		Surrender, sâr-rèn'dâr. s. the act of yielding
Sural, sâr'âl. a. being in the calf of the leg		Surruption, sâr-rèp'shûn. s. surprise sudden and unperceived invasion
Surance, shû'rânse. s. warrant, security		Surreptitious, sâr-rèp-tîsh'ûs. a. done by stealth, gotten fraudulently [gate]
Surcease, sâr-sèse'. v. n. to stop, to cease		Surrogate, sâr-rô-gâte. s. a deputy, a de-
Surcharge, sâr-tshârje'. s. over-burden		Surround, sâr-rô'ûnd'. v. a. to environ, to encompass
Surcharge, sâr-tshârje'. v. a. to overload, to		Surtout, sâr-tôôt'. s. a large coat worn over the rest
Surcingle, sâr'sîng-gâ. s. a girth [overburden]		Survene, sâr-vène'. v. a. to supervene
Surcle, sâr'kl. s. a shoot, a twig, a sucker		Survey, sâr-vâ'. v. a. to overlook
Surcoat, sâr-kôte. s. a short coat worn over the rest of the dress		Survey, sâr-vâ'. s. view, prospect

nôr, nôr—tâbe. tû ball—dîl—pôund—thin, rms.

- Surveyor, sâr-vâ'ûr. *s.* an overseer; a measurer of land [of another]
- Survive, sâr-vîve'. *v. n.* to live after the death
- Surviver, sâr-vî'vâr. *s.* one who outlives another [outliving another]
- Survivorship, sâr-vî'vâr-shîp. *s.* the state of
- Susceptibility, sûs-sêp-tê-blî-ê-tê.s. quality of admitting [mitting]
- Susceptible, sûs-sêp-tê-bl. *a.* capable of admission
- Suspension, sûs-sêp'shûn. *s.* act of taking
- Susceptive, sûs-sêp'tîv. *a.* capable to admit
- Suscipient, sûs-sîp'pê-ênt. *s.* one who takes
- Suscitate, sûs-sê-tâte. *v. n.* to rouse, to excite
- Suspect, sûs-pêkt'. *v. a.* to imagine with a degree of fear and jealousy what is not known; to hold uncertain
- Suspend, sûs-pênd'. *v. a.* to hang; to delay
- Suspense, sûs-pênsê'. *s.* uncertainty
- Suspension, sûs-pên'shûn. *s.* act of delaying or withholding; interruption, temporary cessations
- Suspicion, sûs-pîsh'ûn. *s.* the act of suspecting
- Suspicious, sûs-pîsh'ûs. *a.* inclined to suspect, liable to suspicion
- Suppiration, sûs-spê-râ'shûn. *s.* a sigh
- Suppire, sûs-spîrê'. *v. n.* to sigh
- Sustain, sûs-tâne'. *v. a.* to bear; to support
- Sustainer, sûs-tâ'nâr. *s.* one that supports; a supporter [tenance]
- Sustenance, sûs-tê-nânse. *s.* support, main-
- Sutler, sût'lâr. *s.* a man that sells provisions
- Suture, sût'shûre. *s.* a manner of sewing or stitching wounds
- Swab, swôb. *s.* a kind of mop
- Swabber, swôb'bâr. *s.* a sweeper of the deck
- Swaddle, swôd'dl. *v. a.* to swathe
- Swag, swâg. *v. n.* to sink down by its weight
- Swagger, swâg'gâr. *v. n.* to bluster, to bully
- Swaggerer, swâg'gâr-ûr. *s.* a blusterer; a bully
- Swain, swâne. *s.* a pastoral youth
- Swale, swâle. } *v. a.* to waste or li ze away
- Sweal, swêle. }
- Swallow, swôl'ld. *s.* a small bird, the throat
- Swallow, swôl'ld. *v. a.* to take down the throat; to receive without examination
- Swain, swâm. *pret. of swim*
- Swamp, swômp. *s.* a marsh, a fen
- Swampy, swômpê. *a.* boggy, lenny
- Swan, swôn. *s.* a large water-fowl
- Swanikin, swôn'skîn. *s.* a kind of soft flannel
- Swap, swôp. *ad.* hastily
- Sward, swârd. *s.* the surface of the ground
- Sware, swâre. *pret. of swear*
- Swarm, swârm. *s.* number of bees or other small animals, a multitude
- Swarm, swârm. *v. n.* to rise as bees in a body, and quit the hive; to appear in multitudes, to crowd [plexion]
- Swartiness, swâr'thê-nê.s. darkness of corn
- Swarthy, swâr'thê. *a.* dark of complexion, tawny [noise]
- Swash, swôsh. *v. n.* to make a great clatter or
- Swathe, swâthe. *v. a.* to bind as a child with bands and rollers [ern, to influence]
- Sway, swâ. *v. a.* to wave in the hand; to govern
- Sway, swâ. *s.* the swing or sweep of a weapon; power, dominion
- Swear, swâre. *v. n. pret. swore, or swore; part. pass. sworn.* to utter an oath; to declare upon oath
- Swea, swâre. *v. a.* to put to an oath
- Sweat, swêt. *s.* the matter evacuated at the pores by heat or labour
- Sweat, swêt. *v. n. pret. sweat, sweated, part. pass. sweaten.* to emit moisture
- Sweaty, swêtê. *a.* moist with sweat
- Sweep, swêép. *v. a.* to clean with a besom, to carry with pomp; to pass over with celerity [rection of any motion]
- Sweep, swêép. *s.* the act of sweeping; dis-
- Sweepings, swêép'îngz. *s.* that which is swept away [all; a prize at a race]
- Sweepstake, swêép'stâke. *s.* a man that wins
- Sweet, swêét. *a.* luscious to the taste; fragrant to the smell; melodious to the ear, pleasing to the eye
- Sweet, swêét. *s.* sweetness; a perfume
- Sweetbread, swêét'brêd. *s.* the pancreas of the calf [palliate]
- Sweeten, swêét'n. *v. a.* to make sweet; to
- Sweetheart, swêét'hârt. *s.* a lover or mistress
- Sweetly, swêét'lê. *ad.* in a sweet manner
- Sweetmeat, swêét'mète. *s.* fruits preserved with sugar [sweet]
- Sweetness, swêét'nê.s. the quality of being
- Swell, swêll. *v. n. part. pass. swollen.* to grow bigger; to be exasperated
- Swell, swêll. *s.* extension of bulk
- Swelling, swêll'îng. *s.* method of curing a tubercle

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, pln—nô, môve,

Swelter, swêl'târ. <i>v. a.</i> to parch, or dry up with heat	Syllogism, sîl'lô-jîzm. <i>s.</i> an argument composed of three propositions [logics]
Sweltry, swêl'trê. <i>a.</i> suffocating with heat	Syllogize, sîl'lô-jîze. <i>v. n.</i> to reason by syllogism
Swept, swêpt. <i>part. and pret. of sweep</i>	Sylvan, sîl'vân. <i>a.</i> woody, shady
Swerve, swêrv. <i>v. n.</i> to wander; to deviate	Sylvan, sîl'vân. <i>s.</i> a wood god, a satyr
Swift, swî:t. <i>a.</i> quick, fleet, speedy	Symbol, sîm'bôl. <i>s.</i> an abstract; a type
Swiftly, swîft'lê. <i>ad.</i> fleetly, rapidly	Symbolical, sîm-bôl'ê-kâl. <i>a.</i> typical
Swiftness, swîft'nês. <i>s.</i> speed, nimbleness	Symbolize, sîm'bô-ilze. <i>v. a.</i> to make representative of something [ate]
Swig, swîg. <i>v. n.</i> to drink by large draughts	Symmetrical, sîm-mêt'trê-kâl. <i>a.</i> proportionate
Swill, swîll. <i>v. a.</i> to drink luxuriously	Symmetrize, sîm'mê-trîze. <i>v. a.</i> to bring to symmetry
Swill, swîll. <i>s.</i> drink luxuriously poured down	Symmetry, sîm'mê-trê. <i>s.</i> proportion
Swim, swîm. <i>v. n. pret. swam, or swum.</i> to float on the water; to be dizzy	Sympathetic, sîm-pâ-thêt'ik. <i>a.</i> having mutual sensation [another]
Swimmer, swîm mâr. <i>s.</i> one who swims	Sympathize, sîm'pâ-thîze. <i>v. n.</i> to feel with
Swimmingly, swîm'îng-lê. <i>ad.</i> smoothly, without obstruction	Sympathy, sîm'pâ-thê. <i>s.</i> fellow-feeling, mutual sensibility
Swindle, swînd'l. <i>v. a.</i> to cheat under the pretence of trading or trafficking	Symphonious, sîm-fô-nê-ûs. <i>a.</i> harmonious
Swine, swîne. <i>s.</i> a hog, a pig, a sow	Symphony, sîm-fô-nê. <i>s.</i> harmony of mingled sounds
Swineherd, swîne'hêrd. <i>s.</i> a keeper of hogs	Symptom, sîm-tâm. <i>s.</i> a sign, a token
Swing, swîng. <i>v. n.</i> to wave loosely	Symptomatick, sîm-tô-mât'ik. <i>a.</i> happening concurrently or occasionally
Swing, swîng. <i>s.</i> motion of any thing hanging loosely; a line on which any thing hangs loose; unrestrained liberty	Synagogue, sîn'â-gôg. <i>s.</i> an assembly of the Jews to worship [of events]
Swinging, swî'îng. <i>a.</i> great, huge	Synchronism, sîng'krô-nîzm. <i>s.</i> concurrence
Swinish, swî'nîsh. <i>a.</i> befitting swine	Syncope, sîng'kô-pê. <i>s.</i> fainting fit
Switch, swîtsh. <i>s.</i> a small flexible twig	Synod, sîn'drô-nê. <i>s.</i> concurrent action
Swivel, swîv'l. <i>s.</i> something fixed in another body so as to turn round in it	Synod, sîn'nûd. <i>s.</i> an assembly of ecclesiasticks
Swobber, swôbbâr. <i>s.</i> a sweeper of the deck	Synodical, sê-nôd'ê-kâl. } relating to a synod
Swollen, } <i>swôln. part. pass. of swell</i>	Synodick, sê-nôd'ik. } <i>a.</i> nod
Sworn, } <i>swôrn. part. pass. of swear</i>	Synonyma, sê-nôn'î-nê-mâ. <i>s.</i> names which signify the same thing
Swoon, swôdn. <i>v. n.</i> to faint	Synonymous, sê-nôn'î-nê-mûs. <i>a.</i> expressing the same thing by different words
Swoon, swôdn. <i>s.</i> a fainting fit	Synopsis, sê-nôp'sîs. <i>s.</i> a general view
Swoop, swôdp. <i>s.</i> fall of a bird of prey upon his quarry [another]	Syntax, sîn'tâks. <i>s.</i> a system; the construction of words [opposed to analysis]
Swoop, swôdp. <i>v. a.</i> to exchange one thing for another	Synthesis, sîn'thê-sîs. <i>s.</i> the act of joining
Swoop, swôdp. <i>v. a.</i> to exchange one thing for another	Synthetick, sîn-thêt'ik. <i>a.</i> conjoining, compounding
Sword, sôrd. <i>s.</i> a weapon used either in cutting or thrusting	Syphon, sî'fân. <i>s.</i> a tube, a pipe [pounding]
Swordman, sôrd'mân. <i>s.</i> a fighting man	Syringe, sî'înje. <i>s.</i> a pipe through which any liquor is squirted
Swore, swôre. <i>pret. of swear</i>	Syrtis, sê'r'tîs. <i>s.</i> a quicksand, a bog
Sworn, swôrn. <i>part. pass. of swear</i>	System, sîs'têm. <i>s.</i> a scheme
Swum, swûm. <i>pret. and part. pass. of swim</i>	Systematical, sîs-tê-mât'ê-kâl. <i>a.</i> methodical
Swung, swûng. <i>pret. and part. pass. of swing</i>	Systematize, sîs-tê-mâ-tîze. <i>v. a.</i> to reduce to a system
Sycophant, sîk ô-fânt. <i>s.</i> a flatterer	
Sycophantik, sîk ô-fânt'ik. <i>a.</i> flattering	
Syllable, sîl'lâ-bl. <i>s.</i> as much of a word as is uttered by the help of one vowel or one articulation [sing the heads of a discourse]	
Syllabus, sîl'lâ-bû. <i>s.</i> a compendium containing	

nôr, nô-t—tûbe, tâb, bâil—ôil—pôand—thin, THIS.

Systole, sîs'tô-lê. *s.* the contraction of the heart; the shortening of a long syllable

T.

TABBY, tâb'bê. *s.* a kind of waved silk
Tabby, tâb'bê. *a.* brindled, brindled
Tzabesy, tâb'é-fl. *v. n.* to waste by disease
Tabernacle, 'ab'êr-nâ-kl. *s.* a temporary habitation; a place of worship
Tab'id, tâb'îd. *a.* wasted by disease
Tablature, tâb'lâ-tûre. *s.* painting on walls or ceilings [entertainment; an index
Table, tâ'bl. *s.* any flat surface fare or entertainment
Table-cloth, tâ'bl-klôth. *s.* linen spread on a table
Tablet, tâb'lêt. *s.* a small level surface
Tabour, tâ'bûr. *s.* a drum beaten with one stick to accompany a pipe
Tabret, tâb'rét. *s.* a tabour
Tabular, tâb'û-lâr. *a.* formed in squares
Tacit, tâs'it. *a.* silent, implied
Tacitly, tâs'it-lê. *ad.* silently
Taciturnity, tâs-ê-tûr'nê-tê. *s.* habitual silence
Tack, tâk. *v. a.* to fasten to any thing; to join
Tack, tâk. *s.* a small nail; the act of turning ships at sea
Tackle, tâk'ki. *s.* the ropes of a ship
Tackling, tâk'ing. *s.* furniture of the mast; instruments of action [gung a battle
Tactick, tâk'ik. *a.* relating to the art of rancing
Tactics, tâk'itks. *s.* the art of ranging men in the field of battle
Tactile, tâk'til. *a.* susceptible of touch
Tadpole, tâd'pôle. *s.* a young shapeless frog
Taffeta, tâf'fê-tâ. *s.* a thin silk [or toad
Tag, tâg. *s.* a point of metal put to the end of a string [to join
Tag, tâg. *v. a.* to fit any thing with an end;
Tail, tâle. *s.* the hinder part of any thing
Tailor, tâ'lûr. *s.* one whose business is to
Taint, tânt. *v. a.* to infect [make clothes
Taint, tânt. *s.* a stain; infection
Take, tâke. *v. a. pret. took; part. pass. taken.*
 to receive; to seize; to understand in any particular sense; to close in with, to swallow as a medicine; to carry; to rent
Taken, tâ'ku. *part. pass. of take*
Taking, tâ'king. *s.* seizure, distress [reckoned
Tale, tâle. *s.* a narrative, a story; number

Talebearer, tâle'hâ-rûr. *s.* one who gives of
 ficious intelligence [faculty; nature
Talent, tâl'ênt. *s.* a certain weight, or sum;
Talisman, tâl'iz-mân. *s.* a magical character
Talk, tâwk. *v. n.* to speak; to prattle; to confer [subject of discourse
Talk, tâwk. *s.* oral conversation; rumour;
Talkative, tâwk'â-tiv. *a.* loquacious
Talkativeness, tâwk'â-tiv-nês. *s.* loquacity
Talker, tâwk'ûr. *s.* one who talks; a boaster, a bragging fellow
Tall, tâll. *a.* high in stature; lofty
Tallow, tâl'lo. *s.* the grease or fat of an animal, suet [makes tallow candles
Tallowhandler, tâl'lo-tshând-lûr. *s.* one who
Tally, tâl'lê. *s.* a stick notched or cut in conformity to another stick
Tally, tâl'lê. *v. n.* to fit, to suit
Talmud, tâl'mûd. *s.* the book containing the Jewish traditions
Talness, tâll'nês. *s.* height of stature
Talon, tâ'lûn. *s.* the claw of a bird of prey
Tame, tâme. *a.* domestic; subdued
Tame, tâme. *v. a.* to reduce from wildness; to subdue
Tamely, tâme'lê. *ad.* not wildly, meantly
Tameness, tâme'nês. *s.* the quality of being tame [to do without fitness or necessity
Tamper, tâm'pûr. *v. n.* to meddle, to have
Tan, tân. *v. a.* to imbue with bark, to imbrown by the sun
Tang, tâng. *s.* a strong taste; relish
Tangent, tân'jênt. *s.* a right line perpendicularly raised on the extremity of a radius, which touches a circle so as not to cut it
Tangibility, tân-jê-ll'ê-tê. *s.* the quality of being perceived by the touch [touch
Tangible, tân'jê-bl. *a.* perceptible by the
Tangle, tâng'gl. *v. a.* to implicate; to embroil
Tankard, tângk'ûrd. *s.* a large vessel with a cover, for strong drink [tan leather
Tanner, tân'nûr. *s.* one whose trade is to
Tantalize, tân'tâ-lize. *v. a.* to torment by the show of pleasures which cannot be reached
Tantamount, tânt-â-môûnt. *a.* equivalent
Tap, tâp. *v. a.* to touch lightly; to broach a vesse! [the liquor of a vessel is let out
Tap, tâp. *s.* a gentle blow; a pipe at which
Tape, tâpe. *s.* a narrow fillet

Fâte, fâr, fâli, fât—mê, mêt—plue, plu—nô, môve,

- Taper, tâ'pâr. *s.* a wax candle
 Taper, tâ'pâr. *a.* regularly narrowed from the bottom to the top
 Taper, tâ'pâr. *v. n.* to grow smaller [figures
 Tapestry, tâps'trê. *s.* cloth woven in regular
 Tapster, tâps'târ. *s.* one whose business is to draw beer in an alehouse
 Tar, târ. *s.* liquid pitch; a sailor
 Tar, târ. *v. a.* to smear over with tar
 Tardily, târ'dê-lê. *ad.* slowly, sluggishly
 Tardiness, târ'dê-nês. *s.* slowness, sluggishness
 Tardy, târ'dê. *a.* slow, dilatory, late [ness
 Tare, târe. *s.* the weight of any thing containing a commodity; also the allowance
 Tare, târe. *pret.* of *tear* [made for it
 Target, târ'gêt. *s.* a kind of buckler or shield
 Tariff, târ'f. *s.* a cartel of commerce
 Tarnish, târ'nîsh. *v. a.* to sully, to soil
 Tarpawling, târ-pâwl'ing. *s.* hempen cloth smeared with tar
 Tarry, târ'rê. *v. n.* to stay; to delay
 Tart, târt. *a.* sour, acid
 Tart, târt. *s.* a small pie of fruit
 Tartane, târ'tân. *s.* a vessel with one mast and a three-cornered sail
 Tartar, târ'târ. *s.* that which sticks to wine-casks, like a hard stone
 Tartarean, târ-tâ'rê-ân. } consisting of tar-
 Tartareous, târ-tâ'rê-ûs. } *a.* tar; hellish
 Tartarous, târ'târ-ûs. *a.* containing tartar
 Tartly, târt'lê. *ad.* sharply, sourly
 Tartness, târt'nês. *s.* sharpness, sourness
 Task, tâsk. *s.* something to be done imposed by another; employment, business
 Tassel, tâs'sêl. *s.* an ornamental bunch of silk or glittering substances
 Taste, tâste. *v. a.* to perceive and distinguish by the palate; to essay first; to have perception of
 Taste, tâste. *s.* the act of tasting; intellectual relish or discernment; an essay
 Tasteful, tâst'fûl. *a.* high relished, savoury
 Tasteless, tâst'lês. *a.* having no relish
 Tastelessness, tâst'lês-nês. *s.* insipidity, want
 Tatter, tât'tûr. *v. a.* to tear, to rend [of relish
 Tatter, tât'tûr. *s.* a fluttering rag [ged fellow
 Tatterdemalion, tât-tûr-dê-mâl'yûn. *s.* a rag-
 Tattle, tât'tl. *v. n.* to prate, to talk idly
 Tattle, tât'tl. *s.* prate, idle chat
 Tattler, tât'tl-ûr. an idle talker, a prater
 Taught, tâwt. *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *teach*
 Taunt, tânt. *v. a.* to reproach, to revile, to
 Taunt, tânt. *s. insult, reproach* [ridicule
 Tauntingly, tânt'ing-lê. *ad.* with insult, scoff-
 singly [the same thing
 Tautological, tâw-tô-lôd'jê-kâl. *a.* repeating
 Tautology, tâw-tô'lô-jê. *s.* repetition of the same words [petition of the same sound
 Tautophony, tâw-tôf'ô-nê. *s.* a successive re-
 Tavern, tâv'ûrn. *s.* a house where wine is sold
 Taw, tâw. *v. a.* to dress white leather
 Taw, tâw. *s.* a marble to play with
 Tawdriness, tâw'drê-nês. *s.* tinsel finery
 Tawdry, tâw'drê. *a.* meanly showy
 Tawny, tâw'nê. *a.* yellow, like things tanned
 Tax, tâks. *s.* an impost, a tribute imposed
 Tax, tâks. *v. a.* to load with imposts; to charge, to censure
 Taxable, tâks'â-bl. *a.* that may be taxed
 Taxation, tâks'â-shên. *s.* the act of loading
 Tea, tê. *s.* a Chinese plant [with taxes, impost
 Teach, têtsh. *v. a. pret.* and *part. pass.* *taught* to instruct [struction
 Teachable, têtsh'â-bl. *a.* susceptible of in-
 Teachableness, têtsh'â-bl-nês. *s.* docility
 willingness to learn
 Teacher, têtsh'ûr. *s.* an instructor, a preacher
 Teal, têle. *s.* a wild fowl
 Team, tême. *s.* a number of horses or oxen drawing at once the same carriage
 Tear, têre. *s.* water from the eyes
 Tear, têre. *s.* a rent, a fissure
 Tear, têre. *v. a. pret.* *tore*; *part. pass.* *torn* to pull in pieces, to lacerate
 Tear, têre. *v. n.* to fume, to rave
 Tearful, têre'fûl. *a.* weeping [with importunity
 Tease, têze. *v. a.* to comb wool; to torment
 Teat, têtc. *s.* the dug of a beast
 Technical, têk'nê-kâl. *a.* belonging to arts
 Techy, têtsh'ê. *a.* peevish, fretful
 Tectonick, têk-tôn'ik. *a.* pertaining to building
 Tedious, têdê-ûs. *s.* troublesome; wearisome by prolixity; slow [as to weary
 Tediously, têdê-ûs-lê. *ad.* in such a manner
 Tediousness, têdê-ûs-nês, or têjê-ûs-nês. *a.* wearisomeness by continuance
 Teem, têém. *v. n.* to bring young; to be pregnant [twenty
 Teens, têenz. *s.* the years between twelve and
 Teeth, têeth. *plur.* of *tooth*

nór, nót—tûbe, tûb, bûll—dîl—pôund—thin, THIS.

- Tegument**, tég'û-miènt. *s.* cover, the outward part
- Teint**, tînt. *s.* colour, touch of the pencil
- Telegraph**, têt'è-gráf. *s.* an instrument that conveys intelligence to a distance through the means of signals
- Telescope**, têt'lè-skôpe. *s.* a glass by which distant objects are viewed
- Tell**, têtll. *v. a. pret.* and *part. pass. told.* to utter; to relate; to inform; to count
- Teller**, têt'lûr. *s.* one who tells or relates
- Tell-tale**, têt'tâle. *s.* one who carries officious intelligence
- Temerarious**, tèm-èr-â-ré-ûs. *a.* rash, heedless
- Temerity**, tèm-mèr'è-té. *s.* rashness, unreasonable contempt of danger
- Temper**, tèm'pûr. *v. a.* to compound; to mollify, to assuage
- Temper**, tèm'pûr. *s.* due mixture of contrary qualities; disposition of mind
- Temperament**, tèm'pèr-â-miènt. *s.* constitution
- Temperance**, tèm'pèr-ânsé. *s.* moderation; patience, sedateness
- Temperate**, tèm'pèr-âte. *a.* moderate (calmly)
- Temperately**, tèm'pèr-âte-lé. *ad.* moderately
- Temperature**, tèm'pèr-â-tûre. *s.* constitution of nature; moderation [the wind; tumult]
- Tempest**, tèm'pèst. *s.* the utmost violence of
- Tempestuous**, tèm'pès'tshû-ûs. *a.* stormy, turbulent
- Templar**, tèm'plâr. *s.* a student in the law
- Temple**, tèm'pl. *s.* a place appropriated to acts of religion or the study of the law; an ornamental building in a garden; the upper part of the sides of the head
- Temporal**, tèm'pò-râl. *a.* measured by time, secular; placed at the temples [to this life]
- Temporally**, tèm'pò-râl-é. *ad.* with respect
- Temporaneous**, tèm'pò-râ-né-ûs. *a.* temporary
- Temporary**, tèm'pò-râ-ré. *a.* lasting only for a limited time
- Temporize**, tèm'pò-rîze. *v. n.* to procrastinate; to comply with the times or occasions
- Tempt**, tèm't. *v. a.* to solicit to ill, to entice
- Tempter**, tèm'tûr. *s.* an enticer
- Temptation**, tèm'tâ-shûn. *s.* the act of tempting, enticement
- Ten**, tèn. *a.* the decimal number. twice five
- Tenable**, tèn'â-bl. *a.* such as may be maintained or held
- Tenacious**, tèn-nâ'shûs. *a.* grasping hard; retentive; cohesive
- Tenant**, tèn'ânt. *s.* one who rents of another
- Tenantable**, tèn'ânt-â-bl. *a.* such as may be held by a tenant
- Tenantless**, tèn'ânt-lès. *a.* unoccupied
- Tend**, tënd. *v. n.* to watch, to guard; to attend
- Tendance**, tèn'dânse. *s.* attendance
- Tendance**, tèn'dânse. } *s.* direction; drift
- Tendency**, tèn'dèn-sé. }
- Tender**, tèn'dûr. *a.* soft, easily pained; delicate; compassionate; amorous
- Tender**, tèn'dûr. *v. a.* to offer, to propose to acceptance
- Tender**, tèn'dûr. *s.* offer, proposal to accept
- Tenderly**, tèn'dûr-lé. *ad.* mildly, gently
- Tenderness**, tèn'dûr-nès. *s.* the state of being tender; susceptibility of impression; sore-
- Tendinous**, tèn'dé-nûs. *a.* sinewy
- Tendon**, tèn'dûn. *s.* a sinew
- Tendril**, tèn'drîl. *s.* the clasp of a vine
- Tenebrious**, tèn-è'bré-ûs. *a.* dark, gloomy
- Tenement**, tèn'é-miènt. *s.* any thing held by a tenant
- Tenet**, tèn'nîl. *s.* position, principle, opinion
- Tennis**, tèn'nîs. *s.* a play at which a ball is driven with a racket
- Tenour**, or **Tenor**, tèn'nûr. *s.* continuity of state; a sound in music
- Tense**, tènse. *a.* stretched, stiff [in a time]
- Tense**, tènse. *s.* a variation of the verb to signify
- Tenseness**, tènse'nès. *s.* contraction, tension
- Tensible**, tèn'sé-bl. } *a.* capable of extension
- Tensile**, tèn'sîl. }
- Tension**, tèn'shûn. *s.* the act of stretching; state of being stretched [ness or contraction]
- Tensive**, tèn'sîv. *a.* giving a sensation of stuff
- Tent**, tènt. *s.* a moveable lodging-place; a pavilion; a roll of lint put into a sore; a species of wine
- Tentation**, tèn-tâ'shûn. *s.* trial, temptation
- Tentative**, tèn'tâ-tîv. *a.* trying, essaying
- Tented**, tèn'téd. *a.* covered with tents
- Tenter**, tèn'tûr. *s.* a hook on which things are stretched
- Tenth**, tènth. *a.* ordinal of ten
- Tenth**, tènth. *s.* the tenth part; tithe
- Tenthly**, tènth'lé. *ad.* in the tenth place
- Tenuity**, tèn-nû'é-té. *s.* thinness, exility
- Tenuous**, tèn-nû-ûs. *a.* thin, small, mi-

Fâte. fâ., fâl, fât—mê, mêt,—plne, pln—nê, môve

- Tenure, tẻ'nuẻ. *s.* the manner whereby tenements are holden of their lords
- Tepid, tẻ'p'ỉd. *a.* lukewarm [galions of wine]
- Terce, tẻ'sẻ. *s.* a vessel containing forty-two
- Tergeminous, tẻ'r-jẻm'ẻ-nủ. *a.* threefold
- Tergiversation, tẻ'r-jẻ-vẻr-sả'shủn. *s.* shift, subterfuge, evasion
- Term, tẻ'm. *s.* limit, boundary; the word by which a thing is expressed; condition
- Term, tẻ'm. *v. a.* to name, to call
- Termagancy, tẻ'mả-gản-sẻ. *s.* turbulence, tumultuousness {scolding
- Termagant, tẻ'mả-gảnt. *a.* tumultuous;
- Termagant, tẻ'mả-gảnt. *s.* a scold
- Terminable, tẻ'mẻ-nả-bl. *a.* limitable
- Terminate, tẻ'mẻ-nả-te. *v. a.* to limit; to put an end to
- Termination, tẻ'mẻ-nả'shủn. *s.* end, conclusion [covered with grass]
- Terrace, tẻ'r-rỏs. *s.* a small mount of earth
- Terraqueous, tẻ'r-rỏkwẻ-ủs. *a.* composed of land and water
- Terrene, tẻ'r-rẻnẻ. *a.* earthly, terrestrial
- Terreous, tẻ'r-rẻ-ủs. *a.* earthy, consisting of
- Terrestrial, tẻ'r-rẻs'tẻ-ỏl. *a.* earthly [earth
- Terrible, tẻ'r-rẻ-bl. *a.* dreadful, formidable
- Terribly, tẻ'r-rẻ-blẻ. *ad.* dreadfully, formidably
- Terrier, tẻ'r-rẻ-ủr. *s.* a dog that follows his game under ground
- Terrick, tẻ'r-rẻ'ỉk. *a.* dreadful
- Terrify, tẻ'r-rẻ-ỉ. *v. a.* to fright
- Territory, tẻ'r-rẻ-tủr-ẻ. *s.* land, district
- Terror, tẻ'r-rủr. *s.* fear communicated or received; the cause of fear
- Terse, tẻ'sẻ. *a.* smooth; neat [but one day
- Vertian, tẻ'r'shủn. *s.* an ague intermitting
- Vesiculated, tẻ's'ẻ-lỏ-tẻd. *a.* variegated by squares
- Vest, tẻ'st. *s.* a cupel to try metals; trial
- Vestaceous, tẻ's-tỏ'shủ. *a.* consisting of shells
- Vestament, tẻ's-tỏ-mẻnt. *s.* a will; the name of Holy Scripture [will
- Vestimentary, tẻ's-tỏ-mẻn'ỏ-tỏ-rẻ. *a.* given by
- Vestate, tẻ's'tỏ-te. *a.* having made a will
- Vestator, tẻ's-tỏ-tủr. *s.* one who leaves a will
- Vestatrix, tẻ's-tỏ-trẻks. *s.* a woman who leaves
- Vested, tẻ's'tẻd. *a.* tried by a test [a will
- Vester, tẻ's'tỏ-r. *s.* a sixpence; the cover of a book [inals
- Vesticle, tẻ's'tẻ-ỏ. *s.* an organ of seed in uni-
- Testifier, tẻ's'tẻ-ỉ-ỏr. *s.* one who testifies
- Testify, tẻ's'tẻ-ỉ. *v. n.* to witness
- Testily, tẻ's-tẻ-lẻ. *ad.* fretfully, peevishly
- Testimonia, tẻ's-tẻ-nỏ'ỏ-nẻ-ỏl. *s.* a writing produced by any one as an evidence &c. &c.
- Testimony, tẻ's'tẻ-mỏn-ẻ. *s.* evidence; proof
- Testiness, tẻ's'tẻ-nẻs. *s.* moroseness
- Testy, tẻ's'tẻ. *a.* fretful, peevish
- Tetchy, tẻ'tshẻ. *a.* froward, peevish
- Tete-a-tete, tẻ'tẻ-ỏ-tẻtẻ. *ad.* cheek by jowl
- Tether, tẻ'tủr. *s.* a string by which cattle are held from pasturing too wide
- Tetragonal, tẻ-trỏg'ỏ-nỏl. *a.* square
- Tetrarch, tẻ'tỏrk, or tẻ'r'rỏrk. *s.* a Roman governor of the fourth part of a province
- Tetrarchy, tẻ'tủr-kẻ. *s.* a Roman government [verses
- Tetrastick, tẻ-trỏs'tẻk. *s.* a stanza of four
- Tetter, tẻ'tủr. *s.* a scab, a scurf
- Teutonic, tẻ-tủn'ỏk. *a.* spoken by the Teutones, or ancient Germans
- Text, tẻk'st. *s.* that on which a comment is written; sentence of Scripture
- Textile, tẻk's'tẻl. *a.* woven
- Text-re, tẻk's'tẻshủ. *s.* a web; disposition of the parts of bodies
- Tha, thỏ. *ad.* placed in comparison
- Thank, thỏngk. *v. a.* to return acknowledgments [favour, expression of gratitude
- Thanks, thỏngks. *s.* acknowledgment for
- Thankful, thỏngk'ỏl. *a.* full of gratitude
- Thankless, thỏngk'ẻs. *a.* unthankful
- Thanksgiving, thỏngk'ỏ-gẻv-ỉng. *s.* celebration
- That, thỏt. *pron.* which; who [of mercy
- Thatch, thỏtshỏ. *s.* straw laid upon the top of a house to keep out the weather
- Thatch, thỏtshỏ. *v. a.* to cover as with straw
- Thatcher, thỏtshỏ'ủr. *s.* one who covers houses with straw
- Thaw, thỏw. *v. n.* to grow liquid, to melt
- Thaw, thỏw. *s.* liquefaction of any thing congealed
- The, thẻ. *article.* noun a particular thing
- Theatral, thẻ'ỏ-trỏl. *a.* belonging to a theatre
- Theatre, thẻ'ỏ-tủr. *s.* a play house; a place rising by steps like a theatre
- Theatrick, thẻ'ỏ-trẻk. } a. suiting a theatre
- Theatrical, thẻ'ỏ-trẻ-kỏl. } a. theatre
- Thee thẻẻ. *the oblique singular of thou*

Theft, *thêft*. *s.* the act of stealing
 Their, *thâre*. *pron.* of *them*
 Theist, *thê'ist*. *s.* one who believes in God
 Theism, *thê'izm*. *s.* the mere belief of a God ;
 deism
 Them, *thêm*. *s.* the *oblique case of they*
 Theme, *thème*. *s.* a subject, short dissertation
 Themselves, *thêm-sêlvz'*. *s.* these very persons
 Then, *thên*. *ad.* at that time [that time]
 Thence, *thênse*. *ad.* from that place ; from
 Thenceforth, *thênse'ôrth*. }
 Thenceforward, *thênse'ôr'wârd*. } *ad.* from
 that time
 Theocracy, *thê-ôk'krâ-sê*. *s.* government im-
 mediately superintended by God
 Theocratical, *thê-ô krât'tê-kâl*. *a.* relating to
 a theocracy [fessor of divinity]
 Theologian, *thê-ô-lô-jê-ân*. *s.* a divine ; a pro-
 Theological, *thê-ô-lôd'jê-kâl*. *a.* relating to
 the science of divinity
 Theologist, *thê-ô'lô-jist*. *s.* a divine
 Theorem, *thê-ô-rêm*. *s.* a position laid down
 as a settled truth
 Theoretical, *thê-ô-rêt'tê-kâl*. }
 Theoretick, *thê-ô-rêt'ik*. } *a.* speculative
 Theoretically, *thê-ô-rêt'tê-kâl-ê*. *ad.* specula-
 Theorist, *thê-ô-rist*. *s.* a speculatist [tively
 Theory, *thê-ô-rê*. *s.* speculation, scheme
 There, *thâre*. *ad.* in that place
 Thereabout, *thâre-â-bôût*. }
 Thereabouts, *thâre-â-bôûts*. } *ad.* near that
 place
 Thereat, *thâre-ât'*. *ad.* at that, on that ac-
 Thereby, *thâre-bi'*. *ad.* by that [count
 Therefore, *thêr'ôrê*. *ad.* for this reason
 Therefrom, *thâre-frôm'*. *ad.* from that
 Therein, *thâre-in'*. *ad.* in that, in this
 Thereinto, *thâre-in-tô'*. *ad.* into that
 Thereof, *thâre-ôf'*. *ad.* of that
 Thereon, *thâre-ôn'*. *ad.* on that
 Thereto, *thê-re-tô'*. }
 Thereunto, *thâre-ûn-tô'*. } *ad.* to that
 Thereupon, *thâre-ûp-ôn'*. *ad.* upon that
 Therewith, *thâre-wîth'*. *ad.* with that ; im-
 mediately
 Theriacal, *thê-rî-â-kâl*. *a.* medicinal
 Thermometer, *thêr-môm'ê-tûr*. *s.* an instru-
 ment for measuring the degrees of heat
 These, *thêze*. *pron.* the plural of *this* [and cold
 Thesis, *thê'sis*. *s.* a position
 They, *thâ*. *pron.* men, women, persons

Thick, *thîk*. *a.* gross ; muddy ; close, crowded
 Thick, *thîk*. *ad.* frequently, fast, closely
 Thicken, *thîk'kn*. *v. a.* to make thick
 Thicken, *thîk'kn*. *v. n.* to grow thick
 Thicket, *thîk'êt*. *s.* a close wood
 Thickness, *thîk'nês*. *s.* the state of being thick,
 density ; considerable depth ; grossness ;
 closeness [to another
 Thief, *thêf*. *s.* one who takes what belongs
 Thiefcatcher, *thêf'kâtsh-ûr*. }
 Thieftaker, *thêf'tâ-kûr*. } *s.* one whose
 business is to detect thieves
 Thieve, *thêév*. *v. n.* to steal [ing
 Thievery, *thêév'ûr-ê*. *s.* the practice of steal-
 Thievish, *thêév'ish*. *a.* given to stealing [steal
 Thievishness, *thêév'ish-nês*. *s.* disposition to
 Thigh, *thî*. *s.* a limb including all between
 the buttocks and the knee
 Thill, *thîl*. *s.* the shafts of a waggon
 Thimble, *thîn'bl*. *s.* a metal cover by which
 women secure their fingers from the needle
 Thin, *thîn*. *a.* rare ; small, lean, slender
 Thin, *thîn*. *ad.* not thickly [attenuate
 Thin, *thîn*. *v. a.* to make thin or rare ; to
 Thine, *thîne*. *pron.* belonging or relating to
 Thing, *thîng*. *s.* whatever is [thee
 Think, *thîngk*. *v. n. pret.* thought. to have
 ideas, to reason ; to judge ; to intend ;
 Thinking, *thîngk'îng*. *s.* imagination [to muse
 Thinly, *thîn'lê*. *ad.* not thickly
 Thinness, *thîn'nês*. *s.* the contrary to thickness
 Third, *thîrd*. *a.* the first after the second
 Third, *thîrd*. *s.* the third part
 Thirdly, *thîrd'lê*. *ad.* in the third place
 Thirst, *thûrst*. *s.* the pain suffered for want of
 drink ; vehement desire
 Thirst, *thûrst*. *v. n.* to feel want of drink ; to
 have a vehement desire [thirsty
 Thirstiness, *thûrst'tê-nês*. *s.* the state of being
 Thirsty, *thûrst'tê*. *a.* suffering want of drink ;
 possessed with any vehement desire
 Thirteen, *thûr'têên*. *a.* ten and three [tenth
 Thirteenth, *thûr'têênth'*. *a.* the third after the
 Thirtieth, *thûr'tê-êth*. *a.* the tenth thrice told
 Thirty, *thûr'tê*. *a.* thrice ten
 This, *thîs*. *pron.* that which is present
 This, *thîs'sl*. *s.* a prickly weed
 Thistly, *thîs'lê*. *a.* overgrown with thistles
 Thither, *thîthûr*. *ad.* to that place ; to that
 Thitherto, *thîthûr-tô*. *ad.* so far [end

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât—mê, mê',—plue, plu—nô, môve

Thitherward, thit'âr-wârd. <i>ad.</i> towards that place	Thit', thit'. <i>s.</i> profit, gain, frugality
Tho', thô. <i>conj.</i> contracted from Though	Thriftily, thit'tê-lê. <i>ad.</i> frugally
Thong, thông. <i>s.</i> a strap or string of leather	Thriftiness, thit'tê-nês. <i>s.</i> frugality
Thoracic, thô-râs'ik. <i>a.</i> belonging to the Thorax, thô-râ. <i>a.</i> relating to the breast	Thriftless, thit'tl'ês. <i>a.</i> profuse, extravagant
Thorn, thôrn. <i>s.</i> a prickly tree	Thriftly, thit'tl'ê. <i>a.</i> frugal, sparing
Thorny, thôrn'ê. <i>a.</i> full of thorns, vexatious	Thrill, thri. <i>v. a.</i> to pierce, to penetrate
Thorough, thûr'ô. <i>a.</i> complete [through]	Thrive, thrive. <i>v. a. pret.</i> thrave, thrived, part. <i>ariven.</i> to prosper, to grow rich
Thoroughfare, thûr'ô-fâre. <i>s.</i> a passage	Throvingly, thri'ving-lê. <i>ad.</i> in a prosperous way
Thoroughly, thûr'ô-lê. <i>ad.</i> fully	Throat, thro. <i>s.</i> the forepart of the neck
Thoroughspaced, thûr'ô-spâse. <i>a.</i> perfect	Throb, thro. <i>v. n.</i> to heave, to beat; to palpitate
Thoroughsped, thûr'ô-spêd. <i>a.</i> finished in principles, thorough-paced [fully]	Throb, thro. <i>s.</i> heave, beat, stroke of palpitation
Thoroughstitch, thûr'ô-stitsh. <i>ad.</i> completely	Throe, thro. <i>s.</i> the pain of travail; the final and mortal struggle
Those, thôse. <i>pron. plural</i> of that,	Throne, thron. <i>s.</i> a royal seat
Thou, thô. <i>pron.</i> in the oblique case singular thee; in the plural ye; in the oblique case plural you [although]	Throng, throng. <i>s.</i> a crowd, a multitude
Though, thô. <i>conj.</i> notwithstanding that,	Throng, throng. <i>v. n.</i> to crowd
Thought, thâwt. <i>pret.</i> and <i>part. pass.</i> of think	Throttle, throt'tl. <i>s.</i> the wind pipe
Thought, thâwt. <i>s.</i> the act of thinking; idea; sentiment; conception; opinion; solicitude	Throttle, throt'tl. <i>v. a.</i> to choke
Thoughtful, thâwt'fûl. <i>a.</i> contemplative; anxious [tation; anxiety]	Through, thro. <i>prep.</i> from end to end
Thoughtfulness, thâwt'fûl-nês. <i>s.</i> deep meditation	Thoroughly, thro. <i>ad.</i> completely, fully
Thoughtless, thâwt'lês. <i>a.</i> negligent, careless	Throughout, thro. <i>prep.</i> quite through
Thoughtlessness, thâwt'lês-nês. <i>s.</i> want of thought [ten hundred]	Throughout, thro. <i>ad.</i> every where
Thousand, thôû'zând. <i>a.</i> or <i>s.</i> the number of Thousandth, thôû'zândth. <i>a.</i> the ordinal of a	Throw, thro. <i>v. a. pret.</i> threw; <i>part. pass.</i> thrown. to sling, to cast; to toss
Thrall, thrâwl. <i>s.</i> a slave; slavery [thousand]	Throw, thro. <i>s.</i> a cast; the space to which any thing is thrown; effort, violent sally
Thraldom, thrâwl'dôm. <i>s.</i> slavery, servitude	Throwster, thro'stûr. <i>s.</i> one who twists silk, or throws it into a proper state for being woven
Thrash, thrâsh. <i>v. a.</i> to beat corn from the straw	Thrum, thrum. <i>v. a.</i> to play coarsely
Thrasher, thrâsh'âr. <i>s.</i> one who thrashes corn	Thrush, thrûsh. <i>s.</i> a singing bird; an ulcerous disorder [irpel]
Thrasonical, thrâ-sôn'ê-kâl. <i>a.</i> boastful	Thrust, thurst. <i>v. a.</i> to push; to stab; to thrust
Threat, thred. <i>s.</i> a small line or twist	Thrust, thurst. <i>s.</i> assault, attack
Thread, thred. <i>v. a.</i> to pass through with a	Thumb, thûm. <i>s.</i> the short strong finger
Threadbare, thred'bâre. <i>a.</i> worn out [thread]	Thumb, thûm. <i>v. a.</i> to handle awkwardly
Threat, thret. <i>s.</i> menace	Thump, thûmp. <i>s.</i> a heavy blow [blow]
Threat, thret. } <i>v. a.</i> to menace, to denounce evil	Thump, thûmp. <i>v. a.</i> to beat with dull heavy
Threaten, thret'tn. } <i>v. a.</i> to menace, to denounce evil	Thunder, thûn'dâr. <i>s.</i> a loud rumbling noise, which usually follows lightning
Threateningly, thret'tn-ing-lê. <i>ad.</i> in a threatening manner	Thunder, thûn'dâr. <i>v. n.</i> to make a loud, sudden, and terrible noise
Three, thrê. <i>a.</i> two and one [ening manner]	Thunderbolt, thûn'dâr-bôlt. <i>s.</i> lightning
Threefold, thrê'fôld. <i>a.</i> thrice repeated	Thunderclap, thûn'dâr-klâp. <i>s.</i> explosion of thunder [accompanied with thunder]
Threescore, thrê'skôre. <i>a.</i> thrice twenty	Thundershower, thûn'dâr-shôû-âr. <i>s.</i> a rain
Threshold, thrêsh'hôld. <i>s.</i> entrance, gate, [door]	Thunderstrike, thûn'dâr-strike. <i>v. a.</i> to blast or hurt with light
Threw, throb. <i>pret.</i> of throw	
Thrice, thrise. <i>ad.</i> three times	

nôr, nôl—tûbe, tûb, bûil—ôil—pôûna—thin, thin.

- Thuriferous**, thû-rî'fêr-ûs. *a.* bearing frankincense [week]
- Thursday**, thûrz'dê. *s.* the fifth day of the
- Thus**, thûs. *ad.* in this manner
- Thwack**, thwák. *v. a.* to strike with something blunt and heavy
- Thwack**, thwák. *s.* a hard blow
- Thwart**, thwárt. *a.* transverse
- Thwart**, thwárt. *v. a.* to cross; to oppose
- Thwartingly**, thwárt'ing-lê. *ad.* with opposition
- Thy**, thî, or thê. *pron.* of thee [tion]
- Thyself**, thî-sêl'. *pron.* the very person spoken to
- Thyme**, time. *s.* a plant [ken to]
- Tiara**, ti-â-râ-s. *a.* a dress for the head, a diadem
- Tick**, tik. *s.* score, trust; bed-case
- Tick**, tik. *v. n.* to run on score; to make a noise like that of a watch [bedding]
- Ticking**, tik'kîn. *s.* a sort of strong linen for
- Ticket**, tik'tî. *s.* a token of right upon the delivery of which admission is granted
- Tickle**, tik'kl. *v. a.* to please by slight gratification [tain]
- Ticklish**, tik'kl-lêh. *a.* easily tickled; uncertain
- Ticklishness**, tik'kl-lêh-nês. *s.* the state of being ticklish
- Ticktack**, tik'ták. *s.* a game at tables
- Tide**, tide. *s.* alternate ebb and flow
- Tidewater**, tide-wâ-tûr. *s.* an officer who watches the landing of goods at the custom house
- Tidily**, tî-dê-lê. *ad.* neatly [tom house]
- Tidiness**, tî-dê-nês. *s.* neatness
- Tidings**, tî-dîngz. *s.* news
- Tidy**, tî-dê. *a.* neat, ready
- Tie**, ti. *v. a.* to bind, to fasten; to hinder
- Tie**, ti. *s.* knot; bond, obligation
- Tier**, têêr. *s.* a row, a rank
- Pierce**, têrse. *s.* a vessel holding the third part of a pipe [a pet]
- Tiff**, tîf. *s.* liquor, drink; fit of peevishness
- Tiff**, tîf. *v. n.* to be in a pet, to quarrel
- Thin**, thî'fâ-nê. *s.* very thin silk
- Tiger**, tî-gûr. *s.* a fierce beast
- Tight**, tîe. *a.* tense, free from fluttering rags
- Tighten**, tî'tn. *v. a.* to straiten
- Tightly**, tîe'lê. *ad.* closely; neatly
- Tightness**, tîe'nês. *s.* closeness
- Tigress**, tî'grês. *s.* the female of the tiger
- Tile**, tile. *s.* a thin plate of baked clay
- Tile**, tile. *v. a.* to cover with tiles
- Tiling**, tî'ing. *s.* a roof covered with tiles
- Till**, tîl. *s.* a money-box in a desk, or counter
- Till**, tîl. *conj.* to the time; to the degree that
- Till**, tîl. *v. a.* to cultivate
- Tillable**, tî'lâ-bl. *a.* arable, fit for the plough
- Tillage**, tî'lîdje. *s.* husbandry
- Tiller**, tî'lûr. *s.* husbandman; a small drawer
- Tilt**, tîlt. *s.* any covering overhead; the cover of a boat [to turn up]
- Tilt**, tîlt. *v. a.* to cover; to point as in tilts
- Tilth**, tîlth. *s.* husbandry, culture
- Timber**, tm'bûr. *s.* wood fit for building
- Timbrel**, tm'brîl. *s.* a kind of musical instrument [continuance, musical measure]
- Time**, time. *s.* measure of duration; season,
- Time**, time. *v. a.* to adapt; to regulate; to measure
- Timeful**, tîme'fûl. *a.* seasonable, timely
- Timeless**, tîme'lês. *a.* unseasonable
- Timely**, tîme'lê. *a.* seasonable, early
- Timeserver**, tîme'sêrv'ûr. *s.* one who complies, with prevailing notions
- Timeserving**, tîme'sêrv'ing. *a.* meanly complying with present power
- Timid**, tm'îd. *a.* fearful, timorous
- Timidity**, tê-mîd'ê-tê. *s.* fearfulness, habitual
- Timorous**, tm'ûr-ûs. *a.* fearful [cowardice]
- Timorously**, tm'ûr-ûs-lê. *ad.* fearfully
- Timorousness**, tm'ûr-ûs-nês. *s.* fearfulness
- Tin**, tîn. *s.* one of the primitive metals
- Tip**, tîp. *v. a.* to cover with tin
- Tinct**, tîngkt. *s.* colour, stain, spot
- Tincture**, tîngk'tshûre. *s.* colour; extract of some drug, an infusion
- Tincture**, tîngk'tshûre. *v. a.* to imbue
- Tinder**, tm'dûr. *s.* any thing eminently inflammable
- Tinge**, tînje. *v. a.* to impregnate or imbue
- Tingle**, tîng'gi. *v. n.* to feel a sound; to feel a sharp quick pain
- Tink**, tîngk. *v. n.* to make a sharp shrill noise
- Tinker**, tîngk'ûr. *s.* a mender of old brass
- Tinkle**, tîngk'kl. *v. n.* to make a sharp noise, to clink
- Tinman**, tm'mân. *s.* a manufacturer of tin
- Tinner**, tm'nûr. *s.* one who works in the tin mines [thing shining with false lustre]
- Tinset**, tm'sîl. *s.* a kind of staining cloth: *ant*
- Tint**, tînt. *s.* a dye, a colour
- Tiny**, tî'nê. *a.* little, small, puny
- Tip**, tîp. *s.* top, end, point, extremity

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—né, mét,—pine, plu—nò, mòve

- Tip, tîp. *v. a.* to top, to cover on the end
 Tippet, tîp'pl. *s.* something worn about the neck
 Tipple, tîp'pl. *v. n.* to drink luxuriously
 Tipple, tîp'pl. *s.* drink, liquor
 Tippler, tîp'pl-âr. *s.* a sottish drunkard
 Tipstaff, tîp'stâf. *s.* an officer with a staff tipped with metal; the staff itself
 Topsy, tîp'sé. *a.* drunk
 Tiptoe, tîp'tò. *s.* the end of the toe
 Tire, tîre. *s.* a head-dress; furniture
 Tire, tîre. *v. a.* to fatigue
 Tire, tîre. *v. n.* to fail with weariness
 Tiresome, tîre'sûm. *a.* wearisome, fatiguing
 Tissue, tîsh'û. *s.* cloth interwoven with gold
 Tit, tît. *s.* a small horse; a bird [and silver
 Titbit, tît'blt. *s.* nice bit, nice food
 Titheable, tîth-â-bl. *a.* subject to the payment of tithes
 Tithe, tîthe. *s.* the tenth part, the part assigned to the maintenance of the ministry
 Tithe, tîthe. *v. a.* to pay the tenth part
 Tither, tî'thâr. *s.* one who gathers tithes
 Tithingman, tî'thîng-mân. *s.* a petty peace-officer
 Titillate, tît'îl-lâte. *v. a.* to tickle [officer
 Titillation, tît-îl-lâ'shûn. *s.* the act of tickling
 Title, tî'tl. *s.* an appellation; first page of a book; a claim of right
 Title, tî'tl. *v. a.* to entitle, to name
 Titlepage, tî'tl-pâdje. *s.* the page containing the title of a book
 Titter, tît'târ. *v. n.* to laugh with restraint
 Titter, tît'târ. *s.* a restrained laugh
 Tittle, tît'tl. *s.* a small particle, a point
 Tittle-tattle, tît'tl-tâ'tl. *s.* idle talk
 Titular, tît'tshû-lâr. *a.* nominal
 Titulary, tît'tshû-lâ-ré. *a.* relating to a title
 To, tô. *prep.* noting motion toward, opposed to From
 Toad, tôde. *s.* an animal resembling a frog
 Toadstool, tôde'stòd'. *s.* a plant like a mushroom [to name when a health is drunk
 Toast, tôste. *v. a.* to dry or heat at the fire;
 Toast, tôste. *s.* bread dried before the fire; a celebrated woman whose health is often
 Toaster, tôst'âr. *s.* he who toasts [drunk
 Tobacco, tô-bâk'kò. *s.* a plant much used in smoking, chewing, &c.
 Tobaccoist, tô-bâk'kò-nîst. *s.* a preparer and vender of tobacco
 Tod, tôd. *s.* a bush; a weight of twenty eight pounds
 Toe, tò. *s.* the divided extremities of the feet
 Together, tò-gèr'n'âr. *ad.* in company; in
 Toil, tôil. *v. n.* to labour [concert
 Toil, tôil. *s.* labour, fatigue
 Toilet, tôil'èt. *s.* a dressing-table
 Toilsome, tôil'sûm. *a.* laborious
 Toilsomeness, tôil'sûm-nès. *s.* wearisomeness, laboriousness
 Token, tô'kn. *s.* a sign; mark; evidence
 Told, tôld. *pret.* and *part. pass.* of tell. mentioned, related [sable
 Tolerable, tôl'âr-â-bl. *a.* supportable; pass-
 Tolerably, tôl'âr-â-blé. *ad.* supportably; passably
 Tolerance, tôl'âr-ânse. *s.* act of enduring
 Tolerate, tôl'âr-âte. *v. a.* to allow, to suffer
 Toleration, tôl-âr-â'shûn. *s.* allowance given to that which is not approved
 Toll, tôle. *s.* an excise of goods
 Toll, tôle. *v. n.* to pay toll
 Toll, tôle. *v. a.* to ring a bell
 Tomb, tôbm. *s.* a monument in which the dead are enclosed
 Tombless, tôbm'lès. *a.* wanting a tomb
 Tomboy, tôm'bòé. *s.* a wild coarse girl
 Tome, tôme. *s.* a volume; a book
 Ton, tûn. *s.* a weight of twenty hundred
 Tone, tône. *s.* note, sound; whine
 Tong, tâng. *s.* the catch of a buckle
 Tongs, tôngz. *s.* an instrument by which hold is taken of any thing
 Tongue, tâng. *s.* the instrument of speech in human beings; the organ by which animals lick; speech [ment of speech
 Tonguetied, tâng'tîde. *a.* having an impediment
 Tonic, tôn'îk. *a.* being extended; relating to tones or sounds [upon every ton
 Tonnage, tân'nîdje. *s.* a custom or impost
 Tonsure, tôn'shûre. *s.* the act of clipping the
 Too, tôd. *ad.* over and above, over-much [hair
 Took, tôok. *pret.* of take [ration; a hiring
 Tool, tôol. *s.* any instrument of manual operation
 Tooth, tôoth. *s. plur.* teeth. one of the bones of the mouth; the prominent part of wheels
 Toothach, tôoth'âke. *s.* pain in the teeth
 Toothless, tôoth'lès. *a.* wanting teeth
 Toothpick, tôoth'pîk. *s.* an instrument by which the teeth are cleansed

nór, nót—tábe, táb, báll—óll—póónd—chín, rms.

Poethsome, tóóth'súm. *a.* palatable
Top, tóp. *s.* the highest part of any thing ; the surface ; a play-thing for boys
Top, tóp. *v. a.* to cover on the top ; to rise
Topaz, tó'páz. *s.* a yellow gem [alove ; to crop
Topful, tóp'fúl. *a.* full to the top
Topgallant, tóp-gáll'ánt. *s.* the highest sail
Top-heavy, tóp-hév'è. *a.* having the upper part too weighty for the lower
Topknot, tóp'nót. *s.* a riband worn by women on the top of the head
Topmost, tóp'móst. *a.* uppermost
Top-sail, tóp'sále. *s.* the highest sail
Topé, tópe. *v. n.* to drink hard, to drink to
Topper, tó'púr. *s.* a drunkard [excess
Topical, tóp'è-kál. *a.* local
Topick, tóp'ík. *s.* a general head
Topography, tó-póg'gráf-è. *s.* description of particular places
Topping, tóp'plag. *a.* fine, noble
Topple, tóp'pl. *v. n.* to fall forward
Topsy-turvy, tóp'sè-túr vé. *ad.* with the bottom upward [a candle
Torch, tórtsh. *s.* a wax-light bigger than
Tore, tóre. *pret. of tear* [teaze
Torment, tór-nènt. *v. a.* to put to pain ; to
Torment, tór-mènt. *s.* pain, misery, anguish
Tormentor, tór-nènt'úr. *s.* one who torments
Torn, tór. *part. pass. of tear*
Tornado, tór-ná'dò. *s.* a hurricane
Torpedo, tór-pé'dò. *s.* a fish which benumbs the hand that touches it
Torpent, tór'pènt. *a.* benumbed
Torpid, tór'píd. *a.* numbed, motionless
Torpor, tór'pór. *s.* dulness, numbness
Torrefaction, tór-rè-fák'shún. *s.* the act of drying by the fire
Torresfy, tór-rè-fl. *v. a.* to dry by the fire
Torrent, tór'rènt. *s.* a rapid stream
Torrid, tór'ríd. *a.* parched ; burning
Tortile, tór'íl. *a.* twisted, wreathed [hard shell
Tortoise, tór'tíz. *s.* an animal covered with a
Tortuosity, tór-tshé-òs'è-té. *s.* wreath, flexure
Tortuous, tór'tshú ús. *a.* twisted, wreathed
Torture, tór't'shúre. *s.* pain, anguish
Torture, tór't'shúre. *v. a.* to excruciate, to torment [to that of a Whig
Tory, tó'rè. *s.* the name of a party opposed
Toss, tós. *v. n.* to throw with the hand ; to disquiet ; to keep in play

Toss, tós. *s.* the act of tossing ; an affected manner of raising the head
Tosspot, tós'pót. *s.* a toper
Total, tó'tál. *a.* whole, complete [quantity
Totality, tó-tál'è-té. *s.* complete sum, whole
Totally, tó'tál-é. *ad.* wholly, fully [ten a fall
Totter, tót'túr. *v. n.* to shake so as to threaten
Touch, tútsh. *v. a.* to reach so as to be in contact ; to affect ; to infect ; to strike a musical instrument
Touch, tútsh. *s.* sense of feeling ; act of touching ; test ; act of the hand upon a musical instrument ; a stroke
Touch-hole, tútsh'hóle. *s.* the hole through which the fire is conveyed to the powder in a gun
Touchiness, tútsh'è-nès. *s.* peevishness
Touching, tútsh'ing. *prep.* with respect or relation to
Touching, tútsh'ing. *a.* pathetick, affecting
Touchstone, tútsh'stòne. *s.* stone by which metals are examined ; any test
Touchwood, tútsh'wúd. *s.* rotten wood used to catch the fire struck from a flint
Touchy, tútsh'è. *a.* peevish, irritable
Tough, táf. *a.* not brittle ; stiff
Toughen, táfín. *v. n.* to grow tough
Toughness, táf'nès. *s.* viscosity, tenacity ; firmness against injury
Tour, tóór. *s.* ramble, roving journey
Tournament, tóór'ná-mènt. *s.* tilt, military sport, mock encounter [in amputation
Tourniquet, tór'né-kwét. *s.* a bandage used
Touse, tóúze. *v. a.* to pull, to tear
Tow, tò. *s.* flax or hemp dressed
Tow, tò. *v. a.* to draw by a rope
Toward, tó'árd. } *prep.* in a direction to
Towards, tó'árdz. }
Towardliness, tó'wárd-lè-nès. *s.* docility, compliance [with duty
Towardly, tó'wárd-lè. *a.* docile, compliant
Towardness, tó'wárd-nès. *s.* docility
Towel, tóú'íl. *s.* a cloth on which the hands are wiped
Tower, tóú'úr. *s.* a high building ; high flight
Tower, tóú'úr. *v. n.* to soar, to fly or rise high
Town, tóún. *s.* any walled collection of houses
Townsmán, tóúnz'mán. *s.* one of the same town [a place
Tow-talk, tóún'táwk. *s.* common brattle of

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt,—plne, pln—nô, môve,

- Toy, tôê. *s.* a petty commodity, a trifle; a plaything
- Toy, tôê. *v. n.* to trifle, to dally amorously
- Toyshop, tôê'shóp. *s.* a shop where toys are sold [sing; harness]
- Trace, trâse. *s.* mark left by any thing passing
- Trace, trâse. *v. a.* to follow by the footsteps
- Track, trák. *s.* a beaten path [to mark out]
- Track, trák. *v. a.* to follow by the footsteps
- Trackless, trák'lês. *a.* marked with no footsteps
- Tract, trâkt. *s.* a region; course, small book
- Tractable, trák'tâ-bl. *a.* manageable
- Tractate, trák'tâte. *s.* a treatise, a tract
- Tractile, trák'til. *a.* capable to be drawn out
- Trade, trâde. *s.* traffic, commerce
- Trade, trâde. *v. n.* to traffick
- Trader, trâ'dûr. *s.* one engaged in merchandise or commerce
- Tradesman, trâdz'mân. *s.* a shop-keeper
- Tradition, trâ-dîsh'ûn. *s.* any thing delivered orally
- Traditional, trâ-dîsh'ûn-âl. } *a.* delivered
- Traditionary, trâ-dîsh'ûn-âr-ê. } by tradition [nate]
- Traduce, trâ-dûse'. *v. a.* to censure; to calumniate
- Tralucement, trâ-dûse'mênt. *s.* censure, obloquy [calumniator]
- Traducer, trâ-dû'sûr. *s.* a false censorer, a traffick
- Traffick, trâ'fîk. *s.* commerce, trade
- Traffick, trâ'fîk. *v. n.* to practise commerce
- Tragedian, trâ-jê'dê-ân. *s.* a writer or actor of tragedy
- Tragedy, trâ-jê-dê. *s.* a dramattick representation of a serious action; any mournful event
- Tragical, trâd'jê-kâl. } *a.* relating to tragedy;
- Tragick, trâd'jîk. } mournful
- Tragically, trâd'jê-kâl-ê. *ad.* in a tragical manner
- Tragicomedy, trâd-jê-kôm'ê-dê. *s.* a drama compounded of merry and serious events
- Tragiconical, trâd-jê-kôm'ê-kâl. *a.* relating to tragicomedy [throw]
- Traject, trâ-jêkt'. *v. a.* to cast through, to
- Trajection, trâ-jêk'shûn. *s.* the act of darting through [draw along]
- Trail, trâle. *v. a.* to hunt by the track; to
- Trail, trâle. *s.* track followed by the hunter; any thing drawn to length
- Train, trâne. *v. a.* to draw along; to educate, to bring up
- Tram, trâne. *s.* artifice; the tail of a bird; part of a gown that falls behind; a series; a retinue; a procession; a line of powder
- Trambands, trâne'bândz. *s.* militia, the part of a community trained to martial exercise [from the fat of the whale]
- Trainoil, trâne'ôil. *s.* oil drawn by coctor
- Traipse, trâpes. *v. n.* to walk in a careless or stuttish manner
- Trait, trâ. *s.* a stroke, a touch
- Traitor, trâ'tûr. *s.* one who being trusted, betrays [fidious]
- Traitorous, trâ'tûr-ûs. *a.* treacherous, per-
- Traitress, trâ'três. *s.* a woman who betrays
- Tralineate, trâ-lîn'yâte. *v. n.* to deviate from any direction [les for a horse]
- Trammel, trâm'mêl. *s.* a kind of net; shack-
- Trammel, trâm'mêl. *v. a.* to catch, to intercept
- Trample, trâm'pl. *v. a.* to tread under foot
- Tranation, trâ-nâ'shûn. *s.* the act of swimming
- Trance, trânse. *s.* an ecstasy [ming over]
- Tranced, trânst. *a.* lying in a trance or ecstasy
- Tranquil, trâng'kwîl. *a.* quiet, peaceful
- Tranquillity, trân'kwîl'ê-tê. *s.* quiet, freedom from perturbation [gotiate]
- Transact, trâns-âkt'. *v. a.* to manage, to negotiate
- Transaction, trâns-âk'shûn. *s.* negotiation, dealing between man and man [excel]
- Transcend, trân-sênd'. *v. a.* to surpass, to
- Transcendence, trân-sên'dênsê. } *i.* superem-
- Transcendency, trân-sên'dên-sê. } inence
- Transcendent, trân-sên'dênt. *a.* excellent, passing others [eminently]
- Transcendently, trân-sên'dênt-lê. *ad.* super-
- Transcribe, trân-skrîbe'. *v. a.* to copy
- Transcript, trân'skrîpt. *s.* a copy
- Transcursion, trâns-kûr'shûn. *s.* passage beyond certain limits
- Transfer, trâns-fêr'. *v. a.* to convey, or make over, from one to another
- Transfer, trâns'fêr. *s.* the act of conveying from one person to another
- Transferable, trâns'fêr-â-bl. *a.* capable of being transferred [of form]
- Transfiguration, trâns-flg'û-râ'shûn. *s.* change
- Transfigure, trâns-flg'yûre. *v. a.* to transform
- Transfix, trâns-fîks'. *v. a.* to pierce through

nờ, nôt—tábe, túb, báll—dìl—pòund—thín, ra

- Transform, trãns-fòm'. *v. a.* to metamorphose.
- Transformation, trãns-fòm-mà'shũn. *s.* change of form [one into another]
- Transfuse, trãns-fũze'. *v. a.* to pour out of
- Transgress, trãns-grẽs'. *v. a.* to violate
- Transgression, trãns-grẽsh'ũn. *s.* offence, crime, fault [offender]
- Transgressor, trãns-grẽs'sũr. *s.* law-breaker;
- Transient, trãns-shẽ-ẽnt. *a.* soon passed
- Transience, trãns-sĩ'yẽnse. } *s.* leap from
- Transiency, trãns-sĩ'yẽn-sẻ. } thing to thing
- Transit, trãns-sĩt. *s.* the passing of a planet
- Transition, trãns-sĩzh'ũn. *s.* removal; change
- Transitive, trãns-ẻ-tĩv. *a.* having the power of passing [a short time]
- Transitory, trãns-sẻ-tũr-ẻ. *a.* continuing but
- Translate, trãns-slàtẻ'. *v. a.* to remove; to interpret in another language
- Translation, trãns-sĩà'shũn. *s.* removal, act of removing; the act of turning into another language, version
- Translator, trãns-sĩà'tũr. *s.* one that turns any thing into another language
- Translucent, trãns-lũ'sẻnt. } *a.* transparent,
- Translucid, trãns-lũ'sẻd. } *a.* clear
- Transmarine, trãns-mả-rẻẻn'. *a.* lying or found beyond sea
- Transmigrate, trãns-mẻ-grẻtẻ. *v. n.* to pass from one place or country into another
- Transmigration, trãns-mẻ-grẻsh'ũn. *s.* passage from one place or state into another
- Transmission, trãns-mĩsh'ũn. *s.* the act of transmitting [one to another]
- Transmissive, trãns-mẻ'sẻĩv. *a.* derived from
- Transmutable, trãns-mủ'ẻ-bl. *a.* capable of change [into another nature or substance]
- Transmutation, trãns-mủ-tả'shũn. *s.* change
- Transmute, trãns-mủtẻ'. *v. n.* to change from one nature or substance to another
- Transparency, trãns-pả-rẻẻn-sẻ. *s.* clearness, power of transmitting light [the sight, clear]
- Transparent, trãns-pả-rẻẻnt. *a.* pervious to
- Transpire, trãns-pẻẻrẻ. *v. a.* to penetrate
- Transpiration, trãns-spẻ-rả'shũn. *s.* emission of vapour
- Transpire, trãns-spẻẻrẻ'. *v. n.* to be emitted by vapour; to escape from secrecy to notice
- Transplace, trãns-plảẻ. *v. a.* to remove, to put into a new place
- Transplant, trãns-plẫn *v. a.* to remove and plant in a new place
- Transport, trãns-pỏẻt' *v. a.* to carry into banishment: to hurry by violence of passion; to put into ecstasy
- Transport, trãns'ỏẻt. *a.* vessel of carriage; rapture, ecstasy [carriage]
- Transportance, trãns-ỏẻt'ảnse. *s.* conveyance,
- Transportation, trãns-pỏẻt-tả'shũn. *s.* removal; banishment
- Transposal, trãns-pỏẻ'zảl. *v.* the act of putting things in each other's place
- Transpose, trãns-pỏẻẻ'. *v. a.* to put each in the place of other
- Transposition, trãns-pỏẻ'ỏẻsh'ũn. *s.* the act of putting one thing in the place of another
- Transubstantiate, trãns-ủb-stỏẻn-shẻ-ỏẻtẻ. *v. a.* to change to another substance
- Transubstantiation, trãns-ủb-stỏẻn-shẻ-ỏẻ'shũn. *s.* change of substance [in vapour]
- Transude, trãns-sủẻ'. *v. n.* to pass through
- Transumption, trãns-sũn'shũn. *s.* the act of taking from one place to another
- Transversal, trãns-vẻẻ'sảl. *a.* running cross-wise [tion]
- Transverse, trãns-vẻẻẻ'. *a.* in a cross direction
- Transversely, trãns-vẻẻẻ'lẻ. *ad.* in a cross direction [agem; a play]
- Trap, trỏẻp. *s.* a snare; an ambush, a stratagem
- Trap, trỏẻp. *v. a.* to ensnare, to catch
- Trapdoor, trỏẻp-dỏẻẻ'. *s.* a door opening and shutting unexpectedly
- Trap-eum, trỏẻ-pẻẻẻ'ỏẻm. *s.* a quadrilateral figure, whose four sides are not equal, and none of its sides parallel
- Trapezoid, trỏẻ-pẻẻẻ'ỏẻd. *s.* a figure, whose four sides are not parallel [ishments]
- Trappings, trỏẻp'ỏẻngz. *s.* ornaments, embellishments
- Trash, trỏẻsh. *s.* any thing worthless, rubbish
- Travail, trỏẻ'vẻẻl. *v. n.* to labour [dregs]
- Travail trỏẻ'vẻẻl. *s.* labour, toil [pass, to go]
- Travel, trỏẻ'vẻẻl. *v. n.* to make journeys, to
- Travel, trỏẻ'vẻẻl. *s.* journey [ney]
- Traveller, trỏẻ'vẻẻl-ẻr. *s.* one who goes a journey
- Traverse, trỏẻ-vẻẻẻ'. *ad.* crosswise, athwart
- Traverse, trỏẻ-vẻẻẻ'. *prep.* through, crosswise
- Traverse, trỏẻ-vẻẻẻ'. *a.* lying across
- Traverse, trỏẻ'vẻẻẻ. *v. a.* to cross, to thwart with obstacles; to wander over; to examine thoroughly

Fâte, fâr, fâ., fât—me, mèt.,—pine, plu—nò, mòve,

Travesty, tráv'ès-tè. <i>a.</i> dressed so as to be made ridiculous	[is carried]	Trendle, trêu'dl. <i>s.</i> any thing turned round
Tray, trà. <i>s.</i> a shallow trough in which meat		Trepan, trê-pân'. <i>s.</i> a surgeon's instrument
Treacherous, trêtsl'êr-ûs. <i>a.</i> faithless, perfidious		Trepan, trê-pân'. <i>v. a.</i> to perforate with the trepan; to ensnare
Treacherously, trêtsl'êr-ûs-lé. <i>ad.</i> faithlessly		Trepidation, trêp-ê-dâ'shôn. <i>s.</i> the state of trembling; state of terror
Treachery, trêtsl'êr-ê. <i>s.</i> perfidy, breach of faith	[sugar]	Trespas, trê'spâs. <i>v. n.</i> to transgress; to enter unlawfully
Treacle, trê'kl. <i>s.</i> molasses, the spume of		Trespas, trê'spâs. <i>s.</i> transgression
Tread, trêd. <i>v. n. pret. trod; part. pass. trodden.</i> to set the foot; to trample; to couple		Tresses, trê'ss. <i>s.</i> curls of hair
Tread, trêd. <i>s.</i> step with the foot		Trestle, trê'sl. <i>s.</i> a moveable form by which any thing is supported
Treadle, trêd'dl. <i>s.</i> part of an engine on which the feet act		Tret, trêt. <i>s.</i> an allowance in weight for waste
Treason, trê'zn. <i>s.</i> an offence against the person of majesty, or the dignity of the commonwealth	[of treason]	Trey, trà. <i>s.</i> a three at cards
Treasonable, trê'zn-â-bl. <i>a.</i> of the nature		Triable, trî'â-bl. <i>a.</i> capable of trial
Treasure, trêzh'ûre. <i>s.</i> wealth hoarded		Triad, trî'âd. <i>s.</i> three united
Treasure, trêzh'ûre. <i>v. a.</i> to hoard, to lay up		Trial, trî'âl. <i>s.</i> test, examination
Treasurer, trêzh'û-rûr. <i>s.</i> one who has the care of money	[ney is kept]	Triangle, trî'ân-gl. <i>s.</i> a figure of three angles
Treasury, trêzh'û-rê. <i>s.</i> a place in which money is kept		Triangular, trî-âng'gû-lâr. <i>a.</i> having three angles
Treat, trêté. <i>v. a.</i> to negotiate; to discourse on; to manage; to entertain		Tribe, trîbe. <i>s.</i> a distinct body of people
Treat, trêté. <i>s.</i> an entertainment given		Tribulation, trîb-û-lâ'shôn. <i>s.</i> vexation, disturbance of life
Treatise, trê'tîz. <i>s.</i> discourse, written tractate		Tribunal, trî-bû-nâl. <i>s.</i> the seat of a judge
Treatment, trê'témênt. <i>s.</i> usage		Tributary, trîb'û-tâ-rê. <i>a.</i> paying tribute
Treaty, trê'té. <i>s.</i> negotiation		Tributary, trîb'û-tâ-rê. <i>s.</i> one who pays tribute
Treble, trêb'bl. <i>a.</i> threefold; sharp of sound		Tribute, trîb'ûte. <i>s.</i> payment made in acknowledgment of subjection
Treble, trêb'bl. <i>v. a.</i> to multiply by three		Trice, trîse. <i>s.</i> a short time, an instant
Treble, trêb'bl. <i>s.</i> a sharp sound; the upper part in musick	[quantity]	Trick, trîk. <i>s.</i> a sly fraud; a dexterous artifice
Treblely, trêb'blé. <i>ad.</i> in threefold number or		Trick, trîk. <i>v. a.</i> to cheat, to defraud; to deceive
tree, trêé. <i>s.</i> a large vegetable rising with one woody stem to a considerable height; any thing branched out	[or osier]	Tricking, trîk'îng. <i>s.</i> dress, ornament
Trellis, trêl'îs. <i>s.</i> a lattice-work of iron, wood,		Trickle, trîk'kl. <i>v. n.</i> to fall in drops
treble, trêmb'l. <i>v. n.</i> to shake as with fear		Trident, trî'dênt. <i>s.</i> the three-forked sceptre of Neptune
Tremendous, trê-nên'dâs. <i>a.</i> dreadful [or cold]		Triennial, trî-ên'yâl. <i>a.</i> lasting three years
Tremor, trê'mâr. <i>s.</i> quivering or vibratory motion		Trifallow, trî'fâl-ûb. <i>v. a.</i> to plough land the third time before sowing
Tremulous, trê'm'û-lûs. <i>a.</i> trembling, fearful		Trifle, trîfl. <i>v. n.</i> to act or talk with levity
Trench, trêns. <i>v. a.</i> to cut into pits or ditches		Trifle, trîfl. <i>s.</i> a thing of no moment
Trench, trêns. <i>s.</i> a pit or ditch; earth thrown up		Trifler, trîfl-ûr. <i>s.</i> one who acts or talks with levity
Trenchant, trê'n'shânt. <i>a.</i> cutting, sharp		Trifling, trîfl-îng. <i>a.</i> unimportant
Trencher, trê'n'shâr. <i>s.</i> a wooden platter		Triform, trî'fôrûm. <i>a.</i> having a triple shape
Trencherman, trê'n'shâr-mân. <i>s.</i> a feeder and		Trigger, trîg'gûr. <i>s.</i> a catch of a wheel or gun
ate!		[three corners]
		Trigonal, trîg'ô-nâl. <i>a.</i> triangular; having
		Trigonometry, trîg-ô-nôm'é-trê. <i>s.</i> the art of measuring triangles
		Trilateral, trî-lât'êr-âl. <i>a.</i> having three sides

nor, nôt-tûbe, tât ball-ôll-tôdân-thin, THIS.

- Trill, trîll. *s.* quaver, tremulousness of music
 Trill, trîll. *v. a.* to utter quavering
 Trillion; trîl'vân. *s.* a million of millions of millions
 Trim, trîm. *a.* nice, dressed up
 Trim, trîm. *v. a.* to dress; to shave; to make neat
 Trimeter, trîm'è-têr. *a.* consisting of three
 Trimly, trîm'lê. *ad.* nicely, neatly
 Trimmer, trîm'mâr. *s.* one who changes sides to balance parties, a turncoat
 Trimming, trîm'mîng. *s.* ornamental appendages to a coat or gown
 Trine, trîne. *s.* an aspect of planets placed in three angles of a trigon
 Trinitarian, trîn-è-tà-ré-ân. *s.* one who believes the doctrine of the Trinity
 Trinty, trîn'è-tê. *s.* the union of the three persons in the God-head
 Trinket, trîng'kît. *s.* toy, ornament of dress
 Trip, trîp. *v. n.* to fall by losing the hold of the feet; to err; to stumble
 Trip, trîp. *s.* a stumble; a mistake; a short voyage or journey
 Tripartite, trîp-pâr-tîte. *a.* divided into three parts
 Tripe, tripe. *s.* the intestines
 Tripedal, trîp'è-dâl. *a.* having three feet
 Triphthong, trîp'hthông. *s.* a coalition of three
 Triple, trîp'pl. *a.* threefold, treble
 Triplet, trîp'lît. *s.* three of a kind
 Triplicity, trî-pîl's'è-tê. *s.* trebleness
 Tripod, trîp'ôd. *s.* a seat with three feet
 Tripping, trîp'pîng. *a.* quick, nimble
 Triptote, trîp'tôte. *s.* a noun used but in three
 Trisection, trî-sêk'shôn. *s.* division into three equal parts
 Trissyllable, trîs-sîl'lâ-bl. *s.* a word consist of three syllables
 Trite, trîte. *a.* worn out, stale
 Triteness, trîte'nês. *s.* staleness, commonness
 Triumph, trî'ûm. *s.* pomp with which a victory is publicly celebrated; victory; joy for success
 Triumph, trî'ûm. *v. n.* to celebrate a victory
 Triumphal, trî-ûm'fâl. *a.* used in celebrating victory
 Triumphant, trî'ûm'fânt. *a.* celebrating a
 Triumphantly, trî-ûm'fânt-lê. *ad.* in a triumphant manner
 Triumvirate, trî-ûm vé-rât. }
 Triumviri, trî-ûm'vé-rl. } *s.* a coalition
 or concurrence of three men
- Triune, trî-ûnê'. *a.* at once three and one
 Trivet, trîv'ît. *s.* any thing supported by three feet
 Trivial, trîv'yâl. *a.* vile, worthless; trifling
 Trivially, trîv'yâl-ê. *ad.* commonly; lightly
 Trivialness, trîv'yâl-nês. *s.* commonness; lightness
 Trochee, trô'kê. *s.* a foot in Latin poetry, consisting of a long and short syllable
 Trod, trôd. }
 Trodden, trôd'dn. } *part. pass. of tread*
 Troglodyte, trôg'lô-dîte. *s.* one who inhabits caves
 Troll, trôll. *v. n.* to run round; to fish with a rod which has a pulley towards the bottom
 Trollop, trôl'lôp. *s.* a slattern
 Troop, trôôp. *s.* a company; a body of soldiers
 Troop, trôôp. *v. n.* to march in a body
 Trooper, trôôp'âr. *s.* a horse soldier
 Trope, trôpe. *s.* a change of a word from its original signification
 Trophied, trô'fîd. *a.* adorned with trophies
 Trophy, trô'fê. *s.* something taken from an enemy
 Tropica, trôp'è-kâl. *a.* rhetorically changed from the original meaning; belonging to the tropick
 Tropick, trôp'îk. *s.* the line at which the sun
 Trot, trôt. *v. n.* to move with a high jolting pace
 Trot, trôt. *s.* the jolting high pace of a horse
 Truth, trôth. *s.* truth, faith, fidelity
 Trouble, trôub'l. *v. a.* to disturb, to perplex; to distress; to sue for a debt
 Trouble, trôub'l. *s.* disturbance, affliction; vexation
 Troublesome, trôub'l-sâm. *a.* vexatious, uneasy, afflictive; burdensome; teasing
 Troublous, trôub'l-ôs. *a.* tumultuous, confused, disordered
 Trough, trôf. *s.* any thing hollowed
 Trounce, trôunse. *v. a.* to punish
 Trousers, trôú'sûrz. *s.* breeches
 Trout, trôût. *s.* a delicate fish
 Trow, trô. *v. n.* to think, to imagine
 Trowel, trô'vêl. *s.* a tool to take up mortar, and spread it on bricks
 Trow-weight, trô'vê wête. *s.* a kind of weight by which gold and bread are weighed
 Truant, trôô'ânt. *s.* an idler
 Truant, trôô'ânt. *a.* idle, wandering from business

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mét,—plne, plu—nò, mòve,

- Truce**, trôðse. *s.* a temporary peace, a cessation of hostilities [killing]
- Trucidation**, trôð-sê-dâ'shûn. *s.* the act of
- Truck**, trûk. *v. n.* to traffick, by exchange
- Truc**, trûk. *s.* exchange; wooden wheels carriage [subjection]
- Trucle**, trûk'kl. *v. n.* to be in a state of
- Truculent**, trôð'kû-lênt. *a.* savage, barbarous
- Trudge**, trâdje. *v. n.* to jog on, to march heavily on
- True**, trôð. *a.* not false; veracious; genuine; faithful; honest; exact [birth]
- Trueborn**, trôð'bôrn. *a.* having a right by
- Truebred**, trôð'brêd. *a.* of a right breed
- Truehearted**, trôð'hârt'êd. *a.* honest, faithful
- Trueness**, trôð'nês. *s.* sincerity, faithfulness
- Truffle**, trôð'fl. *s.* a kind of subterraneous mushroom
- Truism**, trôð'izm. *s.* an identical proposition
- Trull**, trû'l. *s.* a vagrant strumpet
- Truly**, trôð'lê. *ad.* really; exactly; indeed
- Trump**, trûmp. *s.* a trumpet; a winning card
- Trump**, trûmp. *v. a.* to win with a trump card
- Trumpery**, trûmp'êr-ê. *s.* something fallaciously splendid, empty talk; trifles
- Trumpet**, trûmp'ît. *s.* an instrument of martial music
- Trumpet**, trûmp'ît. *v. a.* to publish by sound of trumpet, to proclaim [a trumpet]
- Trumpeter**, trûmp'ît-ûr. *s.* one who sounds
- Truncate**, trûng'kâte. *v. a.* to maim
- Truncation**, trûn-kâ'shûn. *s.* the act of lopping or maiming [command]
- Truncheon**, trûn'shûn. *s.* a cudgel; a staff of
- Trundle**, trûn'dl. *v. n.* to roll
- Trunk**, trûngk. *s.* the body of any thing; a chest for clothes; the proboscis of an elephant, or other animal
- Trusion**, trôð'zhûn. *s.* the act of thrusting
- Truss**, trûs. *s.* a bandage for ruptures; bundle of hay or straw
- Truss**, trûs. *v. a.* to pack close together
- Trust**, trûst. *s.* confidence, reliance; credit; deposit
- Trust**, trûst. *v. a.* to place confidence in; to believe; to sell upon credit [thing]
- Trustee**, trûs-têè. *s.* one entrusted with any
- Trusty**, trûst'ê. *a.* honest, faithful, true
- Truth**, trôð'h. *s.* purity from falsehood; fidelity; reality
- Try**, trî. *v. a.* to examine; to essay
- Tub**, tûb. *s.* a large open vessel of wood
- Tube**, tûbe. *s.* a pipe, a siphon
- Tubercle**, tû'bêr-kl. *s.* a small swelling
- Tuberous**, tû'bêr-ûs. *a.* having prominences [not]
- Tubular**, tû'bû-lâr. } fistular, lingu-
- Tubulated**, tû'bû-lâ-têd. } a. dually hollow
- Tuck**, tûk. *s.* a long narrow sword
- Tuck**, tûk. *v. a.* to crush together, to hinder from spreading
- Tucker**, tûk'ûr. *s.* a small piece of linen that shades the breasts of women
- Tuesday**, tûze'dê. *s.* the third day of the week
- Tuft**, tûft. *s.* a cluster, a clump
- Tufted**, tûft'êd. *a.* growing in tufts or clusters
- Tufty**, tûft'ê. *a.* adorned with tufts
- Tug**, tûg. *v. a.* to pull, to pluck [effort]
- Tug**, tûg. *s.* a pull performed with the utmost
- Tuition**, tû-lsh'ûn. *s.* guardianship
- Tulip**, tû'lip. *s.* a flower
- Tumble**, tûm'bl. *v. n.* to fall; to roll about
- Tumble**, tûm'bl. *s.* a fall
- Tumbler**, tûm'bl-ûr. *s.* one who shows postures or feats of activity
- Tumbrel**, tûm'brîl. *s.* a dung cart
- Tumefaction**, tû-mê-fâk'shûn. *s.* a swelling
- Tumefy**, tû-mê-fl. *v. a.* to swell
- Tumid**, tû mîd. *a.* swelling, puffed up
- Tumour**, tû'mûr. *s.* a morbid swelling
- Tumulose**, tû-mû-lôse'. *a.* full of hills
- Tumult**, tû'mûtt. *s.* a stir; a wild commotion
- Tumultuary**, tû-mûl'tshû-â-rê. *a.* disorderly, confused [violent]
- Tumultuous**, tû-mûl'tshû-ûs. *a.* turbulent,
- Tumultuously**, tû-mûl'tshû-ûs-lê. *ad.* with confusion and violence
- Tun**, tûn. *s.* a large cask; two pipes
- Tun**, tûn. *v. a.* to put into casks, to barrel
- Tunable**, tû'nâ-bl. *a.* harmonious
- Tunably**, tû'nâ-biê. *ad.* harmoniously
- Tune**, tûne. *s.* a diversity of notes put together; harmony, concert of parts; right disposition
- Tune**, tûne. *v. a.* to put into such a state as that the proper sound may be produced
- Tuneful**, tûne'fûl. *a.* musical
- Tunicle**, tû'nê-kl. *s.* cover, integument
- Tunnage**, tûn'ndje. *s.* content of a vessel measured by the tun; a tax [funnel]
- Tunnel**, tûn'nîl. *s.* the shaft of a chimney; a

- Tap, tâp. s.** a ram
Tup, tâp. v. a. to butt like a ram
Turban, târ'bân. s. the head-dress worn by the Turks
Turbary, târ'bâ-rê. s. right of digging turf
Turbid, târ'bîd. a. thick, muddy
Turbith, târ'blth. s. yellow precipitate
Turbot, târ'bût. s. a delicate fish
Turbulence, târ'bû-lênse. s. tumult, confusion
Turbulent, târ'bû-lên-t. a. tumultuous, violent
Turcism, târ'slzm. s. the religion of the Turks
Turf, târf. s. a clod covered with grass
Turfs, târf'é. a. full of turfs
Turgid, târ'jid. a. swelling; pompous
Turkey, târ'kê. s. a large domestick fowl
Turmeric, târ'mêr-ik. s. an Indian root which makes a yellow dye
Turmoil, târ'môil. s. trouble, disturbance
Turmoil, târ-môil' v. a. to harass with commotion; to weary
Turn, târn. v. a. to put into a circular or vertiginous motion; to change with respect to position; to transform; to translate; to convert; to make giddy; to double in; to blunt; to repeal; to retort
Turn, târn. s. the act of turning; meaning; change
Turncoat, târn'kôte. s. a renegade
Turner, târn'âr. s. one whose trade is to turn
Turnkey, târn'kê. s. one who opens and locks the doors of a prison
Turning, târn'ing. s. flexure, meander
Turnip, târn'îp. s. a white esculent root
Turnpike, târn'pîke. s. a toll-gate on a road
Turnstile, târn'stîle. s. a cross-bar turned on a pin to let foot passengers through, and prevent horses (by the pine, &c.)
Turpentine, târ'pên-tîne. s. the gum exuded
Turpitude, târ'pê-tûde. s. inherent vileness,
Turret, târ'rêt. s. a little tower (badness)
Turtle, târ'tl. s. a species of dove; the sea-tortoise (of architecture)
Tuscan, tâs'kân. a. denoting the rudest order
Tush, tâsh. int. an expression of contempt
Tusk, tâsk. s. a tusk
Tutelage, tât'êl-âje. s. guardianship
Tutelar, tât'ê-lâr. } a. defensive, guar-
Tutelary, tât'ê-lâ-rê. } dian
Tutor, tât'âr. s. one who has the care of another's learning and morals
- Tutor, tât'âr. v. a.** to instruct [tutor
Tutorage, tât'âr-âje. s. the authority of a
Tutress, tât'âr-ês. s. directress, governess
Tutty, tât'tê. s. a sublimate of zinc or calamine collected in the furnace
Twain, twâne. a. two [sharp noise
Twang, twâng. v. n. to sound with a quick
Twang, twâng. s. a sharp quick sound
Twattle, twôt'tl. v. n. to prate, to chatter
Tweak, twêke. v. a. to pinch, to squeeze in-twixt the fingers
Tweedle, twêé'dl. v. a. to handle lightly
Tweezers, twêé'zâr. s. nippers
Twelfth, twêl'th. a. second after the tenth
Twelfthtide, twêl'th'tide. s. the twelfth day after Christmas
Twelve, twêlv. a. two and ten
Twelvemonth, twêlv'mânth. s. a year
Twentieth, twên'tê-êth. a. twice tenth
Twenty, twên'tê. a. twice ten
Twice, twice. ad. two times; doubly
Twidle, twî'dl. v. a. to touch lightly
Twig, twîg. s. a small shoot of a branch
Twilight, twîl'ite. s. the dubious light before sunrise and after sunset
Twilight, twîl'ite. a. obscure; seen by twilight
Twin, twîn. s. one of two children born at a birth [birth
Twinborn, twîn'bôrn. a. born at the same
Twine, twîne. v. a. to twist
Twine, twîne. s. a twisted thread
Twinge, twînje. v. a. to torment with sudden and short pain; to pinch
Twinge, twînje. s. a sudden sharp pain, a tweak; a pinch
Twinkle, twîngk'kl. v. n. to sparkle; to open and shut the eye by turns
Twinkling, twîngk'ling. s. a sparkling intermitting light, a motion of the eye
Twining, twîn'ing. s. a twin lamb
Twirl, twêrl. v. a. to turn round
Twirl, twêrl. s. rotation, circular motion
Twist, twîst. v. a. to form by complication to wreath [tion; a cord; writhe
Twist, twîst. s. any thing made by convolution
Twit, twît. v. a. to sneer, to reproach
Twitch, twîtsh. v. a. to snatch
Twitch, twîtsh. s. a quick pull
Twitter, twît'târ. v. n. to make a sharp tremulous intermitted noise

Fats, fâr, fâll, fât—iné, mêt,—pline, pln— nô, môve,

Twitter, twl'tûr. s. any motion or disorder of passion	Ultimately, ùl'tè-mât-lé. <i>ad.</i> in the last consequence
Two, tîd. <i>a.</i> one and one [each side]	Ultramarine, ùl-trâ-mâ-réén'. <i>s.</i> blue colour
Twoedged, tîd'édjd. <i>a.</i> having an edge on	Ultramontane, ùl-trâ-môn'tâne. <i>a.</i> being beyond the mountains [the world]
Twofold, tîd'fôld. <i>a.</i> double	Ultramundane, ùl-trâ-mûn'dâne. <i>a.</i> beyond
Twopence, tûp'pênse. <i>s.</i> a small coin	Umber, ûm'bûr. <i>s.</i> a colour, a fish [naval]
Tymbal, tîm'bâl. <i>s.</i> a kind of kettle-drum	Umbilical, ûm-blî'é-kâl. <i>a.</i> belonging to the
Tympanum, tîm'pâ-nûm. <i>s.</i> the drum of the ear	Umbles, ûm'blz. <i>s.</i> a deer's entrails
Tympany, tîm'pâ-nè. <i>s.</i> a kind of obstructed flatulence that swells the body like a drum	Umbrage, ûm'brîdjé. <i>s.</i> shade; offence
Type, tîpe. <i>s.</i> emblem; a printing letter	Umbrageous, ûm-brâ'jé-ûs. <i>a.</i> shady
Typical, tîp'é-kâl. <i>a.</i> emblematical	Umbrella, ûm-brèllâ. <i>s.</i> a screen to keep off the sun or rain
Typically, tîp'é-kâl'é. <i>ad.</i> in a typical manner	Umpire, ûm'pîr. <i>s.</i> an arbitrator
Typify, tîp'é-tî. <i>v. a.</i> to figure, to show in emblem	Unabashed, ûn-â-bâsh't'. <i>a.</i> not ashamed
Typographer, tî-pôg'grâf-âr. <i>s.</i> a printer	Unable, ûn-â'bl. <i>a.</i> weak, impotent
Typographical, tîp-ô-grâf'é-kâl. <i>a.</i> belonging to the printer's art	Unabolished, ûn-â-bô'lish't. <i>a.</i> not repealed
Typography, tè-pôg'grâf-è. <i>s.</i> art of printing	Unacceptable, ûn-âk'sép tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not pleasing
Tyranness, tîr'ân-nès. <i>s.</i> a she tyrant	Unaccompanied, ûn-âk-kûm'pâ-nîd. <i>a.</i> not attended [finished]
Tyrannical, tî-rân'né-kâl. } <i>a.</i> like a tyrant,	Unaccomplished, ûn-âk'kôm'plîsh't. <i>a.</i> un-
Tyrannick, tî-rân'nîk. } <i>a.</i> despotick	Unaccountable, ûn-âk-kôûn'tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be solved by reason [strangely]
Tyrannically, tî-rân'né-kâl-lé. <i>ad.</i> in manner of a tyrant	Unaccountably, ûn-âk-kôûn'â-blé. <i>ad.</i>
Tyrannise, tîr'rân-lze. <i>v. n.</i> to play the tyrant	Unaccustomed, ûn-âk-kûs'tûm'd. <i>a.</i> not habituated; new [unusual]
Tyrannous, tîr'rân-ûs. <i>a.</i> tyrannical, arbitrary	Unacquainted, ûn-âk-kwân'tèû. <i>a.</i> not known,
Tyranny, tîr'rân-é. <i>s.</i> unresisted and cruel power; severity, rigour, inclemency	Unadvised, ûn-âd-vîz'd'. <i>a.</i> imprudent, indiscreet
Tyrant, tî'rânt. <i>s.</i> an absolute monarch governing imperiously; a cruel despotick and severe master	Unadulterated, ûn-â-dûl'tûr-â-tèd. <i>a.</i> genuine
Tyro, tî'rô. <i>s.</i> one in his rudiments	Unaffected, ûn-âf-tèk'tèd. <i>a.</i> real; open, candid

U.

UBERTY, yû'bèr-tè. <i>s.</i> abundance	Unaided, ûn-â'dèd. <i>a.</i> not assisted [ble]
Ubiquitary, yû-blîk'wè-tâ-rè. <i>a.</i> existing every where	Unalienable, ûn-âle'yèu-â-bl. <i>a.</i> not transferable
Ubiquity, yû-blîk'wè-tè. <i>s.</i> omnipresence	Unallicked, ûn-âl-llîd'. <i>a.</i> having no powerful relation [being altered]
Udder, ûd'dûr. <i>s.</i> the dugs of a cow	Unalterable, ûn-âl'tûr-â-bl. <i>a.</i> incapable of
Ugliness, ûg'lé-nès. <i>s.</i> deformity	Unanimous, yû-nân'è-mîs. <i>a.</i> being of one mind [refused]
Ugly, ûg'lé. <i>a.</i> deformed, offensive	Unanswerable, ûn-ân'sûr-â-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be
Ulcer, ûl'sûr. <i>s.</i> a sore of continuance	Unappalled, ûn-âp-pâwld'. <i>a.</i> not daunted
Ulcerate, ûl'sûr-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to disease with sores	Unappeasable, ûn-âp-pé'zâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be
Ulceration, ûl-sûr-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of breaking into ulcers	Unapt, ûn-âpt'. <i>a.</i> dull; unfit [pacified]
Ulcerous, ûl'sûr-ûs. <i>a.</i> afflicted with sores	Unarmed, ûn-ârm'd'. <i>a.</i> having no armour
Uliginous, û-llîd'jîn-ûs. <i>a.</i> slimy, muddy [sort]	Unasked, ûn-âsk't'. <i>a.</i> not sought by solicitation
Ultimate, ùl'tè-mât. <i>a.</i> intended in the last re-	Unaspiring, ûn-âs-pl'îng. <i>a.</i> not ambitious
	Unassisted, ûn-âs-sîs'tèd. <i>a.</i> not helped
	Unattainable, ûn-ât-tâ'nâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be gained

nòr, nòt—tâbe, tâb, báll—ôl—pòund—Min, rais.

Unattempted, ùn-â-t-èmp'téd. <i>a.</i> untried, not essayed	Unburnt, ùn-b'urnt'. <i>a.</i> not consumed by fire
Unattended, ùn-â-t-èn'déd. <i>a.</i> having no ret-	Unburthen, ùn-b'ur'thèn. <i>v. a.</i> to rid of a load
Unauthorized, ùn-â-w-t'âr-lzd. <i>a.</i> not supported by authority	Unbutton, ùn-b'út'n. <i>v. a.</i> to loose any thing buttoned
Unavailable, ùn-â-vá'lá-bl. <i>a.</i> useless, vain with respect to any purpose	Uncalled, ùn-káwld'. <i>a.</i> not summoned
Unavailing, ùn-â-vá'ling. <i>a.</i> useless, vain	Uncase, ùn-ká'sé'. <i>v. a.</i> to disengage from an covering; to fly
Unavoidable, ùn-â-vòld'á-bl. <i>a.</i> inevitable	Uncaught, ùn-káwt'. <i>a.</i> not yet caught
Unaware, ùn-â-wá're'. } <i>ad.</i> without previ-	Uncertain, ùn-sér'tín. <i>a.</i> doubtful
Unawares, ùn-â-wá-rz'. } <i>ad.</i> without previ-	Uncertainty, ùn-sér'tín-té. <i>s.</i> dubiousness
ous meditation : unexpectedly [reverence	Unchain, ùn-tshá'né'. <i>v. a.</i> to free from chains
Unawed, ùn-â-wd'. <i>a.</i> unrestrained by fear or	Unchangeable, ùn-tshán'já-bl. <i>a.</i> immutable
Unbar, ùn-bar'. <i>v. a.</i> to unbolt	Unchangeably, ùn-tshán'já-blé. <i>ad.</i> immutably
Unbecoming, ùn-bé-kám'ing. <i>a.</i> indecent	Unchanging, ùn-tshán'j'ing. <i>a.</i> suffering no alteration
Unbefitting, ùn-bé-fl't'ing. <i>a.</i> not suitable	Uncharitable, ùn-tshár'è-tá-bl. <i>a.</i> contrary
Unbegotten, ùn-bé-gòt'tn. <i>a.</i> eternal, without generation	Uncharitableness, ùn-tshár'è-tá-bl-nès. <i>s.</i> want of charity
Unbelief, ùn-bé-lééf. <i>s.</i> incredulity ; infidelity	Unchaste, ùn-tshá'sté. <i>a.</i> lewd, libidinous
Unbeliever, ùn-bé-léév'úr. <i>s.</i> an infidel	Unchristian, ùn-kris'tshán. <i>a.</i> contrary to the laws of Christianity
Unending, ùn-bén'd'ing. <i>a.</i> not suffering flexure	[circumcised
[to a benediction	Uncircumcised, ùn-sér'kám-s'z'd. <i>a.</i> not circumcised
Unbeneficed, ùn-bén'ufé-fl't. <i>a.</i> not preferred	Uncircumcision, ùn-sér'kám-s'zh'án. <i>s.</i> omission of circumcision
Unbent, ùn-bén't'. <i>a.</i> not subdued	[limited
Unbeseeming, ùn-bé-séem'ing. <i>a.</i> unbecoming	Uncircumscribed, ùn-sér'kám-sk'ribd. <i>a.</i> un-
Unbewailed, ùn-bé-wáld'. <i>a.</i> not lamented	Uncivil, ùn-sív'íl. <i>a.</i> unpolite
Unbidden, ùn-bid'd'n. <i>a.</i> uninvited	Uncivilized, ùn-sív'íl-lzd. <i>a.</i> barbarous ; coarse, indecent
Unbind, ùn-blnd'. <i>v. a.</i> to loose, to untie	Unclarified, ùn-klár'è-fide. <i>a.</i> not purified
Unblamable, ùn-blá'má-bl. <i>a.</i> not culpable	Unclasp, ùn-klásp'. <i>v. a.</i> to open what is shut with clasps
Unblemished, ùn-blém'ish't. <i>a.</i> free from turpitude, free from reproach	[brother
Unblest, ùn-biést'. <i>a.</i> wretched	Uncle, ùng'kl. <i>s.</i> the father's or mother's
Unblown, ùn-blòne'. <i>a.</i> having the bud yet unexpanded	Unclean, ùn-kléne'. <i>a.</i> foul, dirty
Unbodied, ùn-bòd'ld. <i>a.</i> incorporeal	Uncleanliness, ùn-klén'lé-nès. <i>s.</i> want of cleanliness
Unbolt, ùn-bòlt'. <i>v. a.</i> to unbar	Uncleanly, ùn-klén'lé. <i>a.</i> foul, filthy
Unborn, ùn-bòrn'. <i>a.</i> not yet brought into life	Uncleanmess, ùn-klén'é'nès. <i>s.</i> lewdness, in-
Unbosom, ùn-bòz'ám. <i>v. a.</i> to reveal in confidence ; to open	[hand
[money	Unclog, ùn-klòg'sh'. <i>v. a.</i> to open the closed
Unbought, ùn-báwt'. <i>a.</i> obtained without	Unclose, ùn-klòz'é'. <i>v. a.</i> to open
Unbound, ùn-bòund'. <i>a.</i> loose	Unclutch, ùn-klú'sh'. <i>v. a.</i> to open
Unbounded, ùn-bòund'éd. <i>a.</i> unlimited	Uncoil, ùn-kòil'. <i>v. a.</i> to open from being coiled
Unbraced, ùn-brá'sé'. <i>v. a.</i> to loose, to relax	Uncoined, ùn-kòind'. <i>a.</i> not coined
Unbribe, ùn-bréd'. <i>a.</i> not instructed in civility	Uncollected, ùn-kòl-lék'téd. <i>a.</i> not collected
Unbridled, ùn-brí'd'ld. <i>a.</i> licentious	Uncombed, ùn-kòmd'. <i>a.</i> not parted or adjusted by the comb
Unbroke, ùn-bròké'. } <i>a.</i> not subdued ; not	Uncomely, ùn-kòm'é'. <i>a.</i> wanting grace
Unbroken, ùn-brò'kn. } <i>a.</i> tamed [les	Uncomfortable, ùn-kòm'fúr-tá-bl. <i>a.</i> gloomy miserable
Unbuckle, ùn-bák'kl. <i>v. a.</i> to loose from buck-	
Unbuilt, ùn-bá'lt'. <i>a.</i> not yet erected	
Unburied, ùn-bér'rid. <i>a.</i> not interred	

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plue, pln—nô, môve,

Uncomfortableness, ûn-kâm'fâr-tâ-bl-nês. <i>s.</i> want of cheerfulness [out cheerfulness]	Undecaying, ûn-dê-kâ'ng. <i>a.</i> not sufering diminution [diminished]
Uncomfortably, ûn-kâm'fâr-tâ-blê. <i>ad.</i> with-	Undecayed, ûn-dê-kâdê'. <i>a.</i> not liable to be
Uncommon, ûn-kôm'mân. <i>a.</i> not frequent	Undeceive, ûn-dê-sêvê'. <i>v. a.</i> to set free from the influence of a fallacy [not settled]
Uncommonness, ûn-kôm'mân-nês. <i>s.</i> infrequency [not communicated]	Undecided, ûn-dê-s'ldêd. <i>a.</i> not determined,
Uncommunicated, ûn-kôm-mâ'nê-kâ-têd. <i>a.</i>	Undecisive, ûn-dê-s'lv. <i>a.</i> not decisive
Uncompelled, ûn-kôm-pêld'. <i>a.</i> free from compulsion [not mixed]	Undeclined, ûn-dê-klînd'. <i>a.</i> not grammatically varied by termination
Uncoripounded, ûn-kôm-pôund'êd. <i>a.</i> simple,	Undefeasible, ûn-dê-fê'zê-bl. <i>a.</i> not defeasible
Unconcern, ûn-kôn-sêrn'. <i>s.</i> negligence, freedom from anxiety [not disturbed]	Undeified, ûn-dê-fild'. <i>a.</i> not polluted
Unconcerned, ûn-kôn-sêrn'd'. <i>a.</i> not anxious,	Undefined, ûn-dê-flînd'. <i>a.</i> not circumscribed
Unconquerable, ûn-kông'kâr-â-bl. <i>a.</i> incapable of being conquered [their couples]	Undesinable, ûn-dê-fl'nâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be marked out [not thrown down]
Uncouple, ûn-kûp'pl. <i>v. a.</i> to loose dogs from	Undemolished, ûn-dê-môl'isht. <i>a.</i> not razed,
Incourteous, ûn-kûr'tshê-ûs. <i>a.</i> uncivil, unpolite	Undemonstrable, ûn-dê-môn'strâ-bl. <i>a.</i> incapable of full evidence [be gainsayed]
Uncourtliness, ûn-kôrt'lê-nês. <i>s.</i> unsuitableness of manners to a court	Undeniable, ûn-dê-nl'â-bl. <i>a.</i> such as cannot
Uncourtly, ûn-kôrt'lê. <i>a.</i> elegant of manners	Undeniably, ûn-dê-nl'â-blê. <i>ad.</i> so plainly as to admit no contradiction
Uncouth, ûn-kôûth'. <i>a.</i> odd, strange, unusual	Undeplored, ûn-dê-plôrd'. <i>a.</i> not lamented
Uncreated, ûn'krê-â'têd. <i>a.</i> not yet created	Under, ûr. <i>car. prep.</i> in a state of subjection or pupillage; beneath; below [less]
Uncropped, ûn-krôpt'. <i>a.</i> not cropped, not gathered	Under, ûn'dâr. <i>ad.</i> in a state of subjections
Uncrossed, ûn-krôst'. <i>a.</i> uncanceled	Underbid, ûn-dâr-bîd'. <i>v. a.</i> to offer less than the worth [is requisite]
Uction, ûng'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of anointing; ointment [ness]	Underdo, ûn-dâr-dôd'. <i>v. a.</i> to do less than
Uctuousity, ûng'tshû-ôs'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> fatness, oily	Undergo, ûn-dâr-gô'. <i>v. a.</i> to suffer
Uctuous, ûng'tshû-ûs. <i>a.</i> fat, clammy, oily	Underground, ûn-dâr-grôund'. <i>s.</i> subterraneous space
Uctuousness, ûng'tshû-ûs-nês. <i>s.</i> fatness, oily	Undergrowth, ûn-dâr-grôth. <i>s.</i> that which grows under the tall wood
Unculled, ûn-kûld'. <i>a.</i> not gathered [ness]	Underhand, ûn-dâr-hând'. <i>ad.</i> clandestinely, with fraudulent secrecy
Uncultivated, ûn-kûl'tê-vâ-têd. <i>a.</i> not cultivated; not instructed [strained]	Underived, ûn-dê-rîvd'. <i>a.</i> not borrowed
Uncurbed, ûn-kûrbû'. <i>a.</i> licentious, not re-	Underlay, ûn-dâr-lâ'. <i>v. a.</i> to strengthen by something laid under
Uncurl, ûn-kûrl'. <i>v. a.</i> to loose from ringlets or convolutions	Underline, ûn-dâr-line'. <i>v. a.</i> to mark with lines below the words
Uncut, ûn-kû'. <i>a.</i> not cut	Underling, ûn-dâr-llng. <i>s.</i> an inferior agent
Undam, ûn-dâm'. <i>v. a.</i> to free from the restraint of mounds	Undermine, ûn-dâr-mînê'. <i>v. a.</i> to sap; to excavate under [a clandestine enemy]
Undamaged, ûn-dâm'ldjd. <i>a.</i> not made worse	Underminer, ûn-dâr-mî'nâr. <i>s.</i> he that saps;
Undaunted, ûn-dân'têd. <i>a.</i> unsubdued by fear	Undermost, ûn'dâr-môste. <i>a.</i> lowest
Undauntedly, ûn-dân'têd-lê. <i>ad.</i> boldly, intrepidly	Underneath, ûn-dâr-nêth'. <i>ad.</i> below; under
Undazzled, ûn-dâz'zld. <i>a.</i> not dimmed or confused by splendour	Underogatory, ûn-dê-rôg'gâ tûr ê. <i>a.</i> not derogatory
Undebauched, ûn-dê-bâwtsh't'. <i>a.</i> not corrupted by debauchery	Underplot, ûn'dâr-plôt. <i>s.</i> a series of events proceeding collaterally with the main story of a play, and subservient to it

nôr, nôr—tâbe, âb, bâll—ôll—pôûna—thin, THIS.

Under-rate, ân-dâr-râ-té'. <i>v. a.</i> to rate too low	Undiscernible, ân-dîz-zêrn'ê-bl. <i>a.</i> invisible
Under-rate, ân-dâr-râ-té'. <i>s.</i> a price less than is usual [than another	Undiscerning, ân-dîz-zêrn'ng. <i>a.</i> injudicious, incapable of making due distinction
Under-sell, ân-dâr-sêll'. <i>v. a.</i> to sell cheaper	Undisciplined, ân-dîs-sîp-plînd. <i>a.</i> untaught, uninstructed [be found out
Understand, ân-dâr-stând'. <i>v. a. pret. and part. pass. understood.</i> to comprehend fully, to conceive	Undiscoverable, ân-dîs-kûv'âr-â-bl. <i>a.</i> not to
Under-standing, ân-dâr-stân-dîng. <i>s.</i> intellectual powers; intelligence [ing, skilful	Undisguised, ân-dîz-gylz'd. <i>a.</i> open, plain
Understanding, ân-dâr-stân-dîng. <i>a.</i> knowledge	Undismayed, ân-dîz-mâd'é. <i>a.</i> not discouraged
Understood, ân-dâr-stôd'. <i>pret. and part. pass. of understand</i> [rior agent	Undispersed, ân-dîs-pêrs't. <i>a.</i> not scattered
Understrapper, ân-dâr-strâp-pâr. <i>s.</i> an infidel	Undisputed, ân-dîs-pû-téd. <i>a.</i> incontrovertible, evident [ed, not dispersed
Undertake, ân-dâr-tâk'é'. <i>v. a. pret. undertook; part. pass. undertaken.</i> to attempt, to engage in. to have the charge of [dertake	Undissipated, ân-dîs-sè-pâ-téd. <i>a.</i> not scattered
Undertaken, ân-dâr-tâk'én. <i>part. pass. of undertake</i>	Undistinguished, ân-dîs-tîng'gwîst. <i>a.</i> not marked out by objects or intervals: not seen
Undertaker, ân-dâr-tâk'âr. <i>s.</i> one who engages in projects and affairs; one who manages funerals [engagement	Undisturbed, ân-dîs-tûrb'd. <i>a.</i> calm; tranquil
Undertaking, ân-dâr-tâk'ng. <i>s.</i> enterprise	Undivided, ân-dê-vî-déd. <i>a.</i> unbroken; whole
Undertenant, ân-dâr-ân't. <i>s.</i> a secondary tenant [dertake	Undivulged, ân-dê-vûlj'd. <i>a.</i> secret; not promulgated
Undertook, ân-dâr-tôk'. <i>part. pass. of undertake</i>	Undo, ân-dêd'. <i>v. a. pret. undid; part. pass. undone;</i> from <i>do.</i> to ruin; to loose; to open what is shut, to unravel
Undervalue, ân-dâr-vâ'l'û. <i>v. a.</i> to rate too low	Undoing, ân-dêd'ng. <i>s.</i> ruin; destruction
Undervert, ân-dâr-wêrt'. <i>pret. of undergo</i>	Undone, ân-dân'. <i>a.</i> not done; not performed; ruined [disputable
Underwood, ân-dâr-wûd. <i>s.</i> the low trees that grow among the timber	Undoubted, ân-dôû'téd. <i>a.</i> indubitable, un-
Underwrite, ân-dâr-rî-té'. <i>v. a.</i> to write under something else	Undoubtedly, ân-dôû'téd-lè. <i>ad.</i> indubitably; without question [external force
Underwriter, ân-dâr-rî-tûr. <i>s.</i> an insurer	Undrawn, ân-drâwn'. <i>a.</i> not pulled by any
Undescribed, ân-dê-skribd. <i>a.</i> not described	Undress, ân-drê's. <i>v. a.</i> to divest of clothes to strip [dress
Undescried, ân-dê-skridé'. <i>a.</i> not seen, undiscovered	Undress, ân-drê's. <i>s.</i> a loose or negligent
Undeserved, ân-dê-zêrv'd. <i>a.</i> not merited	Undried, ân-dridé'. <i>a.</i> not dried
Undeserving, ân-dê-zêrv'ng. <i>a.</i> not having merit	Undue, ân-dû'. <i>a.</i> not right; not legal
Undesigned, ân-dê-slnd'. <i>a.</i> not intended	Undulatory, ân'jû-lâ-ré. <i>a.</i> playing like waves
Undesigning, ân-dê-sl'ng. <i>a.</i> sincere	Undulate, ân'jû-lâ-té. <i>v. n.</i> to play as waves in curls
Undestroyed, ân-dê-strôid'. <i>a.</i> not destroyed	Undulation, ân-jû-lâ-shân. <i>s.</i> waving motion
Undeterminate, ân-dê-têr'mîn-âte. <i>a.</i> not settled [undecided	Undulatory, ân'jû-lâ-tô-ré. <i>a.</i> moving in the manner of waves [bedient
Undetermined, ân-dê-têr'mînd. <i>a.</i> unsettled	Unduteful, ân-dû'té-fûl. <i>a.</i> not obedient; not reverent
Undiaphanous, ân-dî-âf'fâ-nûs. <i>a.</i> not transparent	Undutifulness, ân-dû'té-fûl-nês. <i>s.</i> want of respect; di-obedience
Undid, ân-dîd. <i>pret. of undo</i>	Uneasiness, ân-ê-zê-nês. <i>s.</i> trouble, perplexity
Undigested, ân-dê-jêstéd. <i>a.</i> not concocted	Uneasy, ân-ê-zé. <i>a.</i> painful; disturbed
Undiminished, ân-dê-mîn'îsh't. <i>a.</i> not impaired	Unedifying, ân-êl'é-fi-ng. <i>a.</i> not improving in good life
Undirect, ân-dê-rêktéd. <i>a.</i> not directed	Unelected, ân-ê-lêktéd. <i>a.</i> not chosen
Undiscovered, ân-dîz-zêrn'd. <i>a.</i> not discovered	

Fâte, fâr, fâM, fâ—mê, mèt—plne, pln—nò, môve,

Uneligible, ân-êl'è-jé-bl. a. not worthy to be chosen	Unfashionable, ân-fâsh'ân-â-bl. a. not modish
Unemployed, ân-êm-plôld'. a. at leisure, idle	Unfashionableness, ân-fâsh'ân-â-bl-nês. s. deviation from the mode [lar sc. m]
Unendowed, ân-ên-dôâd'. a. not invested, not graced [possessed]	Unfashioned, ân fâsh'vnd. a. having no regul-
Unenjoyed, ân-ên-jôld'. a. not obtained, not	Unfasten, ân fâs'n. v. a. to loose, to unfix
Unenlarged, ân-ên-lârjd'. a. contracted	Unfashionable, ân-fâsh'ân-â-bl. a. not to be sounded by a line [ed]
Unenlightened, ân-ên-lî'tnd. a. not illuminated	Unfathomed, ân-fâru'ând. a. not to be sound
Unenvied, ân-ên'vid. a. exempt from envy	Unfavourable, ân-fâ'vâr-â-bl. a. unpropitious
Unequal, ân-é'kwâl. a. not even; inferior	Unfavourably, ân-fâ'vâr-â-blê. ad. unkindly, unpropitiously [thers]
Unequaled, ân-é'kwâld. a. unparalleled	Unfeathered, ân-fêtu'ûrd. a. naked of fea
Unequally, ân-é'kwâl-ê. ad. in disproportion one to the other	Unfeeling, ân-fêê'lîng. a. insensible
Unequivocal, ân-é-kwî'vô-kâl. a. not equivocal	Unfeigned, ân-fând'. a. real, sincere
Unerring, ân-êr-rîng. a. incapable of failure, certain [essence]	Unfeignedly, ân-fâ'nêd-lê. ad. really, sincerely
Unessential, ân-ês-sên'shâ!. a. not constituting	Unfelt, ân-fêlt'. a. not felt [nclosure]
Unestablished, ân-é-sîâb'lish. a. not established	Unfenced, ân-fênst'. a. not surrounded by any
Uneven, ân-é'vn. a. not level [lished]	Unfetter, ân-fêt-tûr. v. a. to free from shackles
Unevenness, ân-é'vn-nêss. surface not level, inequality [discussed]	Unfinished, ân-fîn'ish. a. incomplete
Unexamined, ân-êg-zâm'înd. a. not tried, not	Unfit, ân-fît'. a. improper
Unexampled, ân-êg-zâm'pld. a. not known by any example	Unfitly, ân-fît-lê. ad. not properly
Unexceptionable, ân-êk-sêp'shân-â-bl. a. not liable to objection	Unfitness, ân-fît'nês. s. want of propriety
Unexecuted, ân-êk'sê-kû-têd. a. not performed	Unfix, ân-fîks'. v. a. to loosen
Unexemplified, ân-êg-zêu'plê-fîde. a. not made known by example	Unledged, ân-fîêjd'. a. that has not yet the full furniture of feathers
Unexercised, ân-êk'sêr-sîzd. a. not practised	Unfold, ân-fôld'. a. unsubdued
Unexhausted, ân-êks-hâws'têd. a. not spent	Unfold, ân-fôld'. v. a. to expand; to discover
Unexpected, ân-êk-spêk'têd. a. not thought on, sudden	Unforbidden, ân-fôr-blîd'n. a. not prohibited
Unexpectedly, ân-êk-spêk'têd-lê. ad. suddenly	Unforeknown, ân-fôre-nône'. a. not foreseen by prescience [fore it happened]
Unexperienced, ân-êks-pê'rê-ênst. a. not acquainted by practice	Unforeseen, ân-fôre-sêên'. a. not known be-
Unexpedient, ân-êks-pê'dê-ênt. a. not fit	Unforgiving, ân-fôr-glv'îng. a. relentless, implacable [regular shape]
Unexpert, ân-êks-pêrt'. a. wanting skill or knowledge	Unformed, ân-fôrmâ. a. not modified into
Unexplored, ân-êks-plôrd'. a. not searched out	Unfortified, ân-fôr'te-fîde. a. not strengthened
Unextinguishable, ân-êks-îng-gwîsh-â-bl. a. unquenchable [put out]	Unfortunate, ân-fôr'tshâ-nât. a. unprosperous, wanting luck [pily]
Unextinguished, ân-êks-îng'gwîsh. a. not	Unfortunately, ân-fôr'tshû-nât-lê. ad. unhap-
Unfaded, ân-fâ'dêd. a. not withered	Unfound, ân-fôund'. a. not found
Unfading, ân-fâ'dîng. a. not liable to witner	Unframed, ân-frâmd'. a. not formed
Unfailing, ân-fâ'îng. a. certain	Unfrequent, ân-frê'kwênt. a. uncommon
Unfair, ân-fâ're'. a. disingenuous	Unfrequented, ân-frê-kwênt'êd. a. rarely visited [moaly]
Unfaithful, ân-fâ'th'fûl. a. perfidious, treacherous	Unfrequently, ân-frê'kwênt-lê. ad. not con-
Unfaithfully, ân-fâ'th'fûl-ê. ad. perfidiously	Unfriendly, ân-frînd'lê. a. not kind
	Unfrozen, ân-frô'zn. a. not congealed to ice
	Unfruitful, ân-frûd'fûl. a. not fertile
	Unfulfilled, ân-fûl-fîld'. a. not fulfilled
	Unfurl, ân-fûrl'. v. a. to expand
	Unfurlish, ân-fûrl'îsh. v. a. to strip, to div-

nôr, nôl—tâbe, tâb, bâl—dîl—pôan-l—thin, THIS

Unfurnished, ân-fâr nisht. <i>a.</i> without furniture	Unholy, ân-hô'le. <i>a.</i> profane, wicked
Ungainly, ân-gâne'le. <i>a.</i> awkward	Unhonoured, ân-on'pârd. <i>a.</i> not treated with respect
Ungartered, ân-gâr'tûrd. <i>a.</i> being without garters	Unhoped, ân-hôpt'. <i>v. a.</i> to divest of hopes
Ungathered, ân-gâth'ûrd. <i>a.</i> not cropped	Unhoped, ân-hôpt'. <i>a.</i> greater than hope had promised
Ungenerous, ân-jên'êr-ûs. <i>a.</i> mean, ignominious	Unhopeful, ân-hôpe'fûl. <i>a.</i> such as leaves no room to hope
Ungentle, ân-jên'tl. <i>a.</i> harsh, rude, rugged	Unhorse, ân-hôrsek. <i>v. a.</i> to throw from the saddle
Ungentlemanly, ân-jên'tl-mân-le. <i>ad.</i> illiberal	Unhouse, ân-hôûze'. <i>v. a.</i> to drive from the habitation
Ungird, ân-gêrd'. <i>v. a.</i> to loose a girdle	Unhoused, ân-hôûzd'. <i>a.</i> homeless, wanting a house
Ungirt, ân-gêrt'. <i>a.</i> loosely dressed	Unhumbled, ân-âm'bld. <i>a.</i> not humbled
Unglue, ân-g'lû'. <i>v. a.</i> to loose any thing cemented	Unhurt, ân-nôrt' <i>a.</i> free from harm
Ungodliness, ân-gôd'le-nês. <i>s.</i> impiety, wickedness	Unicorn, yû'nê-kôrn. <i>s.</i> a beast that has only one horn
Ungodly, ân-gôd'le. <i>a.</i> wicked, negligent of God	Uniform, yû'nê-fôrm. <i>a.</i> similar to itself
Ungovernable, ân-gûv'ûr-nâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be governed	Uniformity, yû'nê-fôrm'itê. <i>s.</i> even tenor; resemblance of one to another
Ungoverned, ân-gûv'ûrnd. <i>a.</i> unbridled, licentious	Uniformly, yû'nê-fôrm-le. <i>ad.</i> without variation
Ungraceful, ân-grâse'fûl. <i>a.</i> wanting elegance	Unimaginable, ân-im-mâd'jin-â-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be imagined
Ungracious, ân-grâ'shûs. <i>a.</i> offensive, unpleasing	Unimpeached, ân-im-pêçtsht'. <i>a.</i> not accused
Ungrateful, ân-grâte'fûl. <i>a.</i> making ill returns	Unimportant, ân-im-pôrtânt. <i>a.</i> assuming no airs of dignity
Ungratefulness, ân-grâte'fûl-nês. <i>s.</i> ingratitude	Unimprovable, ân-im-prôdv'â-bl. <i>a.</i> incapable of melioration
Ungrounded, ân-grôûn-dêd. <i>a.</i> having no foundation	Unimprovable, ân-im-prôdv'â-bl. <i>a.</i> incapable of melioration
Unguarded, ân-gyârd'êd. <i>a.</i> careless, negligent	Unimprovableness, ân-im-prôdv'â-bl-nês. <i>s.</i> quality of not being improvable
Unhandsome, ân-hâû'sûm. <i>a.</i> ungraceful	Unimproved, ân-im-prôdv'd'. <i>a.</i> not taught, not meliorated
Unhandy, ân-hâûd'ê. <i>a.</i> awkward	Uninformed, ân-in-fôrm'd'. <i>a.</i> untaught, uninstructed
Unhappy, ân-hâp'pê. <i>a.</i> wretched, unfortunate, distressed	Uninhabitable, ân-in-hâb'it-â-bl. <i>a.</i> unfit to be inhabited
Unharmous, ân-hâr-mô'nê-ûs. <i>a.</i> disproportionate; unmusical	Uninhabited, ân-in-hâb'it-êd. <i>a.</i> having no dwellers
Unharness, ân-hâr'nês. <i>v. a.</i> to loose from the traces	Uninjured, ân-in'jûrd. <i>a.</i> unhurt
Unhatched, ân-hâtsht'. <i>a.</i> not disclosed from [the eggs]	Uninscribed, ân-in-skrîbd'. <i>a.</i> having no inscription
Unhateful, ân-hêit'fûl. <i>a.</i> unwholesome	Uninstructed, ân-in-strûk'têd. <i>a.</i> not taught
Unhealthy, ân-hêilt'h'ê. <i>a.</i> weakly, wanting health	Uninstructive, ân-in-strûk'tiv. <i>a.</i> not contributing any improvement
Unheard, ân-hêrd'. <i>a.</i> not perceived by the ear; not vouchsafed an audience	Unintelligible, ân-in-têl'le-jê-bl. <i>a.</i> not such as can be understood
Unheeded, ân-hêêd'êd. <i>a.</i> disregarded	Unintelligibly, ân-in-têl'le-jê-blê. <i>ad.</i> not understood
Unheeding, ân-hêêd'ing. <i>a.</i> negligent	Unintentional, ân-in-tên-shûn-âi. <i>a.</i> happening without design
Unhelped, ân-hêlpt'. <i>a.</i> unassisted	Uninterested, ân-in-têr-ês'têd. <i>a.</i> not having interest
Unhewn, ân-hûnê. <i>part. a.</i> not hewn	Unintermitted, ân-in-têr-mît'têd. <i>a.</i> continued
Unhinge, ân-hînje'. <i>v. a.</i> to throw from the hinges; to displace by violence	Uninterrupted, ân-in-têr-rûp'têd. <i>a.</i> not interrupted
Unholiness, ân-hô'le-nês. <i>s.</i> impiety, profane-	Uninterruptedly, ân-in-têr-rûp'têd-le. <i>ad.</i> without interruption

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mô, mêt—plue, pln—nô, nôve,

Uninvited, ûn-lîn-vî'têd. <i>a.</i> not asked	Unlawfully, ûn-lâw'fâl-ê. <i>ad.</i> in an unlawful manner
Union, yû'nê-ûn. <i>s.</i> the act of joining, concord	Unlawfulness, ûn-lâw'fâl-nês. <i>s.</i> contrariety
Unison, yû'nê-sûn. <i>a.</i> sounding alone	Unlearn, ûn-lêrn'. <i>v. a.</i> to forget, to disuse
Unison, yû'nê-sûn. <i>s.</i> a string that has the same sound with another	what has been learned
Unit, yû'nît. <i>s.</i> one, the least number	Unlearned, ûn-lêr'nêd. <i>a.</i> ignorant
Unite, yû'nîte'. <i>v. a.</i> to join; to make to agree	Unleavened, ûn-lêv'vênd. <i>a.</i> not fermented
Unitive, yû'nê-tîv. <i>a.</i> having the power of uniting	Unless, ûn-lês'. <i>conj.</i> except, if not
Unity, yû'nê-tê. <i>s.</i> the state of being one;	Unlettered, ûn-lêt'têrd. <i>a.</i> unlearned, untaught
Univalve, vû'nê-vâlv. <i>a.</i> having one shell	Unlevelled, ûn-lêv'êl'd. <i>a.</i> not cut even
Universal, yû'nê-vêr'sâl. <i>a.</i> general; comprising all particulars	Unlicensed, ûn-lî'sênst. <i>a.</i> having no regul'ar
Universality, yû'nê-vêr-sâl'é-tê. <i>s.</i> generality	Unlicked, ûn-lîk't. <i>a.</i> shapeless [permission
Universally, yû'nê-vêr'sâl-ê. <i>ad.</i> without exception	Unlike, ûn-lîke'. <i>a.</i> dissimilar
Universe, yû'nê-vêrse. <i>s.</i> the general system	Unlikelihood, ûn-lîke'lê-hâd. <i>s.</i> improbability
University, yû'nê-vêr'sê-tê. <i>s.</i> a school where all the arts and faculties are taught and studied	Unlikely, ûn-lîke'lê. <i>a.</i> improbable
Univocal, yû'nîv'ô-kâl. <i>a.</i> having one meaning; certain, regular	Unlikeness, ûn-lîke'nês. <i>s.</i> dissimilitude
Unjointed, ûn-jôînt'êd. <i>a.</i> disjointed, separated	Unlimitable, ûn-lîm'ît-â-bl. <i>a.</i> admitting no bounds
Unjoyous, ûn-jôê'ûs. <i>a.</i> not gay, not cheerful	Unlimited, ûn-lîm'ît-êd. <i>a.</i> having no bounds
Unjust, ûn-jûst'. <i>a.</i> iniquitous	Unlink, ûn-lînk'. <i>v. a.</i> to untwist, to open
Unjustifiable, ûn-jûs'tê-fl-â-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be justified	Unliquified, ûn-lîk'wê-flîde. <i>a.</i> unmelted, undissolved
Unjustifiableness, ûn-jûs'tê-fl-â-bl-nês. <i>s.</i> the quality of not being justifiable	Unload, ûn-lôde'. <i>v. a.</i> to disburden, to exonerate
Unjustifiably, ûn-jûs'tê-fl-â-bl-ê. <i>ad.</i> in a manner not to be justified	Unlock, ûn-lôk'. <i>v. a.</i> to open what is shut with a lock
Unjustly, ûn-jûst'lê. <i>ad.</i> in a manner contrary [to right	Unloose, ûn-lôdse'. <i>v. a.</i> to loose
Unkennel, ûn-kên'nîl. <i>v. a.</i> to drive from its hole	Unloveliness, ûn-lôv'lê-nês. <i>s.</i> unamiable
Unkept, ûn-kêpt'. <i>a.</i> not kept	Unluckily, ûn-lûk'ê-lê. <i>ad.</i> unfortunately
Unkind, ûn-kyînd'. <i>a.</i> not favourable	Unlucky, ûn-lûk'ê. <i>a.</i> unfortunate; subject to frequent misfortunes; unspacious
Unkindly, ûn-kyînd'lê. <i>a.</i> unnatural; unfavourable	Unmade, ûn-mâde'. <i>a.</i> not yet formed
Unkindly, ûn-kyînd'lê. <i>ad.</i> without kindness	Unman, ûn-mân'. <i>v. a.</i> to deprive of the constituent qualities of a human being; to enasculate; to deject
Unkindness, ûn-kyînd'nês. <i>s.</i> ill-will, want of affection	Unmanageable, ûn-mân'ê-jâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not manageable
Unknowing, ûn-nô'îng. <i>a.</i> ignorant	Unmanly, ûn-mân'lê. <i>a.</i> unbecoming a man, effeminate
Unknowingly, ûn-nô'îng-lê. <i>ad.</i> ignorantly	Unmannered, ûn-mân'nêrd. <i>a.</i> rude, uncivil
Unknown, ûn-nône'. <i>a.</i> not known	Unmannerliness, ûn-mân'nêr-lê-nês. <i>s.</i> breach of civility
Unlaboured, ûn-lâ'bôrd. <i>a.</i> spontaneous, voluntary	Unmannerly, ûn-mân'nêr-lê. <i>a.</i> ill-bred, unbecoming
Unlace, ûn-lâse'. <i>v. a.</i> to loose any thing fastened with strings	Unmarried, ûn-mâr'îd. <i>a.</i> having no husband, or no wife
Unlade, ûn-lâde'. <i>v. a.</i> to unlode; to exonerate	Unmask, ûn-mâsk'. <i>v. a.</i> to strip off a mask
Unlamented, ûn-lâ-mênt'êd. <i>a.</i> not deplored	Unmasked, ûn-mâsk't. <i>a.</i> open to the view
Unlatch, ûn-lâtsh'. <i>v. a.</i> to open by lifting up the latch	Unmastered, ûn-mâs'têrd. <i>a.</i> not subdued
Unlawful, ûn-lâw'fâl. <i>a.</i> contrary to law	Unmeaning, ûn-mê'nîng. <i>a.</i> expressing no meaning
	Unmeasurable, ûn-mêzh'âr-â-bl. <i>a.</i> boundless

Unmeditated, ùn-mèd'è-tâ-téd. *a.* not formed by previous thought
 Unmeet, ùn-méet'. *a.* not fit, not proper
 Unmellowed, ùn-mèl'l'òde. *a.* not fully ripened
 Unmelted, ùn-mèl't'éd. *a.* undissolved by heat
 Unmentioned, ùn-mèn'shând. *a.* not told, not named
 Unmerciful, ùn-mèr'sé-fùl. *a.* cruel, severe
 Unmercifully, ùn-mèr'sé-fùl'è. *ad.* without mercy [cruelty, cruelty]
 Unmercifulness, ùn-mèr'sé-fùl-nés. *s.* inclemency
 Unmerited, ùn-mèr'it-éd. *a.* not deserved
 Unmindful, èn-mind'fùl. *a.* negligent, inattentive [any thing mingled]
 Unmingled, ùn-mìng'gld. *a.* not vitiated by
 Unmitigated, ùn-mit'è-g'á-téd. *a.* not softened
 Unmixed, ùn-mìks'. *a.* not mingled with any thing. pure [turbance]
 Unmolested, ùn-mò-lèst'éd. *a.* free from disturbance
 Unmoor, ùn-mòdr'. *v. a.* to loose from land by taking up the anchors
 Unmovable, ùn-mòdv'á-bl. *a.* such as cannot be removed
 Unmoved, ùn-mòdv'd'. *a.* not put out of one place into another; not affected
 Unmuscle, ùn-mùs'l. *v. a.* to put off a covering from the face
 Unmusical, ùn-mùz'è-kál. *a.* not harmonious, not pleasing by sound
 Unnamed, ùn-námd'. *a.* not mentioned
 Unnatural, ùn-nát'tshù-rál. *a.* contrary to the laws of nature [situation to nature]
 Unnaturally, ùn-nát'tshù-rál'è. *ad.* in opposition
 Unnavigable, ùn-náv'è-g'á-bl. *a.* not to be navigated [out necessity]
 Unnecessarily, ùn-nés'sés-sá-ré-lé. *ad.* without necessity
 Unnecessary, ùn-nés'sés-sá-ré. *a.* needless
 Unneighbourly, ùn-ná'bèr-ié. *a.* not suitable to the duties of a neighbour
 Unnerved, ùn-nèrv'd'. *a.* weak, feeble
 Unnumbered, ùn-nùn bárd. *a.* innumerable
 Unobservable, ùn-òb-zèr'vá-bl. *a.* not to be observed
 Unobservant, ùn-òb-zèr'vánt. *a.* not attentive
 Unobserved, ùn-òb-zèr'vd'. *a.* not regarded
 Unobserving, ùn-òb-zèr'vìng. *a.* inattentive
 Unobstructed, ùn-òb-strùk'téd. *a.* not hindered
 Unoccupied, ùn-òk'kù-plé. *a.* unpossessed
 Unoffending, ùn-òf-fènd'ìng. *a.* harmless, sin-

Unopposed, ùn-òp-pòzk'. *a.* not encountered by hostility or obstruction
 Unorganized, ùn-òr'gân-ìzd. *a.* having no part instrumental to the nourishment of the rest
 Unowned, ùn-ònd'. *a.* having no owner
 Unpack, ùn-pák'. *v. a.* to exonerate, to open any thing bound together
 Unpaid, ùn-páde'. *a.* not discharged
 Unpalatable, ùn-pál'á-tá-bl. *a.* nauseous, disgusting
 Unparagoned, ùn-pár'á-gònd. *a.* unequalled
 Unparalleled, ùn-pár'ái-lèld. *a.* not to be matched
 Unpardonable, ùn-pár'dn-á-bl. *a.* irremissible
 Unpardonably, ùn-pár'dn-á-blé. *ad.* beyond forgiveness
 Unpardonous, ùn-pár'dnd. *a.* not forgiven
 Unparliamentary, ùn-pár-lè-mènt'á-rè. *a.* contrary to the rules of parliament
 Unpeg, ùn-pèg'. *v. a.* to open any thing closed with a peg [pension]
 Unpensioned, ùn-pèn'shând. *a.* without a pension
 Unperceived, ùn-pèr-sèvd'. *a.* not observed
 Unperformed, ùn-pèr-fòrm'd'. *a.* undone
 Unperishable, ùn-pèr'ìsh-á-bl. *a.* lasting to perpetuity
 Unphilosophical, ùn-fìl-lò-zòf'è-kál. *a.* unsuitable to the rules of philosophy
 Unpin, ùn-plì'. *v. a.* to open what is fastened with a pin
 Unpitied, ùn-plì'tìd. *a.* not compassionated
 Unpitying, ùn-plì'té-ìng. *a.* having no compassion [easy]
 Unpleasant, ùn-plèz'ánt. *a.* troublesome, unpleasantly, ùn-plèz'ánt-lé. *ad.* not delightfully, uneasily
 Unpleasantness, ùn-plèz'ánt-nèz. *s.* want of qualities to give delight [gusting]
 Unpleasing, ùn-plèz'ìng. *a.* offensive, displeasing
 Unpliant, ùn-plì'ánt. *a.* not easily bent
 Unploughed, ùn-plòud'. *a.* not ploughed
 Unpoetical, ùn-pò-èt'è-kál. } *a.* not such as
 Unpoetick, ùn-pò-èt'ìk. } becomes a poet [not civilized]
 Unpolished, ùn-pòl'ìst. *a.* not smoothed;
 Unpolite, ùn-pò-lìt'. *a.* not elegant, not civil
 Unpolluted, ùn-pòl-lù'téd. *a.* not corrupted
 Unpopular, ùn-pòp'ù-lár. *a.* not fitted to please the people

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plne, plu—nò, môve,

Unportable, ân-pôrt'â-bl. a. not to be carried	Unquestionably, ân-kwê's'tshân-â-blê. ad. indubitably
Unpossessed, ân-pôz'ssê'st. a. not obtained	Unquestioned, ân-kwê's'tshân't. a. not doubted
Unpractised, ân-prâk'tist. a. not skilled by use and experience	Unquiet, ân-kwî'êt. a. disturbed; restless
Unprecedented, ân-prês'sê-dên-têd. a. not justifiable by any example	Unquietness, ân-kwî'êt-nês. s. want of tranquillity; restlessness
Unprejudiced, ân-prê'jû-dist. a. free from prejudice	Unracked, ân-râkt. a. not poured from the lees
Unpremeditated, ân-prê-mêd'é-tâ-têd. a. not prepared in the mind beforehand	Unravel, ân-râv'vl. v. a. to disentangle,
Unprepared, ân-prê-pârd'. a. not fitted by previous measures	Unrazed, ân-râ'zârd. a. unshaven
Unpreparedness, ân-prê-pâ'rêd-nês. s. state of being unprepared	Unread, ân-rêd'. a. not read, untaught
Unprevented, ân-prê-vênt'êd. a. not previously hindered	Unreal, ân-rê'âl. a. unsubstantial
Unprincipely, ân-prîns'lê. a. unsuitable to a prince	Unreasonable, ân-rê'zn-â-bl. a. exorbitant not agreeable to reason
Unprincipled, ân-prîns'ê-pld. a. not settled in tenets or opinions	Unreasonableness, ân-rê'zn-â-bl-nês. s. exorbitance; inconsistency with reason
Unprofitable, ân-prôf'ê-tâ-bl. a. useless	Unreclaimed, ân-rê-klâmd'. a. not reformed
Unprofitableness, ân-prôf'ê-tâ-bl-nês. s. uselessness	Unreconciled, ân-rêk'ân-sild. a. not reconciled
Unprofitably, ân-prôf'ê-tâ-blê. ad. uselessly	Unreformed, ân-rê-îbrind'. a. not amended, not corrected
Unprolifick, ân-prô-îl'îk. a. barren, not productive	Unrefracted, ân-rê-frâkt'êd. a. not refracted
Unpropitious, ân-prô-pîsh'ûs. a. inauspicious	Unrefreshed, ân-rê-frêsh't. a. not cheered, not relieved
Unproportioned, ân-prô-pôr'shând. a. not suited to something else	Unregarded, ân-rê-gyâr'dêd. a. not heeded
Unpropped, ân-prôpt'. a. not supported, not upheld	Unregenerate, ân-rê-jên'êr-âte. a. not brought to a new life
Unprosperous, ân-prôs-pûr-ûs. a. unfortunate	Unrelenting, ân-rê-lên'tîng. a. hard, cruel
Unprotected, ân-prô-têk'ted. a. not protected	Unrelieved, ân-rê-lêêvd'. a. not succoured
Unproved, ân-prôôvd'. a. not evinced by arguments	Unremediable, ân-rê-mê'diê-â-bl. a. admitting no remedy
Unprovided, ân-prô-vî'dêd. a. not secured or qualified by previous measures	Unremoved, ân-rê-môôvd'. a. not taken away
Unprovoked, ân-prô-vôkt'. a. not provoked	Unrepealed, ân-rê-pêld'. a. not revoked
Unpruned, ân-prûnd'. a. not cut, not lopped	Unrepented, ân-rê-pên'têd. a. not regarded with penitential sorrow
Unpublished, ân-pâb'îsh't. a. secret, unknown	Unrepenting, ân-rê-pên'tîng. } a. not penitent
Unpunished, ân-pân'îsh't. a. not punished	Unrepentant, ân-rê-pên'tânt. } a. not penitent
Unpurchased, ân-pûr'tshâst. a. unbought	Unrepining, ân-rê-pî'îng. a. not peevishly complaining
Unpurged, ân-pûr'jd'. a. not purged	Unreplenished, ân-rê-plên'îsh't. a. not filled
Unpurified, ân-pûr'ê-fîde. a. not cleansed	Unreproached, ân-rê-prôtsh't. a. not censured
Unpursued, ân-pûr-sûde'. a. not pursued	Unréprovable, ân-rê-prôôv'â-bl. a. not liable to blame
Unqualified, ân-kwól'ê-fîde. a. not fit	Unrequited, ân-rê-kwî'têd. a. not compensated
Unquenchable, ân-kwê'nsh'â-bl. a. unextinguishable	Unreserved, ân-rê-zêrv'd. a. open, frank
Unquenched, ân-kwê'nsh't. a. not extinguished	Unreservedly, ân-rê-zêrv'êd-lê. ad. without concealment, openly
Unquenchableness, ân-kwê'nsh'â-bl-nês. s. unextinguishableness	Unreservedness, ân-rê-zêrv'êd-nês. s. openness, frankness
Unquestionable, ân-kwê's'tshân-â-bl. a. undoubted	Unresisted, ân-rê-zîs'têd. a. not opposed
	Unresisting, ân-rê-zîs'tîng. a. not opposing

nór, nár—tábe, táb, búll—póund—/in, ruis

- Unresolved, ún-ré-zólv'd'. *a.* not determined ; not cleared
- Unrestored, ún-ré-stórd'. *a.* not restored
- Unrestrained, ún-ré-stránd'. *a.* not confined ; licentious
- Unretracted, ún-ré-trák'téd'. *a.* not revoked
- Unrevealed, ún-ré-véld'. *a.* not told, not discovered
- Unrevenged, ún-ré-vènj'd'. *a.* not revenged
- Unrewarded, ún-ré-wárd'éd'. *a.* not recompensed
- Unriddle, ún-rl'd'él. *v. a.* to solve an enigma, to explain
- Unrig, ún-rlg'. *v. a.* to strip off the tackle
- Unrighteous, ún-rl'tshé-ús. *a.* unjust, wicked, sinful [wickedly]
- Unrighteously, ún-rl'tshé-ús-lé. *ad.* unjustly
- Unrighteousness, ún-rl'tshé-ús-nés. *s.* wickedness, injustice
- Unrip, ún-rlp'. *v. a.* to cut open
- Unripe, ún-rlpe. *a.* immature
- Unripened, ún-rl'pnd. *a.* not matured
- Unripeness, ún-rl'pé'nés. *s.* immaturity
- Unrivall'd, ún-rl'váld. *a.* having no peer or equal [or convolved]
- Unroll, ún-róle'. *v. a.* to open what is rolled
- Unroof, ún-róó'f'. *v. a.* to strip off the roof
- Unrounded, ún-róúnd'éd. *a.* not shaped
- Unruffled, ún-rú'f'ld. *a.* calm, tranquil
- Unruliness, ún-róó'lé-nés. *s.* turbulence, tumultuousness
- Unruly, ún-róó'lé. *a.* turbulent, ungovernable
- Unsafe, ún-sáfe'. *a.* hazardous, dangerous
- Unsafely, ún-sáfe'lé. *ad.* not securely
- Unsaid, ún-séd'. *a.* not uttered [said]
- Unsalted, ún-sált'éd. *a.* not seasoned with
- Unsanctified, ún-sá'nt'fí-de. *a.* unholy
- Unsatiable, ún-sá'shé-á-bl. *a.* not to be satisfied
- Unsatisfactory, ún-sát'fí-fák'ú-r-é. *a.* not giving satisfaction
- Unsatisfied, ún-sé'fí-sí-de. *a.* not contented
- Unsavouriness, ún-sá'vá-r-é-nés. *s.* bad taste ; bad smell [disgusting]
- Unsavoury, ún-sá'vá-r-é. *a.* tasteless ; fetid
- Unsay, ún-sá'. *v. a.* to retract
- Unschool'd, ún-skóó'ld'. *a.* uneducated
- Unscriptural, ún-skrl'p'tshú-rá'l. *a.* not defensible by scripture
- Unsealed, ún-séle'. *v. a.* to open any thing sealed. ún-séld'. *a.* wanting a seal
- Unsearchable, ún-sé'rt'h-á-bl. *a.* not to be explored
- Unsearchableness, ún-sé'rt'h-á-bl-nés. *s.* impossibility to be explored
- Unseasonable, ún-sé'zn-á-bl. *a.* unfit, untimely, ill-timed [seasonably]
- Unseasonably, ún-sé'zn-á-blé. *ad.* not seasonably
- Unsecure, ún-sé-kúre'. *a.* not safe
- Unseemliness, ún-séém lé-nés. *s.* indecency, indecorum
- Unseemly, ún-séém'lé. *a.* indecent
- Unseen, ún-séén'. *a.* not seen ; invisible
- Unserviceable, ún-sér'vís-a-bl. *a.* bringing no advantage [advantage]
- Unserviceably, ún-sér'vís-á-blé. *ad.* without advantage
- Unsettle, ún-sét'tl. *v. a.* to make uncertain ; to move from a place [steadily]
- Unsettled, ún-sét'tld. *a.* not determined, not
- Unshaken, ún-shá'kn. *a.* not agitated ; not subject to conviction
- Unshapen, ún-shá'pn. *a.* deformed
- Unsheath, ún-hé'th'. *v. a.* to draw from the scabbard [protection]
- Unsheltered, ún-shéll'úrd. *a.* wanting protection
- Unship, ún-shlp'. *v. a.* to take out of a ship
- Unshod, ún-shód'. *a.* having no shoes
- Unshorn, ún-shórn'. *a.* not clipped [sight]
- Unsignally, ún-síte'lé. *a.* disagreeable to the sight
- Unskilled, ún-skíld'. *a.* wanting skill
- Unskilful, ún-skíl'fú'l. *a.* wanting art, wanting knowledge [ledge]
- Unskilfully, ún-skíl'fú-l-é. *ad.* without knowledge
- Unskilfulness, ún-skíl'fú-nes. *s.* want of art or knowledge
- Unslaked, ún-slákt'. *a.* not quenched
- Unsmoked, ún-snókt'. *a.* not smoked
- Unsociable, ún-só'shé-á-bl. *a.* not kind
- Unsolved, ún-sólv'd'. *a.* not solved
- Unsophisticated, ún-só-fí's'té-ká-téd. *a.* not adulterated [proper separation]
- Unsorted, ún-sórt'éd. *a.* not distributed by
- Unsought, ún-sáwt'. *a.* had without seeking
- Unsound, ún-sóúnd'. *a.* sickly ; not free from cracks ; rotten ; not orthodox
- Unsoundness, ún-sóúnd'nés. *s.* erroneousness of belief ; corruptness of any kind
- Unsparring, ún-spá'rlng. *a.* not sparing
- Unspeakeable, ún-spé'ká-bl. *a.* not to be expressed
- Unspeakeably, ún-spé'ká-blé. *ad.* inexpressibly

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—plue, plu—kò, nôve,

Unspent, ün-spênt'. a. not wasted	Unthankfulness, ün-thânk'fûl-nês. s. want of thankfulness
Unspilt, ün-spîll'. a. not spilt	Unthawed, ün-thâwd'. a. not dissolved after frost
Unstable, ün-stá'bl. a. not fixed; irresolute	Unthawing, ün-thâwk'ng. a. thoughtless
Unsteadiness, ün-stêd'ê-nês. s. indiscretion, volatility of mind	Unthriftily, ün-thrîf'tê-lê. ad. without frugality
Unstanch'd, ün-stânsht' a. not stopped, not stayed	Unthrifty, ün-thrîf'tê. a. prodigal, lavish
Unsteadily, ün-stêd'ê-lê. ad. inconstantly	Unwasteful
Unsteadiness, ün-stêd'ê-nês. s. want of constancy, mutability	Untidy, ün-tî'dê. a. reverse of tidy
Unsteady, ün-stêd'ê. a. inconstant, mutable	Untie, ün-tî'. v. a. to unbind; to set free; to resolve
Unstop, ün-stôp'. v. a. to free from stop or obstruction	Untied, ün-tîdê'. a. not bound
Unstopped, ün-stôpt'. a. meeting no resistance	Until, ün-tîl'. ad. to the time that; to the
Unstrained, ün-strând'. a. easy, not forced	Untilled, ün-tîld'. a. not cultivated
Unstring, ün-strîng'. v. a. to relax any thing strung, to untie	Untimely, ün-time'lê. a. happening before the natural time
Unstudied, ün-stûd'îd. a. not premeditated	Untimely, ün-time'lê. ad. before the natural time
Unsubstantial, ün-sûb-stân'shâ. a. not solid, not palpable	Unto, ün-tô. prep. the old word for To
Unsuccessful, ün-sûk-sês'fû. a. not having wished event	Untold, ün-tôld' a. not related
Unsuccessfully, ün-sûk-sês'fûl-ê. ad. unfortunately	Untouched, ün-tûsh't. c. not touched
Unsuccessfulness, ün-sûk-sês'fûl-nês. s. want of success	Untoward, ün-tô'wûrd. a. froward, perverse
Unsupportable, ün-sûf'fâr-â-bl. a. not supportable, intolerable	Untowardly, ün-tô'wûrd-lê. a. awkward, perverse
Unsuitable, ün-sû'tâ-bl. a. not congruous, not proportionate	Untraced, ün-trâsd'. a. not educated, irregular
Unsuitableness, ün-sû'tâ-bl-nês. s. incongruity	Untransferable, ün-trâns-fêr-â-bl. a. incapable of being transferred
Unsulph'd, ün-sûl'fîd. a. not soured, pure	Untravelled, ün-tráv'ld. a. having never seen foreign countries
Unsung, ün-sûng. a. not celebrated in verse	Untried, ün-trîdê'. a. not yet attempted
Unsupported, ün-sûp-pôrt'êd. a. not sustained, not held up	Untródden, ün-trôd'dn. a. not passed, not marked by the foot
Unsure, ün-shûrê'. a. not certain	Untroubled, ün-trûb'ld. a. not disturbed, not agitated, not confused
Unsurmountable, ün-sûr-môunt'â-bl. a. not to be overcome	Untrue, ün-trû. a. false; contrary to reality
Unsusceptible, ün-sûs-sêp'tê-bl. a. incapable, not liable to admit	Untruly, ün-trûd'lê. ad. falsely
Unsuspected, ün-sûs-pêk'têd. a. not considered as likely to do or mean ill	Untruth, ün-trûth'. s. falsehood
Unsuspecting, ün-sûs-pêk'tîng. a. not imagining that any ill is designed	Untunable, ün-tû'nâ-bl. a. unharmonious
Unsuspecting, ün-sûs-pêk'tîng. a. not imagining that any ill is designed	Untutored, ün-tû'tûrd. a. uninstructed, untaught
Unsuspecting, ün-sûs-pêk'tîng. a. not imagining that any ill is designed	Untwine, ün-twîne'. v. a. to open what is held together by convolution
Unsuspecting, ün-sûs-pêk'tîng. a. not imagining that any ill is designed	Untwist, ün-twîst'. v. a. to separate, say things involved in each other
Unsuspecting, ün-sûs-pêk'tîng. a. not imagining that any ill is designed	Unvanquished, ün-vâng'kwîsh't. a. not conquered
Unsuspecting, ün-sûs-pêk'tîng. a. not imagining that any ill is designed	Unvariable, ün-vâ'rê-â-bl. a. not changeable
Unsuspecting, ün-sûs-pêk'tîng. a. not imagining that any ill is designed	Unvaried, ün-vâ'riêd. c. not changed
Unsuspecting, ün-sûs-pêk'tîng. a. not imagining that any ill is designed	Unvarnished, ün-vâr'nîsh't. a. not adorned, not decorated
Unsuspecting, ün-sûs-pêk'tîng. a. not imagining that any ill is designed	Unvarying, ün-vâ'rîng. a. not liable to change
Unsuspecting, ün-sûs-pêk'tîng. a. not imagining that any ill is designed	Unveil, ün-vâle. v. a. to disclose, to show

nôl, nôl—tûbe, tûb, bûll—dîl—pôund—thin, rnis

Unbused, ân-ûzê'. <i>a.</i> unemployed; not accus- tomed	Unzoned, ân-zônd'. <i>a.</i> not bound with a girdle
Unusual, ân-û-zû-âi. <i>a.</i> not common, rare	Up, ðp. <i>ad.</i> aloft; out of bed; above the ho- rizon [or rousing to action]
Unusualness, ân-û-zû-âi-nês. <i>s.</i> uncommon- ness, infrequency [expressible]	Up, ðp. <i>int.</i> a word of exhortation exciting
Unutterable, ân-û-tûr-â-bl. <i>a.</i> inefiable, in- unwarily, ân-û-â-rê-lê. <i>ad.</i> without caution, carelessly [carelessness]	Upbraid, ðp-brâde'. <i>v. a.</i> to charge contemp- tuously; to reproach [reproach]
Unwariness, ân-wâ-rê-nês. <i>s.</i> want of caution,	Upbraidingly, ðp-brâ-ðing-lê. <i>ad.</i> by way of Upheld, ðp-hêld'. <i>pret.</i> and <i>part. pass.</i> of up hold. maintained, sustained
Unwarrantable, ân-wôr-rân-tâ-bl. <i>a.</i> not to be justified [justifiably]	Uphill, ðp'hîll. <i>a.</i> difficult, like the labour of climbing a hill
Unwarrantably, ân-wôr-rân-tâ-blê. <i>ad.</i> un- Unwarranted, ân-wôr-rân-têd. <i>a.</i> not ascer- tained, uncertain	Uphold, ðp-hôld'. <i>v. a. pret.</i> upheld; and <i>part</i> <i>pass.</i> upheld and upholden. to support, to sustain; to continue [undertaker]
Unwary, ân-wâ-rê. <i>a.</i> imprudent, precipitate	Upholder, ðp-hôld'ûi. <i>s.</i> a supporter; an
Unwashed, ân-wôsh'. <i>a.</i> not washed	Upholsterer, ðp-hôis-tûr-ûr. <i>s.</i> one who fur- nishes houses
Unwearied, ân-wê-êrd. <i>a.</i> not tired; indefati- gable [grateful]	Upland, ðp'lând. <i>s.</i> higher ground
Unwelcome, ân-wêl'kâm. <i>a.</i> not pleasing, not	Upmost, ðp'îmôst. <i>a.</i> highest, topmost
Unwell, ân-wêl'. <i>a.</i> not in perfect health	Upon, ðp-ôn'. <i>prep.</i> not under; in immediate consequence of; with respect to; near to; on basis of according to
Unwept, ân-wêpt'. <i>a.</i> not lamented	Uppér. <i>ad. adv.</i> higher place, higher
Unwholesome, ân-hôlê-sâm. <i>a.</i> insalubrious	Uppermost, ðp'pâr-môst. <i>a.</i> highest
Unwildly, ân-wêêl-dê-lê. <i>ad.</i> heavily, with difficult motion	Upraise, ðp-râze'. <i>v. a.</i> to exalt
Unwildness, ân-wêêl-dê-nês. <i>s.</i> heaviness, difficulty to move, or be moved	Upright, ðp'rîte. <i>a.</i> straight up; honest
Unwieldy, ân-wêêl-êdê. <i>a.</i> unmanageable, bul- ky, ponderous	Uprightly, ðp'rîte-lê. <i>ad.</i> perpendicularly to the horizon; honestly
Unwilling, ân-wîl'ling. <i>a.</i> loath, not inclined	Uprightness, ðp'rîte-nês. <i>s.</i> perpendicular erection; honesty
Unwillingly, ân-wîl'ling-lê. <i>ad.</i> not with good will [disinclination]	Uproar, ðp'rôre. <i>s.</i> tumult, bustle, disturbance
Unwillingness, ân-wîl'ling-nês. <i>s.</i> loathness,	Uproar, ðp'rôre. <i>s.</i> tumult, bustle, disturbance
Unwind, ân-wînd'. <i>v. a. pret.</i> and <i>part. pass.</i> unwound. to separate any thing convolved, to disentangle [dom]	Uproar, ðp'rôre. <i>s.</i> tumult, bustle, disturbance
Unwisely, ân-wîzê-lê. <i>ad.</i> weakly, not pru- dently [usual]	Uproar, ðp'rôre. <i>s.</i> tumult, bustle, disturbance
Unwonted, ân-wân-têd. <i>a.</i> uncommon, un- Unworthy, ân-wâr-thê-lê. <i>ad.</i> not according to desert [worth, want of merit]	Uproar, ðp'rôre. <i>s.</i> tumult, bustle, disturbance
Unworthiness, ân-wâr-thê-nês. <i>s.</i> want of	Uproar, ðp'rôre. <i>s.</i> tumult, bustle, disturbance
Unworthy, ân-wâr-thê. <i>a.</i> not deserving; not suitable [of unwind. untwisted]	Uproar, ðp'rôre. <i>s.</i> tumult, bustle, disturbance
Unwound, ân-wôund'. <i>part. pass.</i> and <i>pret.</i>	Uproar, ðp'rôre. <i>s.</i> tumult, bustle, disturbance
Unwounded, ân-wôdd'êdê. <i>a.</i> not wounded	Uproar, ðp'rôre. <i>s.</i> tumult, bustle, disturbance
Unwreath, ân-rêth'. <i>v. a.</i> to unwind	Uproar, ðp'rôre. <i>s.</i> tumult, bustle, disturbance
Unyoked, ân-yôkê'. <i>v. a.</i> to loose from the yoke; to disjoin [yoke; unrestrained]	Uproar, ðp'rôre. <i>s.</i> tumult, bustle, disturbance
Unyoked, ân-yôkê'. <i>a.</i> having never worn a	Uproar, ðp'rôre. <i>s.</i> tumult, bustle, disturbance

Fâie, târ, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pine, pîn—nô, nôve,

Ue, yû rîn. *s.* animal water
 Urinous, yû rîn-ûs. *a.* partaking of urine
 Urn, ãrn. *s.* any vessel, of which the mouth is narrower than the body; the vessel in which the remains of burnt bodies were put
 Us, ãs. *pron.* the oblique case of we
 Usage, yû zîdje. *s.* treatment; custom
 Usance, yû zânse. *s.* use, usury
 Uae, yûse. *s.* advantage received; convenience, help; habit, custom; interest
 Uae, yûze. *v. a.* to employ; to accustom; to treat
 Useful, yûse fâl. *a.* convenient, profitable
 Usefulness, yûse fâl-nês. *s.* conduciveness to some end
 Useless, yûse lês. *a.* answering no purpose
 Uselessness, yûse lês-nês. *s.* unfitnes to any end
 Usher, ûsh'ûr. *s.* one whose business is to introduce strangers, or walk before a person of high rank; an under-teacher
 Usher, ûsh'ûr. *v. a.* to introduce
 Usquebaugh, ûs-kwê-bâ'. *s.* a compounded distilled spirit
 Usual, yû zhû-âl. *a.* common, frequent
 Usually, yû zhû-âl-ê. *ad.* commonly, frequently
 Usurer, yû zhû-râr. *s.* one who puts money out at interest [of profit
 Usurious, yû-zû-rê-ûs. *a.* exorbitantly greedy
 Usurp, yû-zûrp'. *v. a.* to seize or possess without right [or possession
 Usurpation, yû-zûr-pâ'shûn. *s.* illegal seizure
 Usurper, yû-zûrp'ûr. *s.* one who seizes that to which he has no right
 Usury, yû zhû-rê. *s.* money paid for the use of money, interest
 Uensil, yû tèn-sîl. *s.* an instrument for use
 Uterine, yû têr-îne. *a.* belonging to the womb
 Uterus, yû tê-rûs. *s.* the womb
 Utility, yû tîl'ê-tê. *s.* usefulness
 Utmost, ãt'môst. *a.* extreme; being in the highest degree [the greatest power
 Utmost, ãt'môst. *s.* the most that can be, the
 Utopian, yû tû-pê-ân. *a.* ideal
 Utter, ãt'târ. *a.* situate on the outside; extreme, utmost [publish
 Utter, ãt'âr. *v. a.* to speak, to pronounce; to
 Utterable, ãt'târ-â-bl. *a.* expressible
 Utterance, ãt'târ-ânse. *s.* pronunciation
 Utterly, ãt'târ-lê. *ad.* completely, perfectly

Uttermost, ãt'târ-môst. *a.* extreme, most remote
 Uttermost, ãt'târ-môst. *s.* the greatest degree
 Uxorious, ûg-zô-rê-ûs. *a.* submissively fond of a wife, infected with connubial dotage
 Uxoriousness, ûg-zô-rê-ûs-nês. *s.* connubial dotage, fond submission to a wife

V.

VACANCY, vâ kân-sê. *s.* empty space, vacancy
 Vacant, vâ kânt. *a.* empty; free
 Vacate, vâ kâte. *v. a.* to annul; to make vacant, to quit possession of
 Vacation, vâ-kâ shûn. *s.* leisure
 Vaccine, vâk'sîne. *a.* belonging to a cow
 Vacillancy, vâs'll-ân-ê. *s.* a state of wavering, fluctuation [of reeling
 Vacillation, vâs'll-â-shûn. *s.* the act or state
 Vacuity, vâ-kû'ê-tê. *s.* emptiness
 Vacuum, vâk'û-tûm. *s.* space unoccupied
 Vagabond, vâg'â-bônd. *a.* wandering without any settled habitaton, wanting a home; wandering, vagrant
 Vagabond, vâg'â-bônd. *s.* a vagrant
 Vagary, vâ-gâ-rê. *s.* a wild freak
 Vagrant, vâ grânt. *a.* wandering, unsettled
 Vagrant, vâ grânt. *s.* a vagabond
 Vague, vâg. *a.* wandering; unfixed, unsettled
 Vail, vâle. *s.* a curtain; a part of female dress; money given to servants
 Vain, vâne. *a.* fruitless; empty; idle
 Vainglorious, vâne-glô-rê-ûs. *a.* boasting without performances
 Vainglory, vâne-glô-rê. *s.* empty pride
 Vainly, vâne'lê. *ad.* without effect; arrogantly
 Valance, vâl'ânse. *s.* the drapery hanging round the tester of a bed [vants
 Vale, vâle. *s.* a valley; money given to
 Valediction, vâl-ê-âk'shûn. *s.* a farewell
 Valentine, vâl'ên-tîn. *s.* a sweet-heart chosen on St. Valentine's day
 Valet, vâl'et. *s.* a waiting servant
 Valetudinarian, vâl-lê-tû-dê-nâ-rê-ân. *s.* an *a.* a person uncommonly careful of his health [sickly
 Valetudinary, vâl-lê-tû-dê-nâ-rê. *a.* weakly
 Valiant, vâl'yânt. *a.* stout, brave
 Valid, vâl'id. *a.* powerful; conclusive
 Validity, vâl'id-ê-tê. *s.* certainty

vôr, vôt--tûbe, tûb, bûll--ôll--pôonc -- .An, this.

Valley, vâl'lè. s. a low ground between hills	Vassal, vâs'sâl. s. a subject, a dependant
Valorous, vâl'ûr-ûs. a. brave, stout	Vassalage, vâs'sâl-âje. s. the state of a vassal
Valour, vâl'ûr. s. personal bravery [price]	Vast, vâst. a. large, great
Valuable, vâl'û-â-bl. a. precious, of great	Vast, vâst. s. an empty waste
Valuation, vâl-û-â'shûn. s. value set upon any thing ; appraisal	Vastly, vâst'lè. ad. greatly [greatness]
Valuator, vâl-û-â'tûr. s. an appraiser, one who sets upon any thing its price	Vastness, vâst'nês. s. immensity, enormous
Value, vâl'û. s. price, worth ; rate	Vat, vât. s. a vessel in which liquors are kept in an immature state
Value, vâl'û. v. a. to rate at a certain price ; to appraise	Vaticinate, vâ-tis'sè-nâte. v. n. to prophesy
Vault, vâlv. s. a folding door ; any thing that opens over the mouth of a vessel	Vault, vâvlt, or vâvt. s. a continued arch ; cellar ; cave ; repository for the dead ; a [leap]
Vamp, vâmp. s. the upper leather of a shoe	Vault, vâvlt. v. a. to arch
Vamp, vâmp. v. a. to piece an old thing with some new part	Vault, vâvlt. v. n. to leap, to jump
Van, vân. s. the front of an army	Vaultage, vâvlt'ldje. s. arched cellar
Vane, vâne. s. a plate to turn with the wind	Vaunt, vâvnt. v. a. to boast
Vanguard, vân-gyârd'. s. the front	Vaunt, vâvnt. s. brag, boast
Vanish, vân'ish. v. n. to disappear	Vauntingly, vâvnt'ing-lè. ad. boastfully
Vanity, vân'è-tè. s. emptiness ; petty pride	Veal, vèl. s. the flesh of a calf
Vanquish, vângk'wish. v. a. to conquer	Vecture, vèk'tshûre. s. carriage
Vanquisher, vângk'wish-ûr. s. conqueror, subduer	Veer, vèr. v. n. to turn about
Vantage, vân'tâdje. s. gain, profit	Vegetable, vèd'jè-tâ-bl. s. any thing that has growth without sensation, as plants
Vapid, vâp'ld. a. spiritless	Vegetable, vèd'jè-tâ-bl. a. belonging to a plant
Vaporish, vâ'pûr-ish. a. splenetick, humour-some [tulent]	Vegetate, vèd'jè-tâte. v. n. to grow as plants
Vaporous, vâ'pûr-ûs. a. full of vapours ; flammure ; spleen [brag]	Vegetation, vèd'jè-tâ'shûn. s. the power of growth without sensation
Vapour, vâ'pûr. v. n. to pass in a vapour ; to	Vegetative, vèd'jè-tâ-tiv. a. having the quality of growing without life
Variable, vâ'rè-â-bl. a. changeable	Vegete, vè-jete. a. vigorous, active, sprightly
Variableness, vâ'rè-â-bl-nês. s. changeableness	Vegetive, vèd'jè-tiv. a. vegetable
Variably, vâ'rè-â-blè. ad. changeably	Vehemence, vè'hè-mènsè. } s. violence
Variance, vâ ré ânse. s. discord, disagreement	Vehemency, vè'hè-mèn-sè. }
Variation, vâ-rè-â'shûn. s. change, mutation	Vehement, vè'hè-mènt. a. violent, forcible
Variagate, vâ'rè-è-gâte. v. a. to diversify	Vehicle, vè'hè-kl. s. a carriage
Variagation, vâ-rè-è-gâ'shûn. s. diversity of	Veil, vâle. v. a. to cover ; invest [disguise]
Variety, vâ-rî-è-tè. s. change [colours]	Veil, vâle. v. a. to cover to conceal the face ; a
Variouſ, vâ'rè-ûs. a. different	Vein, vâne. s. a tube in the flesh through which the blood flows ; course of metal ; tendency of the mind ; favourable moment ; humour ; strain ; streak
Varlet, vâ'rlet. s. a scoundrel	Veined, vând. } a. full of veins ; streaked
Varnish, vârn'ish. s. a shining liquid	Veiny, vâ'nè. }
Varnish, vârn'ish. v. a. to cover, to palliate	Vellèty, vèl-lè-è-tè. s. the lowest degree of desire
Vary, vâ'rè. v. a. to change ; to diversify, to variegate [full of vessels]	Vellicate, vèl'lè-kâte. v. a. to twitch
Vascular, vâs'kû lâre. a. consisting of vessels, for the writer	Vellication, vèl-lè-kâ'shûn. s. twitching
Vase, vâze. s. a vessel rather for ornament than use	Vellum, vèl'lûm. s. the skin of a calf dressed
	Velocity, vè lôs'è-tè. s. speed, swiftness
	Velvet, vèl'vît. s. silk with a short pile upon it

Fâte, fâr, fâll, At-mé, mét-plne, pln-nò, mòve,

Velvet, vèl'vîl. *a.* made of velvet
 Venal, vè'nâl. *a.* mercenary
 Veracity, vè-râs'è-tè. *s.* mercenariness
 Venatick, vè-nâ'tîk. *a.* used in hunting
 Vend, vènd. *v. a.* to sell
 Vender, vènd'ûr. *s.* a seller
 Vendible, vènd'ô-bl. *a.* saleable [selling
 Vendition, vènd-dîsh'ûn. *s.* sale, the act of
 Veneer, vè-nèèr'. *v. a.* to make a kind of mar-
 quetry or inlaid work
 Venemous, vèn'é-mûs. *a.* poisonous
 Venenate, vèn'é-nâte. *v. a.* to poison
 Venerable, vèn'èr-â-bl. *a.* to be regarded
 with awe
 Venerate, vèn'èr-âte. *v. a.* to reverence
 Veneration, vèn'èr-â'shûn. *s.* reverent re-
 gard, awful respect
 Veneréal, vè-nèr'è-âl. *a.* relating to love
 Venery, vèn'èr-è. *s.* the commerce of the sexes
 Venesection, vè-nè-sèk'shûn. *s.* blood-letting
 Venge, vènje. *v. a.* to avenge
 Vengeance, vèn'jânse. *s.* punishment
 Vengeful, vènje'fûl. *a.* vindictive, revengeful
 Venial, vèn'é-â-bl. } *a.* pardonable, ex-
 Venial, vèn'é-âl. } *a.* cusable
 Venison, vèn'zn. *s.* game, the flesh of deer
 Venom, vèn'ûm. *s.* poison
 Venomous, vèn'ûm-ûs. *a.* poisonous
 Vent, vènt. *s.* a hole; passage; sale
 Vent, vènt. *v. a.* to let out; to utter; to pub-
 lish; to sell
 Ventur, vèn'tûr. *s.* the abdomen; womb
 Ventiduct, vèn'tè-dûkt. *s.* a passage for the
 wind
 Ventilator, vèn'tè-lâte. *v. a.* to fan with wind
 Ventilation, vèn'tè-lâ'shûn. *s.* the act of fan-
 ning; vent
 Ventilator, vèn'tè-lâ-tûr. *s.* an instrument to
 supply close places with fresh air
 Ventosity, vèn-tôs'è-tè. *s.* windiness
 Ventricle, vèn'trè-kl. *s.* the stomach; any
 small cavity in an animal body
 Ventriquoist, vèn-trî'ô-kwîst. *s.* one who
 speaks in such a manner as that the sound
 seems to issue from his belly
 Ventriloquy, vèn-trî'ô-kwè. *s.* speaking in-
 wardly as from the belly
 Venture, vèn'tshûre. *s.* a hazard; hap
 Venture, vèn'tshûre. *v. n.* to dare; to run,
 Venturous, vèn'tshûr-ûs. *a.* daring [hazard]

Veracity, vè-râs'è-tè. *s.* moral truth
 Verb, vèr'. *s.* a part of speech signifying
 existence, or some modification thereof, as
 action, passion
 Verbal, vèrb'âl. *a.* spoken; oral
 Verbalize, vèrb'âl-ize. *v. n.* to use many words
 Verbally, vèrb'âl-è. *ad.* in words, orally
 Verbatim, vèr-bâ'tîm. *ad.* word for word
 Verberate, vèr'bèr-âte. *v. a.* to beat
 Verberation, vèr-bèr-â'shûn. *s.* blows, beating
 Verbose, vèr-bôse'. *a.* prolix, tedious
 Verbosity, vèr-bôs'è-tè. *s.* exuberance of words
 Verdant, vèr'dânt. *a.* green
 Verderer, vèr'dèr-ûr. *s.* an officer in a forest
 Verdict, vèr'dîkt. *s.* determination of a jury
 Verdigris, vèr'dè-grèès. *s.* the rust of brass
 Verditure, vèr'dè-tûr. *s.* the faintest and pa-
 Verdure, vèr'jûre. *s.* green colour (best green
 Verdurous, vèr'jû-rûs. *a.* covered with green
 Verge, vèrje. *s.* a rod; the mace of a dean,
 the brink, the edge, the utmost border
 Verge, vèrje. *v. n.* to tend, to bend downward
 Verger, vèr'jûr. *s.* he that carries the mace
 before the dean
 Verification, vèr-è-fè-kâ'shûn. *s.* confirmation
 by argument, evidence
 Verify, vèr'è-fl. *v. a.* to justify, to prove true
 Verily, vèr'è-tè. *ad.* in truth, certainly
 Verisimilar, vèr-è-sîm'è-lûr. *a.* probable, likely
 Veritable, vèr'è-tâ-bl. *a.* true
 Verity, vèr'è-tè. *s.* truth [from crab-apples
 Verjuice, vèr'jûs. *s.* acid liquor expressed
 Vermicelli, vèr-mè-tshèl'è. *s.* a paste rolled
 and broken in the form of worms
 Vermicular, vèr-mîk'û-lâr. *a.* acting like a
 worm
 Vermiculate, vèr-mîk'û-lâte. *v. a.* to inlay, to
 work in chequer work
 Vermiculous, vèr-mîk'û-lûs. *a.* full of grubs
 Vermilion, vèr-mîl'yûn. *s.* a beautiful red
 colour
 Vermin, vèr'mîn. *s.* any noxious animal
 Vermiparous, vèr-mîp'pâ-rûs. *a.* producing
 Vernacular, vèr-nâk'û-lâr. *a.* native [worms
 Vernal, vèr'nâl. *a.* belonging to the spring
 Vernant, vèr'nânt. *a.* flourishing as in spring
 Versatile, vèr'sâ-tîl. *a.* that may be turned
 round; changeable, variable
 Versatility, vèr-sâ-tîl'è-tè. *s.* the quality of
 being versatile

<p>Verse, vèrse. <i>s.</i> a line consisting of a certain succession of sounds, and number of feet; a paragraph of a book; poetry</p> <p>Versiúcation. vèr-sè-sè-ká'shûn. <i>s.</i> the art of making verses</p> <p>Versifier, vèr'sè-fl ùr. <i>s.</i> a maker of verses</p> <p>Versify, vèr'sè-fl. <i>v. n.</i> to make verses</p> <p>Version, vèr'shûn. <i>s.</i> translation; the act of translating</p> <p>Vert, vèrt. <i>s.</i> every thing that bears a green leaf within the forest [of the spine]</p> <p>Vertebral, vèr'tè-brál. <i>a.</i> relating to the joints</p> <p>Vertebre, vèr'tè-bâr. <i>s.</i> a joint of the back</p> <p>Vertex, vèr'tèks. <i>s.</i> zenith, the point overhead; the top of a hill</p> <p>Vertical, vèr'tè-kál. <i>a.</i> placed in a direction perpendicular to the horizon</p> <p>Verticity, vèr'tis'é-tè. <i>s.</i> the power of turning, rotation [giddy]</p> <p>Vertiginous, vèr'tid'jln-ús. <i>a.</i> turning round;</p> <p>Vertigo, vèr'tè-gò. <i>s.</i> a giddiness</p> <p>Very, vèr'é. <i>a.</i> true, real</p> <p>Very, vèr'é. <i>ad.</i> in a great degree</p> <p>Vesicate, vès'sè-kàte. <i>v. a.</i> to blister</p> <p>Vesicatory, vè-sik'à-tûr-è. <i>s.</i> a blistering medicine [inflated]</p> <p>Vesicle, vès'é-kl. <i>s.</i> a small cuticle, filled or</p> <p>Vesper, vès'pûr. <i>s.</i> the evening star</p> <p>Vespers, vès'pûrz. <i>s.</i> the evening service</p> <p>Vessel, vès'síl. <i>s.</i> any thing in which liquids are put; the containing parts of an animal body; a ship</p> <p>Vest, vèst. <i>s.</i> an outer garment</p> <p>Vest, vèst. <i>v. a.</i> to dress, to deck</p> <p>Vestal, vès'tál. <i>s.</i> a pure virgin</p> <p>Vestal, vès'tál. <i>a.</i> denoting pure virginity</p> <p>Vestibule, vès'tè bûle. <i>s.</i> the porch or first entrance of a house</p> <p>Vestige, vès'tid'je. <i>s.</i> footstep, mark left behind in passing</p> <p>Vestment, vèst'mènt. <i>s.</i> garment</p> <p>Vestry, vès'trè. <i>s.</i> a room appendant to the church, in which the sacerdotal garments and consecrated things are deposited, a parochial assembly</p> <p>Vesture, vès'tshûre. <i>s.</i> garment, robe</p> <p>Veteran, vè'tûr-ân. <i>s.</i> an old soldier, a man long practised</p> <p>Veteran, vè'tûr-ân. <i>a.</i> long practised, long experienced</p>	<p>Veterinary, vè'tèr-è-nà-rè. <i>a.</i> belonging to cattle, particularly horses</p> <p>Vex, vèks. <i>v. a.</i> to plague to disquiet</p> <p>Vexation, vèk-sá'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of troubling, sorrow [some]</p> <p>Vexatious, vèk-sá'shûs. <i>a.</i> afflictive, troublesome</p> <p>Vexatiousness, vèk-sá'shûs-nès. <i>s.</i> troublesome, uneasiness</p> <p>Vial, v'ál. <i>s.</i> a small bottie</p> <p>Viard, v'l'ând. <i>s.</i> food, meat dressed [ney]</p> <p>Viatikum, vl-át'è-kûm. <i>s.</i> provision for a journey</p> <p>Vibrate, vl'bràte. <i>v. n.</i> to play up and down, or to and fro; to quiver</p> <p>Vibration, vl-brá'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of moving with quick returns [tinually]</p> <p>Vibratory, vl'brá-tûr-è. <i>a.</i> vibrating</p> <p>Vicar, vlk'ûr. <i>s.</i> the incumbent of an appropriated benefice [vicar]</p> <p>Vicarage, vlk'ûr-ldje. <i>s.</i> the benefice of a vicar</p> <p>Vicarial, vl-ká'rè-ál. <i>a.</i> belonging to a vicar</p> <p>Vicarious, vl-ká'rè-ús. <i>a.</i> deputed, acting in the place of another</p> <p>Vice, vlse. <i>s.</i> the course of action opposite to virtue; a kind of small iron press with screws</p> <p>Viceadmiral, vlse-ád'mè-rál. <i>s.</i> the second commander of a fleet</p> <p>Viceagent, vlse-à'jènt. <i>s.</i> one who acts in the place of another</p> <p>Viceregent, vlse-jè'rènt. <i>s.</i> a lieutenant, one who is intrusted with the power of the superior</p> <p>Vicechancellor, vlse-tshân'sèl-iûr. <i>s.</i> the second magistrate of the universities</p> <p>Viceroy, vlse'ròè. <i>s.</i> he who governs in place of the king with regal authority</p> <p>Vicinity, vè-sin'è-vè. <i>s.</i> state of being near: neighbourhood [adjoining]</p> <p>Vicinage, vl's'ln-ldje. <i>s.</i> neighbourhood, place</p> <p>Vicinal, vl's'è-nál. <i>a.</i> near, neighbouring</p> <p>Vicious, vlsh'ús. <i>a.</i> devoted to vice</p> <p>Vicissitude, vè-sis'é-tûde. <i>s.</i> regular change,</p> <p>Victim, vlk'tim. <i>s.</i> a sacrifice [revolution]</p> <p>Victor, vlk'tûr. <i>s.</i> a conqueror</p> <p>Victorious, vlk-tò'rè-ús. <i>a.</i> conquering</p> <p>Victoriously, vlk-tò'rè-ús-lè. <i>ad.</i> with conquest, triumphantly</p> <p>Victory, vlk'tûr-è. <i>s.</i> conquest</p> <p>Victress, vlk'très. <i>s.</i> a female that conquer</p> <p>Victuals, vl'tiz. <i>s.</i> provision of food, meat</p>
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Fàte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—pîne, pln—nò, nôve,

Victual, vî'tl. <i>v. a.</i> to store with provision	Violation, vi-ô-lâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> infringement or in-
Victualle, vî'tl-ûr. <i>s.</i> one who provides vict-	jury; rape
Videlicet, vé-dêl'ê-sêt. <i>ad.</i> to wit	Violence, vi-ô-lênse. <i>s.</i> force; outrage
Vie, vi. <i>v. n.</i> to contest, <i>ad.</i> to contend	Violent, vi-ô-lênt. <i>a.</i> forcible; extorted
View, vû. <i>v. a.</i> to survey; to see	Violently, vi-ô-lênt-lê. <i>ad.</i> with force, veho
Vew, vû. <i>s.</i> prospect; sight; survey	Violet, vi-ô-lêt. <i>s.</i> a flower [mently]
Viewless, vû'îs. <i>a.</i> unseen [holiday	Violin, vi-ô-lîn'. <i>s.</i> a fiddle
Vigil, vid'jil. <i>s.</i> watch; a fast kept before a	Violoncello, vé-ô-lôn-shêl'ô. <i>s.</i> a stringed in-
Vigilance, vid'jil-ânse. } <i>s.</i> watchfulness	strument of musick
Vigilancy, vid'jil-ân-sê. }	Viper, vi'pûr. <i>s.</i> a serpent
Vigilant, vid'jil-ânt. <i>a.</i> watchful	Virago, vé-râ-gô. <i>s.</i> a female warrior, a ma-
Vignette, vîn'yêt. <i>s.</i> ornamental flowers or	culine woman
figures placed by printers at the beginning	Virgin, vér'jin. <i>s.</i> a maid
or end of chapters	Virgin, vér'jin. <i>a.</i> besitting a virgin
Vigorous, vig'ûr-ûs. <i>a.</i> forcible	Virginal, vér'jin-âl. <i>a.</i> maiden
Vigour, vig'ûr. <i>s.</i> force, strength	Virginity, vér'jin-ê-tê. <i>s.</i> maidenhead
Vile, vile. <i>a.</i> base, mean, sordid	Virile, vi'rile. <i>a.</i> belonging to a man
Vileness, vile'nês. <i>s.</i> baseness, meanness	Virility, vi-rîl'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> manhood, power of
Vilify, vil'ê-fi. <i>v. a.</i> to debase, to defame	procreation
Villa, vil'lâ. <i>s.</i> a country seat	Virtu, vér'tôô'. <i>s.</i> a taste for the elegant arts,
Village, vil'ldje. <i>s.</i> a small collection of	and curiosities of nature
houses [village	Virtual, vér'tshû-âl. <i>a.</i> having the efficacy
Villager, vil'ld-jûr. <i>s.</i> an inhabitant of a	without the sensible part
Villain, vil'în. <i>s.</i> a wicked wretch	Virtually, vér'tshû-âl-ê. <i>ad.</i> in effect
Villanous, vil'lân-ûs. <i>a.</i> base, wicked	Virtue, vér'tshû. <i>s.</i> moral goodness; efficacy
Villany, vil'lân-ê. <i>s.</i> wickedness, baseness	Virtuoso, vér-tôô-ô'sô. <i>s.</i> a man skilled in
Villous, vil'lûs. <i>a.</i> shaggy, rough	antique or natural curiosities
Vimineous, vé-inû-ê-ûs. <i>a.</i> made of twigs	Virtuous, vér'tshû-ûs. <i>a.</i> morally good;
Vincible, vîn'sé-bl. <i>a.</i> conquerable	chaste; having medicinal qualities
Vindemia, vîn-dê-mê-âl. <i>a.</i> belonging to a	Virulence, vi-rû-lênue. <i>s.</i> mental poison, ma-
vintage [venge	lignity
Vindicate, vîn-dê-kâte. <i>v. a.</i> to justify; to re-	Virulent, vi-rû-lênt. <i>a.</i> venomous; malignant
Vindication, vîn-dê-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> defence, jus-	Visage, viz'ldje. <i>s.</i> face, look
tification	Viscerate, vis'sé-râte. <i>v. a.</i> to embowel
Vindicative, vîn-dê-kâ-tiv. <i>a.</i> revengeful	Viscid, vis'id. <i>a.</i> glutinous, tenacious
Vindictive, vîn-dik'tiv. <i>a.</i> given to revenge,	Vicidity, vé-sîd'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> glutinousness, tena-
revengeful	city [city
Vine, vine. <i>s.</i> the plant that bears the grape	Viscosity, vis'kôs-ê-tê. <i>s.</i> glutinousness, tena-
Vinegar, vîn-nê-gûr. <i>s.</i> any thing really or	Viscount, vi'kôûnt. <i>s.</i> a nobleman next in de-
metaphorically sour [vin's	gree to an earl [count
Vineyard, vîn'yêrd. <i>s.</i> a ground planted with	Viscountess, vi'kôûnt-ês. <i>s.</i> the lady of a vis
Vinous, vîn'ûs. <i>a.</i> consisting of wine	Viscous, vis'kûs. <i>a.</i> glutinous, sticky
Vintage, vîn'tdje. <i>s.</i> the time in which grapes	Visibility, viz-ê-bli'ê-tê. <i>s.</i> the state of being
are gathered	perceptible
Vintner, vînt'nûr. <i>s.</i> one who sells wine	Visible, viz'ê-bl. <i>a.</i> apparant, open
Viol, vi'âl. <i>s.</i> a stringed instrument of musick	Visibly, viz'ê-blê. <i>ad.</i> in a manner percepti-
Violable, vi-ô-lâ-bl. <i>a.</i> such as may be vio-	ble by the eye
lated	Vision, vizh'ûn. <i>s.</i> sight; <i>s.</i> supernatural ap-
Violate, vi-ô-lâte. <i>v. a.</i> to injure; to infringe;	pearance; a dream [oms; imaginary
to ravish	Visionary, vizh'ûn-â-rê. <i>a.</i> affected by phan-

nôr, nô-t—tâbe, tâb, tâll—ôll—pêând—thin, THIS.

Visionary, vîzh'ân-â-ré. <i>s.</i> one whose imagination is disturbed	Vocal, vò'kâl. <i>a.</i> having a voice
Visit, vîz'it. <i>v. a.</i> to go to see	Vocalise, vò'kâl-îze. <i>v. a.</i> to make vocal
Visit, vîz'it. <i>v. n.</i> to keep up the intercourse of ceremonial salutations at the houses of each other	Vocally, vò'kâl-lé. <i>ad.</i> in words
Visit, vîz'it. <i>s.</i> the act of going to see another	Vocation, vò-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> calling, trade, employment
Visitant, vîz'é-tânt. <i>s.</i> one who goes to see another	Vocative, vòk'â-tiv. <i>s.</i> the grammatical case used in calling or speaking to
Visitation, vîz'é-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of visiting	Vociferation, vò-sîf'êr-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> clamour, outcry
Visitor, vîz'it-ûr. <i>s.</i> one who comes to see another	Vociferous, vò-sîf'êr-ûs. <i>a.</i> clamorous, noisy
Visor, vîz'ûr. <i>s.</i> a mask	Vogue, vòg. <i>s.</i> fashion, mode
Vista, vîs'tâ. <i>s.</i> view, prospect through an avenue	Voice, vòis. <i>s.</i> sound emitted by the mouth
Visual, vîzh'û-âl. <i>a.</i> used in sight, exercising the power of sight	Void, vòid. <i>a.</i> empty, vacant
Vital, vî'tâl. <i>a.</i> necessary to life; relating to life	Void, vòid. <i>v. a.</i> to quit, to emit
Vitality, vî-tâ'l'é-tâ. <i>s.</i> power of subsisting in life	Volant, vò'lânt. <i>a.</i> flying, active
Vitally, vî'tâl-é. <i>ad.</i> in such a manner as to give life	Volatile, vòl'â-tîl. <i>a.</i> flying, lively, fickle
Vitals, vî'tâlz. <i>s.</i> parts essential to life	Volatility, vòl-â-tîl'é-té. <i>s.</i> the quality of flying away by evaporation; mutability of mind
Vitiate, vîsh'é-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to deprave	Volcano, vòl-kâ'nò. <i>s.</i> a burning mountain
Vitiation, vîsh'é-â'shûn. <i>s.</i> depravation, corruption	Volitation, vòl-é-tâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act or power of flying
Vititious, vîsh'ûs. <i>a.</i> corrupt, wicked	Volition, vò-lîsh'ûn. <i>s.</i> the act of willing, power of choice exerted
Vitreous, vî'trê-ûs. <i>a.</i> glassy	Volley, vòl'lé. <i>s.</i> a flight of shot
Vitriification, vî-t-rê-fé-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> act of changing, or state of being changed, into glass	Volubility, vòl-û-bîl'é-té. <i>s.</i> fluency of speech
Vitrify, vî'trê-fl. <i>v. a.</i> to change into glass	Voluble, vòl'û-bl. <i>a.</i> fluent of words
Vitriol, vî'trê-ûl. <i>s.</i> a kind of mineral salt	Volume, vòl'yûme. <i>s.</i> something rolled or convolved; a book
Vitriolate, vî'trê-ô-lâte. <i>a.</i> impregnated with vitriol	Voluminous, vò-lû'mé-nûs. <i>a.</i> consisting of many volumes
Vitriolick, vî-t-rê-ô'l'k. <i>a.</i> containing vitriol	Voluntarily, vòl'ûn-tâ-ré-lé. <i>aa.</i> spontaneously
Vitrioline, vî't'shû-line. <i>a.</i> belonging to a calf	Voluntary, vòl'ûn-tâ-ré. <i>s.</i> a piece of music played at will
Vituperate, vè-tû'pêr-âte. <i>v. a.</i> to censure	Voluntary, vòl'ûn-tâ-ré. <i>a.</i> acting by choice
Vivacious, vé-vâ'shûs. <i>a.</i> sprightly, active	Volunteer, vòl-ûn-têér. <i>s.</i> a soldier who enters into the service of his own accord
Vivacity, vé-vâs'é-té. <i>s.</i> sprightliness	Voluptuary, vò-lûp'tshû-â-ré. <i>s.</i> a man given up to luxury
Vivid, vîv'îd. <i>a.</i> quick, active, lively	Voluptuous, vò-lûp'tshû-ûs. <i>a.</i> luxurious
Vivification, vîv'é-fé-kâ'shûn. <i>s.</i> the act of giving life	Voluptuousness, vò-lûp'tshû-ûs-nés. <i>s.</i> the state of being luxurious
Vivifick, vé-vîf'k. <i>a.</i> giving life	Vomit, vòim'it. <i>v. a.</i> to throw up from the stomach
Vivify, vîv'é-fl. <i>v. a.</i> to make alive, to animate	Vomit, vòim'it. <i>s.</i> an emetic medicine
Viviparous, vî-vîp'pâ-rûs. <i>a.</i> bringing the young alive	Voracious, vò-râ'shûs. <i>a.</i> ravenous
Vixen, vîk'sn. <i>s.</i> the name of a she fox	Verociousness, vò-râ'shûs-nés. } ravenous
Vizard, vîz'ûrd. <i>s.</i> a mask used for disguise	Voracity, vò-râs'é-té. } ness
Vizier, vîz'yére. <i>s.</i> the prime minister of the Turkish empire	Vortex, vòr'tèks. <i>s.</i> any thing whirled round
Vocabulary, vò-kâ'b'û-lâ-ré. <i>s.</i> a dictionary	Vortical, vòr'té-kâl. <i>a.</i> having a whirling motion

Fâte, fâr, fall, fât—mê, mê—pline, pln—nò, mòve,

- Votress, vò'tà-ròs. *s.* a female votary
 Votary, vò'tà-rè. *s.* one devoted to any service, worship, or study [bered]
 Vote, vòtè. *s.* suffrage, voice given and num.
 Vote, vòtè. *v. a.* to choose by vote
 Voter, vò'tûr. *s.* one who has a right to vote
 Votive, vò'tiv. *a.* given by vow
 Vouch, vòùtsh. *v. a.* to attest, to warrant
 Voucher, vòùtsh'ûr. *s.* one who gives witness to any thing
 Vouchsafe, vòùtsh-sâfè'. *v. a.* to grant
 Vow, vòù. *s.* a solemn promise
 Vow, vòù. *v. n.* to make vows [by itself]
 Vowel, vòù'll. *s.* a letter which can be uttered
 Voyage, vòé'âdje. *s.* a passage by sea
 Voyager, vòé'â-jûr. *s.* one who travels by sea
 Vulgar, vûl'gûr. *a.* plebeian, mean
 Vulgar, vûl'gûr. *s.* the common people
 Vulgarly, vûl-gâr'é-tè. *s.* meanness, state of the lowest people
 Vulgarism, vûl'gâ-rizm. *s.* an expression used only by the vulgar
 Vulgate, vûl'gât. *s.* a Latin version of the Bible
 Vulnerable, vûl'nûr-â-bl. *a.* liable to external injuries [of wounds]
 Vulnerary, vûl'nûr-â-rè. *a.* useful in the cure
 Vulpine, vûl'pin. *a.* belonging to a fox
 Vulture, vûl'tshûre. *s.* a large bird of prey
 Vulturine, vûl'tsnû-rine. *a.* belonging to a vulture
- ## W.
- W**ABBLE, wòb'bi. *v. n.* to shake, to move from side to side
 Wad, wòd. *s.* a bundle of straw thrust close together [loosely woven]
 Wadding, wòd'd'ng. *s.* a kind of soft stuff
 Waddle, wòd'dl. *v. n.* to shake in walking from side to side
 Wade, wâde. *v. n.* to walk through the waters
 Wafer, wâ'fâr. *s.* a thin cake; paste made to close letters [for on the water]
 Waft, wâft. *v. a.* to carry through the air,
 Waftage, wâft'ldje. *s.* carriage by water or air
 Wafture, wâftshûre. *s.* the act of wafting
 Wag, wâg. *v. a.* to move or shake lightly
 Wag, wâg. *s.* a merry droll [carry on]
 Wage, wâdje. *v. a.* to attempt; to make, to
 Wager, wâ'jûr. *s.* a bet
 Wager, wâ'jûr. *v. a.* to lay, to pledge as a bet
 Wages, wâ'jiz. *s.* pay given for service
 Waggery, wâg'ûr-è. *s.* mischievous merriment
 Waggish, wâg'ish. *a.* frolicksome
 Waggishness, wâg'ish-nès. *s.* merry mischief
 Waggon, wâg'ûn. *s.* a heavy carriage for burdens [waggon]
 Waggoner, wâg'ûn-ûr. *s.* one who drives
 Waif, wâfe. *s.* goods found, and claimed nobody
 Wail, wâle. *v. a.* to moan, to lament
 Wail, wâle. *v. n.* to express sorrow
 Wail, wâle. *s.* audible sorrow [sorrow]
 Wailing, wâllng. *s.* lamentation, audible
 Wailful, wâle'fûl. *a.* sorrowful, mournful
 Wain, wâne. *s.* a carriage
 Wainscot, wên'skût. *s.* the inner wooden covering of a wall
 Waist, wâste. *s.* the smallest part of the body
 Waistcoat, wês'kòt. *s.* a garment worn about the waist [tend]
 Wait, wâte. *v. a.* to expect, to stay for; to attend
 Wait, wâte. *s.* ambush
 Waiter, wâ'tûr. *s.* an attendant [excite]
 Wake, wâke. *v. a.* to rouse from sleep; to
 Wake, wâke. *v. n.* to watch
 Wake, wâke. *s.* feast of the dedication of a church, formerly kept by watching all night; vigils
 Wakeful, wâke'fûl. *a.* vigilant [of sleep]
 Wakefulness, wâke'fûl-nès. *s.* forbearance
 Waken, wâ'kn. *v. n.* to wake
 Wale, wâle. *s.* a rising part in cloth
 Walk, wâwk. *v. n.* to move by leisurely steps; to move for exercise or amusement
 Walk, wâwk. *s.* act of walking; gait; way, road
 Walker, wâwk'ûr. *s.* one that walks
 Wall, wâil. *s.* a series of brick or stone carried upwards and cemented with mortar
 Wall, wâil. *v. a.* to enclose with walls
 Wallet, wòl'lét. *s.* a bag, a knapsack
 Walleyed, wâll'ide. *a.* having white eyes
 Wallruit, wâll'fròdt. *s.* fruit which, to be ripened must be planted against a wall
 Wallow, wòl'lâp. *v. n.* to boil
 Wallow, wòl'lò. *v. n.* to roll in mire
 Walnut, wâlnût. *s.* a large nut
 Wamble, wòm'bi. *v. n.* to roll with unsteadiness and sickness
 Wan, wôn. *a.* pale as with sickness

vôr, nôl—tûbe, tâb, báll—ôli—pôund—thin, rhis.

- Ward**, wôrd. *s.* a small twig, a long rod
Wander, wôn'dâr. *v. n.* to rove, to ramble
Wanderer, wôn'dâr-ûr. *s.* rover
Wane, wâne. *v. n.* to grow less
Wane, wâne. *s.* decrease ; decline
Wanness, wôn'nês. *s.* paleness
Want, wônt. *v. a.* to be without ; to fall short of ; to long for
Want, wônt. *s.* need ; deficiency ; poverty
Wanton, wôn'tân. *a.* lascivious ; licentious
Wanton, wôn'tân. *s.* a lascivious person, a strumpet [to revel
Wanton, wôn'tân. *v. n.* to play lasciviously ;
Wontonly, wôn'tân-lê. *ad.* lasciviously
Wantonness, wôn'tân-nês. *s.* lasciviousness ; licentiousness
War, wâr. *s.* hostility, act of opposition
War, wâr. *v. n.* to make war
Warble, wâr'bl. *v. a.* to quaver
Warbler, wâr'bl-ûr. *s.* a singer
Ward, wârd. *v. a.* to guard ; to turn aside any thing mischievous
Ward, wârd. *s.* fortress ; district of a town ; custody ; part of a lock ; one in the hands of a guardian
Warden, wâr'dn. *s.* a keeper ; a head officer
Warder, wâr'dûr. *s.* a keeper
Wardnote, wârd'nôte. *f.* a ward meeting
Wardrobe, wârd'rôbe. *s.* a room where clothes are kept [pilage
Wardship, wârd'ship. *s.* guardianship ; pu-
Ware, wâre. *s.* something to be sold
Warehouse, wâre'hôuse. *s.* a storehouse of merchandise
Warfare, wâr'fâre. *s.* military life
Warily, wâ'rê-lê. *ad.* cautiously
Wariness, wâ'rê-nês. *s.* caution
Warlike, wâr'lîke. *a.* military [zealous
Warm, wârm. *a.* heated to a small degree ;
Warm, wârm. *v. a.* to heat in a gentle degree ; to heat mentally
Warmly, wârm'lê. *ad.* with gentle heat ; eagerly, ardently [sion
Warmth, wârm'th. *s.* gentle heat ; zeal, pas-
Warn, wârn. *v. a.* to caution ; to admonish
Warning, wâr'nîng. *s.* caution [woof
Warp, wârp. *s.* the thread that crosses the
Warp, wârp. *v. a.* to contract ; to turn aside from the true direction [to ; to justify
Warrant, wôr'rânt. *v. a.* to give authority

- Warrant**, wôr'rânt. *s.* a writ conferring some right or authority
Warrantable, wôr'rânt-â-bl. *a.* justifiable
Warrantably, wôr'rânt-â-blê. *ad.* justifiably
Warranty, wôr'rânt-ê. *s.* authority
Warren, wôr'rîn. *s.* a kind of park for rabbits
Warrener, wôr'rîn-ûr. *s.* the keeper of a
Warrior, wâr'ûr. *s.* a soldier [warren
Wart, wârt. *s.* a cornuous excrescence
Wary, wâ'rê. *a.* cautious, scrupulous
Was, wôz. *pre.* of to be
Wash, wôsh. *v. a.* to cleanse by ablution
Wash, wôsh. *s.* any thing collected by water ; a bog ; a cosmetick lotion ; a superficial colour ; feed of hogs ; act of washing the clothes of a family ; the linen washed at once
Washy, wôsh'ê. *a.* watery, damp
Wasp, wôsp. *s.* a brisk stinging insect
Wasplish, wôsp'lîsh. *a.* peevish, irritable
Wast, wôst. the second person of *was*, from to be
Waste, wâste. *v. a.* to diminish ; to consume
Waste, wâste. *a.* destroyed, ruined
Waste, wâste. *s.* consumption ; useless expense ; desolate or uncultivated ground
Wasteful, wâste'fûl. *a.* destructive ; lavish
Wastefulness, wâste'fûl-nês. *s.* prodigality
Watch, wôtsh. *s.* forbearance of sleep ; guard a period of the night ; a pocket clock
Watch, wôtsh. *v. a.* to guard ; to tend
Watchful, wôtsh'fûl. *a.* vigilant
Watchfulness, wôtsh'fûl-nês. *s.* vigilance
Watchhouse, wôtsh'hôuse. *s.* place where the watch is set
Watchmaker, wôtsh'mâ-kûr. *s.* one whose trade is to make watches
Watchman, wôtsh'mân. *s.* guard, sentinel
Watchword, wôtsh'wôrd. *s.* the word given to the sentinels to know their friends
Water, wâ'tûr. *s.* one of the elements ; urine
Water, wâ'tûr. *v. a.* to irrigate ; to give water
Waterfall, wâ'tûr-fâll. *s.* cataract, cascade
Waterfowl, wâ'tûr-fôûl. *s.* fowl that get their food in water
Waterman, wâ'tûr-mân. *s.* a boatman
Watermark, wâ'tûr-mârk. *s.* the utmost limit of the rise of the flood [water
Watermill, wâ'tûr-mîll. *s.* a mill turned by

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât—mê, mêt—jine, ph—nô, môvt,

- Waterwork**, wá'tûr-wûrk. *s.* any hydraulic performance
- Watery**, wá'tûr-ê. *a.* thin, liquid, tasteless
- Wattle**, wôt'tl. *s.* the loose red flesh that hangs below the cock's bill ; a hurdle
- Wattle**, wôt'tl. *v. a.* to bind with twigs
- Wave**, wâve. *s.* a billow
- Wave**, wâve. *v. n.* to play loosely
- Waver**, wá'vûr. *v. n.* to play to and fro ; to waver
- Wavy**, wá'vé. *a.* rising in waves [be unsettled]
- Wax**, wáks. *s.* matter gathered by the bees ; any tenacious mass, such as is used to fasten letters ; the substance that exudes from the ear
- Wax**, wáks. *v. a.* to smear or join with wax ; to grow, to increase
- Waxen**, wáks'n. *a.* made of wax
- Way**, wá. *s.* road ; course, direction of motion ; passage ; means
- Wayfarer**, wá'fâ-rûr. *s.* passenger
- Wayfaring**, wá'fâ-rîng. *a.* travelling
- Waylay**, wâ-lá'. *v. a.* to beset by ambush
- Wayward**, wá'wûrd. *a.* froward, peevish
- We**, wêê. *pron.* the *plura.* of *I*
- Weak**, wêke. *a.* feeble ; infirm ; pliant
- Weaken**, wê'kn. *v. a.* to debilitate
- Weakling**, wêke'ling. *s.* a feeble creature
- Weakly**, wêke'lê. *ad.* feebly
- Weakness**, wêke'nês. *s.* feebleness ; infirmity ; foolishness of mind [infirmity]
- Weakside**, wêke-slêd'. *s.* foible, deficiency
- Weal**, wâle. *s.* happiness, prosperity
- Wealth**, wêlth. *s.* riches, money
- Wealthiness**, wêlth'ê-nês. *s.* richness
- Wealthy**, wêlth'ê. *a.* rich, opulent
- Wean**, wêne. *v. a.* to tuit from the breast
- Weapon**, wêp'pn. *s.* instrument of offence
- Weaponless**, wêp'pn-lês. *a.* unarmed
- Wear**, wâre. *v. a.* to waste : to consume ; to use as clothes
- Wearer**, wá'rûr. *s.* one who wears any thing
- Weariness**, wê'rê-nês. *s.* lassitude ; fatigue
- Wearisome**, wê'rê-sâm. *a.* tedious, causing weariness
- Wearisomeness**, wê'rê-sâm-nês. *s.* the quality of tiring ; state of being easily tired
- Weary**, wê'rê. *v. a.* to tire, to fatigue
- Weary**, wê'rê. *a.* subdued by fatigue ; impatient of the continuance of any thing painful
- Weasand**, wê'zn. *s.* the windpipe
- Weather**, wêth'ûr. *s.* state of the air
- Weather**, wêth'ûr. *v. a.* to pass with difficulty
- Weatherbeaten**, wêth'ûr-bê-tûn. *a.* harassed and seasoned by hard weather
- Weathercock**, wêth'ûr-kôk. *s.* a vane on the top of a spire
- Weatherglass**, wêth'ûr-glâs. *s.* a barometer
- Weatherwise**, wêth'ûr-wîze. *a.* skilful in foretelling the weather
- Weave**, wêve. *v. a. pret. wove, weaved ; part. pass. woven, weaved.* to form by texture
- Weaver**, wê'vûr. *s.* one who makes threads into cloth
- Web**, wêb. *s.* any thing woven
- Webbed**, wêbd. *a.* joined by a film
- Wed**, wêd. *v. a.* to marry
- Wedding**, wêd'dîng. *s.* marriage, nuptials
- Wedge**, wêdje. *s.* a body which, having a sharp edge, continually growing thicker, is used to cleave timber
- Wedge**, wêdje. *v. a.* to fasten with wedges
- Wedlock**, wêd'lôk. *s.* marriage [the week]
- Wednesday**, wênz'dê. *s.* the fourth day
- Weed**, wêêd. *s.* a useless or noxious herb habit of mourning
- Weed**, wêêd. *v. a.* to rid of noxious plants
- Week**, wêêk. *s.* the space of seven days
- Weekday**, wêêk dâs. *s.* any day except Sunday
- Weekly**, wêêk'lê. *a.* happening or done once a week
- Weekly**, wêêk'lê. *ad.* once a week
- Ween**, wêên. *v. n.* to imagine
- Weep**, wêép. *v. n. pret. and part. pass. wept, weeped* to shed tears ; to lament
- Weeper**, wêép'ûr. *s.* a mourner ; a white border on the sleeve of a mourning dress
- Weigh**, wâ. *v. a.* to examine by the balance
- Weigher**, wá'ûr. *s.* one who weighs
- Weight**, wâte. *s.* a mass by which bodies are weighed ; heaviness ; pressure ; importance ; influence
- Weightily**, wá'tê-lê. *ad.* heavily, importantly
- Weightiness**, wá'tê-nês. *s.* heaviness ; importance
- Weighty**, wá'tê. *a.* heavy, important
- Welcome**, wê'l'kûm. *a.* received with gladness
- Welcome**, wê'l'kûm. *int.* a form of salutation used to a new comer [new comer]
- Welcome**, wê'l'kûm. *s.* kind reception of a

nôr, nôr—tûbe, tûb. hûi—ôll—pôund—thin, THIS.

Welfare, wêl'fâre. s. happiness, prosperity	Wheedle, hwêêl. d. l. r. a. to entice by soft words
Weikin, wêl'kîn. s. the visible regions of the	Wheel, hwêél. s. a circular body that turns
Well, wêll. s. a spring, a fountain	round upon an axis
Well, wêll. a. not sick; happy	Wheel, hwêél. v. a. to move on wheels; to
Well, wêll. ad. skilfully, properly; favour-	turn on an axis
Welladay, wêl'â-dâ. inj. alas!	Wheelbarrow, hwêél'bâr-rô. s. a carriage
Wellbeing, wêl-bé'ing. s. happiness, pros-	driven forward on one wheel
Wellborn, wêl-bôrn'. a. not meanly descended	Wheelwright, hwêél'rite. s. a maker of wheel
Wellbred, wêl-brêd'. a. polite	carriages
Welldone, wêl-dûn. int. a word of praise	Wheeze, hwêêze. v. n. to breathe with noise
Wellmet, wêl-mêt'. int. a term of salutation	Wheik, hwêik. s. a protuberance
Wellnigh, wêl-nî'. ad. almost	Whelm, hwêlm. v. a. to cover, to bury
Wellspent, wêl'spênt. a. passed with virtue	Whelp, hwêlp. s. the young of a dog, &c.
Wellspring, wêl'sprîng. s. fountain, source	Whelp, hwêlp. v. a. to bring young
Wellwisher, wêl-wîsh'ûr. s. one who wishes	When, hwên. ad. at the time that
the good of another	Whence, hwênse. ad. from what place; for
Welt, wêlt. s. a border, a guard	which cause
Welter, wêl'tûr. v. n. to roll in water or mire	[place soever
Wen, wên. s. a fleshy or callous excrescence	Whencesoever, hwênse-sô-êv'ûr. ad. from what
Weuch, wêush. s. a young woman	Whenever, hwên-êv'ûr. } ad. at whatso-
Wercher, wêush'ûr. s. a fornicator	Whensoever, hwên-sô-êv'ûr. } ever time
Wept, wêpt. pret. and part. of weep	Where, hwâre. ad. at which place
Were, wêr. pret. of the verb to be, which see;	Whereabout, hwâre'â-bôût. ad. near what
likewise the part. been (the pret. of to be	place
Wert, wêrt. the second person singular of	[ry; at which place
West, wêst. s. the region where the sun sets	Whereas, hwâre-âz'. ad. when on the contra-
West, wêst. a. towards, or coming from, the	Whereat, hwâre-ât'. ad. at which
west	Whereby, hwâre-bl'. ad. by which
Westerly, wêst'ûr-iê. a. towards the west	Wherever, hwâre-êv'ûr. ad. at whatsoever
Western, wêst'ûrn. a. in the west	place
Westward, wêst'wârd. ad. towards the west	[for what reason
Wet, wêt. a. humid; rainy	Wherefore, hwâre'fôre. ad. for which reason,
Wet, wêt. s. water, humidity	Wherein, hwâre-in'. ad. in which
Wet, wêt. v. a. to moisten; to drench with	Whercinto, hwâre-in-tôd'. ad. into which
Wether, wêrn'ûr. s. a ram castrated	Whereof, hwâreôf'. ad. of which
Wetness, wêtnês. s. the state of being wet,	Whereon, hwâre-on'. ad. on whom
moisture	Wheresoever, hwâre-sô-êv'ûr. ad. in what
Whale, hwâle. s. the largest of fish	place soever
Wharf, hwôrf. s. a place to land goods at	Whereinto, hwâre-ûn-tôd'. ad. to which
Wharfage, hwôrf'îdje. s. dues for landing at	Whereupon, hwâre-ûp-on'. ad. upon which
a wharf	Wherewithal, hwâre-wîth-âll'. ad. with which
[a wharf	Wherret, hwêr'ît. v. a. to hurry, to tease
Wharfinger, hwôrf'in-jâr. s. one who attends	Wherry, whêr'rê. s. a light boat used on rivers
What, whôt. pron. that which; which part	Whet, hwêt. v. a. to sharpen, to edge
Whatever, hwôt-êv'ûr. }	Whet, hwêt. s. the act of sharpening; any
Whatsoever, hwôt-sô-êv'ûr. } pron. having	thing that makes hungry
one nature or another; any thing; this or	Whether, hwêrn'ûr. pron. which of two
that	Whetstone, hwêl'stôn. s. a sharpening stone
Wheal, hwêle. s. a pustule	Whey, hwâ. s. the serous part of milk
Wheat, hwête. s. bread corn	Which, hwîth. pron. relat. that, relating to
Wheaten, hwê'tn. s. made of wheat	Whiff, hwîf. s. a blast, a puff
	[things
	Whig, hwîg. s. the name of a party in poli-
	ticks

řáte, řár, řáii, řát—né, uřé—pnie, řlá—ně, mřvc,

- Whiggish, hwígg'ish. *a.* relating to the Whigs
 Whiggian, hwígg'izl'm. *s.* the notions of a
 While, wíle. *s.* space of time [Whig
 White, hwíle. } *ad.* during the time that ;
 Whilst, hwíst. } as long as
 Whilom, wh'lóm. *ad.* formerly
 Whim, hwím. *s.* a freak, an odd fancy
 Whimper, hwím'púr. *v. n.* to cry without any
 loud noise
 Whimsey, hwím'zè. *s.* a freak, an odd fancy
 Whimsical, whím'zè-kál. *a.* freakish, capri-
 cious
 Whine, hwíne. *v. n.* to lament in low mur-
 murs, to moan meanly [plaint
 Whine, hwíne. *s.* plaintive noise, mean com-
 Whinny, hwín'né. *v. n.* to make a noise like
 a horse or colt
 Whip, hwíp. *v. a.* to strike with any thing
 tough and flexible ; to sew slightly
 Whip, hwíp. *s.* an instrument of correction,
 tough and pliant [es are made
 Whipcord, hwíp'kórd. *s.* cord of which lash-
 Whiphand, hwíp'hánd. *s.* advantage over
 Whiplash, hwíp'lásh. *s.* the small end of a whip
 Whirl, hwérl. *v. a.* to turn round rapidly
 Whirl, hwérl. *s.* quick rotation, circular motion
 Whirligig, hwérl'gíg. *s.* a toy which chil-
 dren spin round
 Whirlpool, hwérl'pódl. *s.* a place where the
 water moves circularly
 Whirlwind, hwérl'wínd. *s.* a stormy wind
 moving circularly
 Whisk, hwísk. *s.* a small besom
 Whisk, hwísk. *v. a.* to sweep with a whisk
 Whisker, hwísk'kúr. *s.* hair growing on the
 cheek unshaven ; the mustachio [voice
 Whisper, hwísk'púr. *v. n.* to speak with a low
 Whisper, hwísk'púr. *s.* a low soft voice
 Whisperer, hwísk'púr-úr. *s.* one that speaks
 low ; a private talker
 Whist, hwíst. *int.* be still
 Whist, hwíst. *s.* a game at cards
 Whistle, hwísk'sl. *v. n.* to form a kind of mu-
 sical sound by an inarticulate modulation
 of the breath ; to sound shrill
 Whistle, hwísk'sl. *s.* sound made by the modu-
 lation of the breath ; a small wind instru-
 ment
 Whit, hwít. *s.* a point ; a jot
 White, hwíte. *a.* snowy ; pale ; pure
 White, hwíte. *s.* any thing white ; the albu-
 gineous part of eyes
 Whiten, hwít'n. *v. a.* to make white
 Whiten, hwít'n. *v. n.* to grow white [white
 Whiteness, hwíte'nès. *s.* the state of being
 Whitewash, hwíte'wósh. *v. a.* to make white
 by applying a wash to the surface
 Whither, hwít'úr. *ad.* to what place
 Whithersoever, hwít'úr-sò-év'úr. *ad.* to
 whatsoever place [chalk
 Whiting, hwít'ing. *s.* a small sea-fish ; soft
 Whittish, hwít'ish. *a.* somewhat white
 Whitlow, hwít'ló. *s.* a swelling
 Whitsuntide, hwít'sún-tide. *s.* the feast of
 Pentecost
 Whiz, hwíz. *v. n.* to make a loud hissing noise
 Who, hód. *pron.* which person
 Whoever, hód-év'úr. *pron.* any one
 Whole, hólé. *a.* total ; uninjured
 Whole, hólé. *s.* the totality
 Wholesale, hólé'sále. *s.* sale in the lump
 Wholesome, hólé'súm. *a.* sound ; salutary
 Wholesomeness, hólé'súm-nès. *s.* salubrity,
 salutariness
 Wholly, hólé'e. *ad.* completely, totally
 Whom, hód'm. *pron.* the accusative of *who*, *sing.*
 and *plur.* [out exception
 Whomsoever, hód'm-sò-év'úr. *pron.* any with-
 Whoop, hód'p. *s.* a shout of pursuit
 Whoop, hód'p. *v. n.* to shout with scorn ; to
 shout insultingly
 Whore, hód'r. *s.* a fornicatress ; a prostitute
 Whore, hód'r. *v. n.* to converse unlawfully
 with the other sex
 Whoredom, hód'r'dám. *s.* fornication
 Whoremaster, hód'r'má-stúr. }
 Whoremonger, hód'r'múng-gúr. } *s.* one who
 keeps or converses with whores
 Whorish, hód'r'ish. *a.* unchaste, incontinent
 Whose, hód'z. *genitive* of *who* and *which*
 Whosoever, hód-sò-év'úr. *pron.* any without
 Why, hwí. *ad.* for what reason [restriction
 Wick, wík. *s.* part of a candle
 Wicked, wíkd. *a.* given to vice
 Wickedly, wíkd'lé. *ad.* criminally
 Wickedness, wíkd'nès. *s.* corruption of man-
 ners, guilt
 Wicket, wíkt. *s.* a small gate
 Wide, wíde. *a.* broad, extended far each
 way ; remote

nôr, nô-t—tûbe, tûb, hûll—ôll—pôând—thin, THIS.

- Wide, wîde. *ad.* at a distance ; with great extent [way ; remotely]
- Widely, wîde'lê. *ad.* with great extent each
- Widen, wî'dn. *v. a.* to make wide, to extend
- Widgeon, wîl'jîn. *s.* a water fowl
- Widow, wîd'ô. *s.* a woman whose husband is dead [wife]
- Widower, wîd'ô-ûr. *s.* one who has lost his
- Widowhood, wîd'ô-hûd. *s.* the state of a widow
- Width, wîdth. *s.* breadth, wideness
- Wield, wêêl. *v. a.* to use with full command
- Wieldy, wêêl'dê. *a.* manageable
- Wife, wîfe. *s. plur. wives.* a woman that has a husband [sort of cake]
- Wig, wîz. *s.* false hair worn on the head ; a
- Wight, wîte. *s.* a person, a being
- Wild, wîld. *a.* not tame ; not cultivated ; savage
- Wild, wîld. *s.* a desert [age]
- Wilden, wîl'dûr. *v. a.* to loose or puzzle in a pathless tract
- Wilderness, wîl'dûr-nês. *s.* a desert
- Wildfire, wîld'fîre. *s.* a composition of inflammable materials, easy to take fire
- Widgeonchase, wîld-gôô's'tshâse. *s.* a pursuit of something unlikely to be caught
- Wildness, wîld'nês. *s.* rudeness ; irregularity of manners ; savageness
- Wile, wîle. *s.* a deceit, a fraud
- Willful, wîl'fûl. *a.* stubborn, perverse
- Willfully, wîl'fûl-ê. *ad.* obstinately [ness]
- Willfulness, wîl'fûl-nês. *s.* obstinacy, stubborn-
- Willness, wîl'ê-nês. *s.* cunning, guile
- Will, wîll. *s.* choice ; command
- Will, wîll. *v. a.* to command, to direct
- Willing, wîl'îng. *a.* inclined to any thing ; complying [consent]
- Willingly, wîl'îng-lê. *ad.* with one's own
- Willingness, wîl'îng-nês. *s.* freedom from
- Willow, wîll'ô. *s.* a tree [reluctance]
- Wily, wîl'ê. *a.* cunning, sly
- Win, wîn. *v. a. pret. wan and won ; part. won.* to gain by conquest ; to obtain ; to gain by courtship
- Wince, wînse. *v. n.* to kick as impatient of a rider, or of pain
- Winch, wînst. *v. n.* to kick with impatience to shrink from any uneasiness
- Wind, wînd. *s.* a strong motion of the air ; breath ; flatulence
- Wind, wînd. *v. a.* to turn round, to twist ; to sound by inflation
- Wind, wînd. *v. n.* to turn, to change ; to move round
- Windbound, wînd'bôund. *a.* confined by contrary winds
- Winder, wînd'ûr. *s.* an instrument or person by which any thing is turned round
- Windfall, wînd'fâll. *s.* fruit blown down from the tree
- Windgun, wînd'gûn. *s.* a gun which discharges a bullet by means of wind compressed
- Windiness, wînd-ê-nês. *s.* flatulence ; tendency to generate wind
- Winding, wînd'îng. *s.* flexure, meander
- Windingsheet, wînd'îng-shêét. *s.* a sheet in which the dead are enveloped
- Windlass, wînd'lâs. *s.* a handle by which any thing is turned [wind]
- Windmill, wînd'mîll. *s.* a mill turned by the
- Window, wîu'dô. *s.* an aperture in a building by which air and light are intronitted
- Windpipe, wînd'pîpe. *s.* the passage of breath
- Windward, wînd'wârd. *ad.* towards the wind
- Windy, wînd-ê. *a.* consisting of wind ; tempestuous
- Wine, wîne. *s.* the fermented juice of the grape
- Wing, wîng. *s.* the limb of a bird by which it flies ; the side body of an army
- Wing, wîng. *v. a.* to enable to fly
- Wink, wîngk. *v. n.* to shut the eyes ; to direct by the motion of the eyelids ; to connive
- Wink, wîngk. *s.* act of closing the eye, a hint given by motion of the eye
- Winner, wîn'ûr. *s.* one who wins
- Winning, wîn'îng. *part. a.* attractive
- Winning, wîn'îng. *s.* the sum won
- Winnow, wîn'no. *v. a.* to separate by means of the wind ; to fan [year]
- Winter, wîn'tûr. *s.* the cold season of the
- Winter, wîn'tûr. *v. n.* to pass the winter
- Winterly, wîn'tûr-lê. *a.* suitable to winter
- Wintry, wîn'trê. *a.* belonging to winter
- Wipe, wîpe. *v. a.* to cleanse by rubbing with something soft
- Wipe, wîpe. *s.* a blow, a stroke, a rub
- Wire, wî'r. *s.* metal drawn into threads
- Wiredraw, wî'r-drâw. *v. a.* to spin into wire ; to draw by art or violence

Fâte, fâr, fâh, fât—mê, mêt—pine, pln—nô, môve,

- Wiredrawer**, wî'âr-drâw-ûr. s. one who spins
Wisdom, wîz'dâm. s. sapience [wire]
Wise, wîz. a. sapient, judging rightly
Wise, wîz. s. way of being or acting
Wiseacre, wîz'â-kâr. s. a fool, a dunce
Wisely, wîz'lê. ad. judiciously; prudently
Wish, wîsh. v. n. to have strong desire
Wish, wîsh. s. longing desire
Wistful, wîsh'fûl. a. longing
Wishfully, wîsh'fûl-ê. ad. with longing
Wisp, wîsp. s. a small bundle, as of hay or straw
Wistful, wîsh'fûl. a. attentive, earnest
Wistfully, wîsh'fûl-lê. ad. attentively, earnestly
Wit, wî. s. the intellect; quickness of fancy; a man of genius; sense [arts]
Witch, wîsh. s. a woman given to unlawful
Witchcraft, wîsh'krâft. s. the practice of witcheries [means]
With, wîth. prep. by, noting the cause or
Withall, wîth-âll'. ad. along with the rest
Withdraw, wîth-drâw'. v. a. to take back; to call away
Withdraw, wîth-drâw'. v. n. to retreat
Withdrawingroom, wîth-drâw'ing-rôom. s. room behind another for retirement
Withe, wîth. s. a willow twig; a band
Wither, wîth'ûr. v. n. to fade; to waste
Withers, wîth'ûr. s. the joining of the shoulder-bones at the bottom of the neck and mane
Withhold, wîth-hôld'. v. a. pret. and part. withheld or withholden. to restrain; to keep back
Within, wîth'in'. prep. in the inner part; not longer ago than; in the reach of
Withinside, wîth-in'side. ad. in the interior parts
Without, wîth-ôut'. prep. not with; beyond, not within the compass of; not by; on the outside of
Without, wîth-ôut'. conj. unless, if not, except
Withstand, wîth-stând'. v. a. to oppose, to resist
Witless, wîtlês. a. wanting understanding
Witling, wît'ing. s. a pretender to wit
Witness, wîtnês. s. testimony
Witness, wîtnês. v. a. to attest [at wit]
Witicism, wît'ê-sîzm. s. a mean attempt
Wituly, wît'ê-lê. ad. ingeniously
- Wittingly**, wît'ing-lê. ad. knowingly
Wittol, wît'ôl. s. contented cuckold
Witty, wît'ê. a. ingenious; sarcastick
Wive, wîv. v. a. to match to a wife
Wives, wîvz. s. plur. of wife
Wizard, wîz'ûrd. s. a conjurer
Wo, wô. s. grief, sorrow, misery
Woad, wôde. s. a plant used in dying
Wobegone, wôbê-gôn. a. lost in wo
Woful, wô'fûl. a. sorrowful, afflicted [edly]
Wofully, wô'fûl-ê. ad. sorrowfully; wretched
Wold, wôld. s. a plain open country
Wolli, wôli. s. a kind of wild dog
Wolfish, wôlf'îsh. a. resembling a wolf
Woman, wûm'ûn. s. the female of the human race
Womanhater, wûm'ûn-hâ-tûr. s. one who has an aversion for the female sex
Womanhood, wûm'ûn-hûd. s. the qualities of a woman [woman]
Womanish, wûm'ûn-îsh. a. suitable to a
Womankind, wûm'ûn-kynd. s. the female sex, the race of women [man]
Womanly, wûm'ûn-lê. a. becoming a woman
Womb, wôdm. s. the place of the fetus in the mother; the place whence any thing is produced
Women, wûm'ûn. s. plur. of woman
Won, wûn. pret. and part. pass. of win
Wonder, wûn'dûr. v. n. to be struck with admiration, to be astonished
Wonder, wûn'dûr. s. admiration, amazement
Wonderful, wûn'dûr-fûl. a. strange, astonishing [ful manner]
Wonderfully, wûn'dûr-fûl-ê. ad. in a wonderful
Wonderstruck, wûn'dûr-strûk. a. amazed
Wondrous, wûn'drûs. a. marvellous
Wont, wûnt. v. n. to be accustomed
Wonted, wûnt'êd. part. a. accustomed
Woo, wôd. v. a. to court, to sue to for love; to court solicitously, to invite with importunity
Woo, wôd. v. n. to court, to make love
Wood, wûd. s. a large and thick plantation of trees; timber
Woodcock, wûd'kôk. s. a bird of passage
Wooded, wûd'êd. a. supplied with wood
Wooden, wûd'ûn. a. ligneous
Woodland, wûd'lând. s. ground covered with wood

nôr, nô-tâbe, tâb, tâll—ôll—pôund—thin, THIS.

- Woodlark**, wûd'lârk. *s.* a melodious sort of lark
- Woodlouse**, wûd'lôuse. *s.* the millepedes
- Woodman**, wûd'mân. *s.* a sportsman
- Woodnote**, wûd'nôte. *s.* wild musick
- Woodnymph**, wûd'nîmf. *s.* a dryad [neous]
- Woody**, wûd'é. *a.* abounding with wood; lig-
- Wooer**, wûd'ûr. *s.* one who courts a woman
- Wool**, wûd'f. *s.* the thread that crosses the
- Wool**, wûl. *s.* the fleece of sheep [warp]
- Wollen**, wû'lîn. *a.* made of wool
- Woolpack**, wûl'pâk. } *s.* a bag of wool
- Woolsack**, wûl'sâk } *s.* a bag of wool
- Wooly**, wûl'lê. *a.* consisting of wool
- Word**, wûrd. *s.* a single part of speech; ti-
dings; Scripture; and the second person of
the adorable Trinity
- Word**, wûrd. *v. a.* to express in proper words
- Wordy**, wûrd'é. *a.* verbose
- Wore**, wûre. *pret. of wear*
- Work**, wûrk. *v. a. pret. worked, or wrought.*
to labour, to toil, to ferment; to operate
- Work**, wûrk. *s.* toil, labour; embroidery of
the needle [poor]
- Workhouse**, wûrk'hôuse. *s.* a house for parish
- Workingday**, wûrk'îug-dâ. *s.* day on which
labour is permitted, not the sabbath
- Workman**, wûrk'mân. *s.* an artificer
- Workmanlike**, wûrk'mân-like. *a.* well per-
formed [ture] the art of working
- Workmanship**, wûrk'mân-shîp. *s.* manufac-
- Workwoman**, wûrk'wûm-ûn. *s.* a woman
skilled in needlework
- World**, wûrld. *s.* the earth; present state of
existence; and publick life; mankind
- Worldliness**, wûrld'lê-nês. *s.* covetousness
- Worldling**, wûrld'îng. *s.* a mortal set upon
profit [this world; human]
- Worldly**, wûrld'lê. *a.* secular; bent upon
present life
- Worm**, wûrm. *s.* a small harmless serpent;
animal bred in the body; a grub; some-
thing tormenting; any thing vermiculated
- Worm**, wûrm. *v. n.* to work slowly, secretly,
and gradually
- Worm-eaten**, wûrm'é-tû. *a.* gnawed by worms
- Wormwood**, wûrm'wûd. *s.* a plant
- Wormy**, wûrm'é. *a.* full of worms
- Worn**, wûrn. *part. pass. of wear*
- Worry**, wûr'rê. *v. a.* to tear or mangle
- Worse**, wûrse. *a.* comparative of *bad*. more
bad, more ill
- Worse**, wûrse. *ad.* in a manner more bad
- Worse**, wûrse. *s.* the loss; something less good
- Worship**, wûr'shîp. *s.* dignity, a character of
honour; a term of ironical respect; reli-
gious act of reverence; idolatry of lovers
- Worship**, wûr'shîp. *v. a.* to adore; to honour
- Worshipful**, wûr'shîp-fûl. *a.* claiming respect
by any character or dignity
- Worshipper**, wûr'shîp-pûr. *s.* one that worships
- Worst**, wûrst. *a.* the superlative of *bad*. more
bad, more ill [wicked state]
- Worst**, wûrst. *s.* the most calamitous or
- Worst**, wûrst. *v. a.* to defeat, to overthrow
- Worsted**, wûr'stîd. *s.* woollen yarn
- Wort**, wûrt. *s.* a plant of the cabbage kind;
new beer
- Worth**, wûrth. *s.* price, value; virtue
- Worth**, wûrth. *a.* equal in value to
- Worthily**, wûr'thê-lê. *ad.* suitably; deser-
vedly; justly [lence, dignity]
- Worthiness**, wûr'thê-nês. *s.* desert, excel-
- Worthless**, wûrth'lês. *a.* having no value
- Worthlessness**, wûrth'lês-nês. *s.* want of value
- Wortny**, wûr'thê. *a.* deserving
- Worthy**, wûr'thê. *s.* a man laudable for any
eminent quality, particularly for valour
- Wot**, wôt. *v. n.* to know, to be aware
- Would**, wûd. *pret. of will*
- Wound**, wûûnd. *s.* a hurt given by violence
- Wound**, wûûnd. *v. a.* to hurt by violence
- Wound**, wûûnd. *pret. and part. pass. of to wind*
- Wrangle**, râng'gl. *v. n.* to dispute peevishly;
- Wrangle**, râng'gl. *s.* a quarrel, a perverse
dispute [tive man]
- Wrangler**, râng'gl-ûr. *s.* a perverse disputa-
- Wrap**, râp. *v. a.* to roll together, to complicate
- Wrapper**, râp'pûr. *s.* one who raps; that in
which any thing is wrapped
- Wrath**, rôth. *s.* anger, fury, rage
- Wrathful**, rôth'fûl. *a.* angry, furious [ately]
- Wrathfully**, rôth'fûl-ê. *ad.* furiously, passion-
- Wreak**, rêke. *v. a.* to revenge
- Wreakful**, rêke'fûl. *a.* revengeful
- Wreath**, rêth. *s.* a garland, a chaplet
- Wreath**, rêrhe. *v. a. pret. wreathed; part.*
pass. wreathed, wreathen. to curl, to twist;
to encircle as a garland

nôr, nôt—tâbe, tâb, bâll—ôll—pôand—thin, rhis.

Yelk, yêlk. *s.* the yellow part of an egg
Yell, yêll. *v. n.* to cry out with horror and
Yell, yêll. *s.* a cry of horror [agony
Yellow, yêl'ô. *a.* of a bright glaring colour
Yellowish, yêl'ô-ish. *a.* approaching to yellow
Yellowness, yêl'ô-nês. *s.* the quality of being
yellow
Yelp, yêlp. *v. n.* to bark as a hound
Yeoman, yô'mân. *s.* a man of small estate
in land, a gentleman farmer
Yeomanry, yô'mân-rê. *s.* the collective body
of yeomen
Yes, yîs. *ad.* a term of affirmation
Yest, yêst. *s.* the foam or spume of beer in
fermentation; balm
Yesty, yês'té. *a.* frothy, spumy
Yesterday, yês'târ-dâ. *s.* the day last past
Yesternight, yês'târ-nîte. *s.* the night before
this night
Yet, yêt. *conj.* nevertheless, notwithstanding
Yet, yêt. *ad.* beside, over and above; still;
once again; after all
Yew, yôd. *s.* a tree of tough wood
Yield, yéld. *v. a.* to produce; to resign
Yoke, yôke. *s.* a bandage placed on the neck;
a mark of servitude; a chain, a bond
Yoke, yôke. *v. a.* to bind by a yoke; to cou-
ple with another
Yokel, yôk'fêl-lô. } *s.* companion in
Yokemate, yôk'mâte. } *s.* labour; mate
Yon, yôn. } *a.* being at a distance
Yonder, yôn'dâr. } *a.* within view
Yore, yôre. *ad.* of old time, long ago
You, yôd. *pron.* the oblique case of *ye*
Young, yâng. *a.* in the first part of life
Young, yâng. *s.* the offspring of an animals
collectively
Youngster, yâng'stâr. } *s.* a young person
Yunker, yângk'âr. }
Your, yôdr. *pron.* belonging to you
Yourself, yâr-sêlf. *s.* you, even you
Youth, yôdth. *s.* the part of life succeeding
to childhood; a young man; young men

Youthful, yôdth'fûl. *a.* young
Youthfully, yôdth'fûl-ê. *ad.* in a youthful
manner

Z.

ZANY, zâ'nê. *s.* a merry-andrew, a buffoon
Zeal, zêlé. *s.* passionate ardour
Zealot, zêl'ût. *s.* one passionately ardent in
any cause
Zealous, zêl'ûs. *a.* ardently passionate
Zealously, zêl'ûs-lê. *ad.* with passionate ardour
Zealousness, zêl'ûs-nês. *s.* the quality of be-
ing zealous [site the nadir
Zenith, zê'nîth. *s.* the point over head oppo-
Zephyr, zêf'fêr. } *s.* the west wind
Zephyrus, zêf'fêr-ûs. }
Zest, zêst. *s.* the peel of an orange squeeze
into wine; a relish [relish
Zest, zêst. *v. a.* to heighten by an addition
Zetetic, zê-têt'ik. *a.* proceeding by inquiry
Zigzag, zîg'zâg. *s.* any thing composed of
short turns
Zigzag, zîg'zâg. *a.* having many short turn-
ings; turning this way and that
Zinc, zîngk. *s.* a semi-metal of a brilliant
white colour approaching to blue
Zodiack, zô'dê-âk. *s.* the tract of the sun
through the twelve signs; a great circle
of the sphere, containing the twelve signs
Zone, zône. *s.* a girdle, a division of the earth
Zoographer, zô-ôg'grâ-fâr. *s.* one who de-
scribes the nature, properties, and forms, of
animals [animals
Zoography, zô-ôg'grâ-fê. *s.* a description of
Zoology, zô-ôl'ô-jê. *s.* a treatise concerning
living creatures
Zoophyte, zô-ô-fîte. *s.* vegetables which par-
take of the nature both of vegetables and
animals
Zoötomist, zô-ô'tô-mîst. *s.* a dissector of the
bodies of brute beasts
Zootomy, zô-ô'tô-mê. *s.* dissection of the be-
dies of beasts

CHRONOLOGICAL TABLE,

CONTAINING THE PRINCIPAL EVENTS OF THE LATE WAR BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN.

1812.

WAR against Great Britain declared by the United States, June 18.

General Hull erected the American standard in Upper Canada, July 13.

The U. S. brig *Nautilus* of 16 guns, lieut. Crane, captured by a British squadron, July 15.

Michilimackinack taken by the British, July 17.

Gen. Hull left Canada and retreated to Detroit, Aug. 7.

The British sloop of war *Alert*, of 20 guns, capt. Laugharne, surrendered to the U. S. frigate *Essex*, of 32 guns, capt. Porter, after a feeble and useless resistance of 8 minutes Aug. 13.

Gen. Hull surrendered his army and the whole Territory of Michigan to the British, under Gen. Brock, Aug. 16.

The U. S. frigate *Constitution*, of 44 guns, capt. Hull, captured the British frigate *Guerriere*, of 38 guns, James Dacres, commander, after an action of 25 minutes, in which the British had 15 killed and 64 wounded and the Americans 7 killed and 7 wounded, Aug. 19.

The Algerines commenced hostilities against the U. S. by the capture of the brig *Edwin* of Salem, Aug. 22.

Unsuccessful attack of the Indians upon Fort Harrison, Sept. 3.

Ogdensburgh bombarded for three hours, without injury, Oct. 2.

The British made a second attempt upon Ogdensburgh, with 40 boats, containing from 400 to 600 men, but were beaten off, Oct. 4.

The Detroit and Caledonia, British armed brigs, cut out from under the walls of Fort Erie, by a detachment of sailors and volun-

teers commanded by lieut. Elliot of the U. S. navy, Oct. 8.

Battle of Queenstown, in which the U. S. army commanded by gen. Van Rensselaer of the N. Y. militia, attacked the British, killed their general [Brock], and drove them from their entrenchments, but the American militia refusing to cross the river, the enemy renewed the action with large reinforcements and compelled the Americans to resign their conquest and surrender prisoners of war, Oct. 13.

The British sloop of war *Frolic*, of 18 guns capt. Wynyates, captured by the U. S. sloop of war *Wasp*, of 16 guns, capt. Jones, after an action of 43 minutes, in which the *Frolic* had 30 killed and 50 wounded and the *Wasp* 5 killed and 5 wounded. Both vessels were fallen in with, two hours after the action, and captured by the *Poiciers*, 74, Oct. 18.

A party of British surprized at St. Regis, by maj. Young, of the N. Y. militia, and 40 prisoners taken, Oct. 21.

The British frigate *Macedonian*, John S. Carden, commander, of 38 guns, captured by the U. S. frigate *United States*, capt. Decatur, of 44 guns, after an action of one hour and 30 minutes, in which the *Macedonian* had 36 killed and 68 wounded, and the *United States* 5 killed and 7 wounded, Oct. 25.

The U. S. brig *Vixen*, of 14 guns and 120 men, George W. Reed, commander, captured by the British frigate *Southampton*, of 32 guns, Sir James Lucas Yeo, after a chase of 9 hours, and both vessels wrecked 5 days after on the Island of Conception, Dec. 22.

The British frigate *Java*, of 38 guns, capt. Lambert, captured by the U. S. frigate *Constitution*, of 44 guns, capt. Bainbridge, after an action of 55 minutes, in which the *Java* had 69 killed and 101 wounded, and the *Constitution* 9 killed and 25 wounded, Dec. 29.

1813.

The U. S. schooner *Viper*, of 12 guns, lieutenant John D. Henly, captured by the British frigate *Narcissus*, of 32 guns, captain Lumley, after a chase of 5 hours, Jan. 17.

Battle of Frenchtown, on the river Raisin, when general Winchester with 35 officers and 487 non-commissioned officers and privates surrendered prisoners of war to the British and Indians, commanded by colonel Proctor, Jan. 22.

Chesapeake declared in a state of blockade, Feb. 5.

Ogdensburgh captured by the British, and all the public stores removed or destroyed, Feb. 22.

The British brig *Peacock*, of 13 guns, captain Peake, captured by the U. S. ship *Hornet* of 16 guns, captain Lawrence, after an action of 15 minutes, in which the *Hornet* had 1 killed and 2 wounded, 2 burnt by the explosion of a cartridge, and 3 drowned with the prize. From the *Peacock* were taken 112 prisoners, of which 33 were wounded, and the killed, among which was the captain, sunk with the vessel, Feb. 24.

The town and fortress of Mobile, which had been retained by the Spaniards ever since the purchase of Louisiana, taken without resistance by the Americans under general Wilkinson, April 15.

York, the capital of Upper Canada, taken by the Americans under general Dearborn, in which attack general Pike was killed by the explosion of a magazine, April 27.

Havre de Grace (Md.) burnt by the British blockading squadron under Admiral Cockburn, May 3.

Frederick Town and George Town, two villages in Cecil, and Kent counties, (Md.) burnt by the British, May 6.

Messrs. Gallatin and Bayard, American commissioners, to adjust the differences with Great Britain, under the mediation of Russia, sailed from Newcastle, (Del.) in the ship *Neptune*, for St. Petersburg, May 6.

General Harrison forced the British and Indians to retire from before fort Meigs, May 5.

The French Emperor's decree, repealing the Berlin and Milan decrees, dated April 28,

1811, first exhibited by the American chargé d'Affaires in London, to the British minister, May 21.

Fort George and Fort Erie surrendered to the Americans, May 27.

The British made a descent upon Sacket's Harbour and were compelled to re-embark with great loss, by the American militia and a small body of regulars under the command of general Brown, of the N. Y. militia, May 29.

The U. S. frigate *Chesapeake* of 36 guns, captain Lawrence, captured by the British frigate *Shannon*, of 38 guns, after a desperate and sanguinary conflict of 11 minutes, in which captain Lawrence fell, with 40 killed and 104 wounded, and the *Shannon* 26 killed and 56 wounded, June 1. [British account]

Commodore Decatur, checked in his attempt to put to sea by two British 74's and a raze, retires with the United States and Macedonian frigates, and *Hornet* ship of war, into the harbour of New London, June 4.

The British surprise the U. S. troops at 40 mile Creek, make generals Chandler and Winder prisoners, but were compelled to retreat with considerable loss, June 6.

The town of Sodus, on Lake Ontario, burnt by the British, June 5.

The British, under Cockburn, repulsed in their attack on Craney Island, June 23.

The affair at Beaver Dam, when lieutenant colonel Boerstler, with 511 men, surrendered prisoners to the British, June 24.

Hampton (V.) taken by the British under Sir Sidney Beckwith, and outrages of the most enormous description committed against the inhabitants, June 25.

Hampton (V.) evacuated by the British, July 1.

Fort Schlosser, with its garrison (11 men,) taken by the British, July 4.

Affair at Black Rock, in which the British destroyed the barracks, block-houses, &c. July 11.

The U. S. schooner *Asp*, 20 men, abandoned in the Chesapeake, after having gallantly resisted 5 British barges, and having 10 of her crew, including the commander (midshipman Sigourney,) killed or wounded, July 14.

About 2000 British landed at Portsmouth and Ocracoke (N. C.) and made great de

raitation among the neighbouring cattle, poultry, &c. July 26.

The Americans under col. Scott, land at York, (U. C.) and burn the barracks, wood-yard, &c. July 31.

1500 British under col. Murray, made a descent upon Plattsburgh, and destroyed the barracks, arsenal, block-houses, &c. July 31. Burlington (Vt.) cannonaded by the Champlain British squadron, which soon retires, on the forts resisting the attack, Aug. 2.

1300 British and Indians commanded by gen. Proctor, defeated in their attack on Fort Stevenson (Lower Sandusky,) with great loss, by maj. Croghan and 160 Americans, Aug. 2.

The British schooner Dominica, of 14 guns, capt. G. W. Banette, captured by boarding, by the private armed schooner Decatur, of 6 guns, capt. Dominique Diron, after an action of one hour, in which the Dominica had 18 killed and 47 wounded, and the Decatur 3 killed and 16 wounded, Aug. 5.

The U. S. schooners Julia and Growler, part of the lake Ontario squadron, cut off and captured by the British, Aug. 10.

The British repulsed in their attack on St. Michaels (Md.) Aug. 10.

Queenstown (Md.) possessed by the British, Aug. 14.

The U. S. brig Argus, of 18 guns, capt. Wm. H. Allen, captured by the British sloop of war Pelican, of 18 guns, capt. Maples, after an action of 47 minutes, in which the Argus had 6 killed and 17 wounded (the commander mortally,) and the Pelican 2 killed and 3 wounded, Aug. 14.

The Creek Indians commence hostilities against the U. S. by attacking Mims' Fort at Jaensa on the River Mobile, which having captured, after a spirited resistance by the garrison, all its inhabitants, amounting to near 400 men, women and children, suffered under the tomahawk, Aug. 30.

The British brig Boxer, of 14 guns, lieutenant Blythe, captured by the U. S. brig Enterprise, of 14 guns, lieutenant Burroughs, after an action of 45 minutes, in which both the commanders fell; the Boxer had 40 killed and 17 wounded, and the Enterprise 2 killed and 12 wounded, Sept. 5.

Battle of lake Erie, between the British

squadron commanded by capt. Barclay, and the U. S. by capt. Perry, which after an action of 3 hours and a half, terminated in the capture of the whole of the British force; the British had 41 killed and 94 wounded, the Americans 27 killed and 96 wounded. British force 63 guns. American 54 guns. Sept. 10.

Rencontre between the Ontario squadrons, in which, after a running fight of 6 hours, sir James L. Yeo, escaped by superior sailing, and sheltered himself in St. Peter's Bay, Sept. 11.

The remains of capt. Lawrence, and lieutenant Ludlow of the Chesapeake frigate, having been brought from Halifax to Salem, and after receiving funeral honours at both places, are finally interred in the city of New-York with splendid solemnity, Sept. 16.

The British schooner Highflyer, of 5 guns, lieutenant Hutchinson, captured by the U. S. frigate President, capt. Rodgers, Sept. 23.

Malden (U. C.) evacuated by the British, and the fort destroyed on the approach of the Americans under gen. Harrison, Sept. 27.

Detroit evacuated by the British after destroying the fort, &c. Sept. 28.

Second rencontre between the Ontario squadrons, when after a running fight of 3 hours, the British retreat to Burlington Bay, Sept. 28.

5 schooners, a sloop, and a gun boat, part of the British Ontario squadron, fallen in with by commodore Cauncey, of which the 5 first were captured with 303 prisoners, and the 2 latter destroyed, Oct. 2.

The Ottaway, Chippeway, Pottawatteme, Miami, and Kickapoo nations of Indians, desert the British standard, and sue for peace, Oct. 4.

Battle of Moravian Town (U. C.) in which the Americans under gen. Harrison, defeated the British and Indians under gen. Proctor, and make 601 men (nearly their whole force) prisoners. The British had 12 regulars and 33 Indians killed, and 22 regulars wounded. The Americans 7 killed and 22 wounded, Oct. 5.

A party of British under maj. Powell, attacked at Massisquoi, by col. Clark, of the Vermont militia, with 102 riflemen, and the whole of the British (101 men) made prisoners, Oct. 12.

Skirmish at a Fouche on the Chateaugay river (L. C.) between the advance of the Americans under gen. Hampton and the British under Sir George Prevost, Oct. 26.

The Georgia and Tennessee militia retaliate on the Indians the massacre at Mims' Fort, by attacking the Tallusatche towns, killing 186 warriors, and making 84 women and children prisoners. The Americans had 5 killed and 41 wounded, Nov. 3.

Battle of Talledoga, in which Gen. Jackson with 2000 Tennessee volunteers, attacks the Creek Indians, and defeats them with a loss of 300 Warriors. American loss 15 killed and 80 wounded, Nov. 9.

The American army under gen. Wilkinson annoyed in their march to Lower Canada, attacked with a detachment of 1600 men, commanded by gen. Boyd, the British force at Chreslar's Farm, near Williamsburg, and compel them to retire. The Americans had 102 killed and 237 wounded (including gen. Covington mortally.) The British 22 killed, 131 wounded and 12 prisoners, Nov. 11.

The American army under gen. Wilkinson, retire from the Canadian side of the St. Lawrence, and encamp at the French Mills, Nov. 13.

A division of the Tennessee volunteer militia under brig. gen. White, destroy the Creek towns of Little Oakfuskee, Genalga and Hillibe, after an action in which the Americans had not a man killed or wounded, and the Indians had 60 killed and 256 made prisoners, Nov. 18.

950 Georgia militia with 350 friendly Indians led by brig. gen. Floyd, attack 1500 hostile Creeks at the towns of Autossee and Tallassee, kill 200, including the kings of the two tribes, and burn both the towns, containing together about 400 houses. The Americans had 11 killed and 54 wounded, Nov. 29.

The public stores at Cumberland Head, on Lake Champlain, burnt by the British. Dec. 2.

The N. Y. militia under gen. McClure having spiked the cannon and removed the public stores, abandon Fort George and fire the town of New-Ark, Dec. 10.

A general embargo laid by act of Congress, Dec. 17.

1500 British and Indians surprise Fort Niagara, put the garrison (250 men) to the sword, massacre the women and children in the neighbourhood, and burn the villages of Lewistown, Youngstown, Manchester and Tuscarora, Dec. 19.

The British land 2000 men at Black Rock, which after a gallant resistance by a few militia, they burn, together with the neighbouring village of Buffalo, Dec. 30.

The British schooner Bramble, arrives at Annapolis with dispatches from the British government, declining the mediation of Russia, Dec. 30.

1814.

Trial of gen. Hull, commenced at Albany, Jan. 3.

The Bramble sails for England, Jan. 11. Gen. Claiborne defeats the Indians at Fochenaehaca (holly ground) and burns their town, Jan. 23.

The Indians attack gen. Floyd in his encampment, 48 miles west of Chatahouchee, and are repulsed with great loss. The Americans had 22 killed and 157 wounded, Jan. 27.

The U. S. schooner Alligator, attacked by 6 British barges, after an action of 30 minutes, obliges them to retire, Jan. 29.

The U. S. army break up their encampment at French Mills, destroy their boats &c. and retire to Sacket's harbour and Plattsburgh, Feb. 12.

Messrs. Clay and Russell, sail from New-York in the U. S. frigate John Adams, for Gottenburg, Feb. 25.

Lieut. col. Butler with 160 Americans, defeats 240 British at Eighteen mile creek, on the river de French, March 4.

The Creek Indians attacked in the entrenchments by the militia under gen. Jackson, and after an action of five hours, in which he had 25 killed and 105 wounded, they were completely defeated by a loss of 750 warriors killed, and 250 women and children made prisoners, March 27.

Gen. Hull found guilty by a court martial and sentenced to be shot, March 28.

The U. S. frigate Essex, 32 guns and 255 men, capt. Porter, attacked in the bay of Valparaiso by the British frigate Phoebe, of

36 guns and 320 men, capt. Hillyar, and the sloop of war Cherub, 28 guns and 180 men, capt. Tucker, and captured after a desperate resistance of two hours and a half, in which 58 of his men were killed, 63 wounded, and 31 missing, March 28.

Attack at la Cole mills, by gen. Wilkinson, who after 3 hours fighting and losing many men in killed and wounded, retires with the army to Odletown, March 30.

The British destroy the shipping at Saybrook, April 8.

The embargo and non importation laws repealed, April 14.

The U. S. sloop of war Frolic, of 18 guns, capt. Joseph Bainbridge, captured off the Matanzas after a chase of 6 hours by the British frigate Orpheus, of 36 guns, capt. Pigot, and the schooner Shelburne, lieutenant Hope, April 21.

The President approves the sentence of the court martial upon gen. Hull, but remits the punishment of death, April 25.

Blockade of the whole American coast proclaimed by Admiral Cochrane, April 25.

The British sloop of war L'Epervier, of 16 guns, capt. Wales, captured by the U. S. sloop of war Peacock, of 18 guns, capt. Warrington, after an action of 42 minutes, in which the L'Epervier had 8 killed and 15 wounded, and the Peacock only 2 wounded, April 29.

Capture of fort Oswego, by 1800 British, after a gallant resistance of two days, by 300 men under lieutenant col. Mitchell. British 19 killed and 75 wounded. American 6 killed, 38 wounded, and 26 missing, May 6.

The British Champlain squadron beaten off by the battery at Otter creek, May 14.

Two gun boats and five barges, with 175 British, captured at Sandy creek (L. O.) by maj. Appling, with 120 riflemen and a few Indians. British 14 killed and 28 wounded. Americans 1 wounded, May 30.

Lieut. col. Pearson, with 250 North Carolina militia and 70 Indians, having scoured the banks of the Alabama, make 622 Indians (men, women and children) prisoners, June 1.

The British, under the cover of a flag of truce, send several barges into the harbour of Wareham (Mass.) and fire the stores and shipping, June 13

The Independence 74, launched at Boston, June 22.

The British sloop of war Reindeer, of 18 guns, capt. Manners, captured by the U. S. sloop of war Wasp, capt. Blakely, after an action of 19 minutes, in which the Reindeer had 25 killed and 42 wounded, the Wasp 5 killed and 21 wounded, June, 28.

Lieut. Gregory of the U. S. navy, surprises the British at Presque Isle (L. O.) and burns the schooner building there, July 1.

Fort Erie with its garrison of 137 men, surrendered without resistance to maj. gen. Brown, July 3.

Battle of Chippeway, in which gen. Brown defeats the British under gen. Riall, and forces him to retreat to Fort George. The Americans had 60 killed, 229 wounded and 19 missing, the British 148 killed, 320 wounded and 46 missing, July 5.

Eastport, on Moose-Island, taken by the British, July 11.

The U. S. brig Rattlesnake, of 14 guns lieutenant Renshaw, captured by the British ship Leander, of 64 guns, after a chase of 4 hours, July 11.

The U. S. schooner Syren, of 16 guns, lieutenant N. J. Nickolson, captured by the British ship Medway, of 74 guns, capt. Brine, after a chase of 11 hours, July 12.

The British schooner Balahoo, 6 guns, -- captured by the American privateer schooner Perry, 5 guns, capt. Coleman, after a running fight of 50, and close action of 10 minutes, July 14.

Battle of Niagara Falls (Bridgewater,) in which gen. Brown attacked the British under gen. Drummond, and after a desperate and sanguinary engagement, which lasted from five o'clock P. M. till midnight, drove him from all his positions, stormed his batteries, carried his artillery, and after keeping possession of the field for 3 hours, retired to camp without interruption. The Americans had 171 killed, 572 wounded, including generals Brown and Scott, and 117 missing; -- The British admit 84 killed, 559 wounded, 193 missing, and 43 prisoners; among the wounded were generals Drummond and Riall, and the latter made prisoner, July 25.

Lord Gambier, Henry Cloudburn, and Wm.

Adams, appointed by the British government commissioners, to treat at Ghent, July 30.

Lieut. col. Tucker with 1000 British regulars repulsed at Black Rock, by maj. Morgan, with 240 riflemen, Aug. 4.

Lieut. col. Croghan, foiled in his attack upon Mackinaw, by the strong position and superior numbers of the enemy, after losing 13 killed and 48 wounded, re-embarks his detachment and retires, Aug. 4.

Treaty with the Creek Indians concluded by gen. Jackson, Aug. 9.

Stonington, (Con.) attacked by a razeed, frigate, sloop of war, and bomb brig, but being gallantly defended by the militia with two 18 pounders, the enemy is compelled to retire, Aug. 9.

The British squadron reinforced by a 74, re-see the bombardment of Stonington and are again beaten off, Aug. 11.

U. S. schooners Somers, 2, and Porcupine, 1 gun, part of the Ontario squadron, captured by the British, who had 2 killed and 4 wounded, the Americans 1 killed and 7 wounded, Aug. 12.

Battle of Fort Erie, in which gen. Gaines resists the assault of the British under gen. Drummond, and after a severe contest compels him to retire with a loss of 333 killed, 235 wounded and 186 prisoners, Aug. 15.

Washington city captured, and the public edifices burnt by 5000 British, under command of gen. Ross. British 64 killed and 185 wounded, Aug. 24.

Alexandria surrendered to the British by capitulation, who plunder the merchandise, and burn the shipping, Aug. 25.

Sir Peter Parker with 124 sailors and marines from the Menelaus frigate defeated at Bellair (V.) by a party of militia, with a loss of their commander and 13 men killed and 27 wounded, Aug. 30.

Castine and Belfast (Maine,) possessed by the British, Aug. 31.

The British sloop of war Avon, of 18 guns, capt. Arbutnot, sunk by the U. S. sloop of war Wasp, of 18 guns, capt. Blakely, after an action of 46 minutes, in which the Avon had 9 killed and 33 wounded, and the Wasp 2 killed and 1 wounded, Sept. 1.

The U. S. frigate Adams, destroyed by her

commander, capt. Morris, to prevent her falling into the hands of the enemy, Sept. 3.

The U. S. schooner Tigress taken on Lake Huron, after a desperate resistance, in which the Americans had 3 killed and 5 wounded and the British 2 killed and 8 wounded, Sept. 3.

The U. S. schooner Scorpion surprised and captured on Lake Huron, Sept. 6.

The Champlain British squadron under commodore Downie, attack the Americans under commodore McDonough in the harbor of Plattsburgh, and after a sanguinary conflict of 2 hours, are (except the gallees) all captured. The Americans had 52 killed and 58 wounded, the British 84 killed and 110 wounded; among the former capt. Downie. American force 86 guns. British force 95 guns. Sept. 11.

Sir George Prevost with 14000 men, repulsed in an assault upon the forts at Plattsburgh, by gen. Macomb, with 1500 regulars and about 3000 militia, retreats under cover of the night, leaving his sick and wounded to the mercy of his opponents, and destroying stores and provisions to a large amount, Sept. 11.

Battle of Baltimore, in which 5000 British led by gen. Ross, are repulsed by the Americans, chiefly militia, with a loss of 46 killed (including gen. Ross,) and 295 wounded; the Americans had 46 killed, 200 wounded and 49 prisoners, Sept. 12.

Fort Bowyer at Mobile point, attacked by the Hermes and Charon sloops of war, Sophie and — brigs, and 3 tenders, supported by 320 artillery, marines, and Indians, is defended by maj. Lawrence with 158 men, who after 3 hours fighting, compels them to retire with great slaughter, and the loss of the Hermes blown up. Americans lost 4 killed and 5 wounded, Sept. 15.

Sortie of Fort Erie, in which gen. Brown attacks the British camp, destroys their batteries, and makes 385 prisoners, with a loss of 79 killed, 216 wounded and 216 missing, Sept. 17.

The Legislature of Massachusetts propose a convention of the N. E. States, Oct. 8.

Battle of Black Creek (U. C.) between the Americans under gen. Bissell, and 1100 British under the marquis of Tweedale, in which

the latter were defeated and driven into their entrenchments, Oct. 16.

Gen. Izard having first destroyed Fort Erie, retires with the American army from Upper Canada, Nov. 4.

Gen. Jackson having entered Pensacola with 5000 American militia, the British destroy the fortifications commanding the harbour, and retire to their shipping, Nov. 7.

The N. E. Convention met at Hartford (Conn.) and after sitting till the 4th Jan. adjourned with proposing sundry amendments to the constitution, Dec. 15.

The British having made a landing in Louisiana, are attacked by gen. Jackson in their camp before New-Orleans. American loss 24 killed, 115 wounded and 74 prisoners, Dec. 23.

Treaty of peace concluded at Ghent, between the United States and great Britain, Dec. 24.

Treaty of Ghent ratified by Great Britain, Dec. 27.

The British attack gen. Jackson in his entrenchments, and are repulsed with considerable loss. American loss 9 killed and 8 wounded, Dec. 28.

1815.

The British renew their attack upon gen. Jackson, but are again repulsed. American loss 11 killed 23. wounded, Jan. 1.

Grand Battle of New Orleans, in which 12,000 British, commanded by sir Edward M. Pakenham, storm the American entrenchments, defended chiefly by militia under gen. Jackson, and are repulsed with the loss of the commander in chief, two generals, and 536 killed, 1516 wounded and 552 prisoners. American loss 13 killed, 39 wounded and 19 missing, Jan. 8.

The U. S. frigate President, of 44 guns, capt. Decatur, captured by the British ships Majestic, razee, Endymion, Tenedos and Pomona frigates, after silencing the Endymion in a running fight of 3 hours and 30 minutes, and receiving several broadsides from the Tenedos and Pomona. The President had 24 killed and 55 wounded, Jan. 15.

The British evacuate Louisiana, leaving 20 of their wounded and 14 pieces of cannon, having suffered in the several actions since

their landing, a loss of 4000 men put hors de combat, Jan. 18.

The British sloop of war Favourite, capt. Maude, arrived at N. Y. with the ratified treaty of peace, Feb. 11.

Fort Bowyer, Mobile Point, with the garrison, 336 men surrendered by capitulation to the combined naval and military British force under admiral Cochran and gen. Lambert, Feb. 11.

The treaty of Ghent ratified by the United States, Feb. 17.

The British sloops of war Cyane, capt. Falcon, and Levant, capt. Douglas, captured by the U. S. frigate Constitution, capt. Stewart, after an action of 40 minutes, in which the British ships had 35 killed and 42 wounded, and the Constitution 3 killed and 12 wounded, Feb. 20.

The British schooner St. Lawrence of 14 guns, lieutenant James E. Gordon, captured after an action of 15 minutes, by the American privateer Chasseur, of 16 guns, capt. Boyle. The St. Lawrence had 15 killed and 23 wounded, and the Chasseur 5 killed and 8 wounded, Jan. 26.

War declared against the Algerines, March 3.

The Levant, prize to the Constitution, chased into Porto Prava, and captured by the British frigates Acasta and Newcastle, March 12.

The British brig Penguin, 18 guns, capt. Dickenson, captured by the U. S. sloop of war Hornet, 18 guns, capt. Biddle, after an action of 22 minutes, in which the Penguin had her commander and 13 killed and 29 wounded and the Hornet 1 killed and 11 wounded, March 23.

The American prisoners confined at Dartmoor, (England,) fired upon by the guard by which several were killed and wounded, April 6.

The Misoda Algerine frigate, of 46 guns, captured by the U. S. frigate Guerriere, of 44 guns, commodore Decatur, after a running fight of 25 minutes, in which the Algerine had 30 men killed, and the American 4 wounded, June 17.

Treaty of peace concluded with the Algerines, June 30.



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